



CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	Under Separate Cover
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	Under Separate Cover
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	1





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Eaton Preble County 328 North Maple Street Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577

www.auditor.state.oh.us

City of Eaton
Preble County
Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We noted certain matters that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 27, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 27, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and City Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

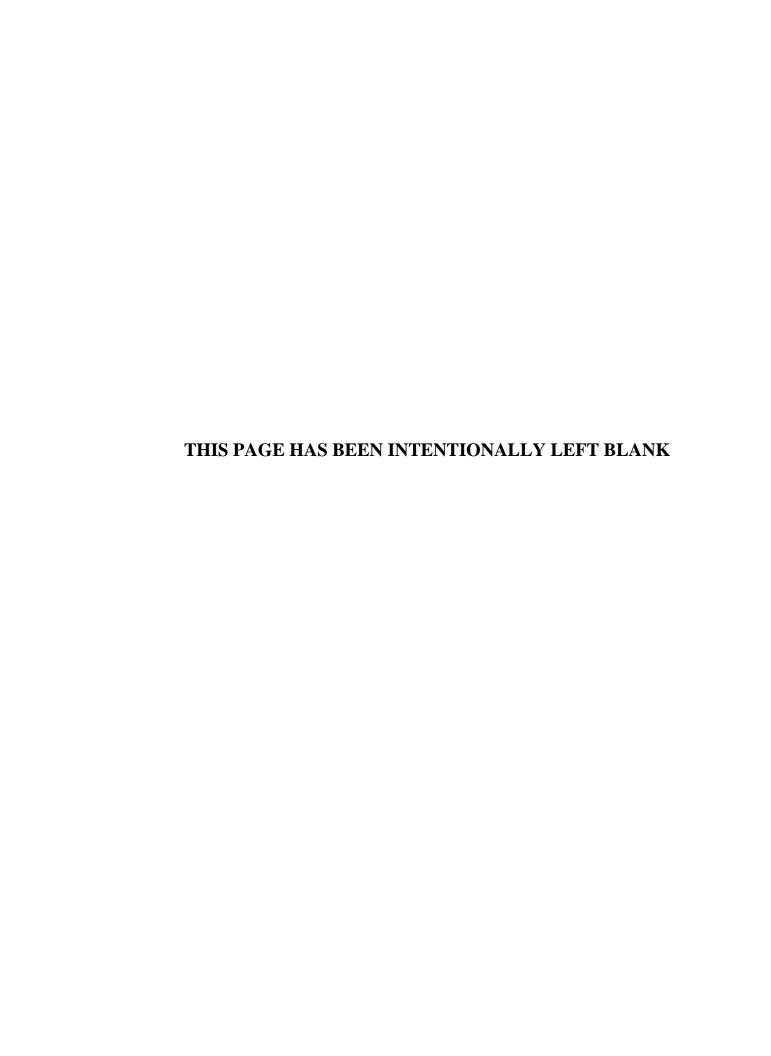
Mary Taylor

June 27, 2008

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Prepared By: Department of Finance Leslie H. Renner, Director



CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	; ;;;
Letter of Transmittal	
Listing of Principal City Officials	
Organizational Chart – City	
Organizational Chart – Department of Finance	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Accountants' Report	1 – 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14 – 15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to	1.7
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16 17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	10 – 17
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Fund	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – General Fund	48
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – Public Safety Fund	49
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – Street Construction,	·
Maintenance and Repair Fund	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	51 – 52

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

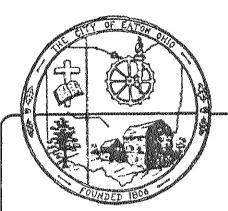
	<u>Page</u>
Supplementary Information:	
Major Governmental Funds:	
Fund Descriptions	55
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – General Fund	56 – 57
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – Public Safety	Fund 58
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – Street Constru	
Maintenance and Repair Fund	59
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis – Capital Impro	vements Fund 60
V	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	(1 (2
Fund Descriptions.	
Combined Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	64 – 67
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	60
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	70 72
Combining Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency	
Combining Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency	Tuliu /4
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Chan	iges in
Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget to Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAI	
Indigent Driver Fund	
Enforcement & Education Fund	
Law Enforcement Fund	
Computerization Upgrade Fund	
Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	
State Highway Improvement Fund	
Cemetery Fund	
Recreation Fund	78
Swimming Pool Fund	79
Robert's Bridge Fund	
Bicentennial Park Fund	80
Fort St. Clair Fund	
Small Cities Fund	
Community Housing Improvement Fund	81
Home Investment Partnership Grant Fund	82
TIF Fund.	83

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

STATISTICAL TABLES:	<u>Page</u>
Statistical Section Summary	S-1
Net Assets by Component, Last Six Fiscal Years	S-3
Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years	S-4
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-6
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-7
Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-8
Ranking of Top Ten Income Tax Withholders, Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S-9
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-10
Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-11
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	S-12
Principal Property Tax Payers, Current and Nine Years Ago	S-13
Computation of Legal Debt Margin, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-14
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-15
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt, December 31, 2007	S-16
Demographic Statistics, December 31, 2007	S-17
Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S-18
Full-Time City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-19
Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-20
Operating Indicators by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years	S-21

THIS PACE	' HAS REFN	I INTENTION	ALLVI	FFT RI	ANK



City of Eaton

328 N. MAPLE STREET P.O. BOX 27 EATON, OHIO 45320 TELEPHONE (937) 456-4125

June 30, 2008

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Eaton, Ohio

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Eaton, Ohio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 is herewith submitted. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information and data presented in the report is accurate in all material aspects and is illustrated in a manner to fairly reflect the financial position and operating results of the City for the period covered herein. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the local government's financial activities are included.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is issued under the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information.

THE CITY

William Bruce, who emigrated from Kentucky in search of desirable lands and a site for his mill, founded Eaton in 1805. He selected a site along Seven Mile Creek because of its potential for water power and platted the town into 233 lots which were recorded on February 20, 1806. The county seat of agriculturally rich Preble County, Eaton was granted the right to incorporate by the state legislature in 1836.

Following the 1960 census, the town attained a population of 5,034 to gain city status. Shortly thereafter, the citizens elected a Charter Commission that proposed the Council/Manager form of government, which was adopted on May 2, 1961.

Eaton has continued its growth and at the last official census in 2000, had a population of 8,133. Located 7 miles south of I-70 and 25 miles west of I-75, Eaton is located near the crossroads of the industrial midwest. Although Eaton has a small town/farming heritage, it has developed a strong industrial base and houses operations of a number of nationally and internationally known companies such as Neaton Auto Products, Henny Penny Corporation, Parker Hannifin Corporation, Timkin Company, and Bullen Semiconductor.

Will Alice

GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

Operating under the Council/Manager form of government, the legislative authority is vested in a five-member council. Council members are elected at-large on a nonpartisan basis to serve four-year overlapping terms, which provides continuity and stability in policy and legislative matters. Council elects annually from its members a Mayor and Vice-Mayor who serve one-year terms. The Mayor has no special powers but is given certain ceremonial responsibilities and presides at Council meetings.

The City Manager serves as the chief executive and administrative officer of the City. The Manager is responsible for all operational functions of the City and to advise Council on matters of public policy. The Charter establishes four administrative departments responsible for specific operational functions of the City. These are the Department of Public Safety, which includes the divisions of Police, Fire, Emergency Medical Services, and Building Services; the Department of Service, which includes the divisions of Public Works and Public Maintenance; the Department of Finance; and the Department of Law. The Administrative Code provides the detail of the organization of the municipal government, defines the powers and duties of each organizational unit, and determines the administrative procedures to be followed.

MUNICIPAL SERVICES

Eaton provides a full range of municipal services to its residents. The following is a summary of the services provided by each of the City's operating units.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

Division of Police: The Division of Police consists of 13 full-time sworn officers, a data management officer and five radio dispatchers, under the direction of the Chief of Police. The division provides law enforcement related service involving the protection of lives and property within the corporation limits. During 2007 the division responded to 7,052 calls. The five dispatchers received 9,171 public safety calls, of which 1,904 were 911 calls.

Division of Fire and Division of Emergency Medical Services: The Fire and EMS Divisions are separate divisions according to the City Charter, but are operated under the direction of a single chief. Many changes have been seen in the last 12 to 18 months as these emergency services have been more operational on a 24 hour basis. The Fire and EMS Divisions provide emergency medical response, fire protection and related services within the City and by contractual agreement to three surrounding townships. During 2007, the Fire Division responded to 892 calls, of which 24 were structure fires and 33 were other significant fires. They also responded to 492 medical assists with the EMS Division, 55 motor vehicle accidents, and 64 fire alarms. The EMS Division responded to 2,066 calls, resulting in the transport of 1,411 patients to a facility of higher medical care.

Division of Building Services: The Building Division consists of two full-time employees including a certified building inspector and a clerk. In addition, the City has contracts for related professional services for back-up inspectors and plan review and examination. The Ohio Board of Building Standards certifies the division, which allows the City to issue permits for commercial and industrial uses and as such has a number of contracts with area jurisdictions. In 2007, the division issued 20 permits for the construction of new single family homes, which required 170 inspections. Residential additions, garages and sheds accounted for another 56 permits and 106 inspections. There were 44 commercial/industrial permits issued for both new construction and additions which required 181 inspections. A total of 353 miscellaneous permits were issued for electrical, HVAC, sprinklers, pools, roofing, fire alarms, signs, and demolitions, which required 581 inspections. The division is also responsible for processing zoning certificates and code enforcement.

DEPARTMENT OF SERVICE

Division of Public Works: The Division of Public Works consists of 10 employees who are responsible for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment facility, two water treatment plants and over 90 miles of water distribution and sewer collection mains. The Division provides water and sewer services to approximately 3,503 residential, commercial and industrial users. In 2007 the City pumped 476.6 million gallons of water from its eight operating wells and treated 485.8 million gallons of wastewater at its Class IV advanced treatment facility.

Division of Public Maintenance: The Division of Public Maintenance includes 12 full-time employees who are principally responsible for the maintenance of the City's 41 miles of roadways, 185 acres of parks and recreational areas and all municipal owned buildings. Principal functional activities include building and equipment maintenance, snow removal, street sweeping, storm sewer maintenance, mowing, street painting, pavement repair and leaf collection.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

The Department includes the Director and three full-time clerks. Responsibilities include payroll, accounting activities, disbursements and the collection of all City funds, as well as the front service office responsibilities of maintaining the utility billing system, inputting meter readings and processing monthly service bills. The department also provides support to the City Manager in the areas of insurance administration, budget preparation and reporting. Although the City contracts with another municipality for income tax collections, the Director of Finance serves as the Income Tax Administrator and as Clerk of Council.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW

The City has an appointed full-time Law Director who serves as legal counsel to the City Manager, Council, local boards and commissions and other administrative officers of the City. The Law Director represents the City in court proceedings and is the Prosecutor in Eaton Municipal Court.

Eaton Municipal Court operations are under the direction of an elected Municipal Court Judge who appoints a Clerk of Courts who is responsible for the management of operations. In addition to the Judge and Clerk, the court employs one part-time magistrate, one full-time bailiff, three part-time bailiff/security, and six full-time deputy clerks. The court has jurisdiction in misdemeanor criminal cases, the initial stages of felony proceedings, civil actions under \$10,000, trusteeships and traffic violations. During 2007, the court handled 10,658 new and reactivated cases.

REPORTING ENTITY

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the accompanying basic financial statements present:

- 1) the primary government,
- 2) its component units, and
- 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

A component unit is an entity for which the government is considered to be financially liable. The City is not a component unit of any other entity and does not have any component units that require inclusion in the basic financial statements.

More information regarding the reporting entity may be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 1, page 23.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City began construction of the new water tower and upgrade to the Black Water Treatment Plant in 2007, and ran a new waterline to serve the tower location. Due to careful financial planning, the City will be contributing close to \$1.0 million toward this project, which reduces the overall loan amount and will lower the payments for the next 20 years. The sewer line on Hubble Street was re-lined as a part of our continuing effort to upgrade the old lines in the heart of our residential section. We also accrued funds for two major street reconstructions that will begin in the near future.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Revenues showed steady improvement in 2007, but the City is very cautious looking forward into our economic future. Our local industrial base continues to expand, but we are very aware of the bleak economic picture on our national level. Future projects and purchases will be planned carefully.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Financial Assistance: As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the government is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by grantors of the government.

Budgeting Controls: In addition, the government maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the government's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Enterprise Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the division (i.e., Police, Fire, Emergency Medical Services, Public Maintenance, and General Government) level within the General Fund and at the fund level for all other budgeted funds. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end and are carried over to the following year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the government continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The reader is asked to pay close attention to management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) found on pages 3-10 for an overview and analysis of the financial position of the City.

Debt administration: At December 31, 2007, the City had four debt issues outstanding: an Ohio Public Works Commission Issue II interest-free loan of \$468,750; bond indebtedness with U.S. Bank in the amount of \$1,057,461; bond indebtedness for \$458,343, also with U.S. Bank; and an OWDA construction loan with an outstanding balance of \$4,158,173. Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 10 1/2 percent of total assessed value of real and personal property. For further information on debt and long-term obligations, the reader is asked to refer to Note 14 found on page 44.

Cash management: Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). The City earned interest revenue of \$435,262 on all investments for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All collateral on deposits was held either by the City, its agent, a financial institution's trust department in the City's name or by pooled collateral. By law, financial institutions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of the public funds on deposit. Trustees, including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions, hold the collateral. The City regularly reviews the market value of the pool to insure that adequate collateral is being provided.

Risk management: The City employs an active risk management strategy coupled with a carefully balanced insurance protection plan to avoid undue exposure to financial liabilities relating to its operations. Each year a staff member confers with a Loss Prevention Specialist from the City's insurance agent to evaluate potential risks and to develop appropriate programs and policies to mitigate exposures. As a result, the City has an excellent "loss experience" history which has enabled it to place all insurance coverage with companies enjoying at least an "A-" Best rating.

To help maintain a favorable experience record, all claims less than \$1,000 are reviewed internally with direct payment by the City when deemed appropriate. The City and its agent, to assure validity and to reduce future exposure, monitor all claims. Through aggressive risk management the City has suffered no major losses in recent years while providing itself reasonable protection at affordable rates.

For additional detail on the City's risk management and insurance limitations, the reader is asked to refer to Note 13 found on page 43.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent audit: Included in this report is an unqualified opinion rendered on the City's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, by Auditor of State, Mary Taylor. The Auditor of State performs an independent audit and, as such, allows the reader a measure of assurance that they may rely upon the information presented in the financial statements.

Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Eaton, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Eaton, Ohio has received a Certificate of Achievement since 1985. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance and other City departments. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and members of Council of the City of Eaton, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

David A. Daily City Manager Leslie H. Renner
Director of Finance

Lesei H. Renner

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS December 31, 2007

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Bob Stonecash
Vice-Mayor Gary Wagner
Council Member Dave Kirsch
Council Member Joe Renner
Council Member Ben Maffett

Municipal Judge Paul D. Henry

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

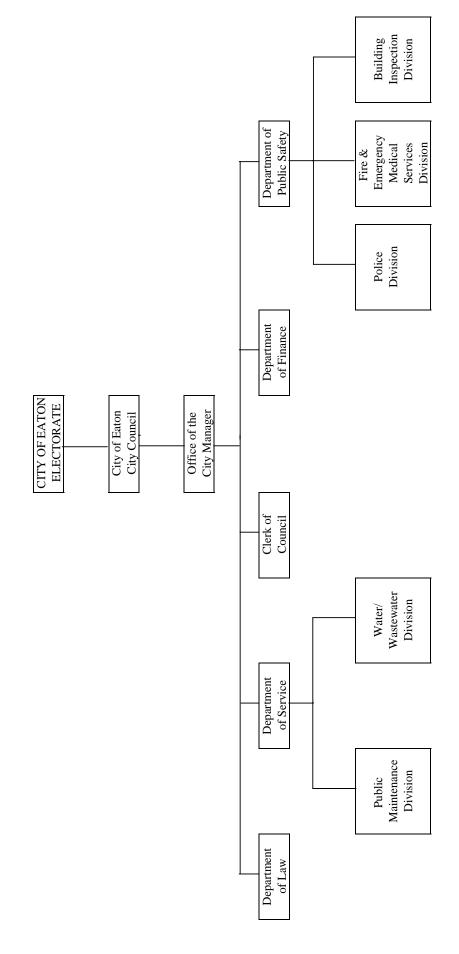
Jill N. Allen

City Manager David A. Daily

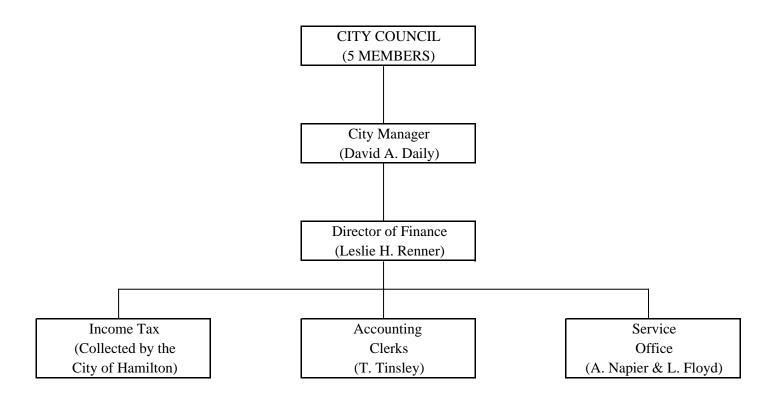
Director of Finance Leslie H. Renner

Director of Law

CITY ORGANIZATION as of December 31, 2007



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE as of December 31, 2007



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Eaton Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

Olme S. Cox President

Jeffrey R. Engr

Executive Director



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Eaton Preble County 328 North Maple Street Eaton, Ohio 45320

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eaton, Preble County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Public Safety, and Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Funds are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577 www.auditor.state.oh.us

City of Eaton
Preble County
Independent Accountants' Report
Page 2

Mary Taylor

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining non-major fund statements and schedules and statistical tables provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining non-major fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

June 27, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Eaton's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- ➤ Governmental activities reported a positive net change in net assets of \$1,278,417, an 11.98% increase.
- ➤ Business-type activities reported a positive net change in net assets of \$497,546, a 6.22% increase.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$2,553,503, which represents an increase of \$648,308, or 34.03%.
- Revenues exceeded expenditure on a budgetary basis in the General Fund by \$581,780, which increases the unencumbered cash balance to \$2.218.466.

Using this Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized to provide the reader with an overview of the City's condition as a whole and then proceed to provide a more detailed view of the City's operations.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide the overview of the whole City, with a longer-term outlook of the City's financial condition. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail, providing information on short-term activities with a focus on the City's four significant funds. The remaining non-major funds are presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

"How did the City of Eaton do financially in 2007?" The broad answer to this question can be obtained with a look at the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting methods used by private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the actual cash was received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the City's net assets and the change in those assets from the prior year. Net assets can be defined as the difference between assets and liabilities, and the measurement of this difference can be used to monitor the City's financial health. Other factors must then be considered, such as the City's property tax base, the condition of the streets and other capital assets, and the growth or decline in area businesses and residential neighborhoods.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here and include police, fire, emergency medical, public maintenance, parks and recreation, judicial, legislative, and executive.
- Business-Type Activities These services include water, sewer, refuse and parking meters.
 Service fees for these operations are charged based upon usage. The intent is that the fees are sufficient to cover the costs of operation.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14. Fund financial statements provide the detailed information about the General Fund, Public Safety Fund, Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund. The City uses many different funds, some of which are required by law and others are used to help segregate and control revenues intended for specific purposes. The City has two kinds of funds - "governmental" and "proprietary". The proprietary funds support the business-type activities.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available in the near future to finance City programs. We detail the relationship between net assets of governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, and governmental fund balances in a reconciliation on pages 15 and 17.

Proprietary Funds – City utility services for water, sewer and refuse are operated as enterprise funds. These are business-type activities that receive a significant portion of their funding from user charges. These funds are listed under the heading of "business-type activities" on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and are reported in much the same manner as the governmental funds. The reader should note that these funds are a part of the "government-wide" statements, but not a part of the "governmental funds".

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Fiduciary Funds – The City is the agent for assets that are to be remitted to private organizations or other governments. The City's role is purely custodial, in that we record the receipt and subsequent remittance to the proper entity. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 21. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 23.

The City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides a perspective of the City as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for the year ended December 31, 2007 as compared to December 31, 2006.

TABLE 1
Statement of Net Assets, December 31

		2007		2006				
	Business-			Business-				
	Governmental	Type		Governmental	Type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets:								
Current and Other								
Assets	\$ 8,430,765	3,804,626	12,235,391	7,255,327	3,086,132	10,341,459		
Capital Assets	7,153,760	9,384,156	16,537,916	7,091,941	5,112,690	12,204,631		
Total Assets	15,584,525	13,188,782	28,773,307	14,347,268	8,198,822	22,546,090		
Liabilities:								
Current and Other								
Liabilities	1,144,799	413,774	1,558,573	1,062,550	89,025	1,151,575		
Long-term Liabilities	2,487,007	4,276,560	6,763,567	2,610,416	108,895	2,719,311		
Total Liabilities	3,631,806	4,690,334	8,322,140	3,672,966	197,920	3,870,886		
Net Assets:								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
Net of Related Debt	5,169,206	5,225,983	10,395,189	4,931,849	5,112,690	10,044,539		
Restricted	4,378,405	-	4,378,405	4,033,578	-	4,033,578		
Unrestricted	2,405,108	3,272,465	5,677,573	1,708,875	2,888,212	4,597,087		
Total Net Assets	\$ 11,952,719	8,498,448	20,451,167	10,674,302	8,000,902	18,675,204		

The amount by which the City's assets exceeded its liabilities is called net assets. As of December 31, 2007 the City's net assets were \$20.45 million. Of this amount, \$10.39 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt as compared to \$10.04 in 2006. Restricted net assets, those that are subject to external restrictions, remained consistent with an increase to \$4.38 million from the \$4.03 million reported in 2006. Unrestricted net assets, the amount that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors increased from \$4.60 million in 2006 to \$5.68 in 2007. The business-type activities unrestricted net assets increased from \$2.89 million in 2006 to \$3.27 million in 2007. This increase is a reflection of user charges being collected in order to cover the costs associated with

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

operating the water and sewer systems. The governmental activities unrestricted net assets increased to \$2.41 million from \$1.71 million in 2006. This increase is largely due to the City's policy of accruing cash balances for internal financing of major purchases or construction projects.

TABLE 2
Change in Net Assets, December 31

	_		2007		2006			
			Business-	_	Business-			
		Governmental	Type		Governmental	Type		
DEVENIEG	-	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total	
REVENUES:								
Program Revenues:	φ	1 005 712	2 102 (14	4.000.226	1 255 207	2 002 277	1 217 671	
Charges for Services	\$	1,895,712	3,102,614	4,998,326	1,355,397	2,992,277	4,347,674	
Operating Grants and Contributions		216 701		216 701	245 102		245 192	
Capital Grants		316,781	-	316,781	245,183	-	245,183	
and Contributions		31,000		31,000	673,870	83,672	757,542	
General Revenues:		31,000	-	31,000	0/3,8/0	83,072	131,342	
Property Taxes		660,449		660,449	760,509		760,509	
Municipal Income Taxes		3,810,742	-	3,810,742	3,812,240	-	3,812,240	
Grants and Contributions		3,610,742	-	3,610,742	3,612,240	-	3,612,240	
not Restricted		985,586		985,586	828,139		828,139	
Investment Income		435,262	_	435,262	329,882	_	329,882	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		1,251	13,200	14,451	2,748	_	2,748	
Other Revenue		83,314	-	83,314	26,820	_	26,820	
Total Revenue		8,220,097	3,115,814	11,335,911	8,034,788	3,075,949	11,110,737	
Total Revenue		0,220,097	3,113,614	11,333,711	6,034,766	3,073,343	11,110,737	
EXPENSES:								
General Government		2,450,191	-	2,450,191	2,292,327	-	2,292,327	
Public Safety		2,580,232	-	2,580,232	2,499,063	-	2,499,063	
Public Health		154,688	-	154,688	149,790	-	149,790	
Transportation		1,249,885	-	1,249,885	1,140,312	-	1,140,312	
Community Development		349,374	-	349,374	562,329	-	562,329	
Culture and Recreation		86,872	-	86,872	105,966	-	105,966	
Water		-	1,003,774	1,003,774	-	799,655	799,655	
Sewer		-	993,485	993,485	-	997,632	997,632	
Refuse		-	620,992	620,992	-	481,251	481,251	
Other Business-Type Activities		-	17	17	-	120	120	
Interest Expense		70,438		70,438	72,797		72,797	
Total Expenses		6,941,680	2,618,268	9,559,948	6,822,584	2,278,658	9,101,242	
Change in Net Assets		1,278,417	497,546	1,775,963	1,212,204	797,291	2,009,495	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		10,674,302	8,000,902	18,675,204	9,462,098	7,203,611	16,665,709	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	11,952,719	8,498,448	20,451,167	10,674,302	8,000,902	18,675,204	

The City's net assets increased by \$1,775,963, of which \$1,278,417 is from governmental activities and \$497,546 is from business-type activities. The increase in governmental activities is largely due to the additional revenue being generated by billing insurance companies for ambulance services, even though there was a decrease in Capital Grants and Contributions due to an Issue II grant for a street widening project that was received in 2006. The City also benefited from the increase in interest rates on their invested balances. The City's total expenses for governmental activities shows a slight increase of \$119,906 from 2006, spread evenly among the City's activities, and reflects a moderate cost of living and inflationary increase. In the business-type activities, charges for services saw a modest increase of 3.7%. The Water Fund saw a 25.5% increase in operating expenses as they began a major expansion project

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

with the construction of a new water tower and treatment plant upgrade. The Refuse Fund saw an increase of 29.0% in operating expenses as the City continues work on the reconstruction of a closed landfill.

Governmental Activities

The two functions that have the greatest amount of expense are Public Safety and General Government. Public Safety includes the Divisions of Police, Fire, and Emergency Medical Services. In addition to the revenue received for charges for services, which are those fees paid by the neighboring townships for fire and ambulance service, the Public Safety Division receives a .5% income tax that is voted on by the taxpayers triennially. Allowing for one-third of the municipal income tax dollars, or \$1,234,652, to be credited to the Public Safety program, we see that more than 50% of the net expense of \$1,861,745 is paid by this tax levy. General Government, the next highest function, includes all administrative activities, City Council, Municipal Court, and facility maintenance. This function costs taxpayers \$1,395,958.

Business-Type Activities

Overall, the City's business-type activities generated \$3.10 million in operating revenues, which more than covered the cost of doing business of \$2.62 million. Fees for usage are increased as necessary to cover the costs of these essential services.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

TABLE 3

<u>Total and Cost of Program Services</u>

For the Year Ended December 31

		200)7	2006		
	_	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
		of Service	of Service	of Service	of Service	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIE	S:	_		<u>.</u>		
General Government	\$	2,450,191	(1,395,958)	2,292,327	(1,423,156)	
Public Safety		2,580,232	(1,861,745)	2,499,063	(1,859,789)	
Public Health		154,688	(143,497)	149,790	(140,689)	
Transportation		1,249,885	(1,249,885)	1,140,312	(1,012,747)	
Community Development		349,374	92,278	562,329	31,012	
Culture and Recreation		86,872	(68,942)	105,966	(69,968)	
Interest Expense		70,438	(70,438)	72,797	(72,797)	
Total Expenses	\$	6,941,680	(4,698,187)	6,822,584	(4,548,134)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

		200)7	2006		
	_	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Water	\$	1,003,774	381,951	799,655	537,033	
Sewer		993,485	142,670	997,632	224,627	
Refuse		620,992	(41,374)	481,251	32,506	
Other Business-Type Activities		17	1,099	120	3,125	
Total Expenses	\$	2,618,268	484,346	2,278,658	797,291	

As of the date of this report, there are no known facts or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the City's financial position or results of operations for either governmental activities or proprietary activities.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The balance sheet for the City's major governmental funds is reflected on pages 14-15. These funds are reported using a modified accrual basis of accounting, allowing for a reasonable comparison to last year balances. Total governmental fund balances are \$6.52 million, of which \$6.31 million is unreserved. Revenues and expenditures are reflected on pages 16-17. The net change in fund balances is \$1,067,844.

The General Fund balance increased by \$648,308, caused by a modest increase in charges for services and investment income.

Fund balance in the Public Safety Fund increased by \$380,643 to \$1,118,373; due to a full year of billing insurance companies for ambulance services.

The Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund is reported as a major fund again this year due to the accrual of the gas tax. This tax, based on gasoline sales, is up due to the increase in gas prices.

The Capital Improvement Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$47,794.

Governmental fund expenditures showed an increase over 2006 of \$362,230, or 5.35%. This slight increase was due to the increase in expenditures related to the acquisition of capital assets.

The proprietary funds showed a net operating income of \$484,346. The Water Fund is currently involved in a major expansion project and the Sewer Fund will be looking at a major expansion project, so we have been setting aside funds toward these projects. User fees have been increased in both the Water and Sewer Funds to pay for the debt service that will be needed for the expansion of these facilities. This is in keeping with the philosophy that a proprietary fund be treated as a business-type activity.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

There were no unexpected variances within the General Fund budget or budget to actual statements. The General Fund's actual revenues were enhanced due to earnings on investments in the amount of \$424,271 and large increased receipts in charges for services for municipal income taxes of \$1,059,090.

Expenditure variances were related to the "holding" amounts and equipment accrual line items. These amounts, by their nature, were not spent nor were they intended to be. Therefore, the favorable variances for the expenditures were expected.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

At December 31, 2007, the City has invested in land, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and equipment with amounts totaling \$7.15 million and \$9.38 million in governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Table 4 shows December 31, 2007 balances compared to December 31, 2006 amounts. Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 9.

TABLE 4
Capital Assets, December 31

	_		2007		2006			
			Business-			Business-		
	_	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total	
Land	\$	820,439	579,892	1,400,331	820,439	579,892	1,400,331	
Construction in Progress		35,482	4,057,478	4,092,960	156,094	-	156,094	
Infrastructure		2,662,887	-	2,662,887	2,376,841	-	2,376,841	
Buildings		3,951,937	5,427,971	9,379,908	3,951,937	5,427,971	9,379,908	
Equipment		4,635,774	6,889,360	11,525,134	4,339,823	6,398,591	10,738,414	
Less: Accumulated								
Depreciation		(4,952,759)	(7,570,545)	(12,523,304)	(4,553,193)	(7,293,764)	(11,846,957)	
Totals	\$	7,153,760	9,384,156	16,537,916	7,091,941	5,112,690	12,204,631	

Overall, capital assets increased approximately \$4.33 million from December 31, 2006. The increase in capital assets related primarily to the construction of progress related to the construction of a new water tower and the renovation of the main water treatment plant.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At December 31, 2007, the City's debt consisted of the following loan obligations:

<u>Issue</u>	Rate %	<u>Issued</u>	Maturity	Outstanding
Issue II	0.0%	7-1-1997	1-1-2020	\$ 468,750
TIF Loan	3.56%	5-1-2005	4-20-2014	\$ 458,343
Eaton Municipal Court				
Facility Bond	4.69%	3-5-2004	3-1-2018	\$ 1,057,461
OWDA Loan	2.75%	1-1-2007	1-1-2027	\$ 4,158,173

Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 10 1/2 percent of total assessed value of real and personal property. As of December 31, 2007, the City has no general obligation bonded debt.

On January 1, 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of a new 1.5 million gallon water tower and the renovation of the main water treatment plant. This loan was approved for eligible project costs for an amount not to exceed \$5,247,302 at an interest rate of 2.75%, payable in semi-annual installments for 20 years. Established as a draw loan during the construction phase, the final loan will be determined at the completion of the project. As of December 31, 2007, the City had drawn \$3,841,525.

The City's overall legal debt margin at December 31, 2007 was \$18,228,074. See Note 15 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more detailed information on long-term debt of the City.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional information, contact Leslie Renner, Finance Director, City of Eaton, 328 North Maple Street, P.O. Box 27, Eaton, Ohio 45320.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2007

	Governmental		Business-Type	
A CONTINU.	_	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:	Ф	c 102 042	2.051.001	0.045.644
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,193,843	3,051,801	9,245,644
Investments		10,000	-	10,000
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		1.550.620		1.550.620
Taxes		1,558,630	-	1,558,630
Accounts		4,144	491,723	495,867
Special Assessments		119,588	-	119,588
Accrued Interest		10,623	-	10,623
Due from Other Governments		474,336	317,703	792,039
Internal Balances		56,601	(56,601)	-
Materials and Supplies Inventory		3,000	-	3,000
Capital Assets:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land		820,439	579,892	1,400,331
Construction in Progress		35,482	4,057,478	4,092,960
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,297,839	4,746,786	11,044,625
Total Assets	\$	15,584,525	13,188,782	28,773,307
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	239,571	406,254	645,825
Accrued Wages and Benefits	Ψ	74,053	7,520	81,573
Due to Other Governments		81,250	-,520	81,250
Accrued Interest Payable		19,795	_	19,795
Unearned Revenue		730,130	_	730,130
Noncurrent Liabilities:		750,150		750,150
Due Within One Year		231,622	11,839	243,461
Due In More Than One Year		2,255,385	4,264,721	6,520,106
Due in More Than One Tea		2,233,363	4,204,721	0,320,100
Total Liabilities		3,631,806	4,690,334	8,322,140
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,169,206	5,225,983	10,395,189
Restricted for:				
Public Safety		1,181,930	-	1,181,930
Indigent Driver		50,784	-	50,784
Computerization Upgrade		10,881	-	10,881
Special Project		184,477	-	184,477
Streets and Highways		244,724	-	244,724
Capital Improvement		2,695,609	-	2,695,609
Perpetual Care:				
Nonexpendable		10,000	-	10,000
Unrestricted		2,405,108	3,272,465	5,677,573
Total Net Assets	\$	11,952,719	8,498,448	20,451,167

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

						Net (Expense) Revenue and			
			Program Revenues			Changes in Net Assets			
			Character for	Operating	Capital	C1	D		
F/D/D		F	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	T-4-1	
<u>Functions/Programs:</u> Governmental Activities:	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	2,450,191	1,054,233			(1.205.059)		(1,395,958)	
Public Safety	Ф	2,430,191	711,487	7,000	-	(1,395,958) (1,861,745)		(1,861,745)	
Public Salety Public Health		2,380,232 154,688	11,487	7,000	-				
Transportation		1,249,885	-	-	-	(143,497) (1,249,885)		(143,497) (1,249,885)	
•				295,751	31,000				
Community Development Culture and Recreation		349,374	114,901	,	*	92,278		92,278	
		86,872	3,900	14,030	-	(68,942)		(68,942)	
Interest Expense		70,438				(70,438)		(70,438)	
Total Governmental Activities		6,941,680	1,895,712	316,781	31,000	(4,698,187)		(4,698,187)	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		1,003,774	1,385,725	-	-		381,951	381,951	
Sewer		993,485	1,136,155	-	-		142,670	142,670	
Refuse		620,992	579,618	-	-		(41,374)	(41,374)	
Other Business-Type Activities		17	1,116	-	-		1,099	1,099	
Total Business-Type Activities		2,618,268	3,102,614				484,346	484,346	
Total	\$	9,559,948	4,998,326	316,781	31,000	(4,698,187)	484,346	(4,213,841)	
		neral Revenue	s:						
	-	Γaxes:							
		Property Taxe							
		General Pur	rposes			591,086	-	591,086	
		Cemetery				50,337	-	50,337	
		Community	Development			19,026		19,026	
	Municipal Income						-	3,810,742	
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs						985,586	-	985,586	
	I	nvestment Inco	ome			435,262	-	435,262	
	(Gain on Sale of	Capital Assets			1,251	13,200	14,451	
	(Other Revenue				83,314		83,314	
Total General Revenues					5,976,604	13,200	5,989,804		
Change in Net Assets				1,278,417	497,546	1,775,963			
Net Assets, Beginning of Year					10,674,302	8,000,902	18,675,204		
	Ne	t Assets, End o	of Year		\$	11,952,719	8,498,448	20,451,167	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

A SCIPTIC.	_	General Fund	Public Safety Fund	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair	Capital Improvement Fund
ASSETS:	ф	2 474 000	1.006.560	60.021	2 212 702
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,474,009	1,026,568	68,921	2,313,703
Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		-	-	-	-
Taxes		896,283	276,167		326,910
Accounts		3,239	270,107	-	320,910
		3,239	-	-	110 500
Special Assessments Accrued Interest			-	-	119,588
Due from Other Governments		10,608	10.622	217.512	-
Due from Other Funds		224,366	- , -	217,312	-
		147,088	-	-	-
Materials and Supplies Inventory		3,000	-	-	-
Total Assets	\$	3,758,593	1,313,357	286,433	2,760,201
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	167,793	22,942	10,093	31,476
Accrued Wages and Benefits		46,898	19,434	2,842	4,248
Accrued Compensated Absences		-	4,910	-	-
Due to Other Governments		65,877	15,373	_	_
Due to Other Funds		17,822	33,195	17,874	26,811
Unearned Revenue	-	906,700	99,130	186,632	238,542
Total Liabilities	-	1,205,090	194,984	217,441	301,077
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		9,200	2,639	-	190,948
Materials and Supplies Inventory		3,000	-	-	-
Prepaid Items		=	-	-	-
Permanent Fund		-	-	-	-
Unreserved, Undesignated:					
General Fund		2,541,303	-	-	-
Capital Projects Fund		-	-	-	2,268,176
Special Revenue Funds	•		1,115,734	68,992	
Total Fund Balances		2,553,503	1,118,373	68,992	2,459,124
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,758,593	1,313,357	286,433	2,760,201

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2007

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	6,521,375
310,642 10,000	6,193,843 10,000	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
59,270	1,558,630			
905	4,144	Capital assets used in governmental		
-	119,588	activities are not financial resources and		
15	10,623	therefore are not reported in the funds.		7,153,760
21,836	474,336			
17,822	164,910	Other long-term assets are not available to		
<u> </u>	3,000	pay for current period expenditures and		
		therefore are unearned in the funds.		779,476
420,490	8,539,074			
7,267 631 - - 12,607 78,602	239,571 74,053 4,910 81,250 108,309 1,509,606	Long-term liabilities, including Issue II loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Issue II Loans Payable TIF Loans Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences	_	(468,750) (458,343) (1,057,461) (19,795) (497,543)
		Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ _	11,952,719
	202 797			
-	202,787 3,000			
-	3,000			
10,000	10,000			
10,000	10,000			
_	2,541,303			
(7,174)	2,261,002			
318,557	1,503,283			
	,,			
321,383	6,521,375			
420,490	8,539,074			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	_	General Fund	Public Safety Fund	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair	Capital Improvement Fund
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	591,086	-	-	-
Municipal Income Taxes		1,041,479	1,234,652	-	1,427,827
Intergovernmental Revenue		568,513	7,000	386,146	-
Charges for Services		28,417	707,787	2,169	-
Licenses and Permits		159,219	-	730	-
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		740,422	-	-	-
Special Assessments		-	-	-	25,144
Investment Income		434,777	=	=	=
Other Revenue		57,082	1,275		
Total Revenues		3,620,995	1,950,714	389,045	1,452,971
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		1,335,140	45,359	-	135,686
Public Safety		1,116,917	1,308,471	-	-
Public Health		27,129	-	-	-
Transportation		109,129	-	449,081	443,443
Community Development		238,791	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	_	-	-
Capital Outlay		57,465	216,241	-	793,548
Debt Service:					
Principal		-	-	-	37,500
Interest	•	<u>-</u>			
Total Expenditures	-	2,884,571	1,570,071	449,081	1,410,177
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures	•	736,424	380,643	(60,036)	42,794
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		318	-	-	5,000
Transfers In		-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		(88,434)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	(88,116)	-	<u> </u>	5,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		648,308	380,643	(60,036)	47,794
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,905,195	737,730	129,028	2,411,330
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,553,503	1,118,373	68,992	2,459,124

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Nonmajor	Total			
Governmental	Governmental			
Funds	Funds			
69,363	660,449			
-	3,703,958	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,067,844
378,085	1,339,744	Total Title Change in Tanto Balances Softman Tanto	Ψ.	1,007,011
17,930	756,303	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
=	159,949	statement of activities are different because:		
293,688	1,034,110			
-	25,144	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
485	435,262	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
24,957	83,314	assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
		depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation		
784,508	8,198,233	exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
		Capital Asset Additions		590,309
		Current Year Depreciation		(524,423)
		Current run Boprovinion		(02.,.20)
335,707	1,851,892			
100	2,425,488			
127,559	154,688	Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the		
29,244	1,030,897	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		
-	238,791	liabilities in the statement of net assets.		175,538
88,466	88,466			
32,433	1,099,687			
		Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the		
138,038	175,538	extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement		
70,260	70,260	of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This		
		is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets.		
821,807	7,135,707	Gain on the disposal of capital assets		(4,067)
(37,299)	1,062,526	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
		financial resources are not reported as revenues on the funds.		20,613
-	5,318			
88,434	88,434	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
	(88,434)	require the use of current financial resources and therefore are		
		not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
88,434	5,318	Compensated Absences		(47,219)
		Accrued Interest Payable		(178)
51,135	1,067,844			
_				
270,248	5,453,531			
		Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,278,417
321,383	6,521,375			

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2007

		Water	Sewer & Sewer Disposal	Refuse	Non-Major Enterprise Fund	Total
ASSETS:	_					
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,557,500	1,338,241	151,539	4,521	3,051,801
Receivables:						
Accounts		209,230	179,892	102,551	50	491,723
Due from Other Governments		317,663	40			317,703
Total Current Assets		2,084,393	1,518,173	254,090	4,571	3,861,227
Capital Assets:						
Land		532,271	30,500	17,121	-	579,892
Construction in Progress		4,057,478	-	-	-	4,057,478
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,536,282	3,210,504			4,746,786
Total Capital Assets		6,126,031	3,241,004	17,121		9,384,156
Total Assets	\$	8,210,424	4,759,177	271,211	4,571	13,245,383
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	328,168	19,728	58,358	-	406,254
Accrued Wages and Benefits		3,273	3,553	694	-	7,520
Due to Other Funds		24,215	26,428	5,958		56,601
Total Current Liabilities		355,656	49,709	65,010		470,375
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Accrued Compensated Absences		53,270	54,337	10,780	-	118,387
Loan Payable		4,158,173				4,158,173
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,211,443	54,337	10,780		4,276,560
Total Liabilities		4,567,099	104,046	75,790		4,746,935
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,967,858	3,241,004	17,121	-	5,225,983
Unrestricted		1,675,467	1,414,127	178,300	4,571	3,272,465
Total Net Assets		3,643,325	4,655,131	195,421	4,571	8,498,448
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	8,210,424	4,759,177	271,211	4,571	13,245,383

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Water	Sewer & Sewer Disposal	Refuse	Non-Major Enterprise Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:	_					
Charges for Services	\$	1,385,725	1,136,155	579,618	1,116	3,102,614
Total Operating Revenues		1,385,725	1,136,155	579,618	1,116	3,102,614
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel Services		235,402	265,786	49,551	-	550,739
Fringe Benefits		118,367	132,157	27,156	-	277,680
Contractual Services		338,912	98,190	441,322	17	878,441
Materials and Supplies		111,079	79,498	1,008	-	191,585
Utilities		76,361	154,382	1,695	-	232,438
Other Operating Expenses		35,575	-	100,260	-	135,835
Depreciation		88,078	263,472			351,550
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,003,774	993,485	620,992	17	2,618,268
Operating Income (Loss)		381,951	142,670	(41,374)	1,099	484,346
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:						
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		13,200			-	13,200
Total Non-Operating Revenues		13,200				13,200
Change in Net Assets		395,151	142,670	(41,374)	1,099	497,546
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		3,248,174	4,512,461	236,795	3,472	8,000,902
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	3,643,325	4,655,131	195,421	4,571	8,498,448

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	_	Water	Sewer & Sewer Disposal	Refuse	Non-Major Enterprise Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,379,687	1,131,686	573,232	1,485	3,086,090
Cash Paid for Personnel and Benefits		(348,791)	(394,964)	(74,981)	-	(818,736)
Cash Paid to Goods and Services		(568,014)	(340,220)	(521,443)	(137)	(1,429,814)
Other Operating Expenses		(575)				(575)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		462,307	396,502	(23,192)	1,348	836,965
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		13,200	-			13,200
Loan Proceeds		3,841,525	-			3,841,525
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(4,034,486)	(271,882)			(4,306,368)
Net Cash Used by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities		(179,761)	(271,882)			(451,643)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		282,546	124,620	(23,192)	1,348	385,322
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		1,274,954	1,213,621	174,731	3,173	2,666,479
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	1,557,500	1,338,241	151,539	4,521	3,051,801
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	381,951	142,670	(41,374)	1,099	484,346
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation		88,078	263,472	_	_	351,550
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		00,070	203,472			331,330
Accounts Receivable		(5,833)	(4,429)	(6,386)	369	(16,279)
Due from Other Governments		(316,853)	(40)	-	-	(316,893)
Accounts Payable		309,986	(8,149)	22,842	(120)	324,559
Accrued Wages & Benefits		53	(44)	181	-	190
Accrued Compensated Absences		4,925	3,022	1,545		9,492
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	462,307	396,502	(23,192)	1,348	836,965

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2007

	_	Agency Fund
ASSETS: Due from Other Governments	\$	4,093
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable	\$	4,093

THIS PAGE HAS BI	EEN INTENTIONA	ALLY LEFT BLANK

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Eaton (the City) is a municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio, which operates under its own charter. The City was incorporated on July 1, 1961 and operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The council members are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. Council elects one of their members to serve as Mayor annually. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before council. Council appoints the City Manager, Director of Finance and Director of Law. The City Manager appoints all department managers of the City.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Eaton, this includes public safety (police, fire and emergency rescue), highway and streets, sanitation, water distribution, parks and recreation, public improvements, community development, building and zoning, public health and welfare, and general administrative services. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organizations. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no blended or discretely presented component units at December 31, 2007.

Mound Hill Union Cemetery is a jointly governed organization established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 759.27 through 759.48 to unite in the establishment and management of the cemetery. The Board of Cemetery Trustees consists of three members; one member from the City of Eaton Council, one member from the Washington Township Board of Trustees, and the third member appointed by the other two members. The City has no significant influence on operations. This organization does not meet the reporting entity criteria of generally accepted governmental accounting principles and, accordingly, is not included in the accompanying basic financial statements. Additional information is located in Note 17.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Eaton have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the "doubling up" of revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation that contains a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Agency funds report only assets and liabilities; therefore, do not have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the Charter and legislation of the City of Eaton and/or the general laws of the State of Ohio.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> – The public safety fund accounts for 1/2% income tax revenues that is approved by the voters of the City every three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund</u> – The street construction, maintenance & repair funds is required by the Ohio Revised Code and accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – The capital improvement fund accounts for that portion of municipal income tax designated by Council for the purpose of improving, constructing, maintaining, and purchasing those items necessary to enhance the operation of the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – To account for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users of the City and some residents of the County.

<u>Sewer & Sewer Disposal Fund</u> – To account for sanitary services provided to the residents and commercial users of the City.

<u>Refuse Fund</u> – To account for the collection and disposal of refuse by the City.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. The agency fund accounts for receipts to be transferred to the County Law Library. The City's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, fees and rentals.

Unearned Revenue/Deferred Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2007, but which were levied to finance year 2008 operations, have been recorded as unearned revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled in order to provide improved cash management. For presentation on the combined statement of cash flows the enterprise fund portions of pooled cash and investments is considered a cash equivalent because the City is able to withdraw revenues from these funds without prior notice or penalty. All invested funds are pooled so they are available for withdrawal at any time.

During fiscal year 2007, investments of the City were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2007. The fair value of the City's investment in the STAR Ohio pool is equal to its position in the pool.

For purposes of presentation on the statement of net assets/balance sheet, investments with an original maturity of three months or less and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Materials and Supplies Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. There was no change in the supplies inventory from 2006 to 2007.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of enterprise capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Systems15-45 yearsInfrastructure20 yearsEquipment3-15 years

H. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and are eliminated from the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

I. Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at fiscal year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after three years of accumulated service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for compensated absences when the liability for the employee has matured or is due. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. At December 31, 2007, there was \$4,910 of accrued compensated absences that were recognized in the fund financial statements. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they mature or are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, encumbrances and materials and supplies inventories are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for wastewater treatment, water and sewer services, and collection and disposal of refuse. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

N. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In November 2006, the GASB issued Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations." This statement is to establish accounting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2007. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 had no impact on these financial statements.

In May 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures." This statement is to amend Statements 25 and 27 and requires defined benefit pension plans to present additional information related to note disclosures or RSI. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2007. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 had no impact on these financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

In June 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets." This statement is to establish accounting and reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce inconsistencies, thereby enhancing the comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 had no impact on these financial statements since the City already included easements, computer software and other intangible assets in their capital assets.

In November 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments." This statement is to improve the quality of financial reporting by requiring endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value, creating consistency among similar entities. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2008. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 52 had no impact on these financial statements.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

State statutes require the classification of monies held by the City into three categories.

Active Monies – Those monies required to be kept in "cash" or "near-cash" statues for the immediate use of the City. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Monies – Those monies not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested as certificate of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim Monies – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested in legal securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. By Ohio law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds on deposit with that specific institution. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions. At December 31, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$6,494,318 and the bank balance was \$6,799,579. Of the bank balance, \$686,704 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$75,381 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's agent in the City's name and \$6,037,494 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

Pursuant to the City Charter, the City is authorized to invest funds, in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code, in bonds or notes guaranteed by the United States, bonds or obligations of the State of Ohio, the State Treasurer's investment pool or deposits in eligible institutions. Maturities must be less than two years.

Interest rate risk – The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. In practice, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maximum maturity of its investment portfolio to approximately two years.

Credit Risk – It is the City's practice to limit its investments to those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, to STAR Ohio (rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's), or to high yield cash investments with authorized banks which pledge pooled securities as collateral.

Concentration of credit risk – The City places no limit on the amount that it may invest with any one issuer.

At December 31, 2007, the City's only investment was amounts on deposit with STAR Ohio, with a fair value of \$2,761,324, which is included in the "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" amount on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied against all real, public utilities and tangible (used in business) property located in the City.

Revenues from property taxes are used by the City pursuant to state statutes for General Fund operations and as a partial provision for payment of accrued police and fire pension costs.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% (10 mills) of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's Share is .460% (4.6 mills) of assessed value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Real property and public utility taxes collected during 2007 were levied in October 2006 on assessed values listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. One-half of these taxes were due in February 2007, with the remaining balance due in July 2007.

Tangible personal property taxes collected during 2007 had a lien and levy date of December 31, 2006. One-half of these taxes were due by April 30, 2007, with the remaining balance due in September 2007. Personal property revenue recognized represents those taxes levied for and due within the fiscal year, and collected within 60 days after fiscal year end.

Assessed values on real property are established by state law at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years with equalization adjustments in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2007. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property as well as land and improvements at taxable value (approximately 88% of cost). Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The assessed value for 2006 upon which the 2007 levy was based was approximately \$179,048,330. The assessed value for 2007 upon which the 2008 levy was based was approximately \$173,600,700.

The Preble County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts including the City of Eaton. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semi-annual basis.

NOTE 6 – INCOME TAXES

Municipalities within the State of Ohio are permitted by state statute to levy an income tax up to a maximum rate of 1% subject to the approval of the local legislative body. Any rate in excess of 1% requires the approval of a majority of the eligible voters residing within the municipal corporation. The city income tax of 1.5% is levied, by ordinance. One percent (1%) of the tax is levied indefinitely and .5% was renewed by the voters of the City in November 2007. The .5% tax will expire December 31, 2010. This tax is applicable to substantially all income earned within the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this withholding quarterly. Corporations, partnerships, and self-employed individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually with the City. Residents of the City are required to pay City income taxes on income they earn outside the City; however, credit is allowed for all income taxes paid to other municipalities.

The City has a contract with the City of Hamilton, Ohio which collects income taxes for the City of Eaton for a fee equal to three and one-half percent (3 1/2%) of the gross income tax proceeds in any one year, with a \$2,500 minimum charge.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2007 consisted of current and delinquent property taxes, special assessments, accounts, intergovernmental grants, accrued interest on investments and interfund transactions. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of State programs. A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

		Amount
Governmental Activities:		_
Local Government and Local Government Revenue Assistance	\$	144,813
Reimbursements		46,817
Homestead and Rollback		36,182
Gasoline and Excise Tax		192,229
Motor Vehicle License Fees		42,919
Public Safety		10,622
Other	. <u>-</u>	754
Total Governmental Activities		474,336
Business-Type Activities:		
OWDA		316,648
Other	. .	1,055
Total Business-Type Activities		317,703
Total	\$	792,039

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2007, consisted of the following:

	_	Transfer From
Transfer To	_	General Fund
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	88,434
Total	\$	88,434

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

The City had no transfers that either do not occur on a regular basis or were inconsistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES (Continued)

Interfund balances at December 31, 2007, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses approved and authorized in 2007 but not made until 2008. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be paid within one year.

		Due From						
			Nonmajor					
		General	Governmental					
Due To		Fund	Funds	Total				
General Fund	\$	-	17,822	17,822				
Public Safety		33,195	-	33,195				
Street Construction, Maintenance								
& Repair		17,874	-	17,874				
Capital Improvement		26,811	-	26,811				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		12,607	-	12,607				
Water		24,215	-	24,215				
Sewer & Sewer Disposal		26,428	-	26,428				
Nonmajor Enterprise	-	5,958		5,958				
Total	\$	147,088	17,822	164,910				

THIS SPACE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

		Balance			Balance
	_	12/31/2006	Additions	Deductions	12/31/2007
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$	820,439	-	- (20 5 0 4 5)	820,439
Construction in Progress		156,094	165,434	(286,046)	35,482
		976,533	165,434	(286,046)	855,921
Capital Assets, being depreciated					
Buildings		3,951,937	-	-	3,951,937
Infrastructure		2,376,841	286,046	-	2,662,887
Furniture and Equipment		4,339,823	424,875	(128,924)	4,635,774
		10,668,601	710,921	(128,924)	11,250,598
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings		(959,275)	(111,095)	-	(1,070,370)
Infrastructure		(175,696)	(104,550)	-	(280,246)
Furniture and Equipment		(3,418,222)	(308,778)	124,857	(3,602,143)
		(4,553,193)	(524,423) *	124,857	(4,952,759)
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		6,115,408	186,498	(4,067)	6,297,839
Capital Assets, net	\$	7,091,941	351,932	(290,113)	7,153,760
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$	579,892	-	-	579,892
Construction in Progress			4,057,478		4,057,478
		579,892	4,057,478		4,637,370
Capital Assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and Systems		5,427,971	-	-	5,427,971
Furniture and Equipment		6,398,591	565,539	(74,770)	6,889,360
		11,826,562	565,539	(74,770)	12,317,331
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Systems		(3,744,057)	(150,803)	-	(3,894,860)
Furniture and Equipment		(3,549,707)	(200,748)	74,770	(3,675,685)
		(7,293,764)	(351,551)	74,770	(7,570,545)
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		4,532,798	213,988		4,746,786
Capital Assets, net	\$	5,112,690	4,271,466		9,384,156
		-	·	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 83,803
Public Safety	160,693
Transportation	101,727
Community Development	104,550
Culture and Recreation	73,650
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 524,423

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Both the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System are reported using GASB Statement No. 27 "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers". Substantially all City employees are covered by one of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, namely, the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System. Both funds provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- 1. **The Traditional Pension Plan** A cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2. **The Member-Directed Plan** A defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3. **The Combined Plan** A cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-6701 or 800-222-7377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2007, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan. The 2007 member contribution rates were 9.50% of their annual covered salary to fund pension's obligations. The employer contribution rate was 13.85% of covered payroll. The City's contributions, representing 100% of employer contributions for the periods ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$339,772, \$326,913, and \$329,949, respectively.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City of Eaton contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$167,288, \$142,473, and \$149,495, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits as well as post-retirement health care coverage to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS is considered to be an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. In 2007, local government employer units contributed at 13.85% of covered payroll. The portion of employer contributions, for all employers, allocated to health care was 5.00% from January 1 through June 30, 2007 and 6.00% from July 1 through December 31, 2007.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS.

Actuarial Review: The following assumptions and calculations were based on OPERS' latest actuarial review, performed as of December 31, 2006.

Funding Method: An entry-age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Assets Valuation Method: All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

Investment Return: The investment assumption rate for 2006 was 6.50%.

Active Employee Total Payroll: An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%.

Health Care: Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 5% for the next 8 years. In subsequent years (9 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

OPEBs are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The Traditional Pension and Combined Plans had 374,979 active contributing participants as of December 31, 2007. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2006, actuarial valuation was 362,130. The portion of City's contributions that were used to fund post-employment benefits was \$135,130. The amount of \$12.0 billion represents the actuarial value of OPERS' net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2006. The Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2006, reported the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for OPEB, based on the actuarial cost method used, at \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22, if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care cost paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing OP&F's Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to all eligible individuals.

Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 7.75% of covered payroll in 2006 and 6.75% of covered payroll in 2007. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors were required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2006, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, are 14,120 for Police and 10,563 for Firefighters. The City's annual contribution for 2007 that were used to fund postemployment benefits was \$45,284 for Police and \$10,231 for Firefighters. OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ending December 31, 2006, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$120,373,722, which was net of members contributions of \$58,532,848.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 12 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB 16, the City accrues unpaid vacation as it is earned and certain portions of sick leave pay as payment becomes probable.

Vacation is accumulated based upon length of service as follows:

	35-40 Hr/Wk Employee
Employee Service	Hours Earned/Month
0 thru 5	8.0
5 thru 10	10.7
10 thru 15	12.0
15 thru 30	13.3
Over 30 years	16.0

Appointed employees, which include all department heads and division heads, shall receive 20 days vacation per year.

No more than the amount of vacation accrued in the previous twenty-four month period can be carried forward into the next calendar year without written consent of the City Manager. Without this approval, any excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In the case of death, termination, or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for the unused vacation up to a maximum of the two-year accrual. Amounts in excess of the two-year accrual are paid currently. Therefore, the entire liability as determined by the above policy is recognized for each fund.

All employees earn sick leave at the rate of 10 hours for each month of work completed and appointed employees receive 15 days sick leave per year.

It is the policy of the City that an employee with at least three years' service who terminates employment or whose employment is terminated with the City (for other than disciplinary reasons) is entitled to receive payment on the basis of one day's pay for each two days of accrued sick leave not to exceed 120 days for a maximum of 60 days paid. Sick leave is recorded as a long-term obligation, unless there is an indication that the obligation will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources within one year (e.g. announced retirement date).

As of December 31, 2007, the accrued liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$620,840 for all funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2007, the City contracted with the Houston Casualty Insurance Company to provide conventional insurance protection.

The type of coverage and deductible for each is as follows:

Type of Coverage	Per Occurrence	<u>Deductible</u>
Property insurance	\$ 19,405,292	1,000
General liability	1,000,000/3,000,000	1,000
Police liability	1,000,000/1,000,000	2,500
Umbrella	5,000,000	2,500
Employee dishonesty	100,000	250
Crime	25,000	250
Inland marine	1,340,233	1,000
Automobile	2,760,813	1,000*

^{* \$500} for comprehensive, \$1,000 on collision

There have been no significant reductions in coverage as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years.

The City joined a workers' compensation group rating plan, which allows local governments to group the experience of employers for workers' compensation rating purposes. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries.

City employees are covered under a self-funded insurance plan carried by the City and administered through Great West Life Insurance. This plan includes medical, dental and life insurance. Vision insurance is provided by Vision Service Plan. Payments are made to the carrier by the City on behalf of the employees. The City is protected from the risk of loss in excess of specific amounts by a stop-loss insurance policy

NOTE 14 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following fund has equity fund deficit at December 31, 2007:

TIF Fund \$ 7.174

The deficits are a result of the application of GAAP. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation activity by fund type for the year ended December 31, 2007:

		Balance			Balance	Due within
	_	12/31/2006	Additions	Retirements	12/31/2007	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated Absences	\$	450,324	159,484	107,355	502,453	50,245
Issue II Loan Payable		506,250	-	37,500	468,750	37,500
Eaton Municipal Court						
Facility Bond		1,133,857	-	76,396	1,057,461	80,021
TIF - WJ/ Auk		519,985		61,642	458,343	63,856
		2,610,416	159,484	282,893	2,487,007	231,622
Business-Type Activities:						
Compensated Absences		108,895	32,680	23,188	118,387	11,839
OWDA Loan Payable			4,158,173		4,158,173	
		108,895	4,190,853	23,188	4,276,560	11,839
	\$	2,719,311	4,350,337	306,081	6,763,567	243,461

Long-term obligations of the City at December 31, 2007 are as follows:

			Final	Balance
<u>Issue</u>	Rate %	<u>Issued</u>	Maturity	Outstanding
Issue II	0.0%	7-1-1997	1-1-2020	\$ 468,750
TIF Loan	3.56%	5-1-2005	4-20-2014	\$ 458,343
Eaton Municipal Court Facility Bond	4.69%	3-5-2004	3-1-2018	\$ 1,057,461
OWDA Loan	2.75%	1-1-2007	1-1-2027	\$ 4,158,173

Compensated absences are liquidated from the fund in which the employee is paid.

On July 1, 1997, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (Issue II) for renovation of the City's downtown area. This loan was approved for a total of \$750,000 with a 0% interest rate. Proceeds were drawn down as funds were expended. As of December 31, 1999, the City had drawn down the entire \$750,000 of this loan. The repayment of this debt began in 2000. Annual required payments are \$37,500 and are paid out of the Capital Improvement Fund.

On March 5, 2003, the City issued bonds in the amount of \$1,375,000 for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the new Eaton Municipal Court Facility, including landscaping, utility and other site improvements, and furniture and equipment. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.69% per annum and mature on March 1, 2018. The 2007 debt service payment, which includes interest, was \$128,688 and was paid out of the Municipal Court Special Projects Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

On April 20, 2004, the City borrowed \$550,000 under the State of Ohio Tax Increment Financing (TIF) program for the purpose of paying costs for the extension of Washington, Jackson and Aukerman Streets. The loan carries an interest rate of 3.56% per annum and will mature on April 20, 2014. Annual debt payments, which include interest, are \$79,610 and are paid out of the TIF Fund.

On January 1, 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of a new 1.5 million gallon water tower and the renovation of the main water treatment plant. This loan was approved for eligible project costs for an amount not to exceed \$5,247,302 at an interest rate of 2.75%, payable in semi-annual installments for 20 years. Established as a draw loan during the construction phase, the final loan amount will be determined at the completion of the project. As of December 31, 2007, the City had drawn \$3,841,525. When repayment begins, the loan will be repaid from the Water Fund.

As of December 31, 2007, the City's legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional principal amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was approximately \$18.23 million. Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term governmental activities obligations outstanding at December 31, 2007 are as follows:

		Issue II	I	Eaton Mui	Court					
	_	Loan		Facili	ty Boı	nd		TIF	Loan	
	_	Principal	Pı	rincipal		Interest		Principal]	nterest
2008	\$	37,500		80,021		48,668		63,856		15,754
2009		37,500		83,818		44,871		66,150		13,460
2010		37,500		87,795		40,893		68,526		11,084
2011		37,500		91,961		36,728		70,987		8,623
2012		37,500		96,324		32,364		73,537		6,073
2013-2017		187,500		554,674		88,767		115,287		4,128
2018-2020		93,750		62,870		1,474	_	-		
	\$	\$ 468,750	\$ 1,	057,463	\$	293,765	\$	458,343	\$	59,122

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain expenditures may be questioned as not appropriate under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that any questioned costs will be resolved in favor of the City and that reimbursement, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

The City was a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters, which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Legal counsel cannot estimate exposure, if any, in these suits. All cases are being defended vigorously by the City. It is the opinion of management and the City's legal counsel that sufficient resources will be available for the payment of such claims, if any, upon ultimate settlement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Mound Hill Union Cemetery

One or more municipal corporations and the boards of township trustees of one or more townships established the Mound Hill Union Cemetery in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 759.27 to 759.48 to unite in the establishment and management of a cemetery. The Board of Cemetery Trustees consists of three members; one member from the City of Eaton Council, one member from the Washington Township Board of Trustees, and the third member appointed by the other two members. The Board of Cemetery Trustees adopts appropriations and the cemetery serves as its own fiscal agent. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the City of Eaton contributed \$110,655 towards the general operation of the cemetery. The cemetery issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from Mound Union Hill Cemetery at 533 West Main Street, Eaton, Ohio 45320.

NOTE 18 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2007. The projects relate to construction of on the water tower and plant expansion. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	(Contract
Project	Re	emaining
Plant Expansion Water Tower	\$	805,591 104,435

NOTE 19 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the City acquired water treatment chemicals from Water Solutions Unlimited. Gary Wagner is a Council member and worked at Water Solutions Unlimited until April 2007. The City made three purchases from Water Solutions Unlimited from January 2007 to April 2007, each for \$1,562 (there were five other purchases after April 2007). The City paid the standard government rate and did not receive any special discounts. The account between the City of Eaton and Water Solutions Unlimited was in existence before Gary Wagner started working for the City. In addition, Gary Wagner wrote a memo to Water Solutions Unlimited when he joined the Council stating he did not want to receive any commission on sales to the City of Eaton. Gary Wagner did not vote to approve or use his authority to obtain the contract.

In addition, the City purchased various vehicles from Rodney Cobb Chevrolet during the audit period. Dave Kirsch is a Council member and worked at Rodney Cobb Chevrolet. The City purchased three vehicles, totaling \$36,406, from Rodney Cobb Chevrolet during the audit period. The vehicles were competitively bid and the lowest and best bid was selected. Dave Kirsch abstained from all votes concerning Rodney Cobb Chevrolet.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	576,825	576,825	591,086	14,261
Municipal Income Taxes		930,000	930,000	1,059,090	129,090
Intergovernmental Revenue		382,850	382,850	568,437	185,587
Charges for Services		25,000	25,000	28,417	3,417
Licenses and Permits		100,000	100,000	159,219	59,219
Investment Income		126,500	126,500	424,271	297,771
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		560,000	560,000	684,655	124,655
Other Revenue	-	130,000	130,000	168,031	38,031
Total Revenues		2,831,175	2,831,175	3,683,206	852,031
Total Revenues		2,031,173	2,031,173	3,003,200	652,051
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		2,853,061	2,800,961	1,566,608	1,234,353
Public Safety		1,180,500	1,180,500	1,111,964	68,536
Public Health		27,150	27,150	27,129	21
Transportation		159,000	184,000	155,690	28,310
Community Development		248,150	275,250	240,354	34,896
Total Expenditures		4,467,861	4,467,861	3,101,745	1,366,116
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/		(1.525.50.6)	(1.626.626)	701.461	2.210.145
(Under) Expenditures		(1,636,686)	(1,636,686)	581,461	2,218,147
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	319	319
•	•				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		319	319
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,636,686)	(1,636,686)	581,780	2,218,466
F 151 5		1.604.156	1.524.155	1.504.150	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,634,158	1,634,158	1,634,158	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,528	2,528	2,528	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			2,218,466	2,218,466

See accompanying notes to the required supplemental information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Public Safety Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES:	_		-			
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,257,644	157,644	
Intergovernmental Revenue	·	120,000	120,000	151,219	31,219	
Charges for Services		400,000	400,000	559,356	159,356	
	-					
Total Revenues	_	1,620,000	1,620,000	1,968,219	348,219	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public Safety		2,228,714	2,228,714	1,565,399	663,315	
	-					
Total Expenditures		2,228,714	2,228,714	1,565,399	663,315	
•	-					
Net Change in Fund Balance		(608,714)	(608,714)	402,820	1,011,534	
		(,,	(,-)	- ,	7 - 7	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		486,305	486,305	486,305	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	_	122,409	122,409	122,409	<u> </u>	
	'-					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>		1,011,534	1,011,534	

See accompanying notes to the required supplemental information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$	355,000	355,000	386,568	31,568
Charges for Services		-	-	2,169	2,169
Licenses and Permits	-	<u>-</u>		730	730
Total Revenues	-	355,000	355,000	389,467	34,467
EXPENDITURES:					
Transportation	-	480,740	480,740	448,644	32,096
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125,740)	(125,740)	(59,177)	66,563
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		122,159	122,159	122,159	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	-	3,581	3,581	3,581	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>		66,563	66,563

See accompanying notes to the required supplemental information.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Basis of Budgeting

Basis of budgeting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts. The City of Eaton's (the City) budget for all legislated funds are prepared on a cash-encumbrance basis wherein transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Fund balances shown are unencumbered cash balances. This basis is utilized for all interim financial statements issued during the year.

The basis of budgeting differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) used for the City's year-end financial statements contained in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Under that basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when the obligation to the City arises; the budget basis however, recognizes revenue only when cash has been received. In the CAFR, expenditures are generally recognized in the period in which they are incurred. Under the budget basis, expenditures are recognized when cash has been disbursed or when an encumbrance has been placed against an appropriation.

General Budget Policies

By July 15, the City Manager submits an annual operating budget for all funds of the City, except for the Municipal Court agency fund, for the following fiscal year to the City Council for consideration and passage. No later than July 20, the adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor for presentation to the County Budget Commission.

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions relative to the annual budget to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources that states projected revenues by fund. On or about January 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total estimated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year would not exceed the amount as stated on the Amended Official Certificate of Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis of the annual appropriation ordinance.

An appropriation ordinance to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about January 1. The ordinance may be temporary in nature in that its effectiveness applies from the date on which it is enacted to the date on which a permanent appropriation ordinance must be passed. Ohio law requires the permanent appropriation ordinance to be passed no later than April 1, of the fiscal year for which it applies.

Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department (i.e., Administration, Council, Municipal Court, Public Maintenance, Police, Headquarters, Fire, EMS, Public Safety, etc.) level within the General Fund and at the fund level for all other budgeted funds.

Unencumbered appropriation balances lapse at year-end and revert to the respective funds from which they were originally appropriated, thus becoming available for future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the next year.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

General Budget Policies (Continued)

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a relevant comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- ❖ Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis

The adjustments necessary to convert results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

		General	Public Safety	Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair
	_	Fund	Fund	Fund
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	648,308	380,643	(60,036)
Increase/(Decrease): Due to Revenues Due to Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Encumbrances	_	62,211 (158,128) 88,435 (59,046)	17,505 (102,705) - 107,377	422 (786) - 1,223
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ _	581,780	402,820	(59,177)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THIS PAGE	HAS BEEN I	NTENTION	ALLY LEFT	BLANK

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

Public Safety Fund – To account for 1/2% income tax revenues that is approved by the voters of the City every three years.

Street Construction, Maintenance & Repair Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

Capital Improvement Fund – To account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds.

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Property Taxes:					
General	\$	501,825	501,825	511,929	10,104
Tangible Personal		75,000	75,000	79,157	4,157
Total Property Taxes		576,825	576,825	591,086	14,261
	-	370,823	370,823	391,000	14,201
Municipal Income Taxes	=	930,000	930,000	1,059,090	129,090
Intergovernmental Revenue:					
Local Government Fund, County		371,400	371,400	438,167	66,767
Inheritance		_	-	111,973	111,973
Cigarette Licenses		250	250	363	113
Liquor and Beer Permits		7,500	7,500	9,949	2,449
					2,445
Police Firing Range		3,700	3,700	3,700	-
Other Grants	=	<u> </u>		4,285	4,285
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	-	382,850	382,850	568,437	185,587
Charges for Services:					
General Government-Cable Franchise		25,000	25,000	28,404	3,404
Miscellaneous		23,000	25,000		
Miscenaneous	=	<u> </u>		13	13
Total Charges for Services	=	25,000	25,000	28,417	3,417
Licenses and Permits:					
Zoning Fees		_	_	25	25
Inspection Fees		100,000	100,000	8,661	8,661
Building Permits	-	100,000	100,000	150,533	50,533
Total Licenses and Permits	=	100,000	100,000	159,219	59,219
Investment Income	=	126,500	126,500	424,271	297,771
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	-	560,000	560,000	684,655	124,655
Other Revenue	_	130,000	130,000	168,031	38,031
Total Revenues		2,831,175	2,831,175	3,683,206	852,031
EXPENDITURES:	-				
Current:					
General Government:					
Administration:					
Personal Services		433,300	445,300	423.335	21,965
Operating Expenses		1,688,636	1,603,336	419,560	1,183,776
Council					
Council:		0.000	0.600	7.246	1.054
Personal Services		8,600	8,600	7,246	1,354
Operating Expenses		3,000	3,000	-	3,000
Municipal Court:					
Personal Services		619,000	621,500	615,031	6,469
Operating Expenses		100,525	119,225	101,436	17,789
- 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				
Total General Government	-	2,853,061	2,800,961	1,566,608	1,234,353
					(Contin

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Public Safety:					
Police Division:					
Personal Services		1,020,500	1,020,5		
Operating Expenses		102,000	102,0	00 91,491	10,509
Headquarters:					
Personal Services		58,000	58,0	00 56,327	1,673
Total Public Safety		1,180,500	1,180,5	00 1,111,964	68,536
Public Health:					
Administration:					
Operating Expenses	_	27,150	27,1	50 27,129	21
Total Health		27,150	27,1	50 27,129	21
Transportation:					
Traffic Lights:					
Operating Expenses		62,400	87,4	00 63,122	24,278
Public Maintenance:					
Operating Expenses		96,600	96,6	00 92,568	4,032
Total Transportation		159,000	184,0	00 155,690	28,310
Community Development:					
Building and Zoning:					
Personal Services		182,150	182,1	50 161,989	20,161
Operating Expenses		66,000	93,1	00 78,365	14,735
Total Building and Zoning		248,150	275,2	50 240,354	34,896
Total Expenditures		4,467,861	4,467,8	3,101,745	1,366,116
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(1,636,686)	(1,636,6	86) 581,461	2,218,147
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	319	319
•					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_			319	319
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,636,686)	(1,636,6	86) 581,780	2,218,466
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,634,158	1,634,1	58 1,634,158	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,528	2,5	2,528	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		_	2,218,466	2,218,466

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Public Safety Special Revenue Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,257,644	157,644
Intergovernmental Revenue: Federal Grants				7,000	7,000
Fire Contracts		75,000	75,000	90,505	15,505
Ambulance Contracts		45,000	45,000	53,714	8,714
Amourance Contracts	-	43,000	45,000	33,714	0,714
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	-	120,000	120,000	151,219	31,219
Charges for Services:					
Ambulance Removal Fees		400,000	400,000	558,081	158,081
Other Grants		-	-	1,275	1,275
	-				
Total Charges for Services	-	400,000	400,000	559,356	159,356
Total Revenues	-	1,620,000	1,620,000	1,968,219	348,219
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Administration:					
Operating Expenses	-	511,479	466,179	44,146	422,033
Total General Government	=	511,479	466,179	44,146	422,033
Public Safety:					
Police Division:					
Personal Services		99,750	99,750	94,756	4,994
Operating Expenses		83,770	83,770	76,588	7,182
Handayantana					
Headquarters: Personal Services		288,500	288,500	278,429	10,071
Operating Expenses		15,750	15,750	14,577	1,173
Operating Expenses		13,730	15,750	14,577	1,173
Fire Division:					
Personal Services		506,000	501,500	332,630	168,870
Operating Expenses		163,335	167,835	145,722	22,113
EMa D					
EMS Division:		207.200	215 000	210.145	5.655
Personal Services		297,300	315,800	310,145	5,655
Operating Expenses	-	262,830	289,630	268,406	21,224
Total Public Safety	=	1,717,235	1,762,535	1,521,253	241,282
Total Expenditures	-	2,228,714	2,228,714	1,565,399	663,315
Net Change in Fund Balance		(608,714)	(608,714)	402,820	1,011,534
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		486,305	486,305	486,305	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	-	122,409	122,409	122,409	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			1,011,534	1,011,534

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				_	
Intergovernmental	\$	355,000	355,000	386,568	31,568
Charges for Services		-	-	2,169	2,169
Licenses and Permits	_	<u> </u>		730	730
Total Revenues	_	355,000	355,000	389,467	34,467
EXPENDITURES:					
Transportation					
Personal Services		329,500	303,500	340,479	(36,979)
Operating Expenses	_	151,240	177,240	108,165	69,075
Total Expenditures	_	480,740	480,740	448,644	32,096
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125,740)	(125,740)	(59,177)	66,563
Net Change in Fund Barance		(123,740)	(123,740)	(39,177)	00,303
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		122,159	122,159	122,159	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	_	3,581	3,581	3,581	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ _	-		66,563	66,563

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Capital Improvements Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	1,170,000	1,170,000	1,456,198	286,198
Special Assessments		20,000	20,000	25,144	5,144
Other Revenue	-			5,000	5,000
Total Revenues	_	1,190,000	1,190,000	1,486,342	296,342
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay		3,371,801	3,371,801	1,613,222	1,758,579
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments	=	37,500	37,500	37,500	
Total Expenditures	-	3,409,301	3,409,301	1,650,722	1,758,579
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,219,301)	(2,219,301)	(164,380)	2,054,921
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,091,745	2,091,745	2,091,745	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	-	127,556	127,556	127,556	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,054,921	2,054,921

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to permanent funds or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Indigent Driver Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for DUI fines designated for education and training of indigent DUI offenders.

Enforcement & Education Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for DUI fines designated for use by law enforcement agencies for officer drug and alcohol education and/or enforcement.

Law Enforcement Fund – To account for fines designated by a court of law for use by law enforcement agencies.

Computerization Upgrade Fund – To account for fees collected by the municipal court to fund computer related expenditures.

Municipal Court Special Projects Fund – To account for additional court costs which are to be used for construction and maintenance of a new Court building and other related Court services.

State Highway Improvement Fund – Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Cemetery Fund – To account for the joint operations with a Township of the Mound Hill Union Cemetery.

Recreation Fund – To account for monies received through charges for services for cultural and recreational events provided for public enjoyment.

Swimming Pool Fund – To account for the operations of the City owned swimming pool.

Robert's Bridge Fund – To account for funds set aside to maintain a local landmark.

Bicentennial Park Fund – To account for funds set aside to maintain Bicentennial Park.

Fort St. Clair Fund – To account for the operation of Fort St. Clair Park that is owned by the Ohio Historical Society.

Small Cities Fund – To account for small cities block grant funds received from the State of Ohio.

Community Housing Fund – To account for grant funds from the State of Ohio for the rehabilitation of rental properties for low-to-moderate income families.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

HOME Investment Fund – To account for grant funds from the State of Ohio for emergency housing assistance payments for low-to-moderate income families.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

TIF Fund – To maintain and account for revenues associated with the Tax Incremental Financing for capital projects of the City.

Since there is only one nonmajor Capital Projects Fund, the **TIF Fund,** no individual fund information is presented.

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND

Permanent Fund are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Francis Trust Fund – To account for the donation received from Richard E. Francis. The principal amount donated is to remain intact with the interest revenue to be used for the general care and maintenance of the Mound Hill Union Cemetery.

Since there is only one nonmajor Permanent Fund, the **Francis Trust Fund**, no individual fund information is presented.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Fund	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	310,316	326	-	310,642
Investments		-	-	10,000	10,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes		59,270	-	-	59,270
Accounts		905	=	-	905
Accrued Interest		-	=	15	15
Due from Other Governments		21,836	-	-	21,836
Due from Other Funds	_	17,822	-		17,822
Total Assets	\$_	410,149	326	10,015	420,490
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$	7,252	-	15	7,267
Accrued Wages and Benefits		631	-	-	631
Due to Other Funds		5,107	7,500	-	12,607
Unearned Revenue	_	78,602			78,602
Total Liabilities	_	91,592	7,500	15	99,107
FUND BALANCE:					
Reserved for:					
Permanent Fund		-	=	10,000	10,000
Unreserved:					
Undesignated	_	318,557	(7,174)	-	311,383
Total Fund Balance	_	318,557	(7,174)	10,000	321,383
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ _	410,149	326	10,015	420,490

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2007

		Indigent Driver	Enforcement & Education	Law Enforcement
ASSETS:	_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	51,117	6,525	3,617
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes		-	-	-
Accounts		-	-	-
Due from Other Governments		-	-	-
Due from Other Funds		279	7	
Total Assets	\$	51,396	6,532	3,617
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	333	-	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	-
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-
Unearned Revenue				
Total Liabilities		333		
FUND BALANCE:				
Unreserved		51,063	6,532	3,617
Total Fund Balance		51,063	6,532	3,617
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	51,396	6,532	3,617

Computerization Upgrade	Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Recreation
18,164	108,081	6,351	-	5,478
-	-	-	59,270	-
-	-	17,636	4,200	-
7,017	10,519	-	-	
25,181	118,600	23,987	63,470	5,478
2,054	-	-	_	1,189
426	-	205	-	-
2,553	- -	2,554 15,132	63,470	<u>-</u>
5,033	-	17,891	63,470	1,189
20,148	118,600	6,096		4,289
20,148	118,600	6,096		4,289
25,181	118,600	23,987	63,470	5,478 (Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2007 (Continued)

		Swimming Pool	Robert's Bridge	Bicentennial Park
ASSETS:	_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,310	413	2,521
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes		-	-	-
Accounts		-	-	-
Due from Other Governments		-	-	-
Due from Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$	8,310	413	2,521
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	54	-	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits		-	-	-
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-
Unearned Revenue				
Total Liabilities		54		
FUND BALANCE:				
Unreserved		8,256	413	2,521
Total Fund Balance		8,256	413	2,521
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	8,310	413	2,521

Fort St. Clair	Small Cities	Community Housing	Home Investment	Total Special Revenue Funds
15,561	-	38,732	45,446	310,316
- 905 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	59,270 905 21,836 17,822
16,466		38,732	45,446	410,149
3,622 - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	7,252 631 5,107 78,602
3,622				91,592
12,844 12,844		<u>38,732</u> 38,732	<u>45,446</u> 45,446	318,557 318,557
16,466		38,732	45,446	410,149

THIS PAGE	HAS BEEN I	NTENTION	ALLY LEFT	BLANK

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	_	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Fund	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	50,337	19,026	-	69,363
Intergovernmental Revenue		378,085	-	-	378,085
Charges for Services		17,930	-	=	17,930
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		293,688	-	-	293,688
Investment Income		-	-	485	485
Other Revenue	_	24,957	-		24,957
Total Revenues	_	764,997	19,026	485	784,508
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government		335,707	-	-	335,707
Public Safety		100	-	=	100
Public Health		127,049	-	510	127,559
Transportation		29,244	-	-	29,244
Culture and Recreation		88,466	-	-	88,466
Capital Outlay		32,433	-	-	32,433
Debt Service:					
Principal		76,396	61,642	-	138,038
Interest	_	52,292	17,968		70,260
Total Expenditures	_	741,687	79,610	510	821,807
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures	_	23,310	(60,584)	(25)	(37,299)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	_	88,434			88,434
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	88,434		<u>-</u> _	88,434
Net Change in Fund Balances		111,744	(60,584)	(25)	51,135
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	206,813	53,410	10,025	270,248
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ _	318,557	(7,174)	10,000	321,383

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Indigent Driver	Enforcement & Education	Law Enforcement
REVENUES:		_		
Property Taxes	\$	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	-	-
Charges for Services		-	-	-
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		9,539	1,652	2,300
Other Revenue				
Total Revenues		9,539	1,652	2,300
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government		-	-	-
Public Safety		-	-	100
Public Health		9,559	6,835	-
Transportation		-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal		-	-	-
Interest	•	<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures		9,559	6,835	100
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures		(20)	(5,183)	2,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(20)	(5,183)	2,200
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		51,083	11,715	1,417
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	51,063	6,532	3,617

Computerization Upgrade	Municipal Court Special Projects Fund	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Recreation
_	_	-	50,337	-
-	-	31,309	20,025	-
-	-	-	-	3,900
112,131	168,066	-	-	-
-				-
112,131	168,066	31,309	70,362	3,900
116,173	7,961	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	110,655	-
-	-	29,244	-	-
-	-	-	-	29,058
1,433	-	-	-	-
-	76,396	-	-	-
-	52,292	 ,	<u> </u>	
117,606	136,649	29,244	110,655	29,058
(5,475)	31,417	2,065	(40,293)	(25,158)
		<u> </u>	40,293	25,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	40,293	25,000
(5,475)	31,417	2,065	-	(158)
25,623	87,183	4,031		4,447
20,148	118,600	6,096		4,289
				(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Continued)

	_	Swimming Pool	Robert's Bridge	Bicentennial Park
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	-	-
Charges for Services		=	-	=
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-
Other Revenue		-		6,027
Total Revenues				6,027
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government		-	-	-
Public Safety		-	-	-
Public Health		-	-	-
Transportation		-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		10,840	-	3,506
Capital Outlay		-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal		-	-	-
Interest				
Total Expenditures		10,840		3,506
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over/				
(Under) Expenditures		(10,840)		2,521
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In		16,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		16,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,160	-	2,521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,096	413	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	8,256	413	2,521

Fort St. Clair	Small Cities	Community Housing	Home Investment	Total Special Revenue Funds
-	-	-	-	50,337
-	31,000	140,751	155,000	378,085
14,030	-	-	-	17,930
-	-	-	-	293,688
18,930				24,957
32,960	31,000	140,751	155,000	764,997
_	_	102,019	109,554	335,707
-	-	-	-	100
-	-	-	-	127,049
-	-	-	-	29,244
45,062	-	-	-	88,466
-	31,000	-	-	32,433
-	-	-	-	76,396
				52,292
45,062	31,000	102,019	109,554	741,687
(12,102)		38,732	45,446	23,310
(12,102)		36,732	45,440	23,310
7,141	_	_	_	88,434
.,				
7,141				88,434
(4,961)	-	38,732	45,446	111,744
17,805				206,813
12,844		38,732	45,446	318,557

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

State Patrol Transfer Fund		Balance 12/31/2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2007
Assets:	Ф		(4.600	64.600	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	64,699	64,699	-
Due from Other Governments		5,360	4,093	5,360	4,093
Total assets	\$	5,360	68,792	70,059	4,093
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	5,360	68,792	70,059	4,093
Total Liabilities	\$	5,360	68,792	70,059	4,093

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Indigent Driver Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,000	5,000	9,449	4,449
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Health:					
Operating Expenses	_	56,565	56,565	9,898	46,667
Change in Fund Balance		(51,565)	(51,565)	(449)	51,116
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	51,565	51,565	51,565	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	51,116	51,116

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Enforcement & Education Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	1,000	1,000	1,758	758
EXPENDITURES: Public Safety:					
Operating Expenses		12,602	12,602	6,835	5,767
Change in Fund Balance		(11,602)	(11,602)	(5,077)	6,525
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	11,602	11,602	11,602	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			6,525	6,525

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Law Enforcement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Actual	Variance with	
	<u> </u>	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Total Revenues	\$	-	-	2,301	2,301
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Safety:					
Operating Expenses	_	1,417	1,417	100	1,317
Change in Fund Balance		(1,417)	(1,417)	2,201	3,618
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	1,417	1,417	1,417	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	3,618	3,618

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Computerization Upgrade Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budget		Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				_	
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$	90,000	103,679	112,948	9,269
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government:					
Personal Services		51,950	54,950	52,319	2,631
Operating Expenses		60,331	71,010	64,746	6,264
Total Expenditures	_	112,281	125,960	117,065	8,895
Change in Fund Balance		(22,281)	(22,281)	(4,117)	18,164
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	22,281	22,281	22,281	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-		18,164	18,164

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Municipal Court Special Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	<u> </u>	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	\$ _	135,000	135,000	169,407	34,407
Total Revenues		135,000	135,000	169,407	34,407
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay		81,634	81,634	7,961	73,673
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments		76,396	76,396	76,396	-
Interest	_	52,293	52,293	52,293	
Total Expenditures		210,323	210,323	136,650	73,673
Net Change in Fund Balance		(75,323)	(75,323)	32,757	108,080
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	75,323	75,323	75,323	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>		108,080	108,080

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
State Highway Improvement Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$	28,800	28,800	31,343	2,543
EXPENDITURES: Transportation		33,071	33,071	29,264	3,807
Change in Fund Balance		(4,271)	(4,271)	2,079	6,350
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	4,272	4,272	4,272	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1	1	6,351	6,350

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Cemetery Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	56,850	66,150	66,242	92
Intergovernmental	-	4,450	4,050	4,120	70
Total Revenues		61,300	70,200	70,362	162
EXPENDITURES:					
Public Health	-	110,655	110,655	110,655	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(49,355)	(40,455)	(40,293)	162
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In	-	49,355	40,455	40,293	(162)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	-	_

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Recreation Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts		nounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Charges for Services	\$	3,000	3,000	3,900	900
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation	_	32,932	32,932	28,354	4,578
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/ (Under) Expenditures		(29,932)	(29,932)	(24,454)	5,478
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In	_	25,000	25,000	25,000	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,932)	(4,932)	546	5,478
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	=	4,932	4,932	4,932	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	5,478	5,478

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Swimming Pool Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Total Revenues	\$	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation		14,176	19,176	10,867	8,309
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(14,176)	(19,176)	(10,867)	8,309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		11,000	16,000	16,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,176)	(3,176)	5,133	8,309
The Change in Fana Barance		(3,170)	(3,170)	3,133	0,507
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,177	3,177	3,177	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1	1	8,310	8,309

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Roberts Bridge Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts		mounts	Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Total Revenues	\$	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation	_	413	413		413
Net Change in Fund Balance		(413)	(413)	-	413
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	413	413	413	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$			413	413

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Bicentennial Park Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:			<u> </u>		
Other Revenue	\$	-	6,026	6,027	1
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation	-	<u>-</u>	6,026	3,506	2,520
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	2,521	2,521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-		<u> </u>		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	2,521	2,521

CITY OF EATON PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fort St. Clair Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:	_				
Other Revenue	\$	31,700	31,700	32,559	859
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and Recreation		52,257	60,257	44,697	15,560
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/ (Under) Expenditures		(20,557)	(28,557)	(12,138)	16,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		<u> </u>	8,000	7,141	(859)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(20,557)	(20,557)	(4,997)	15,560
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		20,558	20,558	20,558	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1	1	15,561	15,560

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Small Cities Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	35,000	31,000	31,000	-
EXPENDITURES: Capital Outlay	_	35,000	31,000	31,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	-	-	-

CITY OF EATON, OHIO

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis
Community Housing Improvement
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	161,131	140,751	140,751	-
EXPENDITURES: Transportation	_	161,131	140,751	102,019	38,732
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	38,732	38,732
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>		38,732	38,732

CITY OF EATON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis Home Investment Partnership Grant For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:		Original	Tillal	Amounts	Tillal Budget
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	174,000	155,000	155,000	-
EXPENDITURES: Transportation	_	174,000	155,000	109,554	45,446
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	45,446	45,446
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-		45,446	45,446

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis TIF Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	_	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$	82,110	19,025	19,026	1
Total Revenues		82,110	19,025	19,026	1
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay		55,908	323	-	323
Debt Service:					
Principal Payments		61,643	61,643	61,642	1
Interest		17,968	17,968	17,968	
Total Expenditures		135,519	79,934	79,610	324
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/					
(Under) Expenditures		(53,409)	(60,909)	(60,584)	325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Advance In		<u>-</u> _	7,500	7,500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>	7,500	7,500	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(53,409)	(53,409)	(53,084)	325
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		53,410	53,410	53,410	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1	1	326	325

THIS PAGE HA	S BEEN INT	ENTIONAL	LY LEFT RI	ANK

Statistical Tables

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.

S-3 – S-7

Revenue CapacityS-8 – S-13
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the

factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and income tax.

Debt Capacity S-14 – S-16

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Economic and Demographic Information S-17 – S-18

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.

Operating Information S-19 – S-21

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources Note:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

THIS PAGE HAS BEEN INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Net Assets by Component, Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Y	ear		
	_	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Governmental Activities:	_						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	5,169,206	4,931,849	5,002,316	3,550,036	3,016,949	4,003,628
Restricted for:							
Debt Service		-	-	10,388	29,968	-	-
Special Revenue		1,672,796	1,285,819	1,237,373	1,044,279	1,071,313	382,501
Capital Projects		2,695,609	2,737,759	2,147,810	2,267,020	2,392,615	1,694,187
Nonexpendable		10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Unrestricted		2,405,108	1,708,875	1,054,211	1,829,189	1,920,539	2,099,002
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	11,952,719	10,674,302	9,462,098	8,730,492	8,411,416	8,189,318
Business-Type Activities:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	5,225,983	5,112,690	4,982,708	4,797,377	4,487,336	4,089,355
Unrestricted		3,272,465	2,888,212	2,220,903	1,732,586	1,273,897	1,291,933
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	8,498,448	8,000,902	7,203,611	6,529,963	5,761,233	5,381,288
Primary Government							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	10,395,189	10,044,539	9,985,024	8,347,413	7,504,285	8,092,983
Restricted		4,378,405	4,033,578	3,405,571	3,351,267	3,473,928	2,086,688
Unrestricted		5,677,573	4,597,087	3,275,114	3,561,775	3,194,436	3,390,935
	\$	20,451,167	18,675,204	16,665,709	15,260,455	14,172,649	13,570,606

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_			Fiscal '	Year		
		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Expenses:							
Governmental Activities:							. ======
General Government	\$	2,450,191	2,292,327	1,841,644	2,109,868	1,847,486	1,787,812
Public Safety		2,580,232	2,499,063	2,391,588	2,171,369	2,180,635	2,069,768
Public Health		154,688	149,790	137,836	171,062	148,194	155,547
Transportation		1,249,885	1,140,312	954,615	450,405	967,800	986,280
Community Development Culture and Recreation		349,374 86,872	562,329 105,966	338,883 127,088	683,209 196,266	208,519 268,863	193,767 169,256
Interest on Long-Term Debt		70,438	72,797	77,514	73,212	52,923	109,230
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	-	6,941,680	6,822,584	5,869,168	5,855,391	5,674,420	5,362,430
Business-Type Activities:							
Water		1,003,774	799,655	962,433	674,554	749,140	751,735
Sewer		993,485	997,632	927,580	797,216	759,188	743,713
Refuse		620,992	481,251	475,803	462,213	506,051	489,692
Other Business-Type Acivities		17	120	12,147	15,589	27,636	30,644
**	=	2,618,268	2,278,658				
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	9,559,948	9,101,242	2,377,963 8,247,131	1,949,572 7,804,963	2,042,015 7,716,435	2,015,784 7,378,214
Program Revenues:	-						
Governmental Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
General Government	\$	1,054,233	869,171	798,013	768,181	846,408	814,805
Public Safety		711,487	123,144	130,849	130,667	165,807	206,305
Public Health		11,191	9,101	11,668	9,019	8,144	18,195
Transportation		-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development		114,901	337,472	207,122	230,617	159,612	137,191
Culture and Recreation	_	3,900	16,509	8,805	44,288	38,077	69,716
Total Charges for Services	-	1,895,712	1,355,397	1,156,457	1,182,772	1,218,048	1,246,212
Operating Grants and Contributions:							
Public Safety		7,000	4,825	1,000	-	-	-
Transportation		-	-	-	-	10,463	-
Community Development		295,751	220,869	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	_	14,030	19,489	16,602	14,931	17,990	25,100
Total Operating Grants and Contributions	-	316,781	245,183	17,602	14,931	28,453	25,100
Capital Grants and Contributions:							
Public Safety		-	511,305	117,365	29,654	-	-
Public Health		-	-	-	-	19,602	-
Transportation		-	127,565	129,064	257,542	-	-
Community Development		31,000	35,000	37,000	36,828	176,562	111,073
Culture and Recreation	_			137,719			
Total Capital Grants and Contributions		31,000	673,870	421,148	324,024	196,164	111,073
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	=	2,243,493	2,274,450	1,595,207	1,521,727	1,442,665	1,382,385
Business-Type Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
Water		1,385,725	1,336,688	1,245,084	1,099,204	1,052,010	812,272
Sewer		1,136,155	1,138,587	1,231,520	959,627	803,960	813,870
Refuse		579,618	513,757	527,259	491,855	492,123	479,400
Other Business-Type Acivities	_	1,116	3,245	10,748	17,627	22,405	27,645
Total Charges for Services	-	3,102,614	2,992,277	3,014,611	2,568,313	2,370,498	2,133,187
Capital Grants and Contributions:							
Water		-	-	-	2,828	51,462	17,131
			83,672	37,000	147,161	-	96,450
Sewer	_		65,072	37,000	117,101		,0,100
Sewer Total Capital Grants and Contributions	-	- -	83,672	37,000	149,989	51,462	113,581
	-						

Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal '	Voor		
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Net (Expense)/Revenue:						
Governmental Activities	(4,698,187)	(4,548,134)	(4,273,961)	(4,333,664)	(4,231,755)	(3,980,045)
Business-Type Activities	484,346	797,291	673,648	768,730	379,945	230,984
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	(4,213,841)	(3,750,843)	(3,600,313)	(3,564,934)	(3,851,810)	(3,749,061)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes, Levied for:						
General Purposes	591,086	702,920	593,900	608,928	572,948	581,914
Cemetery	50,337	57,589	64,072	68,162	62,689	-
Community Development	19,026	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Iincome	3,810,742	3,812,240	3,343,517	3,053,495	2,809,463	2,498,138
Grants and Contributions not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	985,586	828,139	788,963	846,990	918,067	814,859
Investment Income	435,262	329,882	181,468	62,328	59,086	78,132
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	1,251	2,748	-	-	-	(41,144)
Other Revenue	83,314	26,820	33,647	12,837	31,600	19,672
Total General Revenues, Governmental Activities	5,976,604	5,760,338	5,005,567	4,652,740	4,453,853	3,951,571
Business-Type Activities:						
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	13,200	-	-	-	-	500
Total General Revenues, Business-Type Activities	13,200	-				500
Change in Net Assets:						
Governmental Activities	1,278,417	1,212,204	731,606	319,076	222,098	(28,474)
Business-Type Activities	497,546	797,291	673,648	768,730	379,945	231,484
Total Change in Net Assets, Primary Government	\$ 1,775,963	2,009,495	1,405,254	1,087,806	602,043	203,010

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \ \text{The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.}$

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year	Year				
		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
General Fund:	l										
Reserved	S	12,200	3,737	5,493	5,105	5,105	15,882	4,782	3,000	57,577	48,544
Unreserved	ı	2,541,303	1,901,458	1,247,574	1,352,774	1,832,260	2,534,598	2,619,369	2,463,678	2,078,424	1,962,454
Total General Fund	∽	2,553,503	1,905,195	1,253,067	1,357,879	1,837,365	2,550,480	2,624,151	2,466,678	2,136,001	2,010,998
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved	⊗	203,587	239,943	62,526	315,577	376,349	145,280	81,877	77,712	333,169	251,697
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special Revenue Funds		1,503,283	951,162	998,100	840,195	764,079	305,750	496,590	385,635	356,012	329,598
Debt Service Fund				10,388	29,968						1
Capital Projects Fund		2,261,002	2,357,206	2,040,796	2,430,576	2,142,362	1,502,068	1,141,169	664,147	248,492	697,416
Permanent Fund	l	'	25	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	1
Total All Other Governmental Funds \$ 3,967,872	∽	3,967,872	3,548,336	3,111,810	3,616,316	3,282,790	1,953,098	1,719,636	1,127,494	937,673	1,278,711
Total Governmenntal Funds	⊕	\$ 6,521,375	5,453,531	4,364,877	4,974,195	5,120,155	4,503,578	4,343,787	3,594,172	3,073,674	3,289,709

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year	Year				
		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Revenues:											
Property taxes	↔	660,449	760,509	657,972	675,172	635,637	581,914	608,408	577,453	482,287	492,722
Municipal income taxes	(1)	3,703,958	3,782,344	3,331,069	3,016,876	2,859,663	2,663,915	3,049,209	2,984,205	3,142,815	2,779,428
Intergovernmental	1	1,339,744	1,335,068	1,331,407	1,276,622	1,173,456	1,020,739	914,573	1,144,472	990,372	987,195
Charges for services		756,303	540,843	174,829	84,439	78,689	108,628	98,104	50,464	98,471	81,054
Licenses and permits		159,949	133,518	157,333	160,156	163,977	138,471	220,970	201,297	212,799	189,301
Fines and forfeitures	1	1,034,110	857,555	718,834	724,765	813,335	830,729	825,475	760,857	733,364	618,956
Special Assessments		25.144	55,774	71.679	69,380	68,740	69,087	67,415	10,393	28.578	30,552
Investment earnings		435,262	329,882	181,468	62,329	59,086	78,132	156,717	219,105	170,676	222,461
Other revenue		83,314	63,890	76,430	97,516	27,466	122,702	78,046	41,420	40,629	89,991
Total revenues	~	8,198,233	7,859,383	6,701,021	6,167,255	5,880,049	5,614,317	6,018,917	5,989,666	5,899,991	5,491,660
Exnenditures											
- Tapenana S											
Current:											
General government	_	1,851,892	1,694,048	1,606,632	1,774,623	1,534,544	1,507,695	1,471,988	1,337,974	1,280,997	989,628
Public safety	(1	2,425,488	2,367,151	2,231,878	1,955,748	2,137,702	1,796,840	1,767,507	1,748,473	1,581,410	1,522,883
Public health		154,688	149,790	137,836	27,129	148,193	155,547	139,717	130,404	121,759	118,494
Transportation	1	1,030,897	1,126,438	910,360	516,551	550,809	480,413	481,053	475,059	435,581	420,136
Community development		238,791	457.345	239,624	619,470	157,179	138,655	147,659	142,737	119,722	116,505
Culture and recreation		88.466	70,664	91.786	145,853	128,657	156,221	157.287	169.411	142.780	121,601
Camital outlay	_	1 099 687	692 281	1 906 490	1 659 692	1 881 144	1 217 587	1 072 541	1 456 289	3 127 240	2 639 686
Capital Outlay	-	1,00,7,00,1	107,700	1,700,470	1,00,000,1	1,001,1	196,117,1	1,0,7,0,1	1,400,400	3,121,7	2,027,000
Delt Selvice:		175 538	140.450	107 131	103 077	009 09	37 500	37 500	19750		
rincipai		17,730	140,420	101,131	116,501	000,60	000,10	000.10	10,/30		•
Interest		70,260	75,310	78,602	70,673	32,244	1		•		1
Total Expenditures	(-	7,135,707	6,773,477	7,310,339	6,873,716	6,640,072	5,490,458	5,275,252	5,479,097	6,809,489	5,928,933
Excess (deficiency) of											
revenues over expenditures		1,062,526	1,085,906	(609,318)	(706,461)	(760,023)	123,859	743,665	510,569	(909,498)	(437,273)
Other Financing Sources(Uses)							,		,		,
Sale of capital assets		5,318	2,748	1	10,501	1,600	35,932	5,950	9,929	11,759	2,362
General long-term debt issued		1	1	1	550,000	1,375,000	1		,	681,704	68,296
Transfers in		88,434	91,028	561,727	584,637	124,425	106,635	892'06	372,187	917,544	392,795
Transfers out		(88,434)	(91,028)	(561,727)	(584,637)	(124,425)	(106,635)	(90,568)	(372,187)	(917,544)	(392,795)
Total other financing											
sources(uses)	1	5,318	2,748	1	560,501	1,376,600	35,932	5,950	9,929	693,463	70,658
Net changes in fund balances		1,067,844	1,088,654	(609,318)	(145,960)	616,577	159,791	749,615	520,498	(216,035)	(366,615)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.25%	3.68%	3.56%	3.47%	2.19%	0.89%	<u>0.90%</u>	0.47%	<u>0.00%</u>	0.00%

Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(cash basis of accounting)

	Ind	lividual	Total			Income
Year	Withholding	Non-Withholding	Individual	Corporate	Total	Tax Rate
1998	\$ 2,065,732.00	150,267.00	2,215,999.00	579,219.00	2,795,218.00	1.50%
1999	2,334,712.00	168,088.00	2,502,800.00	677,616.00	3,180,416.00	1.50%
2000	2,417,616.00	172,206.00	2,589,822.00	563,626.00	3,153,448.00	1.50%
2001	2,469,226.00	168,490.00	2,637,716.00	529,828.00	3,167,544.00	1.50%
2002	2,434,807.00	168,986.00	2,603,793.00	216,681.00	2,820,474.00	1.50%
2003	2,547,464.00	266,974.00	2,814,438.00	186,669.00	3,001,107.00	1.50%
2004	2,570,271.00	243,090.00	2,813,361.00	194,438.00	3,007,799.00	1.50%
2005	2,768,063.00	239,968.00	3,008,031.00	348,846.00	3,356,877.00	1.50%
2006	2,873,181.00	242,559.00	3,115,740.00	523,392.00	3,639,132.00	1.50%
2007	3,073,442.00	247,607.00	3,321,049.00	518,758.00	3,839,807.00	1.50%

Source: City of Eaton, Ohio, Finance Department

The City income tax of 1.5% is levied, by ordinance. One percent (1%) of the tax is levied indefinitely and .5% was renewed of the City in November 2007. The .5% tax will expire December 31, 2010. This tax is applicable to substantially all income within the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this will quarterly. Corporations, partnerships, and self-employed individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually with the City. Residents of the City are required to pay City income taxes on income they ear the City; however, credit is allowed for all income taxes paid to other municipalities.

Ranking of Top Ten Income Tax Withholders Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2007		1998	
Taxpayer	Rank	Taxpayer	Rank
Neaton Auto Products	1	Neaton Auto Products	1
Henny Penny Corporation	2	Parker Hannifin	2
Parker Hannifin	3	Henny Penny Corporation	3
Bullen Semiconductor Corp.	4	Preble County Auditor	4
Preble County Auditor	5	Eaton Community Schools	5
Eaton Community Schools	6	Weyerhaeuser Company	6
Weyerhaeuser Company	7	Emerson Power Transmission Co.	7
Wal Mart Associates, Inc.	8	Allegiance Healthcare Corp.	8
CBS Personnel Services	9	Bullen Ultrasonics Inc.	9
Bullen Ultrasonics Inc.	10	City of Eaton	10
Combined percentage of Total Income Taxes	46.4%	Combined percentage of Total Income Taxes	45.9%

Source: City of Eaton, Ohio Finance Department

Due to legal restriction and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of withholdings by taxpayer. The City chose not to disclose percentages and number of fileres by income level because the City does not requires all taxpayers to file a return., therefore it does not have, nor can it obtain, this type of information.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Value as a Percent	of Estimated	Actual Value	29.15%	31.05%	33.42%	32.70%	32.74%	32.65%	32.24%	32.69%	32.97%	32.66%
al	Estimated	Actual	\$ 595,622,561	\$ 576,643,926	\$ 528,259,148	\$ 524,431,416	\$515,026,862	\$ 511,151,875	\$ 489,353,786	\$ 474,491,175	\$ 442,785,217	\$ 395,814,967
Total		Assessed	\$ 173,600,700	\$ 179,048,330	\$ 176,545,917	\$ 171,483,270	\$ 168,595,250	\$ 166,868,890	\$ 157,780,890	\$ 155,111,530	\$ 145,991,950	\$ 129,262,320
Total	Direct Tax	Rate	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%
lities ²	Estimated	Actual	\$ 5,011,727	\$ 5,610,989	\$ 5,752,080	\$ 5,765,159	\$ 6,052,045	\$ 6,171,943	\$ 5,926,523	\$ 8,461,364	\$ 8,390,091	\$ 8,360,773
Public Utilities ²		Assessed	4,410,320	4,937,670	5,061,830	5,073,340	5,325,800	5,431,310	5,215,340	7,446,000	7,383,280	7,357,480
			↔	∕	↔	↔	∽	∽	\$	\$	↔	↔
al Property ²	Estimated	Actual	\$ 166,770,720	\$ 158,466,880	\$ 113,933,868	\$ 151,232,600	\$ 148,717,360	\$ 153,053,960	\$ 166,339,920	\$ 154,449,040	\$ 134,296,240	\$ 137,041,280
Personal		Assessed	\$ 20,846,340	\$ 29,712,540	\$ 28,483,467	\$ 37,808,150	\$ 37,179,340	\$ 38,263,490	\$ 41,584,980	\$ 38,612,260	\$ 33,574,060	\$ 34,260,320
rty 1	Estimated	Actual	, 423,840,114	412,566,057	, 408,573,200	367,433,657	360,257,457	351,925,971	317,087,343	311,580,771	300,098,886	5 250,412,914
Prope			↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	∽	∽	↔	↔
Real Property		Assessed	\$ 148,344,040	\$ 144,398,120	\$ 143,000,620	\$ 128,601,780	\$ 126,090,110	\$ 123,174,090	\$ 110,980,570	\$ 109,053,270	\$ 105,034,610	\$ 87,644,520
	Collection	Year	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
	Tax	Year	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997

Source: Preble County Auditor

¹ The estimated actual values for real estate property were derived by 35% of the assessed values of real estate property.

² The estimated actual values for personal property and public utility were derived from an average rate of the assessed values (the average rate consists of varying rates for manufacturing equipment, inventory and other equipment) for the ten fiscal years presented.

CITY OF EATON
PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Property Tax Levies and Collections,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

2007 \$ 612,558 584,444 95.41% 16,826 601,270 98.16% 28,114 4.59% 2006 605,615 579,781 95.41% 16,826 601,270 98.16% 25,834 4.27% 2005 452,213 436,027 96.42% 13,637 449,664 99.44% 24,032 5.31% 2004 474,130 453,492 95.65% 29,614 483,106 101.89% 19,150 4.04% 2003 441,177 423,711 96.04% 20,344 444,055 100.65% 28,126 6.38% 2001 375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 8.39% 2000 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 8.59% 1999 316,410 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504 10.78%	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,		Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
605,615 579,781 95.73% 14,483 594,264 98.13% 25,834 452,213 436,027 96.42% 13,637 449,664 99.44% 24,032 474,130 453,492 95.65% 29,614 483,106 101.89% 19,150 441,177 423,711 96.04% 20,344 444,055 100.65% 28,126 414,749 388,281 93.62% 11,627 399,908 96.42% 31,004 375,462 365,291 97.26% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2007	\$	612,558	584,444	95.41%	16,826	601,270	98.16%	28,114	4.59%
452,213 436,027 96.42% 13,637 449,664 99.44% 24,032 474,130 453,492 95.65% 29,614 483,106 101.89% 19,150 441,177 423,711 96.04% 20,344 444,055 100.65% 28,126 414,749 388,281 93.62% 11,627 399,908 96.42% 31,504 375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2006		605,615	579,781	95.73%	14,483	594,264	98.13%	25,834	4.27%
474,130 453,492 95.65% 29,614 483,106 101.89% 19,150 441,177 423,711 96.04% 20,344 444,055 100.65% 28,126 414,749 388,281 93.62% 11,627 399,908 96.42% 31,004 375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2005		452,213	436,027	96.42%	13,637	449,664	99.44%	24,032	5.31%
441,177 423,711 96.04% 20,344 444,055 100.65% 28,126 414,749 388,281 93.62% 11,627 399,908 96.42% 31,004 375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2004		474,130	453,492	95.65%	29,614	483,106	101.89%	19,150	4.04%
414,749 388,281 93.62% 11,627 399,908 96.42% 31,004 375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2003		441,177	423,711	96.04%	20,344	444,055	100.65%	28,126	6.38%
375,462 365,291 97.29% 9,639 374,930 99.86% 31,520 360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2002		414,749	388,281	93.62%	11,627	399,908	96.42%	31,004	7.48%
360,950 352,140 97.56% 12,615 364,755 101.05% 30,988 316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2001		375,462	365,291	97.29%	9,639	374,930	%98.66	31,520	8.39%
316,110 304,830 96.43% 8,980 313,810 99.27% 34,804 301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	2000		360,950	352,140	97.56%	12,615	364,755	101.05%	30,988	8.59%
301,640 294,261 97.55% 8,220 302,481 100.28% 32,504	1999		316,110	304,830	96.43%	8,980	313,810	99.27%	34,804	11.01%
	1998		301,640	294,261	97.55%	8,220	302,481	100.28%	32,504	10.78%

Source: Preble County Auditor

Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

		City Direct Rates	5		Overlapping Rate	es
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Pension Trust Funds	Total Direct Rate	Eaton School District	Preble County	Total Tax Rate
2007	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	8.13	51.03
2006	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	8.13	51.03
2005	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	7.78	50.68
2004	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.30	7.78	50.68
2003	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.60	7.78	50.98
2002	4.00	0.60	4.60	38.60	7.88	51.08
2001	4.00	0.60	4.60	33.10	8.07	45.77
2000	4.00	0.60	4.60	35.78	8.07	48.45
1999	4.00	0.60	4.60	35.78	8.67	49.05
1998	4.00	0.60	4.60	35.78	8.67	49.05

Source: Preble County Auditor

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the

assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority

vote of the City's residents.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2007				1998	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Neaton Auto Products	\$	8,401,220	1	4.84%	\$	11,777,800	1	9.11%
Bullen Semiconductor Corp		4,948,470	2	2.85%				
Dayton Power & Light		3,650,320	3	2.10%		5,605,020	2	4.34%
WalMartReal Estate Business Trust		3,162,130	4	1.82%				
Henny Penny Corporation		2,465,360	5	1.42%		2,885,330	3	2.23%
Weyerhaeuser Company		2,314,600	6	1.33%				
Durbin Eaton Property LLC		2,137,350	7	1.23%		1,296,650	6	1.00%
Parker Hannifin		2,097,810	8	1.21%		1,594,460	5	1.23%
Continental 51 Fund		1,782,400	9	1.03%		1,071,430	8	0.83%
Timken Compnay		1,726,430	10	0.99%				
Preble County Youth Foundation		1,368,240	11	0.79%				
United Telephone Company of Ohio						1,596,620	4	1.24%
Maxiim Medical						1,265,500	7	0.98%
Bullen Ultrasonics/Eaton 122 Ltd.						1,086,180	9	0.84%
Miami Valley Psychologists						927,230	10	0.72%
Total	\$	34,054,330		19.62%		29,106,220		22.52%
Total assessed valuation of City	\$	173,600,700			\$	129,262,320		

Source: Preble County Auditor's Office

A. Property assessed at 35 percent of fair market value.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Total assessed valuation	\$ 173	\$ 173,600,700	179,048,330	176,545,917	171,483,270	168,595,250	166,868,890	157,780,890	155,111,530	145,991,950	129,262,320
Overall debt limitation 10 1/2% of assessed valuation	32	18,228,074	18,800,075	18,537,321	18,005,743	17,702,501	17,521,233	16,566,993	16,286,711	15,329,155	13,572,544
Gross indebtedness Less: Debt outside limitations		6,142,727	2,160,092 2,160,092	2,330,542 2,330,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184	1,474,745	935,960
Debt within 10 1/2% limitation Less: Debt Service Fund balance			1 1	10,388	29,968	1 1		1 1		1 1	1 1
Net debt within 10 1/2% limitation		1	1	(10,388)	(29,968)	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2% limitation	\$	18,228,074	18,800,075	18,547,709	18,035,711	17,702,501	17,521,233	16,566,993	16,286,711	15,329,155	13,572,544
Unvoted debt limitation 5 1/2% of assessed valuation	€	9,548,039	9,847,658	9,710,025	9,431,580	9,272,739	9,177,789	8,677,949	8,531,134	8,029,557	7,109,428
Gross indebtedness authorized by Council Less: Debt outside limitations		6,142,727 6,142,727	2,160,092 2,160,092	2,330,542	2,407,673 2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184	1,474,745	935,960 935,96 <u>0</u>
Debt within 5 1/2% limitation Less: Bond Retirement Fund balance				10,388	29,968	1 1	1 1			1 1	1 1
Net debt within 5 1/2% limitation			1	(10,388)	(29,968)	1	1	ı	1	1	ı
Legal debt margin within 5 1/2% limitation	∞	9,548,039	9,847,658	9,720,413	9,461,548	9,272,739	9,177,789	8,677,949	8,531,134	8,029,557	7,109,428

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Governmental Activities ⁽¹⁾ General Obligation Bonds Payable Issue II Loan Payable Tax Incremental Financing Loan Payable	€	1,057,461 468,750 458,343	1,133,857 506,250 519,985	1,206,792 543,750 550,000	1,276,423 581,250 550,000	1,342,900	656,250	693,750	731,250	750,000	68,296
Total Governmental Activities	∻	1,984,554	2,160,092	2,300,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	656,250	693,750	731,250	750,000	68,296
Business-Type Activities (1) OWDA Loan Payable OWDA Loan Payable	↔	4,158,173					207,105	395,881	567,934	724,745	- 867,664
Total Primary Government	⇔	\$ 6,142,727	2,160,092	2,300,542	2,407,673	1,961,650	863,355	1,089,631	1,299,184	1,474,745	935,960
Population (2) City of Eaton Outstanding Debt per Capita	↔	8,133 755	8,133	8,133	8,133	8,133	8,133	8,133	8,133	7,396	7,396
Income (3) Personal (in thousands) Percentage of Personal Income		226,390 2.71%	216,387	216,387	208,668	194,289	187,189	189,035	194,070 0.67%	167,763 0.88%	165,219

Sources:

(1) City of Eaton, Finance Department
(2) U.S. Bureau of Census
(3) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional FACT Sheets.
(a) Per Capita Income is only available by County. The Personal Income amount is a calculation.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt December 31, 2007

	Net Debt outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Eaton	Amount Applicable to City of Eaton
City of Eaton	\$ 6,142,727	100.0%	\$ 6,142,727
Preble County	\$ 6,415,795	22.2%	\$ 1,423,074

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department and Preble County Auditor

Note: The percentage of Preble County overlapping debt applicable to the City of Eaton is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

Demographic Statistics December 31, 2007

	_	1970	1980	1990	2000
Population		6,070	6,839	7,396	8,133
Personal Income (in thousands)	\$	20,274	46,799	82,184	136,399
Per capita income	\$	3,340	6,843	11,112	16,771
Number of dwelling units		2,193	2,840	2,920	3,274
Persons per household		2.76	2.48	2.45	2.37
Median age		34.80	32.40	33.40	38.10
Percentage owner-occupied dwelling units	S	67%	64%	69%	67.3%
Median family income	\$	8,246	17,905	28,773	42,241
Family income distribution:					
\$0 - 9,999		816	876	174	91
\$10,000 - 14,999		555	482	177	122
\$15,000 - 24,999		268	723	453	204
\$25,000 and over	=	51	612	1,228	1,729
Total families	=	1,690	2,693	2,032	2,146
Education distribution/grades years compl	eted:				
0 - 8		1,001	699	465	335
9 - 11		609	690	781	775
12		1,340	1,979	2,432	2,533
13 - 15		319	484	859	1,211
16 or more		291	385	323	559
High school graduates		1,950	2,848	3,614	4,303

Source: 2000 Federal Census

Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2007	<u>r</u>	1998	
Employer	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Employees	Rank
Neaton Auto Products Mfg, Inc	745	1	636	2
Henny Penny Corp	489	2	480	3
Preble County	410	3	340	4
CBS Personnel Services	362	4	*	
Parker Hannifin	298	5	777	1
Wal-Mart Associates Inc	265	6	*	
Eaton Community Schools	228	7	*	
Bullen Semiconductor, Inc.	214	8	*	
Weyerhaeuser Co	125	9	140	6
Bullen Ultrasonics Inc	71	10	*	
Total	3,207		2,373	

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

Note: Total employment figures are not availble.

^{* -} Not all information for 1998 employment figures is available.

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Full-Time City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Full-time-E	Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of December 3	loyees as of D	ecember 31			
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Function/Program										
General Government	12	13	12	13	11	11	111	10	13	10
Municipal Court	12	12	12	13	12	12	111	11	11	111
Police	14	14	14	15	15	15	13	14	13	12
Fire & Emergency Medica	5	æ	33	æ	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Safety/Dispatch	9	9	7	9	7	7	7	7	7	9
Water & Sewer	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	6	6	10
Public Maintenance	13	12	12	13	13	13	12	12	13	11
Total	72	71	72	75	72	72	99	65	89	62

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Capital Assets and Infrastructure Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Governmental Activities General Government Area (square acres)	3,938	3,938	3,938	3,884	3,820	3,820	3,820	3,820	3,756	3,756
Public Safety Fire protection and emergency rescue: Number of stations Number of firemen and EMS personnel (volunteer) Police protection: Number of stations Number of sworm police officers	2 4 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	2 8 1 4	2 6 65 1 4	2 5	2 5 1 4 T	2 68 13	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 4 2 1 1 19	57 1 17
Transportation Miles of streets Number of street lights	43 613	43 590	43 590	43 568	42 568	41 566	41 545	41 545	41 545	41 545
Community Development Buildings: Permits issued Valuation of construction	120 \$23,972,847	133 \$10,670,057	137 \$8,594,911	118	134 \$34,133,502	130 \$9,427,935	107	104 \$6,703,976	74 \$6,854,938	89 \$10,837,204
Culture and Recreation Number of parks Numer of tennis courts Number of baseball diamonds Number of swimming pools	9 5 10	9 5 10 1	9 5 10	9 10 1	9 2 10 1	9 3 10	4 c c -	4 c c 1	4 c c 1	4 % % T
Business-Type Activities Water Number of consumers Average daily production (gallons) Miles of water mains	3,515 1,305,822 55	3,486 1,292,306 55	3,461 1,277,794 55	3,418 1,217,244 55	3,373 1,364,369 55	3,352 1,400,766 55	3,336 861,460 55	3,336 862,295 55	3,253 1,324,500 55	3,318 1,245,467 55
Sewer Miles of storm sewers Miles of sanitary sewers	18	18 41	18 41	18 41	18 41	18	18 41	18 41	18 41	18 41

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY, OHIO
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Governmental Activities General Government: Municipal Court cases	10,658	9,141	9,303	9,025	11,736	12,961	14,721	13,060	12,892	12,300
Public Safety: Police calls	7,052	8,035	9,723	10,767	11,318	11,298	10,324	10,524	10,698	9,788
Arrests Fire calls	687 892	748 462	723 427	571 480	588 440	700 518	781 539	646 514	635 516	568 472
EMS calls	2,066	1,873	1,965	1,884	2,026	2,093	2,220	2,112	1,889	1,815
Community Development: # of permits issued	603	618	609	678	643	692	705	798	869	683
# of inspections	1,267	1,471	1,487	1,793	1,638	1,465	1,536	1,929	1,858	1,244
Business-Type Activities Water: Average daily production # of new service connections	1,305,822	1,292,306	1,277,794	1,217,243	1,364,369	1,400,766	1,587,664	1,465,720	1,346,325	1,245,466 (1)
Sewer: Average daily treatment # of new service connections	1,328,634	1,587,900	1,502,104	1,357,567	1,555,942	1,620,104	1,506,337	1,383,290	1,358,482	1,487,595

(1) - amounts not available for this year.

Source: City of Eaton, Finance Department



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF EATON

PREBLE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 15, 2008