BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

JUDY STAHL, TREASURER



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Lexington Local School District 103 Clever Lane Lexington, Ohio 44904

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Lexington Local School District, Richland County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Lexington Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

December 13, 2007

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Lexington Local School District 103 Clever Lane Lexington, Ohio 44904

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lexington Local School District, Richland County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Lexington Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Lexington Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lexington Local School District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2007, on our consideration of Lexington Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report Lexington Local School District Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lexington Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Lexington Local School District. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

This management's discussion and analysis of the Lexington Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,135,311 which represents a 16.42% increase from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$20,238,980 in revenue or 87.46% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,902,516 or 12.54% of total revenues of \$23,141,496.
- The District had \$22,006,185 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,902,516 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$20,238,980 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$20,492,306 in revenues and \$19,300,919 in expenditures. During fiscal 2007, the general fund's fund balance increased \$1,191,387 from \$1,583,157 to \$2,768,696.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant fund. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for health and dental self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 24-49 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2007 2006 Assets Current and other assets \$ 14.767.921 \$ 14.746.843 Capital assets 5,791,833 5,848,854 Total assets 20,559,754 20,595,697 Liabilities Current liabilities 10,656,634 11,759,370 Long-term liabilities 1,855,483 1,924,001 Total liabilities 12,512,117 13,683,371 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 5,791,833 5,718,854 Restricted 146,498 212,286 Unrestricted 2,109,306 981,186 Total net assets 8,047,637 6,912,326 \$ \$

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,047,637. At year-end, unrestricted net assets were \$2,109,306.

Net Assets

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

At year-end, capital assets represented 28.17% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007 were \$5,791,833. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$146,498, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$2,109,306 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below presents the District's Governmental Activities assets, liabilities, and net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets

	-	overnmental Activities 2007		overnmental Activities 2006
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,169,589	\$	1,153,041
Operating grants and contributions		1,697,795		900,286
Capital grants and contributions		35,132		-
General revenues:				
Property taxes		10,071,293		8,665,495
Grants and entitlements		9,897,084		10,577,506
Investment earnings		220,651		158,724
Other		49,952		54,300
Total revenues	\$	23,141,496	<u>\$</u>	21,509,352

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 9,656,854	\$ 9,498,549
Special	1,888,395	1,804,331
Other	784,679	682,756
Support services:		
Pupil	659,803	578,551
Instructional staff	1,450,349	1,498,283
Board of education	24,288	17,213
Administration	1,894,494	1,944,631
Fiscal	442,183	449,214
Business	14,033	11,742
Operations and maintenance	1,964,298	1,991,085
Pupil transportation	1,007,351	1,167,938
Central	153,720	293,043
Operations of non-instructional services	23,370	26,917
Extracurricular activities	1,143,648	1,196,185
Food service operations	897,107	890,448
Interest and fiscal charges	1,613	9,393
Total expenses	22,006,185	22,060,279
Change in net assets	1,135,311	(550,927)
Net assets at beginning of year	6,912,326	7,463,253
Net assets at end of year	\$ 8,047,637	\$ 6,912,326

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,135,311. Total governmental expenses of \$22,006,185 were offset by program revenues of \$2,902,516 and general revenues of \$20,238,980. Program revenues supported 13.19% of the total governmental expenses.

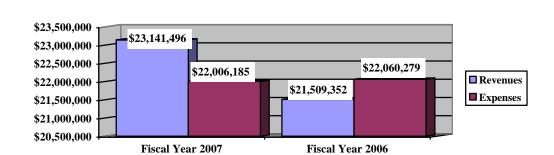
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 86.29% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$12,329,928 or 56.03% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

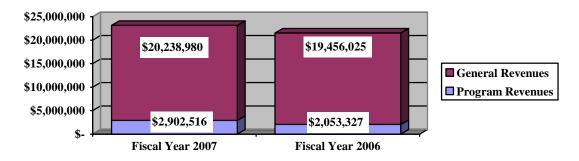
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 9,656,854	\$ 9,416,647	\$ 9,498,549	\$ 9,277,868
Special	1,888,395	817,232	1,804,331	1,504,575
Other	784,679	784,679	682,756	682,756
Support services:				
Pupil	659,803	470,356	578,551	400,425
Instructional staff	1,450,349	1,416,006	1,498,283	1,413,181
Board of education	24,288	24,288	17,213	17,213
Administration	1,894,494	1,806,082	1,944,631	1,857,558
Fiscal	442,183	442,183	449,214	449,214
Business	14,033	14,033	11,742	11,742
Operations and maintenance	1,964,298	1,964,163	1,991,085	1,991,085
Pupil transportation	1,007,351	913,275	1,167,938	1,167,938
Central	153,720	129,161	293,043	267,908
Operations of non-instructional services	23,370	23,370	26,917	26,917
Extracurricular activities	1,143,648	884,777	1,196,185	935,576
Food service operations	897,107	(4,196)	890,448	(6,397)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,613	1,613	9,393	9,393
Total expenses	\$ 22,006,185	\$ 19,103,669	\$ 22,060,279	\$ 20,006,952

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 89.36% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 86.81%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,739,246, which is higher than last year's total of \$1,666,809. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2006	(Decrease)
General	\$ 2,768,696	\$ 1,583,157	\$ 1,185,539
Other Governmental	(29,450)	<u>83,652</u>	(113,102)
Total	\$ 2,739,246	\$ 1,666,809	\$ 1,072,437

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$1,583,157. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to an increase in tax revenue, classroom materials and fees, and an increase in earnings on investments due to higher interest rates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2007 Amount	2006 Amount	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>			
Taxes	\$ 9,471,692	\$ 8,072,977	17.33 %
Tuition	76,180	87,218	(12.66) %
Earnings on investments	218,707	156,347	39.89 %
Classroom materials and fees	84,768	73,839	14.80 %
Intergovernmental	10,591,007	10,511,939	0.75 %
Other local revenues	49,952	45,432	9.95 %
Total	<u>\$ 20,492,306</u>	<u>\$ 18,947,752</u>	8.15 %
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	\$ 11,542,637	\$ 11,595,331	(0.45) %
Support services	6,879,037	7,264,430	(5.31) %
Operation of non-instructional services	23,370	23,929	(2.34) %
Extracurricular activities	821,975	835,863	(1.66) %
Debt service	33,900	31,370	8.07 %
Total	\$ 19,300,919	\$ 19,750,923	(2.28) %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2007, the District did not amend its general fund budget therefore the original budget and final budget are the same. For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$20,175,423. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2007 was \$19,537,158. This represents a \$638,265 decrease of budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$19,606,408 were increased to \$19,658,408 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$19,655,827, which was \$2,581 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the District had \$5,791,833 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006:

	Capital Assets (Net of Depr	
	Governmen	tal Activities
	2007	2006
Land	\$ 738,301	\$ 377,338
Land improvements	925,987	1,006,056
Building and improvements	3,166,568	3,471,404
Furniture and equipment	298,209	350,570
Vehicles	662,768	643,486
Total	\$ 5,791,833	\$ 5,848,854

Total additions to capital assets for 2007 were \$575,271. The overall decrease in capital assets of \$57,021 is primarily due to depreciation expense of \$632,292 exceeding additions for fiscal 2007. See Note 8 for further details on capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had no notes outstanding. The following table summarizes the notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Energy conservation notes	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 130,000</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 130,000</u>

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$30,834,815 with an unvoted debt margin of \$342,609. The District maintains an A-1 bond rating.

See Note 9 for further details on the District's long-term debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is strong financially and has enjoyed great fiscal support from our community. We are fortunate to have a Permanent Improvement Levy which gives us the ability to keep our facilities, vehicles, technology and instructional materials up to date for the best service to our students.

State and federal funding play a key role in the operation of the Lexington Local Schools. Due to the population of Special Needs students we serve, we receive a significant amount of IDEA funding. Other revenue from the federal government is relatively nominal, but nevertheless helpful in funding professional development for our staff, innovative programs, reading initiatives, substance abuse education and technology updates. We also receive a small amount of EMIS, Gifted ID and Bus Purchase funding from the State of Ohio. Our State Foundation payments did not increase for FY 2007 and are not projected to increase over the next two years. Our Parity Aid, which has been around \$700,000 annually, may be in jeopardy, as the biennial budget under the new Governor has changed the threshold for districts to qualify for this additional funding. Our district appears to be 'ok' for FY 2008, but we could lose the entire \$700,000 in FY 2009, depending on how our valuations compare to others in the state.

Our enrollment has remained fairly steady, with only slight decreases over the years. We have a small but steady stream of revenue from local businesses which are very supportive of our schools. Lexington is primarily a residential community and our schools are widely considered to be among the premier schools in Richland County, routinely earning excellent status on our State Report Card. Our cost per pupil is near the bottom of the list for area schools and we take great pride in the quality of education provided by the Lexington Local Schools.

In conclusion, the District has committed itself to fiscal responsibility and takes special care to be sure that we spend our funds on items and services that are most crucial to the long term success of our District and more importantly the children we serve.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Judy Stahl, Treasurer of Lexington Local School District, 103 Clever Lane, Lexington, Ohio 44904.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,637,8	
Cash in segregated accounts.	1,9	926
Receivables:		
Taxes	9,865,5	
Accounts		396
Intergovernmental	175,7	
Prepayments	11,9	
Materials and supplies inventory	73,9	948
Capital assets:		
Land	738,3	301
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,053,5	532
Total capital assets	5,791,8	333
Total assets	20,559,7	754
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable.	4,0)24
Accrued wages and benefits	2,077,6	544
Pension obligation payable.	517,8	360
Intergovernmental payable	196,7	/90
Unearned revenue	7,660,1	15
Matured bonds payable	1,9	926
Claims payable	198,2	275
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year.	174,5	516
Due in more than one year	1,680,9	967
Total liabilities	12,512,1	17
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt	5,791,8	333
Restricted for:		
Locally funded programs	,	142
State funded programs	14,7	
Federally funded programs	25,1	
Student activities	21,8	
Other purposes	81,3	
Unrestricted	2,109,3	306
Total net assets	\$ 8,047,6	537

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

				0	am Revenues	 	R	t (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	(Charges forOperatingCapitalServicesGrants andGrants andand SalesContributionsContributions		Governmental Activities			
Governmental activities:						 		
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 9,656,854	\$	148,000	\$	74,659	\$ 17,548	\$	(9,416,647)
Special	1,888,395		14,043		1,057,120	-		(817,232)
Other	784,679		-		-	-		(784,679)
Support services:								
Pupil	659,803		-		189,447	-		(470,356)
Instructional staff	1,450,349		-		34,343	-		(1,416,006)
Board of education.	24,288		-		-	-		(24,288)
Administration.	1,894,494		81,237		7,175	-		(1,806,082)
Fiscal	442,183		-		-	-		(442,183)
Business	14,033		-		-	-		(14,033)
Operations and maintenance	1,964,298		135		-	-		(1,964,163)
Pupil transportation	1,007,351		-		76,492	17,584		(913,275)
Central	153,720		-		24,559	-		(129, 161)
Operation of non-instructional								
services	23,370		-		-	-		(23,370)
Extracurricular activities	1,143,648		258,871		-	-		(884,777)
Food service operations	897,107		667,303		234,000	-		4,196
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,613		-		-	 -		(1,613)
Totals	\$ 22,006,185	\$	1,169,589	\$	1,697,795	\$ 35,132		(19,103,669)

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	9,427,335
Capital projects	643,958
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	9,897,084
Investment earnings	220,651
Miscellaneous	 49,952
Total general revenues	 20,238,980
Change in net assets	1,135,311
Net assets at beginning of year	 6,912,326
Net assets at end of year	\$ 8,047,637

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

Assets: $ -$ -		General	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
and cash equivalents \$ $3,526,189$ \$ $137,488$ \$ $3,663,677$ Cash in segregated accounts . $1,926$ $1,926$ $1,926$ Cases . $9,158,964$ $706,613$ $9,865,577$ Taxes . $271,387$. $271,387$ Prepayments . $11,938$. $11,938$ Interfund loan . $271,387$. $271,387$ Prepayments . $11,938$. $11,938$ Materials and supplies inventory . $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ Restricted assets: . $81,351$. $81,351$. $81,351$ Total assets . $$ 13,094,171$ \$ $1,052,271$ \$ $14,146,442$ Liabilities: . $$ 1,394,075$ $93,569$ $2,077,644$ Compensated absences payable .	Assets:					
Cash in segregated accounts - 1,926 1,926 Receivables: 9,158,964 706,613 9,865,577 Accounts 896 - 896 Intergovernmental - 175,742 175,742 Interfund Ioan 271,387 - 271,387 Prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Batterials and supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash 81,351 - 81,351 Total assets \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilitis: Accounts payable. \$ 744 \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accounts payable. \$ 744 \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accounts payable. 118,687 - 118,687 118,687 118,687 Pension obligation payable. 177,366 19,424 196,790 517,860 Intergovernmental payable. - 1,026 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 7,109,901 550,214	Equity in pooled cash					
Receivables: 9,158,964 706,613 9,865,577 Taxes. 9,158,964 706,613 9,865,577 Accounts. 175,742 175,742 175,742 Intergrovernmental 271,387 271,387 271,387 Prepayments. 11,938 11,938 11,938 Materials and supplies inventory. 43,446 30,502 73,948 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash 81,351 81,351 Total assets 5 13,094,171 5 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilities: 81,351 81,351 16,687 Accounds payable 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 18,687 9,079 517,860 Compensated absences payable 118,687 9,079 517,860 19,424 196,790 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 118,687 19,226 1926 Deferred revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 1,226 1,226 1,226 Unargovernmental payable 1,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196	and cash equivalents	\$ 3,526,189	\$	137,488	\$	3,663,677
$\begin{array}{c cccc} Taxes. & 9,158,964 & 706,613 & 9,865,577 \\ Accounts & 271,387 & - 271,387 & - 271,387 \\ Prepayments & 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Materials and supplies inventory. & 43,446 & 30,502 & 73,948 \\ Restricted assets: \\ Equity in pooled cash \\ and cash equivalents & 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ \hline total assets & $ 13,094,171 & 1,052,271 & $ 14,146,442 \\ \hline Labilities: \\ Accounts payable & 5 & 744 & $ 3,280 & $ 4,024 \\ Accrued wages and benefits & 1,984,075 & 93,569 & 2,077,644 \\ Compensated absences payable & 118,687 & - 118,687 \\ Pression obligation payable & 478,781 & 39,079 & 517,860 \\ Intergovernmental payable & - 10,226 & 1,926 \\ Interduct dost payable & - 10,226 & 1,926 \\ Deferred revenue & 7,109,901 & 550,214 & 7,660,115 \\ Total labilities & 10,325,475 & 1,081,721 & 11,407,196 \\ \hline Fund Balances: \\ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory & 43,446 & 30,502 & 73,948 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & 1,390,099 & 106,786 & 1,496,885 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & 1,390,099 & 106,786 & 1,496,885 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & 1,390,099 & 106,786 & 1,496,885 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ Unreserved for property tax unavailable & - 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ Unreserved for property tax unavailable & - 11,938 & - 11,938 \\ Reserved for property tax unavailable & - 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ Unreserved for property tax unavailable & - 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ Unreserved for property tax unavailable & - 81,351 & - 81,351 \\ Unreserved for the WC refunds & - (118,970) & (118,970) \\ Capital projects funds & - (152,431) & (152,431) \\ Capital projects funds & - (152,431) & (152,431) \\ Capital projects funds & - (152,$	Cash in segregated accounts	-		1,926		1,926
Accounts 896 - 896 Intergovernmental - 175,742 175,742 Interfund loan 271,387 - 271,387 Prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Materials and supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash - 81,351 - 81,351 Total assets \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilities: - \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilities: - \$ 744 \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 Compensated absences payable. 118,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 - 128,687 128,647 5 1,926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926 1926	Receivables:					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Taxes	9,158,964		706,613		9,865,577
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Accounts	896		-		896
Prepayments. 11,938 - 11,938 Materials and supplies inventory. 43,446 30,502 73,948 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash 81,351 - 81,351 Total assets \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilities: Accounts payable. \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accounts payable. \$ 1,98,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 Compensated absences payable. 118,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable. 478,781 39,079 517,860 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable. - 1,926 1,926 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue - 1,926 1,926 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue - 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: - - 1,938 - 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for encumbrances. - 10,32	Intergovernmental	-		175,742		175,742
Prepayments. 11,938 - 11,938 Materials and supplies inventory. 43,446 30,502 73,948 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash 81,351 - 81,351 Total assets \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442 Liabilities: Accounts payable. \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accounts payable. \$ 1,98,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 Compensated absences payable. 118,687 - 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable. 478,781 39,079 517,860 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable. - 1,926 1,926 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue - 1,926 1,926 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue - 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: - - 1,938 - 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for encumbrances. - 10,32	Interfund loan	271,387		-		271,387
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. $81,351$ - $81,351$ Total assets \$ $13,094,171$ \$ $1,052,271$ \$ $14,146,442$ Liabilities: $3,280$ \$ $4,024$ Accrued wages and benefits $1,984,075$ $93,569$ $2,077,644$ Compensated absences payable $118,687$ - $118,687$ Pension obligation payable $478,781$ $39,079$ $517,860$ Intergovernmental payable $177,366$ $19,424$ $196,790$ Interforevenue $455,921$ $102,2842$ $558,763$ Unearned revenue $7,109,901$ $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances: Reserved for materials and $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for property tax unavailable 7 $81,351$ $ 81,351$ for appropriation, $1,390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved for property tax unavailable		11,938		-		11,938
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. $81,351$ - $81,351$ Total assets \$ $13,094,171$ \$ $1,052,271$ \$ $14,146,442$ Liabilities: $3,280$ \$ $4,024$ Accrued wages and benefits $1,984,075$ $93,569$ $2,077,644$ Compensated absences payable $118,687$ - $118,687$ Pension obligation payable $478,781$ $39,079$ $517,860$ Intergovernmental payable $177,366$ $19,424$ $196,790$ Interforevenue $455,921$ $102,2842$ $558,763$ Unearned revenue $7,109,901$ $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances: Reserved for materials and $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for property tax unavailable 7 $81,351$ $ 81,351$ for appropriation, $1,390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved for property tax unavailable	Materials and supplies inventory	43,446		30,502		73,948
and cash equivalents. $81,351$ - $81,351$ Total assets S $13,094,171$ S $1.052,271$ S $14,146,442$ Liabilities: S 744 S $3,280$ S $40,24$ Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 $93,569$ $2.077,644$ Compensated absences payable 118,687 - 118,687 Compensated absences payable 177,666 19,424 196,790 117,387 271,387 Intergrovernmental payable - 271,387 271,387 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue - 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for propayments 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for propayments 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for propayments 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for pro						
Total assets \$ $13.094.171$ \$ $1.052.271$ \$ $14.146.442$ Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 744 \$ 3.280 \$ 4.024 Compensated absences payable 1,984.075 $93,569$ $2.077,644$ Compensated absences payable 118.687 - 118.687 Pension obligation payable 478.781 39.079 517.860 Intergovernmental payable 177.366 19.424 196.790 Intergovernmental payable - 127.1387 271.387 271.387 Matured bonds payable - - 1.926 1.926 1.926 Deferred revenue 7.109.901 550.214 $7.660.115$ $7.660.115$ Total liabilities $10.325.475$ $1.081.721$ $11.407.196$ Fund Balances: 80.362 104.663 135.025 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory 43.446 30.502 73.948 Reserved for propayments $1.390.099$ 106.786 $1.496.885$ Reserved for BWC refunds $1.390.099$ 106.786 <td< td=""><td>Equity in pooled cash</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Equity in pooled cash					
Liabilities: \$ 744 \$ 3.280 \$ 4.024 Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 Compensated absences payable 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable 478,781 39,079 517,860 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: Reserved for materials and 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - (118,970) (118,970) Gen	and cash equivalents	81,351		-		81,351
Liabilities: \$ 744 \$ 3.280 \$ 4.024 Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 Compensated absences payable 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable 478,781 39,079 517,860 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: Reserved for materials and 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - (118,970) (118,970) Gen		 				
Accounts payable. \$ 744 \$ 3,280 \$ 4,024 Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 Compensated absences payable. 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable. 478,781 39,079 517,860 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: 80,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for properytax unavailable 11,938 - 11,938 for appropriation. 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - (118,970) (118,970)	Total assets	\$ 13,094,171	\$	1,052,271	\$	14,146,442
Accrued wages and benefits 1,984,075 93,569 2,077,644 Compensated absences payable 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable 478,781 39,079 517,860 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for propayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for propayments 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - (118,970) (118,970) General fund 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (1	Liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable. 118,687 - 118,687 Pension obligation payable 478,781 39,079 517,860 Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: - 11,938 - 11938 Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for propayments 11,938 - 11,938 for appropriation 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - <td>Accounts payable</td> <td>\$ 744</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,280</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,024</td>	Accounts payable	\$ 744	\$	3,280	\$	4,024
Pension obligation payable 478,781 $39,079$ $517,860$ Intergovernmental payable 177,366 $19,424$ $196,790$ Interfund loan payable - $271,387$ $271,387$ Matured bonds payable - $1,926$ $1,926$ Deferred revenue 455,921 $102,842$ $558,763$ Unearned revenue 7,109,901 $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ Reserved for prepayments $11,938$ - $11,938$ Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation $1,390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - $81,351$ - Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $60,786$ $1,211,500$ - $1,211,500$ Special revenue funds $ (118,970)$ $(118,970)$ $(118,970)$ Capital projects funds <td< td=""><td>Accrued wages and benefits</td><td>1,984,075</td><td></td><td>93,569</td><td></td><td>2,077,644</td></td<>	Accrued wages and benefits	1,984,075		93,569		2,077,644
Intergovernmental payable 177,366 19,424 196,790 Interfund loan payable - 271,387 271,387 Matured bonds payable - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: - 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for encumbrances 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund - - - - (118,970) (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - - 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Compensated absences payable	118,687		-		118,687
Interfund loan payable - $271,387$ $271,387$ Matured bonds payable - $1,926$ $1,926$ Deferred revenue . $455,921$ $102,842$ $558,763$ Unearned revenue . $7,109,901$ $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities . $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances: . $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for encumbrances $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ Reserved for prepayments $11,938$ - $11,938$ Reserved for prepayments $11,390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved for BWC refunds $81,351$ - $81,351$ Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $6eneral fund$ $ (118,970)$ $(118,970)$ General fund $ (152,431)$ $(152,431)$ $(152,431)$ $(152,431)$ Total fund balances (deficit) $2,768,696$ $(29,450)$ $2,739,246$	Pension obligation payable	478,781		39,079		517,860
Matured bonds payable. - 1,926 1,926 Deferred revenue 455,921 102,842 558,763 Unearned revenue 7,109,901 550,214 7,660,115 Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and 30,362 104,663 135,025 supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for propayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 for appropriation 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - (118,970) (118,970) General fund - (152,431) (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit) 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Intergovernmental payable	177,366		19,424		196,790
Deferred revenue $455,921$ $102,842$ $558,763$ Unearned revenue $7,109,901$ $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances: $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for encumbrances $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for materials and $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ supplies inventory $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ Reserved for prepayments $11,938$ $ 11,938$ Reserved for property tax unavailable $1390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $81,351$ $ 81,351$ Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $ (118,970)$ $(118,970)$ General fund $ (152,431)$ $(152,431)$ Total fund balances (deficit). $2,768,696$ $(29,450)$ $2,739,246$	Interfund loan payable	-		271,387		271,387
Unearned revenue $7,109,901$ $550,214$ $7,660,115$ Total liabilities $10,325,475$ $1,081,721$ $11,407,196$ Fund Balances:Reserved for encumbrances. $30,362$ $104,663$ $135,025$ Reserved for materials and $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ supplies inventory $43,446$ $30,502$ $73,948$ Reserved for prepayments $11,938$ $ 11,938$ Reserved for property tax unavailable $1,390,099$ $106,786$ $1,496,885$ Reserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $81,351$ $ 81,351$ Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: $ (118,970)$ $(118,970)$ General fund $ (152,431)$ $(152,431)$ Capital projects funds $ 2,768,696$ $(29,450)$ $2,739,246$		-		1,926		1,926
Total liabilities 10,325,475 1,081,721 11,407,196 Fund Balances: 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation. 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 - Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: General fund. - 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) (118,970) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Deferred revenue	455,921		102,842		558,763
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 for appropriation. 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: - 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. - 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Unearned revenue	 7,109,901		550,214		7,660,115
Reserved for encumbrances. 30,362 104,663 135,025 Reserved for materials and 30,362 104,663 135,025 supplies inventory 43,446 30,502 73,948 Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Total liabilities	 10,325,475		1,081,721		11,407,196
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	Fund Balances:					
Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246		30,362		104,663		135,025
Reserved for prepayments 11,938 - 11,938 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	supplies inventory	43,446		30,502		73,948
for appropriation. 1,390,099 106,786 1,496,885 Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Reserved for prepayments	11,938		-		11,938
Reserved for BWC refunds 81,351 - 81,351 Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246		1,390,099		106,786		1,496,885
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds. - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds. - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246	Reserved for BWC refunds			-		81,351
General fund. 1,211,500 - 1,211,500 Special revenue funds. - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds. - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit). 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246						
Special revenue funds - (118,970) (118,970) Capital projects funds - (152,431) (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit) 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246		1,211,500		-		1,211,500
Capital projects funds - (152,431) Total fund balances (deficit) 2,768,696 (29,450) 2,739,246		-		(118,970)		
	-	 -				
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 13,094,171 \$ 1,052,271 \$ 14,146,442	Total fund balances (deficit).	 2,768,696		(29,450)		2,739,246
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,094,171	\$	1,052,271	\$	14,146,442

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,739,246
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		5,791,833
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 490,545 68,218	
Total		558,763
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		694,591
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	(1,736,796)	
Total		 (1,736,796)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 8,047,637

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	 General	Other Government General Funds		Total Governmenta Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:		-			
Taxes	\$ 9,471,692	\$	642,468	\$	10,114,160
Tuition.	76,180		-		76,180
Charges for services.	-		657,440		657,440
Earnings on investments.	218,707		1,348		220,055
Extracurricular.	-		325,139		325,139
Classroom materials and fees	84,768		-		84,768
Other local revenues	49,952		50,799		100,751
Intergovernmental - State	10,591,007		142,873		10,733,880
Intergovernmental - Federal	 -		807,857		807,857
Total revenue	 20,492,306		2,627,924		23,120,230
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	9,251,041		97,990		9,349,031
Special.	1,506,917		394,360		1,901,277
Other	784,679				784,679
Support Services:	101,019				701,077
Pupil	449,358		199,976		649,334
Instructional staff	1,394,229		33,457		1,427,686
Board of education	24,288		-		24,288
Administration	1,722,005		96,941		1,818,946
Fiscal	429,046		12,285		441,331
Business	14,033		-		14,033
Operations and maintenance	1,656,006		258,576		1,914,582
Pupil transportation	1,095,462		132,004		1,227,466
Central	94,610		56,919		151,529
Food service operations	-		893,088		893,088
Operation of non-instructional services	23,370		-		23,370
Extracurricular activities	821,975		248,400		1,070,375
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		225,383		225,383
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	30,000		100,000		130,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,900		-		3,900
Total expenditures	 19,300,919		2,749,379		22,050,298
Net change in fund balances	1,191,387		(121,455)		1,069,932
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,583,157		83,652		1,666,809
Increase (decrease) in					
reserve for inventory	 (5,848)		8,353	<u> </u>	2,505
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,768,696	\$	(29,450)	\$	2,739,246

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,069,932
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 575,271	
Current year depreciation	 (632,292)	(57.001)
Total		(57,021)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased, however, in the statement of activities they are reported as an expense when consumed.		2,505
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes Intergovernmental	 (42,867) 62,189	
Total		19,322
Repayment of note principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		130,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding notes, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		2,287
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(30,854)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	-	(860)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ 1,135,311

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:		- 8						
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	9,194,775 84,137	\$	9,194,775 84,137	\$	8,458,727 79,198	\$	(736,048) (4,939)
Earnings on investments.		180,473		180,473		218,707		38,234
Classroom materials and fees		74,577		74,577		84,768		10,191
Other local revenues		45,078		45,078		49,002		3,924
Intergovernmental - State		10,531,171		10,531,171		10,591,007		59,836
Total revenues.		20,110,211		20,110,211		19,481,409		(628,802)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		9,256,080		9,280,629		9,279,410		1,219
Special.		1,521,979		1,526,015		1,525,815		200
Other		783,776		785,855		785,752		103
Support Services:								
Pupil		445,421		446,603		446,544		59
Instructional staff		1,402,665		1,406,385		1,406,200		185
Board of education		23,854		23,917		23,914		3
Administration		1,717,690		1,722,246		1,722,020		226
Fiscal		426,326		427,456		427,400		56
Business		13,997		14,035		14,033		2
Operations and maintenance.		1,667,219		1,671,640		1,671,421		219
Pupil transportation		1,103,684		1,106,612		1,106,466		146
Central.		92,734		92,980		92,968		12
Operation of non-instructional services		23,312		23,373		23,370		3
Extracurricular activities.		818,663		820,835		820,727		108
Debt Service:		20.025		20.002		20.000		2
Principal retirement		29,925		30,003		30,000		3
Interest and fiscal charges.		3,890		3,901		3,900		1
Total expenditures		19,331,215		19,382,485		19,379,940		2,545
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		778,996		727,726		101,469		(626,257)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		20,000		20,000		10,799		(9,201)
Advances (out)		(275,193)		(275,923)		(275,887)		36
Advances in.		39,500		39,500		44,000		4,500
Sale of assets.		5,712		5,712		950		(4,762)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(209,981)		(210,711)		(220,138)		(9,427)
Net change in fund balance		569,015		517,015		(118,669)		(635,684)
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,673,913		3,673,913		3,673,913		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		21,370		21,370		21,370		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,264,298	\$	4,212,298	\$	3,576,614	\$	(635,684)
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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	892,866
Total assets		892,866
Liabilities:		
Claims payable		198,275
Total liabilities		198,275
Net assets:		
Unrestricted		694,591
Total net assets	\$	694,591

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Sales/charges for services	\$	2,422,607	
Total operating revenues		2,422,607	
Operating expenses:			
Purchased services.		405,221	
Claims expense		2,020,190	
Total operating expenses.		2,425,411	
Operating loss		(2,804)	
Nonoperating revenues:		1,944	
		1,744	
Total nonoperating revenues		1,944	
Change in net assets		(860)	
Net assets at beginning of year		695,451	
Net assets at end of year	\$	694,591	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 2,422,607 Cash payments for contractual services		Α	vernmental Activities - Internal Prvice Fund
Cash payments for contractual services(405,221)Cash payments for claims expenses(1,897,259)Net cash provided by operating activities120,127Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received1,944Net cash provided by investing activities1,944Net increase in cash and cash equivalents122,071Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.770,795Cash and cash equivalents at end of year\$ 892,866Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:\$ (2,804)Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable122,931Net cash provided by122,931	1 0		
Cash payments for claims expenses (1,897,259) Net cash provided by operating activities 120,127 Cash flows from investing activities: 1,944 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,944 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	-	\$	2,422,607
Net cash provided by operating activities			(405,221)
operating activities120,127Cash flows from investing activities:1,944Interest received1,944Net cash provided by investing activities1,944Net cash provided by investing activities122,071Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year122,071Cash and cash equivalents at end of year770,795Cash and cash equivalents at end of year\$ 892,866Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:\$ (2,804)Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable122,931Net cash provided by122,931	Cash payments for claims expenses		(1,897,259)
Cash flows from investing activities: 1,944 Interest received 1,944 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,944 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,944 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	Net cash provided by		
Interest received 1,944 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,944 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: \$(2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	operating activities		120,127
Net cash provided by investing activities 1,944 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: 122,931 Net cash provided by \$	Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents. 122,071 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	Interest received		1,944
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. 770,795 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 892,866 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (2,804) Operating loss . \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	Net cash provided by investing activities		1,944
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		122,071
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable 122,931 Net cash provided by	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		770,795
to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss \$ (2,804) Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable 122,931 Net cash provided by	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	892,866
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable			
Increase in claims payable 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	Operating loss	\$	(2,804)
Increase in claims payable 122,931 Net cash provided by 122,931	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
			122,931
	Net cash provided by		
operating activities	operating activities	\$	120,127

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	Agency	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	51,097
Total assets	\$	51,097
Liabilities:		
Due to students	\$	51,097
Total liabilities	\$	51,097

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Lexington Local School District (the "District") is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected five-member Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District was established in the early 1900s through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 66 square miles. It is located in Richland and Morrow Counties, and includes the Village of Lexington, portions of the City of Mansfield, and Perry, Troy, Washington, and Mansfield Townships in Richland County and Troy and North Bloomfield Townships in Morrow County.

The District ranks as the 184th largest by total enrollment among the 876 public and community school districts in the State. It currently operates 5 instructional facilities. The District employs 129 non-certified and 186 certified employees to provide services to approximately 2,640 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental and proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise has access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

Heartland Council of Governments (Heartland)

Heartland is a joint venture among 21 school districts and 3 county boards of education. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports Heartland based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ration proportionate to their last 12 months of financial contribution. Heartland is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the members school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, the District does not have any equity interest in Heartland because a residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. Financial information can be obtained from Jerry Payne, Treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Pioneer Career and Technology Center (PCTC)

The Pioneer Career and Technology Center (a vocational school district), is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. PCTC is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, and possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, Jerry A. Payne, Treasurer at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "GRP") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds; (b) for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides health and dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District does not have any trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal Service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2007 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2007.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2007.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District (other than cash in segregated accounts) is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$218,707, which includes \$46,697 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
40 years
2
40 years
6 - 10 years
10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service and all employees with at least 20 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property taxes unavailable for appropriation and Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds and prepayments. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2007.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes represent reserves for BWC refunds.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds. See Note 16 for details.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

S. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, Grace Christian is operated by Grace Brethren Church. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District are reflected as special revenue funds for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	D	eficit
Nonmajor Funds		
EMIS	\$	63
SchoolNet Professional Development		2
Ohio Reads		21
IDEA		39,484
Title VI-R		6,893
Permanent Improvement		43,420

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

B. Noncompliance

The District had expenditures in excess of appropriations at December 31, 2006 in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.41(B) and 5705.40.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$5,365 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Cash in Segregated Account

At fiscal year-end, \$1,926 was on deposit in the District's debt service clearance account and included in the total amount of deposits reported below; however, this amount is not part of the internal cash pool reported on the balance sheet and statement of net assets as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,645,244. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2007, \$4,629,456 of the District's bank balance of \$4,829,456 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturity
		6 months
Investment type	Fair Value	or less
STAR Ohio	\$ 40,308	\$ 40,308

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in STAR Ohio, were assigned an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$ 40,308	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,645,244
Investments	40,308
Cash on hand	 5,365
Total	\$ 4,690,917
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 4,639,820
Agency funds	 51,097
Total	\$ 4,690,917

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2007 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 271,387

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2007 are reported on the statement of net assets.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien January 1, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property was assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2007-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Richland County and Morrow County. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County Auditors by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim.

Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$1,390,099 in the general fund, and \$106,786 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. These amounts have been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$467,096 in the general fund, and \$30,898 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been unearned revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 329,983,880	93.21	\$ 336,754,010	94.08
Public utility personal	7,690,570	2.17	7,446,530	2.08
Tangible personal property	16,335,892	4.62	13,727,090	3.84
Total	\$ 354,010,342	100.00	\$ 357,927,630	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$39.20		\$39.10	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Property taxes	\$ 9,865,577
Accounts	896
Intergovernmental	175,742
Total	\$ 10,042,215

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/06	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/07
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 377,338	\$ 360,963	\$ -	\$ 738,301
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	377,338	360,963		738,301
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,745,417	-	-	1,745,417
Buildings and improvements	13,263,481	-	-	13,263,481
Furniture and equipment	1,514,916	40,362	-	1,555,278
Vehicles	1,933,366	173,946		2,107,312
Total capital assets, being depreciated	18,457,180	214,308		18,671,488
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(739,361)	(80,069)	-	(819,430)
Buildings and improvements	(9,792,077)	(304,836)	-	(10,096,913)
Furniture and equipment	(1,164,346)	(92,723)	-	(1,257,069)
Vehicles	(1,289,880)	(154,664)		(1,444,544)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,985,664)	(632,292)		(13,617,956)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,848,854	\$ (57,021)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,791,833

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 311,053
Special	8,218
Support Services:	
Pupil	7,915
Instructional Staff	4,809
Administration	25,980
Operations and Maintenance	48,503
Pupil Transportation	137,967
Central	2,191
Extracurricular Activities	71,084
Food Service Operation	14,572
Total depreciation expense	\$ 632,292

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Amounts Due in
	Rate	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Notes: Energy conservation notes	5.84%	\$ 130,000	\$-	\$ (130,000)	\$-	\$ -
Other Long-Term Obligations: Compensated absences		1,794,001	207,901	(146,419)	1,855,483	174,516
Total governmental activities		\$ 1,924,001	\$ 207,901	<u>\$ (276,419)</u>	<u>\$ 1,855,483</u>	\$ 174,516

<u>Energy Conservation Notes</u>: July 15, 1996, the District issued \$995,000 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a 10-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2007. During fiscal year 2007, the notes were retired from the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the general fund.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$30,834,815 and an unvoted debt margin of \$342,609.

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made for forty percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 270 days for both certificated and classified employees. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by State Teachers Retirement System and School Employees Retirement System.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Anthem Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District had the following coverages in effect for fiscal year 2007:

	Limits of	
Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
General liability:		
Each occurrence	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -
Aggregate	2,000,000	-
Umbrella	5,000,000	10,000
Fleet:		
Comprehensive	1,000,000	500
Collision	1,000,000	500
Building and contents	48,193,317	2,500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been significant reductions in coverage from the previous year.

B. Health Benefits

п 1

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Monthly premiums are paid to a third party administrator who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$198,275 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2007, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues</u>", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "<u>Risk Financing Omnibus</u>", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be reported. Changes in claims activity for the current and past fiscal year is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2007	\$ 75,344	\$ 2,020,190	\$ (1,897,259)	\$ 198,275
2006	206,923	1,726,198	(1,857,777)	75,344

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay claims and actual amounts needed to pay fixed costs (premiums for stop-loss coverage and medical conversion and administrative fees and services).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. Participants of the GRP are placed in tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for its GRP tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, or by calling (800) 878-5853, or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$310,973, \$307,923, and \$304,324; 47.68 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$162,699 represents the unpaid pension contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$1,259,842, \$1,274,557 and \$1,220,513; 82.52 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$220,231 represents the unpaid pension contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$7,820 made by the District and \$15,997 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$96,911 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$155,604 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had so \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had \$59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

General Fund

	<u>Scholar Fund</u>
Budget basis	\$ (118,669)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	1,010,897
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	48,095
Net adjustment for other sources/(uses)	220,138
Adjustment for encumbrances	30,926
GAAP basis	\$ 1,191,387

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

A lawsuit has been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals has agreed with the Corporation and the case has been appealed by the Tax Commissioner to the Ohio Supreme Court. The District receives a significant amount of property tax from the Corporation. Should the Corporation prevail in the Supreme Court, it may be entitled to a refund from the District based on the lower assessment rate beginning from tax year 2001. The amount of the refund is estimated to be approximately \$17,592 per year. A portion of the refund may be recovered from additional State entitlement payments.

The District is involved in no other material litigation as either a plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	BW	<u>C Refunds</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ (1,913,851)	\$ (705,000)	\$	81,351
Current year set-aside requirement	407,329	407,329		-
Offset	-	(429,939)		-
Offset - debt related levy for capital	-	(130,000)		-
Qualifying disbursements	(527,083)	(176,976)		-
Total	\$ (2,033,605)	<u>\$ (1,034,586)</u>	\$	81,351
Balance carried forward to FY 2008	<u>\$ (2,033,605)</u>	<u>\$ (835,000)</u>	\$	81,351

Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute. The District is still required by state law to maintain the textbook reserve and the capital acquisition reserve.

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials reserve. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The capital acquisition reserve had debt related offsets that may be carried forward to future years. Excess qualifying disbursements may not be carried forward.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 81,351
Total restricted assest	\$ 81,351

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

LEXINGTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

SUB G	RAL GRANTOR/ RANTOR/ RAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(C) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(C) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSE	EPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE D THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(A)	Food Donation	10.550	N/A	<u>s</u> -	\$ 53,536	<u>s</u> -	\$ 53,536
	Total Food Donation				53,536		53,536
(B) (B)	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	049437-LLP4-2006 049437-LLP4-2007	56,358 110,759		56,358 110,759	
	Total National School Lunch Program			167,117		167,117	
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			167,117	53,536	167,117	53,536
PASSE	PARTMENT OF EDUCATION D THROUGH THE Department of Education						
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	049437-C1S1-2007	60,240		56,871	
	Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			60,240		56.871	
(D)	Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	049437-6BSF-2006 049437-6BSF-2007	11,148 412.633		61,736 441,990	
	Total Special Education _ Grants to States			423,781		503,726	
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84.186	049437-DRS1-2007	5,816		5,756	
	Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants			5,816		5.756	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	049437-C2S1-2007	3.781		3.712	
	Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			3,781		3.712	
	Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants	84,318 84,318	049437-TJS1-2006 049437-TJS1-2007	950 627		427 627	
	Total Education Technology State Grants			1,577		1,054	
(E)	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84,367	049437-TRS1-2006 049437-TRS1-2007	30,253 77,408		73,615	
	Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			107.661		73,615	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			602.856		644,734	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 769,973	\$ 53,536	\$ 811,851	<u>\$ 53,536</u>

(A) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
(B) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
(C) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
(D) Amount of \$48,259 transferred to fiscal year 2007 grant year based on Ohio Department of Education administrative action.
(E) Amount of \$562 transferred to fiscal year 2007 grant year based on Ohio Department of Education administrative action.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Lexington Local School District 103 Clever Lane Lexington, Ohio 44904

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lexington Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Lexington Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lexington Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lexington Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lexington Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lexington Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Lexington Local School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Lexington Local School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Lexington Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Lexington Local School District's internal control.

Board of Education Lexington Local School District

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lexington Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2007-LLSD-001 and 2007-LLSD-002.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Lexington Local School District in a separate letter dated November 27, 2007.

Lexington Local School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Lexington Local School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of Lexington Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the!

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2007



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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Lexington Local School District 103 Clever Lane Lexington, Ohio 44904

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Lexington Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Lexington Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Lexington Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lexington Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Lexington Local School District's compliance requirements.

In our opinion, Lexington Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Board of Education Lexington Local School District

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Lexington Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lexington Local School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lexington Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in Lexington Local School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Lexington Local School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Lexington Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Lexington Local School District 's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education of Lexington Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses No reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control No weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Special Education - Grants to States: CFDA #84.027
(<i>d</i>)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number	2007-LLSD-001
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Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires in part that no subdivision is to expend monies unless it has been appropriated.

The District had expenditures in excess of appropriations at December 31, 2006, within the following funds:

<u>NonMajor Funds</u>	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Title I	\$60,262	\$183,793	\$123,531
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	1,529	2,060	531

The District is expending monies that have not been approved by the Board of Education. This could result in unnecessary purchases or fund deficits.

We recommend that the District comply with Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring expenditures so they do not exceed lawful appropriations. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis and making appropriation amendments as necessary.

<u>*Client Response:*</u> The District will more closely monitor its expenditures versus approved appropriations throughout the fiscal year and obtain additional approved modifications as necessary.

Finding Number	2007-LLSD-002
----------------	---------------

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40 outlines the requirements for amending and supplementing appropriations. This section requires that any amendments to an appropriation measure be made by Board resolution and comply with the same provisions of the law as used in making the original appropriations.

The District did not timely modify its appropriations throughout the fiscal year.

By not timely and properly modifying the District's appropriations, the District is not adequately monitoring its expenditures versus appropriations. This may result in appropriating monies in excess of estimated resources, and having expenditures exceed appropriations, and possibly, fund deficits.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS - (Continued)

We recommend that the District comply with the Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring its budgetary process on a regular basis and approving amendments as necessary. We recommend that the Board adopt accounting policies for amending appropriations and include these policies in the Board's accounting policies and procedures manual, consider reviewing estimated resources and appropriations and expenditures versus appropriations on a monthly basis, and certify amendments to the Board of Commissioners as necessary. We recommend the Board utilize its accounting software or a spreadsheet to help monitor the budget.

<u>*Client Response:*</u> The District will more closely monitor its expenditures versus approved appropriations throughout the fiscal year and obtain additional approved modifications as necessary.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





LEXINGTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RICHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 24, 2007

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