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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County P.O. Box 244 Kings Mills, Ohio 45034

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, Warren County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, which comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note B, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the business-type activities of Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, Warren County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the respective changes in cash financial position for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note B describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 26, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Unaudited)

This discussion and analysis, along with the accompanying financial reports, of Deerfield Regional Storm Water District (DRSWD or "the District") is designed to provide our customers, creditors and other interested parties with a general overview of the District and its financial activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's net cash assets increased by \$341,360 in 2007 and decreased by \$22,660 in 2006.

The District had operating cash receipts of \$511,959 in 2007 and \$0 in 2006. Operating cash disbursements decreased by \$34,229 from 2006 to 2007 and increased by \$62,501 from 2005 to 2006. Non-operating cash receipts decreased by \$162,168 from 2006 to 2007 and increased by \$24,990 from 2005 to 2006.

OVERVIEW OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District is a single enterprise fund using proprietary fund accounting, similar to private sector business. The Basic Financial Statements are presented using the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Statements of Net Assets-Cash Basis and the Statements of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Assets-Cash Basis provide information on the District's cash basis operations over the past two years and the success of recovering all its costs through user fees, charges, and other income. Revenues (receipts) are reported when received in cash and expenses (disbursements) are reported when paid.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the basic financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Unaudited)

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS-CASH BASIS

Table 1 summarizes the Statements of Net Assets of the District.

TABLE 1	2007	2006	Change Amount	2005	Change Amount
Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ 355,530 \$ 355,530	\$ 14,170 \$ 14,170	\$ 341,360 \$ 341,360	\$ 36,830 \$ 36,830	\$ (22,660) \$ (22,660)
Net Assets - Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$ 355,530 \$ 355,530	\$ 14,170 \$ 14,170	\$ 341,360 \$ 341,360	\$ 36,830 \$ 36,830	\$ (22,660) \$ (22,660)

The District's net assets increased by \$341,360 in 2007 and decreased by \$22,660 in 2006. The increase in 2007 was primarily the result of an increase in cash receipts as collection of storm water fees began during fiscal year 2007. The decrease in 2006 was primarily the result of increases in operating cash disbursements which were only partially offset by increases in grant money and a loan received from Deerfield Township.

STATEMENTS OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – CASH BASIS

Table 2 below summarizes the changes in Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and the resulting change in Net Assets – Cash Basis.

TABLE 2	2007	2006	Change Amount	2005	Change Amount
Operating Cash Receipts	\$511,959	\$ -	\$ 511,959	\$ -	\$ -
Operating Cash Disbursements	153,836	188,065	(34,229)	125,564	62,501
Operating Receipts Over/					
(Under) Operating Disbursements	358,123	(188,065)	546,188	(125,564)	(62,501)
Non-Operating Cash Receipts	3,237	165,405	(162,168)	140,415	24,990
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	(20,000)		(20,000)		
Changes in Net Assets	341,360	(22,660)	364,020	14,851	(37,511)
Net Assets, January 1	14,170	36,830	(22,660)	21,979	14,851
Net Assets, December 31	\$355,530	\$ 14,170	\$ 341,360	\$ 36,830	\$ (22,660)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Unaudited)

The increase in operating cash receipts in 2007 was due to the District beginning to collect storm water fees as noted previously. The decrease of \$34,229 in operating cash disbursements was primarily the result of a decrease in capital outlay for engineering and Phase II illicit discharge inspection fees which were partially offset by increases in cash disbursements related to engineering services, auditing fees, billing fees and Phase II other expenses as well as other less significant changes. The decrease of \$162,168 in non-operating cash receipts was due to the District not receiving grant and loan monies from Deerfield Township as had occurred in 2006. The increase in non-operating cash disbursements was due to the repayment of a loan from Deerfield Township.

The District had no operating cash receipts in 2006. The increase of \$62,501 in operating cash disbursements in 2006 was primarily the result of increases in legal fees, capital outlay for engineering, Phase II illicit discharge inspection fees, and other cash disbursements related to the Phase II project. The increases in these cash disbursements are primarily due to the District increasing their operations from 2005 to 2006. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in cash disbursements for general engineering services. Non-operating cash receipts increased \$24,990 primarily due to an increase in grant money and a loan received from Deerfield Township.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had capital outlay disbursements of \$1,107 and \$28,970 during fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

DEBT

The District received a \$20,000 interest-free loan from Deerfield Township in 2006 and repaid the loan in 2007. Please see Note F in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information regarding the District's debt.

CASH

Cash balances as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$355,530 and \$14,170.

CURRENT ISSUES

The District is a board of volunteers and actively seeks out public input into District programs.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Questions regarding this report and requests for additional information should be forwarded to the Deerfield Regional Storm Water Sewer District, P.O. Box 244, Kings Mills, Ohio 45034.

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Statements of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2007 and 2006

	 2007		2006	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 355,530	\$	14,170	
Total Assets	\$ 355,530	\$	14,170	
Net Assets				
Unrestricted	\$ 355,530	\$	14,170	
Total Net Assets	\$ 355,530	\$	14,170	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statements of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Assets - Cash Basis For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	2007		2006	
Operating Cash Receipts	\$	511,959	\$	
Operating Cash Disbursements				
Engineering services		33,537		15,163
Legal fees		53,961		66,600
Accounting fees		1,300		2,556
Auditing fees		6,792		-
Billing fees		13,937		3,112
Insurance		4,886		2,730
Capital outlay - Engineering		-		27,715
Capital outlay - Equipment		1,107		1,255
Phase II - Illicit discharge inspection fees		_		36,370
Phase II - Public education		555		3,778
Phase II - Other		28,284		20,711
License and permit fees		2,000		2,000
Contracted office expense		5,664		5,246
Postage		79		113
Office expense		1,026		688
Mileage		335		-
Advertising		373		28
Total operating cash disbursements		153,836		188,065
Operating Cash Receipts Over (Under)				
Operating Cash Disbursements		358,123		(188,065)
Non-Operating Cash Receipts				
Deerfield Township grant		-		145,000
Proceeds of loan		-		20,000
Interest earnings		3,237		405
Total non-operating cash receipts		3,237		165,405
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements				
Repayment of loan		20,000		
Total non-operating cash disbursements		20,000		
Changes in net assets		341,360		(22,660)
Net assets, January 1		14,170		36,830
Net assets, December 31	\$	355,530	\$	14,170

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE A - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

The Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, Warren County, (the District) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District was created on October 31, 2003 by the Warren County Court of Common Pleas to provide storm water management services to the residents of Deerfield Township in accordance with the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 6119 et.seq. A three (3) member Board of Trustees who are appointed by the Trustees of Deerfield Township manage the District. Deerfield Township is a related organization to the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, see Note H.

In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units* (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14), the accompanying financial statements include only the accounts and transactions of the District. Under the criteria specified in these GASB Statements, the District has no component units nor is it considered a component unit of the State of Ohio. The District is considered, however, a political subdivision to the State of Ohio. These conclusions regarding the financial reporting entity are based on the concept of financial accountability. The District is not financially accountable for any other organizations. This is evidenced by the fact that the District is a legally and fiscally separate and distinct organization. The District is solely responsible for its finances. The District is empowered to issue debt payable solely from District revenues.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or is obligated for the debt of the organization. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Under the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 20, the District has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities. A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. **Basis of Accounting**

These financial statements follow the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting as described above, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods and services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described above.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, the District considers "Net assets" and "Cash and Cash Equivalents" to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and all investments held by the District with a maturity date less than or equal to three months from the date of purchase.

3. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The District has created a single type of fund and a single fund within that fund type. The fund accounts for the governmental resources allocated to it and the segregation of cash and investments for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations or other restrictions.

The fund type which the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District uses is described below:

Proprietary Fund Type – This fund type accounts for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The fund included in this category used by the District is the Enterprise Fund.

Enterprise Fund – This fund is established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing certain goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or received primarily through user charges. This fund is used by the District to account for storm water management services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires the District to adopt an annual budget.

Appropriations – Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the function level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The District must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources – Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash balances as of January 1.

Encumbrances – The Ohio Revised Code requires the District to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made.

A summary of 2007 and 2006 budgetary activity appears in Note D.

5. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of capital assets (property, plant and equipment) are recorded as capital outlay disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying basic financial statements.

6. **Long-Term Obligations**

In general, bonds and loans are recorded as cash disbursements in the basic financial statements when paid and are not recorded as liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements.

7. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Since under the District's current basis of accounting, the District does not record any other assets other than cash and investments and does not record any liabilities, net assets is equivalent to cash and investments. The District currently does not record any restrictions on their net assets.

8. Operating Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements

Operating cash receipts are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these cash receipts are charges for storm water management services provided. Operating cash disbursements are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and/or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Monies held by the District are classified by state statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Trustees has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) and (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio; and
- 10. Bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's average portfolio.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as a security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateralization of public funds.

Deposits: As of December 31, 2007, the District's bank balance of \$368,268 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described above. As of December 31, 2006, the District's bank balance of \$17,426 is covered by FDIC.

NOTE D – BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

Budgeted vs. Actual Receip	<u>ts</u>	2007	 2006
Budgeted Receipts	\$	461,301	\$ 165,000
Actual Receipts		515,196	 165,405
Variance	\$	53,895	\$ 405
Budgeted vs. Actual Budget	ary Basis	Expenditures	
		2007	 2006
Appropriation Authority	\$	461,301	\$ 201,500
Budgetary Expenditures		173,836	 188,065
Variance	\$	287,465	\$ 13,435

NOTE E – RISK MANAGMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District contracts with Municipal Insurance Alliance of Ohio for all their risk management needs. Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years and there were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Continued)

NOTE F – DEBT

Under the District's current basis of accounting, debt obligations are not reported as a liability in the accompanying basic financial statements. However, information regarding current and long-term debt at December 31, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	Balance at 12/31/2006	Additions	Repayments	Balance at 12/31/2007	Due Within One Year
Deerfield Township Loan - 0%	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ -
	Balance at 12/31/2005	Additions	Repayments	Balance at 12/31/2006	Due Within One Year
Deerfield Township Loan - 0%	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000
Total	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000

In 2006 the District obtained a \$20,000, interest-free loan from Deerfield Township to assist with meeting operating expenses. This loan was repaid during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE G – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the fiscal year 2006, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation*. GASB Statement No. 46 requires that limitations on the use of net assets imposed by enabling legislation be reported as restricted net assets. The application of this new standard did not have any effect on the financial statements, nor did its implementation require a restatement of prior year balances.

NOTE H – RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Deerfield Township is a related organization to the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District. The Township Trustees are responsible for appointing the Trustees of the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, however; the Township Trustees cannot influence the District's operation nor does the Township represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the District.

During fiscal year 2007 the District repaid a loan in the amount of \$20,000 to the Township.

During fiscal year 2006 the District received a grant in the amount of \$145,000 and a loan in the amount of \$20,000 from the Township.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County P.O. Box 244 Kings Mills, Ohio 45034

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, Warren County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, which comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2008 wherein, we noted the District uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2007-002.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash / 11117 Kenwood Rd. / Blue Ash, OH 45242 Telephone: (513) 361-8550 (800) 368-7419 Fax: (513) 361-8577

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. We believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed a instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2007-001.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated November 26, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 26, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Material Noncompliance

Purchase Order Certification

Per the "Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Code of Regulations" Chapter V: Purchasing Policy, "Purchase orders shall be used to approve purchase commitments and to encumber funds against the available appropriation account(s) according to Administrative Rule. In addition, Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41, states that no contracts or orders involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the treasurer has certified that "the amount required to meet the obligation has been lawfully appropriated for such purpose and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances" The vehicle normally used to present this certification is the purchase order."

The budget process described in Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code applies to a Regional Water and Sewer District, regardless of whether the District levies taxes. See Attorney General Opinion 99-020. According to Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.28(B)(2)(b), although a taxing unit that does not levy a tax is not a taxing unit for purposes for Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 5705, a regional water and sewer district is still required to follow these Ohio Rev. Code sections: 5705.36, 5705.38, 5705.40, 5705.41, 5705.43, 5705.44 and 5705.45. These sections separately require the District to, in part: certify beginning balances on or about the first day of each fiscal year, certify revenue available for appropriation, adopt appropriations within available resources, certify the availability of funds prior to incurring obligations, and limit expenditures to appropriations for each fund. However, documents prepared in accordance with such sections are not required to be filed with the county auditor or county budget commission.

Ohio Rev. Code, § 5705.41(D)(1),* prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the District can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The District has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the District.

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001 (Continued)

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The District may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The District did not have purchase orders in place for all of its disbursements made during the audit period. Of the District's disbursements tested, forty eight percent (48%), were not certified by the District at the time the commitment was incurred, by evidence of a purchase order. However, there was evidence that the District used Then and Now Certifications on these purchases.

For 5 percent of the District's disbursements tested, there was no evidence that the District followed the aforementioned exceptions, i.e. no purchase orders or Then and Now Certificates were used.

Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but also is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the District's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Treasurer certify that funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the District. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the District certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Treasurer should sign the certification at the time the District incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Treasurer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

Officials' Response:

It is important to note that the District did properly authorize the expenditure of all monies through the approval of our budget. It is also important to note that the tests revealed that only five percent of the transactions tested did not have prior certification or "Then and Now Certification." However, we recognize that it is imperative that we have controls in place so that all disbursements either have prior certification of funds through the use of purchase orders or "Then and Now" certification in those cases where it may not be practicable to obtain prior certification. The District will implement controls to address this finding as quickly as possible.

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County Schedule of Findings Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002

Significant Deficiency

A good internal control system includes procedures to help ensure management receives and processes accurate information as well as mitigate fraud, theft, or errors going unresolved.

When designing the District's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should consider the following:

- Ensure proper authorization of all transactions in accordance with management's policies.
- Ensure proper design and maintenance of all charges for services records.
- Verify the existence and valuation of charges for services receipts and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

We noted two areas where the District did not have adequate internal control procedures in place.

- 1. The District did not have adequate internal control procedures in place over the collection of the Storm Water fees. The following conditions were noted:
 - The District did not perform a reconciliation of receipts received for Storm Water fees received from Warren County.
 - The Board did not review and approve Storm Water Fee receipts
 - The District did not compare Storm Water Fee Receipts to approved Storm Water Fee rates
- 2. The District did not perform bank reconciliations 13 out of the 24 months examined (54%). In addition, there were errors noted for 7 out of the 13 reconciliations performed, mainly due to the incorrect recording of outstanding checks.

A lack of internal controls increases the risk that theft, fraud, or errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner. Furthermore, failure to accurately prepare and reconcile accounting records:

- reduces the accountability over District funds;
- reduces the Board's ability to monitor financial activity and make informed financial decisions;
- increases the likelihood that moneys will be misappropriated and not detected, and;
- increases the likelihood that the District's financial statements will be misstated.

We recommend the District accurately maintain the District's accounting records. In addition, the District should maintain all supporting documentation of receipts, expenditures, and bank reconciliations. For added accountability, we recommend Board review all bank reconciliations for accuracy and ensure that all reconciling items are justified.

Deerfield Regional Storm Water District Warren County Schedule of Findings Page 4

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002 (Continued)

Officials' Response:

The District implemented the Storm Water fees during the audit period so this is the first time that we have been subject to audit for this area. We certainly recognize the importance of proper internal controls over the collection of Storm Water fees. However, since Warren County is functioning as our collection agent in this process and already are subject to audit, we hadn't placed as large a concern over that area. We will develop sufficient review and reconciliation procedures over the Storm Water collection process to address the issues outlined in Finding 2007-002.

The District will immediately take steps to ensure that all bank reconciliations are performed timely and accurately.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2005-001	Ohio Rev. Code, § 5705.36, requires the District to determine the total amount of all sources available for expenditures.	Yes	
2005-002	Ohio Rev. Code, § 5705.38, require the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District to complete an appropriation resolution annually	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

DEERFIELD REGIONAL STORM WATER DISTRICT WARREN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 31, 2008