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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Carroll County District Board of Health Carroll County P. O. Box 98 301 Moody Avenue SW Carrollton, Ohio 44615

To the District Board of Health:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carroll County District Board of Health, Carroll County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Carroll County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, TANF, Public Health Nursing and Septic Funds for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 17, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Carroll County District Board of Health Carroll County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 17, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Carroll County District Board of Health's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2006, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- \$ The total net cash assets of the District decreased \$127,270, which represents a 44.51% increase over fiscal year 2005.
- \$ General cash receipts accounted for \$209,486 or 22.28% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$730,784 or 77.72% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- \$ The District had \$1,067,540 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$730,784 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) of \$209,486 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major funds are the general fund, the TANF subsidy fund, the public health nursing fund and the septic fund. The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$219,137 in 2006. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$267,547 in 2006. The general fund's cash balance decreased \$48,410 from 2005 to 2006.
- \$ The TANF subsidy fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$134,861 in 2006. The TANF subsidy fund had cash disbursements of \$143,862 in 2006. The TANF subsidy fund cash balance decreased \$9,001 from 2005 to 2006.
- \$ The public health nursing fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$127,900 and other financing sources of \$80,000 in 2006. The public health nursing fund had cash disbursements of \$224,211 in 2006. The public health nursing fund cash balance decreased \$16,311 from 2005 to 2006.
- \$ The septic fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$72,001 in 2006. The septic fund had cash disbursements of \$55,126 in 2006. The septic fund cash balance increased \$16,875 from 2005 to 2006.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there are four major governmental funds. The general fund is the largest major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis answer the question, how did we do financially during 2006? These statements include *only net assets* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net cash assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including TANF subsidy, public health nursing, septic, and general government.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis can be found on page 11-12 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the TANF Subsidy Fund, the Public Health Nursing Fund, and the Septic Fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 8.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the Net Assets and fund cash balances or changes in Net Assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statements for the General Fund, the TANF Subsidy Fund, the Public Health Nursing Fund, and the Septic Fund are presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash assets for 2006 and 2005.

Net Cash Assets

	Governmental Activities2006			Governmental Activities 2005		
<u>Assets</u>						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	158,668	\$	285,938		
Total assets		158,668		285,938		
Net Assets						
Restricted		95,937		101,776		
Unrestricted		62,731		184,162		
Total net assets	\$	158,668	\$	285,938		

The total net cash assets of the District decreased \$127,270, which represents a 44.51% decrease over fiscal year 2005.

The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash assets of \$62,731 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net cash assets for fiscal year 2006 and 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Cash Assets

	Governmental Activities 2006	Governmental Activities 2005		
Cash Receipts:				
Program cash receipts:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 331,021	\$ 279,100		
Operating grants and contributions	399,763	453,893		
Total program cash receipts	730,784	732,993		
General cash receipts:				
Taxes	157,776	157,776		
Unrestricted grants	8,018	7,874		
Other	43,692	30,755		
Total general cash receipts	209,486	196,405		
Total cash receipts	940,270	929,398		
Cash Disbursements:				
Salaries	502,136	458,453		
Supplies	109,663	70,901		
Equipment	17,380	31,076		
Contracts - Repairs	2,940	199		
Contracts - Services	107,193	101,673		
Rentals	44,895	41,141		
Travel	22,646	14,513		
Fringe Benefits	158,405	127,007		
Advertising and printing	2,131	4,980		
Remittance to State	23,981	15,846		
Other	76,170	62,412		
Total cash disbursements	1,067,540	928,201		
Change in net cash assets	(127,270)	1,197		
Net cash assets at beginning of year	285,938	284,741		
Net cash assets at end of year	\$ 158,668	\$ 285,938		

Governmental Activities

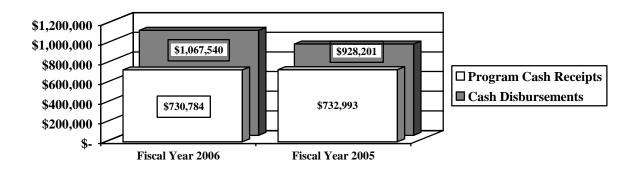
Governmental cash assets decreased by \$127,270 in 2006 from 2005.

Salaries represent the largest expenditure of the District. In 2006, salary cash disbursements totaled \$502,136, or 47.17% of total governmental cash disbursements. Salary expenditures were supported by \$171,084 in direct charges to users for services.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2006 and 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities - Program Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements

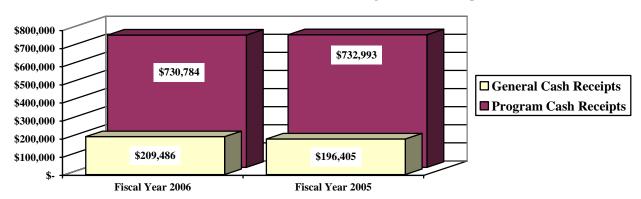


	T 	Total Cost of Services 2006		Net Cost of Services 2006		Total Cost of Services 2005		Net Cost of Services 2005
Cash disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries	\$	502,136	\$	134,313	\$	458,453	\$	98,634
Supplies		109,663		44,166		70,901		(5,689)
Equipment		17,380		4,578		31,076		3,809
Contracts - Repairs		2,940		461		199		(966)
Contracts - Services		107,193		42,176		101,673		26,737
Rentals		44,895		20,294		41,141		25,509
Travel		22,646		8,885		14,513		1,784
Fringe benefits		158,405		40,313		127,007		9,582
Advertising and printing		2,131		671		4,980		1,668
Remittance to state		23,981		13,631		15,846		8,635
Other		76,170		27,268		62,412		25,505
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,067,540	\$	336,756	\$	928,201	\$	195,208

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 31.54% and 21.03% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2006 and 2005, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$158,668, which is \$127,270 below last year's total of \$285,938. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance December 31, 2006		Fund Cash Balance December 31, 2005		ncrease Decrease)
Major Funds:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 <u> </u>
General	\$	28,812	\$	77,222	\$ (48,410)
TANF Subsidy		626		9,627	(9,001)
Public Health Nursing		9,063		25,374	(16,311)
Septic		61,770		44,895	16,875
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		58,397		128,820	 (70,423)
Total	\$	158,668	\$	285,938	\$ (127,270)

General Fund

The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$219,137 in 2006. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$267,547 in 2006. The general fund's cash balance decreased \$48,410 from 2005 to 2006.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

	 2006 Amount	 2005 Amount	Percentage Change	
Cash Receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 157,776	\$ 157,776	-	%
Intergovernmental	8,018	7,874	1.83	%
Charges for services	14,784	13,563	9.00	%
Other	 38,559	 26,546	45.25	%
Total	\$ 219,137	\$ 205,759	6.50	%

Cash receipts from 2005 and 2006 remained comparable. Overall cash receipts increased \$13,378 during 2006.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	 2006 Amount	2005 amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>	
Cash Disbursements				
Salaries	\$ 29,618	\$ 23,375	26.71	%
Supplies	1,667	965	72.75	%
Equipment	730	246	196.75	%
Contracts - Services	5,305	3,653	45.22	%
Rentals	21,774	30,600	(28.84)) %
Travel	6,923	4,130	67.63	%
Fringe benefits	6,059	4,686	29.30	%
Advertising and Printing	247	-	100.00	%
Remittances to state	7,821	8,126	(3.75)) %
Other	 17,871	 16,909	5.69	%
Total	\$ 98,015	\$ 92,690	5.74	%

Although the percentage of change for all expenditure items was significant the actual dollar amount change is not significant. Salaries and Fringe benefits expenditure changes are a direct result of personnel changes within the District. Overall, cash disbursements increased \$5,325 from 2005.

TANF Subsidy Fund

The TANF subsidy fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$134,861 in 2006. The TANF subsidy fund had cash disbursements of \$143,862 in 2006. The TANF subsidy fund cash balance decreased \$9,001 from 2005 to 2006.

Public Health Nursing Fund

The public health nursing fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$127,900 and received transfers in of \$80,000 during 2006. The public health nursing fund had cash disbursements of \$224,211 in 2006. The public health nursing fund cash balance decreased \$16,311 from 2005 to 2006.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

Septic Fund

The septic fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$72,001 in 2006. The septic fund had cash disbursements of \$55,126 in 2006. The septic fund cash balance increased \$16,875 from 2005 to 2006.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budget basis receipts of \$101,149 were more than original budget estimates of \$52,649. Actual cash receipts of \$219,137 were more than final budget estimates by \$117,988. The final budgetary basis disbursements of \$107,594 were increased \$3,084 from original budget estimates. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$269,720 were \$162,126 more than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had equipment disbursements of \$17,380 during fiscal year 2006.

Debt Administration

The District does not have any long-term obligations at December 31, 2006.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Valerie Wohlwend, Fiscal Officer, Carroll County District Board of Health, 301 Moody Ave, P.O. Box 98, Carrollton, OH 44615.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2006

	 vernmental activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 158,668
Total assets	 158,668
Net assets:	
Restricted for:	
Other purposes:	
Public health nursing	9,063
Septic	61,770
Food service	15,148
General environment	9,956
Unrestricted	 62,731
Total net assets	\$ 158,668

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Net (Cash Disbursements) Cash Receipts and Changes in Net Cash

				Program (Chang	Changes in Net Cash Assets		
	Cash Disbursements		Operating Charges for and Services Contributions		and	Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:								
Current:				.=				
Salaries	\$	502,136	\$	171,084	\$	196,739	\$	(134,313)
Supplies		109,663		36,966		28,531		(44,166)
Equipment		17,380		4,618		8,184		(4,578)
Contracts - Repairs		2,940		2,119		360		(461)
Contracts - Services		107,193		9,673		55,344		(42,176)
Rentals		44,895		10,269		14,332		(20,294)
Travel		22,646		3,848		9,913		(8,885)
Fringe Benefits		158,405		59,802		58,290		(40,313)
Advertising and printing		2,131		832		628		(671)
Remittances to State		23,981		7,666		2,684		(13,631)
Other		76,170		24,144		24,758		(27,268)
Totals	\$	1,067,540	\$	331,021	\$	399,763	\$	(336,756)
		l Cash Receipts and other taxes le						
	Gener	al purposes						157,776
		and entitlements no						8,018
	Miscella	aneous						43,692
	Total ge	eneral cash receipts	S					209,486
	Change	in net cash assets.						(127,270)
	Net cas	h assets at beginn	ing of	year				285,938
	Net cas	h assets at end of	year .				\$	158,668

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND CASH FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2006

		General		ANF bsidy		ic Health ursing		Septic	Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Cash assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,812	\$	626	\$	9,063	\$	61,770	\$	58,397	\$	158,668
	Φ		Φ		Φ.		φ		Ф.		Φ	
Total assets	<u> </u>	28,812	<u> </u>	626	<u> </u>	9,063	<u> </u>	61,770	<u> </u>	58,397	<u> </u>	158,668
Fund cash balances: Reserved for encumbrances	\$	2,173	\$	15	\$	1,721	\$	887	\$	8,727	\$	13,523
General fund		26,639		- 611		7,342		60,883		- 49,670		26,639 118,506
Total fund cash balances	\$	28,812	\$	626	\$	9,063	\$	61,770	\$	58,397	\$	158,668

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	General	TANF Subsidy	Public Health Nursing	Septic	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash receipts:						
Taxes	\$ 157,776	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,776
Intergovernmental	8,018	134,861	-	-	285,222	428,101
Fees, licenses and permits		-	-	72,001	85,462	157,463
Charges for Services	14,784	-	127,886	-	10,568	153,238
Other	38,559		14		5,119	43,692
Total cash receipts	219,137	134,861	127,900	72,001	386,371	940,270
Cash disbursements:						
Current:						
Salaries	29,618	92,594	111,479	34,313	234,132	502,136
Supplies	1,667	4,260	36,160	4,183	63,393	109,663
Equipment	730	-	1,000	-	15,650	17,380
Contracts - Repairs	-	-	328	421	2,191	2,940
Contracts - Services	5,305	-	7,768	-	94,120	107,193
Rentals	21,774	9,076	1,422	1,394	11,229	44,895
Travel/Expense	6,923	6,809	2,038	413	6,463	22,646
Fringe benefits	6,059	25,675	46,385	11,989	68,297	158,405
Advertising and printing	247	_	1,394	-	490	2,131
Remittances to State	7,821	_	375	-	15,785	23,981
Other	17,871	5,448	15,862	2,413	34,576	76,170
Total cash disbursements	98,015	143,862	224,211	55,126	546,326	1,067,540
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over						
(under) cash disbursements	121,122	(9,001)	(96,311)	16,875	(159,955)	(127,270)
(ander) cash case are and an area.		(2,001)	(20,011)	10,070	(103,300)	(127,270)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in	-	-	-	-	51,602	51,602
Advances out	(51,602)					(51,602)
Transfers in	-	-	80,000	-	37,930	117,930
Transfers out	(117,930)					(117,930)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(169,532)		80,000		89,532	
Net change in fund cash balances	(48,410)	(9,001)	(16,311)	16,875	(70,423)	(127,270)
Fund cash balances						
at beginning of year	77,222	9,627	25,374	44,895	128,820	285,938
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 28,812	\$ 626	\$ 9,063	\$ 61,770	\$ 58,397	\$ 158,668

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Budgetary basis receipts:							
Taxes	\$	37,907	\$	72,826	\$ 157,776		84,950
Intergovernmental		1,926		3,701	8,018		4,317
Charges for Services		3,552		6,824	14,784		7,960
Other		9,264		17,798	38,559		20,761
Total budgetary basis receipts		52,649		101,149	219,137		117,988
Budgetary basis disbursements:							
Current:							
Salaries		28,850		30,364	29,618		746
Supplies		2,400		3,770	1,667		2,103
Equipment		800		730	730		-
Capital outlay		7,000		180	-		180
Contracts - Repairs		500		500	-		500
Contracts - Services		4,500		8,100	5,305		2,795
Rentals		22,500		22,500	21,774		726
Travel/Expense		5,600		7,259	7,013		246
Fringe benefits		5,210		5,510	6,059		(549)
Advertising and printing		150		750	247		503
Remittances to State		12,000		9,191	9,191		-
Other		15,000		18,740	 18,584		156
Total budgetary basis disbursements		104,510		107,594	 100,188		7,406
Excess of budgetary basis receipts							
over budgetary basis disbursements		(51,861)		(6,445)	 118,949		125,394
Other financing uses:							
Advances out				-	(51,602)		(51,602)
Transfers out					 (117,930)		(117,930)
Total other financing uses	-				 (169,532)		(169,532)
Net change in fund cash balance		(51,861)		(6,445)	(50,583)		(44,138)
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		74,139		74,139	74,139		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,083		3,083	 3,083		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	25,361	\$	70,777	\$ 26,639	\$	(44,138)

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) TANF SUBSIDY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted	Amor	ınts			Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Original	Final		Actual			gative)
Budgetary basis receipts:	 						
Intergovernmental	\$ 71,384	\$	134,861	\$	134,861		
Total budgetary basis receipts	71,384		134,861		134,861		-
Budgetary basis disbursements:							
Current:							
Salaries	98,732		92,595		92,594		1
Supplies	9,756		4,260		4,260		-
Rentals	-		9,076		9,076		-
Travel/Expense	6,000		6,810		6,809		1
Fringe benefits	28,280		25,675		25,675		-
Other	 		5,463		5,463		_
Total budgetary basis disbursements	 142,768		143,879		143,877		2
Net change in fund cash balance	(71,384)		(9,018)		(9,016)		2
Fund cash balance at beginning of year	 9,627		9,627		9,627		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$ (61,757)	\$	609	\$	611	\$	2

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts						Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Budgetary basis receipts:								
Charges for Services	\$	134,803	\$	127,885	\$	127,886	\$	1
Other		15		14		14		
Total budgetary basis receipts		134,818		127,899		127,900		1
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries		119,000		111,489		111,480		9
Supplies		27,500		36,571		36,536		35
Equipment		1,500		1,000		1,000		-
Contracts - Repairs		700		360		346		14
Contracts - Services		10,000		8,300		8,268		32
Rentals		2,300		1,430		1,422		8
Travel/Expense		1,800		2,353		2,313		40
Fringe benefits		51,350		46,393		46,385		8
Advertising and printing		900		1,415		1,394		21
Remittances to State		4,000		375		375		-
Other		20,000		16,400		16,413		(13)
Total budgetary basis disbursements		239,050		226,086		225,932		154
Excess of budgetary basis receipts								
over budgetary basis disbursements		(104,232)		(98,187)		(98,032)		155
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		84,327		80,000		80,000		_
Total other financing sources		84,327		80,000		80,000		
Net change in fund cash balance		(19,905)		(18,187)		(18,032)		155
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		23,229		23,229		23,229		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,145		2,145		2,145		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	5,469	\$	7,187	\$	7,342	\$	155

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SEPTIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Budgetary basis receipts:		_				.		
Fees, licenses and pemits	\$	46,900	\$	72,000	\$	72,001	\$	1
Total budgetary basis receipts		46,900		72,000		72,001		1
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries		45,000		45,000		34,313		10,687
Supplies		6,000		6,000		4,183		1,817
Equipment		1,500		1,500		740		760
Contracts - Repairs		1,000		1,000		420		580
Contracts - Services		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Rentals		1,500		1,500		1,394		106
Travel/Expense		500		500		413		87
Fringe benefits		17,300		17,300		11,990		5,310
Advertising and printing		300		300		-		300
Other		6,000		6,000		2,560		3,440
Total budgetary basis disbursements		80,100		80,100		56,013		24,087
Net change in fund cash balance		(33,200)		(8,100)		15,988		24,088
Cash basis balance at beginning of year		44,245		44,245		44,245		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	-	650		650		650		
Cash basis balance at end of year	\$	11,695	\$	36,795	\$	60,883	\$	24,088

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Carroll County District Board of Health, Carroll County, (the "District") as a body corporate and politic. A five-member Board and a Health Commissioner govern the District. The District's services include individual water systems, food service operations, trailer parks and recreation areas for public use, public health nursing services and issues health-related licenses and permits.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

The Health District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Health District is financially accountable.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is a concept development to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts. The District classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary or fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

<u>TANF Subsidy Fund</u> - This fund receives grant money and fees to operate the program in Carroll County.

<u>Public Health Nursing Fund</u> - This fund receives subdivision tax money and fees to operate the nursing program within Carroll County.

<u>Septic Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services money to provide environmental service related to individual water systems.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for grants and other resources, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the District is responsible.

Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program.

Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Health may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board of Health's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board of Health. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Health at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

ORC Section 5705.28(C)(1) requires the Health District to file an estimate of contemplated revenue and expenses with the municipalities and townships within the Health District by about June 1 (forty-five days prior to July 15). The county auditor cannot allocate property taxes from the municipalities and townships within the district if the filing has not been made.

ORC Section 3709.28 establishes budgetary requirements for the Health District, which are similar to ORC Chapter 5705 budgetary requirements. On or about the first Monday of April the Health District must adopt an itemized appropriation measure. The appropriation measure, together with an itemized estimate of revenues to be collected during the next fiscal year, shall be certified to the county budget commission. Subject to estimated resources, the Board of Health may, by resolution, transfer appropriations from one appropriation item to another, reduce or increase any item, create new items, and make additional appropriations or reduce the total appropriation. Such appropriation modifications shall be certified to the county budget commission for approval.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources in effect when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board of Health.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the first appropriation resolution that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amount reported as the final budgeted amounts represents the final appropriations passed by the Board of Health during the year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Carroll County Treasurer is the custodian for the District's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the District's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Carroll County Treasurer, 1195 S. Lisbon Street, Carrollton, Ohio 44615.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Health District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the District (See Note 2.A.).

I. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of loans are reported as cash when received and principal and interest are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Health District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 5 and 6, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTE 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit.

Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to established and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, (latest information available), the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9.0% of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1% of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9%. The District's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2006 was 9.20%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the District's pension contributions were 12.43% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's contributions to OPERS for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$41,879; these contributions were sufficient to fulfill the requirements.

NOTE 5 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12, "Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits other than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers". A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2006 local government employer contribution rate was 13.70% of covered payroll (16.93% for public safety and law enforcement); 4.50% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (Continued)

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005, include a rate of return on investments of 6.50%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50% and 6.30% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate (4.00%) plus and an additional factor ranging from .50% to 6.00% for the next nine years. In subsequent years, (10 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4.00%.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,214 as of December 31, 2006. The City's actual employer contributions for 2006 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$20,484. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$11.1 billion. At December 31, 2005 (the latest information available), the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, is effective on January 1, 2007. OPERS took additional actions to improve the solvency of the Health care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007, which will allow additional fund to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENT LIABILITY

LITIGATION

The District is not currently involved in litigation that the District's legal counsel anticipates a loss.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Transfer From

	Transfer From
<u>Transfer To</u>	General
Public Health Nursing Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 80,000 37,930
Total	\$ 117,930

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.15.

B. Advances for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Adva</u>	Advance From			
Advance To	<u>_</u> <u>G</u>	eneral			
Nonmajor Governmental	\$	51,602			

The advances are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 8 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than a reservation of fund balance (cash).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund and major special revenue funds:

	Net Change in Fund Cash Balance										
	Public										
	General		TANF	Subsidy	Heal	th Nursing	Septic				
Cash Basis	\$	28,812	\$	626	\$	9,063	\$	61,770			
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(2,173)		(15)		(1,721)		(887)			
Budget Basis	\$	26,639	\$	611	\$	7,342	\$	60,883			

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

District Board of Health Carroll County P. O. Box 98 301 Moody Avenue SW Carrollton, Ohio 44615

To the District Board of Health:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Carroll County, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 17, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated August 17, 2007.

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Carroll County District Board of Health
Carroll County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
And on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Health. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

August 17, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH CARROLL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 29, 2008