





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 21, 2007

The attached audit report was completed and prepared for release prior to the commencement of my term of office on January 8, 2007. Thus, I am certifying this audit report for release under the signature of my predecessor.

MARY TAYLOR, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor



ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Zane Trace Local School District Ross County 946 State Route 180 Chillicothe, Ohio 4501

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Zane Trace Local School District, Ross County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Zane Trace Local School District, Ross County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

35 N. Fourth St. / Second Floor / Columbus, OH 43215 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Zane Trace Local School District Ross County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 30, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Zane Trace Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review our notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Zane Trace Local School District exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2006 by \$16,959,470. Of this amount, \$11,483,301 represents capital assets and related debt and net asset amounts restricted for specific purposes. The remaining \$5,476,169 represents unrestricted net assets.
- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased by \$121,723, which represents a 0.71 percent decrease from 2005.
- ► General revenues accounted for \$11,313,910 or 86.22 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$1,808,442 or 13.78 percent of total revenues of \$13,122,352.
- The District had \$13,244,075 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,808,442 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, operating grants or contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$11,313,910 and net assets carried over from the prior year were used to provide for the remainder of these programs.
- The District recognizes two major governmental funds: the General and Construction Funds. In terms of dollars received and spent, the General Fund is significantly larger than all the other funds of the District combined. The General Fund had \$11,194,703 in revenues and \$11,114,551 in expenditures in fiscal year 2006.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are presented following the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, and are organized so the reader can understand the Zane Trace Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets are important because they serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. The cause of this change may be the result of several factors, some financial and some not. Nonfinancial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required but unfunded educational programs, and other factors. Ultimately, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In both of the government-wide financial statements, the District activities are shown as governmental activities. All of the District's programs and services, except for the fiduciary fund activities, are reported here including instructional services, support services and operation of non-instructional services. These services are funded primarily by taxes, tuition and fees, and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 16. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's two major governmental funds are the General and Construction Funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objective. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into one of three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Fund

The District's proprietary fund is an internal service fund. Since the internal service fund operates on a break-even, cost-reimbursement basis, the District reports it as a proprietary fund using the full accrual basis of accounting. Since the internal service fund exclusively benefits governmental functions, it has been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund

The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole, showing assets, liabilities, and the difference between them (net assets). Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2006 compared to fiscal year 2005:

Table 1
Net Assets

Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities		
	2006	Restated 2005	
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$13,593,811	\$15,465,932	
Capital Assets, Net	16,533,156	15,167,421	
Total Assets	30,126,967	30,633,353	
Liabilities:			
Current and Other Liabilities	5,330,213	5,550,130	
Long-Term Liabilities	7,837,284	8,002,030	
Total Liabilities	13,167,497	13,552,160	
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,366,320	9,848,788	
Restricted	1,116,981	3,669,410	
Unrestricted	5,476,169	3,562,995	
Total Net Assets	\$16,959,470	\$17,081,193	

Current and other assets decreased \$1,872,121 from fiscal year 2006 due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents held by the District. Capital assets increased by \$1,365,735 of 9.0 percent.

Current (other) liabilities decreased by \$219,917 or 6.14 percent due mostly to the decrease in contracts payable and the decrease in deferred revenue related to property taxes receivable.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$164,746 or 2.06 percent as the result of the District making schedules debt payments.

The District's largest portion of net assets is related to amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt. This accounts for 61.12 percent of net assets. The District used these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The District's next largest portion of net assets is unrestricted. This accounts for 32.29 percent of net assets. These net assets represent resources that may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its students and creditors.

The remaining balance of \$1,116,981 or 6.59 percent is restricted net assets. The restricted net assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006 and provides a comparison to fiscal year 2005.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		
	2006	Restated 2005		
Revenues:				
Program Revenue:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$743,806	\$706,622		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,059,275	1,064,320		
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,361	0		
General Revenue:				
Property Taxes	4,294,121	4,057,201		
Income Taxes	8,214	0		
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	6,586,172	6,021,529		
Investment Earnings	245,758	145,783		
Miscellaneous	179,645	56,438		
Total Revenues	13,122,352	12,051,893		
Expenses:				
Program Expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,790,339	4,808,717		
Special	912,016	827,908		
Vocational	9,913	10,885		
Adult/Continuing	407,718	412,309		
		(Continued)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets (Continued)

	2006	Restated 2005
Support Services:		
Pupils	360,425	293,189
Instructional Staff	426,831	371,568
Board of Education	101,215	182,343
Administration	843,522	705,163
Fiscal	684,345	595,124
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,248,919	1,125,034
Pupil Transportation	819,379	762,567
Central	323,840	305,093
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	495,070	405,899
Extracurricular Activities	413,587	432,080
Interest and Fiscal Charges	406,956	406,309
Total Expenses	13,244,075	11,644,188
Change in Net Assets	(121,723)	407,705
Net Assets – Beginning of Year	17,081,193	16,673,488
Net Assets – End of Year	\$16,959,470	\$17,081,193

The most significant program expenses for the District are Regular Instruction, Operation and Maintenance of Plant, Special Instruction, Administration and Pupil Transportation. These programs account for 72.59 percent of the total governmental activities. Regular Instruction, which accounts for 43.72 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing general educational services. Operation and Maintenance of Plant, which represents 9.43 percent of the total, represent costs associated with operating and maintaining the District's facilities. Special Instruction, which represents 6.89 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing educational services for handicapped, disadvantaged and other special needs students. Administration, which represents 6.37 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing transportation services for student between home and school and to school activities. Pupil Transportation, which represents 6.18 percent of the total, represents costs associated with the overall administrative responsibility for each building and the District as a whole.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The majority of the funding for the most significant programs indicated above is from property taxes and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs. Property taxes and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs accounts for 82.91 percent of total revenues.

Governmental Activities

Over the past several fiscal years, the District has remained in stable financial condition. This has been accomplished through strong voter support and good fiscal management. The District is heavily dependent on property taxes and intergovernmental revenue and, like most Ohio schools, is hampered by a lack of revenue growth. Property taxes made up 32.55 percent and intergovernmental revenue made up 58.41 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2006.

The Ohio Legislature passed H.B. 920 (1976) and changed the way property taxes function in the State. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, the District would receive from a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill, \$35.00 annually. If three years later the home were reappraised and the value increased to \$200,000 (and this increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mill and the District would still receive \$35.00 annually. Therefore, the District must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service.

The District's intergovernmental revenue consists of school foundation basic allowance, homestead and rollback property tax allocation, and federal and state grants. During fiscal year 2006, the District received \$6,521,025 through the State's foundation program, which represents 49.81 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities. The District relies heavily on this state funding to operate at the current levels of service.

Instruction accounts for 53.76 percent of governmental activities program expenses. Support services expenses make up 36.31 percent of governmental activities expenses. The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2006 compared with fiscal year 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Table 3 **Net Cost of Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2006	2006	2005	2005
Program Expenses:				
Instruction	7,119,986	6,189,215	\$6,059,819	\$5,092,371
Support Services	4,808,476	4,685,002	4,340,081	4,317,366
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	495,070	(34,090)	405,899	(63,020)
Extracurricular Activities	413,587	188,550	432,080	120,220
Interest and Fiscal Charges	406,956	406,956	406,309	406,309
Total Expenses	\$13,244,075	\$11,435,633	\$11,644,188	\$9,873,246

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting (See Note 2 for discussion of significant accounting policies). All governmental funds had total revenues of \$13,089,253 and expenditures of \$14,604,635.

Total governmental fund balance decreased by \$1,515,382. The decrease in fund balance for the year was most significant in the Construction Fund, which decreased by \$1,651,200 during fiscal year 2006. The Construction Fund had decreased activity during fiscal year 2006.

The District should remain stable in fiscal years 2007 through 2009. However, projections beyond fiscal year 2009 show the District may be unable to meet inflationary cost increases in the long-term without additional tax levies or a meaningful change in state funding of public schools as directed by the Ohio Supreme Court.

Budget Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. The District uses a modified site-based budget technique that is designed to control site budgets while providing building administrators and supervisors flexibility for site management.

The District prepares and monitors a detailed cashflow plan for the General Fund. Actual cashflow is compared to monthly and year-to-date estimates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue was \$11,233,202 representing an \$811,586 increase from the original budget estimates \$10,421,616. The final budget reflected an 8.46 percent increase from the original budgeted amount. Most of this difference was due to conservative estimates of intergovernmental revenue. For the General Fund, the final budget basis expenditures were \$11,930,968 representing an increase of \$3,403,683 from the original budget expenditures of \$8,527,285. The final budget reflected a 39.92 percent increase from the original budgeted amount.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the District had \$21.5 million invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, equipment and textbooks, and vehicles, of which all was in governmental activities. That total carries an accumulated depreciation of \$5.0 million. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared to fiscal year 2005.

Table 4

Capital Assets & Accumulated Depreciation at June 30, 2006

Governmental Activities

		Restated
_	2006	2005
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land	\$137,750	\$137,750
Construction in Progress	2,585,951	845,051
Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Improvements	403,353	403,353
Buildings and Improvements	14,975,299	14,975,299
Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Textbooks	2,078,253	1,996,756
Vehicles	1,309,988	1,241,522
Total Capital Assets	21,490,594	19,599,731
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Land Improvements	(85,730)	(67,708)
Buildings and Improvements	(2,686,679)	(2,390,763)
Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Textbooks	(1,138,640)	(1,000,883)
Vehicles	(1,046,389)	(972,956)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,957,438)	(4,432,310)
Capital Assets, Net	\$16,533,156	\$15,167,421

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

More detailed information pertaining to the District's capital asset activity can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006, the District had \$7,171,885 in general obligation debt, certificate of participation obligations and capital leases outstanding with \$311,951 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes amounts outstanding for fiscal year 2006 compared to fiscal year 2005.

Table 5 **Outstanding Debt, Governmental Activities at Year End**

Purpose	2006	2005
1997 School Improvement Bonds	\$3,770,000	\$3,935,000
Certificate of Participation	3,357,000	3,472,000
Capital Leases	44,885	66,915
Total	\$7,171,885	\$7,473,915

More detailed information pertaining to the District's long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The Zane Trace Local School District is financially stable at the current time. While this appears to be a positive condition, the financial stability of the District is dwindling at a steady pace. The District continues to carry a reasonable cash balance, but our five year forecast shows that expenditures will continue to exceed our revenues again in the fiscal year 2007. Each and every financial decision from this point forward is being weighed with great caution and many factors are being considered to the District's continued financial stability.

As with every School District in the State of Ohio, State funding is an unpredictable issue. The State provides the majority of the revenue received within our District. Current revenue projections do not seem to reflect increases that will keep up with the continuing operational increases the District is beginning to suffer from due to health/medical insurance, utility cost and continuing growth enrollment. The State also continues to reduce funding of federal and State programs which cause other funds to pick up costs or reduce provided services.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, the Zane Trace Board of Education is committed to providing a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Tambrea L. Irwin, Treasurer at Zane Trace Local School District, 946 State Route 180, Chillicothe, OH 45601 or email Tirwin@mail.gsn.k12.oh.us.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	_
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,421,693
Property Taxes Receivable	4,083,125
Inventory Held for Resale	3,329
Prepaid Items	55,772
Materials and Supplies Inventory	29,892
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,723,701
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	13,809,455
Total Assets	30,126,967
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	57,108
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,014,415
Intergovernmental Payable	419,117
Accrued Interest Payable	14,873
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	10,109
Deferred Revenue	3,615,287
Claims Payable	199,304
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due within One Year	354,989
Due in More Than One Year	7,482,295
Total Liabilities	13,167,497
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,366,320
Restricted for:	
Set Asides	284,508
Capital Outlay	311,871
Debt Service	351,385
Other Purposes	169,217
Unrestricted	5,476,169
Total Net Assets	\$16,959,470

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$5,790,339	\$130,119	\$93,293	\$0	(\$5,566,927)
Special	912,016	0	707,359	0	(204,657)
Vocational	9,913	0	0	0	(9,913)
Adult/Continuing	407,718	0	0	0	(407,718)
Support Services:					
Pupils	360,425	0	4,793	0	(355,632)
Instructional Staff	426,831	0	600	0	(426,231)
Board of Education	101,215	0	0	0	(101,215)
Administration	843,522	27,735	0	0	(815,787)
Fiscal	684,345	0	1,642	0	(682,703)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,248,919	0	6,104	0	(1,242,815)
Pupil Transportation	819,379	0	61,152	5,361	(752,866)
Central	323,840	0	16,087	0	(307,753)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	495,070	360,915	168,245	0	34,090
Extracurricular Activities	413,587	225,037	0	0	(188,550)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	406,956	0	0	0	(406,956)
Total Governmental Activities	\$13,244,075	\$743,806	\$1,059,275	\$5,361	(11,435,633)
	General Revenues: Property Taxes Levie	ed for:			2.072.042
	General Purposes				3,852,912
	Debt Service				370,170
	Capital Outlay				71,039
	Income Taxes	unto mot Dootwinted to G	la a sifi a Dan annons		8,214
		ents not Restricted to S	specific Programs		6,586,172
	Investment Earnings Miscellaneous				245,758
	Miscenaneous				179,645
	Total General Reven	ues			11,313,910
	Change in Net Assets	s			(121,723)
	Net Assets at Beginni	ing of Year, As Restate	ed (See Note 3)		17,081,193
	Net Assets at End of	Year			\$16,959,470

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	General	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				1 01100
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,935,067	\$1,005,049	\$1,143,585	\$9,083,701
Property Taxes Receivable	3,653,704	0	429,421	4,083,125
Prepaid Items	55,772	0	0	55,772
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	3,329	3,329
Materials and Supplies Inventory	19,948	0	9,944	29,892
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	284,508	0	0	284,508
Total Assets	\$10,948,999	\$1,005,049	\$1,586,279	\$13,540,327
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
<u>Liabilities:</u>	φ50 101	4700	#4.207	Φ 7.7. 60.6
Accounts Payable	\$50,421	\$788	\$4,397	\$55,606
Accrued Wages and Benefits	941,520	0	72,895	1,014,415
Intergovernmental Payable	280,002	0	18,251	298,253
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	10,109	0	0	10,109
Deferred Revenue	3,327,439	0	388,757	3,716,196
Total Liabilities	4,609,491	788	484,300	5,094,579
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	512,940	57,604	22,104	592,648
Reserved for Prepaids	55,772	0	0	55,772
Reserved for Property Taxes	326,265	0	40,664	366,929
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Material	195,391	0	0	195,391
Reserved for Capital Improvements	66,057	0	0	66,057
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	23,060	0	0	23,060
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	5,160,023	0	0	5,160,023
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	403,013	403,013
Debt Service Fund	0	0	323,539	323,539
Capital Projects Funds	0	946,657	312,659	1,259,316
Total Fund Balances	6,339,508	1,004,261	1,101,979	8,445,748
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$10,948,999	\$1,005,049	\$1,586,279	\$13,540,327

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$8,445,748
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	16,533,156
Some of the District's receivables will be collected after fiscal year-end, however are	
not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and	
therefore are deferred in the funds. These receivables consist of:	
Property taxes	100,909
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are	
not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:	
General obligation bonds (3	3,770,000)
Accrued interest on bonds	(14,873)
Capital leases and Certificate of Participation (3	3,401,885)
Compensated absences	(665,399)
Total liabilities not reported in funds	(7,852,157)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual	
funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net assets.	(268,186)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$16,959,470

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$3,823,010	\$0	\$438,012	\$4,261,022
Income Taxes	8,214	0	0	8,214
Intergovernmental	6,934,011	0	711,689	7,645,700
Interest	245,496	0	262	245,758
Tuition and Fees	59,029	0	0	59,029
Rent	200	0	0	200
Gifts and Donations	0	0	29,423	29,423
Extracurricular Activities	23,695	0	223,736	247,431
Charges for Services	52,116	0	360,915	413,031
Miscellaneous	48,932	76,200	54,313	179,445
Total Revenues	11,194,703	76,200	1,818,350	13,089,253
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,415,093	0	118,525	5,533,618
Special	496,003	0	385,401	881,404
Vocational	9,913	0	0	9,913
Adult/Continuing	407,718	0	0	407,718
Support Services:				
Pupils	328,268	0	10,172	338,440
Instructional Staff	389,293	0	2,188	391,481
Board of Education	101,062	0	0	101,062
Administration	731,735	0	36,723	768,458
Fiscal	640,675	0	13,548	654,223
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,125,785	0	69,413	1,195,198
Pupil Transportation	760,142	0	0	760,142
Central	216,667	0	50,846	267,513
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	461,818	461,818
Extracurricular Activities	179,585	0	217,348	396,933
Capital Outlay	0	1,727,400	0	1,727,400
Debt Service:	126.010	0	175 220	202.020
Principal Retirement	126,810	0	175,220	302,030
Interest and Fiscal Charges	185,802	0	221,482	407,284
Total Expenditures	11,114,551	1,727,400	1,762,684	14,604,635
Net Change in Fund Balances	80,152	(1,651,200)	55,666	(1,515,382)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	6,259,356	2,655,461	1,046,313	9,961,130
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$6,339,508	\$1,004,261	\$1,101,979	\$8,445,748

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$1,515,382)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital asset additions 1,945,897 Depreciable expenditures (579,862	<u>)</u>
Total	1,366,035
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(300)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenues consist of: Property taxes	33,099
Repayment of bond and certificate of participation principal and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	302,030
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	328
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Compensated absences	(137,284)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and the related internal service fund revenue are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among activities.	(170,249)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(\$121,723)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$3,933,791	\$3,861,030	\$3,861,030	\$0
Income Taxes	7,157	8,214	8,214	0
Intergovernmental	6,041,976	6,934,490	6,934,490	0
Interest	213,899	245,496	245,496	0
Tuition and Fees	51,432	59,029	59,029	0
Extracurricular Activities	20,645	23,695	23,695	0
Rent	174	200	200	0
Charges for Services	98,408	52,116	52,116	0
Miscellaneous	54,134	48,932	48,932	0
Total Revenues	10,421,616	11,233,202	11,233,202	0
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,236,106	5,822,492	5,817,449	5,043
Special	327,352	488,914	486,026	2,888
Vocational	0	10,095	9,913	182
Adult/Continuing	414,652	424,658	424,638	20
Support Services:				
Pupils	122,726	332,746	328,950	3,796
Instructional Staff	274,990	401,588	395,203	6,385
Board of Education	135,165	124,433	122,090	2,343
Administration	577,473	773,419	763,587	9,832
Fiscal	427,064	671,180	662,023	9,157
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	645,570	1,461,570	1,243,992	217,578
Pupil Transportation	950,964	994,631	896,832	97,799
Central	203,342	208,249	208,054	195
Extracurricular Activities	211,881	216,993	183,791	33,202
Total Expenditures	8,527,285	11,930,968	11,542,548	388,420
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,894,331	(697,766)	(309,346)	388,420
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,960,903	6,960,903	6,960,903	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	246,633	246,633	246,633	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$9,101,867	\$6,509,770	\$6,898,190	\$388,420

Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Assets:	<u> </u>
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$53,484
Total Current Assets	53,484
Total Assets	53,484
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	1,502
Intergovernmental Payable	120,864
Claims Payable	199,304
Total Current Liabilities	321,670
Total Liabilities	321,670
Net Assets: Unrestricted (Deficit)	(\$268,186)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_
	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$1,574,462
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Operating Revenues	1,574,462
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased Services	132,216
Claims	1,612,495
	1,012,130
Total Operating Expenses	1,744,711
Total Operating Expenses	1,711,711
Change in Net Assets	(170,249)
Change in 14ct 1155cts	(170,217)
Net Assets (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(97,937)
Tier Histers (Deficer) at Deginning of Tear	(71,731)
Net Assets (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$268,186)
The Tassess (Deficit) in Little of Teur	(ψ200,100)

Statement of Cash Flows
Governmental Activities
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,697,244
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(133,470)
Cash Payments for Claims	(1,588,323)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(24,549)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	78,033
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$53,484
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating Activities: Operating Loss	(\$170,249)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss	
to Net Cash from Operating Activities:	
Decrease in Assets:	
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,918
Increase (Decrease)in Liabilities:	,
Accounts Payable	(1,254)
Intergovernmental Payable	120,864
Claims Payable	24,172
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(\$24,549)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2006

Assets:	Agency
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$36,237
<u>Liabilities:</u> Undistributed Monies	\$36,237

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the District

Zane Trace Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1965 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 104 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes all of the Village of Kingston and portions of Green North, Green South, Springfield, and Colerain Townships. It is staffed by 63 non-certificated employees, 93 certificated full time teaching personnel and 5 administrative employees who provide services to 1,611 students and other community members. The District currently operates one instructional building.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Zane Trace Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District participates in six organizations, five of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a claims servicing pool, and two as insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association, the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center, the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Ohio School Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Zane Trace Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted account principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and Internal Service Fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Construction Fund</u> - The Construction Fund is used to account for certificate of participation proceeds drawn down by the District. Expenditures recorded here represent costs associated with acquiring and constructing additions to the high school, middle school and a multipurpose fitness center.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, food service and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The internal service fund is used to account for the medical, surgical, and dental benefits provided to employees.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. The District's agency fund accounts for student activity programs.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund is included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of fund cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service activities.

The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the internal service fund and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available for advance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on long term debt and capital lease obligations which is recorded when due and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employer resignations and terminations. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the internal service fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$245,496 which includes \$54,866 assigned from other District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors or laws of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents legally required to be set-aside by the District for capital improvements, the purchase of textbooks and instructional material and to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 18 for additional information regarding set-asides.

I. Capital Assets

The District's only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	4 - 8 years

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees after ten years of current service with the District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include activities for music and athletic programs, federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, textbook and instructional materials, budget stabilization, prepaid assets, and capital improvements.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute. The reserve for set-asides represents money required to be set-aside by statute for textbooks and budget stabilization. See Note 18 for additional information regarding set-asides.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the statement of activities. The District had no such transactions for fiscal year 2006.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level. Any revisions that alter the total of any object appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the internal service fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

Prior Period Adjustment

The District had erroneously reported the useful lives of several capital assets in prior years, which led to a prior period adjustment for a correction of error. The District corrected the useful lives of several capital assets for fiscal year 2005, which changed the accumulated depreciation amounts and resulted in the capital asset balances at June 30, 2005 being overstated.

	Governmental Activities
Net Assets at June 30, 2005	\$17,647,658
Overstatement of Capital Assets	(566,456)
Adjusted Net Assets at June 3, 2005	\$17,081,193

New GASB Pronouncement

For fiscal year 2006, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries," GASB Statement No. 46, "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation" and GASB Statement No. 47, "Accounting for Termination Benefits." The implementation of GASB Statement No. 42, 46 and 47 had no effect on the disclosure requirements or the prior period fund balances of the District.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2006, the Internal Service Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$116,113. Also, Management Information System Fund had \$417 deficit. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. The District is currently monitoring user charges to see if an increase in rates in the Internal Service Fund is necessary.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis)
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Mat	Changa	in	Fund	Balance
met	Change	Ш	runa	Darance

	General
Budget Basis	(\$309,346)
Adjustments: Revenue Accruals	(38,499)
Expenditure Accruals	(115,993)
Encumbrances	543,990
GAAP Basis	\$80,152

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions or other units or agencies of this state or its political subdivision;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 9. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposits accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligation, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of all the District deposits were \$9,457,930. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2006, \$9,547,005 of the District's bank balance of \$9,647,005 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of all the respective depository banks and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. While the District's fiscal year runs from July through June, first half collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Property tax revenue received during the calendar year 2006 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar year 2006 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31, of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at varying percentages of true value and on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are paid by taxpayers annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31, unless extended; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20, unless extended. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Beginning in fiscal year 2006, the District began receiving personal property loss reimbursement from the State. These payments are being received due to the scheduled elimination of personal property taxes over the next several years.

The District receives property taxes from Ross County. The Ross County Auditor periodically advances to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by each county by June 30, 2006 are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2006 were \$326,265 for the General Fund, \$6,410 for the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund and \$34,254 for the Bond Retirement Nonmajor Debt Service Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second- Half Collections		2006 First - Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$131,380,470	78.13%	\$135,348,710	77.59%
Public Utility	10,905,520	6.49%	11,719,620	6.72%
Tangible Personal Property	25,872,070	15.38%	27,378,410	15.69%
Total Assessed Value	\$168,158,060	100.00%	\$174,446,740	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$32.60		\$32.60

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2006 follows:

	Restated Balance at June 30, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$137,750	\$0	\$0	\$137,750
Construction in Progress	845,051	1,740,900	0	2,585,951
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	982,801	1,740,900	0	2,723,701
Depreciable Capital Assets:		0		
Land Improvements	403,353		0	403,353
Building and Improvements	14,975,299	0	0	14,975,299
Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Textbooks	1,996,756	136,531	(55,034)	2,078,253
Vehicles	1,241,522	68,466	0	1,309,988
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	18,616,930	204,997	(55,034)	18,766,893
Total Capital Assets	19,599,731	1,945,897	(55,034)	21,490,594
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Land Improvements	(67,708)	(18,022)	0	(85,730)
Building and Improvements	(2,390,763)	(295,916)	0	(2,686,679)
Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Textbooks	(1,000,883)	(192,491)	54,734	(1,138,640)
Vehicles	(972,956)	(73,433)	0	(1,046,389)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,432,310)	(579,862)	54,734	(4,957,438)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	14,184,620	(374,865)	(300)	13,809,455
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$15,167,421	\$1,366,035	(\$300)	\$16,533,156

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular Instruction	\$190,183
Special Instruction	24,580
Support Services:	
Pupils	8,736
Instructional Staff	30,822
Administration	31,359
Fiscal	8,870
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	71,610
Pupil Transportation	116,414
Central	52,152
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	25,980
Extracurricular Activities	19,156
Total Depreciation	\$579,862

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance for property and fleet insurance and for boiler and machinery coverage. Insurance coverage provided includes the following:

Building and Contents (\$2,500 deductible)	\$24,329,667
Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	No Limit
Automobile Liability (\$1000 deductible)	1,000,000
General Liability: Per occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	1,000,000

During fiscal year 2006, the District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District pays this annual premium to the OSP. (See Note 17).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The types and amounts of coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan are as follows:

General Liability: Bodily Injury and Property Damage - Each Occurrence Limit and	
Sexual Abuse Injury - Each Sexual Abuse Offense Limit	\$1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury - Each Offense Limit	1,000,000
Fire Damage - Any One Event Limit	500,000
Medical Expense - Any One Person Limit	10,000
Medical Expense - Each Accident Limit	10,000
General Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Products - Completed Operations Limit	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability Endorsement: Employee Benefits Injury - Each Offense Limit	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Injury - Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employer's Liability and Stop Gap Endorsement: Bodily Injury by Accident - Each Accident Limit	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease - Endorsement Limit	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease - Each Employee Limit	1,000,000
Educational Legal Liability Coverage (\$2,500 deductible): Errors and Omissions Injury Limit	1,000,000
Errors and Omissions Injury Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employment Practices Injury Limit	1,000,000
Employment Practices Injury Aggregate Limit	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant decrease in insurance coverage from last year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

For fiscal year 2006, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover costs of administering the program.

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$199,304 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2006, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the fiscal year are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2005	\$167,167	\$1,278,331	\$1,270,366	\$175,132
2006	175,132	1,612,495	1,588,323	199,304

NOTE 10 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u>

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statue Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853, or by visiting the SERS website at ohsers.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$159,335, \$147,189, and \$127,360, respectively; 50.00 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$79,667 represents the unpaid contributions for fiscal year 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a costsharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$667,398, \$655,467, and \$590,753, respectively; 83.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$8,970 made by the District and \$16,457 made by the plan members.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis. STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$51,338 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000 and STRS Ohio had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees which household income falls below the poverty level.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. For the District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$78,966.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), were \$178,221,113 and the target level was \$267.3 million. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million. SERS has approximately 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. There is no limit of sick leave accumulation for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-third of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 60 days for all employees. Teachers earn an additional \$50 for each accumulated sick day in excess of 180 days as additional severance pay.

B. Special Termination Benefit

The Board of Education approved a special termination benefit program. All individuals who give written notice of their intent to retire on or before March 1 of the year they intend to retire shall receive an additional \$1,000 in their final paycheck.

C. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance to most employees through Safeco.

D. Deferred Compensation

The District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u>

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 for its governmental activities were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2006	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: 1997 School Improvement Bonds, 5.45%					
Term Bonds	\$2,995,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,995,000	\$0
Serial Bonds 3.60% - 7.45%	940,000	0	165,000	775,000	175,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	3,935,000	0	165,000	3,770,000	175,000
Other Long-Term Obligations:		_			
Capital Leases	66,915	0	22,030	44,885	16,951
Certificate of Participation	3,472,000	0	115,000	3,357,000	120,000
Compensated Absences	528,115	212,517	75,233	665,399	43,038
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$8,002,030	\$212,517	\$377,263	\$7,837,284	\$354,989

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

1997 School Improvement Bonds - In July 1997, the District issued \$4,990,000 of voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing a new high school building. \$1,995,000 was issued as serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.60% to 7.45%. \$2,995,000 was issued as term bonds with an interest rate of 5.45%. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period, with final maturity December 1, 2019. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2019 (fiscal year 2020) are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, in the fiscal years and respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2011	\$230,000
2012	245,000
2013	260,000
2014	280,000
2015	290,000
2016	310,000
2017	325,000
2018	335,000
2019	355,000
2020	365,000

Term bonds maturing on December 1, 2019 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date at the option of the issuer on or after December 1, 2007, as follows:

Redemption Dates (Dates Inclusive)	Redemption Prices
December 1, 2007 through November 30, 2008	101%
December 1, 2008 and thereafter	100%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the School Improvement Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Term Bonds	Serial Bonds	Interest	Total
2007	\$0	\$175,000	\$212,128	\$387,128
2008	0	190,000	200,850	390,850
2009	0	200,000	186,322	386,322
2010	0	210,000	171,050	381,050
2011	230,000	0	156,960	386,960
2012-2016	1,385,000	0	573,477	1,958,477
2017-2020	1,380,000	0	154,235	1,534,235
Totals	\$2,995,000	\$775,000	\$1,655,022	\$5,425,022

The following table represents the payments required on the Certificate of Participation for the amount outstanding at June 30, 2006:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total Payment
2007	\$289,702
2008	\$289,648
2009	\$290,294
2010	\$289,588
2011	\$289,578
2012-2016	\$1,443,988
2017-2021	\$1,436,384
2022-2024	\$858,952
Total	\$5,188,134
Less: Amount representing interest	(\$1,831,134)
Total Principal Outstanding	\$3,357,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> (Continued)

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund and the Public School Support Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service, Title VI-B, Chapter I, and Safe and Drug Free School Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.

The District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,466,150 with an unvoted debt margin of \$147,068 at June 30, 2006.

The certificate of participation obligation relates to the construction of additions and improvements to the high school and middle school and the athletic facility. The District is leasing the project from the Columbus Airport Authority. The Columbus Airport Authority has assigned US Bank as trustee. US Bank deposited \$3,575,000 in the District's name with the escrow agent for the construction projects, in fiscal year 2005. During 2006, the District requested all of the funds previously held by the escrow agent. The District makes semi annual payments to US Bank. Interest rates are based on a calculation of the TBMA Index. The certificate is renewable annually and expires in 2025. The intention of the District is to renew the certificate annually. The payments for this debt will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

General capital assets consisting of copier equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$126,564. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in fiscal year 2006 totaled \$22,030 in the governmental funds. The assets acquired through capital lease as of June 30, 2006, are as follows:

	Asset	Accumulated	Net Book
	Value	Depreciation	Value
Copier Equipment	\$126,564	\$90,591	\$35,973

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total Payments
2007	\$25,711
2008	19,020
2009	15,384
2010	2,056
Total	62,171
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(17,286)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$44,885

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 15 - CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, the District had contractual purchase commitments relating to the construction of additional classrooms. The amount for each project is as follows:

Contractor	Project	Purchase Commitments	Amounts Paid as of June 30, 2006	Amounts Remaining on Contracts
J & H Reinforcing & Structural	General Construction	\$1,354,291	\$1,334,838	\$19,453
Brenmar Construction	Plumbing	69,985	69,927	58
Mechanical Construction Company	HVAC	331,348	331,348	0
Dalmatian Fire Protection	Fire Protection	19,700	16,412	3,288
Micromann Inc.	Technology	82,216	80,441	1,775
Total		\$1,857,540	\$1,832,966	\$24,574

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. South Central Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Vinton, Jackson, Gallia, Pickaway, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers, plus a representative of the fiscal agent. The District paid SCOCA \$37,693 for services provided during the year.

Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Career and Technology Center, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

B. Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center

The Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of eleven representatives from the various City and County Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Center provides vocational instruction to students in both Pickaway and Ross Counties. To obtain financial information write to the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ben Van Horn, who serves as Treasurer, at 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow

The Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow is a regional council of governments (the "Council") consisting of twelve city, local and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the board of education) of each of the members. The Council possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601. The District paid \$100 to the Council for services provided during the year.

D. Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center

The Pilasco-Ross Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center which represents Lawrence, Pike, Ross and Scioto Counties. The SERRC selects its own governing board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

The SERRC is governed by a Board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, Joint Vocational Schools, Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Shawnee State University, and Ross-Pike, Lawrence and South Central Ohio Educational Service Centers, whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. The fiscal agent for the SERRC is Dawson-Bryant Local School District. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Donald Washburn, Director of Pilasco-Ross, at the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center, 411 Court Street, Portsmouth, Ohio 45622

E. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of fourteen members. The Board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within the county. The Council provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Council is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain and equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Council. The District paid \$300 to the Coalition for services provided during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 17 - CLAIMS SERVICING AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

A. Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Medical Mutual. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Westfall Local School District, Scott Glandon, who serves as Treasurer, at 19463 Pherson Pike, Williamsport, Ohio 43164.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Ohio School Plan

The District belongs to the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to approximately 400 Ohio schools ("Members").

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan is deemed a separate legal entity. The Plan provides property, general liability, educator's legal liability, automobile and violence coverages, modified for each member's needs. The Plan pays judgements, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member's specific deductible.

The Plan issues its own policies and reinsures the Plan with reinsurance carriers. Only if the Plan's paid liability loss ratio exceeds 65% and is less than 80% does the Plan contribute to paid claims. (See the Plan's audited financial statements on the website for more details.) The individual members are responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

The Plan's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004 (the latest information available):

	2005	2004	
Assets	\$952,191	\$850,065	
Liabilities	213,419	509,558	
Members' Equity	\$738,772	\$340,507	

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio School Plan at the Plan's website, www.ohioschoolplan.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the District was no longer required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be retained for budget stabilization or spent for specified purposes. This amount is shown as Reserved for Budget Stabilization on the balance sheet in the amount of \$23,060.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital improvements and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization	Total
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$80,927	\$0	\$23,060	\$103,987
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	230,262	230,262	0	460,524
Offsets	0	(75,073)	0	(75,073)
Qualifying Disbursements	(115,798)	(89,132)	0	(204,930)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$195,391	\$66,057	\$23,060	\$284,508
Set-aside Reserve Balance Carried Forward to FY 07	\$195,391	\$66,057	\$23,060	\$284,508

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

A lawsuit has been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals has agreed with the Corporation and the case has been appealed by the Tax Commissioner to the Ohio Supreme Court. The school District receives a significant amount of property tax from the Corporation. Should the Corporation prevail in the Supreme Court, it may be entitled to a refund from the School District based on the lower assessment rate beginning from tax year 2001. The amount of the refund is estimated to be approximately \$11,808 per year. A portion of the refund may be recovered from additional State entitlement payments.

ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Program	049544-05-PU-2005 049544-05-PU-2006	10.553 10.553	\$ 2,731 25,280 28,011	\$ -	\$ 2,731 25,280 28,011	\$ - -
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program Total National School Lunch Program	LL-P4-2005 LL-P4-2006	10.555 10.555	15,442 100,797 116,239	- - -	15,442 100,797 116,239	
Food Donation Program (See Note "B")	N/A	10.550	-	39,620	-	39,620
TOTAL U.S.DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE- Child Nutrition Cluster			144,250	39,620	144,250	39,620
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education	049544-C1-S1-2005	84.010	-		12,418	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049544-C1-S1-2006	84.010	84,098 84,098	-	70,278 82,696	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States Total Special Education Grants to States	049544-6B-SF-2005 049544-6B-SF-2006	84.027 84.027	916 304,040 304,956	- - -	44,976 256,514 301,490	<u>-</u>
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Commnunities State Grant Safe and Drug Free Schools and Commnunities State Grant Total Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grant	049544-DR-S1-2005 049544-DR-S1-2006	84.186 84.186	579 4,793 5,372		891 4,430 5,321	
State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	049544-C2-S1-2005 049544-C2-S1-2006	84.298 84.298	4,288 4,288		1,048 3,963 5,011	
Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants Total Education Technology State Grants	049544-TJ-S1-2005 049544-TJ-S1-2006	84.318 84.318	244 1,530 1,774	- - -	2,350 1,361 3,711	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	049544-TR-S1-2005 049544-TR-S1-2006	84.367 84.367	49,210 49,210		10,960 44,878 55,838	<u>-</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			449,698		454,067	
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 593,948	\$ 39,620	\$ 598,317	\$ 39,620

The accompanying notes to the schedule are an intergral part of this schedule

ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Zane Trace Local School District Ross County 946 State Route 180 Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Zane Trace Local School District, Ross County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 30, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 30, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

35 N. Fourth St. / Second Floor / Columbus, OH 43215 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Zane Trace Local School District
Ross County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 30, 2006



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Zane Trace Local School District Ross County 946 State Route 180 Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Zane Trace Local School District, Ross County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Zane Trace Local School District, Ross County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. In a separate letter to the District's management dated December 30, 2006, we reported other matters related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

35 N. Fourth St. / Second Floor / Columbus, OH 43215 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Zane Trace Local School District
Ross County
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to
Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with
OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

December 30, 2006

ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster (CFDA #10.553, 10.555) Title VI-B Special Education Grants to State Agencies (CFDA #84.027)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2006

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2005-001	Finding repaid under audit for monies due but not collected from fundraiser for 8 th grade trip.	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

ZANE TRACE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ROSS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 15, 2007