LAUREL TOWNSHIP HOCKING COUNTY Regular Audit For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Laurel Township 26971 Wildcat Road Rockbridge, Ohio 43149

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of Laurel Township, Hocking County, prepared by Perry & Associates, CPA's, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Laurel Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

May 11, 2007



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Perry & Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

March 30, 2007

Laurel Township Hocking County 26971 Wildcat Rd Rockbridge, Ohio 43149

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel Township, Hocking County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described more fully in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in the cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund, Road and Bridge Fund thereof for the years ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

For the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Township revised its financial statement presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

Laurel Township Hocking County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

This discussion and analysis of the Laurel Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$19,866 or 6 percent, in 2006 and \$22,405 or 7 percent, in 2005.

The Township's general receipts are primarily Property and Permissive Sales taxes. These receipts represent respectively 58 percent in 2005, and 52 percent in 2006, of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the governmental and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2006 and 2005, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function activity draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property, hotel lodging, and gasoline taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the Township into the following activities:

Governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here; including general government, fire protection, road and bridges, cemetery maintenance, and recreation. State and federal grants, gasoline, property and Permissive Sales Taxes finance most of these activities. The people receiving them do not necessarily pay for benefits provided through governmental activities.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township consist of governmental funds only.

Governmental Funds - All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax, and Road and Bridge Funds. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005 and 2004 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Governmental Activities							/ariance	V	ariance
		2006	2005			2004	05-'06			04-'05
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	330,783	\$	340,525	\$	318,120	\$	(9,742)	\$	22,405
Investments	\$	29,608	\$	_	\$	-	\$	29,608	\$	
Total Assets	\$	360,391	\$	340,525	\$	318,120	\$	19,866	\$	22,405
Net Assets										
Restricted for:										
Other Purposes	\$	205,335	\$	141,065	\$	126,748	\$	64,270	\$	14,317
Unrestricted	\$	155,056	\$	199,460	\$	191,372	\$	(44,404)	\$	8,088
Total Net Assets	\$	360,391	\$	340,525	\$	318,120	\$	19,866	\$	22,405

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$ 19,866 or 6 percent during 2006, and \$22,405 or 7 percent during 2005. The primary reasons contributing to the increases in cash balances are as follows:

- During 2006 the Township received money in the form of CDs received from the termination of a cemetery association, which turned over assets and responsibilities to the township.
- Increased lodging taxes received and increased interest rates received on Township deposits and investments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2006 and 2005 for governmental activities.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

		nmental vities	
	2006	2005	2004
Receipts:			
Program Receipts:			
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 110,740	\$ 99,011	\$ -
Capital Grants and Contributions	46,000	10,000	124,610
Total Program Receipts	156,740	109,011	124,610
General Receipts:			
Property Taxes	126,249	128,954	202,404
Permissive Sales Tax	98,621	90,593	-
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	26,041	39,155	-
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	6,855	-
Interest	15,053	8,228	2,262
Miscellaneous	6,808	5,796	19,871
Total General Receipts	272,772	279,581	224,537
Total Receipts	429,512	388,592	349,147
Disbursements:			
General Government	101,423	76,525	82,700
Public Safety	27,008	23,234	11,497
Public Health Services	5,730	2,537	2,057
Conservation-Recreation	18,514	15,924	14,997
Public Works	174,192	177,076	148,576
Capital Outlay	82,779	70,891	21,376
Total Disbursements	409,646	366,187	281,203
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	19,866	22,405	67,944
Net Assets, January 1	340,525	318,120	250,176
Net Assets, December 31	\$ 360,391	\$ 340,525	\$ 318,120

Program receipts represent 36, 28, and 36 percent in '06, '05, and '04 respectively, of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as Motor Vehicle License and Gasoline Tax money.

General receipts represent 64, 72, and 64 percent in '06, '05, and '04 respectively, of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, 82, 79, and 90 percent are property and other local taxes in '06,'05, and '04. State and federal grants and entitlements make up 10 and 14 percent in '06 and '05 while sale of fixed assets, interest and miscellaneous make up the balance of the Township's general receipts (8 percent in '06, 7 percent in '05 and 10 percent in '04).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of the Board of Trustees, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing.

Public Safety is the costs of fire protection; Public Health Services is the cemeteries; Conservation-Recreation are the costs of maintaining the community center and grounds; Public Works is the cost of maintaining the roads and Capital Outlay is the cost to purchase new equipment to be used in the performance of Township activities.

Governmental Activities

The first column of the Statement of Activities on pages 10 & 17 lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for general government and public works, which account for 25 and 43 percent respectively in '06 and 21 and 48 percent respectively in '05, of all governmental disbursements. Capital Outlay also represents a significant cost, about 20 percent. The next two columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service, which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts, which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities

Governmental flettyties											
	To	Total Cost		Net Cost		Total Cost		let Cost			
	of	of Services		of Services		Services	of	Services			
		2006		2006		2005	2005				
General Government	\$	101,423	\$	101,423	\$	76,525	\$	76,525			
Public Safety		27,008		25,298		23,234		19,347			
Public Works		174,192		55,162		177,076		71,952			
Health		5,730		(27,165)		2,537		2,537			
Conservation-Recreation		18,514		15,409		15,924		15,924			
Capital Outlay		82,779		82,779		70,891		70,891			
Total Expenses	\$	409,646	\$	252,906	\$	366,187	\$	257,176			

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$429,512 and disbursements of \$409,646 in 2006 and receipts of \$388,592 and disbursements of \$366,187 in 2005. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the General Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$8,088 in '05 due to increased property and Permissive Sales Taxes, but decreased \$44,404 in 2006, as the result of increased costs for salaries and benefits and not achieving anticipated growth in Permissive Sales Tax and property tax receipts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2005 and 2006, the Township amended its General Fund budget several times to reflect changing circumstances. Final budgeted receipts were above original budgeted receipts due to unexpected increase in Permissive Sales Taxes and interest receipts. The difference between final budgeted receipts and actual receipts was \$33,470 in 2006 and \$42,920 in 2005.

Final disbursements were budgeted at \$228,509 in 2006 and \$199,990 in 2005 and while actual disbursements were \$198,572 and \$159,931 respectively.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

Debt

The Township currently has no outstanding debt.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Debbie Angle, Clerk-Treasurer, Laurel Township, Hocking County, 26971 Wildcat Rd., Rockbridge, Ohio 43149.

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities					
Assets	Ф	220.702				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	330,783				
Investments		29,608				
Total Assets	\$	360,391				
Net Assets						
Restricted for:						
Other Purposes		205,334				
Unrestricted		155,057				
Total Net Assets	\$	360,391				

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

			Program C	ash Receip	ts	,	rsements) Receipts as in Net Assets	
	Cash Disbursements		Operating Grants and ents Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	101,423	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(101,423)
Public Safety		27,008		1,710		-		(25,298)
Public Works		174,192		109,030		10,000		(55,162)
Health		5,730		-		32,895		27,165
Conservation-Recreation		18,514		-		3,105		(15,409)
Capital Outlay		82,779						(82,779)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	409,646	\$	110,740	<u>\$</u>	46,000		(252,906)
	Gener	al Receipts						
		ty Taxes						126,249
		ssive Sales Tax						98,621
			nts not Re	estricted to Specia	fic Progran	ns		26,041
	Interes	t						15,053
	Other							6,808
	Total (General Cash I	Receipts					272,772
	Chang	e in Net Assets	3					19,866
	Net As	sets Beginning	of Year					340,525
	Net As	sets End of Yed	ar				\$	360,391

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2006

	General		 Gasoline Tax	Road and Bridge		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	_					_		_	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	154,704 353	\$ 85,486	\$	22,798	\$	67,795 29,255	\$	330,783 29,608
Total Assets	\$	155,057	\$ 85,486	\$	22,798	\$	97,050	\$	360,391
Fund Balances									
Reserved:									
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$	398	\$ 1,656	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,054
Unreserved:									
General Fund		154,659	-		-		-		154,659
Special Revenue Funds			83,830		22,798		97,050		203,678
Total Fund Balances	\$	155,057	\$ 85,486	\$	22,798	\$	97,050	\$	360,391

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	General		G	Gasoline Road and Tax Bridge		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Receipts		General		Tax		bridge		Tulius		Tunus
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	146,071	\$	_	\$	40,671	\$	38,128	\$	224,870
Intergovernmental	Ψ	26,041	Ψ	90,204	Ψ	5,470	Ψ	61,066	Ψ	182,781
Interest		11,039		2,860		5,176		1,154		15,053
Other		619				_		6,189		6,808
Total Receipts		183,770		93,064		46,141		106,537		429,512
Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		101,423		-		-		-		101,423
Public Safety		11,300		-		-		15,708		27,008
Public Works		732		62,115		49,921		61,424		174,192
Health		1,940		-		-		3,790		5,730
Conservation-Recreation		-						18,514		18,514
Capital Outlay		82,779				-				82,779
Total Disbursements		198,174		62,115		49,921		99,436		409,646
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(14,404)		30,949		(3,780)		7,101		19,866
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In		-		7,500		7,500		15,000		30,000
Transfers Out		(30,000)				-		-		(30,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(30,000)		7,500		7,500		15,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(44,404)		38,449		3,720		22,101		19,866
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		199,461		47,037		19,078		74,949		340,525
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	155,057	\$	85,486	\$	22,798	\$	97,050	\$	360,391

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		eted Amounts		(Optional) Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Receipts	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 129,00	0 \$ 129,000	\$ 146,071	\$ 17,071	
Intergovernmental	16,20		26,041	9,841	
Interest	5,00		11,039	6,039	
Other	10	0 100	619	519	
Total receipts	150,30	0 150,300	183,770	33,470	
Disbursements					
Current:					
General Government	114,67	,	101,821	21,983	
Public Safety	11,50	,	11,300	200	
Public Works	85		732	118	
Health	4,10		1,940	2,410	
Capital Outlay	87,00	0 88,005	82,779	5,226	
Total Disbursements	218,12	8 228,509	198,572	29,937	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(67,82	8) (78,209)	(14,802)	63,407	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	(28,00	0) (38,675)	(30,000)	8,675	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(28,00	0) (38,675)	(30,000)	8,675	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(95,82	8) (116,884)	(44,802)	72,082	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	191,17	3 191,173	191,173		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	4,14	4,144	4,144		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 99,48	9 \$ 78,433	\$ 150,515	\$ 72,082	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Buc	lgeted Aı	mounts	-		Var Fin	Optional) iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Receipts Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 65,0	000 S	\$ 65,000 500	\$	90,204 2,860	\$	25,204 2,360
Total receipts	65,5	500	65,500		93,064		27,564
Disbursements Current: Public Works	82,0)69	88,609		63,771		24,838
Total Disbursements	82,0)69	88,609	·	63,771		24,838
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(16,	569)	(23,109)		29,293		52,402
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		<u>-</u> _	7,500		7,500		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			7,500		7,500		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,	569)	(15,609)		36,793		52,402
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	46,0)78	46,078		46,078		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	9	959	959		959		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 30,4	168	\$ 31,428	\$	83,830	\$	52,402

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) Road and Bridge For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

							optional) iance with
		Budgeted	Amou	ints		Final Budget	
	(Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts							
Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	42,000 4,500	\$	42,000 4,500	\$ 40,671 5,470	\$	(1,329) 970
Total receipts		46,500		46,500	46,141		(359)
Disbursements							
Current: Public Works		59,177		65,688	49,921		15,767
Tuble Works		37,177		05,000	47,721		15,707
Total Disbursements		59,177		65,688	 49,921		15,767
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(12,677)		(19,188)	 (3,780)		15,408
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In				7,500	 7,500		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		7,500	 7,500		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,677)		(11,688)	3,720		15,408
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		18,088		18,088	18,088		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		989		989	989		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	6,400	\$	7,389	\$ 22,797	\$	15,408

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	340,525		
Total Assets	\$	340,525		
Net Assets				
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	\$	141,064		
Unrestricted		199,461		
Total Net Assets	\$	340,525		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

				Program Cash Receipts				isbursements) Changes in Net Assets
	Dist	Cash Disbursements		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities General Government	¢	76 525	¢		¢		¢	(76.525)
Public Safety Public Works Health Conservation-Recreation Capital Outlay	\$	76,525 23,234 177,076 2,537 15,924 70,891	\$	3,887 95,124 - -	\$	10,000	\$	(76,525) (19,347) (71,952) (2,537) (15,924) (70,891)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	366,187	\$	99,011	\$	10,000		(257,176)
	Proper Permis Grants Sale of	al Receipts ty Taxes ssive Sales Tax and Entitleme f Fixed Assets gs on Investm	ents not Re	estricted to Spec	ific Progra	ams		128,954 90,593 39,155 6,855 8,228 5,796
	Total (General Cash	Receipts					279,581
	Chang	e in Net Asset	s					22,405
	Net As	sets Beginning	g of Year					318,120
	Net As	sets End of Ye	ar				\$	340,525

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

	(General	G	asoline Tax	Road and Bridge	G	Other overnmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
Assets									
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	199,461	\$	47,037	\$ 19,078	\$	74,949	\$	340,525
Total Assets	\$	199,461	\$	47,037	\$ 19,078	\$	74,949	\$	340,525
Fund Balances Reserved:									
Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:	\$	4,144	\$	959	\$ 989	\$	8,268	\$	14,360
General Fund		195,317		-	_		-		195,317
Special Revenue Fund		-		46,078	18,089		66,681		130,848
Total Fund Balances	\$	199,461	\$	47,037	\$ 19,078	\$	74,949	\$	340,525

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	,	General	G	asoline Tax		oad and Brodge	Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Receipts		Jenerai	-	Tax		srouge		runus		runus
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	139,023	\$		\$	41,512	\$	39,012	\$	219,547
Intergovernmental	φ	39,155	Φ	76,102	ф	5,119	Ф	27,790	φ	148,166
Earnings on Investments		6,452		1,066		5,117		710		8,228
Other		390		217		_		5,189		5,796
Outer		370		217				3,107		3,170
Total Receipts		185,020		77,385		46,631		72,701		381,737
Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		76,525		-		-		-		76,525
Public Works		732		70,724		51,548		54,071		177,076
Health		2,538		-		-		-		2,537
Public Saftey		11,325		-		-		11,909		23,234
Conservation/Recreation		-		-		-		15,924		15,924
Capital Outlay		64,667		<u> </u>				6,224		70,891
Total Disbursements		155,787		70,724		51,548		88,128		366,187
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		29,233		6,661		(4,917)		(15,427)		15,550
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of Fixed Assets		6,855		_		-		-		6,855
Transfers In		´ -		7,000		7,000		14,000		28,000
Transfers Out		(28,000)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				(28,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(21,145)		7,000		7,000		14,000		6,855
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,088		13,661		2,083		(1,427)		22,405
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		191,373		33,376		16,995		76,376		318,120
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	199,461	\$	47,037	\$	19,078	\$	74,949	\$	340,525

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Vari Fina	ptional) ance with al Budget
	(Original		Final	Actual		ositive egative)
Receipts		- <u>8</u>					<u> </u>
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	125,500	\$	125,500	\$ 139,023	\$	13,523
Intergovernmental		15,250		15,250	39,156		23,906
Interest		1,250		1,250	6,451		5,201
Other		100		100	 390		290
Total receipts		142,100		142,100	185,020		42,920
Disbursements Current:							
General Government		116,440		116,440	80,669		35,771
Public Works		850		850	732		118
Public Saftey		11,500		11,500	11,325		175
Health		4,700		4,700	2,538		2,162
Capital Outlay				66,500	 64,667		1,833
Total Disbursements		133,490		199,990	 159,931		40,059
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		8,610		(57,890)	25,089		82,979
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Sale of Fixed Assets					6,855		6,855
Transfers Out		(100,000)		(33,500)	 (28,000)		5,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,000)		(33,500)	 (21,145)		12,355
Net Change in Fund Balance		(91,390)		(91,390)	3,944		95,334
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		191,373		191,373	 191,373		-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	99,983	\$	99,983	\$ 195,317	\$	95,334

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Vari Fina	ptional) ance with al Budget
	Original		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
Receipts Intergovernmental Interest Other	\$ 55,000 100	\$	55,000 100	\$ 76,102 1,066 217	\$	21,102 966 217
Total receipts	55,100		55,100	 77,385		22,285
Disbursements Current: Public Works	74,350		80,350	71,683		8,667
Total Disbursements	 74,350		80,350	 71,683		8,667
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	 (19,250)		(25,250)	5,702		30,952
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	 		7,000	7,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		7,000	 7,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,250)		(18,250)	12,702		30,952
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	 33,376		33,376	 33,376		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 14,126	\$	15,126	\$ 46,078	\$	30,952

Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Budget Basis) Road and Bridge For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Varia Fina	otional) ance with l Budget ositive
	O	riginal		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	42,000 2,500	\$	42,000 2,500	\$ 41,512 5,119	\$	(488) 2,619
Total receipts		44,500		44,500	46,631		2,131
Disbursements Current:							
Public Works		50,000		57,000	52,537		4,463
Total Disbursements		50,000		57,000	 52,537		4,463
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(5,500)		(12,500)	(5,906)		6,594
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		-		7,000	7,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				7,000	 7,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,500)		(5,500)	1,094		6,594
Fund Balance Beginning of Year		16,995		16,995	 16,995		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	11,495	\$	11,495	\$ 18,089	\$	6,594

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Laurel Township, Hocking County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services. The Township contracts with the Logan City Fire Department for fire protection.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs of services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent of the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township. The Township has no component units.

C. Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township does not participate in any joint ventures, jointly governed organizations. The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end.

The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township consist of governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Gasoline Tax Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund receives property tax money for construction, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. A tax budget is not required to be filed with the Hocking County Budget Commission commencing tax year 2001. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, function, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time—final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 was \$6,452, which includes \$1,697 from other Township funds. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2006 was \$11,039, which includes \$3,877 from other Township funds.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for road and bridge use and fire department use. The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance, which is available for appropriation in future periods.

M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund, gasoline fund, and road and bridge fund, are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis) and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (cash basis). For 2006 encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$398 in the General Fund, and \$1,656 in the Gasoline Tax Fund. For 2005, there were encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$4,144 for the General Fund, \$959 in the Gasoline Tax Fund, and \$989 in the Road. There were no outstanding advances for the year-end.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the vent of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured. The carrying amount of the Townships deposits was \$330,783 and \$340,525 and the bank balance was \$346,877 and \$355,240 at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. All of the bank balance was secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the financial institutions public entity pooled collateral for both years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 5 – Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Real property tax receipts received in 2006 represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2006 were levied after October 1, 2005, on assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 became a lien on December 31, 2004, was levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility property tax receipts received in 2006 represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2006 became a lien on December 31, 2005, was levied after October 1, 2005, and is collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the true value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2006 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2006 were levied after October 1, 2005, on the true value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$3.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2006 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential	\$ 20,808,770
Agriculture	4,128,520
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	1,370,360
Public Utility Property:	
Business	1,302,120
Public Utility	 10,131,640
Total Assessed Value	\$ 37,741,410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 5 – Property Taxes (Continued)

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$3.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential	\$ 20,260,040
Agriculture	4,003,520
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	1,400,990
Tangible Personal Property:	
Business	1,123,103
Public Utility	9,695,810
Total Assessed Value	\$ 36,483,463

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund was responsible for losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 6 - Risk Management (Continued)

If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective Township. Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contribution, minus the subsequent year's premium. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all property and casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) (latest information available) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assets	\$30,485,638	\$28,132,620
Liabilities	(12,344,576)	(11,086,379)
Retained earnings	\$18,141,062	\$17,046,241
Property Coverage	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assets	\$9,177,796	\$7,588,343
Liabilities	(1,406,031)	(543,176)
Retained earnings	<u>\$7,771,765</u>	<u>\$7,045,167</u>

At December 21, 2005 and 2004, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member townships in the future, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment.

The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$7,120. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 6 - Risk Management (Continued)

Based on discussions with OTARMA the expected rates charged by OTARMA to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Townships contributions to OTARMA for the past three years are as follows:

Year	Contribution
2006	\$6,520
2005	\$5,197
2004	\$5,397

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to withdrawal. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over 5 years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The 2005 employer contribution rate for township employers was 13.55 percent of covered payroll. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the members of all three plans, were required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salaries. The 2006 employer contribution rate for township employers was 13.7 percent of covered payroll. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$9,739, \$9,124, \$8,704, and \$7,500, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all years. No contributions were made to the member-directed plan.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post employment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2006 (2005) local government employer contribution rate was 13.7 (13.55) percent of covered payroll; 4.5 (4) percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.30 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 1 and 6 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 5. Actual employer contributions for 2006, which were used to fund postemployment benefits, were \$3,153. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2005, (the latest information available) were \$11.1 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

Note 9 - Interfund Transfers

During 2006 and 2005 the following transfers were made:

Transfers from the General Fund to:	2006	2005
MVL Fund	\$7,500	\$7,000
Gasoline Fund	7,500	7,000
Road & Bridge Fund	7,500	7,000
Road Levy Fund	7,500	7,000
Total Transfers from the General Fund	\$30,000	\$28,000

Transfers represent the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The reason for these transfers was to increase funding in other funds to be used for general road repairs. Transfers are considered allowable in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

Perry & AssociatesCertified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 30, 2007

Laurel Township Hocking County 2691 Wildcat Rd Rockbridge, Ohio 43139-9541

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel Township, Hocking County, (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2007, wherein we noted the Township revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Laurel Township
Hocking County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, and township trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted

Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

LAUREL TOWNSHIP

HOCKING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 24, 2007