AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants and Government Consultants



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Crestview Local School District 1575 State Route 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Crestview Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 9, 2008



AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Crestview Local School District Richland County 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Crestview Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally on inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2007 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Crestview Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information as been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 12, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Crestview Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$583,670 which represents a 2.27% increase from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,843,669 in revenue or 83.35% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,966,090 or 16.65% of total revenues of \$11,809,759.
- The District had \$11,226,089 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,966,090 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,843,669 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$9,498,700 in revenues and \$8,898,149 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2007, the general fund's fund balance increased \$600,551 from \$3,078,768 to \$3,679,319.
- The District's classroom facilities fund had \$30,535 in revenues and \$8,428 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$22,107 from \$370,050 to \$392,157.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into accounts all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-47 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 9,400,896	\$ 9,503,236
Capital assets, net	25,596,271	25,970,031
Total assets	34,997,167	35,473,267
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	3,824,067	4,684,183
Long-term liabilities	4,853,788	5,053,442
Total liabilities	8,677,855	9,737,625
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	21,357,122	21,465,602
Restricted	1,569,936	1,704,729
Unrestricted	3,392,254	2,565,311
Total net assets	\$ 26,319,312	\$ 25,735,642

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$26,319,312. Of this total, \$3,392,254 is unrestricted in use.

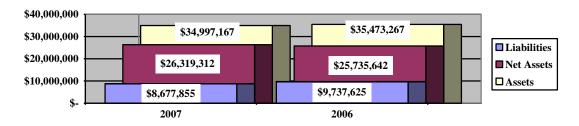
At year-end, capital assets represented 73.14% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$21,357,122. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,569,936, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,392,254 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets for the governmental activities for 2007 and 2006:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 487,707	\$ 502,766
Operating grants and contributions	1,447,213	810,843
Capital grants and contributions	31,170	12,288
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,279,329	2,264,038
Grants and entitlements	6,223,475	6,572,375
Investment earnings	312,708	304,578
Other	28,157	32,234
Total revenues	11,809,759	10,499,122

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

Expenses Program expenses:	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,083,843	\$ 5,538,485
Special	1,218,158	1,235,681
Vocational	222,600	223,206
Other	17,446	59,531
Support services:		
Pupil	377,695	361,722
Instructional staff	321,479	349,028
Board of education	75,278	83,493
Administration	651,533	679,978
Fiscal	212,566	197,300
Business	952	689
Operations and maintenance	1,096,509	1,104,443
Pupil transportation	959,708	818,520
Central	52,040	59,176
Food service operations	421,748	431,759
Operations of non-instructional services	10,401	16,809
Extracurricular activities	255,803	397,260
Interest and fiscal charges	248,330	250,108
Total expenses	11,226,089	11,807,188
Special Item	-	(650,357)
Change in net assets	583,670	(1,958,423)
Net assets at beginning of year	25,735,642	27,694,065
Net assets at end of year	\$ 26,319,312	\$ 25,735,642

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$583,670. Total governmental expenses of \$11,226,089 were offset by program revenues of \$1,966,090 and general revenues of \$9,843,669. Program revenues supported 17.51% of the total governmental expenses.

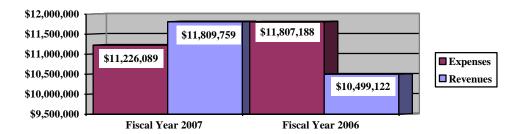
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.47% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,542,047 or 58.28% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

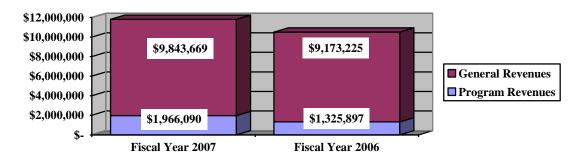
	T	otal Cost of Services 2007	ľ	Net Cost of Services 2007	To	otal Cost of Services 2006	N	let Cost of Services 2006
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,083,843	\$	4,850,294	\$	5,538,485	\$	5,355,121
Special		1,218,158		208,270		1,235,681		711,577
Vocational		222,600		179,170		223,206		223,206
Other		17,446		17,446		59,531		59,531
Support services:								
Pupil		377,695		349,550		361,722		347,454
Instructional staff		321,479		299,054		349,028		288,022
Board of education		75,278		75,278		83,493		82,593
Administration		651,533		651,533		679,978		679,978
Fiscal		212,566		212,225		197,300		197,300
Business		952		819		689		554
Operations and maintenance		1,096,509		1,061,473		1,104,443		1,103,375
Pupil transportation		959,708		916,444		818,520		818,520
Central		52,040		38,040		59,176		45,176
Food service operations		421,748		26,539		431,759		28,716
Operations of non-instructional services		10,401		2,862		16,809		16,809
Extracurricular activities		255,803		122,672		397,260		273,251
Interest and fiscal charges		248,330		248,330		250,108	_	250,108
Total expenses	\$	11,226,089	\$	9,259,999	\$	11,807,188	\$	10,481,291

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 80.33% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 82.49%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for the District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,100,195, which is higher than last year's total of \$4,591,760. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Fund Balance June 30, 2006	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 3,679,319	\$ 3,078,768	\$ 600,551	19.51 %
Classroom Facilities	392,157	370,050	22,107	5.97 %
Other Governmental	1,028,719	1,142,942	(114,223)	(9.99) %
Total	\$ 5,100,195	\$ 4,591,760	\$ 508,435	11.07 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$600,551. The increase is primarily due to increased tax revenue over the prior year coupled with expenditures remaining flat compared to the prior year. Expenditures exceed revenues for fiscal year 2007 by \$602,422.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

		2007		2006		Increase	Percentage	е
	_	Amount	_	Amount	_(I	Decrease)	Change	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,480,973	\$	1,924,263	\$	556,710	28.93	%
Earnings on investments		290,308		206,389		83,919	40.66	%
Intergovernmental		6,597,996		6,584,243		13,753	0.21	%
Other revenues		129,423		103,199		26,224	25.41	%
		_		_				
Total	\$	9,498,700	\$	8,818,094	\$	680,606	7.72	%
Expenditures								
Instruction	\$	5,269,204	\$	5,364,867	\$	(95,663)	(1.78)	%
Support services		3,332,131		3,308,796		23,335	0.71	%
Non-instructional services		6,519		16,809		(10,290)	(61.22)	%
Extracurricular activities		242,484		246,319		(3,835)	(1.56)	%
Facilities acquisition and construction		34,847		344		34,503	10,029.94	%
Debt service		11,093		11,093			-	%
T	ф	0.006.070	ф	0.040.000	Ф	(51.050)	(0.50)	0/
Total	\$	8,896,278	\$	8,948,228	\$	(51,950)	(0.58)	%

Tax revenues increased 28.93%. This increase is the result of a larger amount of taxes being collected by the County Auditors and being available as an advance at fiscal year end. These amounts available for advance at year end are recorded as revenue. The amounts available as an advance at year-end can vary depending upon when tax bills are sent out by the County Auditor (see Note 6). The amounts that were available for advance in the general fund at June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$517,053 and \$180,025, respectively. Earnings on investments increased 40.66% due to greater interest rates earned on investments. Expenditures remained consistent with prior years except for facilities acquisition and construction which increased \$34,503 due to various improvements made to District facilities.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The District's classroom facilities fund had \$30,535 in revenues and \$8,428 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$22,107 from \$370,050 to \$392,157.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2007, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,939,867 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$9,213,462. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2007 were \$9,360,375. This represents a \$146,913 increase over final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. The increase is primarily due to the conservative budgeting of taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) totaled \$9,449,767 and final appropriations were \$9,208,803. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$9,154,878, which was \$53,925 lower than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the District had \$25,596,271 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to 2006:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2007	2006		
Land	\$ 194,705	\$ 194,705		
Land improvements	154,490	161,006		
Building and improvements	24,567,984	25,031,867		
Furniture and equipment	380,625	343,785		
Vehicles	298,467	238,668		
Total	\$ 25,596,271	\$ 25,970,031		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$373,760 is due depreciation expense of \$763,847 and disposals of \$3,882 (net of accumulated depreciation) exceeding capital outlays of \$393,969. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$4,406,326 in general obligation bonds and \$4,531 in capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$274,531 is due within one year and \$4,136,326 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
General obligation bonds Capital leases	\$ 4,406,326 4,531	\$ 4,615,369 14,811
Total	\$ 4,410,857	\$ 4,630,180

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The Crestview School District is in a solid financial position. The District had a carryover available cash balance in the general fund of \$3.9 million as of June 30, 2007. The 5-year financial forecast shows a positive cash balance through fiscal year 2011.

The District, however, is seeing that starting in fiscal year 2008, revenues aren't keeping pace with expenditures. Eventually, the carry over balance of cash will be exhausted. This will become a serious issue as the District will need greater revenues in the future.

Since the District relies on the State for approximately 60% of the general operating revenues, one of the largest challenges facing the district is that of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional education funding system, one that was neither adequate nor equitable. Since State funding isn't sufficient to pay the entire cost of an adequate education, districts are forced to make up those funds with local revenues. There is no projected increase in State funding for FY08.

The District renewed a 10.3 mill operating levy in November 2003, which will continue to provide local funds through 2008. The District is looking at possible options for additional local revenue through tax levies. Because the assessed property valuation in the District is low, obtaining adequate funding through local revenues is nearly impossible.

In conclusion, the Board of Education of the Crestview School District is committed to being financially responsible. The Board continues to set fiscal goals each year and implement cost-saving and cost-containing measures in an attempt to have a balanced budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Tina Bennett, Treasurer, Crestview Local School District, 1575 St. Rt. 96 East, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	overnmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,897,366
Receivables:	
Taxes	3,206,424
Accounts	13,243
Intergovernmental	188,748
Accrued interest	70,842
Prepayments	4,796
Materials and supplies inventory	19,477
Capital assets:	
Land	194,705
Depreciable capital assets, net	 25,401,566
Capital assets, net	 25,596,271
Total assets	 34,997,167
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	8,468
Accrued wages and benefits	728,435
Pension obligation payable	218,756
Intergovernmental payable	672,068
Unearned revenue	
	2,179,499
Accrued interest payable	16,841
Long-term liabilities:	200.506
Due within one year.	309,586
Due in more than one year	 4,544,202
Total liabilities	 8,677,855
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	21,357,122
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	490,340
Debt service	788,750
Classroom facilities maintenance	133,672
Locally funded programs	5,620
State funded programs	18,000
Federally funded programs	69,590
Student activities	19,641
Other purposes	44,323
Unrestricted	3,392,254
Total net assets	\$ 26,319,312

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net (Expense)

	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 5,083,843	\$ 78,019	\$ 135,885	\$ 19,645	\$ (4,850,294)
Special	1,218,158	42,537	967,351	-	(208,270)
Vocational	222,600	-	43,430	-	(179,170)
Other	17,446	-	-	-	(17,446)
Support services:					
Pupil	377,695	-	28,145	-	(349,550)
Instructional staff	321,479	-	22,425	-	(299,054)
Board of education	75,278	-	-	-	(75,278)
Administration	651,533	-	-	-	(651,533)
Fiscal	212,566	65	276	-	(212,225)
Business	952	-	133	-	(819)
Operations and maintenance	1,096,509	863	34,173	-	(1,061,473)
Pupil transportation	959,708	-	31,739	11,525	(916,444)
Central	52,040	-	14,000	-	(38,040)
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	421,748	237,584	157,625	-	(26,539)
Other non-instructional services	10,401	7,539	-	-	(2,862)
Extracurricular activities	255,803	121,100	12,031	-	(122,672)
Interest and fiscal charges	248,330				(248,330)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,226,089	\$ 487,707	\$ 1,447,213	\$ 31,170	(9,259,999)
	General Revenues Property taxes levie	ed for:			
					2,571,376
					46,379
					464,086
	Grants and entitlen				197,488
		ms			6,223,475
	_	SS			312,708
					28,157
	Total general rever	nues			9,843,669
	Change in net asse	ts			583,670
	Net assets at begin	nning of year			25,735,642
	Net assets at end o	of year	• •		\$ 26,319,312

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General		Classroom General Facilities		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	3,943,341	\$	1,042,514	\$	867,188	\$	5,853,043
Receivables:								
Taxes		2,425,950		-		780,474		3,206,424
Accounts		13,243		-		-		13,243
Intergovernmental		-		-		188,748		188,748
Accrued interest		70,842		-		-		70,842
Prepayments		4,796		-		-		4,796
Materials and supplies inventory		8,749		-		10,728		19,477
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		44,323		-				44,323
Total assets	\$	6,511,244	\$	1,042,514	\$	1,847,138	\$	9,400,896
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,645	\$	_	\$	823	\$	8,468
Accrued wages and benefits	-	630,098	•	_	-	98,337	•	728,435
Compensated absences payable		25,800		_		-		25,800
Pension obligation payable		196,405		_		22,351		218,756
Intergovernmental payable		19,059		650,357		2,652		672,068
Deferred revenue		305,162		_		162,513		467,675
Unearned revenue		1,647,756		_		531,743		2,179,499
Total liabilities		2,831,925		650,357		818,419		4,300,701
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		67,080		_		20,940		88,020
Reserved for materials and		,				,,		,
supplies inventory		8,749		_		10,728		19,477
Reserved for prepayments		4,796		_		-		4,796
Reserved for property tax unavailable		.,,,,						.,,,,
for appropriation		517,053		_		166,857		683,910
Reserved for debt service		-		_		663,536		663,536
Reserved for BWC refunds		32,798		_		_		32,798
Reserved for school bus purchase		11,525		_		-		11,525
Unreserved:		,						,
Designated for budget stablization		121,033		_		-		121,033
Undesignated, reported in:		,						,
General fund		2,916,285		_		_		2,916,285
Special revenue funds		-		_		166,419		166,419
Capital projects funds		_		392,157		239		392,396
Total fund balances	_	3,679,319		392,157	_	1,028,719	_	5,100,195
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,511,244	\$	1,042,514	\$	1,847,138	\$	9,400,896

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 5,100,195
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		25,596,271
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Accrued interest	\$ 325,427 83,117 59,131	
Total		467,675
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Capital lease General obligation bonds payable Accrued interest payable	(417,131) (4,531) (4,406,326) (16,841)	
Total		 (4,844,829)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 26,319,312

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Other	Total
		Classroom	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Facilities	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 2,480,973	\$ -	\$ 668,889	\$ 3,149,862
Tuition	55,396	-	-	55,396
Charges for services	-	-	237,489	237,489
Earnings on investments	290,308	10,890	1,839	303,037
Extracurricular	· <u>-</u>	-	131,827	131,827
Classroom materials and fees	51,531	-	-	51,531
Other local revenues	22,496	-	45,467	67,963
Intergovernmental - state	6,597,996	19,645	129,990	6,747,631
Intergovernmental - federal	-	· -	842,520	842,520
Total revenue	9,498,700	30,535	2,058,021	11,587,256
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,389,187	_	302,583	4,691,770
Special	644,262		552,259	1,196,521
Vocational.	212,334		552,257	212,334
Other	23,421	_	1,000	24,421
Support services:	23,421	_	1,000	24,421
Pupil	366,462	_	13,256	379,718
Instructional staff	271,756		21,271	293,027
Board of education	73,749	_	21,2/1	73,749
Administration.	636,227	_	_	636,227
Fiscal	199,758		10,443	210,201
Business	177,730	_	952	952
Operations and maintenance	1,010,360		50,630	1,060,990
Pupil transportation	735,779	_	132,414	868,193
Central	38,040		14,000	52,040
Operation of non-instructional services:	30,040	_	14,000	32,040
Food service operations	_	_	372,538	372,538
Other non-instructional services	6,519	_	572,550	6,519
Extracurricular activities	242,484	_	133,357	375,841
Facilities acquisition and construction	34,847	8,428	111,814	155,089
Debt service:	31,017	0,120	111,011	133,007
Principal retirement	10.280	_	255,000	265,280
Interest and fiscal charges	813	_	202,598	203,411
Total expenditures	8,896,278	8,428	2,174,115	11,078,821
-				11,070,021
Excess of revenues	(02.422	22 107	(116,004)	500 425
over (under) expenditures	602,422	22,107	(116,094)	508,435
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	76,929	76,929
Transfers (out)	(1,871)		(75,058)	(76,929)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,871)		1,871	
Net change in fund balances	600,551	22,107	(114,223)	508,435
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,078,768	370,050	1,142,942	4,591,760
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,679,319	\$ 392,157	\$ 1,028,719	\$ 5,100,195

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 508,435
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 393,969	
Current year depreciation	(763,847)	
Total		(369,878)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net assets.		(3,882)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes	129,467	
Interest Intergovernmental	9,919 83,117	
Total	 03,117	222,503
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		265,280
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported on the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,038	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	 (45,957)	
Total		(44,919)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	-	6,131
Change in net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ 583,670

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Revenues: Final Actual (N) From local sources: Taxes \$ 2,089,333 \$ 2,153,274 \$ 2,159,528 \$	6,254 43,934 31,510 4,516 2,235 42,221
Revenues: From local sources: Taxes	6,254 43,934 31,510 4,516 2,235
Taxes	43,934 31,510 4,516 2,235
	43,934 31,510 4,516 2,235
	31,510 4,516 2,235
Tuition	4,516 2,235
Earnings on investments	2,235
Classroom materials and fees	
Other local revenues	42 221
Intergovernmental - state	12,221
Total revenue	130,670
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Instruction:	
Regular	13,051
Special	5,875
Vocational	725
Other	530
Support services:	
Pupil	3,360
Instructional staff	2,154
Board of education	1,164
Administration	8,760
Fiscal	3,030
Operations and maintenance	2,353
Pupil transportation	9,950
Central	346
Operation of non-instructional services 6,723 6,590 6,513	77
Extracurricular activities	2,497
Facilities acquisition and construction	37
Total expenditures	53,909
Excess of revenues over (under)	
expenditures	184,579
Other financing sources (uses):	
Refund of prior year expenditure	15,514
Transfers (out)	16
Advances in	-
Advances (out)	-
Sale of capital assets	729
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,259
Net change in fund balance (509,900) 4,659 205,497	200,838
Fund balance at beginning of year 3,646,396 3,646,396 3,646,396	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 64,059 64,059 64,059	-
Fund balance at end of year	200,838

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,419	\$ 35,079
Accounts		<u>-</u>	 47
Total assets		2,419	\$ 35,126
Liabilities:			
Due to students			\$ 35,126
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$ 35,126
Net Assets:		• 440	
Held in trust for scholarships		2,419	
Total net assets	\$	2,419	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Private - Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions: Interest	\$	139	
Total additions.		139	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		500	
Total deductions		500	
Change in net assets		(361)	
Net assets at beginning of year		2,780	
Net assets at end of year	\$	2,419	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Crestview Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 420th largest by total enrollment among the 876 public school districts in the state. Average daily membership as of June 30, 2007 was 1,254. The District employee 90 certified employees and 60 non-certified employees.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Heartland Council of Governments (the "COG")

The COG is a jointly governed organization among 15 school districts and 1 county educational service center. The COG was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with computers and other electronic technology to aid administrative and instructional functions. Each member district supports the COG based on a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The COG is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, the District does not have an equity interest in the COG. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

Pioneer Career and Technology Center (PCTC)

The PCTC is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer of the Pioneer Career and Technology Center at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, OH 44875-0309.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Classroom Facilities</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (c) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt, principal, interest and related costs.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2007 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to March 15, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflects the amounts set forth in the original and final Certificate of Estimated Resources issued for fiscal year 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2007.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, federal agency securities and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices, with the following exception: nonparticipating investment contracts such as certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Investment earnings are credited to funds based on Board Policy and State Statute. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$290,308, which includes \$96,836 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. The District had no short-term interfund receivables at June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2007, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service and all employees with at least 20 years of service regardless of their age, were expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, debt service, BWC refunds, and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

Designated fund balance represents planned actions for monies set-aside by the District for budget stabilization.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purpose include amounts restricted by State statue for school bus purchases and budget stabilization.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by state statute. Restricted assets also include monies received from the state that are restricted for school bus purchases and certain BWC refunds. Fund balances reserves have also been established (see Note 17).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit</u>
Nonmajor Funds	
Ohio Reads	\$ 3
Class Size Reduction	4,902
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	12

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$300 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,837,182. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$3,473,874 of the District's bank balance of \$3,973,874 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities						
Investment type	Fair Value	6 months or less						
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,099,996	\$ 1,099,996	\$ -	\$ -				
FHLM	748,166	-	249,348	498,818				
FHLB	249,220	-	-	249,220				
	\$ 2,097,382	\$ 1,099,996	\$ 249,348	\$ 748,038				

The weighted average length to maturity of the District's investments is 1.03 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,099,996	52.45
FHLM	748,166	35.67
FHLB	249,220	11.88
	\$ 2,097,382	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and Investments per footnote	Ф	3,837,182
Carrying amount of deposits Investments	Ф	2,097,382
Cash on hand		300
Total	\$	5,934,864
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets		
Governmental activities	\$	5,897,366
Private-purpose trust funds		2,419
Agency fund	_	35,079
Total	\$	5,934,864

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ 1,871
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75,058
Total	\$ 76,929

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property is assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Richland and Ashland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District the portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County Auditors by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$517,053 in the general fund, \$8,981 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$96,254 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$61,622 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

		2006 Seco			2007 First Half Collection			
		Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and their real estate	\$	98.649.540	89.74	\$	100.513.940	90.23		
Public utility personal	Ψ	9,123,550	8.30	Ψ	9,225,740	8.28		
Tangible personal property		2,159,890	1.96		1,663,530	1.49		
Total	\$	109,932,980	100.00	\$	111,403,210	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:								
Operations		\$42.40			\$42.40			
Debt Service		\$4.50			\$4.50			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES – (Continued)

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 3,206,424
Accounts	13,243
Intergovernmental	188,748
Accrued interest	70,842
Total	\$ 3,479,257

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/06	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	06/30/07
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 194,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 194,705
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	194,705			194,705
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	223,236	10,093	=	233,329
Buildings and improvements	30,065,246	130,438	(51,795)	30,143,889
Furniture and equipment	653,932	100,978	(17,978)	736,932
Vehicles	1,389,445	152,460	(147,249)	1,394,656
Total capital assets, being depreciated	32,331,859	393,969	(217,022)	32,508,806
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(62,230)	(16,609)	-	(78,839)
Buildings and improvements	(5,033,379)	(594,321)	51,795	(5,575,905)
Furniture and equipment	(310,147)	(60,256)	14,096	(356,307)
Vehicles	(1,150,777)	(92,661)	147,249	(1,096,189)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,556,533)	(763,847)	213,140	(7,107,240)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 25,970,031	\$ (369,878)	\$ (3,882)	\$ 25,596,271

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 434,893
Special	29,440
Vocational	10,266
Support Services:	
Pupil	2,316
Instructional staff	34,450
Board of education	1,529
Administration	31,374
Fiscal	2,402
Operations and maintenance	43,568
Pupil transportation	90,627
Extracurricular activities	32,422
Food service operations	50,560
Total depreciation expense	\$ 763,847

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In previous years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$44,168. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$39,752, leaving a current book value of \$4,416. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in the 2007 fiscal year totaled \$10,280 paid by the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2008	\$ 4,622
Total minimum lease payments	4,622
Less amount representing interest	(91)
Total	\$ 4,531

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On December 15, 2001 the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and improvements to the elementary and high school and for the advance refunding of the 1992 general obligation bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the bonds were used to advance refund the 1992 general obligation bonds by purchasing U.S. Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. The refunded bonds are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$5,195,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$94,618. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.011% to 5.20%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2011 (effective interest 19.091%) and December 1, 2012 (effective interest 19.094%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$685,000. A total of \$171,708 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the long term liabilities on the statement of net assets at June 30, 2007.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2007 on the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
Current interest bonds - 2001 Capital appreciation bonds - 2001	\$ 4,395,000 220,369	\$ - 45,957	\$ (255,000) 	\$ 4,140,000 266,326	\$ 270,000
Total G.O. bonds	\$ 4,615,369	\$ 45,957	\$ (255,000)	\$ 4,406,326	\$ 270,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future annual requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Fiscal	_	Current Interest Bonds						Capital Appreciation Bonds								
Year Ending	<u>F</u>	Principal	Interest		_	Total		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest		Total
2008 2009	\$	270,000 285.000	\$	192,480 181.095	\$	462,480 466.095		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-				
2010		310,000		168,368		478,368			_	_						
2011		325,000		155,394		480,394			_	-		_				
2012		-		147,162		147,162			50,756	284,244		335,000				
2013 - 2017		920,000		626,347		1,546,347			43,862	306,138		350,000				
2018 - 2022		635,000		442,564		1,077,564			-	-		-				
2023 - 2027		810,000		261,638		1,071,638			-	-		-				
2028 - 2030		585,000		45,890	_	630,890					_					
Total	\$ 4	4,140,000	\$	2,220,938	\$	6,360,938		\$	94,618	\$590,382	\$	685,000				

B. During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due in
	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 423,262	\$ 29,768	\$ (10,099)	\$ 442,931	\$ 35,055
General obligation bonds payable	4,615,369	45,957	(255,000)	4,406,326	270,000
Capital lease obligation payable	14,811		(10,280)	4,531	4,531
Total long-term obligations,					
governmental activities	\$ 5,053,442	\$ 75,725	\$ (275,379)	\$ 4,853,788	\$ 309,586

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and Title I fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund (see Note 9).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$6,305,432 (including available funds of \$759,790) and an unvoted debt margin of \$108,670.

NOTE 11 - STATE BUILDING LOAN

During fiscal year 1990, the District received a state building grant/loan to provide for the construction of classroom facilities. The District passed a half mill property tax levy with the proceeds of the levy going to repay its portion of the state loan. The unpaid balance on the state building loan is \$4,193,120 at June 30, 2007. The District and the state has determined that it is not probable that the State Facilities Loan will be repaid due to the new legislation, and as such, no outstanding liability is recorded in the financial statements.

New legislation now allows the District to use the proceeds of the levy for maintenance of the new facilities. The District may use the proceeds of the levy for maintenance of the new facilities provided the District's adjusted valuation per pupil is less than the state-wide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In any year in which the District's per pupil valuation exceeds the state-wide valuation median, half of the proceeds of the levy must be used to repay the loan. During fiscal year 2007, the District was not required to make any principal payments on the loan.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan (Hylant) for property insurance, fleet insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan (Hylant) are as follows:

Property Insurance - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$ 39,598,260
Boiler & Machinery - repair and replacement	39,598,260
School Board Errors and Omissions (\$2,500 deductible)	3,000,000
Employee Dishonesty Blanket (\$1,000 deductible)	25,000
Fleet Insurance	3,000,000
Comprehensive (\$1,000 deductible)	actual value
Collision (\$1.000 deductible)	actual value

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

General liability is protected by the Selective Insurance Company, with a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate/\$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and no deductible. The bus fleet is also covered by \$3,000,000 liability plus \$1,000,000 excess liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. The District reduced the amount of general liability coverage in 2007 from \$5,000,000 annual aggregate/\$2,000,000 single occurrence to \$3,000,000 annual aggregate/\$1,000,000 single occurrence limit. There have been no other significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2007, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund".

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Medical, Dental, and Life Insurance

The District offers a fully insured program for medical, dental and life insurance to most employees through Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield, CoreSource and Jefferson Pilot Financial, respectively.

Premiums vary for employees depending on the terms of the union contracts.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$130,390, \$129,041, and \$118,386, respectively; 47.88% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$67,961 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$572,527, \$563,032, and \$545,901, respectively; 82.96% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$97,556 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2007 were \$4,137 made by the District and \$8,277 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$44,041 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$65,288 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claim costs. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ger	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	205,497
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		323,981
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		49,691
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(53,243)
Adjustment for encumbrances		74,625
GAAP basis	\$	600,551

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

A lawsuit has been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals has agreed with the Corporation and the case has been appealed by the Tax Commissioner to the Ohio Supreme Court. The District receives a significant amount of property tax from the Corporation. Should the Corporation prevail in the Supreme Court, it may be entitled to a refund from the District based on the lower assessment rate beginning from tax year 2001. The amount of the refund is estimated to be approximately \$174,545 per year. A portion of the refund may be recovered from additional State entitlement payments.

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital Acquisition	BWC Refunds
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ (222,424)	\$ -	\$ 32,798
Current year set-aside requirement	186,381	186,381	-
Current year offsets	-	(41,185)	-
Qualifying disbursements	(201,658)	(318,958)	
Total	\$ (237,701)	\$ (173,762)	\$ 32,798
Balance carried forward to FY 2008	\$ (237,701)	\$ -	\$ 32,798

Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute. Monies set-aside by the School Board for budget stabilization is reported as a designation of fund balance in the general fund. The balance in the budget stabilization designation at June 30, 2007, was \$121,033.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The District had qualifying disbursements in textbooks in prior years which resulted in a negative balance. This amount is shown as a carry forward to fiscal year 2008 as it may be used to reduce set-aside requirements in future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

\$ 32,798
11,525
\$ 44,323

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA Number	Receipts Recognized	Program Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Food Distribution - Commodities - See Note 2	N/A	10.550	\$ 23,715	\$ 23,715
National School Lunch Program	049429-LLP4-2007	10.555	132,399	132,399
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			156,114	156,114
U.S. Department of Education Pass through Ohio Department of Education Title I - Financial Assistance to Meet Special Education Needs of Disadvantaged Children Title I - FY 06 Title I - FY 07	049249-CISI-2006 049249-CISI-2007	84.010 84.010	48,777 279,365	48,831 278,510
Total Title I			328,142	327,341
Title VI - B, Special Education - Assistance to States for Education of Handicapped Children Title VI - B - FY 06 Title VI - B - FY 07	049249-6BSF-2006 049249-6BSF-2007	84.027 84.027	27,337 215,617 242,954	36,021 214,790 250,811
Drug - Free School Grant				
Drug - Free School Grant - FY07	049249-DRSI-2007	84.186	7,116	7,116
Innovative Education Program Strategies Innovative Education Program Strategies - FY07	049249-C2SI	84.298	1,655	1,655
Technology Literacy Challenge Grant Technology Literacy Challenge Grant - FY07	049429-TJSI-2007	84.318	3,388	3,388
Title II-A Title II-A FY 06 Title II-A FY 07	049429-TRSI-2006 049429-TRSI-2007	84.367 84.367	5,099 96,324	8,982 95,490
Total Title II-A			101,423	104,472
Total U.S. Department of Education			684,678	694,783
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 840,792	\$ 850,897

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Richland County Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Consequently, certain revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned, and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2007, the District had immaterial food commodities in inventory recorded in the Food Service Fund.

3. Matching Requirements

Certain federal programs require that the District contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The expenditure of non-federal funds is not included on this schedule.

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Crestview Local School District Richland County 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Crestview Local School District, Summit County (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 12, 2007

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Crestview Local School District Richland County 1575 St. Rt. 96 Ashland, Ohio 44805

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Crestview Local School District, Richland County (District), with the types of compliance requirements described in *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 12, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY June 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
	Opinion	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control	No
	weaknesses reported at the	
	financial statement level	
	(GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant	No
	deficiencies reported at the	
	financial statement level	
	(GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material	No
	non-compliance at the financial	
	statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal	No
	control weaknesses reported	
	for major federal programs?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant	No
	deficiencies reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings	No
	under Section .510	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Special Education - Grants to States
		84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B	Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - (continued) OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY June 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL A	WAKDS
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None.

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RICHLAND COUNTY JUNE 30, 2007

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report, for the year ending June 30, 2006, reported no material citations or recommendations.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CRESTVIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

RICHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 22, 2008