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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Emergency Levy funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Champion Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 18, 2008

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Champion Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$115,556 which represents a 13.54% decrease from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,405,109 in revenue or 83.00% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,540,301 or 17.00% of total revenues of \$14,945,410.
- The District had \$15,060,966 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,540,301 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,405,109 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and emergency levy fund. The general fund had \$11,636,683 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,475,191 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal 2007, the general fund's fund deficit decreased \$161,223 from \$1,099,600 to a deficit of \$938,377.
- The emergency levy fund had \$2,183,460 in revenues and \$2,277,200 in expenditures. During fiscal 2007, the emergency levy fund's fund deficit balance increased \$93,740 from \$263,054 to a deficit of \$356,794.

## Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and emergency levy fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

## **Reporting the District as a Whole**

## Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

# **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

## Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and emergency levy fund.

## Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

## **Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities**

The District acts as fiduciary in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-48 of this report.

# The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

	Net Assets	
Assots	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
<u>Assets</u> Current and other assets	\$ 7,154,161	\$ 7,026,739
Capital assets, net	2,902,212	3,210,481
Total assets	10,056,373	10,237,220
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	6,761,908	6,884,508
Long-term liabilities	2,556,483	2,499,174
Total liabilities	9,318,391	9,383,682
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	1,431,666	1,623,190
Restricted	217,044	155,085
Unrestricted (deficit)	(910,728)	(924,737)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 737,982</u>	<u>\$ 853,538</u>

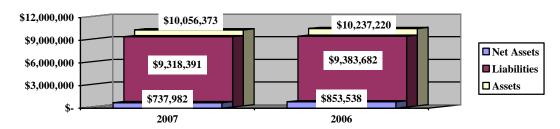
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$737,982.

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 28.86% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$1,431,666. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$217,044, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's assets, liabilities and net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.



**Governmental Activities** 

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

### Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,392,517	\$ 1,009,495
Operating grants and contributions	1,111,772	634,949
Capital grants and contributions	36,012	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,101,814	5,395,755
Grants and entitlements	7,153,457	7,754,395
Investment earnings	78,873	63,243
Other	70,965	210,843
Total revenues	14,945,410	15,068,680

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

### Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 6,389,488	\$ 6,137,878
Special	1,599,347	1,764,235
Vocational	172,689	149,691
Other	449,382	502,927
Support services:		
Pupil	615,627	574,959
Instructional staff	454,646	502,884
Board of education	45,876	62,748
Administration	1,632,661	1,602,068
Fiscal	361,334	345,990
Operations and maintenance	1,531,323	1,588,510
Pupil transportation	771,655	859,952
Central	13,152	12,532
Food service operations	438,220	407,932
Extracurricular activities	462,245	462,900
Interest and fiscal charges	123,321	95,584
Total expenses	15,060,966	15,070,790
Change in net assets	(115,556)	(2,110)
Net assets at beginning of year	853,538	855,648
Net assets at end of year	\$ 737,982	\$ 853,538

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$115,556. Total governmental expenses of \$15,060,966 were offset by program revenues of \$2,540,301 and general revenues of \$12,405,109. Program revenues supported 16.87% of the total governmental expenses.

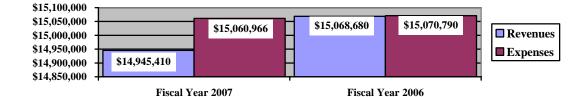
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 82.00% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,610,906 or 57.17% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2007.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

## **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

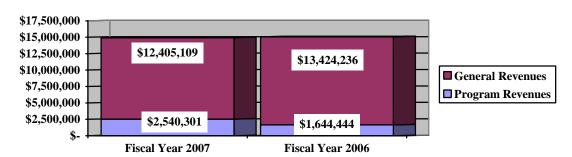
# **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 6,389,488	\$ 5,823,557	\$ 6,137,878	\$ 5,948,209	
Special	1,599,347	290,415	1,764,235	868,464	
Vocational	172,689	145,722	149,691	149,691	
Other	449,382	449,382	502,927	502,927	
Support services:					
Pupil	615,627	610,847	574,959	568,977	
Instructional staff	454,646	450,081	502,884	489,718	
Board of education	45,876	45,876	62,748	62,748	
Administration	1,632,661	1,632,661	1,602,068	1,602,068	
Fiscal	361,334	361,334	345,990	345,990	
Operations and maintenance	1,531,323	1,531,323	1,588,510	1,588,510	
Pupil transportation	771,655	755,867	859,952	859,952	
Central	13,152	7,560	12,532	6,871	
Food service operations	438,220	7,932	407,932	(22,789)	
Extracurricular activities	462,245	284,787	462,900	359,426	
Interest and fiscal charges	123,321	123,321	95,584	95,584	
Total expenses	\$ 15,060,966	\$ 12,520,665	\$ 15,070,790	\$ 13,426,346	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 77.91% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.13%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements received from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.



# **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**

# The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund deficit balance of \$1,103,608, which is less than last year's deficit of \$1,207,663. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2007	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2006	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Emergency levy Other Governmental	\$ (938,377) (356,794) 191,563	\$(1,099,600) (263,054) 154,991	\$ 161,223 (93,740) <u>36,572</u>	14.66 % (35.64) % 23.60 %
Total	\$(1,103,608)	<u>\$(1,207,663)</u>	\$ 104,055	8.62 %

# **General Fund**

The District's general fund's fund deficit decreased \$161,223. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

	2007 Amount	2006 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 3,361,052	\$ 3,251,010	3.38 %
Tuition	810,693	468,947	72.88 %
Earnings on investments	70,247	55,003	27.71 %
Intergovernmental	7,230,838	7,466,957	(3.16) %
Other revenues	162,261	248,648	(34.74) %
Total	\$ 11,635,091	\$ 11,490,565	1.26 %
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Instruction	\$ 6,108,852	\$ 6,200,434	(1.48) %
Support services	4,818,780	5,028,153	(4.16) %
Extracurricular activities	257,535	290,309	(11.29) %
Debt service	214,470	182,430	17.56 %
Total	\$ 11,399,637	<u>\$ 11,701,326</u>	(2.58) %

Tuition revenue increased \$341,746, or 72.88%, due to an increase in open enrollment. Investment earnings increased 27.71%, due to increased interest rates. Other revenues, which are made up of rentals, contributions and donations, services provided to other entities, classroom materials and fees and miscellaneous revenues decreased primarily due to decreasing revenues from local sources. Support services expenditures decreased \$209,373 from the prior fiscal year. This is due to the District's policy of increasing fund balances by decreasing spending.

## **Emergency Levy Fund**

The District's emergency levy fund's fund deficit balance increased by \$93,740. The increase in fund deficit balance can be attributed to increasing expenditures outpacing increased revenues.

## **Other Governmental Funds**

The District's other governmental funds fund balances increased \$36,572 over the prior fiscal year. This increase in fund balance can primarily be attributed to the increase in fund balance of the District Managed Student Activity Fund.

## General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2007, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,672,701, which was less than original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$11,789,908. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2007 was \$11,672,701, which were unchanged from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures and other financing uses) of \$11,641,105 were decreased to \$11,630,512 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 were unchanged from the final budgeted expenditures and other financing sources.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the District had \$2,902,212 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006:

# Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2007	2006			
Land	\$ 38,950	\$ 38,950			
Land improvements	52,802	57,240			
Building and improvements	1,915,723	2,068,293			
Furniture and equipment	612,727	700,769			
Vehicles	282,010	345,229			
Total	<u>\$ 2,902,212</u>	\$ 3,210,481			

Total additions to capital assets for 2007 were \$45,044. Depreciation expense for fiscal 2007 was \$352,981 and disposals were \$332 (net of accumulated depreciation). Overall, capital assets of the District decreased \$308,269, due to depreciation expense.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

#### **Debt** Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$1,470,546 in asbestos notes and lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$121,197 is due within one year and \$1,349,349 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the notes and lease obligations outstanding.

## **Outstanding Debt, at Year End**

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
EPA asbestos notes Capital leases	\$ 148,118 	\$ 175,048 
Total	<u>\$ 1,470,546</u>	\$ 1,587,291

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$15,516,016 with an unvoted debt margin of \$172,399.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

## **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District is often presented with challenges and opportunities. National, State and Local events often economically affect the District and the surrounding area both positively and adversely. However, the District has carefully managed its budget in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. Sound fiscal management by the Board of Education and administration has enabled the District to continue a quality, comprehensive educational program for the past twelve years without the need of additional tax levies.

The board's most recent five-year projections indicate that the District's needs would require additional levy millage, unless the State fully funds Parity Aid or provides Foundation increases in the next biennium. Salary or benefit increases would also play a major impact in the timing of any new request for additional millage.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. Our most recent State Report Card shows the district achieving an excellent score. This is also the fifth year this has been accomplished. Our District has continually scored well on the State Report Card since its inception. The budgeting and internal controls utilized by the District are well regarded as exemplified by the unqualified audit opinions that have been received. Each challenge identified in this section is viewed simultaneously as an opportunity for the District to foray down paths not previously traveled to continue its commitment to excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program. Overall, the District continues to perform at the highest level determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by a defined set of criteria.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that may have a major impact on our District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable" as defined by the State Constitution. The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. There is concern that the State may not have the ability to fully fund the previously approved subsidies for primary and secondary education in the State budget. The biennial budget approved by the State for Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007 did not prove helpful to the funding situation for the District. In spite of this, the Board is committed to upholding its levy promise to the community, and will not seek additional operating millage until all other avenues of increasing revenues or decreasing expenditures have been exhausted.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Brian Gillespie, Treasurer at 5759 Mahoning Ave. NW, Warren, Ohio 44483-1139.

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Govern Activ	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	500,677
Taxes		6,515,407
Accounts		113
Intergovernmental		83,669
Accrued interest		7,813
Prepayments.		36,240
Materials and supplies inventory		10,242
Capital assets:		
Land		38,950
Depreciable capital assets, net		2,863,262
Total capital assets.		2,902,212
1		
Total assets.		10,056,373
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable.		34,462
Accrued wages and benefits		1,012,726
Pension obligation payable.		282,379
Intergovernmental payable		96,902
Unearned revenue.		5,308,724
Accrued interest payable		26,715
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year.		436,023
Due in more than one year		2,120,460
Total liabilities		9,318,391
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt		1,431,666
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		105,141
Debt service		6,090
State funded programs		12,666
Federally funded programs		54,144
Student activities		39,003
Unrestricted (deficit)		(910,728)
Total net assets	\$	737,982

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Prog	ram Revenues	5		R (	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	harges for rvices and Sales	G	Dperating Frants and ntributions	Gr	Capital rants and atributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 6,389,488	\$ 472,592	\$	73,115	\$	20,224	\$	(5,823,557)
Special	1,599,347	432,443		876,489		-		(290,415)
Vocational	172,689	-		26,967		-		(145,722)
Other	449,382	-		-		-		(449,382)
Support services:								
Pupil	615,627	-		4,780		-		(610,847)
Instructional staff	454,646	-		4,565		-		(450,081)
Board of education	45,876	-		-		-		(45,876)
Administration	1,632,661	-		-		-		(1,632,661)
Fiscal	361,334	-		-		-		(361,334)
Operations and maintenance	1,531,323	-		-		-		(1,531,323)
Pupil transportation	771,655	-		-		15,788		(755,867)
Central	13,152	-		5,592		-		(7,560)
Food service operations	438,220	310,024		120,264		-		(7,932)
Extracurricular activities	462,245	177,458		-		-		(284,787)
Interest and fiscal charges	 123,321	 -		-		-		(123,321)
Totals	\$ 15,060,966	\$ 1,392,517	\$	1,111,772	\$	36,012		(12,520,665)

# **General Revenues:**

Droparty toyag loviad for	
Property taxes levied for:	
General fund	3,265,172
Special revenue	1,743,044
Debt service.	26,894
Capital projects	66,704
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	7,153,457
Investment earnings	78,873
Miscellaneous	 70,965
Total general revenues	 12,405,109
Change in net assets	(115,556)
Net assets at beginning of year	 853,538
Net assets at end of year	\$ 737,982

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General		Emergency Levy		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	251,003	\$	2,791	\$	246,883	\$	500,677
Taxes		4,194,959		2,200,646		119,802		6,515,407
Accounts		86		-		27		113
Accrued interest		5,455		-		2,358		7,813
Interfund loans		1,012		-		-		1,012
Intergovernmental		-		-		83,669		83,669
Prepayments		36,240		-		-		36,240
Materials and supplies inventory		966				9,276		10,242
Total assets	\$	4,489,721	\$	2,203,437	\$	462,015	\$	7,155,173
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	30,806	\$	256	\$	3,400	\$	34,462
Accrued wages and benefits		734,796		234,320		43,610		1,012,726
Compensated absences payable		144,310		115,592		-		259,902
Pension obligation payable		267,326		-		15,053		282,379
Interfund loans payable		-		-		1,012		1,012
Intergovernmental payable		73,722		18,765		4,415		96,902
Deferred revenue.		759,105		398,221		105,348		1,262,674
Unearned revenue		3,418,033		1,793,077		97,614		5,308,724
Total liabilities		5,428,098		2,560,231		270,452		8,258,781
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		151,583		2,535		8,619		162,737
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory		966		-		9,276		10,242
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation.		17,821		9,348		509		27,678
Reserved for prepayments.		36,240		-		-		36,240
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit),		,						,
reported in:								
General fund.		(1,144,987)		-		-		(1,144,987)
Special revenue funds		-		(368,677)		84,116		(284,561)
Capital projects funds		-		-		89,043		89,043
Total fund balances (deficit)		(938,377)		(356,794)		191,563		(1,103,608)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,489,721	\$	2,203,437	\$	462,015	\$	7,155,173

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances (deficit)		\$ (1,103,608)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,902,212
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 1,179,005 83,669	
Total		1,262,674
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(26,715)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Asbestos notes	148,118	
Compensated absences	826,035	
Capital lease obligations	 1,322,428	
Total		 (2,296,581)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 737,982

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Emergency Levv	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		<b>`</b>		
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 3,361,052	\$ 1,805,950	\$ 96,203	\$ 5,263,205
Tuition	810,693	-	-	810,693
Transportation fees	-	-	2,726	2,726
Charges for services.	-	-	310,024	310,024
Earnings on investments.	70,247	-	8,626	78,873
Extracurricular	79,073	-	95,659	174,732
Classroom materials and fees	-	-	32,827	32,827
Other local revenues	83,188	-	56,870	140,058
Intergovernmental - state	7,230,838	377,510	75,496	7,683,844
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	562,105	562,105
Total revenues.	11,635,091	2,183,460	1,240,536	15,059,087
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,300,909	1,840,074	141,845	6,282,828
Special.	1,169,183	-	427,115	1,596,298
Vocational	168,707	-	-	168,707
Other	470,053	-	-	470,053
Support Services:				
Pupil	607,872	-	4,847	612,719
Instructional staff	451,605	-	9,659	461,264
Board of education	45,876	-	-	45,876
Administration	1,632,904	-	-	1,632,904
Fiscal	328,722	28,867	1,543	359,132
Operations and maintenance	1,033,667	408,259	-	1,441,926
Pupil transportation	712,377	-	79,012	791,389
Central	5,757	-	7,395	13,152
Food service operations	-	-	438,178	438,178
Extracurricular activities	257,535	-	138,603	396,138
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	1,690	1,690
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	89,815	-	26,930	116,745
Interest and fiscal charges	124,655	-	-	124,655
Total expenditures	11,399,637	2,277,200	1,276,817	14,953,654
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	235,454	(93,740)	(36,281)	105,433
Other financing sources (uses):				:
Sale of capital assets	1,592	-	-	1,592
Transfers in.	-	-	75,554	75,554
Transfers (out)	(75,554)	-		(75,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(73,962)	-	75,554	1,592
Net change in fund balances	161,492	(93,740)	39,273	107,025
Fund balances (deficit) at				
beginning of year	(1,099,600)	(263,054)	154,991	(1,207,663)
Decrease in reserve for inventory	(269)	-	(2,701)	(2,970)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (938,377)	\$ (356,794)	\$ 191,563	\$ (1,103,608)

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	107,025
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Additions Depreciation expense Total	\$ 45,044 (352,981)	(307,937)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets. Disposals Accumulated depreciation on disposals	 (5,802) 5,470	
Total Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased,		(332)
however, in the statement of activities they are reported as an expense when consumed.		(2,970)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes	(161,391)	
Intergovernmental revenue Total	 46,122	(115,269)
Repayment of notes and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		116,745
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding notes, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		1,334
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental		
funds.		85,848
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(115,556)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:				(1(09.001(0))	
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 1,311,525	\$ 1,298,487	\$ 1,298,487	\$ -	
Tuition	818,833	810,693	810,693	-	
Earnings on investments	66,620	65,958	65,958	-	
Extracurricular	79,867	79,073	79,073	-	
Other local revenues	84,023	83,188	83,188	-	
Intergovernmental - State	7,303,445	7,230,838	7,230,838	-	
Total revenues	9,664,313	9,568,237	9,568,237		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,298,019	4,291,001	4,291,001	-	
Special.	1,200,340	1,264,842	1,264,842	-	
Vocational.	164,997	179,964	179,964	-	
Other	487,922	472,961	472,961	-	
Support Services:	(20, 70)	(11.741	(11.741		
Pupil	628,708	611,741	611,741	-	
Instructional staff	423,872	421,796 22,194	421,796	-	
Administration.	63,383 1,661,403	1,736,128	22,194 1,736,128	-	
Fiscal	329,837	344,091	344,091	_	
Operations and maintenance.	1,103,204	1,038,072	1,038,072	-	
Pupil transportation	792,690	746,972	746,972	-	
Central.	8,500	5,757	5,757	-	
Extracurricular activities.	324,702	344,272	344,272	-	
Facilities aquisition and construction	73,528	73,528	73,528	-	
Total expenditures	11,561,105	11,553,319	11,553,319	-	
Deficiency of revenues under					
expenditures.	(1,896,792)	(1,985,082)	(1,985,082)	-	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year expenditures	103,905	102,872	102,872	-	
Refund of prior year (receipts)		(627)	(627)	-	
Transfers (out)	(80,000)	. ,	(75,554)	-	
Advances (out)	-	(1,012)	(1,012)	-	
Sale of notes.	2,020,082	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	
Sale of capital assets.	1,608	1,592	1,592	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,045,595	2,027,271	2,027,271	-	
Net change in fund balance	148,803	42,189	42,189	-	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,997	1,997	1,997	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	18,450	18,450	18,450	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 169,250	\$ 62,636	\$ 62,636	\$ -	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMERGENCY LEVY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(	Original Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	1,697,696	\$	1,802,565	\$	1,802,565	\$	-
Intergovernmental - state		355,547		377,510		377,510		-
Total revenues.		2,053,243		2,180,075		2,180,075		-
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		1,637,032		1,747,932		1,747,932		-
Support Services:								
Fiscal		30,800		28,868		28,868		-
Operations and maintenance		418,202		411,245		411,245		-
Total expenditures		2,086,034		2,188,045		2,188,045		-
Net change in fund balance		(32,791)		(7,970)		(7,970)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,368		5,368		5,368		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,602		2,602		2,602		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(24,821)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	 Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash	
and cash equivalents	\$ 42,524
Receivables:	
Accounts	30
Total assets	\$ 42,554
Liabilities:	
Due to students	\$ 42,554
Total liabilities	\$ 42,554

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# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Champion Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District is the 331st largest in the State of Ohio (out of approximately 876 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 66 non-certificated employees and 116 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,647 students and other community members. The District currently operates 3 instructional buildings, 1 athletic building, and 1 garage.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>. The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit, the Champion School Building Corporation. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

### Champion School Building Corporation

The Champion School Building Corporation is considered a component unit of the District by virtue of meeting the criteria noted above. The corporation is a nonprofit organization with the specific purpose of purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring real estate and to construct thereon any and all public improvements, within the boundaries of the District.

## JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

#### Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the 15 participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information may be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

# INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

#### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Emergency Levy Fund</u> - The Emergency Levy special revenue fund is used to account for the accumulation of tax revenue generated by an emergency tax levy and the use of those funds.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) for the accumulation of resources for and repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

## C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

## **D.** Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> – Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2007 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Certificates of Estimated Resources issued for fiscal year 2007.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2007. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

## F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments included the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and repurchase agreements. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, the permanent improvement capital projects fund, the district managed student activities special revenue fund and the food service special revenue fund. The food service special revenue fund receives interest earnings based upon federal mandate. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2007 amounted to \$70,247, which includes \$44,073 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

# G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

#### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	15 - 30 years
Land improvements	15 - 30 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

#### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2007, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 15 years of current service with the District, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

# L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, and prepayments. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

# **M.** Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

## N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## **O.** Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

# **Q.** Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

# NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### **Deficit Fund Balances**

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
<u>Major Funds</u>	
General	\$ 938,377
Emergency Levy	356,794
Nonmajor Funds	
Management Information Systems	273
Title VI-B	10,446
Title I	3,264
Title V	20
Title II-A	4,170
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	1,012

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$149 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$100,398, exclusive of the \$433,430 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$50,000 of the District's bank balance of \$150,000 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

## C. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities <u>6 months or less</u>	
Repurchase Agreement STAR Ohio	\$ 433,430 9,224	\$ 433,430 9,224	
	\$ 442,654	\$ 442,654	

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

*Custodial Credit Risk*: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For the District's \$433,430 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

*Concentration of Credit Risk:* The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Repurchase Agreement STAR Ohio	\$433,430 <u>9,224</u>	97.92 2.08
	\$442,654	100.00

### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 100,398
Investments	442,654
Cash on hand	 149
Total	\$ 543,201
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 500,677
Agency fund	 42,524
Total	\$ 543,201

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2007 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	1,012

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

**B.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Amount
Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from:	
General fund	\$ 75,554

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

## **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property is assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$17,821 in the general fund, \$140 in the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, \$369 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund and \$9,348 in the emergency levy fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$11,056 in the general fund, \$78 in the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, \$236 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, \$236 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund and \$5,963 in the emergency levy fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 169,032,460	93.03	\$ 169,984,120	94.05	
Public utility personal	3,801,230	2.09	3,808,120	2.11	
Tangible personal property	8,869,246	4.88	6,952,673	3.84	
Total	\$ 181,702,936	100.00	\$ 180,744,913	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 44.80		\$ 44.80		

## NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Taxes	\$ 6,515,407
Accounts	113
Intergovernmental	83,669
Accrued interest	7,813
Total	\$ 6,607,002

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/06	Additions	<b>Deductions</b>	Balance 06/30/07
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 38,950	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 38,950
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	38,950			38,950
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	69,711	-	-	69,711
Buildings and improvements	7,197,807	-	-	7,197,807
Furniture and equipment	2,640,823	45,044	(5,802)	2,680,065
Vehicles	1,116,315			1,116,315
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,024,656	45,044	(5,802)	11,063,898
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(12,471)	(4,438)	-	(16,909)
Buildings and improvements	(5,129,514)	(152,570)	-	(5,282,084)
Furniture and equipment	(1,940,054)	(132,754)	5,470	(2,067,338)
Vehicles	(771,086)	(63,219)		(834,305)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,853,125)	(352,981)	5,470	(8,200,636)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,210,481	\$ (307,937)	<u>\$ (332)</u>	\$ 2,902,212

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 192,253
Special	1,382
Vocational	2,810
Support Services:	
Pupil	1,086
Instructional staff	4,573
Administration	6,703
Fiscal	1,169
Operations and maintenance	9,269
Pupil transportation	65,464
Extracurricular activities	66,107
Food service operations	2,165
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 352,981</u>

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

A. During fiscal year 2002, the District entered into a lease contract with the Champion School Building Corporation to provide new athletic facilities including stadium bleachers, field house, all-weather track and concession/restroom facilities. The Champion School Building Corporation borrowed \$1,100,000 on March 27, 2002, at an interest rate of 4.75%. On May 1, 2002, it assigned the loan to the District. The lease will be repaid in equal installments over a 20 year period, beginning December 1, 2002. Lease payments will be funded by the general fund.

Capital assets consisting of building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,100,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$275,000, leaving a current book value of \$825,000. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$40,520 and \$44,622 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2008	\$ 85,141
2009	85,142
2010	85,141
2011	85,142
2012	85,142
2013 - 2017	425,707
2018 - 2022	425,754
Total	1,277,169
Less: amount representing interest	(378,280)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 898,889

**B.** On October 29, 2004, the District entered into a \$575,000 lease-purchase agreement with the Champion School Building Corporation to finance roof construction and improvements throughout the District. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is derived from general operating revenues of the District.

Capital assets consisting of building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$575,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$86,250, leaving a current book value of \$488,750. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$49,295 and \$24,233 paid by the general fund.

A liability in the amount of the present value of minimum lease payments has been recorded in the governmental activities of the District.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the leasepurchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007.

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2008	\$ 73,528
2009	73,528
2010	73,528
2011	73,528
2012	73,528
2013 - 2014	147,055
Total	514,695
Less: amount representing interest	 (91,156)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 423,539

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
EPA asbestos notes Capital lease obligations	\$ 175,048 1,412,243	\$ - -	\$ (26,930) (89,815)	\$ 148,118 1,322,428	\$ 26,931 94,266
Compensated absences	911,883	467,636	(293,582)	1,085,937	314,826
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,499,174	\$467,636	<u>\$(410,327)</u>	\$ 2,556,483	\$ 436,023

**B.** <u>EPA Asbestos Notes</u> - In May 1995, the District issued \$484,746 in asbestos notes through the U.S. Federal Government. The notes will be retired from the debt service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The notes are interest free.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which, for the District, are primarily the general fund and the emergency levy fund.

<u>Capital Lease Obligations</u>: The District issued a capital lease for the construction of an athletic complex in fiscal year 2002. The District entered into a lease purchase agreement for roof construction and improvements during fiscal year 2005. See Note 9 for details.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the asbestos notes:

Fiscal Year Ending	Payment
2008	\$ 26,931
2009	26,931
2010	26,930
2011	26,930
2012	26,931
2013	13,465
Total	\$ 148,118

#### C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$15,516,016 (including available funds of \$140) and an unvoted debt margin of \$172,399.

## NOTE 11 - NOTES PAYABLE

On July 5, 2006, the District issued a \$1,000,000 current tax revenue note for the purpose of paying current expenses of the District in fiscal year 2007, in anticipation of current property tax revenues. This note was authorized by the Ohio Revised Code, particularly section 133.10. The note had an annual interest rate of 5.50% and matured on January 5, 2007. The note was receipted into the general fund, which made the principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2007.

On January 2, 2007, the District issued a \$1,000,000 current tax revenue note for the purpose of paying current expenses of the District in fiscal year 2007, in anticipation of current property tax revenues. This note was authorized by the Ohio Revised Code, particularly section 133.10. The note had an annual interest rate of 5.60% and matured on June 30, 2007. The note was receipted into the general fund, which made the principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2007.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### **NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified eleven or twelve month employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Vacation time is not accumulated and must be used by April 30 of each fiscal year.

Each employee is entitled to fifteen (15) days sick leave with pay each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth  $(1 \ 1/4)$  days for each calendar month under contract.

Only administrative or school support personnel accumulate vacation on the following factors:

School Support Personnel	Vacation Leave
After 1 year	10 days
9 or more years	15 days
16 or more years	20 days

The Superintendent and Treasurer each receive 25 days of vacation leave, annually.

Classified employees with five years of service in the District who elect to retire shall receive, in one lump sum payment for 33.34% up to a maximum of 60 days of their unused sick leave multiplied times the per diem rate at the time of retirement. Certified employees with five years of service in the District who elect to retire shall receive, in one lump sum payment for 20% up to a maximum of 65 days of their unused sick leave multiplied times the per diem rate at the time of retirement. The Superintendent and Treasurer receive severance based on half of their accumulated sick leave.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 235 days for all certified employees and up to 250 days for classified employees.

## NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to school employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the District contracted with the Indiana Insurance Company for property insurance with a \$1,000 deductible. Professional liability is protected by the Ohio School Plan administered by the Hylant Group with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate limit.

Vehicles are covered by the Auto Owners Insurance Company and hold \$100 and \$1,000 deductibles for comprehensive and collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 per vehicle limit of liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last ten years.

\$20,000 performance bonds are maintained for the Superintendent, Treasurer and Board President. All performance bonds are maintained by the Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

### B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

For fiscal year 2007, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund".

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### C. Health Insurance

The District has elected to provide various employee benefits through a consortium of school districts known as the Trumbull County Schools Insurance Consortium Association. The lone exception to this "Consortium" is Vision Insurance which is contracted directly through Vision Service Plan. All of the following noted premiums are paid from the fund that pays the salary of the employee so enrolled.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for Life Insurance is Medical Life Insurance Company. Coverage is \$50,000 for all certified and administrative staff and their support staff and \$40,000 for all union and non-union full time classified staff. The Superintendent is covered by a \$150,000 policy and the Treasurer is covered by \$100,000 policy. The premium is \$1.20 per \$10,000 of coverage.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for medical/surgical benefits is Medical Mutual. The District pays monthly premiums for traditional benefits of \$1,131.46 for family coverage or \$435.19 for individual coverage. Preferred Provider benefit premiums are \$1,104.36 for family coverage or \$424.76 for individual coverage per month. Health Maintenance Plan benefit premiums are \$1,115.99 for family coverage and \$429.19 for individual coverage per month. Hospitalization coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week. Premium contributions are required of specific enrollees depending upon their employee classification.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for dental benefits is Oasis Trust. A third party administrator, Coresource located in Columbus, Ohio reviews and pays claims for the Consortium. Premiums for dental coverage are \$70.72 per month per employee. Dental coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week.

Vision coverage is extended to its employees through Vision Service Plan. Premiums for vision coverage are \$14.21 per month per employee. Vision coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$165,152, \$170,006, \$168,613; 41.21% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$97,090 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### **NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$861,463, \$861,856, and \$916,047, respectively; 86.27 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$118,241 represents the unpaid pension contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$7,071 made by the District and \$19,069 made by plan members.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

### NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$66,266 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### **NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)**

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, the District paid \$84,596 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

## NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the General and Emergency Levy funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Advance-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the General fund and Emergency Levy fund are as follows:

## Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund	EmergencyGeneral FundLevy Fund	
Budget basis	\$ 42,189	\$ (7,970)	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	2,066,854	3,385	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(34,685)	(91,946)	
Net adjustment for other sources/(uses)	(2,101,233)	-	
Year-end encumbrances	188,367	2,791	
GAAP basis	\$ 161,492	\$ (93,740)	

## **NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES**

## A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

## **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2006 Current year set-aside requirement Qualifying disbursements	\$ (188,377) 253,901 (112,764)	\$ 14,564 253,901 (374,869)
Total	<u>\$ (47,240)</u>	\$ (106,404)
Balance carried forward to FY 2008	<u>\$ (47,240)</u>	<u>\$</u>

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbooks/instructional materials and capital acquisition set-aside amounts below zero. The extra amounts spent for textbooks/instructional materials may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years; however, the extra amounts spent for capital acquisition may not be carried forward.

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## FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non -Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
Food Donation Program		10.550	-	\$23,729	-	\$23,729
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program		10.553	140		140	
National School Lunch Program		10.555	105,790	-	105.790	-
Total - Nutrition Cluster			105,930		105,930	
			,			
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			105,930	23,729	105,930	\$23,729
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Cluster:						
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1-S1-06	84.010	14,774	-	28,427	-
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1-S1-07	84.010	106,029	-	95,997	-
Total - Special Education Cluster			120,803		124,424	
Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-06	84.027	20,074	-	42,061	-
Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-07	84.027	275,118	-	256,790	-
Total			295,192		298,851	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and						
Communities - State Grants	DR-S1-07	84.186	4,780	-	4,780	-
State Cropte for Innovative Drograms	C2-S1-06	84.298	(1.069)		(388)	
State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2-S1-06 C2-S1-07	84.298	(1,068) 3,428	-	(300) 3,428	-
Total	02-31-07	04.290	2,360		3,040	
Total			2,300		3,040	
Education Technology State Grants	TJ-S1-06	84.318	-	-	57	-
Education Technology State Grants	TJ-S1-07	84.318	253	-	1,265	-
Total			253		1,322	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-06	84.367	-	-	5.152	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-07	84.367	32,788	-	30,144	-
Total		01.007	32,788		35,296	
			,	-	,==0	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			456,176		467,713	
Total			562,106	23,729	\$573,643	23,729

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

## **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

## NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

## NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Champion Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 18, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

## Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Champion Local School District, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Champion Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Distrct's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 18, 2008

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I – CFDA 84.010 Nutrition Cluster – CFDA 10.553 and 10.555	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

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# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





## CHAMPION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 11, 2008

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