Conotton Valley Union Local School District

Harrision County, Ohio

Regular Audit

July 1, 2006 Through June 30, 2007

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2007

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, Inc.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Conotton Valley Union Local School District PO Box 187 Sherrodsville, Ohio 44675

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Conotton Valley Union Local School District, Harrison County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Conotton Valley Union Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

April 7, 2008



Conotton Valley Union Local School District Harrison County, Ohio

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Conotton Valley Union Local School District 21 Mound Street Sherrodsville, OH 44675

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conotton Valley Union Local School District (the District), Harrison County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2008 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

February 15, 2008

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Conotton Valley Union Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$41,737, which represents a 2.07% increase from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$4,554,143 in revenue or 81.69% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,020,545 or 18.31% of total revenues of \$5,574,688.
- The District had \$5,532,951 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,020,545 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$4554,143 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$4,846,800 in revenues and \$4,864,970 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2007, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$18,170 from \$1,354,214 to \$1,336,044.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-46 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The District's net assets have been restated as detailed in Note 3.A. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

	Net A	Assets
		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2007	2006
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,216,283	\$ 3,872,715
Capital assets, net	627,278	704,987
Total assets	4,843,561	4,577,702
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	2,514,524	2,297,390
Long-term liabilities	272,218	265,230
Total liabilities	2,786,742	2,562,620
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	570,135	704,987
Restricted	435,055	297,974
Unrestricted	1,051,629	1,012,121
Total net assets	\$ 2,056,819	\$ 2,015,082

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,056,819. Of this total, \$1,051,629 is unrestricted in use.

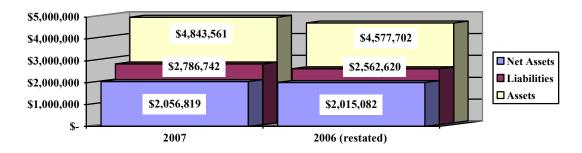
At year-end, capital assets represented 12.95% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$570,135. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$435,055, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,051,629 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2007 and 2006. The District's net assets have been restated as detailed in Note 3.A.

	Change in Net Assets				
	Governmental Activities 2007	Restated Governmental Activities 2006			
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 281,816	\$ 379,783			
Operating grants and contributions	733,234	479,552			
Capital grants and contributions	5,495	-			
General revenues:					
Property taxes	1,963,404	2,095,441			
Grants and entitlements	2,477,093	2,545,301			
Investment earnings	109,898	82,709			
Other	3,748	6,002			
Total revenues	5,574,688	5,588,788			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Restated Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 2,451,215	\$ 2,508,508
Special	546,607	522,993
Vocational	60,278	51,059
Other	30,335	21,764
Support services:		
Pupil	223,357	188,742
Instructional staff	256,637	228,255
Board of education	26,685	14,892
Administration	471,732	551,436
Fiscal	159,189	254,602
Business	-	316
Operations and maintenance	439,220	517,947
Pupil transportation	451,674	367,493
Central	26,086	18,105
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	249,759	249,655
Other non-instructional services	-	2,205
Extracurricular activities	135,094	123,923
Interest and fiscal charges	5,083	1,413
Total expenses	5,532,951	5,623,308
Change in net assets	41,737	(34,520)
Net assets at beginning of year (restated)	2,015,082	2,049,602
Net assets at end of year	\$ 2,056,819	\$ 2,015,082

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$41,737. Total governmental expenses of \$5,532,951 were offset by program revenues of \$1,020,545 and general revenues of \$4,554,143. Program revenues supported 18.44% of the total governmental expenses.

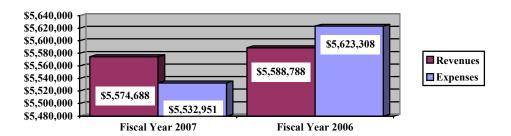
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 79.65% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$3,088,435 or 55.82% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

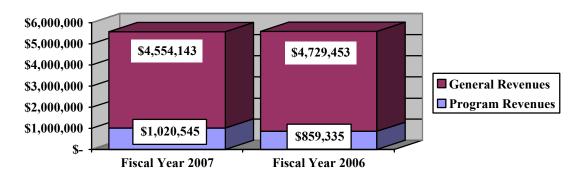
	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Program expenses	·			
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 2,451,215	\$ 2,206,437	\$ 2,508,508	\$ 2,204,346
Special	546,607	116,721	522,993	296,144
Vocational	60,278	59,166	51,059	51,059
Other	30,335	22,098	21,764	13,527
Support services:				
Pupil	223,357	223,357	188,742	188,699
Instructional staff	256,637	222,982	228,255	202,462
Board of education	26,685	26,685	14,892	14,892
Administration	471,732	451,994	551,436	530,332
Fiscal	159,189	154,189	254,602	240,627
Business	-	-	316	316
Operations and maintenance	439,220	439,220	517,947	517,947
Pupil transportation	451,674	446,179	367,493	367,493
Central	26,086	17,086	18,105	9,105
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	249,759	45,638	249,655	47,731
Other non-instructional services	-	-	2,205	2,205
Extracurricular activities	135,094	75,571	123,923	75,675
Interest and fiscal charges	5,083	5,083	1,413	1,413
Total expenses	\$ 5,532,951	\$ 4,512,406	\$ 5,623,308	\$ 4,763,973

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 77.85% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.56%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2007 and 2006

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,585,986, which is higher than last year's total of \$1,492,025. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Fund Balance June 30, 2006	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General Other Governmental	\$ 1,336,044 249,942	\$ 1,354,214 137,811	\$ (18,170) 112,131	(1.34) % 81.37 %
Total	\$ 1,585,986	\$ 1,492,025	\$ 93,961	6.30 %

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided in the section below. The increase in the fund balances of the other governmental funds is primarily due to a \$35,544 increase in the fund balance of the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and a \$89,000 increase in the fund balance of the capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The increase in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) is the result of decreased expenditures in the fund and the increase in the capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) is the result of a transfer in of \$89,000.

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$18,170.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2007	2006	Increase/	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,885,035	\$ 2,031,370	\$ (146,335)	(7.20) %
Earnings on investments	109,898	82,709	27,189	32.87 %
Intergovernmental	2,653,269	2,535,778	117,491	4.63 %
Tuition	194,850	220,121	(25,271)	(11.48) %
Other revenues	3,748	6,002	(2,254)	(37.55) %
Total	\$ 4,846,800	\$ 4,875,980	\$ (29,180)	(0.60) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 2,776,214	\$ 2,743,886	\$ 32,328	1.18 %
Support services	1,877,696	1,937,776	(60,080)	(3.10) %
Non-instructional services	-	2,169	(2,169)	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities	80,320	80,035	285	0.36 %
Capital outlay	· -	71,572	(71,572)	(100.00) %
Debt service	16,740	4,185	12,555	300.00 %
Total	\$ 4,750,970	\$ 4,839,623	\$ (88,653)	(1.83) %

Revenues of the general fund decreased \$29,180 or 0.60%. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$117,491 or 4.63%. This increase can be attributed to an increase in State funding in the form of State foundation receipts and tangible personal property tax loss receipts. Tax revenue decreased \$146,335. This decrease is due mainly to less taxes being available for advance by the County at year end. The increase of \$27,189 in earnings on investments is the result of increased interest rates earned on investments. Tuition decreased \$25,271 due to a decline in open enrollment from prior years.

Expenditures of the general fund decreased \$88,653 or 1.83%. Support services decreased \$60,080 or 3.10%. This decrease is due to a decrease in administration expenditures during fiscal year 2007. The decrease in the area of capital outlay can be attributed to the District entering into a capital lease for copiers during fiscal year 2006.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2007, the District did not amend its general fund budget. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$4,949,500, which stayed the same for final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2007 was \$4,890,416. This represents a \$59,084 decrease over original budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$5,356,684 stayed the same in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$4,935,501, which was \$421,183 less than the original budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

During fiscal year 2007, the District restated capital assets due to errors and omissions previously reported, see Note 3.A for details. At the end of fiscal year 2007, the District had \$627,278 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to 2006:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2007	Restated 2006				
Land	\$ 75,820	\$ 75,820				
Land improvements	12,136	12,973				
Building and improvements	151,311	161,258				
Furniture and equipment	118,008	132,018				
Vehicles	270,003	322,918				
Total	\$ 627,278	\$ 704,987				

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$77,709 is due to depreciation expense of \$131,778 exceeding capital outlays of \$78,256 and disposals of \$24,187 (net of accumulated depreciation).

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had a capital lease obligation in the amount of \$57,143. Of this amount \$12,625 was due within one year and \$44,518 was due in more than one year.

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$5,521,863, and an unvoted debt margin of \$61,354.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

Overall, the District is fiscally sound. The District relies heavily upon grants, property taxes and the state foundation program. Our property tax revenue collection is expected to be stagnant in fiscal year 2008 due to the poor economy and flat historical collections. This tax revenue, along with the District's cash balance, will provide the District with the necessary funds to meet its operating expenses in fiscal year 2008. However, the future financial stability of the District is not without challenges.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (UNAUDITED)

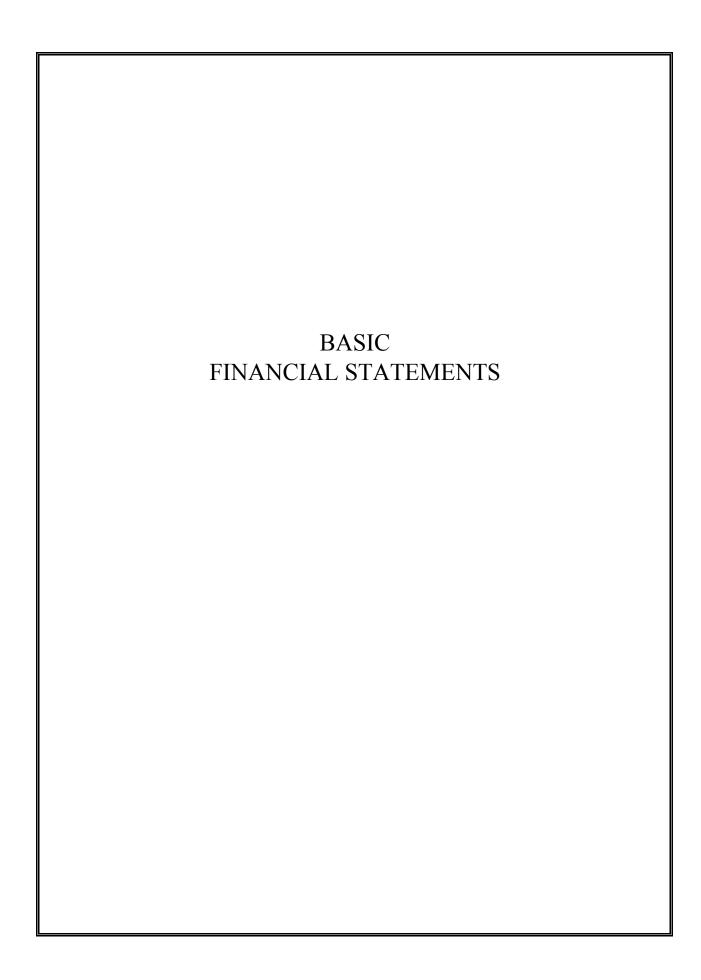
The first challenge is the unknown nature of state foundation revenues due to the increase in local assessed valuation. The District has a sufficient cash balance to meet current operating expenses. The District has lowered planned purchased services and capital outlay expenditures.

The next challenge facing the District is to attract families to the District. The District has a negative balance of (\$194,655) as it relates to open enrollment. There are more kids leaving via open enrollment than coming to the District. The District needs to analyze why this is an issue and take steps to alleviate it in the future.

The last challenge facing the District is the future of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." On May 16, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court emphatically clarified that jurisdiction of the DeRolph case had ended.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Debra Henry, Treasurer, Conotton Valley Union Local School District, 21 Mound Street, P.O. Box 187, Sherrodsville, Ohio 44675.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

		overnmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,006,843
Receivables:		
Taxes		2,123,532
Intergovernmental		58,553
Prepayments		24,826
Materials and supplies inventory		2,529
Capital assets:		
Land		75,820
Depreciable capital assets, net		551,458
Capital assets, net		627,278
Total assets		4,843,561
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		979
Accrued wages and benefits		429,732
Pension obligation payable		89,540
Intergovernmental payable		24,860
Unearned revenue		1,969,413
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		30,599
Due in more than one year		241,619
Total liabilities		2,786,742
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt		570,135
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		244,912
State funded programs		4,604
Federally funded programs		26,353
Student activities		7,690
Other purposes		151,496
Unrestricted		1,051,629
Total net assets	_\$	2,056,819

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

					Progr	am Revenues			R	t (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets		
	Expenses		Expenses		\$	narges for Services nd Sales	O _J Gr	perating rants and atributions	C Gra	apital ants and cributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:												
Instruction:	¢.	2 451 215	¢.	104.050	¢.	40.020	¢.		¢.	(2.20(.427)		
Regular	\$	2,451,215	\$	194,850	\$	49,928	\$	-	\$	(2,206,437)		
Special		546,607		-		429,886		-		(116,721)		
Vocational		60,278		-		1,112		-		(59,166)		
Other		30,335		-		8,237		-		(22,098)		
Support services:		223,357								(222 257)		
Pupil		256,637		-		33,655		-		(223,357) (222,982)		
Board of education		26,685		_		33,033		_		(26,685)		
Administration		471,732		_		19,738		_		(451,994)		
Fiscal		159,189		_		5,000		_		(154,189)		
Operations and maintenance		439,220		_		5,000		_		(439,220)		
Pupil transportation		451,674		_		_		5,495		(446,179)		
Central		26,086		_		9,000		-		(17,086)		
Food service operations		249,759		86,966		117,155		_		(45,638)		
Extracurricular activities		135,094		-		59,523		_		(75,571)		
Interest and fiscal charges		5,083		_		-		_		(5,083)		
Total governmental activities	\$	5,532,951	\$	281,816	\$	733,234	\$	5,495		(4,512,406)		
			Prop Gei Caj	eral Revenue erty taxes lev- neral purposes pital projects. ats and entitler	ied for:					1,905,607 57,797		
				pecific progra						2,477,093		
				stment earning						109,898		
				ellaneous						3,748		
			Tota	l general reve	nues					4,554,143		
			Chai	nge in net asse	ets					41,737		
			Net	assets at begi	nning o	of year (resta	ted)			2,015,082		
			Net:	assets at end	of year				\$	2,056,819		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total al Governme Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash	Ф	1 (05 200	Ф	265.055	ф	1 072 275
and cash equivalents	\$	1,605,300	\$	267,075	\$	1,872,375
Receivables:		2.055.400		60.024		2 122 522
Taxes.		2,055,498		68,034		2,123,532
Intergovernmental		7,095		58,553		58,553 7,095
Interfund loans		•		-		7,093 24,826
Materials and supplies inventory		24,826		2,529		2,529
Restricted assets:		-		2,329		2,329
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents		134,468		_		134,468
Total assets	\$	3,827,187	\$	396,191	\$	4,223,378
Total assets	Ф	3,827,187	Ф	390,191	Ф	4,223,378
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	68	\$	911	\$	979
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	384,946	Ψ	44,786	Ψ	429,732
Pension obligation payable		82,289		7,251		89,540
Intergovernmental payable		22,175		2,685		24,860
Interfund loans.		,176		7,095		7,095
Deferred revenue.		94,498		21,275		115,773
Unearned revenue		1,907,167		62,246		1,969,413
Total liabilities		2,491,143		146,249		2,637,392
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances		5,287		17,263		22,550
Reserved for materials and						
supplies inventory		-		2,529		2,529
Reserved for prepayments		24,826		-		24,826
Reserved for property tax unavailable						
for appropriation		53,833		2,730		56,563
Reserved for textbooks		134,468		-		134,468
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:						
General fund		1,117,630		-		1,117,630
Special revenue funds		-		4,807		4,807
Capital projects funds		-		222,613		222,613
Total fund balances		1,336,044		249,942		1,585,986
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,827,187	\$	396,191	\$	4,223,378

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,585,986
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		627,278
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 97,532 18,241	
Total		115,773
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Capital lease obligation	 (215,075) (57,143)	
Total		 (272,218)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 2,056,819

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 1,885,035	\$	57,053	\$	1,942,088
Tuition	194,850		-		194,850
Charges for services	-		86,966		86,966
Earnings on investments	109,898		161		110,059
Extracurricular	-		53,639		53,639
Other local revenues	3,748		17,266		21,014
Intergovernmental - State	2,653,269		60,325		2,713,594
Intergovernmental - Federal	 <u>-</u>		415,888		415,888
Total revenues	4,846,800		691,298		5,538,098
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,388,198		39,767		2,427,965
Special	304,989		241,618		546,607
Vocational	62,467		-		62,467
Other	20,560		9,775		30,335
Support services:					
Pupil	221,806		-		221,806
Instructional staff	223,105		32,343		255,448
Board of education	26,087		-		26,087
Administration	446,935		19,641		466,576
Fiscal	148,303		6,978		155,281
Operations and maintenance	418,683		21,080		439,763
Pupil transportation	390,005		7,435		397,440
Central	2,772		9,000		11,772
Food service operations	-		245,753		245,753
Extracurricular activities	80,320		59,777		140,097
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	11,657		-		11,657
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,083		-		5,083
Total expenditures	4,750,970		693,167		5,444,137
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	95,830		(1,869)		93,961
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-		114,000		114,000
Transfers (out)	(114,000)		-		(114,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(114,000)		114,000		-
Net change in fund balances	(18,170)		112,131		93,961
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,354,214		137,811		1,492,025
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,336,044	\$	249,942	\$	1,585,986

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 93,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 78,256 (131,778)	
Total		(53,522)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(24,187)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	21,316 15,274	
Total		36,590
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		11,657
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds.		 (22,762)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 41,737

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Revenues: Revenues: Separation of the part of		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Prom local sources:		(Original	Final	Actual		
Taxes \$ 1,951,074 \$ 1,951,074 \$ 1,928,050 \$ (22,569) Tuition. 197,130 194,850 (2,280) Cher local revenues. 3,792 3,792 3,748 (44) Intergovernmental - State 2,684,320 2,684,320 2,653,269 (31,051) Total revenues. 4,947,500 4,947,500 4,890,270 (57,230) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,256,931 2,379,710 147,221 Special. 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational. 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other. 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 21,150 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,157 Board of education 28,170 28,170 28,170 2,882 Administration 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546	Revenues:		-				8 /
Tuition 197,130 197,130 194,850 (2,280) Earnings on investments. 111,184 111,184 109,898 (1,286) Other local revenues 3,792 3,792 3,748 (44) Intergovernmental - State 2,684,320 2,684,320 2,653,269 (31,051) Total revenues 4,947,500 4,947,500 4,890,270 (57,230) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 2,526,931 2,526,931 2,379,710 147,221 Special 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 291 21,150 21,568 17,026 Pupil 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170	From local sources:						
Earnings on investments. 111,184 111,184 109,898 (1,286) Other local revenues. 3,792 3,792 3,748 (44) Intergovernmental - State. 2,684,320 2,684,320 2,653,269 (31,051) Total revenues. 4,947,500 4,947,500 4,890,270 (57,230) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,900 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Special. 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Obter. 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 8 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 8 17,026 1,150 20,560 590 Support services: 8 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 9 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 9 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686	Taxes	\$	1,951,074	\$ 1,951,074	\$ 1,928,505	\$. , ,
Number Color Col			,	197,130	,		
Intergovernmental - State 2,684,320 2,684,320 2,653,269 (31,051) Total revenues 4,947,500 4,947,500 4,890,270 (57,230)	•			,			
Total revenues					,		` ′
Expenditures: Current:	•						
Current: Instruction: Regular 2,526,931 2,526,931 2,379,710 147,221 Special 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: Pupil 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 443,0376 38,650 Central 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year . 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659	Total revenues		4,947,500	 4,947,500	 4,890,270		(57,230)
Instruction: Regular 2,526,931 2,526,931 2,379,710 147,221 Special 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: Pupil 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 443,0376 38,650 Central 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 050,000 Ottal other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (114,000) (114,000) (114,000) (114,000)	-						
Regular 2,526,931 2,526,931 2,379,710 147,221 Special 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: Pupil. 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 49,60 Total expenditures (293,184)							
Special. 337,149 337,149 302,914 34,235 Vocational. 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other. 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: Pupil. 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) o							
Vocational. 69,505 69,505 69,505 62,186 7,319 Other. 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 290 21,150 20,560 590 Pupil. 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 195,997 22,126 20,246 19,5997 22,126 10,024 10,042 10,048 10,042 10,048 10,042 10,048 10,042 10,048 10,042 10,048 10,044 10,042 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048 10,048	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		, ,	, ,	, ,		
Other. 21,150 21,150 20,560 590 Support services: 84,000 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 49,60 Total expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure	1		,	,	,		,
Support services: Pupil.					,		
Pupil. 238,294 238,294 221,268 17,026 Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 49,60 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 1 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1			21,150	21,150	20,560		590
Instructional staff 243,686 243,686 222,111 21,575 Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in.			229 204	229 204	221.269		17.026
Board of education 28,170 28,170 26,087 2,083 Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 1,46 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Administration. 522,308 522,308 459,762 62,546 Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): (1000) 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Total other financing sources (uses): <				,			,
Fiscal 218,123 218,123 195,997 22,126 Operations and maintenance 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,			,	,	,		,
Operations and maintenance. 476,302 476,302 428,678 47,624 Pupil transportation. 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated			,	,	,		
Pupil transportation 442,026 442,026 403,376 38,650 Central 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659			,				,
Central. 32,740 32,740 19,512 13,228 Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 -	•		,				-
Extracurricular activities. 84,300 84,300 79,340 4,960 Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 66,659 -				,			,
Total expenditures 5,240,684 5,240,684 4,821,501 419,183 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -							
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expenditures. (293,184) (293,184) 68,769 361,953 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -			(293,184)	(293,184)	68,769		361,953
Refund of prior year expenditure 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Transfers (out) (116,000) (116,000) (114,000) 2,000 Advances in 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -	Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in. 1,000 1,000 146 (854) Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -			1,000	1,000	-		(1,000)
Total other financing sources (uses) (114,000) (114,000) (113,854) 146 Net change in fund balance (407,184) (407,184) (45,085) 362,099 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -			(116,000)	(116,000)	(114,000)		2,000
Net change in fund balance	Advances in		1,000	1,000	146		(854)
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,712,839 1,712,839 1,712,839 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 66,659 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		(114,000)	(114,000)	(113,854)		146
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 -	Net change in fund balance		(407,184)	(407,184)	(45,085)		362,099
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 66,659 66,659 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		1,712,839	1,712,839	1,712,839		_
					, ,		_
		\$	1,372,314	\$ 1,372,314	\$ 1,734,413	\$	362,099

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	215,146	\$	24,389
Total assets		215,146	\$	24,389
Liabilities: Due to students		<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u> \$	24,389
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		215,146		
Total net assets	\$	215,146		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scl	Scholarship		
Additions: Interest	\$	8,811		
Total additions		8,811		
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		5,000		
Change in net assets		3,811		
Net assets at beginning of year		211,335		
Net assets at end of year	\$	215,146		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Conotton Valley Union Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is the 610th largest in the State of Ohio (among 876 public and community schools) in terms of total enrollment. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter and further mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's 3 instructional/support facilities staffed by 31 classified and 47 certificated full-time teaching personnel, who provide services to 542 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records, and test scoring.

OME-RESA is one of 23 regional service organizations serving over 600 public districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code, and their member districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE.

OME-RESA is owned and operated by 49 member districts in 10 different Ohio counties. The member districts are comprised of public districts and county Boards of Education. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by OME-RESA. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors, which is selected by the member districts. Each member district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of OME-RESA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors.

OME-RESA is located at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts, and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

<u>Tuscarawas-Harrison County School Benefit Trust Health Consortium</u>

The Tuscarawas-Harrison County School Benefit Trust Health Consortium (the "Trust") is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of the District and two County Educational Service Centers. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 510(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides sick, and in some cases, dental, vision, and prescription drug benefits to the employees of the participating entities. Each participating entity's Superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Third-Party Administrator, Benefit Services, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each entity decides which plans offered by the Trust will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Benefit Services, 3636 Copley Rd. Suite 201, Akron, OH 44321.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust funds are private-purpose trusts which account for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds except agency funds. The Harrison County Auditor has waived that requirement for the District. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2007 is as follows:

1. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By September 30, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2007. Budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 6. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and repurchase agreements. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the private-purpose trust funds. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$109,898, which includes \$22,254 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

Governmentar
Activities
Estimated Lives
5 - 20 years
20 - 50 years
5 - 20 years
6 - 10 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2007, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, textbooks, and Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted by State statue for textbooks.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook reserve. This reserve is required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Restatement of Net Assets

The District has presented a correction to capital assets due to errors and omission as previously reported which affects net assets as follows:

	_	Total
Net assets, June 30, 2006	\$	2,026,721
Restatment of capital assets		(11,639)
Restated net assets, June 30, 2006	\$	2,015,082

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Nonmajor Funds	
Food service	\$ 18,238
Special Enterprises	154
Management Information Systems	70
Title I	904
Title VI	10
Class Reduction	483
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	15

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$207,835, exclusive of the \$1,724,489 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$137,081 of the District's bank balance of \$237,081 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturities
		6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
Repurchase Agreement	\$1,724,489	\$ 1,724,489
STAR Ohio	314,054	314,054
	\$2,038,543	\$ 2,038,543

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The federal agency securities that underlie the District's repurchase agreement were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$1,724,489 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
Repurchase Agreement	\$ 1,724,489	84.59
STAR Ohio	314,054	15.41
	\$ 2,038,543	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 207,835
Investments	2,038,543
Total	\$2,246,378
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$2,006,843
Private-purpose trust funds	215,146
Agency funds	24,389
Total	\$2,246,378

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2007 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 7,095

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from:	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	\$114,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property is assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Harrison and Carroll Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$53,833 in the general fund and \$2,754 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$97,303 in the general fund and \$2,730 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$ 54,924,320	83.97	\$ 55,614,160	85.26	
Public Utility Personal Tangible Personal Property	6,910,870 3,576,820	10.57 5.46	6,490,180 3,124,462	9.95 4.79	
Total	\$ 65,412,010	100.00	\$ 65,228,802	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 41.95		\$ 41.95		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 2,123,532
Intergovernmental	58,553
Total	\$ 2,182,085

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets of the governmental activities have been restated due to errors and omissions previously reported. This change had the following effect on the governmental activities capital asset balances as previously reported:

	Balance 06/30/06	Adjustment	Restated Balance 06/30/06
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 75,820	\$ -	\$ 75,820
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	75,820		75,820
Capital assets, being depreciated:			
Land improvements	137,823	(33,165)	104,658
Buildings	1,070,109	-	1,070,109
Furniture and equipment	563,142	(4,725)	558,417
Vehicles	391,268	346,831	738,099
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,162,342	308,941	2,471,283
Less: accumulated depreciation			
Land improvements	(67,979)	(23,706)	(91,685)
Buildings	(826,744)	(82,107)	(908,851)
Furniture and equipment	(427,441)	1,042	(426,399)
Vehicles	(199,372)	(215,809)	(415,181)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,521,536)	(320,580)	(1,842,116)
Total capital assets, being depreciated	640,806	(11,639)	629,167
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 716,626	\$ (11,639)	\$ 704,987

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Restated Balance 06/30/06	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/07
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 75,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,820
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	75,820			75,820
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	104,658	-	-	104,658
Buildings and improvements	1,070,109	-	-	1,070,109
Furniture and equipment	558,417	14,787	-	573,204
Vehicles	738,099	63,469	(64,500)	737,068
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,471,283	78,256	(64,500)	2,485,039
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(91,685)	(837)	-	(92,522)
Buildings and improvements	(908,851)	(9,947)	-	(918,798)
Furniture and equipment	(426,399)	(28,797)	-	(455,196)
Vehicles	(415,181)	(92,197)	40,313	(467,065)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,842,116)	(131,778)	40,313	(1,933,581)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 704,987	\$ (53,522)	\$ (24,187)	\$ 627,278

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 13,622
Vocational	300
Support Services:	
Pupil	58
Instructional staff	151
Board of Education	598
Administration	1,855
Fiscal	716
Operations and maintenance	2,179
Pupil transportation	95,939
Central	14,314
Extracurricular activities	306
Food service operations	1,740
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 131,778</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copiers. These lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as central function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$71,572. Accumulated depreciation is \$14,314 resulting in a carrying value of \$57,258. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$11,657 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u> ,	
2008	\$ 16,740
2009	16,740
2010	16,740
2011	16,740
Total minimum lease payments	66,960
Less: Amount representing interest	(9,817)
Total	\$ 57,143

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital lease	\$ 68,800	\$ -	\$ (11,657)	\$ 57,143	\$ 12,625
Compensated absences	196,430	47,212	(28,567)	215,075	17,974
Total long-term obligations,					
governmental activities	\$ 265,230	\$ 47,212	\$ (40,224)	\$ 272,218	\$ 30,599

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensate absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>: The capital lease obligation is paid from the general fund. See Note 9 for more details.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$5,521,863 and an unvoted debt margin of \$61,354.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, boiler/machinery and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 90% coinsured. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

		Limits of	
Coverage	Insurer	Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:	Nationwide/Wausau		
Each occurrence		\$ 1,000,000	\$1,000
Aggregate		3,000,000	1,000
Building and contents	Indiana Insurance Co.	13,657,245	1,000
Fleet:	Indiana Insurance Co.		
Liability		2,000,000	0
Collision	Actual	Cash Basis Value	500
Uninsured motorist		1,000,000	500
Auto Medical parts		5,000	0
Physical Damage:			
Comprehensive	Actual	Cash Basis Value	100

There have been no significant changes in coverage in the past three years. Claims have not exceeded coverage amounts in the past three years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Group Health Insurance

The District has elected to provide health care benefits to employees and administrators through the Tuscarawas-Harrison County School Benefit Trust Health Consortium. The Board pays the entire premium.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended June 30 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$54,769, \$50,941, and \$52,969, respectively. 51.70 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$26,456 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$250,057, \$244,799, and \$226,051, respectively. 83.72 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$40,716 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$274 made by the District and \$387 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$19,235 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$24,736 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and encumbrances.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ger	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	(45,085)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(43,470)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		65,176
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(146)
Adjustment for encumbrances		5,355
GAAP basis	\$	(18,170)

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. For fiscal year 2007, the textbooks continue to be set aside at fiscal year end. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2006 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Qualifying disbursements Total	\$ 135,280 81,513 (82,325) \$ 134,468	\$ - 81,513 (57,029) (64,037) \$ (39,553)
Balance carried forward to FY 2008 A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows: Amount restricted for textbooks	\$ 134,468 \$ 134,468	<u> </u>

The District did not have enough qualifying disbursements to reduce the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Conotton Valley Union Local School District 21 Mound Street Sherrodosville, Ohio 44675

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conotton Valley Union Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weakness. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above.

Members of the Board Conotton Valley Union Local School District REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters reported the School District in a separate report dated February 15, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 15, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CONOTTON VALLEY UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HARRISON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 17, 2008