OHIO EXPOSITIONS COMMISSION (A Component Unit of the State of Ohio)

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Basic Financial Statements (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

January 12, 2007

The attached audit report was completed and prepared for release prior to the commencement of my term of office on January 8, 2007. Thus, I am certifying this audit report for release under the signature of my predecessor.

Mary Jaylor

MARY TAYLOR, CPA Auditor of State

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Ohio Expositions Commission 717 East 17th Ave. Columbus, Ohio 43211

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Ohio Expositions Commission, Franklin County, prepared by Schneider Downs & Co., Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ohio Expositions Commission is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

January 3, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Ohio Expositions Commission and Betty Montgomery, Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Ohio Expositions Commission (the Commission), a component unit of the State of Ohio, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission, as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with the *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2006 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on Pages 2 through 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statement but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Schinder Downs + (br.

Columbus, Ohio October 20, 2006 The discussions and analysis of the Ohio Expositions Commission (the Commission) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Commission's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the independent auditors' report, notes to the basic financial statements, and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Commission's financial performance.

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current and prior year is required to be presented, and is presented in the MD&A.

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Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of two parts, the MD&A and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include a statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows. Since the Commission only uses one fund for its operations, the entity wide and the fund presentations information is the same.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- Total net assets decreased \$2,151,293, which represents a 5% decrease from 2005.
- Total assets decreased \$2,862,785 which represents a 6% decrease from 2005. This was due to a decrease in intergovernmental receivable of \$872,999, and a decrease in capital assets of \$1,474,479.
- Overall liabilities decreased \$711,492, with the largest part of this decrease coming in current liabilities, mainly due to \$843,639 decrease in accounts payable. The large decrease in accounts payable at the end of 2006 was due in part to the decrease in ongoing capital projects.
- Fair revenues decreased by \$829,824 in Fiscal Year 2006 (2005 Ohio State Fair) mainly due to the Fair not having the phenomenal weather it did in Fiscal Year 2005 (2004 Ohio State Fair). The result was the near record revenue from sources in Fiscal Year 2005 all dropped off (admissions, midway percentages, food and beverage percentages, etc.).
- Operating expenses increased \$262,029 during the year mainly due to a large increase in payroll and fringe benefits, that increase was \$96,103.
- State assistance decreased \$32,046. The state continued to make cuts in the General Revenue Fund appropriated to the Ohio State Fair.

Statement of Net Assets

This statement includes all assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Commission's net assets at June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	Net As	55015		
	-	2006	7	2005
Assets:			50 	
Current Assets	\$	2,048,191	\$	3,436,497
Capital Assets, Net	-	44,252,208	-	45,726,687
Total Assets	\$ _	46,300,399	\$_	49,163,184
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities	\$	3,344,195	\$	4,068,654
Non-Current Liabilities		1,910,205		1,897,238
Total Liabilities	\$	5,254,400	\$_	5,965,892
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	44,252,208	S	45,726,687
Unrestricted Net Assets	-	(3,206,209)	88	(2,529,395)
Total Net Assets	\$_	41,045,999	\$_	43,197,292

Table 1 Net Assets

Current assets decreased \$1,388,306, which represents a 40% decrease from 2005. The main items that caused this decrease are the decrease in the amount of cash on hand at the end of the year as well as the decrease in intergovernmental receivable; this is due to a decrease in capital project activity. The decrease in the amount of cash on hand is a direct result of a less than excellent fair in 2005. Non-current assets decreased 2.5% due to a decrease in capital assets, which is almost solely funded with capital acquisitions for projects through the Capital Fund 026. The main capital asset additions during Fiscal Year 2006 included restroom renovations and electrical light upgrades.

Overall liabilities decreased \$711,492, with the largest part of this decrease coming in current liabilities, mainly due to \$843,639 decrease in accounts payable. The large decrease in accounts payable at the end of 2006 was due in large part to the large decrease in on-going capital projects.

The overall effect of the above change in assets and liabilities resulted in the net assets of the Ohio Expositions Commission decreasing \$2,151,293, which represents a 5% decrease from 2005.

Table 2 shows a summary of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets for the years ended 2006 and 2005.

	2006	-	2005
Operating Revenues:			
Fair Sources	\$ 6,858,756	S	7,688,580
Non-Fair Sources	5,025,571		5,218,313
Total	11,884,327		12,906,893
Operating Expenses:			
Payroll and Fringe Benefits	5,609,168		5,513,065
Purchased Services	2,659,673		2,841,805
Depreciation	2,265,906		2,217,372
Other Operating Expenses	2,341,497		2,366,494
Utilities	1,669,307		1,527,345
Maintenance and Repair	900,006		717,447
Total Operating Expenses	15,445,557	1) <u>;</u>	15,183,528
Operating Loss	(3,561,230)		(2,276,635)
Non-Operating Revenues - State Assistance	399,937		431,983
Loss on Disposal of Equipment	(21,966)		-
Other Sources - State Capital Contributions	1,031,966		5,741,261
Change in Net Assets	(2,151,293)		3,896,609
Net Assets - Beginning of Fiscal Year	43,197,292		39,300,683
Net Assets - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 41,045,999	\$	43,197,292

	Table 2
Revenues,	Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

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Total operating revenues decreased \$1,022,566 (or 7.9%) from 2006 to 2005, mainly due to a decrease in fair revenues from \$7,688,580 in 2005 to \$6,858,756. This decrease in fair revenues was caused by the 2005 Ohio State Fair attendance and resulting revenues from admissions, concessions and attraction revenues being down from the 2004 Ohio State Fair.

Operating expenses increased \$262,029 during the year mainly due to two main functions. An increase in payroll and fringe benefits of \$96,103 was due to a 3% increase in wages for staff. The increase in utilities of \$141,962 was made up largely by the increase in rates across the board in gas, electric and water and sewer.

The operating loss for the year increased by the above mentioned payroll and fringe benefits expense and utility expense as well as the large decrease in operating revenue. The effect of these items was a \$1,284,595 increase in operating loss.

State capital contributions decreased from \$5,741,261 to \$1,031,966 during the year, which is mainly a function of the completion of capital projects which are paid out of the Capital Fund 026. The Commission makes a request for these capital expenditures every two years through the capital budgeting process of the State of Ohio. The projects are then prioritized, bid out, and completed according to the State guidelines as provided by the Department of Administrative Services and the Office of Budget and Management.

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Management Operational Analysis

At June 30, 2006 the Ohio Expositions Commission had total assets of \$46,300,399 and total net assets of \$41,045,999. The largest portion of the Commission's assets is comprised of the capital assets that make up this large, multi-event facility. The mission of the agency is "to professionally operate and maintain for public benefit a year-round, service oriented event facility and produce the annual Ohio State Fair."

The Ohio Expositions Commission has taken concerted steps to maintain financial stability on a long-term basis. The Commission's strategy is to continue to analyze pricing strategies, improve market penetration and improve the quality of management and administration, as well as the physical facility. This effort is intended to increase the amount of both participants and guests at the Fair as well as non-fair clients and their visitors.

The annual Ohio State Fair must meet all developmental, social, and political expectations while being supported by a reasonable pricing system. The primary fiscal and programmatic challenge of the Ohio State Fair lies in achieving public expectations, such as providing extensive support to the Junior Fair, while not negatively impacting the annual operating budget of the Ohio Expositions Commission.

Many fair visitors believe that prices for entry, admission and midway rides should be nominal. This is consistent with the Commission's, the Governor's, and the General Assembly's fiscal goals, a concerted attempt is made to keep Fair prices affordable. In fact, the Fair is currently not designed to break even in and of itself. Fair revenue is dependent upon paid attendance, which is related to admission and midway prices, and fair revenue is also dependent upon the weather. The Ohio Expositions Commission relies on a strong non-fair operation to financially buffer these Fair revenue factors and support the total annual operation of the Commission.

The Commission continues to face challenges in the area of featured entertainment for the Ohio State Fair. With increased local competition for big name entertainment, from other government supported agencies (Columbus Zoo, Schottenstein Center and Cooper Stadium) and private venues (Nationwide Arena and Germain Amphitheater), it is increasingly difficult to fill the Celeste Center with entertainment for a 12 day fair. Management is currently looking into different scenarios of presenting featured entertainment to the public with the goal of providing a high level of entertainment and maintaining fiscal responsibility. One scenario that management attempted for the 2005 Ohio State Fair was partnering with Crew Stadium to put a nationally recognized entertainment act in Crew Stadium as part of the Ohio State Fair Concert Series. The concert was proved to be very successful and there will be further concerts to be held in conjunction with Crew Stadium in the future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

A significant change made by management was the decision to go to a 12 day fair in Fiscal Year 2005. This effort was made with the projection of maintaining similar levels of revenue while decreasing the expenses of operating a 17 day fair with the goal to make the Fair a revenue producing event. The initial year of this change was a tremendous success as revenues from Fiscal Year 2005 actually surpassed those of Fiscal Year 2004. Outstanding weather in conjunction with great family value entertainment and attractions resulted in all goals for the 2004 Ohio State Fair either being met or surpassed.

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The Commission continues to face increasing challenges on non-fair events as well. The event facility business has become extremely competitive, especially in the Columbus area. In just the past seven years, Columbus has constructed a modern convention center and a 20,000 seat amphitheater. There are two ultra-modern arenas competing for events presently held at the Ohio Expo Center, as well as any new ones. Because the Commission is financially dependent on these non-fair events, we must address our facility's image if we are to remain competitive in this marketplace. Our facility is old and in need of repair, so it is imperative that we also act to improve the appearance of the Ohio Expo Center and the impression it makes on our guests and potential contractors. The facelift to improve and modernize our entire gate and access structures will continue with the capital improvements project to upgrade and modernize the 17th Avenue entrance to the Ohio Expositions Center as well as the electrical upgrade project.

Contacting the Ohio Expositions Commission

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, and customers of the Ohio Expositions Commission with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Doug Smalley, the Commission's Finance Director, 717 E. 17th Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43211, (614) 644-4025 or e-mail to: d.smalley@expo.state.oh.us.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

ASSETS	2006	2005
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 1,022,423	\$ 1,420,321
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	408,922	444,170
Accounts receivable	139,339	243,881
Intergovernmental receivable	192,629	1,065,628
Prepaid fair expenses	208,589	192,087
Other Prepaid expenses	76,289	70,410
Total current assets	2,048,191	3,436,497
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	44,252,208	45,726,687
Total non-current assets	44,252,208	45,726,687
Total assets	46,300,399	49,163,184
LIABILITIES	5	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	495,455	1,339,094
Accrued liabilities	378,691	357,661
Obligation under capital leases (Note 5)	96,626	92,333
Deferred income	1,808,601	1,710,196
Due to others (Note 3)	408,922	444,170
Workers' compensation liability	155,900	125,200
Total current liabilities	3,344,195	4,068,654
Non-current liabilities:		
Compensated absences (Note 8)	541,369	553,153
Obligation under capital leases (Note 5)	-	96,626
Workers' compensation liability	1,368,836	1,247,459
Total non-current liabilities	1,910,205	1,897,238
Total liabilities	5,254,400	5,965,892
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	44,252,208	45,726,687
Unrestricted	(3,206,209)	(2,529,395)
Total net assets	\$ 41,045,999	\$ 43,197,292
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See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	2006	2005
Operating revenues:		
Fair sources	\$ 6,858,756	\$ 7,688,580
Nonfair sources	5,025,571	5,218,313
Total	11,884,327	12,906,893
Operating expenses:		
Payroll and fringe benefits	5,609,168	5,513,065
Purchased services	2,659,673	2,841,805
Depreciation	2,265,906	2,217,372
Utilities	1,669,307	1,527,345
Maintenance and repair	900,006	717,447
Premiums	753,278	710,645
Printing and advertising	496,662	475,227
Supplies and materials	413,254	435,026
Meals	207,944	233,058
Rentals	194,293	174,900
Communication and postage	114,501	145,826
Motor vehicle	112,314	122,110
Refunds	422	29,005
Travel	21,362	20,075
Contracted commissions	27,467	17,622
Court of claims	-	3,000
Total operating expenses	15,445,557	15,183,528
Operating loss	(3,561,230)	(2,276,635)
Nonoperating revenues - state assistance	399,937	431,983
Loss on disposal of equipment	(21,966)	- 1
Loss before capital contributions	(3,183,259)	(1,844,652)
State capital contributions	1,031,966	5,741,261
Change in net assets	(2,151,293)	3,896,609
Net assets - beginning of fiscal year	43,197,292	39,300,683
Net assets - end of fiscal year	\$ 41,045,999	\$ 43,197,292
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See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

Cash flows from operating activities:\$ 6,801,289\$ 7,468,02Cash received from nonfair sources5,146,7554,930,48Cash received from other sources139,619204,06Cash received for harness racing funds408,922444,17Cash payments for harness racing funds(444,170)(449,85)Cash payments for payroll and personal services(8,007,327)(7,721,88)Cash payments for other services and charges(2,513,501)(2,292,33)Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities(959,324)97,644Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:399,937431,983
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Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities(959,324)97,64Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:
State operating assistance received 399.937 431.98
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 399,937 431,98
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:
State capital assistance received 1,031,966 5,741,26
Acquisition and construction of equipment (813,393) (5,752,092
Payments on capital leases (92,332) (103,26
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities 126,241 (114,09)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (433,146) 415,53
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 1,864,491 1,448,95
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 1,431,345 1,864,49
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:
Operating loss (3,561,230) (2,276,63
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities
Depreciation 2,265,906 2,217,372
(Increase)/decrease in assets:
Accounts receivable 977,541 (133,409
Prepaid fair expenses (16,502) 104,980
Other Prepaid expenses (5,879) (70,410
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:
Accounts payable (843,640) (33,263
Accrued liabilities 9,246 94,17
Deferred income 98,405 (170,90)
Due to others (35,248) (5,680
Workers' compensation liability 152,077 371,424
Total adjustments 2,601,906 2,374,284
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (959,324). \$ 97,64

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During 2006 and 2005, capital asset additions of \$192,629 and \$1,065,628, respectively, were financed with accounts payable.

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Organization - The Ohio Expositions Commission (the Commission), a component unit of the State of Ohio, is a state-governed body of the State of Ohio (the State). The Commission was created in 1961, pursuant to Sections 991.01 to 991.07 of the Ohio Revised Code (the Code) for the purpose of producing an annual agricultural exposition or fair and to maintain and manage the state-owned Exposition Center facilities for the purpose of conducting expositions, fairs and exhibits.

The Commission is governed by a 13-member Board of Commissioners. Nine of the members are appointed by the Governor of Ohio with the advice and consent of the Ohio Senate. The Director of Development, Director of Agriculture, and the chairs of the Ohio House and Senate Agriculture Committees fill the remaining positions on the Commission.

The Commission is not subject to federal or state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes is required.

Reporting Entity - The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. This statement requires that financial statements of the reporting entity include all of the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the reporting entity is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the reporting entity's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the reporting entity. The Commission does not have financial accountability over any entities.

The financial statements of the Commission are included within the State's "Reporting Entity," as the State can impose its will on the Commission, and there is a financial benefit or financial burden relationship between the State and the Commission.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting - The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and expenses are recognized in the period earned or incurred. All transactions are accounted for in a single enterprise fund.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Commission receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include state appropriations. On an accrual basis, State appropriations are recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements are met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Commission on a reimbursement basis.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Commission follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued after November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Treasurer of the State of Ohio (Treasurer) acts as the custodian of the funds for the State. Cash and cash equivalents of the Commission are pooled and invested by the Treasurer. Account integrity is maintained through a series of checks and balances with the Auditor, Treasurer and the Office of Budget and Management.

The cash and cash equivalents with the Treasurer have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account whereby additional cash can be deposited at any time and can also be effectively withdrawn at any time, within certain budgetary limitations, without prior notice or penalty. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible accounts through a provision for bad debt expense and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual receivables. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts deemed necessary as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Capital and Building Improvement Assistance - The State provides financial assistance for the acquisition of property and equipment. This assistance is recorded as capital contributions as the Commission incurs the cost of the project.

Assistance for the acquisition of property and equipment is credited to capital contributions as the related qualified expenditures are incurred. Depreciation on fixed assets resulting from capital assistance is allocated to net assets using the straight-line method over the same lives as described for the related property and equipment as noted below.

Capital Assets - Capital assets include property and equipment, which are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and include expenditures of \$500 or more, which substantially increase the useful lives of existing assets. Routine maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.

Property and equipment consisting of certain improvements owned by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) other than buildings (including roads, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks) have not been capitalized by the Commission and are not recorded as assets on the Commission's books.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, as follows:

Description	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-45
Land improvements	20
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 10
Furniture and fixtures	5-15

Assets acquired with capital grants are included in capital assets, and depreciation on those assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaid Fair Expenses - The Ohio State Fair's (Fair) prepaid expenses are recorded for cash disbursed prior to services being performed. These items include cash disbursed for the Fair in the fiscal year prior to the Fair taking place.

Deferred Income - Deferred income is recorded for cash received prior to services being performed. These items include deposits on rental contracts and cash received for the Fair in the fiscal year prior to the Fair taking place.

Compensated Absences - The Commission accounts for compensated absences in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. Vacation, compensatory time and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered, and it is probable that the Commission will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as a termination or retirement payment.

Leave time that has been earned, but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met a minimum service time requirement is accrued to the extent it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments, as of the statement of net assets date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such cash payments. Included in the compensated absences liability is an amount accrued for salary-related payments directly and incrementally associated with the payment of compensated absences upon termination.

Net Assets - Equity is displayed in two components as follows:

- Invested in Capital Assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Unrestricted This consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Classification of Revenues - The Commission has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, including fair revenues and nonfair revenues. Non-operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as state assistance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates and Uncertainties of Financial Results - The accounting and reporting policies of the Commission conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications - Certain elements of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2005 have been reclassified to enhance comparability with those presented for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The Commission's annual financial results are dependent upon the success of that year's Fair. The financial results of the Fair are uncertain and vary depending on uncertainties such as weather conditions. In addition, the Commission is dependent upon the State for funding significant capital acquisitions and for operating assistance.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The deposit of the Commission monies is governed by the provisions of the Code. In accordance with these statutes, only financial institutions located in Ohio are eligible to hold public deposits. All investing transactions are conducted by the Treasurer of State. The statutes permit the Treasurer of State to invest the Commission's monies in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money market accounts, the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio), and obligations of the United States government or certain agencies thereof.

Public depositories must provide security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in addition to amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by specific government securities. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments maintained in the Commission's name. During 2006 and 2005, the Commission complied with the provisions of these statutes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

Deposits - The majority of the Commission's cash is in the State Rotary Fund which are commingled state funds invested by the Treasurer of State. At June 30, 2006 and 2005, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Commission's deposits with the Treasurer of State was approximately \$1,427,000 and \$1,860,000 respectively. In addition, the Commission had approximately \$4,000 of cash on hand at June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Restricted Cash - At June 30, 2006, approximately \$409,000 was collected from harness racing participants registering for the 2006 Fair; and at June 30, 2005, approximately \$444,000 was collected from harness racing participants registering for the 2005 Fair. These monies are held in the State Rotary Fund and will be remitted to others who manage the Fair harness racing event.

Credit Risk – All risk disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, are expected to be found in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

a	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 2,930,999 8,886,184	\$1,031,966	\$9,849,716	\$ 2,930,999 68,434
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	11,817,183	1,031,966	9,849,716	2,999,433
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures Vehicles	4,031,534 59,471,854 2,107,003 44,404	5,568,482 3,759,016 303,645	30,000 18,294	9,600,016 63,200,870 2,392,354 44,404
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	65,654,795	9,631,143	48,294	75,237,644
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures Vehicles	1,674,792 28,520,446 1,506,652 43,401	317,221 1,766,175 181,843 667	8,336 17,992	1,992,013 30,278,285 1,670,503 44,068
Total Accumulated Depreciation	31,745,291	2,265,905	26,328	33,984,869
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	33,909,504	7,581,028	21,966	41,252,775
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$45,726,687	\$8,612,994	\$9,871,682	\$44,252,208

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2005
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		10. 10.	2	2
Land	\$ 2,930,999	-	-	\$ 2,930,999
Construction in Progress	3,945,743	\$ 5,741,261	\$ 800,820	8,886,184
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	6,876,742	5,741,261	800,820	11,817,183
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,200,759	376,622	545,847	4,031,534
Buildings and Improvements	59,255,573	252,922	36,641	59,471,854
Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	1,941,781	182,107	16,885	2,107,003
Vehicles	44,404		-	44,404
Total Capital Assets Being	<u>.</u>			
Depreciated	65,442,517	811,651	599,373	65,654,795
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	2,052,045	168,594	545,847	1,674,792
Buildings and Improvements	26,695,114	1,861,973	36,641	28,520,446
Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	1,337,398	186,139	16,885	1,506,652
Vehicles	42,735	666		43,401
Total Accumulated Depreciation	30,127,292	2,217,372	599,373	31,745,291
Total Capital Assets Being			27	
Depreciated, Net	35,315,225	(1,405,721)		33,909,504
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$42,191,967	\$4,335,540	\$ 800,820	\$45,726,687

Construction in progress at June 30, 2006 consisted of the Electric and Lighting Upgrade Project, and the Facility Improvement Plan.

Construction in progress at June 30, 2005 consisted of the Restroom Renovation Project, the Electric and Lighting Upgrade Project, and the Facility Improvement Plan.

The construction is funded by the State of Ohio and recorded as capital contributions on the Commission's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTES 5 - CAPITAL LEASES

The Commission is leasing certain equipment under a capital lease. The interest rates for the capital leases were approximately 4.64% to 8.05% at June 30, 2006. The net book value of this equipment at June 30, 2006 was approximately \$300,000.

Changes in the capital lease for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	 2005	 2005
Beginning balance Payments	\$ 188,959 (92,333)	\$ 292,227 (103,268)
Ending balance	\$ 96,626	\$ 188,959
Amount due within one year	\$ 96,626	\$ 92,333

Future minimum payments, by fiscal year, and in the aggregate, under these leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more, consisted of the following at June 30, 2006:

	Year	×.,	Capital Leases
	2007	\$	101,150
	Less amount representing interest	2	4,524
8	Present value of minimum lease payments under capital leases	\$	96,626

NOTE 6 - LEASED PROPERTY

In May 1998, the Commission entered into an operating lease with the Crew Soccer Stadium Limited Liability Company (the Crew) for a period of 25 years. The Commission leased land, which has a cost and carrying value of approximately \$111,000, on which the Crew designed and constructed a stadium. The Commission is entitled to an annual rent payment of \$56,000 through the year ending March 31, 2009. Thereafter, rent shall be adjusted by the Consumer Price Index adjustment, effective on April 1, 2009 and every fifth anniversary thereafter during the lease term. The Commission will retain thirty percent of all parking revenue collected for the Crew sponsored events at the stadium.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 6 - LEASED PROPERTY (Continued)

The Commission also has operating leases with McDonalds and the Days Inn. The McDonald's' lease commenced in May 1996 and is for a period of twenty years. The Commission is currently entitled to an annual rent payment of approximately \$33,000. This lease has scheduled increases relating to the Consumer Price Index every 5 years with the next increase scheduled for 2011. The Days Inn lease commenced in December 1986 and is for a period of thirty years. The Commission is entitled to 4.00% of the gross room rent which amounted to \$32,000 and \$27,000 for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Commission contributes to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the OPERS Board of Trustees. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215 or by calling 614-466-2085.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee contribution rate is 8.50% and the employer contribution rate for state employers is 13.31% of covered payroll. Required employer contributions are equal to 100% of the dollar amount billed to each employer and must be extracted from the employer's records. The Commission's contributions to OPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$544,000, \$515,000 and \$542,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - OPERS provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipient and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postretirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. The number of active contributing participants at December 31, 2005 was 376,109.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postretirement healthcare through their contributions to OPERS.

The assumptions and calculations below were based on OPERS's latest Actuarial Review performed as of December 31, 2004. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

The investment assumption rate for 2004 was 8.00%. An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%.

The actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2004 is \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

The OPERS 2004 employer contribution rate to fund health care for the year was 4.00%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.00% annually.

The actuarially determined and statutorily required contribution requirements from the Commission to OPERS for postemployment benefits for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$163,000 and \$155,000 respectively. The amounts are included in the Commission contribution totals in note 7(b).

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Commission employees can earn vacation, sick and personal leave (compensatory time) at various rates as specified by Ohio law. Employees accrue vacation leave at a rate of 3.1 hours every two weeks for the first five years of employment, up to a maximum of 9.2 hours every two weeks after 25 years of employment. Employees may accrue a maximum of three years vacation leave credit. At termination or separation from service, vested employees are paid at their full rate of pay for 100% of unused vacation and personal leave. Nonovertime exempt employees may also be paid 100% of any unused compensatory time.

Sick leave for all employees is accumulated at a rate of 3.1 hours every two weeks. Sick leave benefits vest after five years of credited service for AFSCME (American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees) and after one year of continuous service for other employees. Sick leave is paid at 100% of the employee's pay rate when used for the first 40 hours of the benefit year, at 70% of the employee's pay rate when used for 40.1 through 80 hours of the benefit year, and again at 100% of the employee's pay rate when used for any amount in excess of 80 hours of the benefit year. Annually, up to 80 hours of sick leave that was accrued in the current year and remains unused in December may be cashed out at varying rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

Changes in compensated absences for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

		-	2006		2005
Beginning balance		\$	611,161	\$	559,365
Additions		 M	547,572	31	418,250
Deductions			(552,700)		(366,454)
Ending balance	9 9 8 8	\$	606,033	\$	611,161
Amount due within one year (inclusion on the statement of net assets)	uded in accrued liabilities	\$	64,664	\$	58,008

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Commission has been named in various public liability and property damage claims and suits. At June 30, 2006 there are no outstanding claims.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the Commission had, and expects to have in the future, transactions with other state agencies. The Commission recognized approximately \$161,000 and \$177,000 in rental fee revenues from other agencies of the State during fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively. State agencies are charged essentially the same rental fees as those charged to third parties.

In addition, the Commission paid other state agencies for processing of payroll, general ledger, and fixed asset ledger. The Commission expensed approximately \$196,000 and \$188,000 during fiscal years 2006 and 2005, respectively, for these services at rates comparable to those charged to other agencies of the State for these services.

The Commission maintains special agreements with the following three separate agencies of the State in which these state agencies rent certain buildings and space on the Commission grounds in exchange for services provided:

The Ohio Department of Transportation provides maintenance and renovation work on the roadways, curbs and parking lots of the Commission.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

The State Highway Patrol operates a full-time post on the Commission's property and provides law enforcement on this property. In addition, the State Highway Patrol provides traffic control and law enforcement during the Fair. Both of these services are required by State law.

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) leases and maintains a large and extensive exhibit at the Fair. In addition, ODNR maintains a Civilian Conservation Corps district office on the Commission's grounds.

The basic financial statements do not give effect to these activities inasmuch as there is no reliable basis for determining their financial impact.

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NOTE 11 - STATE FAIR RESERVE

The Ohio Legislature passed a House Bill (Am. Sub. H.B. No. 283, Section 49) which established a State Fair Reserve of \$700,000. The reserve may be used if admission revenues for the Ohio State Fair are less than ninety percent of the projected admission revenues for the 2006 or 2005 Ohio State Fairs. The Commission must declare a state of fiscal exigency and request a release of funds by the Director of Budget and Management. The Director of Budget and Management then must approve the release of funds, and may make changes or stipulations before release of the funds. The outstanding balance of available funds was approximately \$125,000 at June 30, 2006 and 2005.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The State retains the risk associated with claims arising from vehicle liability, property loss and tort liability. The State also maintains a public employees blanket bond through a private carrier. However, the Commission is responsible for the replacement of equipment that may be lost or damaged as a result of the operations of the Commission. In addition, employees of the Commission have the option of participating in the Ohio Med Health Plan, a self-insured health benefit plan of the State. The Commission pays a premium each month to the State based on the number of employees opting for plan participation and the types of coverage selected by its employees. At the end of the year, the State allocates the incurred but not reported (IBNR) health benefits claim liability (actuarial determined) or refund to its departments based upon the department's percent of total monthly premiums. The IBNR claim liability was included in accrued liabilities at June 30, 2006. Additional disclosures are expected to be found in the State's CAFR.

There were no changes to the above policies during the current fiscal year. Claims experience over the past three years indicates that there were no instances of losses exceeding insurance coverage.

All other risk disclosures are expected to be found in the State's CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

NOTE 13 - WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The Commission participates in a plan that pays workers' compensation benefits to beneficiaries who have been injured on the job with any of certain state agencies and state universities. The Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (Bureau) calculates the estimated amount of cash needed in the subsequent fiscal year to pay the claims for these workers and sets rates to collect this estimated amount from these participating state agencies and universities in that subsequent one-year period. As these already-injured workers' claims will be paid out over a period of time, the Bureau also actuarially calculates estimated amounts that will be paid in future periods.

Changes in workers' compensation liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	2006		2005		
Beginning balance Additions (deductions), net	\$	1,372,659 152,077	\$	1,001,236 371,423	
Ending balance		1,524,736	-	1,372,659	
Amount due within one year	\$	155,900	\$	125,200	

Additions and deductions are shown net, since it is impracticable for the Commission to determine these amounts separately.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON <u>COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF</u> <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE</u> <u>WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Ohio Expositions Commission and Betty Montgomery, Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Ohio Expositions Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commission and the Ohio Auditor of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Columbus, Ohio October 20, 2006 This Page is Intentionally Left Blank.

OHIO EXPOSITIONS COMMISSION (A Component Unit of the State of Ohio)

Agreed-Upon Procedures

August 2, 2006 through August 13, 2006

SCHNEIDER DOWNS

INSIGHT = INNOVATION = EXPERIENCE

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Ohio Expositions Commission and Betty Montgomery, Ohio Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of the Ohio Expositions Commission (the Commission) and the Ohio Auditor of State to fulfill Ohio Revised Code Section 991.06 requirements, solely to assist you in evaluating whether the cash collection, fair ticketing and vendor contracting controls and procedures were in place and functioning properly for the duration of the 2006 Ohio State Fair, an event sponsored by the Commission, from August 2, 2006 through August 13, 2006. The agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures and our findings are as follows:

1) Reconciled daily receipts to deposits made. For each day of the fair, we performed the following procedures:

 Ascertained the arithmetic accuracy of the daily Ticket Sales Report for both day and night shifts to within \$1.

With respect to procedure 1.a., we noted two instances where the total cash reported on the seller's report did not foot, resulting in less cash being reported. The instances happened on August 4th for \$5, and August 8th for \$10.

b) Ascertained the arithmetic accuracy of the daily Ohio State Fair Cashiers Office - Celeste Center Reports to within \$1 and agreed daily amounts to Ticketmaster transaction summary stubs.

With respect to procedure 1.b., no exceptions were noted.

c) Ascertained the arithmetic accuracy of the daily Ohio State Fair Amusements of America Reports to within \$1.

With respect to procedure 1.c., no exceptions were noted.

d) Ascertained the arithmetic accuracy of the daily 2006 Ohio State Fair Sky Glider Daily Recap Reports and agreed amounts to Skyfair, Inc.'s calculation sheet and amounts remitted to the Commission from Skyfair, Inc. to within \$1.

With respect to procedure 1.d., no exceptions were noted.

e) Ascertained the arithmetic accuracy of 10 vendors each day from the daily Balance Due Worksheet to within \$1 and agreed amounts to the daily Vendor Percentage Reconciliation Sheet.

With respect to procedure 1.e., no exceptions were noted Schneider Downs & Co., Inc. www.schneiderdowns.com

1133 Penn Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4205 TEL 412.261.3644 FAX 412.261.4876 41 S. High Street Suite 2100. Columbus, OH 43215-6102 TEL 614.621.4060 FAX 614.621.4062 A LEASA SALES

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f) Recalculated all computations used in the State Fair 2006 Revenue Receipts Reports.

With respect to procedure 1.f., no exceptions were noted.

g) Traced ticket sales by cashier from the Ticket Sales Report to the actual Ohio State Fair Seller's reports and total sales to "z" tapes, which are the tapes generated from the cash registers.

With respect to procedure 1.g., 9 instances of discrepancies between the Ohio State Fair Seller's Reports and associated "z" tapes were noted throughout the Fair. The discrepancies were as follows: \$8 and \$10 on August 2nd; \$10 on August 3rd; \$16 and \$4 on August 4th; \$385 and \$655 on August 6th; \$36 on August 8th and \$2 on August 12th.

 Agreed the total cash collected from the State Fair 2006 Revenue Receipts Reports to the validated Key Bank deposit ticket.

With respect procedure 1.h., no exceptions were noted.

 Scanned the validated daily Revenue Cash Receipt Reports from the State Treasurer for any bank adjustments.

With respect to procedure 1.i., no exceptions were noted.

- 2) Determined that tickets used in gate receipts were sequentially accounted for.
 - a) We obtained the beginning ticket inventory listings provided to us by the Commission, and noted the tickets on hand were sequentially ordered.

With respect to procedure 2.a., no exceptions were noted.

b) We selected ten sets of residual tickets on the day after the Fair ended from all types of tickets available and agreed the quantity remaining to the Commission's ending ticket inventory.

With respect to procedure 2.b., no exceptions were noted.

3) Verified the frontage measurement for vendors with contracts based on frontage. We participated in the measurement of all vendor booth frontages and verified that our measurements were in agreement with the measurements provided by the Commission and Amusements of America.

With respect to procedure 3., no exceptions were noted.

 Determined that the Commission, through resolutions in the minutes, approved \$1,650,000 to be spent on contracts for the 2006 Ohio State Fair.

With respect to procedure 4., no exceptions were noted.

- 5) Determined that total payments made against contracts of \$1,053,327 (per the 2006 Ohio State Fair Attraction and Entertainment Contract Payments Schedule) agreed with the amount in the contracts. We read the attraction and entertainment contracts and noted that the amounts paid by the Commission per the abovementioned attraction and entertainment contract payments schedule were in agreement with the contracts approved by the Commission.
 - With respect to procedure 5., no exceptions were noted.

We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on cash collection, fair ticketing and vendor contracting controls and procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified users listed above, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Schniche Dams . Co Anc.

Columbus, Ohio October 20, 2006





OHIO EXPOSITIONS COMMISSION

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 18, 2007

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us