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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Seneca Township Noble County 51702 Township Road 140 Sarahsville, Ohio 43779

### To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

August 29, 2007

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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Seneca Township Noble County 51702 Township Road 140 Sarahsville, Ohio 43779

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Seneca Township, Noble County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

Seneca Township Noble County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Seneca Township, Noble County, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

nary Taylor

August 29, 2007

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Local Taxes	\$14,209	\$4,124	\$0	\$18,333	
Intergovernmental	8,133	99,678		107,811	
Earnings on Investments	271			271	
Other Revenue	3	12		15	
Total Cash Receipts	22,616	103,814	0	126,430	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
General Government	23,970	50		24,020	
Public Safety	1,105			1,105	
Public Works	1,074	88,729		89,803	
Capital Outlay		1,977		1,977	
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal		6,696		6,696	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,104		1,104	
Total Cash Disbursements	26,149	98,556	0	124,705	
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	(3,533)	5,258	0	1,725	
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):					
Other Financing Sources	29			29	
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	29	0	0	29	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements					
and Other Financing Disbursements	(3,504)	5,258	0	1,754	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	8,952	60,104	2,865	71,921	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$5,448	\$65,362	\$2,865	\$73,675	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

_	Governmental Fund Types				
- -	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Local Taxes	\$12,760	\$3,726	\$0	\$16,486	
Intergovernmental	8,574	156,655		165,229	
Earnings on Investments	170	60		230	
Other Revenue	5,500	350		5,850	
Total Cash Receipts	27,004	160,791	0	187,795	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
General Government	21,280	25		21,305	
Public Safety	1,049	0		1,049	
Public Works	1,176	147,424		148,600	
Health	200	139		339	
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal		6,022		6,022	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,128		1,128	
Capital Outlay	1,799	40,770		42,569	
Total Cash Disbursements	25,504	195,508	0	221,012	
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	1,500	(34,717)	0	(33,217)	
Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements):					
Sale of Notes		35,000		35,000	
Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements)	0	35,000	0	35,000	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	1,500	283	0	1,783	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 (Restated - See Note 2)	7,452	59,821	2,865	70,138	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$8,952	\$60,104	\$2,865	\$71,921	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Seneca Township, Noble County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Belle Valley, Caldwell, Senecaville and Summerfield Volunteer fire departments to provide fire protection services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

### **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

### C. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund receives FEMA monies to pay for flood damage.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

### 3. Permanent Funds

These funds account for assets held under a trust agreement that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, are available to support the Township's programs. The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

<u>Cemetery Endowment Fund</u> – This fund receives interest earned on the non-expendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

### D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2006 and 2005 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

### E. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005** (Continued)

#### 2. **RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES**

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Township Clerk incorrectly posted the sale of cemetery lots in the amount of \$225 in the Cemetery Endowment Fund instead of the Cemetery Fund. This resulted in following fund balance restatement:

	Fund Balances at	Restatement	Fund Balances at
Governmental Funds:	December 31, 2004	Amount	January 1, 2005
Special Revenue	59,596	225	\$59,821
Permanent	3,090	(225)	\$2,865
Total	\$62,686	\$0	\$62,686

### 3. **EQUITY IN POOLED CASH**

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2006	2005
Demand deposits	\$73,675	\$71,921

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

### 4. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY**

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2006 and 2005 follows:

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Re	ceipts
Budgeted	Actu

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$19,990	\$22,645	\$2,655
Special Revenue	91,675	103,814	12,139
Permanent	0	0	0
Total	\$111,665	\$126,459	\$14,794

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$28,942	\$26,149	\$2,793
Special Revenue	151,554	98,556	52,998
Permanent	348	0	348
Total	\$180,844	\$124,705	\$56,139

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

### 4. **BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)**

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$25,967	\$27,004	\$1,037
Special Revenue	186,708	195,791	9,083
Permanent	0	0	0
Total	\$212,675	\$222,795	\$10,120

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$27,322	\$25,504	\$1,818
Special Revenue	177,017	195,508	(18,491)
Permanent	348	0	348
Total	\$204,687	\$221,012	(\$16,325)

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority at the object level in the General, Gasoline Tax, and Miscellaneous Special Revenue (FEMA) Funds for the year ended December 31, 2005 and in the General, Motor Vehicle License Tax, Gasoline Tax, and Permissive Motor Vehicle License Funds for the year ended December 31, 2006.

### 5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

### 6. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2006 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
General Obligation Note (Truck) Total	\$22,119 \$22,119	3.75%

The Township issued a general obligation note in 2005 to finance the purchase of a 2004 Ford F - 350 dump truck. The Township's full faith and credit is pledged for prompt payment.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General
	Obligation
Year ending December 31:	Note
2007	\$7,687
2008	\$7,687
2009	\$7,687
2010	\$1,117
Total	\$24,178

### 7. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2006 and 2005, OPERS members contributed 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.7 and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2006.

### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

### Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

### **Property Coverage**

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005:

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$32,031,312	\$30,485,638
Liabilities	(11,443,952)	(12,344,576)
Retained earnings	<u>\$20,587,360</u>	<u>\$18,141,062</u>

Property Coverage	2006	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$10,010,963	\$9,177,796
Liabilities	(676,709)	(1,406,031)
Retained earnings	<u>\$9,334,254</u>	<u>\$7,771,765</u>

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$7,778. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

<u>Contrib</u>	utions to OTARMA
2004	\$3,321
2005	\$3,781
2006	\$3,889

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Seneca Township Noble County 51702 Township Road 140 Sarahsville, Ohio 43779

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Seneca Township, Noble County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2007, wherein we noted the Township prepared its financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §\$ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 Seneca Township
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Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2006-001 through 2006-004.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. We believe none of the significant deficiencies described above are material weaknesses.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated August 29, 2007.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2006-001 through 2006-004.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated August 29, 2007.

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

August 29, 2007

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-001**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the object level at December 31, 2005, in the following funds:

Fund/Line Item	Approved Appropriations	Actual Expenditures	Variance
General Fund:			
1000-110-121	\$9,197	\$10,238	(\$1,041)
1000-110-211	1,210	1,387	(177)
1000-110-230	950	1,506	(556)
1000-110-313	500	961	(461)
1000-110-314	500	592	(92)
1000-420-370	0	200	(200)
1000-760-740	0	1,799	(1,799)
Gasoline Tax Fund:			
2021-330-111	19,105	20,312	(1,207)
2021-330-190	11,000	11,520	(520)
2021-820-820	4,000	38,770	(34,770)
2021-830-830	200	1,128	(928)
Miscellaneous Special Revenue (FEMA) Fund:			
2901-390-420	48,101	81,006	(32,905)

Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the object level at December 31, 2006, in the following funds:

Fund/Line Item	Approved Appropriations	Actual Expenditures	Variance
General Fund:			
1000-110-599	\$1,282	\$1,487	(\$205)
Motor Vehicle			
License Tax Fund:			
2011-330-190	4,000	4,151	(151)
Gasoline Tax Fund:			
2021-330-190	12,000	15,180	(3,180)
2021-330-420	20,000	29,878	(9,878)
2021-820-820	6,600	6,696	(96)
Permissive MVL Fund:			
2231-330-599	689	946	(257)

The variances occurred because unauthorized amendments were posted to the accounting system at the legal level of control. The practice of allowing expenditures to exceed appropriations could result in negative fund balances for the Township.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-001 (Continued)**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency (Continued)**

The Clerk should not certify the availability of funds and should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations. The Clerk may request the Board of Trustees to approve increased expenditure levels by increasing appropriations and amending estimated resources, if necessary.

**Officials' Response:** This variance occurred through the Clerk's neglect. She vows to do much better in the future.

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-002**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" Certificate If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.
  - Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare so-called "blanket" certificates not running beyond the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation. Purchase orders may not exceed an amount established by resolution or ordinance of the legislative authority, and cannot extend past the end of the fiscal year. In other words, blanket certificates cannot be issued unless there has been an amount approved by the legislative authority for the blanket.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### FINDING NUMBER 2006-002 (Continued)

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency (Continued)**

3. Super Blanket Certificate – The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to exceed beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for thirty-two percent of the expenditures tested in 2005 and for thirty-one percent of the expenditures tested in 2006, and there was no evidence that the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

In addition we noted the Township used blanket certificates but no threshold was established by the Board.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Clerk certify that funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of Section 5705.41(D) are satisfied. We also recommend the Board of Trustees pass a resolution specifying the threshold amount for blanket certificates.

**Officials' Response:** The Clerk does use blanket certificates; no purchase is ever paid for without a purchase order or a blanket certificate. The Clerk will practice using then and now certificates more often. The Township does not spend money that they don't have.

### FINDING NUMBER 2006-003

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-02(C)(1) states that all local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted balances of appropriations.

During 2005 and 2006, the Township Clerk posted line item appropriation amendments to various funds each year. However, these amendments were not approved by the Board of Trustees in the minutes. Variances existed between the amount approved by the legislative body and the amount posted to the accounting system as follows:

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### FINDING NUMBER 2006-003 (Continued)

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency (Continued)**

Fiscal Year	Fund/Line Item	Approved Appropriations	Appropriations per the UAN system	Variance
2005	1000-110-121	\$9,197	\$10,297	(\$1,100)
2005	1000-110-211	1,210	1,387	(177)
2005	1000-110-229	2,300	1,150	1,150
2005	1000-110-230	950	1,566	(616)
2005	1000-110-312	300	4,300	(4,000)
2005	1000-110-313	500	1,500	(1,000)
2005	1000-110-314	500	750	(250)
2005	1000-110-381	3,000	400	2,600
2005	1000-110-599	1,904	1,654	250
2005	1000-420-370	0	200	(200)
2005	1000-760-740	0	2,150	(2,150)
2005	2021-330-111	19,105	20,312	(1,207)
2005	2021-330-190	11,000	11,520	(520)
2005	2021-330-420	30,000	27,273	2,727
2005	2021-830-830	200	1,200	(1,000)
2005	2031-330-420	2,000	2,240	(240)
2005	2041-410-190	200	550	(350)
2005	2901-390-360	7,686	0	7,686
2005	2901-390-420	48,101	89,484	(41,383)
2006	1000-110-314	600	1,100	(500)
2006	1000-110-315	100	150	(50)
2006	1000-110-599	1,282	1,551	(269)
2006	1000-410-430	1,000	150	850
2006	2011-190-312	800	500	300
2006	2011-330-190	4,000	4,300	(300)
2006	2021-330-190	27,000	12,000	15,000
2006	2021-330-420	30,000	20,000	10,000
2006	2021-330-599	6,231	31,231	(25,000)
2006	2021-821-820	6,696	6,600	96
2006	2021-830-830	1,104	1,200	(96)
2006	2031-330-190	2,900	3,000	(100)
2006	2031-330-314	250	150	100
2006	2231-330-420	2,000	3,000	(1,000)
2006	2231-330-599	1,689	689	1,000

For the amendment to estimated resources dated February 1, 2005, the Township's accounting system did not accurately reflect the estimated receipts as certified by the Budget Commission. We noted the following variances as of December 31, 2005:

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-003 (Continued)**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency (Continued)**

Fiscal Year	Fund	Amount Posted to Accounting System	Amount per 11/23/05 Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources	Variance
2005	Gasoline Tax	\$68,090	\$103,090	(\$35,000)
2005	Road & Bridge Fund	920	4,220	(3,300)
2005	FEMA	124,584	68,798	(55,786)

Without information properly entered into the system, the management of the Township lost some degree of budgetary control. This also resulted in audit adjustments to the budgetary note disclosure.

We recommend the Clerk accurately post estimated receipts as certified by the County Budget Commission and appropriations as approved by the Board of Trustees into the computer system and only after receiving approval. This procedure will help ensure more useful comparisons of budget versus actual activity, as well as provide management with an accurate monitoring tool throughout the year.

Officials' Response: Finding noted and considered.

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-004**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(2) states that upon determination by the fiscal officer of a subdivision that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be greater or less than the amount included in an official certificate, the fiscal officer may certify the amount of the deficiency or excess to the commission, and if the commission determines that the fiscal officer's certification is reasonable, the commission shall certify an amended official certificate reflecting the deficiency or excess.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40 states that any appropriation ordinance or measure may be amended or supplemented, provided that such amendment or supplement shall comply with all provisions of law governing the taxing authority in making an original appropriation and that no appropriation for any purpose shall be reduced below an amount sufficient to cover all unliquidated and outstanding contracts or obligations certified from or against the appropriation.

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-02(A) provides that all local public offices should maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2006-004 (Continued)**

### **Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency (Continued)**

The Board of Trustees issued a \$35,000 general obligation note during 2005 for the purpose of purchasing a dump truck. The bank made the check payable directly to the vendor. The Township Clerk did not post the debt proceeds and the expenditure for the truck to its books, nor were the estimated resources amended or supplemental appropriations passed. As a result, receipts and disbursements were understated on the Township's books and financial statements for 2005. Adjustments with which the Board of Trustees agrees have been posted to the Township's books and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. See Finding Number 2006-001 for the related budgetary violation.

We recommend the Township Clerk record all debt proceeds and the corresponding expenditures in the Township's books. We also recommend the Township obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources and pass supplemental appropriations for these transactions.

**Officials' Response:** The Clerk called the UAN support line to guide her through this at the time of this obligation. She thought she had completed the steps necessary. The only explanation is the Clerk may have failed to complete the transaction. She must not have clicked on process. Finding noted and considered.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### **SENECA TOWNSHIP**

### **NOBLE COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 8, 2007