CITY OF NORTHWOOD WOOD COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Charles E. Harris and Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants and Government Consultants



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

City Council
City of Northwood
6000 Wales Road
Northwood, Ohio 43619

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the City of Northwood, Wood County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Northwood is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

July 11, 2008



CITY OF NORTHWOOD WOOD COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

 $Certified\ Public\ Accountants$

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Northwood Wood County 6000 Wales Road Northwood, Ohio 43619

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Wood County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate letter dated June 5, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the City Council and the audit committee and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris and Associates, Inc. June 5, 2008

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report, for the year ending December 31, 2006, reported no material citations or recommendations.

Wood County, Ohio



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Issued by:
Department of Finance
Toby Schroyer
Director



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City of Northwood, Ohio

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June 5, 2008

Introduction

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and All Citizens of the City of Northwood, Ohio:

I am pleased to present the tenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Northwood, Ohio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. The report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) established by statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), other authoritative pronouncements and guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada, and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by Charles Harris and Associates, Inc. GAAP requires a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) to accompany the basic financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal (LOT) is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Report

State law, along with Administrative Rules of the Auditor of State, requires all city governments to publish an Annual Report within 150 days of the close of each fiscal year. This report must present a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with GAAP. Various City debt service *Trust Agreements* require Audited Annual Reports in accordance with GAAS. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the CAFR of the City of Northwood, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of a CAFR, it represents a commitment by the City, and its officers, to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and reliability of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management.

Management of the City has established various internal controls designed to compile reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's various internal controls are designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been presented.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the audit staff of Charles Harris and Associates, Inc. The Auditor issued an unqualified opinion that the basic financial statements are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP, in all material respects, representing the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2007. The report from the Auditor is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF NORTHWOOD

Early History

In 1846, John Mossler built a log cabin on the east side of Plank Road, later named Goss Road and now called East Broadway. This road was made of logs, smoothed on one side by an adz and the curved side sunk into mud. The road was maintained with dirt and stone. There were no school boundary lines and children could attend any place of learning that was desirable.

In 1896 Edward Ross Ford purchased property along the Maumee River. In 1898, Mr. Ford built the Edward Ford Plate Glass Factory, which is now situated in the City of Rossford. He also built rows of homes for his employees because of a lack of transportation. At that time the people did not want to be part of Perrysburg and Lake Townships so they petitioned the Wood County Commissioners and the State of Ohio to establish a new township. Ross Township was formed, bound by the Maumee River on the West, Lucas County on the North, Ottawa County on the East and Lake and Perrysburg Townships on the South. The Village of Northwood was incorporated at a special election on August 7, 1962 and comprises all of Ross Township. Northwood acquired its name by residents submitting suggestions. Larry Brough, editor of the Rossford Township News, said it was located in the "Northern" most part of "Wood" County, hence, the name "Northwood" was selected. The Village of Northwood became a City on January 1, 1982 as designated by the State of Ohio after the voters passed the Charter of the City of Northwood on November 3, 1981.

Location

Located in northern Wood County, Northwood occupies approximately eight square miles and is bounded by Rossford on the West, Lucas County (Oregon and Toledo) on the North, Ottawa County on the East and Lake and Perrysburg Townships on the South. Three highways pass through the City including State Route 51 (locally known as Woodville Road) and Interstates 280 and 75. I-280 connects with the Ohio Turnpike six miles south of the City, while I-75 joins I-80/90 three miles south of Northwood. The City is also served by Norfolk Southern and the CSX Transportation railroads as well as the Toledo Express Airport located 20 miles west and Metcalf Field 3 miles south, providing lighted and paved runways for private aircraft.

Form of Government

The City of Northwood is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio operating under its own Charter. The current charter, which was adopted in 1981 and became effective in 1982, provides for a Council/Mayor form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven member City Council. Four members are elected at-large to four-year terms and the other three members are also elected at-large to staggered four year terms, with each term of office beginning January 1st, following the November election. The Council sets compensation of City Officials and employees, enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services and tax levies, appropriating and borrowing funds, licensing and regulating business and trades as well as other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the Mayor who has no vote unless there is a tie in the votes cast by the members of City Council. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments and the City Council may establish various divisions of those departments.

The City's chief executive officer is the Mayor. The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of City Council, the City Administrator and all Directors of the City's departments. The City Administrator serves as the Chief Administrative Officer and may appoint or remove subordinate officers or employees of the City under the direct supervision of the Mayor.

The Clerk of Council/City Clerk is appointed by City Council. The City Treasurer's role is assumed by the Finance & Revenue Director, who is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council.

City Services

Police:

The Northwood Police Department is a full-time department with an authorized strength of 21 sworn full-time positions. Current staffing includes the Chief, a Captain, 5 sergeants, 14 patrol officers, a secretary, a part-time animal control officer, a part-time traffic camera operator, and 2 seasonal crossing guards. The City receives partial grant funding for DARE and Third Grade Safety Belt programs.

The department includes dispatching services for both police and fire and is staffed by 6 full-time dispatchers.

The Northwood Police Department serves the community in many different capacities. The police are involved in the protection of life and property, law enforcement and community education. Community service programs include D.A.R.E. (Drug Abuse Resistance Education), a Block Watch program, Wood County Youth Violence Prevention, Ohio Public Safety Department's Third Grade Safety Belt Program, A.L.E.I.A. (Area Law Enforcement Investigators Association), and Bike Patrol.

Fire:

The City maintains a paid on-call fire and emergency medical services operation. The Fire Chief is a full-time position with two part-time district chiefs appointed by City Council. The department provides fire suppression, fire prevention and inspection, and EMS services to the City of Northwood and its residents. Their equipment includes 3 ambulance units, 3 class-A pumpers, 2 mini pumpers, a paramedic unit, a 50ft. telesquirt, and 2 cruiser-type vehicles. Northwood has a Class 5 ISO rating.

Parks and Recreation:

The City owns three major parks. Nature Trails Park located on Curtice Road features a one mile walking or jogging trail that is partially wooded. Brentwood Park, located on Brentwood Road, features a shelter house, tennis courts, picnic facilities and playground equipment. Central Park, located on Wales Road, features a shelter house, picnic facilities, a baseball diamond, tennis courts and playground equipment. The City also has a Community Room within the Municipal Complex. Residents can rent the shelters and Community Room for various functions.

The City provides a Summer T-Ball, Softball and Baseball Recreation Program for boys and girls ages 6 to 16. The City contracts with the YMCA for a Senior Program.

Public Works:

The Public Works Department maintains the 41 miles of streets in the City. The department's functions include repairs to City streets as well as cleaning and snow removal. Weekly refuse collection is provided through a contract with Waste Management, one of Northwood's largest employers. The Street Department provides a brush pick up service to the residents as well as a fall leaf collection and a Christmas tree recycling/mulching program. Tree maintenance and new tree plantings are planned each year.

Water and Wastewater:

The City of Northwood has separate water and wastewater services. The western portion of the City is served by water treated by the City of Toledo and purchased by the City of Northwood. The water is delivered through the distribution system owned and maintained by the City of Northwood. Wastewater treatment is provided by the City of Toledo on a contractual basis for this portion of the City. The eastern portion of the City is served by water treated by the City of Oregon and purchased through the Northwestern Water & Sewer District. The Northwestern Water & Sewer District also provides wastewater services.

The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the City has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government. The following services are provided by the City as authorized by its Charter: police and fire protection, emergency medical services, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, street maintenance and other governmental services. The City currently purchases water and wastewater treatment services from the City of Toledo and the Northwestern Water & Sewer District.

Accounting Controls

The City's budgetary accounting system was designed to provide reasonable assurance that:

- 1. The City's assets are protected against loss and unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. Reliable financial reports for preparing financial statements and providing accountability for assets are maintained.

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal controls should be evaluated using the following criteria:

- 1. The expense associated with providing the internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their implementation; and
- 2. The evaluation of the offsetting costs and benefits involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and members of the finance office.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

Detailed provisions for the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance & Revenue Director, is required to submit to Council a tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds, except agency funds for the succeeding fiscal year by the first council meeting in July. The budget is required to be adopted by the legislative body by July 15 and to be submitted to the County Budget Commission by July 20 of each year. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance & Revenue Director, is required by Charter to submit to Council, on or before December 15 of each fiscal year, an appropriation ordinance, based on the tax budget, for the next succeeding fiscal year. Council is required to adopt the appropriation ordinance (the budget) in its original form or with those revisions as it may find proper, within thirty days of the beginning of the fiscal year covered by such ordinance.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis by fund and within each fund by department at major object levels, which include personal services, contractual services, supplies and materials, other expenditures, capital outlay, debt service and operating transfers. For management purposes, the major object level is further defined with budgeted amounts not to exceed the aggregate appropriated by Council.

Budgetary control is maintained by an encumbrance of purchase commitment amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Requisitions for the expenditure of monies are submitted to the Finance & Revenue Director for approval, preparation of a purchase order and certification, after approval by the appropriate Department Director. The purchase order is reviewed for the availability of funds and the estimated expenditure is encumbered against the available appropriation. Encumbrances, which would exceed the available appropriation, are not approved or recorded until City Council authorizes additional appropriations. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The City's accounting system provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures plus encumbrances versus the original appropriations plus any additional appropriations made to date. The reports permit the Finance & Revenue Director and other city officials to ascertain the status of each department's appropriations at any time during the year.

INFORMATION USEFUL IN ASSESSING ECONOMIC CONDITION

Economic Outlook

The City of Northwood is a mile wide and located in the middle of the rapid economic growth of Wood County, in the northwestern corner of Ohio. Just across the river from the City of Toledo, the downtown skyline is visible from vantage points in Northwood. The Ohio Turnpike and I-75 intersect just a few miles south of the city limits – a major crossroads to consumer and industrial markets. 18,000,000 people are within a two-hour driving radius from the I-75 and I-80/90 link. There is easy access to the metropolitan areas of Detroit, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati and beyond.

Numerous rail lines intersect Northwood and provide excellent access to local, state and national and international markets. In addition, an international seaport, an inland port, an air cargo hub and an international airport are all minutes away. Getting products to and from markets is a key focus with over 100 truck lines serving the area. A strong industrial base contributes to the economic stability for the City and schools. Several industrial parks for light or heavy industry offer available sites. Sites with high-tech infrastructure are available in a privately owned industrial park. Many businesses have been long time residents of Northwood, and two hospitals service the area and create employment opportunities.

The thing that sets Northwood apart from surrounding cities is its can-do attitude. Not only is the work force nearly 67,000 strong with a superior work ethic, but the City officials are cooperative and willing to make things happen. Many economic development opportunities and incentives are offered through the City and other helpful area organizations. The City of Northwood is happy to assist companies to locate here.

Over \$5.7 million dollars were spent for new construction projects in Northwood in 2007. The number of permits for commercial, industrial and residential totaled 420. Northwood welcomed 13 new commercial and industrial businesses in 2007 which included Campbell Equipment Company, Fluor Constructors, Advanced Specialty Contractors, Kitchen, Bath and Custom Imports, T.C. Paintball, Big Boi, Cutting Edge, American Family Insurance, The Ultimate Hair Salon, Aristelle Hair & Nail Salon, National Association of Letter Carriers, School Matters and Taco Bell. Unity United Methodist Church began construction of a new \$725,000 church. Meijer's gas station was torn down to build a larger facility for \$350,000. The McNerney Company invested \$420,000 for a new construction project and CC Bella built a new \$325,000 facility and Taco Bell invested \$1.1 million to build a new restaurant. The Planning and Zoning Department will continue to work on economic development issues and plan for the future of the city through promotion of the Comprehensive Plan and will continue to support and encourage the necessary enforcement of our Zoning Code to promote the livability and desirability of Northwood.

The City of Northwood has a J.E.D.Z. (Joint Economic Development Zone) agreement each with the Cities of Oregon and Rossford. The City of Northwood has established a Job Creation and Retention Grant Program (J.C.R.G.) as an economic development incentive tool. The City established a TIF (Tax Increment Financing) for the issuance and sale of bonds to pay for construction improvements to the Route 280 interchange at Curtice Road which revolves around the construction of a new Menard's store on Curtice Road. The Cities of Oregon and Northwood have signed a cooperative tax sharing agreement and the Northwood and Oregon school systems have signed compensation agreements with Menard's.

The Planning Commission is working on formulating a new Central Business District and establishing an architectural standard for future construction in this area.

Unemployment Rates

According to the Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, the 2007 annual average unemployment rate for Wood County was 5.4%, which was lower than the state rate of 5.9% but higher than the national rate of 5.0%.

Employee Relations

The City has 50 full-time and 61 part-time employees. A statewide public employee collective bargaining law applies to public employee relations and collective bargaining. There are three bargaining units representing 36 full-time employees. The A.F.S.C.M.E. (American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees) Local 755 Ohio represents 11 full-time employees. The O.P.B.A. (Ohio Patrolmen's Benevolent Association) represents 14 patrol officers and 6 police dispatchers. The FOP/OLC represents 5 sergeants.

The City negotiated in 2006 with A.F.S.C.M.E. for a 3-year term ending on March 31, 2009. The contract with O.P.B.A. was negotiated in 2005 for a 3-year term ending December 31, 2008. The City reached agreement with FOP/OLC in 2007 for a 3-year term ending June 30, 2010.

Major City Initiatives

During 2007, the City continued focusing on improving the quality of life and employment opportunities for its residents and taxpayers. The City pursued possible assistance such as federal, state and local grant funds. In 2007 the City received the following Police related grants; DARE, Alcohol Compliance, Bulletproof Vest, and D.U.I. Task Force. The City also received grants from Wood County Recycling, Landfill Sponsorship, a Fire Training Grant, a Fire AFG Grant, and an E.M.S Fire Grant.

During 2007, the City repaved Lemoyne Rd. The Ravenwood Sanitary and Storm Sewer Improvements project and the Gould Street Improvements project were completed in 2007.

Continuing and Future Projects

The City has been awarded a Grant from the OPWC to pay for one-half the cost of Coy & Curtice Road Intersection Improvements. Other storm sewer improvements are also scheduled.

Debt Administration

The debt service funds accumulate resources for the payment of principal, interest and associated administrative costs on the City's general obligation long-term debt. Resources are derived from property taxes (real and personal), income taxes, TIF payments and operating transfers. The total bonded debt of the City at December 31, 2007 was \$2,790,000. At December 31, 2007, the City had no long-term special assessment related debt. During the year the City retired \$75,000 in general obligation debt. General obligation bonds are retired from income tax collections.

Cash Management

Cash management is an integral component of the City's overall financial plan. The City attempts to earn a market rate of return consistent with providing the liquidity needed to pay obligations on a timely basis. Cash flow forecasting and the use of short-term investments, such as repurchase agreements, allows the City to earn interest on all funds. The City had its operating accounts at Huntington Bank as of December 31, 2007.

The City's investments comply with Section 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code, and the maximum maturity is limited to five years. Most investments mature within the current fiscal year. Interest earnings are allocated to funds based on the requirements of the Ohio Constitution, state statutes and local ordinances. As required by law, all deposits and repurchase agreements are covered by eligible collateral, while investment securities (treasuries and agency/instrumentality issues) are specifically permitted by the Ohio Revised Code and the City's investment policy.

Authorized investments are described in detail in Note 4 of the footnotes to the basic financial statements included within the financial section of this comprehensive annual financial report.

The City's cash resources had a balance of \$4,299,268 as of December 31, 2007.

The amount of interest earned for fiscal year 2007 was \$217,168. Interest earnings are credited to the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund, Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund, State Highway Improvement Fund, Northwood Waste and Environmental Fund, Special Law Enforcement Fund and the Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repairs Fund based on City ordinance. All other interest earnings are credited to the City's General Fund.

At December 31, 2007 the City had bank balances of \$4,336,030. Federal depository insurance covered \$100,000 of the bank balance. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority.

The primary objectives of the City's investment program, in order of priority, are as follows:

- 1. Safety The safety of principal balances is the City's foremost objective and all investments are undertaken in a manner to insure the preservation of capital.
- 2. Liquidity All investments should be sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that can be reasonably anticipated. Since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the investment portfolio should consist of securities with active resale markets.
- 3. Yield Return on investment is of least importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. Investments are limited to low risk securities with the expectation of earning market value.

Risk Management

The City maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, fleet, and general liability coverage. The City also carries police professional and public official's liability insurance. The City provides a self-funded dental insurance program for its employees, which is funded through the general fund. See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for additional information.

The proactive approach that the administration employs in addressing its ongoing operations is reflected in the composition of the City's insurance protection package and its very favorable loss experience.

The City reduces exposure to risk through several initiatives. They include insurance coverages for vehicles, general liability, inland marine, building and contents and computer insurance, public officials and law enforcement liability coverages and boiler and machinery coverage.

The City contracted with Brooks Insurance Agency from January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007 for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Auto Fleet Liability/Physical Damage	\$5,000,000	\$250/500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
General Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Stop Gap Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Real & Personal Property	\$6,750,361	\$1,000
Emergency Medical Services Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Inland Marine Equipment	\$1,446,009	\$1,000
Boiler & Machinery Property Damage	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Demolition/Increased Cost-Construction	\$500,000	\$1,000
Public Officials Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Valuable Papers/EDP/Account Receivable	\$250,000	\$1,000
Extra Expense/Building Ordinance or Law	\$500,000	\$1,000
Employee Benefit Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governments who qualify. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe this, our tenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, meets the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Public Disclosure

The publication of this report represents an important achievement in the ability of the City of Northwood to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to the citizens, its elected officials, City Administration and investors. In addition to the citizens of Northwood, the recipients of this report will include city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks and rating agencies. The extensive effort to prepare and distribute this report is indicative of the continued efforts of the City of Northwood to improve its overall financial accounting, management and reporting capabilities.

Acknowledgements

The City of Northwood is proud to be submitting this GAAP financial report utilizing the guidelines recommended by GFOA. This report is the result of continued cooperation, and combined services of the Mayor, City Council, Administrative Officials, City employees, the Wood County Auditor's Office and the Auditor's Division of the State of Ohio.

Sincere appreciation and acknowledgement is extended to Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc, for their guidance in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully,

Toby A. Schroyer

Finance & Revenue Director

Joby a. Schnozer

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Elected Official

<i>Office</i>	Term Expires
Mayor	12/31/07
City Council	12/31/09
City Council	12/31/09
City Council, President	12/31/09
City Council	12/31/07
City Council, Appointed	12/31/07
City Council	12/31/09
City Council	12/31/07
	Mayor City Council City Council City Council, President City Council City Council City Council City Council, Appointed City Council

Administrative Personnel

		Term	_
Name	Office	Expires	Surety
Brian Ballenger	Director of Law	Indefinite	
Pat Bacon	City Administrator	Indefinite	\$50,000 Bond
Gerald Herman	Chief of Police	Indefinite	
Tim Romstadt	Chief of Fire	Indefinite	
Craig Meier	Director of Public Service	Indefinite	
Toby Schroyer	Director of Finance	Indefinite	\$50,000 Bond
Paul Gercak	Director of Recreation	Indefinite	
Heather Sayler	Zoning Inspector	Indefinite	
Laura Schroeder	Clerk of Mayor's Courts	Indefinite	
C. Drew Griffith	Court Magistrate	Indefinite	

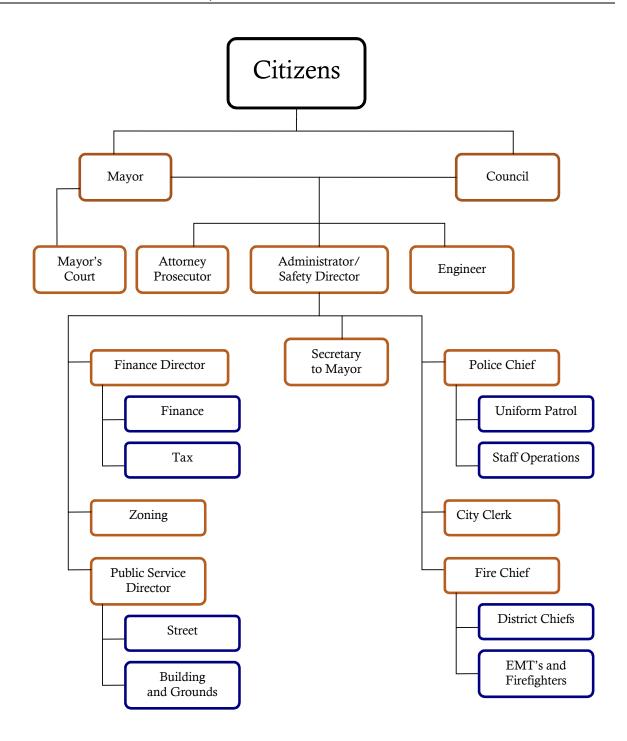
Applies to All Elected Officials

Public officials 5 million/occurrence, 7 million aggregate general liability. Term July 9, 2007 to July 9, 2008

City Address:

City of Northwood 6000 Wales Road Northwood, Ohio 43619-1480 419-693-9327 FAX 419-693-6705

City Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2007



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Northwood Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Olmer S. Cox

President

Executive Director

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

City of Northwood Wood County 6000 Wales Road Northwood, Ohio 43619

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Wood County, Ohio, (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Northwood, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007, and the changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 5, 2008 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund statements, budgetary schedules, capital asset schedules and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and budgetary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express not opinion on them.

Charles Having Assertister

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. June 5, 2008

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Northwood's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- □ In total, net assets decreased \$663,789, which represents a 7 % decrease from 2006.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$6.2 million in revenue or 75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for 25% of total revenues of \$8.3 million.
- □ The City had \$8.9 million in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2.1 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$5.2 million in revenues and \$4.8 million in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased \$415,285 to \$1,731,349.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accepting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Unaudited

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net-assets (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, conditions of the City's streets and continued growth within the City.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City activities. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets.

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a comparison of the City's net assets between 2007 and 2006:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
	2007	2006
Current and other assets	\$6,726,235	\$6,128,168
Capital assets, Net	7,202,868	6,497,104
Total assets	13,929,103	12,625,272
Long-term debt outstanding	4,167,325	2,063,058
Other liabilities	601,758	738,405
Total liabilities	4,769,083	2,801,463
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	5,587,177	4,761,018
Restricted	3,867,539	3,558,021
Unrestricted	(294,696)	1,504,770
Total net assets	\$9,160,020	\$9,823,809

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Unaudited

Changes in Net Assets – The following table shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2007 and 2006:

		Governmental Activities	
	2007	2006	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,186,809	\$1,047,862	
Operating Grants and Contributions	810,546	483,324	
Capital Grants and Contributions	96,445	263,996	
General revenues:			
Property Taxes	349,006	289,354	
Municipal Income Taxes	4,378,660	4,222,764	
Other Local Taxes	61,285	73,800	
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	1,156,122	471,649	
Investment Earnings	217,168	180,924	
Miscellaneous	68,091	74,378	
Total revenues	8,324,132	7,108,051	
Program Expenses			
Security of Persons and Property	2,891,340	2,774,120	
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,869	7,256	
Leisure Time Activities	98,108	81,343	
Community Environment	582,567	271,984	
Basic Utility Services	416,410	344,234	
Transportation	3,152,393	559,877	
General Government	1,765,444	1,526,552	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	73,790	43,463	
Total expenses	8,987,921	5,608,829	
Total Change in Net Assets	(663,789)	1,499,222	
Beginning Net Assets	9,823,809	8,324,587	
Ending Net Assets	\$9,160,020	\$9,823,809	

Governmental Activities

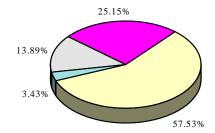
Net assets of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$663,789. This was due primarily to an increase in transportation program expenses including the issuance of \$2.2 million Tax Increment Financing Bonds to pay for improvements to ramps, traffic signalization, and related improvements at the Route 280 interchange at Curtice Road.

The City also receives an income tax, which is based on 1.5% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned from residents living within the City and from nonresidents for work done or services performed or rendered in the City. Residents who work outside the City and are subject to a municipal income tax receive a 100% credit against the income tax liability due to Northwood.

Unaudited

Property taxes and income taxes made up 4.2% and 52.6% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2007. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 57.53% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2007	of Total
General Shared Revenues	\$1,156,122	13.89%
Program Revenues	2,093,800	25.15%
General Tax Revenues	4,788,951	57.53%
General Other	285,259	3.43%
Total Revenue	\$8,324,132	100.00%



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,228,675, which is an increase from last year's balance of \$4,492,500. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by major and nonmajor fund as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2006	(Decrease)
General	\$1,731,349	\$1,318,325	\$413,024
General Obligation Debt Retirement	125,182	26,487	98,695
Capital Improvement	1,335,210	1,284,182	51,028
Capital Replacement	847,014	722,769	124,245
Other Governmental	1,189,920	1,140,737	49,183
Total	\$5,228,675	\$4,492,500	\$736,175

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Unaudited

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance increase is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2007	2006	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Property Taxes	\$264,876	\$251,435	\$13,441
Municipal Income Tax	3,045,387	2,965,991	79,396
Other Local Taxes	41,386	50,879	(9,493)
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,198,047	863,067	334,980
Charges for Services	74,094	50,303	23,791
Licenses and Permits	157,298	152,649	4,649
Investment Earnings	195,450	193,055	2,395
Special Assessments	68,259	69,282	(1,023)
Fines & Forfeitures	137,320	176,610	(39,290)
Donations	2,250	2,925	(675)
All Other Revenue	78,834	68,295	10,539
Total	\$5,263,201	\$4,844,491	\$418,710

General Fund revenues in 2007 increased slightly compared to revenues in fiscal year 2006. The most significant factor contributing to this increase was an increase in estate and inheritance taxes compared to 2006.

	2007	2006	Increase
	Expenditures Expenditures		(Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$2,752,492	\$2,663,267	\$89,225
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,869	7,256	613
Leisure Time Activities	87,164	72,183	14,981
Community Development	165,474	133,371	32,103
Basic Utility Services	0	6,006	(6,006)
Transportation	203,446	195,760	7,686
General Government	1,631,471	1,438,234	193,237
Total	\$4,847,916	\$4,516,077	\$331,839

General Fund expenditures increased by \$331,839 or 7.3% over the prior year mostly due to increases in wages and health insurance premiums for the City's employees and income tax refunds.

Unaudited

The General Obligation Debt Retirement Fund balance increased by \$98,695 in 2007 due to the decrease in principal and interest payments compared to 2006.

The Capital Improvement Fund balance increased by \$51,028 to \$1,335,210 in 2007. This increase was due to decreased expenditures in 2007.

The Capital Replacement Fund balance increased by \$124,245 to \$847,014 in 2007. This increase was due to decreased expenditures in 2007.

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$5.8 million did not change over the original budget estimates of \$5.8 million. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007 the City had \$7,202,868 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, improvements, infrastructure, buildings and machinery and equipment. The following table shows fiscal year 2007 and 2006 balances:

_	Govern Activ	Increase (Decrease)			
	2007 2006				
Land	\$407,945	\$407,945	\$0		
Land Improvements	33,100	33,100	0		
Buildings and Improvements	3,752,549	3,459,743	292,806		
Machinery and Equipment	652,064	643,020	9,044		
Vehicles	2,018,074	2,021,020	(2,946)		
Infrastructure	3,326,654	2,701,453	625,201		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,987,518)	(2,769,177)	(218,341)		
Totals	\$7,202,868	\$6,497,104	\$705,764		

The primary increase occurred in infrastructure. This increase is the result of several street and sewer infrastructure projects.

As of December 31, 2007, the City had contractual commitments of \$86,072. This is related to outstanding road projects. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 9.

Unaudited

Debt

The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$2,790,000	\$665,000
Ohio Public Works Commission	107,975	117,365
Ohio Water Development Authority	917,715	953,730
Compensated Absences	351,635	326,963
Total Governmental Activities	\$4,167,325	\$2,063,058

State statutes limit the amount of unvoted general obligation debt the City may issue. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the respective counties in which Northwood lies, is limited to 11.5 mills. At December 31, 2007, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 12.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City's original budget for 2007 utilized conservative revenue estimates with limited increases in base operating costs. Original General Fund revenues were projected to be 6.8% less than the actual receipts for 2007. This difference was due to increases in intergovernmental revenue.

General Fund expenditures were originally budgeted at 2.2% more than 2007 actual expenditures. Department requests were reduced from original submissions and only those items that management and City Council determined necessary were appropriated.

City Council continues to pursue new revenue sources, while reviewing the possibility of increasing existing sources, in addition to a continued review of reducing expenditures. A close watch of current economic conditions is ongoing to determine if increased revenues, or further reductions in expenditures, are necessary in order to maintain fiscal stability.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Department by calling 419-693-9328 or writing to City of Northwood Finance Department, 6000 Wales Road, Northwood, Ohio 43619.



Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,299,345
Receivables:		
Taxes		993,818
Accounts		333,557
Intergovernmental		901,016
Special Assessments		111,258
Inventory of Supplies at Cost		17,319
Prepaid Items		69,922
Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		407,945
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		6,794,923
Total Assets		13,929,103
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		135,738
Accrued Wages and Benefits		211,926
Intergovernmental Payable		540
Claims Payable		127
Unearned Revenue		251,362
Accrued Interest Payable		2,065
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		272,833
Due in More Than One Year		3,894,492
Total Liabilities		4,769,083
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		5,587,177
Restricted For:		-,,
Capital Projects		2,358,240
Debt Service		275,443
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		365,281
Water/Sewer Maintenance and Repair		641,508
Other Purposes		227,067
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(294,696)
Total Net Assets	\$	9,160,020

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

						ram Revenue			R (et (Expense) devenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Evmanasa		Charges for ervices and	(Operating Grants and	•	oital Grants and	G	overnmental
Governmental Activities:	_	Expenses	_	Sales		ontributions	Co	ntributions	_	Activities
Current:										
Security of Persons and Property	\$	2,891,340	\$	312,025	\$	38,233	\$	84,303	\$	(2,456,779)
Public Health and Welfare Services	_	7,869	_	0	7	0	-	0	-	(7,869)
Leisure Time Activities		98,108		7,980		0		0		(90,128)
Community Environment		582,567		91,830		412,577		12,142		(66,018)
Basic Utility Services		416,410		359,903		0		0		(56,507)
Transportation		3,152,393		32,915		359,736		0		(2,759,742)
General Government		1,765,444		382,156		0		0		(1,383,288)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		73,790		0		0		0		(73,790)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,987,921	\$	1,186,809	\$	810,546	\$	96,445		(6,894,121)
	Ge	eneral Revenu	ies							
	Pro	operty Taxes								349,006
	Mι	inicipal Incon	ne Ta	xes						4,378,660
	Ot	her Local Tax	es							61,285
	Gr	ants and Entit	lemer	nts not Restric	ted to	Specific Pro	grams			1,156,122
	Inv	estment Earn	ings							217,168
	Mi	scellaneous								68,091
	То	tal General Re	evenu	es						6,230,332
	Ch	ange in Net A	ssets							(663,789)
	Ne	t Assets Begin	nning	of Year						9,823,809
	Ne	t Assets End	of Yea	ar					\$	9,160,020

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

	General Obligation Debt General Retirement		In	Capital nprovement	Capital Replacement			
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,124,476	\$	125,182	\$	1,065,577	\$	790,827
Receivables:								
Taxes		746,393		42,758		131,598		65,800
Accounts		196,745		0		2,648		0
Intergovernmental		552,842		56,335		141,545		0
Special Assessments		58,025		53,233		0		0
Interfund Loans Receivables		0		0		200,000		0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		3,984		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		67,408		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	2,749,873	\$	277,508	\$	1,541,368	\$	856,627
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	33,821	\$	0	\$	100,861	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	φ	207,085	φ	0	φ	0	φ	0
Intergovernmental Payable		540		0		0		0
Claims Payable		127		0		0		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		0
Deferred Revenue		776,951		152,326		105,297		9,613
Total Liabilities		1,018,524		152,326		206,158		9,613
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Prepaid Items		67,408		0		0		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		3,984		0		0		0
Reserved for Interfund Loans Receivable		0		0		200,000		0
Undesignated/Unreserved in:								
General Fund		1,659,957		0		0		0
Special Revenue Funds		0		0		0		0
Debt Service Funds		0		125,182		0		0
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		1,135,210		847,014
Total Fund Balances		1,731,349		125,182		1,335,210		847,014
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,749,873	\$	277,508	\$	1,541,368	\$	856,627

Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	1,193,283	\$	4,299,345	
	7,269		993,818	
	134,164		333,557	
	150,294		901,016	
	0		111,258	
	0		200,000	
	13,335		17,319	
	2,514	69,92		
\$	1,500,859	\$	6,926,235	
\$	1,056	\$	135,738	
	4,841		211,926	
	0		540	
	0		127	
	200,000		200,000	
	105,042		1,149,229	
	310,939		1,697,560	
	2,514		69,922	
	13,335		17,319	
	0		200,000	
	0		1,659,957	
	1,112,965		1,112,965	
	1,112,703		125,182	
	61,106		2,043,330	
	1,189,920		5,228,675	
\$	1,500,859	\$	6,926,235	

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,228,675
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	7,202,868
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	897,867
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	
reported in the funds. Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (4,169,390) 9,160,020



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	General	General Obligation Debt Retirement	Capital Improvement	Capital Replacement
Revenues:	d 264.076	. 04.004	Φ	Φ
Property Taxes	\$ 264,876	\$ 84,004	\$ 0	\$ 0
Municipal Income Tax	3,045,387	0	870,171 0	435,086
Other Local Taxes	41,386		~	0
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,198,047	4,695	158,115 0	-
Charges for Services	74,094	0	36,350	0
Licenses and Permits	157,298	0	30,330	0
Investment Earnings	195,450	-	-	0
Special Assessments Fines and Forfeitures	68,259	11,764 0	32,915	0
	137,320		61,020	0
Donations All Other Bassages	2,250	0	140,000	-
All Other Revenue	78,834	0	11,143	0
Total Revenue	5,263,201	100,463	1,309,714	435,086
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	2,752,492	0	0	0
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,869	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	87,164	0	0	0
Community Environment	165,474	0	0	0
Basic Utility Services	0	0	0	0
Transportation	203,446	0	0	0
General Government	1,631,471	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	3,256,686	311,341
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	120,405	0	0
Interest & Fiscal Charges	0	83,363	0	0
Total Expenditures	4,847,916	203,768	3,256,686	311,341
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	415,285	(103,305)	(1,946,972)	123,745
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	500
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	2,200,000	0
Transfers In	0	202,000	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	(202,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	202,000	1,998,000	500
Net Change in Fund Balances	415,285	98,695	51,028	124,245
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,318,325	26,487	1,284,182	722,769
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve	(2,261)	0	0	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,731,349	\$ 125,182	\$ 1,335,210	\$ 847,014

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 0	\$ 348,880
0	4,350,644
19,899	61,285
754,381	2,115,238
393,002	467,096
19,988	213,636
21,718	217,168
0	112,938
17,214	215,554
0	142,250
0	89,977
1,226,202	8,334,666
2,265	2,754,757
0	7,869
0	87,164
408,798	574,272
405,668	405,668
315,669	519,115
48,233	1,679,704
0	3,568,027
0	120,405
0	83,363
1,180,633	9,800,344
45,569	(1,465,678)
0	500
0	2,200,000
92,000	294,000
(92,000)	(294,000)
0	2,200,500
45,569	734,822
1,140,737	4,492,500
3,614	1,353
\$ 1,189,920	\$ 5,228,675
,,-20	,===,,,,,

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	734,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		712,044
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received.		(6,280)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(11,034)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net assets. In addition, repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	(2,079,595)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		9,573
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		(22.242)
in the governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(23,319) (663,789)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Φ 252.000	Φ 272.000	A A C L O T C	4 47.12.1
Property Taxes	\$ 272,000	\$ 272,000	\$ 264,876	\$ (7,124)
Municipal Income Tax	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,127,679	(372,321)
Other Local Taxes	50,000	50,000	38,158	(11,842)
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,120,000	1,120,000	1,022,531	(97,469)
Charges for Services	75,200	75,200	64,246	(10,954)
Licenses and Permits	176,500	176,500	155,410	(21,090)
Special Assessments	75,400	75,400	66,322	(9,078)
Investment Earnings	200,000	200,000	195,450	(4,550)
Fines and Forfeitures	241,000	206,000	137,320	(68,680)
Donations	1,000	6,000	2,250	(3,750)
All Other Revenues	65,700	95,700	72,878	(22,822)
Total Revenues	5,776,800	5,776,800	5,147,120	(629,680)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	2,893,200	2,867,700	2,796,553	71,147
Public Health and Welfare Services	8,000	8,000	7,869	131
Leisure Time Activities	90,700	97,700	87,252	10,448
Community Environment	151,300	178,300	168,480	9,820
Transportation	217,800	217,800	209,404	8,396
General Government	1,763,700	1,755,200	1,672,871	82,329
Total Expenditures	5,124,700	5,124,700	4,942,429	182,271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	652,100	652,100	204,691	(447,409)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	919,785	919,785	919,785	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,571,885	\$ 1,571,885	\$ 1,124,476	\$ (447,409)

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2007

	Agency	
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	623
Total Assets		623
Liabilities: Due to Others		623
Total Liabilities	\$	623

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Northwood, Ohio (the "City") is a charter municipal corporation operating under the charter and the laws of the State of Ohio. Northwood became a City on January 1, 1982. The City operates under a council/mayor form of government. Legislative power is vested in a seven-member council, including the President, each elected to four-year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term and is the chief executive officer of the City. The Administrator is appointed by the Mayor with Council approval and handles the operational activities of the City's departments. All other City officials are appointed by the Mayor with Council approval.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and the results of operations of the various fund types. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2007 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which includes the following services: police protection, fire protection, ambulance transport, parks and recreation and street maintenance and repair, as well as a staff to provide administrative support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable and revenue collection) to the service providers.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>General Obligation Debt Retirement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, principal and interest on general obligation debt.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for 20% of the City's income tax collections which is used for capital projects financing or related capital expenditures attributable to various capital improvements

<u>Capital Replacement Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for 10% of the City's income tax collections which are designated for planned replacement of major capital items for various departments within the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operation. These funds operate on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City has one agency fund. This fund is used to account for monies received by the City in situations where the City's role is purely custodial in nature. The only agency fund is the Mayor's Court Fund, which accounts for monies that flow through the municipal court office.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The City has no activities considered business-type activities.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities total column; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the modified accrual basis when the exchange takes place and the resources are available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and local government assistance). Other revenue, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues, is recorded as revenue when received in cash because it is generally not measurable until received.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes for the government-wide financial statements. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Special assessment installments including related accrued interest, which are measurable but not available at December 31, are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2007, but which are not intended to finance 2007 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 5.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services, capital outlay, and transfers) by department. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the major object level for each department within each fund without the approval of City Council. Budgetary modifications above the major object level by fund may only be made by ordinance of the City Council.

1. Tax Budget

The City Finance Director submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council by July 15 for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenue and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1 of each year. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources stating the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year do not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or if actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2007.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level, and may be modified during the year by ordinance of the City Council. During 2007, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget for unanticipated expenditures. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual--General Fund" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as reservations of fund balances for governmental funds in the accompanying basic financial statements.

5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

6. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change In Fund Balance		
	General Fund	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$415,285	
Increase (Decrease):		
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2007		
received during 2008	(777,054)	
Accrued Revenues at		
December 31, 2006		
received during 2007	660,973	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2007		
paid during 2008	241,573	
Accrued Expenditures at		
December 31, 2006		
paid during 2007	(342,079)	
2006 Prepaids for 2007	73,401	
2007 Prepaids for 2008	(67,408)	
Budget Basis	\$204,691	

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits. The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 4, "Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. <u>Investments</u>

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution, the Ohio Revised Code and local ordinances. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$195,450, which includes \$144,331 assigned from other City funds. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts (repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 4, "Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

H. Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out). The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2007, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", has not been reported. Only additions to infrastructure since the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments", have been reported.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

2. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Buildings & Improvements	15 - 40
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5-10
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure	50

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bond	General Bond Retirement Fund
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	General Bond Retirement Fund
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	General Bond Retirement Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

Sick leave is accrued using the vesting method, whereby the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences (Continued)

For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured and is expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government wide statement of net assets, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. <u>Pensions</u>

The provision for pension cost is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for interfund loans, inventory, prepaid items, debt service and encumbered amounts that have not been accrued at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the</u> government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets of governmental funds as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Other long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures:

Delinquent Income Tax Revenue	\$96,126
Delinquent Property Tax Revenue	65,063
Shared Revenues	482,998
Charges for Services	143,048
Special Assessment Revenue	110,632
	\$897,867

Long-Term liabilities not reported in the funds:

General Obligation Bonds Payable	(\$2,790,000)
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	(917,715)
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	(107,975)
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	(2,065)
Compensated Absences Payable	(351,635)
	(\$4,169,390)

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$1,077,304 (365,260) \$712,044
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Increase in Delinquent Income Tax Revenue Increase in Delinquent Property Tax Decrease in Shared Revenue Increase in Charges for Services Decrease in Special Assessment Revenue	\$28,016 126 (52,125) 2,472 10,477 (\$11,034)
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resour Increase in Compensated Absences Payable Increase in supplies inventory	(\$24,672) 1,353 (\$23,319)

NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits: The fund deficit at December 31, 2007 of \$3,181 in the CHIP HOME Fund (special revenue fund) was created by the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis, which are greater than expenditures on a budgetary basis. A deficit does not exist under the budgetary basis of accounting. The general fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of a majority of individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents." Ohio law requires the classification of funds held by the City into three categories.

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "cash equivalent" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan
 mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing
 association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government
 agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the
 first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations,
 provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through
 eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

NOTE 4 - POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy is to place deposits with major local banks. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents or trustees, are collateralized with eligible securities. The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Collateral permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, bonds of any state, and bonds and other obligations of any country, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of the State of Ohio, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,299,268 and the bank balance was \$4,336,030. In addition, the City had \$700 petty cash on hand. Federal depository insurance covered \$100,000 of the bank balance and \$4,236,030 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the City was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	Balance
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by	
the pledging institution's trust department not in the City's name	\$4,236,030
Total Balance	\$4,236,030

NOTE 5 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2007 were levied after October 1, 2006 on assessed values as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values were established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made in the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2005. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

NOTE 5 – TAXES (Continued)

A. Property Taxes (Continued)

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually: the first payment is due April 30; the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Northwood. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2007 was \$1.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2007 tax receipts were based was \$149,509,617. This amount constitutes \$129,286,640 in real property assessed value, \$3,829,750 in public utility assessed value and \$16,393,227 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .16% (1.60 mills) of assessed value.

B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 1.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2007 consisted of taxes, special assessments, accounts receivable and intergovernmental receivables.

NOTE 7 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for 2007:

_	Transfers In:		
	General		
	Obligation	Other	
	Debt Retirement	Governmental	
Transfers Out:	Fund	Funds	Total
Capital Improvement Fund	\$202,000	\$0	\$202,000
Other Governmental Funds	0	92,000	92,000
	\$202,000	\$92,000	\$294,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2007 consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Loan		
Fund	Receivable	Receivable Payable	
Capital Improvement	\$200,000	\$0	
Other Governmental Funds	0	200,000	
Totals	\$200,000	\$200,000	

The above internal balances are related to the Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) a federal program whereby the City pays to help residents make improvements to their home and properties and is in turn reimbursed by the federal government through federal grant monies.

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2007:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2006	Additions	Deletions	2007
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$407,945	\$0	\$0	\$407,945
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	33,100	0	0	33,100
Buildings and Improvements	3,459,743	292,806	0	3,752,549
Machinery and Equipment	597,608	77,456	(23,000)	652,064
Vehicles	2,066,432	81,841	(130,199)	2,018,074
Infrastructure	2,701,453	625,201	0	3,326,654
	8,858,336	1,077,304	(153,199)	9,782,441
Total Cost	\$9,266,281	\$1,077,304	(\$153,199)	\$10,190,386
Accumulated Depreciation:				
_	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2006	Additions	Deletions	2007
Land Improvements	(\$33,100)	\$0	\$0	(\$33,100)
Buildings and Improvements	(1,088,283)	(73,128)	0	(1,161,411)
Machinery and Equipment	(421,744)	(47,202)	23,000	(445,946)
Vehicles	(1,166,408)	(161,345)	123,919	(1,203,834)
Infrastructure	(59,642)	(83,585)	0	(143,227)
Total Depreciation	(\$2,769,177)	(\$365,260) *	\$146,919	(\$2,987,518)
Net Value:	\$6,497,104			\$7,202,868

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$114,231
Leisure Time Activities	10,944
Community Environment	6,645
Basic Utility Services	10,742
Transportation	136,397
General Government	86,301
Total Depreciation Expense	\$365,260

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS")

The following information was provided by the Ohio PERS to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in one of the three pension plans administered by the Ohio PERS: the Traditional Pension Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD), and the Combined Plan (CO). The TP Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The MD Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the MD Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon. The CO Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Under the CO Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the TP Plan. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD Plan.

The Ohio PERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the TP Plan and CO Plan. Members of the MD Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care benefits. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Ohio PERS. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2007, employee and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD and CO). The employee contribution rate is 9.5%. The 2007 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 13.85%, of covered payroll. From January 1 through June 30, 2007, 8.85% was allocated to fund the pension and 5.0% to fund health care and from July 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, 7.85% was allocated to fund the pension and 6.0% to fund health care. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the Ohio PERS for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$189,394, \$222,871 and \$172,701, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS") (Continued)

The Ohio PERS provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit under the TP and CO plans and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the Ohio PERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Ohio PERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the Ohio PERS. The portion of the 2007 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care was 5.0% from January 1 through June 30, 2007 and 6.0% from July 1 through December 31, 2007, of covered payroll which amounted to \$75,211.

The significant actuarial assumptions and calculations relating to postemployment health care benefits were based on the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2006. The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor. The investment assumption rate for 2006 was 6.5%. An annual increase of 4.0% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.0% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.5% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.0% annually plus an additional factor ranging from .50% to 5% for the next 8 years. In subsequent years (9 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

Benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants for the TP and CO Plans was 374,979. The actuarial value of the Ohio PERS net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2006 is \$12.0 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers and full-time firefighters participate in the OP&F Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$228,681, \$215,584 and \$208,341 for police and \$14,704, \$14,760 and \$13,680 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F Fund is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 2007 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$79,159 representing 6.75% of covered payroll for police and \$4,135 representing 6.75% of covered payroll for fire. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions. As of December 31, 2006, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 14,120 for police and 10,563 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2006 were \$120,373,722, which was net of member contributions of \$58,532,848.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met the minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

The costs of vacation and sick leave benefits are recorded as they are earned. Employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Sick leave is earned at various rates as defined by City policy and union contracts. Employees are paid for 100 percent of earned, unused vacation leave upon termination. Any employee with more than ten years of full-time service with the City who elects to retire is entitled to receive one-fourth of the value of their accumulated unused sick leave up to a maximum of thirty to forty-five days.

At December 31, 2007, the City's accumulated, unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$351,635, which has recorded as a liability of the Governmental Activities.

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NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt of the City at December 31, 2007 is as follows:

	Issue	Original Issue	Balance December 31,			Balance December 31,	Amounts Due Within
	Date	Amount	2006	Issued	(Retired)	2007	One Year
Governmental Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds:							
4.20% Fire Station Improvement	2005	\$800,000	\$665,000	\$0	(\$75,000)	\$590,000	\$75,000
8.00% TIF Improvement	2007	2,200,000	0	2,200,000	0	2,200,000	0
Total General Obligation Bonds			665,000	2,200,000	(75,000)	2,790,000	75,000
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan:							
0.00% Wales Road Pavement & Storm Drainage	1999	187,790	117,365	0	(9,390)	107,975	9,390
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Loans:							
5.88% Oregon Road Water Line	1997	830,174	666,365	0	(25,021)	641,344	25,736
5.66% Oregon Road Trunk							
Water Main Phase II	1998	360,006	287,365	0	(10,994)	276,371	11,616
Total OWDA Loans			953,730	0	(36,015)	917,715	37,352
Compensated Absences			326,963	351,635	(326,963)	351,635	151,091
Total Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Debt			\$2,063,058	\$2,551,635	(\$447,368)	\$4,167,325	\$272,833

The City's future long-term obligation funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2007, follow:

	General Oblig	gation Bonds	OWDA	Loans	OPWC	Loan
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2008	\$75,000	\$24,780	\$37,352	\$53,354	\$9,390	\$0
2009	75,000	197,630	40,326	51,138	9,389	0
2010	80,000	194,480	42,668	48,794	9,389	0
2011	85,000	191,120	45,148	46,314	9,389	0
2012	115,000	188,032	47,773	43,739	9,389	0
2013-2017	340,000	859,418	283,894	153,646	46,947	0
2018-2022	235,000	773,624	371,627	100,619	14,082	0
2023-2027	350,000	662,378	48,927	2,523	0	0
2028-2032	505,000	499,744	0	0	0	0
2033-2037	745,000	262,914	0	0	0	0
2038	185,000	14,800	0	0	0	0
Totals	\$2,790,000	\$3,868,920	\$917,715	\$500,129	\$107,975	\$0

NOTE 13 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2007 the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Project	Commitment	Completion
Bradnor Road and Williston Road Intersection	\$86,072	May 2008

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City purchases insurance coverage to provide employee health benefits and pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

The City contracted with Brooks Insurance Agency from January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007 for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Auto Fleet Liability/Physical Damage	\$5,000,000	\$250/500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
General Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Stop Gap Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Real and Personal Property	\$6,750,361	\$1,000
Emergency Medical Services Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Inland Marine Equipment	\$1,446,009	\$1,000
Boiler and Machinery Property Damage	\$5,000,000	\$1,000
Demolition/Increased Cost-Construction	\$500,000	\$1,000
Public Officials Liability	\$5,000,000	\$5,000
Valuable Papers/EDP/Account Receivable	\$250,000	\$1,000
Extra Expense/Building Ordinance or Law	\$500,000	\$1,000
Employee Benefit Liability	\$5,000,000	\$1,000

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City provides a self-funded dental insurance program for its employees which is funded through the general fund. GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," as amended by GASB Statement No. 30 "Risk Management Omnibus," requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal 2007 were:

	Beginning of	Current Year Claims and	Claims	Balance at
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	Changes in Estimates	Payments	Year End
2005	\$1,163	\$34,200	(\$33,681)	\$1,682
2006	1,682	30,656	(31,874)	464
2007	464	34,822	(35,159)	127

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to various legal proceeding, which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City has received several federal and state grants for specific purposes, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

 $m{T}$ he following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of dedicated streets.

Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for county-levied motor vehicle registration fees designated for street construction, maintenance and repair.

State Highway Improvement Fund

To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for street maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Northwood Waste/Environmental Fund

To account for the portion of disposal fees designated by City Ordinance to be used for monitoring and related expenses associated with a privately owned and operated solid waste disposal site located within the City.

Drug Fine Fund

To account for proceeds from mandatory drug fines disbursed for law enforcement purposes.

Special Law Enforcement Fund

To account for proceeds received from the sale of property confiscated/forfeited during criminal related arrests. Expenditures are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol related problems and to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Computerized Research Fund

To account for the acquisition, improvement, replacement and repair of the computerized research system of the Mayor's Court.

Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) - CDBG Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake home/building repair, planning and implementation cost, the fair housing program and general administration costs for residents of the City.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) - HOME Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake rehabilitation of homes, down payment assistance and general administration costs for residents of the City.

Ohio Housing Trust Program (CHIP) - OHTF Fund

To account for financial resources used by the City to undertake home/building repair and new construction costs for the residents of the City. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

Water Fund

To account for water related fees and surcharges used for maintenance and repair of waterlines within the City.

Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair Fund

To account for user charges collected by the City of Toledo for Northwood to be used for maintenance and repair of sanitary sewers.

Keep Northwood Beautiful Fund

To account for donations used to promote Northwood Clean-Up Day and for a recycling program.

Water Maintenance - Homecraft Fund

To account for water related fees used for construction, maintenance and repair of waterlines within the Homecraft area of the City.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Recreation Parks Combined Fund

To account for funds received from tax on new residential and mobile homes to be used for the development, maintenance and operation of public owned recreational facilities.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2007

	Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	Capi	onmajor tal Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,132,177	\$	61,106	\$	1,193,283	
Receivables:						
Taxes	7,269		0		7,269	
Accounts	134,164		0		134,164	
Intergovernmental	150,294		0		150,294	
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost	13,335		0		13,335	
Prepaid Items	2,514		0		2,514	
Total Assets	\$ 1,439,753	\$	61,106	\$	1,500,859	
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,056	\$	0	\$	1,056	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	4,841		0		4,841	
Interfund Loans Payable	200,000		0		200,000	
Deferred Revenue	 105,042		0		105,042	
Total Liabilities	310,939		0		310,939	
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Prepaid Items	2,514		0		2,514	
Reserved for Supplies Inventory	13,335		0		13,335	
Undesignated/Unreserved in:						
Special Revenue Funds	1,112,965		0		1,112,965	
Capital Projects Funds	 0		61,106		61,106	
Total Fund Balances	1,128,814		61,106	1,189,920		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,439,753	\$	61,106	\$	1,500,859	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Spec	onmajor ial Revenue Funds	Capit	onmajor al Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:							
Other Local Taxes	\$	16,399	\$	3,500	\$	19,899	
Intergovernmental Revenues		754,381		0		754,381	
Charges for Services		393,002		0		393,002	
Licenses and Permits		19,988		0		19,988	
Investment Earnings		21,718		0		21,718	
Fines and Forfeitures		17,214		0		17,214	
Total Revenue		1,222,702		3,500		1,226,202	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property		2,265		0		2,265	
Community Environment		408,798		0		408,798	
Basic Utility Services		405,668		0		405,668	
Transportation		315,669		0		315,669	
General Government		48,233		0		48,233	
Total Expenditures		1,180,633		0		1,180,633	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		42,069		3,500		45,569	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		92,000		0		92,000	
Transfers Out		(92,000)		0		(92,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0	
Net Change In Fund Balance		42,069		3,500		45,569	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,083,131		57,606	1,140,737		
Increase in Inventory Reserve		3,614		0	3,614		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	1,128,814	\$	61,106	\$	1,189,920	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2007

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair			or Vehicle ense Tax	e Highway provement	Northwood Waste / Environmental	
Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	215,562	\$	8,386	\$ 27,995	\$	13,035
Receivables:							
Taxes		0		7,269	0		0
Accounts		0		0	0		1,584
Intergovernmental		139,023		0	11,271		0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		13,335		0	0		0
Prepaid Items		2,514		0	0		0
Total Assets	\$	370,434	\$	15,655	\$ 39,266	\$	14,619
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	936	\$	0	\$ 120	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		4,217		0	186		185
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0	0		0
Deferred Revenue		92,682		4,846	7,514		0
Total Liabilities		97,835		4,846	7,820		185
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Prepaid Items		2,514		0	0		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		13,335		0	0		0
Undesignated/Unreserved		256,750		10,809	 31,446		14,434
Total Fund Balances		272,599		10,809	31,446		14,434
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	370,434	\$	15,655	\$ 39,266	\$	14,619

D	orug Fine	_	ecial Law forcement	cement and lucation	nputerized esearch	CF	IIP CDBG	СН	IP HOME	 Water
\$	3,944	\$	11,945	\$ 6,778	\$ 13,522	\$	102,774	\$	96,819	\$ 233,282
	0		0	0	0		0		0	0
	0		0	0	0		0		0	104,101
	0		0	0	0		0		0	0
	0		0	0	0		0		0	0
	0		0	 0	 0		0		0	0
\$	3,944	\$	11,945	\$ 6,778	\$ 13,522	\$	102,774	\$	96,819	\$ 337,383
\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
	0		0	0	0		0		0	159
	0		0	0	0		100,000		100,000	0
	0		0	 0	0		0		0	0
	0		0	 0	 0		100,000		100,000	 159
	0		0	0	0		0		0	0
	0		0	0	0		0		0	0
	3,944		11,945	6,778	13,522		2,774		(3,181)	337,224
	3,944		11,945	6,778	13,522		2,774		(3,181)	337,224
\$	3,944	\$	11,945	\$ 6,778	\$ 13,522	\$	102,774	\$	96,819	\$ 337,383

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2007

	Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair			Keep orthwood eautiful	Mai	Water ntenance - omecraft	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	299,423	\$	65,353	\$	33,359	\$	1,132,177	
Receivables:									
Taxes		0		0		0		7,269	
Accounts		4,904		0		23,575		134,164	
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		150,294	
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		0		0		0		13,335	
Prepaid Items		0		0		0		2,514	
Total Assets	\$	304,327	\$	65,353	\$	56,934	\$	1,439,753	
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,056	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		43		0		51		4,841	
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		200,000	
Deferred Revenue		0		0		0		105,042	
Total Liabilities		43		0		51		310,939	
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for Prepaid Items		0		0		0		2,514	
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		0		0		0		13,335	
Undesignated/Unreserved		304,284		65,353		56,883		1,112,965	
Total Fund Balances		304,284		65,353		56,883		1,128,814	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	304,327	\$	65,353	\$	56,934	\$	1,439,753	



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Street nstruction, ntenance and Repair	or Vehicle ense Tax	State Highway Improvement		Northwood Waste / Environmental	
Revenues:	 	 			' <u>-</u>	
Other Local Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 16,399	\$	0	\$	0
Intergovernmental Revenues	316,170	0		25,634		0
Charges for Services	0	0		0		0
Licenses and Permits	0	0		0		19,988
Investment Earnings	10,858	2,172		2,172		2,172
Fines and Forfeitures	 0	 0		0		0
Total Revenue	327,028	18,571		27,806		22,160
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property	0	0		0		0
Community Environment	0	0		0		21,134
Basic Utility Services	0	0		0		0
Transportation	256,902	17,300		41,467		0
General Government	 0	 0		0		0
Total Expenditures	256,902	 17,300		41,467		21,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	70,126	1,271		(13,661)		1,026
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	0	0		0		0
Transfers Out	 0	 0		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0	0		0		0
Net Change In Fund Balances	70,126	1,271		(13,661)		1,026
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	198,859	9,538		45,107		13,408
Increase in Inventory Reserve	 3,614	0		0		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 272,599	\$ 10,809	\$	31,446	\$	14,434

Dr	rug Fine	-	ial Law rement	cement and ucation	puterized esearch	СН	IP CDBG	СН	IIP HOME	СН	IP OHTF
\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
	0		0	0	0		48,557		294,584		63,965
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	0		2,172	0	0		0		0		0
	625		1,148	809	14,632		0		0		0
	625		3,320	809	14,632		48,557		294,584		63,965
	2,118		147	0	0		0		0		0
	0		0	0	0		43,687		285,102		58,875
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	0		0	0 1,930	0		0		0		0
					 46,303						
	2,118		147	 1,930	46,303		43,687	-	285,102		58,875
	(1,493)		3,173	(1,121)	(31,671)		4,870		9,482		5,090
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
	(1,493)		3,173	(1,121)	(31,671)		4,870		9,482		5,090
	5,437		8,772	7,899	45,193		(2,096)		(12,663)		(5,090)
	0		0	0	0		0		0		0
\$	3,944	\$	11,945	\$ 6,778	\$ 13,522	\$	2,774	\$	(3,181)	\$	0

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Water		Sanitary Sewer Operation, Maintenance and Repair		Keep Northwood Beautiful		Water Maintenance - Homecraft		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Revenues:										
Other Local Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	16,399
Intergovernmental Revenues		0		0		5,471		0		754,381
Charges for Services		348,905		21,322		0		22,775		393,002
Licenses and Permits		0		0		0		0		19,988
Investment Earnings		0		2,172		0		0		21,718
Fines and Forfeitures		0		0		0		0		17,214
Total Revenue		348,905		23,494		5,471		22,775		1,222,702
Expenditures: Current:										
Security of Persons and Property		0		0		0		0		2,265
Community Environment		0		0		0		0		408,798
Basic Utility Services		371,297		20,073		0		14,298		405,668
Transportation		0		0		0		0		315,669
General Government		0		0		0		0		48,233
Total Expenditures		371,297		20,073		0		14,298		1,180,633
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(22,392)		3,421		5,471		8,477		42,069
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In		92,000		0		0		0		92,000
Transfers Out		(92,000)		0		0		0	_	(92,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0		0
Net Change In Fund Balances		(22,392)		3,421		5,471		8,477		42,069
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		359,616		300,863		59,882		48,406		1,083,131
Increase in Inventory Reserve		0		0		0		0		3,614
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	337,224	\$	304,284	\$	65,353	\$	56,883	\$	1,128,814



D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ 272.000	Ф. 272.000	Φ 2 64.0 7 6	ф. (7.10A)	
Property Taxes	\$ 272,000	\$ 272,000	\$ 264,876	\$ (7,124)	
Municipal Income Taxes	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,127,679	(372,321)	
Other Local Taxes	50,000	50,000	38,158	(11,842)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,120,000	1,120,000	1,022,531	(97,469)	
Charges for Services	75,200	75,200	64,246	(10,954)	
Licenses and Permits	176,500	176,500	155,410	(21,090)	
Investment Earnings	200,000	200,000	195,450	(4,550)	
Special Assessments	75,400	75,400	66,322	(9,078)	
Fines and Forfeitures	241,000	206,000	137,320	(68,680)	
Donations	1,000	6,000	2,250	(3,750)	
All Other Revenues	65,700	95,700	72,878	(22,822)	
Total Revenues	5,776,800	5,776,800	5,147,120	(629,680)	
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property: Police Department:					
Personal Services	1,808,800	1,804,400	1,785,917	18,483	
Materials and Supplies	83,900	84,300	77,845	6,455	
Contractual Services	55,700	59,700	53,797	5,903	
Other Expenditures	5,000	6,200	6,108	92	
Capital Outlay	2,000	800	450	350	
Total Police Department	1,955,400	1,955,400	1,924,117	31,283	
Fire Department:					
Personal Services	423,600	394,100	370,813	23,287	
Materials and Supplies	93,600	102,800	101,052	1,748	
Contractual Services	31,300	22,700	19,991	2,709	
Capital Outlay	2,000	5,400	5,248	152	
Total Fire Department	550,500	525,000	497,104	27,896	
Civil Defense:					
Contractual Services	2,500	2,500	2,243	257	
				(Continued)	

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Police and Fire Communications		<u></u>		
Personal Services	364,600	364,600	356,699	7,901
Materials and Supplies	5,800	5,800	3,999	1,801
Contractual Services	7,400	7,400	6,193	1,207
Total Police and Fire Communications	377,800	377,800	366,891	10,909
Street Lighting:				
Contractual Services	3,000	3,000	2,814	186
Railroad Lighting:				
Contractual Services	4,000	4,000	3,384	616
Total Security of Persons and Property	2,893,200	2,867,700	2,796,553	71,147
Public Health and Welfare Services:				
County Board of Health:				
Contractual Services	8,000	8,000	7,869	131
Total Public Health and Welfare Services	8,000	8,000	7,869	131
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks and Playgrounds:				
Materials and Supplies	7,500	6,200	6,034	166
Contractual Services	29,000	16,700	15,663	1,037
Capital Outlay	3,000	23,600	23,448	152
Total Parks and Playgrounds	39,500	46,500	45,145	1,355
Recreation:				
Materials and Supplies	2,000	2,000	387	1,613
Contractual Services	18,000	8,000	5,400	2,600
Total Recreation	20,000	10,000	5,787	4,213
Baseball Programs:				
Personal Services	7,200	7,150	6,913	237
Materials and Supplies	11,800	21,600	17,348	4,252
Contractual Services	9,500	9,750	9,544	206
Other Expenditures	200	200	15	185
Total Baseball Programs	28,700	38,700	33,820	4,880

(Continued)

Special Events: Atterials and Supplies 2,500 2,500 2,500 0 Total Leisure Time Activities 90,700 97,700 87,252 10,448 Community Environment: Planning and Zoning: Personal Services 81,000 84,000 81,045 2,955 Materials and Supplies 4,000 4,000 3,323 677 Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 4,000 932 68 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 <		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Leisure Time Activities 90,700 97,700 87,252 10,448 Community Environment: Planning and Zoning: Personal Services 81,000 84,000 81,045 2,955 Materials and Supplies 4,000 4,000 3,323 677 Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control:	Special Events:				
Panning and Zoning: Personal Services	Materials and Supplies	2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Planning and Zoning: 81,000 84,000 81,045 2,955 Materials and Supplies 4,000 4,000 3,323 677 Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000	Total Leisure Time Acitivities	90,700	97,700	87,252	10,448
Personal Services 81,000 84,000 81,045 2,955 Materials and Supplies 4,000 4,000 3,323 677 Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422	Community Environment:				
Materials and Supplies 4,000 4,000 3,323 677 Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036	Planning and Zoning:				
Contractual Services 800 800 707 93 Capital Outlay 200 200 0 200 Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 1	Personal Services	81,000	84,000	81,045	2,955
Capital Outlay Total Planning and Zoning 200 200 85,075 3.925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300	Materials and Supplies	4,000	4,000	3,323	677
Total Planning and Zoning 86,000 89,000 85,075 3,925 Weed Control and Tree Care: Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 <t< td=""><td>Contractual Services</td><td>800</td><td>800</td><td>707</td><td>93</td></t<>	Contractual Services	800	800	707	93
Weed Control and Tree Care: 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795	Capital Outlay	200	200	0	200
Personal Services 29,000 30,800 30,723 77 Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: 2,000 4,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: 8,000 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Servic	Total Planning and Zoning	86,000	89,000	85,075	3,925
Materials and Supplies 2,200 700 652 48 Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Weed Control and Tree Care:				
Contractual Services 10,100 10,800 10,432 368 Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Personal Services	29,000	30,800	30,723	77
Capital Outlay 2,000 1,000 932 68 Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Materials and Supplies	2,200	700	652	48
Total Weed Control and Tree Care 43,300 43,300 42,739 561 Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Contractual Services	10,100	10,800	10,432	368
Economic Development: Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Capital Outlay	2,000	1,000	932	68
Materials and Supplies 12,000 31,000 28,630 2,370 Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Total Weed Control and Tree Care	43,300	43,300	42,739	561
Insect Control: Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Economic Development:				
Personal Services 2,000 4,000 2,614 1,386 Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Materials and Supplies	12,000	31,000	28,630	2,370
Materials and Supplies 8,000 11,000 9,422 1,578 Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Insect Control:				
Total Insect Control 10,000 15,000 12,036 2,964 Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Personal Services	2,000	4,000	2,614	1,386
Total Community Environment 151,300 178,300 168,480 9,820 Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Materials and Supplies	8,000	11,000	9,422	1,578
Transportation: Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Total Insect Control	10,000	15,000	12,036	2,964
Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Total Community Environment	151,300	178,300	168,480	9,820
Street Maintenance and Repair: Personal Services 189,800 191,300 186,932 4,368 Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Transportation:				
Materials and Supplies 23,600 23,100 20,305 2,795 Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233					
Contractual Services 4,400 3,400 2,167 1,233	Personal Services	189,800	191,300	186,932	4,368
	Materials and Supplies	23,600	23,100	20,305	2,795
Total Transportation 217,800 217,800 209,404 8,396	Contractual Services	4,400	3,400	2,167	1,233
	Total Transportation	217,800	217,800	209,404	8,396

(Continued)

	Original			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
General Government:				
Mayor:				
Personal Services	21,500	14,900	14,716	184
Materials and Supplies	1,900	1,300	1,053	247
Contractual Services	1,700	1,900	1,496	404
Total Mayor	25,100	18,100	17,265	835
Finance Director:				
Personal Services	298,300	306,300	302,082	4,218
Materials and Supplies	8,700	8,900	5,934	2,966
Contractual Services	14,000	13,800	10,650	3,150
Total Finance Director	321,000	329,000	318,666	10,334
City Administrator:				
Personal Services	146,200	151,200	147,907	3,293
Materials and Supplies	4,300	4,550	4,284	266
Contractual Services	1,200	950	846	104
Total City Administrator	151,700	156,700	153,037	3,663
Legal Administration:				
Personal Services	9,600	9,600	8,957	643
Materials and Supplies	3,000	3,000	2,770	230
Contractual Services	49,300	49,300	38,723	10,577
Total Legal Administration	61,900	61,900	50,450	11,450
City Cars:				
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	892	108
City Council:				
Personal Services	58,700	60,600	59,658	942
Materials and Supplies	7,500	6,200	6,030	170
Contractual Services	800	1,200	1,119	81
Total City Council	67,000	68,000	66,807	1,193

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
City Clerk:				
Personal Services	61,700	63,200	60,379	2,821
Materials and Supplies	800	400	72	328
Contractual Services	10,300	800	242	558
Capital Outlay	500	900	810	90
Total City Clerk	73,300	65,300	61,503	3,797
Mayor's Court:				
Personal Services	180,100	194,400	191,575	2,825
Materials and Supplies	18,400	20,500	18,070	2,430
Contractual Services	32,500	31,100	30,558	542
Total Mayor's Court	231,000	246,000	240,203	5,797
Civil Service Commission:				
Personal Services	1,800	1,800	1,685	115
Materials and Supplies	500	500	263	237
Contractual Services	3,700	3,700	1,811	1,889
Total Civil Service Commission	6,000	6,000	3,759	2,241
Buildings and Grounds:				
Personal Services	119,800	125,600	123,930	1,670
Materials and Supplies	16,000	13,300	13,081	219
Contractual Services	28,400	25,300	24,805	495
Other Expenditures	500	500	445	55
Total Buildings and Grounds	164,700	164,700	162,261	2,439
General Miscellaneous:				
Contractual Services	33,000	33,500	31,268	2,232
				(Continued)

	Original	Final Dudget	A atual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
C1 A	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Special Assessments:				
Personal Services	1,000	1,000	0	1,000
Contractual Services	65,000	65,000	58,602	6,398
Capital Outlay	4,000	4,000	0	4,000
Total Special Assessments	70,000	70,000	58,602	11,398
General Administrative:				
Personal Services	5,700	5,700	4,387	1,313
Materials and Supplies	9,500	9,500	8,113	1,387
Contractual Services	287,800	302,800	282,714	20,086
Other Expenditures	255,000	217,000	212,944	4,056
Total General Administrative	558,000	535,000	508,158	26,842
Total General Government	1,763,700	1,755,200	1,672,871	82,329
Total Expenditures	5,124,700	5,124,700	4,942,429	182,271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	652,100	652,100	204,691	(447,409)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	919,785	919,785	919,785	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,571,885	\$ 1,571,885	\$ 1,124,476	\$ (447,409)

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT RETIREMENT FUND

		Original Budget Final			al Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:										
Property Taxes	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	84,004	\$	(5,996)		
Intergovernmental Revenues		5,000		5,000		4,695		(305)		
Special Assessments		18,000		18,000		11,764		(6,236)		
Total Revenues		113,000		113,000		100,463		(12,537)		
Expenditures:										
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		120,500		120,500		120,405		95		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		83,900		83,900		83,363		537		
Total Expenditures		204,400		204,400		203,768		632		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		(91,400)		(91,400)		(103,305)		(11,905)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In		202,000		202,000		202,000		0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		202,000		202,000		202,000		0		
Net Change in Fund Balance		110,600		110,600		98,695		(11,905)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		26,487		26,487		26,487		0_		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	137,087	\$	137,087	\$	125,182	\$	(11,905)		

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Original			Positive	
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 893,622	\$ (106,378)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	236,500	136,500	104,303	(32,197)	
Licenses and Permits	70,000	70,000	69,450	(550)	
Special Assessments	38,000	38,000	32,915	(5,085)	
Fines and Forfeitures	160,000	120,000	65,186	(54,814)	
Donations	8,000	148,000	140,000	(8,000)	
All Other Revenues	20,000	20,000	12,142	(7,858)	
Total Revenues	1,532,500	1,532,500	1,317,618	(214,882)	
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay:					
Security of Persons and Property	240,000	294,955	271,942	23,013	
Transportation	3,111,600	3,233,027	2,565,453	667,574	
General Government	664,400	564,400	445,237	119,163	
Total Expenditures	4,016,000	4,092,382	3,282,632	809,750	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,483,500)	(2,559,882)	(1,965,014)	594,868	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
General Obligation Bonds Issued	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	0	
Transfers Out	(202,000)	(202,000)	(202,000)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,998,000	1,998,000	1,998,000	0	
Net Change In Fund Balance	(485,500)	(561,882)	32,986	594,868	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	855,346	855,346	855,346	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	76,383	76,383	76,383	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 446,229	\$ 369,847	\$ 964,715	\$ 594,868	

CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUND

	TITLE RELECTION	EIII I CIID		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 446,811	\$ (53,189)
All Other Revenues	10,000	10,000	0	(10,000)
Total Revenues	510,000	510,000	446,811	(63,189)
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	361,000	378,933	313,308	65,625
Total Expenditures	361,000	378,933	313,308	65,625
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	149,000	131,067	133,503	2,436
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	10,000	10,000	500	(9,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	10,000	500	(9,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	159,000	141,067	134,003	(7,064)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	638,891	638,891	638,891	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	17,933	17,933	17,933	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 815,824	\$ 797,891	\$ 790,827	\$ (7,064)

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

								iance with al Budget
	(Original						Positive
		Budget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							•	,
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	325,000	\$	325,000	\$	315,297	\$	(9,703)
Investment Earnings		15,000		15,000		10,858		(4,142)
Total Revenues		340,000		340,000		326,155		(13,845)
Expenditures:								
Transportation:								
Street Maintenance and Repair:								
Personal Services		189,000		189,000		175,815		13,185
Materials and Supplies		11,000		11,000		3,951		7,049
Total Street Maintenance and Repair		200,000		200,000		179,766		20,234
Snow and Ice Removal:								
Personal Services		13,000		13,000		10,696		2,304
Materials and Supplies		53,000		40,000		30,336		9,664
Contractual Services		5,000		16,000		15,172		828
Total Snow and Ice Removal		71,000		69,000		56,204		12,796
Traffic Signals and Signs:								
Personal Services		10,000		7,500		5,841		1,659
Materials and Supplies		5,000		5,000		4,929		71
Contractual Services		8,000		10,500		9,236		1,264
Total Traffic Signals and Signs		23,000		23,000		20,006		2,994
Road Striping:								
Personal Services		3,000		6,100		5,246		854
Materials and Supplies		3,000		1,900		1,199		701
Total Road Striping		6,000		8,000		6,445		1,555
Total Expenditures		300,000		300,000		262,421		37,579
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		40,000		40,000		63,734		23,734
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		151,828		151,828		151,828		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	191,828	\$	191,828	\$	215,562	\$	23,734

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Other Local Taxes	\$ 18,000	\$	18,000	\$ 16,576	\$	(1,424)
Investment Earnings	 3,000		3,000	 2,172		(828)
Total Revenues	21,000		21,000	18,748		(2,252)
Expenditures:						
Transportation:						
Contractual Services	20,000		20,000	17,300		2,700
Total Expenditures	20,000		20,000	17,300		2,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,000		1,000	1,448		448
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 6,938		6,938	 6,938		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,938	\$	7,938	\$ 8,386	\$	448

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

Revenues:		riginal Judget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	25,564	\$	(4,436)
Investment Earnings	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	2,172	ψ	(828)
Total Revenues		33,000		33,000		27,736		(5,264)
Expenditures:								
Transportation:								
Street Maintenance and Repair:								
Personal Services		11,000		11,000		10,585		415
Snow and Ice Removal:								
Materials and Supplies		29,900		29,900		29,900		0
Traffic Signals and Signs:								
Contractual Services		2,100		2,100		1,483		617
Total Expenditures		43,000		43,000		41,968		1,032
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,000)		(10,000)		(14,232)		(4,232)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		42,227		42,227		42,227		0_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	32,227	\$	32,227	\$	27,995	\$	(4,232)

NORTHWOOD WASTE / ENVIRONMENTAL FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ.	24.000	Φ.	24.000	Φ.	20.046	•	(2.07.1)
Licenses and Permits	\$	24,000	\$	24,000	\$	20,046	\$	(3,954)
Investment Earnings		3,000		3,000		2,172		(828)
Total Revenues		27,000		27,000		22,218		(4,782)
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Personal Services		24,000		23,500		22,401		1,099
Materials and Supplies		1,000		1,500		953		547
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000		23,354		1,646
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,000		2,000		(1,136)		(3,136)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		14,171		14,171		14,171		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	16,171	\$	16,171	\$	13,035	\$	(3,136)

DRUG FINE FUND

n.	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Fines and Forfeitures	¢	4 000	\$	4 000	¢	625	\$	(2.275)
	Φ	4,000	ф	4,000	\$	625	Ф	(3,375)
Total Revenues		4,000		4,000		625	-	(3,375)
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Capital Outlay		4,000		4,000		2,118		1,882
Total Expenditures		4,000		4,000		2,118		1,882
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		(1,493)		(1,493)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,437		5,437		5,437		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,437	\$	5,437	\$	3,944	\$	(1,493)

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:								
Investment Earnings	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	2,172	\$	(828)
Fines and Forfeitures		5,000		5,000		1,148		(3,852)
Total Revenues		8,000		8,000		3,320		(4,680)
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Materials and Supplies		1,000		1,000		147		853
Contractual Services		2,000		2,000		0		2,000
Capital Outlay		2,000		2,000		0		2,000
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		147		4,853
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,000		3,000		3,173		173
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		8,772		8,772		8,772		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	11,772	\$	11,772	\$	11,945	\$	173

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Fines and Forfeitures	¢.	2.000	¢.	2.000	¢	000	Φ	(1.101)
	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	809	\$	(1,191)
Total Revenues		2,000		2,000	-	809		(1,191)
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Materials and Supplies		5,000		5,000		1,930		3,070
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		1,930		3,070
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)		(1,121)		1,879
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		7,899		7,899		7,899		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,899	\$	4,899	\$	6,778	\$	1,879

COMPUTERIZED RESEARCH FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	14,632	\$	(3,368)
Total Revenues		18,000		18,000		14,632		(3,368)
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Materials and Supplies		0		3,000		2,721		279
Capital Outlay		40,000		57,000		53,577		3,423
Total Expenditures		40,000		60,000		56,298		3,702
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(22,000)		(42,000)		(41,666)		334
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		55,188		55,188		55,188		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	33,188	\$	13,188	\$	13,522	\$	334

CHIP CDBG FUND

		n cbbci.	J1 (12)				Vor	ance with
	Original Budget F			Final Budget		Actual		al Budget cositive egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	54,000	\$	54,000	\$	48,557	\$	(5,443)
Total Revenues		54,000		54,000		48,557		(5,443)
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Capital Outlay		54,000		54,000		43,687		10,313
Total Expenditures		54,000		54,000		43,687		10,313
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		4,870		4,870
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		97,904		97,904		97,904		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	97,904	\$	97,904	\$	102,774	\$	4,870

CHIP HOME FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 344,900	\$ 344,900	\$ 294,584	\$ (50,316)	
Total Revenues	344,900	344,900	294,584	(50,316)	
Expenditures:					
Community Environment:					
Capital Outlay	344,678	344,678	294,719	49,959	
Total Expenditures	344,678	344,678	294,719	49,959	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	222	222	(135)	(357)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	96,954	96,954	96,954	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 97,176	\$ 97,176	\$ 96,819	\$ (357)	

CHIP OHIO HOUSING TRUST FUND

ē		110001110	11001	1 0112			
		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	78,102	\$	78,102	\$ 63,965	\$	(14,137)
Total Revenues		78,102		78,102	63,965		(14,137)
Expenditures:							
Community Environment:							
Capital Outlay		78,102		78,102	 63,965		14,137
Total Expenditures	_	78,102		78,102	63,965		14,137
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0	0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0	0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0

WATER FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Charges for Services	\$ 390.000	\$ 390,000	\$ 337,465	\$ (52,535)
Total Revenues	390,000	390,000	337,465	(52,535)
Expenditures:				
Basic Utility Services:				
Personal Services	38,000	28,000	18,011	9,989
Contractual Services	25,000	25,000	11,368	13,632
Capital Outlay	350,000	360,000	347,738	12,262
Total Expenditures	413,000	413,000	377,117	35,883
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,000)	(23,000)	(39,652)	(16,652)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	92,000	92,000	92,000	0
Transfers Out	(92,000)	(92,000)	(92,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,000)	(23,000)	(39,652)	(16,652)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	272,934	272,934	272,934	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 249,934	\$ 249,934	\$ 233,282	\$ (16,652)

SANITARY SEWER OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	_	Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:	••••		• • • • • •				
Charges for Services	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$	23,461	\$	(6,539)
Investment Earnings	 3,000		3,000		2,172		(828)
Total Revenues	 33,000		33,000		25,633		(7,367)
Expenditures:							
Basic Utility Services:							
Personal Services	12,000		12,000		2,907		9,093
Materials and Supplies	3,000		0		0		0
Contractual Services	5,000		0		0		0
Capital Outlay	 10,000		18,000		17,156		844
Total Expenditures	30,000		30,000		20,063		9,937
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,000		3,000		5,570		2,570
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	293,853		293,853		293,853		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 296,853	\$	296,853	\$	299,423	\$	2,570

KEEP NORTHWOOD BEAUTIFUL FUND

Revenues:		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,471	\$	(529)
Total Revenues	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	5,471	Ψ	(529)
Expenditures:								
Community Environment:								
Materials and Supplies		4,000		4,000		0		4,000
Capital Outlay		1,000		1,000		0		1,000
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000		0		5,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,000		1,000		5,471		4,471
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		59,882		59,882		59,882		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	60,882	\$	60,882	\$	65,353	\$	4,471

WATER MAINTENANCE - HOMECRAFT FUND

WALL	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$ 20,500	\$	(4,500)
Total Revenues	 25,000		25,000	 20,500		(4,500)
Expenditures:						
Basic Utility Services:						
Personal Services	3,000		13,000	5,411		7,589
Capital Outlay	 27,000		17,000	8,836		8,164
Total Expenditures	 30,000		30,000	 14,247		15,753
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,000)		(5,000)	6,253		11,253
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 27,106		27,106	 27,106		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 22,106	\$	22,106	\$ 33,359	\$	11,253

RECREATION PARKS COMBINED FUND

Darranness		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Taxes	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$	3,500	\$	(9,000)
Intergovernmental Revenues	Ф	2,500	φ	2,500	φ	3,300	φ	(2,500)
Donations Tevenues		10,000		10,000		0		(10,000)
Total Revenues		25,000		25,000		3,500		(21,500)
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay		20,000		20,000		0		20,000
Total Expenditures		20,000		20,000		0		20,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		5,000		5,000		3,500		(1,500)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		57,606		57,606		57,606		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	62,606	\$	62,606	\$	61,106	\$	(1,500)



Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Fund

Mayor's Court Fund

To account for the collection and distribution of court fines and forfeitures.

Statement Of Changes In Assets And Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Balance December 31, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2007
Mayor's Court Fund			_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,084	\$196,649	(\$197,110)	\$623
Total Assets	\$1,084	\$196,649	(\$197,110)	\$623
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$1,084	\$196,649	(\$197,110)	\$623
Total Liabilities	\$1,084	\$196,649	(\$197,110)	\$623

$oldsymbol{C}_{APITAL}\,oldsymbol{A}_{SSETS}\,oldsymbol{U}_{SED}\,oldsymbol{I}_{N}\,oldsymbol{T}_{HE}$ Operation Of Governmental $oldsymbol{F}_{UNDS}$

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source December 31, 2007

Capital Assets:

Land	\$407,945
Land Improvements	33,100
Buildings and Improvements	3,752,549
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	652,064
Vehicles	2,018,074
Infrastructure	3,326,654
Total Capital Assets	\$10,190,386

Investment in Capital Assets from:

Capital Projects Funds \$10,190,386

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity December 31, 2007

Function and Activity	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings and Improvements	Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures
General Government:				
Finance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,814
Administration	0	0	0	0
Public Land and Buildings	407,945	33,100	3,752,549	19,428
Total	407,945	33,100	3,752,549	36,242
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	0	0	0	162,802
Fire	0	0	0	246,337
Total	0	0	0	409,139
<u>Transportation:</u>				
Street	0	0	0	99,804
Basic Utility Services:				
Storms, Sewers and Drains	0	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks	0	0	0	59,149
Community Environment:				
Brush Pickup	0	0	0	47,730
Total Capital Assets	\$407,945	\$33,100	\$3,752,549	\$652,064

Vehicles	Infrastructure	Total
\$0	\$0	\$16,814
18,724	0	18,724
82,247	24,500	4,319,769
100,971	24,500	4,355,307
244,097	0	406,899
962,267	0	1,208,604
1,206,364	0	1,615,503
710,739	2,422,178	3,232,721
0	754,239	754,239
0	125,737	184,886
0	0	47,730
\$2,018,074	\$3,326,654	\$10,190,386

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity For Year Ended December 31, 2007

Function and Activity	December 31, 2006	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2007
General Government:				
Finance	\$16,814	\$0	\$0	\$16,814
Administration	18,724	0	0	18,724
Public Land and Buildings	4,026,963	292,806	0	4,319,769
Total	4,062,501	292,806	0	4,355,307
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	439,261	58,691	(91,053)	406,899
Fire	1,208,260	23,150	(22,806)	1,208,604
Total	1,647,521	81,841	(113,859)	1,615,503
Transportation:				
Street	2,839,577	432,484	(39,340)	3,232,721
Basic Utility Services:				
Storms, Sewers and Drains	484,066	270,173	0	754,239
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks	184,886	0	0	184,886
Community Environment:				
Brush Pickup	47,730	0	0	47,730
Total Capital Assets	\$9,266,281	\$1,077,304	(\$153,199)	\$10,190,386

STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 9
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the income tax.	S 10 – S 13
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 14 – S 21
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 22 – S 25
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S 26 – S 31
Sources Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.	

Net Assets by Component Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$2,709,009	\$3,280,125	\$4,761,018	\$5,587,177
Restricted	2,561,935	3,530,758	3,558,021	3,867,539
Unrestricted	1,091,942	1,513,704	1,504,770	(294,696)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$6,362,886	\$8,324,587	\$9,823,809	\$9,160,020
Primary Government:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$2,709,009	\$3,280,125	\$4,761,018	\$5,587,177
Restricted	2,561,935	3,530,758	3,558,021	3,867,539
Unrestricted	1,091,942	1,513,704	1,504,770	(294,696)
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$6,362,886	\$8,324,587	\$9,823,809	\$9,160,020

Changes in Net Assets Last Four Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Security of Persons and Property	\$2,687,303	\$2,945,787	\$2,774,120	\$2,891,340
Public Health and Welfare Services	7,919	6,976	7,256	7,869
Leisure Time Activities	83,270	88,266	81,343	98,108
Community Environment	454,832	335,915	271,984	582,567
Basic Utility Services	628,619	60,161	344,234	416,410
Transportation	481,056	678,071	559,877	3,152,393
General Government	1,456,201	1,448,482	1,526,552	1,765,444
Interest and Fiscal Charges	71,983	161,557	43,463	73,790
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$5,871,183	\$5,725,215	\$5,608,829	\$8,987,921
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Security of Persons and Property	\$254,143	\$172,994	\$102,273	\$312,025
Leisure Time Activities	8,622	14,705	9,290	7,980
Community Environment	24,189	31,198	21,355	91,830
Basic Utility Services	378,804	467,475	423,974	359,903
Transportation	43,905	0	13,628	32,915
General Government	507,680	635,778	477,342	382,156
Operating Grants and Contributions	564,483	438,046	483,324	810,546
Capital Grants and Contributions	215,488	117,445	263,996	96,445
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1,997,314	1,877,641	1,795,182	2,093,800
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets				
Governmental Activities:				
Property Taxes	313,017	322,209	289,354	349,006
Municipal Income Taxes	4,062,903	4,062,435	4,222,764	4,378,660
Other Local Taxes	76,183	76,855	73,800	61,285
Grants and Entitlements not				
Restricted to Specific Programs	349,931	1,132,148	471,649	1,156,122
Investment Earnings	33,322	131,126	180,924	217,168
Miscellaneous	163,296	84,502	74,378	68,091
Total Primary Government	\$4,998,652	\$5,809,275	\$5,312,869	\$6,230,332
Change in Net Assets	\$1,124,783	\$1,961,701	\$1,499,222	(\$663,789)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
General Fund				
Reserved	\$92,558	\$113,657	\$45,985	\$44,759
Unreserved	599,617	459,760	491,096	616,503
Total General Fund	692,175	573,417	537,081	661,262
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	103,525	257,908	106,800	209,498
Unreserved, Undesignated,				
Reported in:				
Special Revenue Funds	366,573	364,109	530,518	546,349
Debt Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Capital Projects Funds	(341,383)	(139,210)	(387,004)	(109,427)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	128,715	482,807	250,314	646,420
Total Governmental Funds	\$820,890	\$1,056,224	\$787,395	\$1,307,682

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
\$78,250 464,882	\$72,369 466,752	\$67,303 590,583	\$79,110 989,091	\$79,646 1,238,679	\$71,392 1,659,957
543,132	539,121	657,886	1,068,201	1,318,325	1,731,349
74,116	64,771	137,056	397,302	266,399	215,849
669,820	883,911	461,813	944,798	1,070,624	1,112,965
0	0	0	0	26,487	125,182
292,325	990,530	1,339,196	1,638,569	1,810,665	2,043,330
1,036,261	1,939,212	1,938,065	2,980,669	3,174,175	3,497,326
\$1,579,393	\$2,478,333	\$2,595,951	\$4,048,870	\$4,492,500	\$5,228,675

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Revenues:				_
Taxes	\$3,195,461	\$3,260,962	\$3,395,940	\$3,428,408
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,348,196	1,284,364	1,566,188	1,210,778
Charges for Services	47,145	46,147	205,864	103,350
Licenses, Permits and Fees	229,021	257,746	231,595	357,962
Investment Earnings	87,354	67,598	119,399	79,602
Special Assessments	87,335	84,055	81,469	80,034
Fines and Forfeitures	309,574	281,115	208,583	193,317
Donations	200,710	639	426,236	5,312
All Other Revenue	103,022	58,270	51,061	75,444
Total Revenue	5,607,818	5,340,896	6,286,335	5,534,207
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	1,784,433	1,976,336	2,120,072	2,149,659
Public Health and Welfare Services	6,340	6,200	6,002	6,325
Leisure Time Activities	95,323	93,451	95,045	75,303
Community Environment	177,893	149,643	119,711	146,698
Basic Utility Services	66,372	42,194	61,485	48,769
Transportation	354,503	387,917	407,742	406,330
General Government	998,920	1,158,867	1,139,537	1,233,798
Capital Outlay	1,476,331	1,575,790	2,308,269	1,036,862
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	101,224	118,428	134,236	180,306
Interest and Fiscal Charges	117,880	139,667	130,695	125,222
Total Expenditures	5,179,219	5,648,493	6,522,794	5,409,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	428,599	(307,597)	(236,459)	124,935

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
\$3,760,756	\$4,358,846	\$4,314,284	\$4,470,044	\$4,752,120	\$4,760,809
1,050,188	1,069,965	1,257,237	1,609,116	1,435,315	2,115,238
143,954	315,978	356,852	389,794	425,805	467,096
426,867	320,173	442,158	350,593	206,052	213,636
51,373	29,889	36,055	109,416	213,501	217,168
83,753	78,894	100,731	116,337	113,540	112,938
202,845	160,275	183,732	480,941	347,983	215,554
4,644	2,550	12,260	16,287	2,925	142,250
95,870	54,185	125,768	84,135	72,294	89,977
5,820,250	6,390,755	6,829,077	7,626,663	7,569,535	8,334,666
2,217,835	2,387,311	2,471,232	2,680,788	2,669,816	2,754,757
7,937	7,923	7,919	6,976	7,256	7,869
79,701	77,602	76,855	75,929	72,183	87,164
162,908	163,911	446,489	325,469	264,879	574,272
48,460	81,488	628,619	51,834	338,972	405,668
429,463	487,007	454,210	511,382	466,844	519,115
1,257,868	1,281,256	1,368,328	1,333,162	1,463,430	1,679,704
1,045,270	847,258	1,102,567	1,777,387	1,633,065	3,568,027
198,747	82,866	86,888	111,556	108,426	120,405
100,787	80,752	71,983	100,724	92,658	83,363
5,548,976	5,497,374	6,715,090	6,975,207	7,117,529	9,800,344
271,274	893,381	113,987	651,456	452,006	(1,465,678)
					(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	6,800	2,802	12,876	3,232
Proceeds from Capital Leases	0	213,114	0	0
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	0	187,790	0	0
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	689,756	59,728	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	373,674	345,313	1,020,384	627,681
Transfers Out	(373,674)	(345,313)	(1,020,384)	(627,681)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	696,556	463,434	12,876	3,232
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$1,125,155	\$155,837	(\$223,583)	\$128,167
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.63%	5.25%	4.51%	7.13%

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
5,185	8,000	9,100	0	0	500
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	800,000	0	2,200,000
411,410	324,000	229,000	289,000	364,000	294,000
(411,410)	(324,000)	(229,000)	(289,000)	(364,000)	(294,000)
5,185	8,000	9,100	800,000	0	2,200,500
\$276,459	\$901,381	\$123,087	\$1,451,456	\$452,006	\$734,822
6.00%	3.26%	2.91%	4.32%	3.85%	2.39%

Income Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

Tax year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Income Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Total Tax Collected	\$2,676,214	\$3,040,364	\$3,243,746	\$3,345,682	\$3,571,190
Income Tax Receipts					
Withholding Accounts	2,048,425	2,379,530	2,619,656	2,768,936	2,941,091
Percentage	76.5%	78.3%	80.7%	82.8%	82.4%
Business Accounts	392,896	404,758	371,890	305,272	358,442
Percentage	14.7%	13.3%	11.5%	9.1%	10.0%
Residential Accounts	234,892	256,076	252,199	271,474	271,658
Percentage	8.8%	8.4%	7.8%	8.1%	7.6%

Source: City Income Tax Department

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
\$4,046,253	\$4,127,618	\$4,304,522	\$4,478,459	\$4,433,918
3,169,189	3,148,326	3,271,490	3,398,217	3,540,483
78.3%	76.3%	76.0%	75.9%	79.9%
602,134	694,875	764,568	808,377	626,095
14.9%	16.8%	17.8%	18.1%	14.1%
274,931	284,416	268,463	271,865	267,340
6.8%	6.9%	6.2%	6.0%	5.9%



Income Tax Collections Current Year and One Year Ago

	Calendar Year 2007					
			Local			
	Number	Percent of	Taxable	Percent of		
	of Filers	Total	Income	Income		
Top Ten	10	0.49%	\$3,778,263	3.989		
All Others	2,030	99.51%	91,077,805	96.029		
Total	2,040	100.00%	\$94,856,068	100.009		
Local Taxes Paid by Resid	lents		Tax Dollars			
Taxes Paid to Northwood		_	\$562,062			
T	f		860,779			
Taxes Credited to Other M	lunicipanties	_	000,			
Taxes Credited to Other M	runicipanties	_ =	\$1,422,841			
Taxes Credited to Other M	<u> </u>	Calendar Y	\$1,422,841			
Taxes Credited to Other M	Number	Calendar Yo	\$1,422,841 ear 2006	Percent of		
Taxes Credited to Other M			\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local	Percent of Income		
Taxes Credited to Other M	Number	Percent of	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable	Income		
	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable Income	Income 4.46		
Top Ten	Number of Filers	Percent of Total 0.62%	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable Income \$3,251,434			
Top Ten All Others	Number of Filers 10 1,601 1,611	Percent of Total 0.62% 99.38%	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable Income \$3,251,434 69,664,510	Income 4.46 95.54		
Top Ten All Others Total	Number of Filers 10 1,601 1,611	Percent of Total 0.62% 99.38%	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable Income \$3,251,434 69,664,510 \$72,915,943	Income 4.46 95.54		
Top Ten All Others Total Local Taxes Paid by Resid	Number of Filers 10 1,601 1,611 dents	Percent of Total 0.62% 99.38%	\$1,422,841 ear 2006 Local Taxable Income \$3,251,434 69,664,510 \$72,915,943 Tax Dollars	Income 4.46 95.54		

Source: City Income Tax Department

Information is not available in this format prior to 2006.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	1998	1999	2000	2001
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$420,000	\$325,000	\$225,000	\$115,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable (TIF Supported)	0	0	0	0
OPWC Loan Payable	0	187,790	178,400	169,010
OWDA Loans Payable	747,594	783,894	1,126,741	1,106,213
Capital Leases	0	213,114	174,743	134,355
Total Primary Government	\$1,167,594	\$1,509,798	\$1,704,884	\$1,524,578
Population (2)				
City of Northwood	6,124	6,124	5,471	5,484
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$191	\$247	\$312	\$278
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	159,353	162,078	149,610	149,061
Percentage of Personal Income	0.73%	0.93%	1.14%	1.02%

Sources:

- (1) Finance Director's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census, Population Division
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$730,000	\$665,000	\$590,000
0	0	0	0	0	2,200,000
154,925	145,535	136,145	126,755	117,365	107,975
1,079,062	1,050,332	1,019,932	987,766	953,730	917,715
91,844	47,098	0	0	0	0
\$1,325,831	\$1,242,965	\$1,156,077	\$1,844,521	\$1,736,095	\$3,815,690
5,484	5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493	5,493
\$242	\$227	\$211	\$336	\$316	\$695
151,836	159,031	161,635	166,811	175,655	175,655
0.87%	0.78%	0.72%	1.11%	0.99%	2.17%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	1998	1999	2000	2001
Population (1)	6,124	6,124	5,471	5,484
Assessed Value (2)	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313	\$130,325,470
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	\$420,000	\$325,000	\$225,000	\$115,000
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	\$40,582	\$6,447	\$31,023	\$59,646
Net General Bonded Debt	\$379,418	\$318,553	\$193,977	\$55,354
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.40%	0.25%	0.15%	0.04%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$61.96	\$52.02	\$35.46	\$10.09

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Wood County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
5,484	5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493	5,493
\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617	\$139,923,694
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$730,000	\$665,000	\$2,790,000
\$48,818	\$43,481	\$71,677	\$56,239	\$26,487	\$125,182
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$673,761	\$638,513	\$2,664,818
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.44%	0.43%	1.90%
\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$122.66	\$116.24	\$485.13



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2007

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Northwood	Amount Applicable to the City of Northwood
Direct:			
City of Northwood	\$2,790,000	100.00%	\$2,790,000
Overlapping:			
Northwood School District	1,699,843	100.00%	1,699,843
Wood County	5,845,125	5.00%	292,256
		Subtotal	1,992,099
		Total	\$4,782,099

Source: Wood County

Debt Limitations
Last Ten Years

Collection Year	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313	\$130,325,470
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$)(1)	9,979,536	13,161,039	13,714,818	13,684,174
City Debt Outstanding	1,430,000	1,225,000	1,025,000	815,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(41,579)	(6,447)	(31,023)	(59,646)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,388,421	1,218,553	993,977	755,354
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$8,591,115	\$11,942,486	\$12,720,841	\$12,928,820
Unvoted Debt				
Net Assessed Valuation	\$95,043,201	\$125,343,232	\$130,617,313	\$130,325,470
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$)(1)	5,227,376	6,893,878	7,183,952	7,167,901
City Debt Outstanding	1,430,000	1,225,000	1,025,000	815,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(41,579)	(6,447)	(31,023)	(59,646)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	1,388,421	1,218,553	993,977	755,354
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$3,838,955	\$5,675,325	\$6,189,975	\$6,412,547

⁽¹⁾ Direct Debt Limitation based upon Section 133, The Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

⁽²⁾ City Debt Outstanding includes Non Self-Supporting General Obligation Bonds and Notes only. Enterprise Debt is not considered in the computation of the Legal Debt Margin.

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617	\$139,923,694
10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%	10.50%
14,618,887	14,588,889	14,816,507	16,147,008	15,698,510	14,691,988
600,000	400,000	300,000	930,000	665,000	2,790,000
(48,818)	(43,481)	(71,677)	(56,239)	(26,487)	(125,182)
551,182	356,519	228,323	873,761	638,513	2,664,818
\$14,067,705	\$14,232,370	\$14,588,184	\$15,273,247	\$15,059,997	\$12,027,170
\$139,227,495	\$138,941,800	\$141,109,588	\$153,781,028	\$149,509,617	\$139,923,694
5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
7,657,512	7,641,799	7,761,027	8,457,957	8,223,029	7,695,803
600,000	400,000	300,000	930,000	665,000	2,790,000
(48,818)	(43,481)	(71,677)	(56,239)	(26,487)	(125,182)
551,182	356,519	228,323	873,761	638,513	2,664,818
\$7,106,330	\$7,285,280	\$7,532,704	\$7,584,196	\$7,584,516	\$5,030,985

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Population (1)						
City of Northwood	6,124	6,124	5,471	5,484	5,484	
Wood County	113,269	113,269	121,065	121,065	121,065	
Income (2) (a)						
Total Personal (in thousands)	159,353	162,078	149,610	149,061	151,836	
Per Capita	26,021	26,466	27,346	27,181	27,687	
Unemployment Rate (3)						
Federal	4.9%	4.5%	4.2%	3.8%	4.8%	
State	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	4.3%	
Wood County	3.3%	3.5%	3.2%	3.5%	4.8%	
Civilian Work Force Estimates (3)						
State	5,678,000	5,749,000	5,900,400	5,857,000	5,828,000	
Wood County	65,500	67,100	67,700	68,400	67,600	

Sources:

- (1) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Estimate
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis information is only available through 2006 for the presentation of 2007 statistics, the City is using the latest information available.
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
5,484	5,484	5,493	5,493	5,493
121,065	121,065	123,929	123,929	123,929
159,031	161,635	166,811	175,655	175,655
28,999	29,474	30,368	31,978	31,978
5.8%	6.0%	5.5%	5.0%	4.6%
5.7%	6.1%	6.0%	5.9%	5.6%
5.4%	5.6%	5.6%	5.2%	5.4%
5,915,000	5,875,300	5,900,400	5,971,500	5,976,500
68,000	66,800	67,000	68,400	68,600



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Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2007		
		Number of		
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	
Norplas Industries	Automotive Parts	561	1	
Sofres Intersearch Corp	Research	534	2	
Interstate Brands	Bakery Distribution Center	240	3	
Hoover Universal	Automotive Parts	231	4	
Andersons	Retail	200	5	
North American Science	Medical Equipment Testing	190	6	
Northwood Board of Education	Education	126	7	
Malcolm Meats	Meat Processing	122	8	
Federal Express	Shipping	115	9	
Pilkington	Glass Manufacturing	110	10	
Total		2,429		

		1998	1998		
		Number of			
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank		
National Family Opinion	Research	637	1		
Progressive Industries	Automotive Parts	250	2		
Alcoa Plant	Automotive Parts	173	3		
North American Science	Medical Equipment Testing	145	4		
Northwood Board of Education	Education	116	5		
Waste Management	Refuse Service / Landfill	106	6		
Norplas Industries	Automotive Parts	94	7		
TL Industries	Manufacturing	86	8		
Treu House of Munch	Beverage Distributor	83	9		
Interstate Brands	Bakery Distribution Center	77	10		
Total		1,767			

Source: City Income Tax Department

Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Years

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Governmental Activities						
General Government						
Finance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Legal/Court	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Maintenance	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Security of Persons and Property						
Police	21.00	24.50	24.25	23.25	23.00	23.00
Dispatch	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Fire	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Fire - Volunteers	45.00	46.00	48.00	41.00	41.00	45.00
Transportation						
Street	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Leisure Time Activities						
Recreation/Seniors	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Community Environment						
Service	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50
Total Employees	94.50	99.50	101.25	93.25	94.50	98.50

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25 for each seasonal employee

2004	2005	2006	2007	
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	
3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	
23.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
50.00	53.00	45.00	46.00	
8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	
104.00	108.00	100.00	100.00	

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Governmental Activities						
General Government						
Court						
Number of Criminal Cases	373	233	247	313	375	375
Number of Traffic Cases	1,826	1,766	2,410	2,405	2,501	1,969
Number of Open Cases	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Permits						
Residential Zoning Permits	n/a	234	279	390	363	242
Commercial Zoning Permits	n/a	56	83	68	92	63
Industrial Zoning Permits	n/a	13	15	15	22	10
Security of Persons and Property						
Police						
Criminal/Juvenile Arrests	838	737	676	676	816	728
Traffic Citations Issued	1,414	1,300	1,983	2,428	2,562	1,907
Parking Tickets Written	52	58	62	62	194	265
Number of Calls Answered	n/a	5,223	5,109	7,404	10,440	10,172
Fire						
Number of Calls Answered	705	811	862	761	911	922
Number of Inspections	543	424	215	475	260	266

Source: Finance Director's Office

n/a = not available

2004	2005	2006	2007	
359	286	379	310	
1,932	1,832	1,853	1,559	
166	221	302	133	
265	289	270	275	
73	92	57	123	
32	20	31	17	
642	519	571	444	
1,672	1,527	1,728	1,530	
286	229	122	103	
10,633	10,601	10,094	8,925	
- ,	- 4	- ,	- ,-	
849	804	751	834	
200	122	111	166	

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Governmental Activities					
General Government					
Public Land and Buildings					
Land (acres)	118	118	118	118	118
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5
Security of Persons and Property					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12
Fire					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	12	12	12	12	12
Transportation					
Streets					
Streets (lane miles)	41	41	41	41	41
Intersections with Traffic Signals	16	16	16	16	16
Vehicles	9	9	9	9	9
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation					
Park Areas (acres)	78	78	78	78	78
Shelter Houses	2	2	2	2	2
Parks	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	2	2	2	2	2
Soccer Fields	0	0	0	0	0

2003	2004	2005	2005 2006	
				2007
118	118	118	118	118
5	5	6	6	6
1	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	12	16
1	1	1	1	2
12	12	12	12	14
4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
41	41	41	41	41
16	16	16	16	16
9	9	9	9	10
78	78	78	78	83
2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	4
2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4
2	2	2	2	2
0	0	2	2	2
U	U	2	2	2





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF NORTHWOOD

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 24, 2008