



TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>GE</u>
1
3
. 13
. 14
. 15
. 16
. 17
. 18
. 19
. 20
. 21
. 22
. 23
. 25
. 51
. 52
. 53
. 55
. 57





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Frontier Local School District Washington County 44870 State Route 7 New Matamoras, Ohio 45767

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Frontier Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Frontier Local School District, Washington County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 Frontier Local School District Washington County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

January 31, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The management's discussion and analysis of the Frontier Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,207,144 which represents a 6.36% increase from 2006
- General revenues accounted for \$7,986,672 in revenue or 74.68% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,707,505 or 25.32% of total revenues of \$10,694,177.
- The District had \$9,487,033 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,707,505 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$7,986,672 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, classroom facilities fund and the debt service fund. The general fund had \$6,659,070 in revenues and \$6,654,290 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the general fund's fund balance increased \$4,780 from \$215,853 to \$220,633.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the debt service fund. The debt service fund had \$259,442 in revenues and \$227,805 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$31,637 from \$145,173 to \$176,810.
- Another of the District's major governmental funds is the classroom facilities fund. The classroom facilities fund had \$1,551,017 in revenues and \$9,742 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$1,541,275 from \$256,073 to \$1,797,348.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, classroom facilities fund and debt service fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, classroom facilities fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for medical and prescription self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2006
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,945,171	\$ 3,147,262
Capital assets, net	20,395,528	21,214,599
Total assets	25,340,699	24,361,861
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	2,503,914	2,563,877
Long-term liabilities	2,659,325	2,827,668
Total liabilities	5,163,239	5,391,545
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	18,377,535	19,079,595
Restricted	2,492,409	844,834
Unrestricted (deficit)	(692,484)	(954,113)
Total net assets	\$ 20,177,460	\$ 18,970,316

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$20,177,460. Of this total, \$2,492,409 is restricted in use.

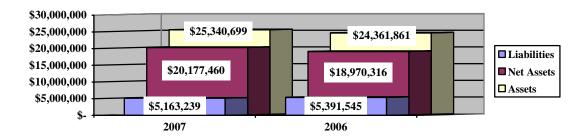
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

At year-end, capital assets represented 80.49% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$18,377,535. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$2,492,409, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is a deficit of \$692,484.

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2006
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 393,286	\$ 203,326
Operating grants and contributions	2,285,567	1,918,148
Capital grants and contributions	28,652	21,856
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,478,515	1,317,017
Grants and entitlements	6,482,746	5,339,669
Investment earnings	15,226	16,414
Other	10,185	50,127
Total revenues	10,694,177	8,866,557

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses: Instruction:		
	\$ 4,168,707	\$ 4,313,072
Regular	' ' '	, , ,
Special	701,587	778,945
Vocational	273,032	290,448
Adult continuing	-	7,000
Support services:	470 142	224 224
Pupil	478,142	334,224
Instructional staff	327,307	430,186
Board of education	42,551	59,965
Administration	881,844	882,067
Fiscal	264,588	287,029
Business	-	86
Operations and maintenance	935,524	1,059,986
Pupil transportation	702,100	710,862
Central	14,401	15,276
Food service operations	390,202	420,150
Extracurricular activities	175,626	147,583
Interest and fiscal charges	131,422	139,137
Total expenses	9,487,033	9,876,016
Change in net assets	1,207,144	(1,009,459)
Net assets at beginning of year	18,970,316	19,979,775
Net assets at end of year	\$ 20,177,460	\$ 18,970,316

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,207,144. Total governmental expenses of \$9,487,033 were offset by program revenues of \$2,707,505 and general revenues of \$7,986,672. Program revenues supported 28.54% of the total governmental expenses.

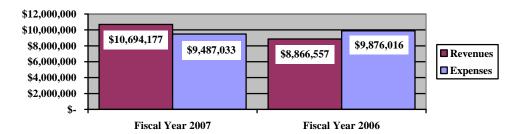
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 74.44% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,143,326 or 54.21% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

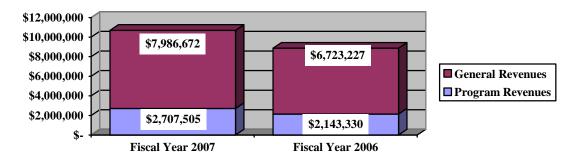
	Total Cost of Services 2007		Net Cost of Services 2007		Total Cost of Services 2006		Net Cost of Services 2006	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 4,168,707	\$	3,158,978	\$	4,313,072	\$	3,190,295	
Special	701,587		117,781		778,945		537,045	
Vocational	273,032		195,708		290,448		290,448	
Adult continuing	-		-		7,000		7,000	
Support services:								
Pupil	478,142		211,652		334,224		214,964	
Instructional staff	327,307		164,507		430,186		295,675	
Board of education	42,551		42,538		59,965		59,965	
Administration	881,844		800,999		882,067		807,465	
Fiscal	264,588		248,953		287,029		270,403	
Business	-		-		86		86	
Operations and maintenance	935,524		935,134		1,059,986		1,056,610	
Pupil transportation	702,100		657,282		710,862		710,110	
Central	14,401		9,401		15,276		10,276	
Food service operations	390,202		3,211		420,150		50,773	
Extracurricular activities	175,626		101,962		147,583		92,434	
Interest and fiscal charges	 131,422		131,422		139,137		139,137	
Total expenses	\$ 9,487,033	\$	6,779,528	\$	9,876,016	\$	7,732,686	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 67.51% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 71.46%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,170,211, which is higher than last year's total of \$562,140. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	alance/(Deficit) ne 30, 2007	alance/(Deficit) ne 30, 2006	I	ncrease	Percentag Change	_
General	\$ 220,633	\$ 215,853	\$	4,780	2.21	%
Debt Service	176,810	145,173		31,637	21.79	%
Classroom Facilities	1,797,348	256,073	1	1,541,275	601.89	%
Other Governmental	 (24,580)	 (54,959)		30,379	55.28	%
Total	\$ 2,170,211	\$ 562,140	\$ 1	1,608,071	286.06	%

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided in the section below. The increase in the fund balances of the other governmental funds is primarily due to a \$35,462 increase in the fund balance of the miscellaneous federal grants fund. The increase was a result of decreasing expenses in the miscellaneous federal grants fund. Further more the miscellaneous state grants fund balance increased \$21,245 as result of increased grant revenues.

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$4,780. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	A	2007 Amount		2006 Amount	ncrease/ Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Revenues			_	111104111	 	
Taxes	\$	1,213,010	\$	1,176,938	\$ 36,072	3.06 %
Tuition		197,455		204,306	(6,851)	(3.35) %
Earnings on investments		14,209		15,407	(1,198)	(7.78) %
Intergovernmental		5,196,881		5,111,237	85,644	1.68 %
Other revenues		37,515		59,366	 (21,851)	(36.81) %
Total	\$	6,659,070	\$	6,567,254	\$ 91,816	1.40 %
Expenditures						
Instruction	\$	3,464,609	\$	3,371,754	\$ 92,855	2.75 %
Support services		3,083,839		3,270,082	(186,243)	(5.70) %
Extracurricular activities		79,732		76,379	3,353	4.39 %
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,540		1,140	400	35.09 %
Debt service		24,570	_	24,570	 	- %
Total	\$	6,654,290	\$	6,743,925	\$ (89,635)	(1.33) %

The District's earnings on investments decreased in 2007 due to a reduction of interest earning accounts held by the District. Debt service expenditures stayed the same from the previous year. Other revenues, which are made up of rentals, contributions and donations, services provided to other entities, classroom materials and fees and miscellaneous revenues decreased primarily due to decreasing revenues from local sources. Support services expenditures decreased \$186,243 from the prior fiscal year. This is due to the District's policy of increasing fund balances by decreasing spending.

Debt Service Fund

Another of the District's major governmental funds is the debt service fund. Total fund revenues of \$259,442 consisted of property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. Property taxes increased from the prior year by 5.18% and the intergovernmental revenues decreased from the prior year by 4.52%. Fund expenditures of \$227,805, consisted of principal and interest payments made on long-term debt obligations during the year. During fiscal year 2007, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$31,637 from \$145,173 to \$176,810.

Classroom Facilities Fund

Another of the District's major governmental funds is the classroom facilities fund. The classroom facilities fund had \$1,551,017 in revenues and \$9,742 in expenditures. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$1,550,000 due to additional monies awarded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission. During fiscal year 2007, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$1,541,275 from \$256,073 to \$1,797,348.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

During the course of fiscal 2007, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources was \$6,759,820 and the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources was \$6,860,901. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2007 was \$6,709,220. This represents a \$151,681 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$7,300,355 were increased to \$7,301,597 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$6,825,909, which was \$475,688 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the District had \$20,395,528 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	al Activities
	2007	2006
Land	\$ 169,230	\$ 169,230
Land improvements	867,541	914,059
Building and improvements	18,828,984	19,517,667
Furniture and equipment	347,248	362,947
Vehicles	182,525	250,696
Total	\$ 20,395,528	\$ 21,214,599

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$819,071 is due to depreciation expense of \$870,377 exceeding capital outlays of \$51,306 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$1,790,000 in general obligation bonds, \$193,000 in energy conservation notes and \$34,993 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$90,469 is due within one year and \$1,927,524 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds, notes and capital leases outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,790,000	\$ 1,835,000
Energy conservation notes	193,000	246,000
Capital lease obligation	34,993	54,004
Total	\$ 2,017,993	\$ 2,135,004

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,833,224, and an unvoted debt margin of \$49,405.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Frontier Local School District has been proactive in order to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community members. The District is always being presented with challenges and opportunities. While Frontier Local is very much State Funded, we are very limited in controlling our future.

The District is made up of 40% Wayne National Forest. Because Ohio school districts rely on property taxes for support, Wayne National Forest neighbors have often claimed that the National Forest's presence reduces school district funding. It also alienates the district in receiving any commercial development. The Frontier Local School District is constantly monitoring the Wayne and will seek ways of extracting additional revenue which is being received by hunting and fishing.

Declining enrollment over the past 10 years is a trend that has received, and will continue to receive, the attention of the Board and Administration. Reduced student counts lead to staffing cuts, excess building capacity, and less state funding. Each of these factors significantly causes a negative impact on the operations of the District.

The District received an OSFC project for buildings in 2002. The appearance of our new buildings are pleasant to the eye, however many new challenges are now being discovered. Electric and gas consumptions have increased significantly and add to the expenditures which in the past were not present. Poor workmanship and inefficient equipment have been nuisances since the project completion. Many years after project completion, we are still struggling with many issues.

Expenditures have exceeded revenues for 6 of the past 7 years and we will soon use up our cash reserves. This will force many changes and difficult decisions unless the State's school funding method changes significantly.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mr. Franklin Antill, Treasurer, 44870 State Route 7, New Matamoras, Ohio, 45767-6149.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities				
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,484,508			
Cash in segregated accounts		319			
Receivables:					
Taxes		1,479,974			
Accounts		404			
Intergovernmental		1,971,449			
Accrued interest		11			
Materials and supplies inventory		8,506			
Capital assets:					
Land		169,230			
Depreciable capital assets, net		20,226,298			
Capital assets, net		20,395,528			
Total assets		25,340,699			
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		23,208			
Accrued wages and benefits		575,848			
Pension obligation payable		187,361			
Intergovernmental payable		44,122			
Claims payable		228,203			
Unearned revenue		1,445,172			
Long-term liabilities:		1,443,172			
Due within one year		100,087			
Due within more than one year		2,559,238			
Total liabilities		5,163,239			
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net					
of related debt		18,377,535			
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		1,967,092			
Debt service		177,641			
Classroom facilities maintenance		74,927			
Textbooks & instructional materials		59,528			
Locally funded programs		5			
State funded programs		48,159			
Federally funded programs		94,804			
Student activities		18,348			
Other purposes		51,905			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(692,484)			
Total net assets	\$	20,177,460			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

					Prog	ram Revenues			R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
	Expenses		:	harges for Services and Sales	G	Dperating Frants and Intributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:											
Instruction:											
Regular	\$	4,168,707	\$	224,592	\$	773,137	\$	12,000	\$	(3,158,978)	
Special		701,587		-		583,806		-		(117,781)	
Vocational		273,032		-		77,324		-		(195,708)	
Support services:											
Pupil		478,142		-		266,490		-		(211,652)	
Instructional staff		327,307		180		162,620		-		(164,507)	
Board of education		42,551		13		-		-		(42,538)	
Administration		881,844		-		80,845		-		(800,999)	
Fiscal		264,588		-		15,635		-		(248,953)	
Operations and maintenance		935,524		_		390		_		(935,134)	
Pupil transportation		702,100		-		28,166		16,652		(657,282)	
Central		14,401		_		5,000		-		(9,401)	
Food service operations		390,202		103,731		283,260		_		(3,211)	
Extracurricular activities		175,626		64,770		8,894		_		(101,962)	
Interest and fiscal charges		131,422				-		_		(131,422)	
interest and fiscal charges		131,422									
Total governmental activities	\$	9,487,033	\$	393,286	\$	2,285,567	\$	28,652		(6,779,528)	
				eral Revenue							
			-	erty taxes levi							
										1,213,638	
										23,556	
										241,321	
				nts and entitlen							
			to s	pecific progra	ms					4,765,420	
			Grar	nts and entitlen	nents r	estricted for					
			Oh	io School Faci	lities P	roject				1,717,326	
			Inve	stment earning	gs					15,226	
			Misc	cellaneous						10,185	
			Tota	l general rever	nues					7,986,672	
			Chai	nge in net asse	ts					1,207,144	
			Net	assets at begi	nning (of year				18,970,316	
			Net	assets at end	of year	·			\$	20,177,460	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		Debt Service		Classroom Facilities		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:																																
Equity in pooled cash	Φ.	500 511	Φ.	155.204	ф	247.240	Φ.	104 407	Φ.	1 1 10 020																						
and cash equivalents	\$	528,511	\$	177,284	\$	247,348	\$	196,687	\$	1,149,830																						
Cash in segregated accounts		-		-		-		319		319																						
Receivables:				40-0-4						==.																						
Taxes		1,257,835		197,876		-		24,263		1,479,974																						
Accounts		387		-		-		17		404																						
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,717,326		254,123		1,971,449																						
Accrued interest		11		-		-		-		11																						
Interfund receivable		32,700		-		-		-		32,700																						
Loans to other funds		187,977		-		-		-		187,977																						
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		8,506		8,506																						
Restricted assets:																																
Equity in pooled cash																																
and cash equivalents		111,433		=		=				111,433																						
Total assets	\$	2,118,854	\$	375,160	\$	1,964,674	\$	483,915	\$	4,942,603																						
7.1.11																																
Liabilities:	Φ.	20.224	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	2.074	Φ.	22 200																						
Accounts payable	\$	20,334	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,874	\$	23,208																						
Accrued wages and benefits		448,733		-		-		127,115		575,848																						
Pension obligation payable		160,101		-		-		27,260		187,361																						
Intergovernmental payable		35,366		-		-		8,756		44,122																						
Interfund payable		-		-		-		32,700		32,700																						
Loans from other funds		-		3,990		-		183,987		187,977																						
Deferred revenue		5,723		831		167,326		102,124		276,004																						
Unearned revenue		1,227,964		193,529				23,679		1,445,172																						
Total liabilities		1,898,221		198,350		167,326		508,495		2,772,392																						
Fund Balances:																																
Reserved for encumbrances		24,811				75,735		80,663		191 200																						
Reserved for materials and		24,011		-		13,133		80,003		181,209																						
								8,506		8,506																						
supplies inventory		-		172 204		-		8,300		,																						
Reserved for debt service		-		173,294		-		-		173,294																						
Reserved for property tax unavailable		24 149		2.516				472		29 126																						
for appropriation		24,148		3,516		-		472		28,136																						
Reserved for budget stabilization		26,084		-		-		-		26,084																						
Reserved for textbooks & instructional materials .		59,528		-		-		-		59,528																						
Reserved for bus allowance		25,821		-		-		-		25,821																						
Reserved for loans		187,977		_		-		-		187,977																						
Unreserved:																																
Designated for textbooks		4.245								4.245																						
and capital improvements		4,345		-		-		-		4,345																						
Undesignated (deficit), reported in:		(122.001)								(100.001)																						
General fund		(132,081)		-		-		(116.620)		(132,081)																						
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		(116,639)		(116,639)																						
Capital projects funds						1,721,613		2,418		1,724,031																						
Total fund balances		220,633		176,810	-	1,797,348	-	(24,580)		2,170,211																						
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,118,854	\$	375,160	\$	1,964,674	\$	483,915	\$	4,942,603																						

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,170,211
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		20,395,528
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes	\$ 6,666	
Intergovernmental revenue Total	 269,338	276,004
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(4,958)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	641,332	
General obligation bonds payable	1,790,000	
Energy conservation notes	193,000	
Capital lease obligation	 34,993	
Total		 (2,659,325)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 20,177,460

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Debt General Service		Classroom Gove		Other Sovernmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds	
Revenues:	 							
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$ 1,213,010	\$	241,227	\$ -	\$	23,543	\$	1,477,780
Tuition	197,455		-	-		-		197,455
Charges for services	-		-	-		103,731		103,731
Earnings on investments	14,209		-	1,017		_		15,226
Extracurricular	-		-	-		64,770		64,770
Classroom materials and fees	27,137		-	-		-		27,137
Other local revenues	10,378		-	-		8,894		19,272
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	60,344		-	-		_		60,344
Intergovernmental - State	5,136,537		18,215	1,550,000		233,772		6,938,524
Intergovernmental - Federal	-		-	-		1,618,533		1,618,533
Total revenues	6,659,070		259,442	1,551,017		2,053,243		10,522,772
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	2,681,175		-	-		774,121		3,455,296
Special	510,209		-	-		194,948		705,157
Vocational	273,225		-	-		_		273,225
Support services:								
Pupil	208,309		-	-		267,627		475,936
Instructional staff	212,252		-	-		153,521		365,773
Board of education	42,551		-	-		-		42,551
Administration	806,909		-	-		78,597		885,506
Fiscal	246,525		3,942	-		15,877		266,344
Operations and maintenance	902,859		-	-		67,363		970,222
Pupil transportation	654,939		-	-		-		654,939
Central	9,495		-	-		4,996		14,491
Food service operations	-		-	-		395,328		395,328
Extracurricular activities	79,732		-	-		70,486		150,218
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,540		-	9,742		-		11,282
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	19,011		98,000	-		-		117,011
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,559		125,863					131,422
Total expenditures	 6,654,290		227,805	9,742		2,022,864		8,914,701
Net change in fund balances	4,780		31,637	1,541,275		30,379		1,608,071
Fund balances (deficit) at								
beginning of year	 215,853		145,173	256,073		(54,959)		562,140
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 220,633	\$	176,810	\$ 1,797,348	\$	(24,580)	\$	2,170,211

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	S	1,608,071
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 51,306 (870,377)		(819,071)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Intergovernmental Total	 735 170,670		171,405
Repayment of bond, note, and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			117,011
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			39,654
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			90.074
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	6	1,207,144

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	1,217,224	\$	1,199,500	\$	1,208,113	\$	8,613
Tuition		197,467		198,807		197,455		(1,352)
Earnings on investments		14,315		15,000		14,208		(792)
Classroom materials and fees		27,029		27,000		26,827		(173)
Other local revenues		10,379		30,200		10,301		(19,899)
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		60,799		60,000		60,344		344
Intergovernmental - State		5,176,753		5,177,394		5,136,536		(40,858)
Total revenues	-	6,703,966		6,707,901		6,653,784		(54,117)
							-	(- , -)
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		2,891,838		2,850,578		2,702,029		148,549
Special		550,068		586,298		513,964		72,334
Vocational		294,332		296,180		275,013		21,167
Support services:		274,332		270,100		273,013		21,107
Pupil		227,448		217,125		212,519		4,606
Instructional staff		246,144		243,827		229,988		13,839
Board of education		50,964		67,655		47,619		20,036
Administration		869,187		813,717		812,137		1,580
Fiscal		264,642		281,213		247,272		33,941
Business		_		100		-		100
Operations and maintenance		995,718		1,044,022		930,363		113,659
Pupil transportation		739,576		715,146		691,033		24,113
Central		10,107		13,073		9,444		3,629
Extracurricular activities		86,765		82,375		81,070		1,305
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,648		1,540		1,540		_
Total expenditures		7,228,437		7,212,849		6,753,991		458,858
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(524,471)		(504,948)		(100,207)		404,741
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		13,182		3,000		13,083		10,083
Advances in		42,672		150,000		42,353		(107,647)
Advances (out)		(71,918)		(71,918)		(71,918)		-
Contingencies		-		(16,830)		-		16,830
Total other financing sources (uses)		(16,064)		64,252		(16,482)		(80,734)
Net change in fund balance		(540,535)		(440,696)		(116,689)		324,007
Fund balance at beginning of year		683,381		683,381		683,381		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		26,543		26,543		26,543		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	169,389	\$	269,228	\$	593,235	\$	324,007
Jumie ut the of Jun	¥	107,507		_0,,0		2,3,233		2,007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	223,245	
Total current assets		223,245	
Liabilities:			
Claims payable		228,203	
Total current liabilities		228,203	
Not aggets			
Net assets: Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,958)	
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	(4,958)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,557,9) 57_
Total operating revenues	1,557,9	957
Operating expenses:		
Other operating expense	224,5	501
Claims expense	1,243,3	382
Total operating expenses	1,467,8	383
Operating income	90,0)74
Net assets (deficit) at beginning of year	(95,0)32)
Net assets (deficit) at end of year	\$ (4,9	958)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	A	vernmental Activities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from charges for services	\$	1,557,957
Cash payments for other expenses		(224,501)
Cash payments for claims expenses		(1,286,179)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities		47,277
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		175,968
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	223,245
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	90,074
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in claims payable		(42,797)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	\$	47,277

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Agency		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	26,883	
Receivables:			
Accounts		483	
Total assets	\$	27,366	
Liabilities:			
Intergovernmental payable	\$	6	
Due to students		27,360	
Total liabilities	\$	27,366	

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Frontier Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally-elected board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by State and federal agencies. This board controls the District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by 50 classified employees, 72 certificated full time teaching personnel, and 5 administrators, who provide services to 941 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and proprietary fund provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the cost of administering the GRP. Refer to Note 11.B for further information on this group rating program.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC) - SEOVEC was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC is a computer consortium formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. SEOVEC has 38 participants consisting of 30 school districts and 8 educational service centers. SEOVEC is governed by a governing board which is selected by the member districts. SEOVEC possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. During fiscal year 2007, the District paid \$30,919 to SEOVEC. To obtain financial information write to the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative, at 221 North Columbus Road, Athens, Ohio 45701.

<u>Washington County Career Center</u> - The Washington County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school districts' elected boards and one representative from the Washington County Educational Service Center's board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Washington County Career Center, Janine Satterfield, Treasurer, 21740 State Route 676, Marietta, Ohio 45750.

<u>Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools</u> - The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools consists of over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a fourteen member Board which consists of one superintendent from each County elected by the school districts within that County. The Coalition provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Coalition. During fiscal year 2007, the District paid \$300 in membership dues to the Coalition.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

South Eastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center - The South Eastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SEOSERRC) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SEOSERRC is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of chartered nonpublic schools, representatives of county boards of Mental Retardation and Developmentally Disabled, Ohio University and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Bryan Swann, Treasurer, at the Athens-Meigs Educational Service Center, 507 Richland Avenue, Suite 108, Athens, Ohio 45701.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Classroom Facilities</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; and (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical and prescription benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2007 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Washington County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2007. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
 - Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the District Treasurer.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal 2007. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to specific funds. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$14,209, which includes \$6,414 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

	Governmentar
	Activities
	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables", receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "loans to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2007, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least five years of current service with the District were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. General obligation bonds, energy conservation notes and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which management has an intended use of the resources. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, textbooks and instructional materials, loans, bus allowance, budget stabilization and fund balance has been designated for textbooks and capital improvements. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under State statute.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the medical self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted by State statute for budget stabilization and school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish reserves for budget stabilization, textbooks and instructional materials, and school bus purchases. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Nonmajor Funds	
Food service	\$ 192,778
Uniform school supplies	1,011
Professional development	454
EMIS	70
DPIA	16,513
Ohio reads	12
Poverty Aid	12,663
Title I	1,663
Title VI-R	622

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,509,767. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$1,531,913 of the District's bank balance of \$1,731,913 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

				vestment laturities
Investment type	_Fair	· Value	6 r	nonths or less
STAROhio	\$	1,943	\$	1,943
	\$	1,943	\$	1,943

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAROhio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fai</u>	Fair Value			
STAROhio	\$	1,943	100.00%		
	\$	1,943	100.00%		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,509,767
Investments	 1,943
Total	\$ 1,511,710
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 1,484,827
Agency funds	 26,883
Total	\$ 1.511.710

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Loans to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Loans from</u>	<u>Loans to</u>	Amount
General	eneral Debt Service Nonmajor governmental funds	
		\$ 187,977

The primary purpose of the loans to/from other funds is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All loans to/from other funds are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2007 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>A</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	32,700

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property is assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2007-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Washington County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$24,148 in the general fund, \$472 in the classroom maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$3,516 in the debt service fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$19,251 in the general fund, \$81 in the classroom maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and \$2,761 in the debt service fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Secon Half Collecti		2007 First Half Collection			
	 Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$ 45,063,610	88.40	\$ 45,529,090	87.20		
Public utility personal	4,669,720	9.16	4,566,820	8.74		
Tangible personal property	 1,244,220	2.44	 2,117,790	4.06		
Total	\$ 50,977,550	100.00	\$ 52,213,700	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of			 			
assessed valuation	\$ 39.40		\$ 38.97			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Major fund:

Classroom Facilities	\$ 1,717,326
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Food Service	27,532
Miscellaneous State Grants	36,006
Title VI-B	57,280
Title I	53,168
Drug Free Schools	6,093
Title VI-R	7,640
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	66,404
Total	\$ 1,971,449

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/06 Additions		<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/07
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 169,230	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 169,230
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	169,230			169,230
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,148,308	-	-	1,148,308
Buildings and improvements	23,456,132	9,743	-	23,465,875
Furniture and equipment	594,436	41,563	(6,159)	629,840
Vehicles	1,269,838			1,269,838
Total capital assets, being depreciated	26,468,714	51,306	(6,159)	26,513,861
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(234,249)	(46,518)	-	(280,767)
Buildings and improvements	(3,938,465)	(698,426)	-	(4,636,891)
Furniture and equipment	(231,489)	(57,262)	6,159	(282,592)
Vehicles	(1,019,142)	(68,171)		(1,087,313)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,423,345)	(870,377)	6,159	(6,287,563)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,214,599	\$ (819,071)	\$ -	\$ 20,395,528

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	717,577
Support Services:		
Instructional staff		15,875
Administration		19,371
Pupil transportation		82,211
Food service operations		9,935
Extracurricular activities	_	25,408
Total depreciation expense	\$	870,377

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District has entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$96,854. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$67,798, leaving a current book value of \$29,056. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in the 2007 fiscal year totaled \$19,011 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2008 2009	\$ 24,570 4,095
Total minimum lease payments	28,665
Less: Amount representing interest Add: Amount representing residual value	(3,357) 9,685
Total	\$ 34,993

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	-	Balance Outstanding 06/30/06	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	C	Balance Outstanding 06/30/07		Amounts Due in one Year
Governmental Activities:											
General obligation bonds	6.0%	\$	1,835,000	\$	-	\$	(45,000)	\$	1,790,000	\$	50,000
Energy conservation notes	6.0%		246,000		-		(53,000)		193,000		19,000
Capital lease obligation			54,004		-		(19,011)		34,993		21,469
Compensated absences			692,664		43,010		(94,342)		641,332	_	9,618
Total long-term obligations,											
governmental activities		\$	2,827,668	\$	43,010	\$	(211,353)	\$	2,659,325	\$	100,087

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid from which includes the general fund and the following nonmajor governmental funds: Food Service, DPIA, Title VI-B, Title I and Title VI-R.

<u>Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds</u> - On June 1, 2000, the District issued \$2,049,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the construction of two new elementary schools and improvements to its high school facilities. The bonds were issued for a 23 year period with final maturity on December 1, 2022. The bonds will be retired from the Debt Service Fund.

<u>Energy Conservation Note</u> - On December 12, 1996, the District issued \$270,000 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a ten year period. The note matured during fiscal year 2007. These notes were repaid with energy savings. The Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund received the proceeds.

<u>Energy Conservation Note</u> - On June 1, 2000, the District issued \$302,000 in unvoted general obligation notes for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The notes were issued for a fifteen year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2014. These notes will be repaid with energy savings. The note liability is reflected in the statement of net assets. The Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund received the proceeds.

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	<u> </u>	Interest	 Total
2008	\$	50,000	\$	110,115	\$ 160,115
2009		60,000		107,102	167,102
2010		65,000		103,649	168,649
2011		70,000		99,886	169,886
2012		80,000		95,326	175,326
2013 - 2017		540,000		382,052	922,052
2018 - 2022		750,000		173,063	923,063
2023		175,000		5,250	 180,250
Total	<u>\$ 1</u>	,790,000	\$	1,076,443	\$ 2,866,443

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Principal and interest requirements to retire the Energy Conservation Notes outstanding at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30,	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	<u>_I</u>	nterest	,	Total
2008	\$	19,000	\$	11,010	9	\$ 30,010
2009		21,000		9,810		30,810
2010		22,000		8,520		30,520
2011		23,000		7,170		30,170
2012		25,000		5,730		30,730
2013-2015		83,000		7,650	=	90,650
Total	\$	193,000	\$	49,890	9	\$ 242,890

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$2,833,224 (including available funds of \$176,810) and an unvoted debt margin of \$49,405.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has contracts with Barengo Insurance Agency. The policy includes a \$5,000 deductible for property insurance.

Professional and general liability is protected by Barengo Insurance Agency with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit, a \$3,000,000 aggregate limit, and no deductible. Vehicles are covered by Republic Franklin Insurance Company and hold a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and a \$1,000 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers Compensation

For fiscal year 2007, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A). The intent of the GRP is to achieve a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school district is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. GRP then calculates total savings and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall Plan's savings percentage. A participant then either receives money from or contributes to GRP's equity pooling fund. This equity pooling arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

C. Medical, Prescription, Life, Vision and Dental

The District contracts with Coresource for dental and life insurance and Vision Service Plan for vision insurance.

The District offers Medical and Prescription insurance to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Medical Mutual of Ohio is the District's third party administrator who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf.

The claims liability of \$228,203 reported in the fund at June 30, 2007, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the fiscal years 2006 and 2007 is as follows:

	Balance at Current Year Beginning of Year Claims		Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year		
2007	\$ 271,000	\$ 1,243,382	\$ (1,286,179)	\$ 228,203		
2006		1,465,835	(1,194,835)	271,000		

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$121,039, \$131,669, and \$113,535, respectively. 44.50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$67,174 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$418,930, \$427,167, and \$395,952 respectively. 83.01 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$71,177 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$1,841 made by the District and \$5,762 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$32,225 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. Total surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$60,137 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>Ge</u>	eneral Fund
Budget basis	\$	(116,689)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		5,286
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		52,992
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		16,482
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	46,709
GAAP basis	\$	4,780

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in legal proceedings pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the status of this legal proceeding, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of such will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	Budget Reserve
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ 29,250	\$ -	\$ 26,084
Current year set-aside requirements Current year off-sets	136,377	136,377 (25,601)	-
Qualifying disbursements	(106,099)	(5,260)	-
Carry forward used for Fiscal Year 2007		(105,516)	
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ 59,528	\$ -	\$ 26,084
Allowable Carry Forward at June 30, 2006		(1,543,152)	
Carry forward used for Fiscal Year 2007		105,516	
Set-aside balance carried forward to FY 2008	\$ -	\$ (1,437,636)	<u>\$</u>

The allowable carry forward amount at June 30, 2006 has been restated from \$12,296,895 to \$1,543,152. This is due to the prior carry forward amount including actual capital expenditures related to the school facilities project paid for with grant proceeds which is not allowable.

The District had prior year bond proceeds for facilities construction that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements for capital acquisition.

The District has elected to designate \$4,345 for textbooks and capital improvements.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

Amounts restricted for textbooks and instructional materials Amounts restricted for BWC refunds Amounts restricted for school bus purchases	\$ 59,528 26,084 25,821
Total restricted assets	\$ 111,433

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On October 25, 2007, the Board of Education approved the contract settlement agreement between the Frontier Local School District, the Ohio School Facilities Commission, The Quandel Group, Inc., Architectural Vision Group Ltd., Apex/M&P Construction, LLC and Travelers Casualty & Surety Company of America, amounting to \$1,281,000. This contract settlement agreement was in reference to the Ohio School Facilities Commission construction project undertaken by the Frontier Local School District.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass-through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Number	Receipts	Noncash Receipts	Disbursements	Noncash Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Education: Food Donation	10.550	N/A	\$	\$ 16,771	\$	\$ 16,771
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	10.553	05PU-2006	17,249		17,249	
Total School Breakfast Program		05PU-2007	77,480 94,729	0	77,480 94,729	0
National School Lunch Program	10.555	LLP4-2006	24,222		24,222	
Total National School Lunch Program		LLP4-2007	112,913 137,135	0	112,913 137,135	
ů,						
Total Nutrition Cluster			231,864	0	231,864	0
Total United States Department of Agriculture			231,864	16,771	231,864	16,771
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through Ohio Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	C1S1-2006	26,385		23,249	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		C1S1-2007	229,476 255,861	0	222,782 246,031	0
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	6BSF-2006	(5,914)		15,619	
Total Special Educaton - Grants to States		6BSF-2007	253,130 247,216	0	231,718 247,337	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	DRS1-2006	(4,756)		295	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Gra	ants	DRS1-2007	11,305 6,549	0	8,627 8,922	0
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	C2S1-2006	(919)		1,385	
, and the second	01.200	C2S1-2007	2,145		919	
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			1,226	0	2,304	0
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	TJS1-2007	2,835		2,835	
Reading First State Grants	84.357	RSS1-2006	29,353		56,539	
Total Reading First State Grants		RSS1-2007	698,810 728,163	0	672,833 729,372	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	TRS1-2006	3,998		7,982	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		TRS1-2007	74,058 78,056	0	72,293 80,275	0
Total United States Department of Education			1,319,906	0	1,317,076	0
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 1,551,770	\$ 16,771	\$ 1,548,940	\$ 16,771

The Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the School District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS

During fiscal year 2007, the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) authorized the School District to carryover monies from the prior fiscal year to the current fiscal year. Authorized carryover monies are shown as a reduction of federal revenues in the program that the transfer was made from and increased federal revenue in the program that received the transfer or carryover. A detailed listing of the carryovers is as follows:

		Pass-				
OFD	A	Through	т.	(т.	(
CFD/		Entity	ır	ansfers	ır	ansfers
Numb	er Program Title	Number		Out		ln
04.04	O Title I Create to Legal Educational Agencies	C4C4 2006	φ	700		
84.01		C1S1-2006	\$	782	_	
84.01	O Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1S1-2007			\$	782
84.02	7 Special Education - Grants to States	6BSF-2006		20,902		
84.02	7 Special Education - Grants to States	6BSF-2007				20,902
84.18	6 Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communties -	DRS1-2006		4,756		
	State Grants					
84.18	6 Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communties -	DRS1-2007				4,756
	State Grants					
84.29	8 State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1-2006		918		
84.29	8 State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1-2007				918
84.36	7 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1-2006		10		
84.36	7 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1-2007				10
					•	
		Totals	\$	27,368	\$	27,368



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Frontier Local School District Washington County 44870 State Route 7 New Matamoras, Ohio 45767

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Frontier Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2007-001.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Frontier Local School District
Washington County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. We believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 31, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2007-001.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 31, 2008.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 31, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Frontier Local School District Washington County 44870 State Route 7 New Matamoras, Ohio 45767

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Frontier Local School District, Washington County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. In a separate letter to the District's management dated January 31, 2008, we reported an other matter related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

Frontier Local School District
Washington County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 31, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Reading First State Grants – CFDA #84.357
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency

Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-02(A) provides that all local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets (and liabilities, if generally accepted accounting principles apply), document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The District did not record a receivable of \$1,717,326 due from the Ohio School Facilities Commission to their financial statements. This resulted in a material misstatement to the District's financial statements at June 30, 2007 and additional audit time and cost to the District. The District agreed to an adjustment of the aforementioned amount and subsequently posted the receivable to the financial statements. This adjustment is accurately reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

We recommend the District take the necessary steps to ensure all transactions are properly recorded on the District's financial statements.

Officials' Response:

Because of the ongoing concerns with the Ohio School Facilities Commission, the District was not sure if the monies were going to be received.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

FRONTIER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 18, 2008