SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007



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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Firelands Local School District Lorain County 11970 Vermilion Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Firelands Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Firelands Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As more fully described in Note 3, July 1, 2006 net assets of the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activities, as well as the fund balances of the Other Governmental funds and the Non-Major Enterprise funds were restated due to funds previously reported as enterprise funds being reclassified as special revenue funds.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Firelands Local School District Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 16, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The discussion and analysis of Firelands Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- ▶ In total, net assets decreased \$389,763 a 4.26% decrease from 2006.
- General revenues accounted for \$15,016,327 in revenue or 84.36% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions, and capital grants accounted for \$2,784,094, or 15.64% of total revenues of \$17,800,421.
- The District had \$18,190,184 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,784,094 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$15,016,327 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$15,963,672 in revenues and \$16,032,812 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$69,140 from \$3,516,318 to \$3,447,178.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one proprietary fund, an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for medical/hospitalization, prescription drug and dental self-insurance program. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets on page 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-51 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

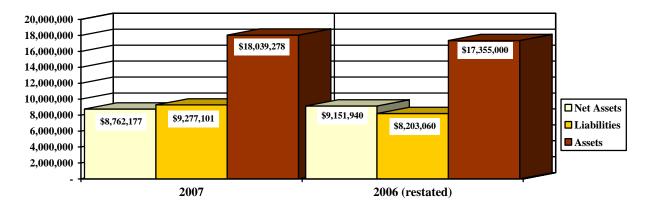
The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006. The net assets for the District were restated at June 30, 2006 as described in Note 3.A to the basic financial statements.

	Net Assets Governmental Activities					
	2007	Restated 2006				
<u>Assets</u> Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 14,620,345 3,418,933	\$ 13,629,039 3,725,961				
Total assets	18,039,278	17,355,000				
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	8,204,507 1,072,594 9,277,101	7,127,519 1,075,541 8,203,060				
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted	3,395,289 970,666 4,396,222	3,616,216 1,042,649 4,493,075				
Total net assets	\$ 8,762,177	\$ 9,151,940				

Governmental - Net Assets



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The table below shows the changes in net assets for governmental activities for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. The net assets for the District were restated at June 30, 2006, as described in Note 3.A to the basic financial statements.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
			Restated 2006		
Revenues		2007			
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,398,990	\$	1,418,687	
Operating grants and contributions		1,350,471		807,051	
Capital grants and contributions		34,633		-	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		6,482,753		6,575,680	
Grants and entitlements		8,122,579		8,650,398	
Investment earnings		369,163		253,414	
Other		41,832		19,926	
Total revenues		17,800,421		17,725,156	
Expenses					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular		7,641,085		7,177,180	
Special		1,906,854		1,587,694	
Vocational		333,677		311,574	
Other		1,055,936		911,277	
Support services:					
Pupil		1,151,030		1,160,932	
Instructional staff		369,210		368,812	
Board of Education		16,332		20,070	
Administration		1,378,701		1,359,719	
Fiscal		373,323		323,299	
Operations and maintenance		1,401,869		1,326,890	
Pupil transportation		1,154,135		1,067,533	
Central		290,043		259,286	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Non-instructional services		21,005		24,528	
Food service operations		587,220		574,237	
Extracurricular activities		505,630		503,714	
Interest and fiscal charges		4,134		9,039	
Total expenses		18,190,184		16,985,784	
Changes in net assets		(389,763)		739,372	
Net assets at beginning of year		9,151,940		8,412,568	
Net assets at end of year	\$	8,762,177	\$	9,151,940	

Governmental Activities

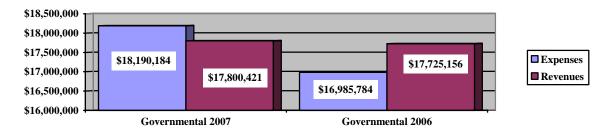
Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$389,763. Total governmental expenses of \$18,190,184 were offset by program revenues of \$2,784,094 and general revenues of \$15,016,327. Program revenues supported 15.31% of the total governmental expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 82.05% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2007 and 2006. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities							
Se	ervices			Т	otal Cost of Services 2006	Ν	Vet Cost of Services 2006
\$ 7	7,641,085	\$	6,855,664	\$	7,177,180	\$	6,309,668
1	1,906,854		924,778		1,587,694		1,115,627
	333,677		291,562		311,574		311,574
1	1,055,936		1,055,936		911,277		911,277
	\$ 7	1,906,854	Total Cost of Services 2007 N \$ 7,641,085 \$ 1,906,854 333,677	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services 2007 2007 \$ 7,641,085 \$ 6,855,664 1,906,854 924,778 333,677 291,562	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Services 2007 2007 \$ 7,641,085 \$ 6,855,664 \$ 1,906,854 924,778 333,677 291,562	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services 2007 2007 2006 \$ 7,641,085 \$ 6,855,664 \$ 7,177,180 1,906,854 924,778 1,587,694 333,677 291,562 311,574	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services N 2007 2007 2006 N \$ 7,641,085 \$ 6,855,664 \$ 7,177,180 \$ 1,906,854 \$ 1,587,694 333,677 291,562 311,574

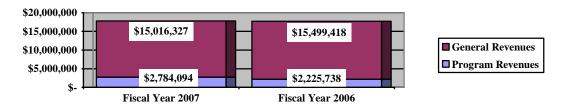
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
Support services:				
Pupil	1,151,030	1,017,137	1,160,932	1,027,345
Instructional staff	369,210	335,540	368,812	336,590
Board of Education	16,332	16,332	20,070	20,070
Administration	1,378,701	1,378,701	1,359,719	1,359,719
Fiscal	373,323	373,323	323,299	323,299
Operations and maintenance	1,401,869	1,401,869	1,326,890	1,326,890
Pupil transportation	1,154,135	1,050,870	1,067,533	1,067,533
Central	290,043	254,024	259,286	222,642
Operation of non-instructional services				
Other non-instructional services	21,005	886	24,528	3,416
Food service operations	587,220	6,461	574,237	(20,309)
Extracurricular activities	505,630	438,873	503,714	435,666
Interest and fiscal charges	4,134	4,134	9,039	9,039
Total expenses	\$ 18,190,184	\$ 15,406,090	\$ 16,985,784	\$ 14,760,046

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2007 for governmental activities is apparent, as 72.84% of 2007 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. In 2007, general revenues supported 82.55% of all governmental expenditures. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$4,522,542, which is below last year's total of \$4,710,765. The District restated the fund balances as described in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2006	(Decrease)
General Other Governmental	\$ 3,447,178 1,075,364	\$ 3,516,318 1,194,447	\$ (69,140) (119,083)
Total	\$ 4,522,542	\$ 4,710,765	<u>\$ (188,223)</u>

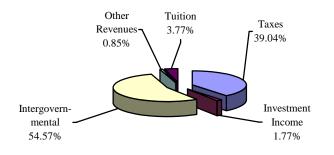
General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$69,140. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

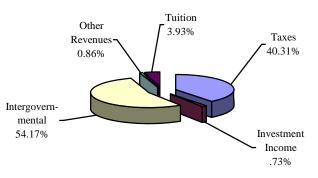
	2007 Amount	2006 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
Taxes	\$ 6,231,897	\$ 6,243,867	(0.19) %
Tuition	601,635	641,558	(6.22) %
Interest earnings	283,929	207,046	37.13 %
Intergovernmental	8,711,240	8,609,389	1.18 %
Other revenues	134,971	136,245	(0.94) %
Total	\$15,963,672	\$15,838,105	0.79 %

Interest earnings revenue increased \$76,883 or 37.13% from 2006. This increase is due to an increase in interest rates by the Federal Reserve Bank throughout the year. The decrease in tuition is due to a decrease in open enrollment in the District. All other revenue remained comparable to 2006.





Revenues - Fiscal Year 2006

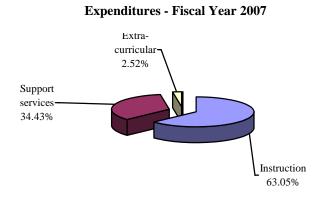


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

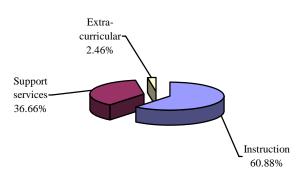
The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2007 	2006 Amount	Percentage Change
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	\$ 10,048,000	\$ 9,461,846	6.19 %
Support services	5,487,493	5,697,490	(3.69) %
Extracurricular activities	401,284	382,532	4.90 %
Total	<u>\$ 15,936,777</u>	\$ 15,541,868	2.54 %

The most significant increase was in the areas of and instructional activities. The increase in instructional activities is due to an increase in the wages and salaries of the employees.



Expenditures - Fiscal Year 2006



General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2007, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$15,475,996. The final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$16,066,958. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$16,091,161 which was more than final budgeted revenues by \$24,203.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$16,454,552 were unchanged in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$16,114,016, which was \$340,536 less than the original and final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the District had \$3,418,933 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to the balance of 2006.

Capital Assets at June 30

	(Net of Depreciation)			
	Governmental Activities			
	2007	2006		
Land	\$ 851,565	\$ 851,565		
Land improvements	321,190	340,564		
Building and improvements	1,309,762	1,492,321		
Furniture and equipment	237,982	248,774		
Vehicles	698,434	792,737		
Total	\$ 3,418,933	\$ 3,725,961		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$307,028 is due to depreciation expense of \$562,520 exceeding capital outlays of \$255,492.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007 the District had \$23,644 in a capital lease outstanding. Of this total, \$13,105 is due within one year and \$10,539 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the notes and lease outstanding.

	Government	Governmental Activities			
	2007	2006			
Energy conservation notes Capital lease	\$ - 23,644	\$ 74,000 35,745			
Total	\$ 23,644	\$ 109,745			

The District issued the notes during fiscal year 1997 without voter approval with subsequent repayment was made from operating revenues. The notes matured during the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$26,788,274 with an unvoted debt margin of \$297,565.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to face a challenging future as do many districts in the State of Ohio. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements and property taxes. Since future grant and entitlement revenue stability is in question, the reliance upon local property taxes is increasingly important. In May of 2006, the community approved the renewal of a 5 year emergency levy which raises \$820,000 annually. With this renewal, the District is projected to be in the black through June 2010.

District enrollment decreased again in fiscal year 2007 but with the current "hold harmless" clause in the foundation funding formula, the District maintained its State funding level of fiscal year 2007 which included \$600,000 in reappraisal guarantee. As the District entered fiscal year 2008, its enrollment is continuing to decrease but the State funding has remained the steady. If the hold harmless clause in the current budget is not continued, the District could see some major cut backs in its state foundation funding in future years. The State funding calculation (the SF-3 report) for fiscal year 2008 shows that the District is receiving more than \$2.2 million of its foundation funding based on the transitional aid guarantee.

Another challenge facing the District are the continually growing costs of open enrollment and community school students leaving our District. The District is currently able to accept enough incoming open enrollment students annually to offset the cost of those students leaving. With the District's reductions in teaching staff it limits the number of open enrollment students that the District can accept.

Since the District relies on the State for approximately 52% of the general operating revenues, one of the largest challenges facing the District is that of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither adequate or equitable. Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional. At this time, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

In May of 2007, the community voted down a \$24.6 million bond issue to build a new high school. With the many changes occurring with the Ohio School Facilities Commission, the District is currently looking to see if changes need to be made in the master plan prior to placing a bond issue on the March 2008 ballot.

The District's system of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Barbara S. Bechtel, Treasurer, Firelands Local School District, 11970 Vermilion Road, Oberlin, Ohio 44074-9629.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	 overnmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,127,574
Cash with fiscal agent.	2,246,947
Receivables:	
Taxes	7,161,622
Accounts	7,025
Intergovernmental	29,147
Accrued interest	20,770
Prepayments	16,906
Materials and supplies inventory	10,354
Capital assets:	
Land	851,565
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,567,368
Total capital assets, net	 3,418,933
Total assets	18,039,278
T inkilition	
Liabilities:	29.051
Accounts payable.	28,951
Accrued wages and benefits	1,328,519
Intergovernmental payable	718,016
Unearned revenue	5,728,254
Pension obligation payable	400,767
Due within one year.	167,389
Due in more than one year	905,205
Total liabilities	0 277 101
	 9,277,101
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt.	3,395,289
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	748,628
Debt service.	7,386
State funded programs	54,993
Federally funded programs	62,365
Student activities	7,964
Other purposes	89,330
Unrestricted	 4,396,222
Total net assets	\$ 8,762,177

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales	G	Dperating Trants and Intributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions
Governmental activities:	 •						
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 7,641,085	\$	725,755	\$	45,156	\$	14,510
Special	1,906,854		51,683		930,393		-
Vocational	333,677		-		42,115		-
Other	1,055,936		-		-		-
Support services:							
Pupil	1,151,030		80,797		53,096		-
Instructional staff	369,210		1,867		30,897		906
Board of education	16,332		-		-		-
Administration.	1,378,701		-		-		-
Fiscal	373,323		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance	1,401,869		-		-		-
Pupil transportation.	1,154,135		-		84,048		19,217
Central	290.043		20,305		15,714		-
Operation of non-instructional services:	_, ,,,		,		,		
Other non-instructional services	21,005		20,119		-		-
Food service operations.	587,220		431,707		149,052		-
Extracurricular activities.	505,630		66,757				-
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,134		-				-
Totals	\$ 18,190,184	\$	1,398,990	\$	1,350,471	\$	34,633

General Revenues:

Net assets at end of year
Net assets at beginning of year (restated)
Change in net assets
Total general revenues
Miscellaneous
Investment earnings
to specific programs
Grants and entitlements not restricted
Capital outlay
General fund
Property taxes levied for:

ar	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
	overnmental Activities			
\$	(6,855,664) (924,778) (291,562) (1,055,936) (1,017,137) (335,540) (16,332) (1,378,701) (373,323) (1,401,869) (1,050,870) (254,024)			
	(886) (6,461) (438,873) (4,134)			
	(15,406,090)			
	6,131,956 350,797			
	8,122,579 369,163 41,832			
	15,016,327			
	(389,763)			
\$	9,151,940 8,762,177			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

Asset: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,037,433 \$ 1,070,924 \$ 5,108,357 Receivables: 7,025 - 7,025 Intergovernmental - 29,147 29,147 Asset: 20,770 - 20,770 Prepayments 10,354 10,354 10,354 Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: 5 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: - 28,713 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accounts payable \$ 12,67,330 61,189 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 100,652 Compensated absences payable 52,700 2,619 55,371 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,371 Deferred revenue - 124,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for cncumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 7,386 7,386 for approprin		 General	Ga	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
and cash equivalents \$ $4,037,433$ \$ $1,070,924$ \$ $5,108,357$ Receivables: 7,025 - 7,025 Intergovernmental - 29,147 29,147 Account supplies inventory - 10,354 10,906 Prepayments - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: - 10,354 10,354 Equity in pooled cash - 1,217 - 19,217 Total assets - 1,06,002 - 10,354 Accounts payable \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accounts payable \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accounts payable \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accounts payable - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 Persion obligation payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 20,22,44 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,722,54 10,354 10,354 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		\$ 4,037,433	\$	1,070,924	\$	5,108,357
Accounts 7,025 - 7,025 Intergovernmental - 29,147 29,147 Accrued interest 20,770 - 20,770 Prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: Fquity in pooled cash - 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: - \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 106,602 - 10,604	Receivables:					
Accounts 7,025 - 7,025 Intergovernmental - 29,147 29,147 Accrued interest 20,770 - 20,770 Prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: Fquity in pooled cash - 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: - \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 106,602 - 10,604	Taxes	6,770,773		390,849		7,161,622
Intergovernmental 29,147 29,147 Accrued interest 20,770 - 20,770 Prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,551 Accounts payable \$ 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 106,602 - 10,354 10,973 5,728,254 - 10,314 10,9904 202,444	Accounts	7,025		-		7,025
Accrued interest 20,770 - 20,770 Prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Equity in pooled cash 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits . 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,502 - 106,502 - 106,502 - 106,504 <t< td=""><td>Intergovernmental</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>29,147</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Intergovernmental	-		29,147		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	e	20,770		-		
Materials and supplies inventory - 10,354 10,354 Restricted assets: 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets 5 10,872,124 5 1,501,274 5 12,373,398 Liabilities: - 5 23,333 5 5,618 5 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits . 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable . . 375,180 25,587 400,767 106,602 Intergovernmental payable . . . 5,21700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue Total liabilities . <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>				-		
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 - 106,602 - 10,514 400,767 Intergovernmental payable . 5,319 Decircet evenue . 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Intergovera		-		10.354		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: S 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits \$ 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue $52,700$ 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue $5,417,261$ 310,993 $5,728,254$ Total liabilities $7,424,946$ 425,910 $7,850,856$ Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for property tax unavailable $6r$ oppoerty tax unavailable $7,386$ $7,386$ $7,386$ Reserved for school bus purchases $19,217$ $ 19,217$ $19,217$ Unreserved, un				10,001		10,000
and cash equivalents 19,217 - 19,217 Total assets \$ 10,872,124 \$ 1,501,274 \$ 12,373,398 Liabilities: Accrued wages and benefits \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits \$ 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 10,504 10,753,64 10,753,64 10,75,364 10,75,364 10,75,364 10,75,364 10,75,364 10,354 10,3						
Liabilities: \$ 23,333 \$ 5,618 \$ 28,951 Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 106,602 - 106,602 Compensated absences payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 101 109,004 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 109,904 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 103,54 10,356 Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 10,354 severed for property tax unavailable for appropriation - 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for debt service. - - 7,386 7,386 7,386 Reserved for debt service. - - 7,386 7,386 7,386 <td< td=""><td></td><td> 19,217</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>19,217</td></td<>		 19,217		-		19,217
Accounts payable \$ $23,333$ \$ $5,618$ \$ $28,951$ Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 $61,189$ 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 103,54 10,354 for appropriation - 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds - 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542 <td>Total assets</td> <td>\$ 10,872,124</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,501,274</td> <td>\$</td> <td>12,373,398</td>	Total assets	\$ 10,872,124	\$	1,501,274	\$	12,373,398
Accounts payable \$ $23,333$ \$ $5,618$ \$ $28,951$ Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 $61,189$ 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 103,54 10,354 for appropriation - 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds - 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Accrued wages and benefits 1,267,330 61,189 1,328,519 Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue 182,540 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 10,354 10,354 10,354 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for greeserved for gree payments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 315,412 315,412 315,412 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 -	Liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue 182,540 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 supplies inventory. 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 7,386 7,386 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 315,412 315,412 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 - Special revenue funds - - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 <td>Accounts payable</td> <td>\$ 23,333</td> <td>\$</td> <td>5,618</td> <td>\$</td> <td>28,951</td>	Accounts payable	\$ 23,333	\$	5,618	\$	28,951
Compensated absences payable 106,602 - 106,602 Pension obligation payable 375,180 25,587 400,767 Intergovernmental payable 52,700 2,619 55,319 Deferred revenue 182,540 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 supplies inventory. 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 7,386 7,386 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 315,412 315,412 General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 - Special revenue funds - - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 <td>Accrued wages and benefits</td> <td>1,267,330</td> <td></td> <td>61,189</td> <td></td> <td>1,328,519</td>	Accrued wages and benefits	1,267,330		61,189		1,328,519
Pension obligation payable. $375,180$ $25,587$ $400,767$ Intergovernmental payable. $52,700$ $2,619$ $55,319$ Deferred revenue $182,540$ $19,904$ $202,444$ Unearned revenue $5,417,261$ $310,993$ $5,728,254$ Total liabilities $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Fund Balances: $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. $ 10,354$ $10,354$ Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation $1,180,141$ $71,229$ $1,251,370$ Reserved for school bus purchases $ 7,386$ $7,386$ $7,386$ Reserved for school bus purchases $ 19,217$ $ 19,217$ Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: $ 315,412$ $315,412$ $315,412$ General fund $ 594,770$ $594,770$ $594,770$ $594,770$	Compensated absences payable	106,602		-		106,602
Deferred revenue 182,540 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue $5,417,261$ $310,993$ $5,728,254$ Total liabilities $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Fund Balances: $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Reserved for encumbrances $154,878$ $76,213$ $231,091$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. $ 10,354$ $10,354$ Reserved for property tax unavailable $7,386$ $7,386$ $7,386$ for appropriation $1,180,141$ $71,229$ $1,251,370$ Reserved for grepayments $16,906$ $ 16,906$ Reserved for debt service. $ 7,386$ $7,386$ Reserved for school bus purchases . $19,217$ $ 19,217$ Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: $2,076,036$ $ 2,076,036$ General fund $2,076,036$ $ 315,412$ $315,412$ Capital projects funds. $3,447,178$ $1,075,364$ $4,522,542$		375,180		25,587		400,767
Deferred revenue 182,540 19,904 202,444 Unearned revenue $5,417,261$ $310,993$ $5,728,254$ Total liabilities $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Fund Balances: $7,424,946$ $425,910$ $7,850,856$ Reserved for encumbrances $154,878$ $76,213$ $231,091$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. $ 10,354$ $10,354$ Reserved for property tax unavailable $7,386$ $7,386$ $7,386$ for appropriation $1,180,141$ $71,229$ $1,251,370$ Reserved for grepayments $16,906$ $ 16,906$ Reserved for debt service. $ 7,386$ $7,386$ Reserved for school bus purchases . $19,217$ $ 19,217$ Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: $2,076,036$ $ 2,076,036$ General fund $2,076,036$ $ 315,412$ $315,412$ Capital projects funds. $3,447,178$ $1,075,364$ $4,522,542$	Intergovernmental payable	52,700		2,619		55,319
Unearned revenue 5,417,261 310,993 5,728,254 Total liabilities 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Fund Balances: 7,424,946 425,910 7,850,856 Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation - 16,906 - for debt service. - 7,386 7,386 Reserved for gropayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases - 19,217 - Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 315,412 315,412 General fund - - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances - 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542						
Fund Balances: 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 10,354 10,354 10,354 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for prepayments - 16,906 - 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for debt service - 7,386 3,15,412 19,217 - 19,217 19,217 19,217 19,217 19,217 19,217 19,217 19,217 1315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 315,412 3147,170 594,77						
Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 10,354 10,354 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds - 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542	Total liabilities	 7,424,946		425,910		7,850,856
Reserved for encumbrances 154,878 76,213 231,091 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for property tax unavailable - 10,354 10,354 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds - 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542	Fund Balances:					
supplies inventory. - 10,354 10,354 Reserved for property tax unavailable 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for debt service. - 7,386 7,386 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds. - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542	Reserved for encumbrances	154,878		76,213		231,091
for appropriation 1,180,141 71,229 1,251,370 Reserved for prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for debt service - 7,386 7,386 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542	supplies inventory	-		10,354		10,354
Reserved for prepayments 16,906 - 16,906 Reserved for debt service. - 7,386 7,386 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds. - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542		1,180,141		71,229		1,251,370
Reserved for debt service. - 7,386 7,386 Reserved for school bus purchases 19,217 - 19,217 Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: - 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds. - 315,412 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542				-		
Reserved for school bus purchases		-		7.386		
General fund 2,076,036 - 2,076,036 Special revenue funds. - 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542	Reserved for school bus purchases	19,217		-		
Special revenue funds. - 315,412 315,412 Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542		2 076 036		_		2 076 036
Capital projects funds. - 594,770 594,770 Total fund balances 3,447,178 1,075,364 4,522,542		2,070,050		315 /12		
		 -				
Total liabilities and fund balances	Total fund balances	 3,447,178		1,075,364		4,522,542
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,872,124	\$	1,501,274	\$	12,373,398

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 4,522,542
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			3,418,933
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	\$	181,998	
Interest revenue	Φ	9,169	
Intergovernmental revenue		11,277	
Total			202,444
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in			
governmental activities on the statement of net assets.			1,584,250
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Capital lease obligation		(23,644)	
Compensated absences		(942,348)	
Total			 (965,992)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$ 8,762,177

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		General		Funus		Funus
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$	6,231,897	\$	356,541	\$	6,588,438
Tuition	+	601,635	+		+	601,635
Transportation fees		10,219		-		10,219
Charges for services		-		431,707		431,707
Earnings on investments		283,929		4,078		288,007
Extracurricular		-		164,966		164,966
Classroom materials and fees		72,175		36,535		108,710
Other local revenues		52,577		71,799		124,376
Intergovernmental - State.		8,711,240		102,212		8,813,452
Intergovernmental - Federal		0,711,240		694,531		694,531
Total revenues		15,963,672		1,862,369		17,826,041
		13,903,072		1,802,309		17,820,041
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		7,259,615		105,810		7,365,425
Special		1,392,022		475,989		1,868,011
Vocational.		340,427		-		340,427
Other		1,055,936		-		1,055,936
Support Services:		<i>y y</i>				,,
Pupil		974,502		144,926		1,119,428
Instructional staff.		321,574		36,483		358,057
Board of education		16,332		-		16,332
Administration		1,397,478		-		1,397,478
Fiscal		365,026		6,185		371,211
Operations and maintenance.		1,138,248		1,250		1,139,498
Pupil transportation		1,074,224				1,074,224
Central		200,109		80,284		280,393
Operation of non-instructional services:		200,109		00,201		200,575
Non-instructional services.		-		21,149		21,149
Food service operations		-		584,259		584,259
Extracurricular activities.		401,284		67,682		468,966
Facilities acquisition and construction.				467,309		467,309
Debt service:				407,505		407,507
Principal retirement		_		86,101		86,101
Interest and fiscal charges				4,457		4,457
e e		15,936,777				18,018,661
Total expenditures		13,930,777		2,081,884		18,018,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		26,895		(219,515)		(192,620)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-		96,035		96,035
Transfers (out)		(96,035)		-		(96,035)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(96,035)		96,035		-
Net change in fund balances		(69,140)		(123,480)		(192,620)
Fund balances at beginning of year						
(restated)		3,516,318		1,194,447		4,710,765
Increase in reserve for inventory.				4,397		4,397
Fund balances at end of year	\$	3,447,178	\$	1,075,364	\$	4,522,542
i unu balances at thu bi ytal	ψ	י,1/0	φ	1,075,504	φ	7,322,342

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(192,620)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 255,492 (562,520)	
Total		(307,028)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenues Accrued interest	(105,685) (5,169) 3,619	
Total		(107,235)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		4,397
Repayment of note and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		86,101
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding notes, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		323
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Vacation accrual Severance accrual	 5,652 (80,420)	
Total		(74,768)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		201,067
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(389,763)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	8			(1 · · · g ·)	
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 6,122,698	\$ 6,356,573	\$ 6,368,025	\$ 11,452	
Tuition	577,970	600,048	601,129	1,081	
Transportation fees	13,170	13,673	13,698	25	
Earnings on investments	263,389	273,450	273,943	493	
Classroom materials and fees	69,394	72,045	72,175	130	
Other local revenues.	48,737	50,599	50,690	91	
Intergovernmental - State	8,375,638	8,695,570	8,711,239	15,669	
Total revenues	15,470,996	16,061,958	16,090,899	28,941	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	5 001 400	5 001 400	5 200 525	01 50 5	
Regular	7,231,432	7,231,432	7,209,727	21,705	
Special.	1,394,520	1,394,520	1,382,676	11,844	
Vocational.	320,120	320,120	316,446	3,674	
Other	1,057,320	1,057,320	1,056,055	1,265	
Support Services: Pupil	1,000,520	1,000,520	990,029	10,491	
Instructional staff	351,890	351,890	324,240	27,650	
Board of education	21,000	21,000	16,349	4,651	
Administration.	1,412,015	1,412,015	1,404,185	7,830	
Fiscal	369,928	369,928	364,508	5,420	
Operations and maintenance.	1,167,300	1,167,300	1,121,706	45,594	
Pupil transportation	1,323,357	1,323,357	1,233,837	89,520	
Central.	247,650	247,650	197,962	49,688	
Extracurricular activities.	460,500	460,500	400,261	60,239	
Total expenditures	16,357,552	16,357,552	16,017,981	339,571	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures.	(886,556)	(295,594)	72,918	368,512	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year expenditure	-	-	202	202	
Transfers (out)	(97,000)	(97,000)	(96,035)	965	
Sale of capital assets.	5,000	5,000	60	(4,940)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,000)	(92,000)	(95,773)	(3,773)	
Net change in fund balance	(978,556)	(387,594)	(22,855)	364,739	
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,894,182	3,894,182	3,894,182	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	14,552	14,552	14,552		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,930,178	\$ 3,521,140	\$ 3,885,879	\$ 364,739	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash with fiscal agent.	\$	2,246,947
Total current assets		2,246,947
Liabilities:		
Intergovernmental payable		662,697
Total liabilities		662,697
Net assets:		
Unrestricted		1,584,250
Total net assets	\$	1,584,250

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal	
	Se	rvice Fund
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	1,767,915
Total operating revenues		1,767,915
Operating expenses:		
Claims expense.		1,648,463
Total operating expenses		1,648,463
Operating income		119,452
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest revenue		81,615
Total nonoperating revenues		81,615
Change in net assets		201,067
Net assets at beginning of year		1,383,183
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,584,250

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	A	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from charges for services	\$	1,767,915
Cash payments for claims expense		(1,346,006)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities		421,909
Cash flows from investing activities:		04 64 5
Interest received		81,615
Net cash provided by investing activities		81,615
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		503,524
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,743,423
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,246,947
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	119,452
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in intergovernmental payable.		662,697
Decrease in claims payable		(360,240)
Net cash provided by	¢	421 000
operating activities	\$	421,909

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	Agency	y
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	32,952
Total assets	\$	32,952
Liabilities:		
Due to students	\$	32,952
Total liabilities	\$	32,952

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Firelands Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District operates under an elected Board of Education, consisting of five members, and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District is the 265th largest in the State of Ohio (among the 876 public school districts and community schools in the State) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 95 non-certified and 140 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 1,997 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or (4) provide financial support to the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Lorain County Joint Vocational School District (JVS)

The Lorain County Joint Vocational School District (JVS) is a distinct subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each participating school district's elected board, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the JVS is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Lorain County Vocational School District, 15181 State Route 58, Oberlin, Ohio, 44074.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Lake Erie Education Computer Association (LEECA)

The Lake Erie Education Computer Association (LEECA) is a jointly governed organization among 35 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports LEECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The LEECA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating school district and a representative from the fiscal agent. LEECA is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and at least one Assembly member from each county in which participating school districts are located. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2007, the District paid \$36,078 in fees to LEECA. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, who serves as the fiscal agent, at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035.

Lake Erie Regional Council (LERC)

The Lake Erie Regional Council (LERC) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 14 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of promoting cooperative agreements and activities among its members in dealing with problems of mutual concern such as media center, gas consumption, driver education, food service and insurance. Each member provides operating resources to LERC on a per pupil or actual usage charge. The LERC assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating school district and the fiscal agent. LERC is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, who serves at fiscal agent, at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds; (b) for food service operations; (c) for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; and (d) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's only proprietary fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: private-purpose trust funds, agency funds, pension trust funds and investment trust funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Lorain County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended Certificates of Estimated Resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenditures of the District. The appropriation resolution must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts represent the original and final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, excluding the internal service fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to federal agency securities, repurchase agreements, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$283,929 which includes \$123,198 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	10 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture/equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	10 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least 20 years of service regardless of their age and with at least three years of service with the District were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and future retirement obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes and lease obligations are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies, prepayments, debt service, school bus purchases, and property taxes unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount that is restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted by State statute for school bus purchases, the latch key program fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the termination benefits fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Operating Revenues, Operating Expenses and Non-operating revenues

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund including claims and administrative expenses. Non-operating revenues consisted of interest revenue for the District.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a school bus purchase reserve. This reserve is required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Fund Reclassification and Restatement of Fund Balance and Net Assets

A fund reclassification is required to properly report funds previously reported as nonmajor enterprise funds as nonmajor special revenue funds. The fees received by these funds are not designed to cover all costs associated with the operation of the funds. This fund reclassification had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances and nonmajor enterprise fund net assets as previously reported:

	General	Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	Total <u>Governmental</u>	Nonmajor <u>Enterprise</u>
Fund balance/net assets as previously reported	\$ 3,516,318	\$ 1,162,950	\$ 4,679,268	\$ 31,497
Fund reclassification: Net assets of nonmajor enterprise				
funds at June 30, 2006		31,497	31,497	(31,497)
Net fund reclassification		31,497	31,497	(31,497)
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2006	\$ 3,516,318	\$ 1,194,447	\$ 4,710,765	<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE – (Continued)

The fund reclassification had the following effect on the governmental activities and business-type activities net assets as previously reported:

	Governmental Activities	ess-Type
Net assets at June 30, 2006	\$ 9,120,443	\$ 31,497
Fund reclassification	31,497	 (31,497)
Restated net assets at July 1, 2006	<u>\$ 9,151,940</u>	\$

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Funds	Deficit
Entry Year Teacher Grant	\$11
Title I	1,412

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash With Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2007, was \$2,246,947.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,233,710, exclusive of the \$255,000 repurchase agreement mentioned below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2007, \$2,515,448 of the District's bank balance of \$4,394,448 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,879,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities						
			6	months or	13 to 18		19 to 24	Gr	eater than
Investment type	ŀ	Fair Value		less	months		months	24	4 months
FHLB	\$	1,495,267	\$	-	847,765	\$	399,064	\$	248,438
FFCB		99,500		-	-		-		99,500
FHLMC		247,793		-	-		-		247,793
Repurchase agreement		255,000		255,000	-		-		-
STAR Ohio		1,076,203		1,076,203			-		-
	\$	3,173,763	\$	1,331,203	\$ 847,765	\$	399,064	\$	595,731

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.21 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities, and the federal agency securities that underlie the District's repurchase agreement, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% to Total</u>
FHLB	\$ 1,495,267	47.11
FFCB	99,500	3.14
FHLMC	247,793	7.81
Repurchase aggreement	255,000	8.03
STAR Ohio	1,076,203	33.91
	\$ 3,173,763	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,233,710
Investments	3,173,763
Total	<u>\$ 7,407,473</u>
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,374,521
Agency fund	32,952
Total	\$ 7,407,473

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

Transfers from General Fund to: Other Governmental Funds

<u>Amount</u> \$ 96,035

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Codes Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2005. For 2007, tangible personal property is assessed at 12.5% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2007-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Lorain and Erie Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$1,180,141 in the general fund and \$71,229 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2006, was \$1,316,269 in the general fund, and \$76,883 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Seco Half Collec		2007 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 248,001,030	92.96	\$288,961,940	94.91	
Public utility personal	10,855,290	4.07	10,751,200	3.53	
Tangible personal property	7,912,051	2.97	4,731,530	1.56	
Total	\$ 266,768,371	100.00	\$ 304,444,670	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 44.20		\$ 47.01		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Taxes	\$ 7,161,622
Accounts	7,025
Intergovernmental	29,147
Accrued interest	20,770
Total receivables	\$ 7,218,564

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2006	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 851,565	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 851,565
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	851,565			851,565
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	832,189	25,300	-	857,489
Buildings and improvements	7,890,807	182,171	-	8,072,978
Furniture and equipment	1,464,638	48,021	(8,282)	1,504,377
Vehicles	1,466,775			1,466,775
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,654,409	255,492	(8,282)	11,901,619
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(491,625)	(44,674)	-	(536,299)
Buildings and improvements	(6,398,486)	(364,730)	-	(6,763,216)
Furniture and equipment	(1,215,864)	(58,813)	8,282	(1,266,395)
Vehicles	(674,038)	(94,303)		(768,341)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,780,013)	(562,520)	8,282	(9,334,251)
Governmental activites capital assets, net	\$ 3,725,961	<u>\$(307,028)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,418,933

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 295,533
Special	16,978
Vocational	17,805
Support Services:	
Pupil	5,451
Instructional staff	12,416
Administration	9,190
Operations and maintenance	53,895
Pupil transportation	90,497
Central	13,282
Extracurricular activities	10,809
Food service operations	36,664
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 562,520</u>

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During a prior fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of office equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$62,093. These amounts represent the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 for equipment was \$36,221, leaving a current book value of \$25,872. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$12,101 paid by the permanent improvement capital project fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

scal Year Ending June 30,Amo	
2008	\$ 14,523
2009	10,892
Total minimum lease payments	25,415
Less amount representing interest	(1,771)
Total	\$ 23,644

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

U	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2007	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated absences payable	\$ 965,796	\$240,671	\$ (157,517)	\$ 1,048,950	\$ 154,284
Capital lease payable	35,745	-	(12,101)	23,644	13,105
Energy conservation notes payable	74,000		(74,000)		
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$1,075,541</u>	<u>\$240,671</u>	<u>\$ (243,618)</u>	<u>\$ 1,072,594</u>	<u>\$ 167,389</u>

<u>Energy Conservation Notes</u>: The energy conservation notes were issued in fiscal year 1997 in the amount of \$575,000 under the authority of H.B. 264. Accordingly, these notes are accounted for in the statement of net assets. These notes outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund); however, unlike general obligation bonds, Ohio statute allows for the issuance of energy conservation notes without voter approval, as well as the subsequent repayment of the notes from operating revenues. These notes were retired during fiscal year 2007.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the District, are primarily the general fund, the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the Title I fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>: The capital lease obligation will be paid from the permanent improvement capital projects fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). See Note 9 for details.

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$26,788,274 (including available funds of \$7,386) and an unvoted debt margin of \$297,565.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under various labor agreements and based on credited service. Teachers and some Administrators do not earn vacation time. Administrators, Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operations employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 5 to 20 days. Employees with less than one year of service earn one vacation day per month worked, not to exceed five days. Unused vacation is not cumulative to the next year.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to one-quarter of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum payout of 72 days for certified employees and 57 days for classified employees.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the District contracted with Indiana Insurance Company through Fitzgibbons, Arnold & Co. for professional liability insurance, fleet insurance, excess coverage, and insurance coverage for property, boiler and machine, inland marine and employee theft. Coverages provided and deductibles are as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$2,500 deductible)	\$25,954,999	value
Inland marine coverage (\$250 deductible)	1,113,775	value
Boiler and machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	25,000,000	limit
Automobile liability (\$100 deductible for comprehensive)	1,000,000	limit
Excessive coverage	1,000,000	limit
Uninsured Motorists (no deductible)	1,000,000	limit
Employee theft	25,000	limit

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from fiscal year 2006.

B. Employee Health and Dental

The District has contracted with the Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC) to provide partially self-insured employee health and medical benefits since December 1988. The LERC is a claims-servicing pool comprised of 10 Lorain County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow or individual account balance. Upon termination, the terminating school district would be liable for all outstanding claims beyond their individual account balance. The LERC Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an existing district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. This plan provides a medical/surgical plan with deductibles of \$100 single and \$200 family for in network and \$150 single and \$250 family out-of-network coverage. Stop loss is provided by a private insurance carrier for all individual claims in excess of \$165,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The LERC's pool premiums are billed to each participating school district based on actuarially determined rates. Should contributions prove to be insufficient to pay programs costs of the insurance program in any given year, each participating member is notified of their deficiency and their premium is adjusted to cover its share of the additional cost of anticipated future claims.

At July 1, 2007, LERC changed from partial self-insurance to a fully insured consortium. All outstanding claims were deemed part of the pool and not charged to individual school district's. Therefore, the District does not have an outstanding claims liability at June 30, 2007. The District is required to have a reserve balance held by LERC to enter the fully pooled consortium. The District's reserve balance is \$662,697, which is shown as "intergovernmental payable" on the statement of net assets.

Fiscal	Beginning	Current	Claims	Ending
Year	Balance	<u>Year Claims</u>	Payments	Balance
2007	\$ 360,240	\$1,648,463	\$ (2,008,703)	\$ <u>-</u>
2006	380,592	1,653,911	(1,674,263)	360,240

C. Workers' Compensation Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the plan.

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniserve, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$224,248, \$210,715, and \$201,943, respectively. 41.89 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$130,320 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$1,005,818, \$970,557, and \$946,942, respectively. 83.27 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$168,294 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$13,609 made by the District and \$30,728 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$77,371 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$100,721 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had so \$295.492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and encumbrances.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

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	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ (22,855)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(127,227)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(97,007)
Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)	(262)
Adjustment for encumbrances	178,211
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (69,140)</u>

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

A lawsuit has been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals has agreed with the Corporation and the case has been appealed by the Tax Commissioner to the Ohio Supreme Court. The District receives a significant amount of property tax from the Corporation. Should the Corporation prevail in the Supreme Court, it may be entitled to a refund from the District based on the lower assessment rate beginning from tax year 2001. The amount of the refund is estimated to be approximately \$18,722 per year. A portion of the refund may be recovered from additional State entitlement payments.

The District is involved in no other material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

		Capital
	Textbooks	Acquisition
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ (248,348)	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	306,222	306,222
Qualifying disbursements	(291,684)	(496,205)
Total	\$ (233,810)	<u>\$ (189,983)</u>
Balance carried forward to FY 2008	<u>\$ (233,810)</u>	<u>\$ </u>

The District had qualifying expenditures during the year that reduced the textbooks set-aside amounts below zero. The extra amount for textbooks is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years. Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital improvement reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases <u>\$ 19,217</u>

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SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Distribution	N/A	10.550		\$30,780		\$30,780
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	048157-LLP4-2006 048157-LLP4-2007	10.555 10.555	\$33,790 <u>88,080</u> 121,870	30.780	\$ 33,790 88,080 121,870	30,780
			121,070	30,780	121,070	30,780
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education: Special Education - Grants to States	048157-6BSF-2006 048157-6BSF-2007	84.027 84.027	9,803 414,923		39,863 405,298	
Total Special Education - Grants to States		0.11021	424,726	0	445,161	0
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	048157-C1S1-2006 048157-C1S1-2007	84.010 84.010	424 63,453		9,299 55,007	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			63,877	0	64,306	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	048157-DRS1-2007	84.186	4,345		3,886	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	048157-C2S1-2007	84.298	2,916		2,916	
Education Technology State Grants	048157-TJS1-2007	84.318	65		-	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	048157-TRS1-2006 048157-TRS1-2007	84.367 84.367	150 57,300		7,879 50,445	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			57,450	0	58,324	0
Total U.S. Department of Education			553,379	0	574,593	0
Total All Federal Awards			\$ 675,249	\$30,780	\$696,463	\$30,780

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

N/A – Not applicable

CFDA – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Firelands Local School District Lorain County 11970 Vermilion Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Firelands Local School District, Lorain County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2008, wherein we noted the District restated the July 1, 2006 net assets of the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activities, as well as the fund balances of the Other Governmental funds and the Non-Major Enterprise funds due to funds previously reported as enterprise funds being reclassified as special revenue funds. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Firelands Local School District Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters as Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated April 16, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated April 16, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 16, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Firelands Local School District Lorain County 11970 Vermilion Road Oberlin, Ohio 44074

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Firelands Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Firelands Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Firelands Local School District Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Federal Program on Internal

Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Page 2

A *control deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 16, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education – Grants to States CFDA #84.027	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.





FIRELANDS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 1, 2008

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