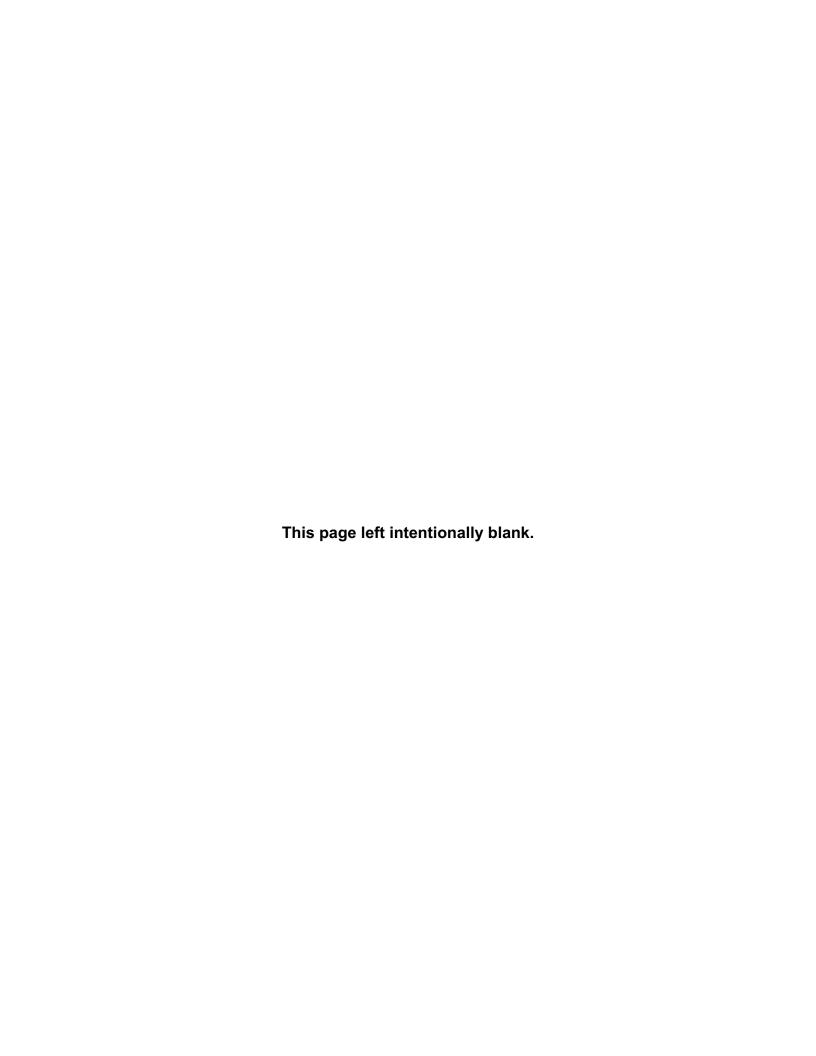




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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Intergenerational School Cuyahoga County 12200 Fairhill Road Cleveland, Ohio 44120

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Intergenerational School, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Intergenerational School, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2007, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Intergenerational School Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Managements Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 30, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Intergenerational School's (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the Schools' financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Schools' financial performance as a whole; notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Schools' financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

- > Total Assets were \$547,068.
- > Total Liabilities were \$86,536.
- > The Change in Net Assets was \$(46,984).

### **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This report consists of three parts, the MD&A, the financial statements, and notes to those statements. The financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

### **Statement of Net Assets**

The Statement of Net Assets answers the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Schools' net assets for fiscal year 2006 compared to fiscal year 2005:

Table 1					
Assets					
2006	2005				
\$ 509,736	\$ 530,398				
15,697	15,697				
21,635	45,765				
\$ 547,068	\$ 591,860				
\$ 86,536	\$ 84,344				
86,536	84,344				
21,635	45,765				
10,274	-				
428,623	461,751				
\$ 460,532	\$ 507,516				
	\$ 509,736 15,697 21,635 \$ 547,068 \$ 86,536 86,536 21,635 10,274 428,623				

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Total assets decreased by \$44,792, which represents a 7.56 percent decrease from fiscal year 2005. While cash and cash equivalents increased by \$10,131, total receivables decreased by \$29,898, and prepaid items decreased by \$895. Total liabilities increased by \$2,192, which represents a 2.6 percent increase from fiscal year 2005. The School's net assets decreased by \$46,984, represents a 9.26 percent decrease from fiscal year 2005.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended 2006. For comparison purposes, data from the June 30, 2005 year-end is reported to the right of the current year's figures.

	2006	2005
Revenues		
Operating Revenues:		
Foundation Basic Aid	\$ 470,590	\$ 519,156
Poverty-Based Assistance	116,936	-
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid	-	153,649
Special Education	18,889	30,508
Food Services	5,323	4,382
Classroom Fees	6,797	14,337
Extracurricular Activities	-	23,806
Other	12,277	1,731
Total Operating Revenue	630,812	747,569
Non-Operating Revenues:		
Federal Grants	102,318	97,365
State Grants	72,441	13,913
Interest	12,167	5,729
Contributions and Donations	58,187	27,558
Total Non-Operating Revenue	245,113	144,565
Total Revenues	875,925	892,134
_		
Expenses		
Operating Expenses		407.000
Salaries	528,905	497,288
Fringe Benefits	110,020	101,682
Purchased Services	187,669	181,896
Materials and Supplies	60,303	63,413
Depreciation	25,536	33,560
Other Expenses	10,476	9,436
Total Expenses	922,909	887,275
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ (46,984)	\$ 4,859

State Foundation Basic Aid, Poverty-Based Assistance, and Special Education, as a whole, are the primary support for the Academy, representing 96.13 percent of the operating revenue. Salaries and Fringe Benefits comprise 69.23 percent of operating expenses.

The School had total revenues of \$875,925, and total expenses of \$922,909. The change in net assets for the year was a decrease of \$46,984. This decrease is due to receiving less foundation basic aid, poverty-based assistance, and special education money from the State during fiscal year end 2006.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006 the School had \$21,635 invested in furniture and equipment, and leasehold improvements (net of \$137,959 in accumulated depreciation). Table 3 shows fiscal year 2006 and fiscal year 2005:

Table 3
Capital Asset at June 30, 2005
(Net of Depreciation)

	2006	2005
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 14,635	\$ 31,765
Leasehold Improvements	7,000	 14,000
Totals	\$ 21,635	\$ 45,765

For more information on capital assets see Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **Current Financial Issues**

The School's financial relationship with the Lucas County Educational Service Center aids in the raising of the quality of financial records and strengthens internal controls. During the 2005-2006 school year, there were approximately 94 students enrolled in the School. The School receives its finances mostly from state aid. Per pupil aid for fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$5,283 per student.

### **Contacting the Schools' Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's with a general overview of the Schools' finances and to show the Schools' accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact Ms. Brooke King, Administrator at Intergenerational School, 12200 Fairhill Rd., Cleveland, Ohio 44120 or e-mail at bkingtis@fairhillcenter.org.

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### Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2006

Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 481,244
Receivables:	
Accounts	4,104
Intergovernmental	21,378
Prepaid Items	3,010
Total Current Assets	509,736
Noncurrent Assets:	
Security Deposits	15,697
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	 21,635
Total Noncurrent Assets	37,332
Total Assets	547,068
<u>Liabilities:</u>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	2,966
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	60,697
Compensated Absences Payable	5,307
Intergovernmental Payable	17,566
Total Current Liabilities	86,536
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	21,635
Restricted for Grants	10,274
Unrestricted	428,623
Total Net Assets	\$ 460,532

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating Revenues:	
Foundation Basic Aid	\$ 470,590
Poverty-Based Assistance	116,936
Special Education	18,889
Classroom Fees	6,797
Food Services	5,323
Other Operating Revenues	12,277
Total Operating Revenues	630,812
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	528,905
Fringe Benefits	110,020
Purchased Services	187,669
Materials and Supplies	60,303
Depreciation	25,536
Other Operating Expenses	10,476
Total Operating Expenses	922,909
Operating Loss	(292,097)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses:	
Operating Grants - Federal	102,318
Operating Grants - State	72,441
Interest	12,167
Contributions and Donations	58,187
Total Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses)	245,113
Change in Net Assets	(46,984)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	507,516

### Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

### Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from State of Ohio	\$ 653,676
Cash Received from Food Services	5,323
Cash Received from Classroom Materials & Fees	6,797
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	9,802
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(260,425)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(518,530)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(115,331)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(218,688)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Grants Received - Federal	82,593
Operating Grants Received - State	77,278
Contributions and Donations	58,187
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	218,058
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(1,406)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,406)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Cash Received from Interest on Investments	12,167
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	12,167
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,131
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	471,113
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 481,244

### Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:

Operating Loss	\$ (292,097)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	25,536
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Accounts Receivable	(2,475)
Decrease in Intergovernmental Receivable	47.261
Decrease in Prepaid Items	895
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(1,560)
Increase in Accrued Wages Payable	6,906
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	5,307
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(8,461)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (218,688)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Intergenerational School (the School) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The School is an approved tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code exclusively for educational purposes. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the School's tax-exempt status. The School's mission is to provide students of kindergarten to grade six the knowledge, skills, and habits to be effective and empowered stewards of their community. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the school.

The School was approved for operation under an amended and restated contract with the Lucas County Educational Service Center (the Sponsor) for a period of one year commencing July 1, 2005. The contract terminates on June 30, 2006, and thereafter, renews annually for one-year terms from July 1 to June 30. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the School and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration. The sponsorship agreement states the Treasurer of Lucas County Educational Service Center shall serve as the Chief Financial Officer of the School (see Note 10).

The School operates under the direction of an six-member Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Board of Trustees controls the School's one instructional/support facility staffed by 6 non-certified and 11 certificated full time teaching personnel who provide services to 94 students.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to a governmental nonprofit organization. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The School's financial statements consist of Statement of Net Assets; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and a Statement of Cash Flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position, and cash flows.

### **B.** Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the Statements of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. The Statement of Cash Flow provides information about how the School finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The School's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use if first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

### D. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does prescribe an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a 5-year forecast, which is to be updated on an annual basis.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the School are accounted for by the School's fiscal agent, the Lucas County Educational Service Center. All cash received by the fiscal agent is maintained in separate accounts in the School's name. Monies for the School are maintained in these accounts or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows and the presentation on the balance sheet, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

During the fiscal year ended 2006, investments were limited to repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

### F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Basic Aid Program, the State Poverty-Based Assistance (PBA) Program, and the State Special Education Program. Revenues from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements are met.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F. Intergovernmental Revenues (Continued)

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

### G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense in the year in which services are consumed.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs the do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

DescriptionEstimate LifeFurniture and Equipment5 yearsLeasehold Improvements5 years

### I. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their used either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditor, grantor, or laws or regulations of other governments. The School applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

### J. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily foundation payments from the state and sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### K. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

### L. Security Deposits

The School entered into a lease for the use of the building for the administration and instruction of the School. Based on the lease agreement, a security deposit was required to be paid at the signing of the agreement. This amount, totaling \$15,697, is held by the lessor. (See Note 9)

### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### **Deposits**

At fiscal year end June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$106,783 and the bank balance was \$125,854. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure," as of June 30, 2006, \$125,854 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School.

The School had no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secure.

### Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the School's investments total \$374,461, \$215,687 of which is maintained in a STAR Ohio account and \$158,774 is maintained in a Business Sweep Account (repurchase agreement). The repurchase agreement was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School's name. At June 30, 2006, STAR Ohio received the Standard & Poor's highest credit rating of AAAm.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006, consisted of accounts and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlement and shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

Receivables	Amount	
Accounts	\$	4,104
Intergovernmental:		
Federal Lunch Reimbursement		4,016
IDEA-B		4,121
Title I		6,373
Title IIA		6,868
Total Intergovernmental Receivables		21,378
Total Receivables	\$	25,482

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/05	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/06
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 108,399	1,406	-	109,805
Leasehold Improvements	49,789			49,789
Totals Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	158,188	1,406		159,594
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furnitures and Equipment	(76,634)	(18,536)	-	(95,170)
Leasehold Improvements	(35,789)	(7,000)		(42,789)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(112,423)	(25,536)		(137,959)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 45,765	\$ (24,130)	\$ -	\$ 21,635

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

### A. Insurance Coverage

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the fiscal year ended 2006, the School contracted with the Cincinnati Insurance Company and the United National Insurance Company with the following insurance coverage:

Commercial General Liability per Occurrence	\$1,000,000
Commercial General Liability Aggregate	2,000,000
Umbrella Coverage per Occurrence	1,000,000
Umbrella Coverage per Aggregate	1,000,000
Commercial Property (\$1,000 Deductible)	445,000
Crime Coverage (\$500 Deductible)	50,000
Inland Marine Coverage	50,000
Employee Benefits Liability	1,000,000
Employers Stop Gap Liability	1,000,000
School Board Legal Liability per Occurrence (\$2,500 Deductible	) 1,000,000
Sexual Misconduct Liability	1,000,000

Settle claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. The School owns no property, but leases a facility located at 12200 Fairhill Road, Cleveland, Ohio. (See Note 9)

### B. Workers' Compensation

The School makes premium payments to the Ohio Worker's Compensation System for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

### C. Employees Medical, Dental, Vision, Life, and Disability Benefits

The School has contracted through an independent carrier to provide medical, dental, vision, life and disability insurance benefits to all employees who work 37.5 or more hours per week. The School pays the full amount for single coverage of the monthly premiums for all selected coverage.

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### A. School Employees Retirement System

The School contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2006
(Continued)

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School was required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for fiscal year 2006 was 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 10.58 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$15,962, \$17,514, and \$10,882 respectively; 73.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$4,216 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006. The balance outstanding is reflected as an intergovernmental payable.

### B. State Teachers Retirement Systems (STRS)

The School contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for

licensed teachers and other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB. In the Combined Plan, the member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

**DB Plan Benefits** – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 vears of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### B. State Teachers Retirement Systems (STRS) (Continued)

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Combined Plan Benefits** – The member allocates Member contributions, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio' public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offer by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependent. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio Law health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC, or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contributions rate are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2006
(Continued)

### 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### B. State Teachers Retirement Systems (STRS) (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The School's required contribution for pension obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$50,570, \$44,442, and \$44,981, respectively; 83.19 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$8,502 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006. The balance outstanding is reflected as an intergovernmental payable.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of STRS Ohio 2006 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report will be available after January 1, 2006. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's 2006 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Board St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS OhioWeb site at www.strsoh.org.

#### 8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. School Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2005, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. At June 30, 2006, the healthcare allocation is 3.42 percent. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$27,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Net health care costs for the year ending June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), were \$178,221,113. The target level for the health care fund is 150% of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2005, the value of the health care fund was \$267.5 million, which is about 168% of next year's projected net health care costs of \$158,776,151. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient, in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150% of estimated annual net claim costs. The number of recipients currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 58,123.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund from which health care benefits are paid. For fiscal year June 30, 2006, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 3.43 percent of covered payroll and adding the surcharge due to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$7,115 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and their dependents. Coverage under the current plan includes hospitalization, physicians' fees prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the Revised Code (R.C.) the State Teachers Retirement Board (the Board) has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium.

The R.C. grants authority to STRS Ohio to provide health care coverage to eligible benefit recipients, spouses and dependents. By Ohio Law, health care benefits are not guaranteed and the cost of the coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund from which health care benefits are paid. For fiscal year June 30, 2006, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion of June 30, 2005. For the School, this amount equaled \$3,891 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000. There were 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

### 9. OPERATING LEASES

The School entered into a lease agreement with the Fairhill Center for Aging for use of the property located on 12200 Fairhill Road. The term of the lease commenced August 1, 2005 and will terminate July 31, 2006. The School has the option to renew the lease once for a successive term of twelve months. The monthly charge for rent, including additional rent options, is \$8,505 payable the first of each month. Rent expenses under the lease were \$102,054 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

The School re-negotiated the lease with the Fairhill Center for Aging to extend the lease term from July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2008. The agreement has the option to renew for an additional two-year term. The monthly charge for rent, including additional rent options, is \$10,055 payable the first of each month.

### 10. FISCAL AGENT

The sponsorship agreement states the Treasurer of the Sponsor shall serve as the Chief Fiscal Officer of the School. As part of this agreement, the School shall compensate the Sponsor two percent (2%) of the per pupil allotment paid to the School from the State of Ohio. A total contract payment of \$14,385 was paid during the year, and a liability in the amount of \$1,558 was accrued as a liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 10. FISCAL AGENT (Continued)

The Treasurer shall perform all of the following functions while serving as the Chief Fiscal Officer of the School:

- Maintain custody of all funds received by the School in segregated accounts separate from the Sponsor or any other Community School's funds;
- Maintain all books and accounts of the School;
- Maintain all financial records of all state funds of the School and follow State Auditor procedures for receiving and expending state funds;
- Assist the School in meeting all financial reporting requirements established by the Auditor of Ohio;
- Invest funds of the School in the same manner as the funds of the Sponsor are invested, but the Treasurer shall not commingle the funds with any of the Sponsor or any other community school; and
- Pay obligations incurred by the School within a reasonable amount of time, not more than 14 calendar days after receipt of a properly executed voucher signed by the Chief Administrative Officer of the School so long as the proposed expenditure is within the approved budget and funds are available.

#### 11. PURCHASED SERVICES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, purchased service expenses were payments for services rendered by various vendors, and are as follows:

Professional and Technical Service	\$ 55,554
Property Services	106,608
Travel Mileage/Meeting Expense	12,014
Communications	6,578
Utilities	5,958
Contracted Craft or Trade Service	125
Transportation Services	680
Other Purchased Services	152
Total Purchased Services	\$ 187,669

### 12. CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the School. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have an adverse material effect on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2006.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### 12. CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

### B. Litigation

A suit was filed in the U.S. District Court, southern District of Ohio, Western Division on October 6, 2004 which challenges the funding of Charter Schools under Equal Protection, Due Process and claims violation of a right to vote on the bodies administering public schools. This case is still pending. The effect of this suit, if any, on the School is not presently determinable.

### C. School Funding

The Ohio Department of Education reviews enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. For fiscal year 2006, the review has not yet been completed. The School is not certain what effect, if any, this review will have on its financial statements.

### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A governing board member's spouse was employed at the School during fiscal year 2006. Total compensation to the employee amounted to \$51,216. Also, a board member's daughter was paid for work done at the School. The employee was paid \$1,485 in total for these services.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Intergenerational School Cuyahoga County 12200 Fairhill Road Cleveland, Ohio 44120

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Intergenerational School, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the School's management dated March 30, 2007, we reported a matter related to the internal control we deemed immaterial.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Intergenerational School
Cuyahoga County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other
Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards
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We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 30, 2007



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INTERGENERATIONAL SCHOOL

### **CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 12, 2007