Gallia County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2007



BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 S. WEST STREET, P.O. Box 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

> TELEPHONE (740) 289-4131 FAX (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Gallia County Local School District, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Gallia County Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

April 8, 2008



Gallia County Local School District Gallia County, Ohio

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528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallia County Local School District (the School District), Gallia County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2008, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Gallia County Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 15, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Gallia County Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2007 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$3,733,328.
- General revenues accounted for \$22,416,622 in revenue or 74% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,879,824 or 26% of total revenues of \$30,296,446.
- The School District had \$26,563,118 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,879,824 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$22,416,622 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District has three major funds; the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Fund and the Construction Fund. All governmental funds had total revenue and other financing sources in the amount of \$30,134,865 and expenditures and other financing uses in the amount of \$34,347,480.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Gallia County Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account, all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Construction Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds. Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds. The School District's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund. Since the internal service fund operates on a break-even, cost-reimbursement basis, the Service District reports it as a proprietary fund using the full accrual basis of accounting. Since the internal fund exclusively benefits governmental functions, it has been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds which are used to maintain financial activity of the School District's Student Managed Activities, and private purpose trust funds which are used to maintain the financial activity of the School District's Scholarship Funds.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2007	2006	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$61,619,530	\$63,452,532	
Capital Assets, Net	18,134,186	10,564,339	
Total Assets	79,753,716	74,016,871	
Liabilities			
Long-term Liabilities	45,651,743	45,896,251	
Current and Other Liabilities	15,638,091	13,390,066	
Total Liabilities	61,289,834	59,286,317	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	12,589,920	10,030,773	
Restricted	4,803,822	3,902,224	
Unrestricted	1,070,140	797,557	
Total Net Assets	\$18,463,882	\$14,730,554	

Total net assets of the District as a whole increased \$3,733,328. The decrease in current and other assets is primarily due to a decrease in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents of \$2,445,469 due to payments for construction. Capital assets increased \$7,569,847 primarily due to construction in progress costs. Current and other liabilities increased primarily due to an increase in contracts payable of \$2,341,517 relating to the construction and renovation of school buildings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, as compared with 2006.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

Revenues Activities Activities Program Revenues 5 Charges for Services \$1,427,265 \$1,574,873 Operating Grants and Contributions 6,193,311 6,000,917
Revenues Program Revenues Charges for Services \$1,427,265 \$1,574,873
Program Revenues Charges for Services \$1,427,265 \$1,574,873
Charges for Services \$1,427,265 \$1,574,873
Operating Grants and Contributions 6,193,311 6,000,917
Capital Grants and Contributions 259,248 157,307
Total Program Revenues 7,879,824 7,733,097
General Revenues
Property Taxes 10,824,154 8,740,302
Grants and Entitlements 8,804,933 8,752,015
Investment Earnings 2,588,443 1,592,847
Gifts and Donations 2,832 4,000
Miscellaneous 196,260 191,574
Total General Revenues 22,416,622 19,280,738
Total Revenues 30,296,446 27,013,835
Program Expenses
Instruction:
Regular 9,515,379 9,611,704
Special 3,118,143 3,074,133
Vocational 409,067 378,949
Other 1,666,179 1,520,469
Support Services:
Pupil 486,413 570,775
Instructional Staff 1,225,188 1,202,036
Board of Education 97,788 77,393
Administration 1,620,510 1,631,451
Fiscal 574,769 550,364
Business 23,322 28,739
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,799,587 1,852,155
Pupil Transportation 2,083,212 2,089,519
Central 509,975 413,063
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 966,923 918,996
Extracurricular Activities 495,227 485,525
Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,971,436 1,203,249
Total Expenses 26,563,118 25,608,520
Increase in Net Assets 3,733,328 1,405,315
Net Assets Beginning of Year 14,730,554 13,325,239
Net Assets End of Year \$ 18,463,882 \$ 14,730,554

Property tax revenue increased from fiscal year 2006 to 2007 by \$2,083,852. Investment earnings increased \$995,596 due to the additional unexpended cash held for construction. These increases were partially offset by an increase in interest and fiscal charges of \$768,187 due to the 2006 bond issue, as well as, other less significant increases and decreases. Overall, net assets increased by \$3,733,328.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2007 as compared with 2006. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

-	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
D	2007	2007	2006	2006
Program Expenses				
Instruction:	Φο 515 250	Φ7.746.252	Φο (11.704	Φ 7 7 00 57 4
Regular	\$9,515,379	\$7,746,252	\$9,611,704	\$7,700,574
Special	3,118,143	1,563,158	3,074,133	1,641,913
Vocational	409,067	387,557	378,949	356,626
Other	1,666,179	1,578,565	1,520,469	1,428,417
Support Services:				
Pupil	486,413	459,154	570,775	497,492
Instructional Staff	1,225,188	516,354	1,202,036	494,806
Board of Education	97,788	52,833	77,393	72,834
Administration	1,620,510	1,429,668	1,631,451	1,452,982
Fiscal	574,769	491,250	550,364	479,896
Business	23,322	20,278	28,739	27,046
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,799,587	1,614,354	1,852,155	1,607,321
Pupil Transportation	2,083,212	797,450	2,089,519	902,864
Central	509,975	237,072	413,063	226,419
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	966,923	(153,707)	918,996	(118,131)
Extracurricular Activities	495,227	109,194	485,525	58,732
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,971,436	1,833,862	1,203,249	1,045,632
Total	\$26,563,118	\$18,683,294	\$25,608,520	\$17,875,423

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant change in fund balance was in the Construction Fund. The Construction Fund had \$2,228,420 in revenues due to investment earnings and expenditures in the amount of \$7,906,880 due to capital outlay expenditures for construction. The Bond Retirement Fund had a fund balance increase in the amount of \$860,981. The Bond Retirement Fund had \$3,031,801 in revenues and \$2,170,820 in expenditures due to the retirement of bonds and interest and fiscal charges. The General Fund had \$18,924,734 in revenues and other financing sources and \$18,685,352 in expenditures and other financing uses, which resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$239,382.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2007, the School District amended its General Fund budget, but not significantly.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue was consistent with original budget basis revenue. Actual revenue was \$2,673,022 less than the final budget due to property tax revenue which was less than anticipated and a transfer in to the General Fund which did not occur. Final budget basis appropriations were \$99,209 higher than original budget basis appropriations. Actual expenditures were \$1,445,751 less than the final budget due to expenditures for regular instruction, administration, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and transfers out which were lower than anticipated.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$3,167,268.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the School District had \$18,134,186 invested in land and land improvements, construction in progress buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, vehicles, and library and textbooks. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to 2006.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmenta	l Activities
	2007	2006
Land and Land Improvements	\$743,342	\$720,830
Construction in Progress	8,654,808	985,297
Buildings and Improvements	7,946,818	8,084,955
Furniture and Equipment	198,957	178,289
Infrastructure	90,423	94,366
Vehicles	489,127	468,468
Library and Textbooks	10,711	32,134
Totals	\$18,134,186	\$10,564,339

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, deletions, and depreciation. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2007, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$42,830,000, excluding the premium of \$1,227,759. For additional information on debt, see Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Gallia County Local School District is financially stable. As the preceding information shows, the School District depends upon the State School Foundation Program. Gallia County Local School District must maintain its current spending habits to maintain its healthy financial situation. The School District is in a low economic growth area, so dependence on local tax revenue must be minimized.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sandra Foster, Treasurer at Gallia County Local School District, 230 Shawnee Lane, Gallipolis, Ohio 45631.

Gallia County Local School District
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 49,012,164
Accrued Interest Receivable	426,115
Accounts Receivable	12,188
Intergovernmental Receivable	387,884
Property Taxes Receivable	11,104,540
Restricted Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	178,815
Unamortized Financing Costs	497,824
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	9,398,150
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	8,736,036
Total Assets	79,753,716
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	117,523
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,689,398
Contracts Payable	2,695,672
Intergovernmental Payable	693,424
Accrued Interest Payable	166,469
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	76,321
Retainage Payable	178,815
Deferred Revenue	10,003,987
Claims Payable	16,482
Long-Term Liabilities:	10,402
Due Within One Year	575,113
Due In More Than One Year	45,076,630
Due in More Than One Tear	45,070,030
Total Liabilities	61,289,834
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	12,589,920
Restricted for:	, ,-
Capital Projects	1,715,737
Debt Service	2,977,642
Other Purposes	14,152
Contributions:	11,132
Expendable	4,291
Non-Expendable	92,000
Unrestricted	1,070,140
	-,0,0,1.0
Total Net Assets	\$ 18,463,882

Gallia County Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Exp	enses	C	Tharges for Services	Oper	ram Revenues rating Grants Contributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	R	et (Expense) Levenue and Changes in Net Assets overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities										
Instruction: Regular Special		,515,379 ,118,143	\$	388,180 105,210	\$	1,380,947 1,449,775	\$	-	\$	(7,746,252) (1,563,158)
Vocational		409,067		21,510		-		-		(387,557)
Other	1	,666,179		87,614		-		-		(1,578,565)
Support Services: Pupil Instructional Staff	1	486,413 ,225,188		25,473 24,404		1,786 684,430		-		(459,154) (516,354)
Board of Education		97,788		3,091		-		41,864		(52,833)
Administration	1	,620,510		78,081		112,761		_		(1,429,668)
Fiscal		574,769		27,081		45,595		10,843		(491,250)
Business		23,322		1,114		1,930				(20,278)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		,799,587		89,776		42,830		52,627		(1,614,354)
Pupil Transportation	2	,083,212		100,160		1,031,688		153,914		(797,450)
Central		509,975		11,533		261,370		-		(237,072)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		966,923		253,495		867,135				153,707
Extracurricular Activities		495,227		210,543		175,490		-		(109,194)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1	,971,436		210,343		137,574		_		(1,833,862)
interest and I issue charges		,,,,,,,,,,				137,071				(1,000,002)
Totals	\$ 26	,563,118	\$	1,427,265	\$	6,193,311	\$	259,248	_	(18,683,294)
	Property	Revenues Taxes Levial Purposes		r:						7,327,271
		arrurposes Service	•							3,105,866
		nent Impro	veme	nts						391,017
				not Restricted	to Speci	fic Programs				8,804,933
				Restricted to S						2,832
	Investme	ent Earning	S							2,588,443
	Miscella	neous							_	196,260
	Total Ge	eneral Reve	nues							22,416,622
	Change	in Net Asse	ts							3,733,328
	Net Asse	ts Beginnin	g of I	Year						14,730,554
	Net Asse	ts End of Y	ear						\$	18,463,882

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

	General	Bond Retirement	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cook and Cook Equivolents	¢ 2,007,047	£ 2,690,072	£ 40,040,002	\$ 2647.607	\$ 48.476.429
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 3,097,947	\$ 2,680,972	\$ 40,049,903	\$ 2,647,607	\$ 48,476,429
Property Taxes	7,796,478	2,791,353		516,709	11,104,540
Accrued Interest	571	2,791,333	425,544	310,709	426,115
Interfund	207,145	-	423,344	-	207,145
Intergovernmental	45,537	-	-	342,347	387,884
Accounts	12,188	-	-	342,347	12,188
Restricted Assets:	12,100	-	-	-	12,100
	255 405		170.015		424.210
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	255,495		178,815		434,310
Total Assets	\$ 11,415,361	\$ 5,472,325	\$ 40,654,262	\$ 3,506,663	\$ 61,048,611
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 73,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,476	\$ 117,523
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,419,197	-	-	270,201	1,689,398
Contracts Payable	-	_	2,695,342	330	2,695,672
Interfund Payable	-	_	-	207,145	207,145
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	76,167	_	-	154	76,321
Intergovernmental Payable	622,911	_	-	70,513	693,424
Retainage Payable	-	_	178,815	-	178,815
Deferred Revenue	7,577,043	2,706,322		550,913	10,834,278
Total Liabilities	9,768,365	2,706,322	2,874,157	1,143,732	16,492,576
Fund Balances					
Reserved for Encumbrances	121,663	-	1,023,205	-	1,144,868
Reserved for Contributions	-	-	-	92,000	92,000
Reserved for Property Taxes	219,435	85,031	-	10,972	315,438
Reserved for Textbooks and Materials	68,797	-	-	-	68,797
Reserved for Capital Improvements	186,698	-	-	-	186,698
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund	1,050,403	-	-	-	1,050,403
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	176,177	176,177
Debt Service Funds	-	2,680,972	-	-	2,680,972
Permanent Funds	-	-	-	4,291	4,291
Capital Projects Funds			36,756,900	2,079,491	38,836,391
Total Fund Balances	1,646,996	2,766,003	37,780,105	2,362,931	44,556,035
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 11,415,361	\$ 5,472,325	\$ 40,654,262	\$ 3,506,663	\$ 61,048,611

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 44,556,035
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		18,134,186
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental	785,115 45,176	
Total		830,291
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds and long-term portion		263,758
of compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable Compensated Absences Unamortized Financing Costs General Obligation Bonds Premium on Bonds	(166,469) (1,593,984) 497,824 (42,830,000) (1,227,759)	
Total		 (45,320,388)
		\$ 18,463,882

Gallia County Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues	General	Bond Retirement	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 7,286,848	\$ 2,894,227	7 \$ -	\$ 363,709	\$ 10,544,784
Intergovernmental	10,225,479	137,574		4,961,670	15,324,723
ē	, ,	137,374			, ,
Investment Earnings	356,550		- 2,228,420	3,473 253,495	2,588,443
Charges for Services Tuition and Fees	978,747			233,493	253,495
Extracurricular Activities	9/0,/4/			195,024	978,747
Gifts and Donations	2,832		-	34,625	195,024
Miscellaneous	,		-		37,457
Miscenaneous	58,346		<u> </u>	137,914	196,260
Total Revenues	18,908,802	3,031,80	2,228,420	5,949,910	30,118,933
Expenditures Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	7,402,418			1,543,671	8,946,089
Special	2,000,593			1,117,756	3,118,349
Vocational	407,938			-	407,938
Other	1,666,179			-	1,666,179
Support Services:					
Pupil	496,754			1,986	498,740
Instructional Staff	459,093			768,806	1,227,899
Board of Education	58,791			35,000	93,791
Administration	1,476,389			116,037	1,592,426
Fiscal	513,853			59,767	573,620
Business	24,674			2,146	26,820
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,703,523		- 22,049	69,577	1,795,149
Pupil Transportation	1,907,694			197,243	2,104,937
Central	217,230			290,644	507,874
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	-			958,407	958,407
Extracurricular Activities	294,922			194,183	489,105
Capital Outlay	-		- 7,884,831	229,205	8,114,036
Debt Service:					
Principal	435	170,000) -	-	170,435
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4	2,000,820			2,000,824
Total Expenditures	18,630,490	2,170,820	7,906,880	5,584,428	34,292,618
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	278,312	860,98	(5,678,460)	365,482	(4,173,685)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	15,932			-	15,932
Transfers Out	(54,862)		<u> </u>		(54,862)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(38,930)		<u>-</u>		(38,930)
Net Change in Fund Balances	239,382	860,98	(5,678,460)	365,482	(4,212,615)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,407,614	1,905,022	43,458,565	1,997,449	48,768,650
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,646,996	\$ 2,766,000	3 \$ 37,780,105	\$ 2,362,931	\$ 44,556,035

Gallia County Local School District
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (4,212,615)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	8,077,782 (477,234)	7,600,548
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. These are the amounts of the loss on the disposal of capital assets and the proceeds from the sale of capital assets. Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Total	(15,932) (14,769)	(30,701)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Total	279,370 (101,856)	177,514
The amortization of debt issuance costs and premiums are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds but are not reported in the statement of activities.		30,414
Repayment of debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities. Bond Principal Payments Capital Lease Principal Payments	170,000 435	170,435
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(24,157)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in Compensated Absences Increase in Interest Payable	22,916 (1,026)	
Total		21,890
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,733,328

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$21,704,129 20,285,913	\$21,704,129 20,385,122	\$19,031,107 18,939,371	(\$2,673,022) 1,445,751	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,418,216	1,319,007	91,736	(1,227,271)	
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,850,426 225,106	2,850,426 225,106	2,850,426 225,106	0	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$4,493,748	\$4,394,539	\$3,167,268	(\$1,227,271)	

Statement of Fund Net Assets Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund June 30, 2007

	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	280,240
Total Assets		280,240
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Claims Payable		16,482
Total Liabilities		16,482
NET ASSETS:		
Unrestricted		263,758
Total Net Assets	\$	263,758

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Purchased Services Claims	\$	22,319 56,700
Total Operating Expense		79,019
Operating Loss Before Transfers		(79,019)
Transfers In		54,862
Changes in Net Assets		(24,157)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		287,915
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	263,758

Statement of Cash Flows Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Internal
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Payments for Claims Cash Payments for Purchased Services	\$ (52,511) (22,319)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(74,830)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Transfers In	54,862
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	54,862
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(19,968)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	300,208
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 280,240
Reconcilitation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$ (79,019)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Claims Payable	4,189
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (74,830)

Gallia County Local School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund	
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,535	\$ 101,132	
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies		\$ 101,132	
NET ASSETS: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 5,535		

Gallia County Local School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:			
Gifts and Contributions	\$	5,810	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements		6,750	
Change in Net Assets		(940)	
Net Assets Beginning of Year		6,475	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	5,535	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the School District

Gallia County Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Section 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The Board controls the School District's eight (8) instructional support facilities staffed by 112 non-certificated, 184 teaching personnel, and 14 administrative employees providing education to approximately 2,509 students.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Gallia County Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- Parent Teacher Organization
- Booster Club

The School District is associated with six organizations, four of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one risk sharing pool, and one is a group purchasing pool. These organizations are the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Consortium, the Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District, the Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center, the Southeastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Council, the Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority, Inc., and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 15, 16 and 20 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by for this School District can be classified using three categories, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bond Retirement Fund The Bond Retirement fund is a fund provided for the retirement of serial bonds and short term loans. All revenue derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the ten-mill limitation, which is levied for debt charges on bonds or loans, shall be paid into this fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Construction Fund The Construction Fund is used to account for all monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The Internal Service Fund is used to account for medical, life, and dental benefits provided to employees.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds which are used to account for student managed activities and private-purpose trust fund which is used to account for scholarship awards.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the function and object level without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to a NOW interest bearing account, certificates of deposit, Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, and Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

For purposes of the presentation on the financial statements, investments of a cash management pool or investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District would be considered to be cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and Equipment	8-20 years
Vehicles	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Library and Textbooks	5-15 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of activities.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 10 years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due to each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, capital improvements, contributions, and textbooks and materials. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriations under State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$4,803,822 restricted net assets, none of which are restricted by enabling legislation.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks and capital acquisition. See Note 19 for additional information regarding set-asides. Restricted assets in the Classroom Facilities fund represent cash held as retainage for contractors.

O. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

O. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as an asset on the basic financial statements.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental-wide financial statements, issuance costs, and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2007 the Lunchroom, DPIA, Early Childhood Teacher Quality, and the Drug Free Special Revenue Funds had a deficit fund balances of \$152,737, \$735, \$34,126, and \$51, respectively, which was created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance General Fund

GAAP Basis	\$239,382
Revenue Accruals	106,373
Expenditure Accrual	(67,845)
Encumbrances	(186,174)
Budget Basis	\$91,736

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demand on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio; and
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's total average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

The District's bank balance of \$6,367,436 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pools in the manner as described above.

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities.

		L	ess than One	
Investment Type	Fair Value		Year	1-2 Years
FNMA Notes	\$ 11,645,110	\$	10,648,860	\$ 996,250
FHLB Bonds	25,410,976		13,743,238	11,667,738
FHLMC Notes	5,696,923		5,696,923	0
FFCB Bonds	996,250		0	996,250
	\$ 43,749,259	\$	30,089,021	\$ 13,660,238

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposures to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investments in FNMA, FHLB, FHLMC, and FFCB were each rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of total of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2007:

Investment Type	Fair Value	% of Total
FNMA Notes	11,645,110	26.62%
FHLB Bonds	25,410,976	58.08%
FHLMC Notes	5,696,923	13.02%
FFCB Bonds	996,250	2.28%
	\$ 43,749,259	100.00%

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District's securities are held in the name of the School District.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the local school district. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at eighty-eight percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at thirty-five percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Ohio House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed at the level of calendar year 2004 assessed values for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected for Gallia County are:

	2006 Second-Half Collections		2007 First-Half C	Collections
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$223,495,220	59.01%	\$203,377,460	55.65%
Public Utility	142,244,870	37.56%	148,737,520	40.70%
Tangible Personal Property	12,998,740	3.43%	13,343,790	3.65%
Total Assessed Value	\$378,738,830	100.00%	\$365,458,770	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$28.75		\$28.75	

The School District receives property taxes from Gallia and Jackson Counties. The Gallia County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations.

The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2007. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$219,435 in the General Fund, \$85,031 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$10,972 in the Permanent Improvement Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund recognized as revenue.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of property taxes, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables	Amounts
General	\$45,537
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:	
Title I	156,983
Early Childhood	16,866
Title V	486
Title II-A	22,889
Title VI-B	56,148
Food Service	88,975
Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	_342,347
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$387,884

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/3 0/20 06	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2007
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$720,830	\$22,512	\$0	\$743,342
Construction in Progress	985,297	7,669,511	0	8,654,808
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	1,706,127	7,692,023	0	9,398,150
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	1,167,412	0	0	1,167,412
Buildings and Improvements	15,682,094	166,174	0	15,848,268
Furniture and Equipment	961,692	90,905	(92,695)	959,902
Infrastructure	197,170	0	0	197,170
Library and Textbooks	1,138,235	0	0	1,138,235
Vehicles	3,072,747	128,680	0	3,201,427
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	22,219,350	385,759	(92,695)	22,512,414
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,167,412)	0	0	(1,167,412)
Buildings and Improvements	(7,597,139)	(304,311)	0	(7,901,450)
Furniture and Equipment	(783,403)	(39,536)	61,994	(760,945)
Infrastructure	(102,804)	(3,943)	0	(106,747)
Library and Textbooks	(1,106,101)	(21,423)	0	(1,127,524)
Vehicles	(2,604,279)	(108,021)	0	(2,712,300)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,361,138)	(477,234) **	61,994	(13,776,378)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	8,858,212	(91,475)	(30,701)	8,736,036
Capital Assets, Net	\$10,564,339	\$7,600,548	(\$30,701)	\$18,134,186

^{**} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$328,799
Special	16,018
Support Services:	
Board of Education	3,997
Administration	10,234
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	655
Pupil Transportation	110,114
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	2,466
Extracurricular Activities	4,951
Total Depreciation Expense	\$477,234

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the School District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority (OSRSA), a non-profit, public entity risk sharing pool. OSRSA was created to provide affordable liability, property, casualty and crime insurance coverage for its members. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSRSA and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District pays this annual premium to the OSRSA (See Note 20). The types and amount of coverage provided by the Ohio School Risk Sharing Authority during fiscal year 2007 are as follows:

Bodily Injury and Property Damage – Each Occurrence Limit	\$1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury – Each Offense Limit	1,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Limit	1,000,000
Per Campus Annual Aggregate	1,000,000
General Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Medical Expense – Per Person Limit	5,000
Medical Expense – Annual Aggregate	25,000
Errors and Omissions Cover – Per Occurrence (\$5,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Errors and Omissions Cover – Annual Aggregate	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2007, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts and educational service centers is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts and educational service centers in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the Equity Pooling Funds. This equity pooling arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts and educational service centers that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Medical Mutual in the amount of \$25,000 for classified employees, \$20,000 for certified employees, and twice the salary amount for each administrator.

Dental coverage was provided through Medical Mutual. Premiums for the dental coverage were \$44.83 monthly for family and \$17.57 for single coverage.

The School District provides health and major medical and prescription drug insurance for all eligible employees through Medical Mutual. The School District pays monthly premiums of up to \$1,236.46 for family coverage and up to \$490.95 for individual coverage. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries. The District provides excess coverage for claims in excess of contract amounts through their self insurance Internal Service Fund. Additional information regarding the handling of these excess claims is provided on the following page.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

An administrative charge is paid monthly to Saunders/Wiseman Insurance. The claims liability of \$16,482 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2007 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the fiscal year follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current <u>Year Claims</u>	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2006	\$6,098	\$36,177	\$29,982	\$12,293
2007	12,293	56,700	52,511	16,482

NOTE 10 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800)878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org under forms and publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. For fiscal year 2007, 10.68% was the portion allocated to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$323,387, \$299,620, and \$347,745, respectively; 54% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$149,260 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007.

State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributed to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported in whole or in part, by the state or political subdivision thereof. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling toll free (888)227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 10 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 10 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent. For fiscal year 2007, 13% was the portion allocated to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$1,353,837, \$1,077,982, and \$1,320,278, respectively; 85% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$203,231 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

K. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, two members of the Board of Education had elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$96,703 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007, the balance in the Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$265,558,000 and STRS had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll. In additions, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's STRS salaries. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$76,689.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, (the most recent information available) were \$158,751,207. As of June 30, 2006 (the most recent information available) the value of the health care fund was \$295.6 million, which is about 221% of next year's projected net health care costs. SERS has approximately 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators who are contracted to work 260 days per year earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, certificated employees receive payment for one-fourth of accumulated sick days with maximum payments as follows: 39 days maximum for one to nine years of service; 44 days maximum for 10 to 19 years of service; and 49 days maximum for one to nine years of service; 44 days maximum for one to nine years of service; 44 days maximum for 10 to 19 years of service; and 49 days maximum for 20 or more years of service.

B. Insurance

The School District provides health and major medical and prescription drug insurance for all eligible employees through Medical Mutual. The School District pays monthly premiums of up to \$1,236.46 for family coverage and up to \$490.95 for individual coverage. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Medical Life Insurance Group in the amount of \$25,000 for classified employees, \$20,000 for certified employees, and twice the salary amount for each administrator.

Dental coverage was provided through Medical Mutual, Inc. Premiums for the dental coverage were \$44.83 monthly for family and \$17.57 for single coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 13 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the School District has entered into capitalized leases for two copiers. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the combined financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

The equipment was originally capitalized in the amount of \$15,755. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$435 in the governmental funds.

Property Under Capital Lease	\$15,755
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	7,878
Total June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 7,877</u>

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2007 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/06	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/07	Payments Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds 3.75% Premium	\$43,000,000 1,278,916	\$0 0	\$170,000 51,157	\$42,830,000 1,227,759	\$550,000 0
Total Long-Term Bonds	44,278,916	0	221,157	44,057,759	550,000
Capital Lease Obligations:					
8.039% - 2003 - \$7,000	435	0	435	0	0
Compensated Absences	1,616,900	1,593,984	1,616,900	1,593,984	25,113
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$45,896,251	\$1,593,984	\$1,838,492	\$45,651,743	\$575,113

The General Obligation Bonds were issued in 2006 in the amount of \$43,000,000. These bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing and renovating school buildings. The debt will mature in 2034.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee's salaries are paid, with the General Fund being the most significant.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$0. The District has approximately \$9,938,711 of debt in excess of the nine percent limitation that has been approved based upon the District's "special needs" status. The District has an unvoted debt margin of \$365,459 at June 30, 2007. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt, including notes outstanding at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$550,000	\$1,997,632	\$2,547,632
2009	570,000	1,977,004	2,547,004
2010	635,000	1,955,632	2,590,632
2011	685,000	1,931,820	2,616,820
2012	740,000	1,906,132	2,646,132
2013-2017	5,010,000	9,015,366	14,025,366
2018-2022	7,415,000	7,747,616	15,162,616
2023-2027	9,490,000	5,855,000	15,345,000
2028-2032	12,035,000	3,289,000	15,324,000
2032-2034	5,700,000	431,000	6,131,000
Total	\$42,830,000	\$36,106,202	\$78,936,202

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. SOUTHEAST OHIO VOLUNTARY EDUCATIONAL CONSORTIUM

The Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium (SEOVEC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing services to its members. Each member pays a fee annually for services provided by SEOVEC.

SEOVEC is governed by a governing board which is selected by the members. Each member has one vote in all matters, and each member's control over budgeting and financing of SEOVEC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the governing board. SEOVEC operates with its own Treasurer. The continued existence of SEOVEC is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. SEOVEC has no outstanding debt. During fiscal year 2007, the Gallia County Local School District paid \$66,541 to SEOVEC.

B. GALLIA, JACKSON, VINTON JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Gallia, Jackson, Vinton Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board comprised of eleven members appointed by the participating schools, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Gallia, Jackson, Vinton Joint Vocational School, Donalyn Smith, who serves as Treasurer, at 351 Buckeye Hills Road, Rio Grande, Ohio 45674.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. GALLIA-VINTON EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center is a jointly governed organization providing educational services to its two participating school districts. The Educational Service Center is governed by a board of education comprised of eight members appointed by the participating schools. The board controls the financial activity of the Educational Service Center and reports to the Ohio Department of Education and the Auditor of State of Ohio. The continued existence of the Educational Service Center is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. During fiscal year 2007, the School District made \$314,061 in contributions to the Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information write to the Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center, Lily Blevins, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 178, Rio Grande, Ohio 45674.

D. SOUTHEASTERN OHIO SPECIAL EDUCATION REGIONAL RESOURCE COUNCIL

The Southeastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

The SERRC is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of charted nonpublic schools, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, Ohio University and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by an participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Gallia County Local School District's superintendent is on the SERRC Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Bryan Swann, Treasurer, at the Athens-Meigs Educational Service Center, 320 ½ East Main Street, Pomeroy, Ohio 45769.

NOTE 16 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts and educational service centers pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2007.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 18- DEFERRED COMPENSATION

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation program, created in accordance with internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or in the case of an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 19 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$145,952	\$275,904
Current year set-aside requirement	367,064	367,064
Qualifying disbursements	(444,219)	(456,270)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$68,797	\$186,698

NOTE 20 - RISK SHARING POOL

Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. – The Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (OSRSA) is a risk sharing pool serving school districts in Ohio. OSRSA was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of administering a joint self-insurance pool and assisting members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to District property and persons and property which might result in claims being made against members of OSRSA. Member school districts agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by OSRSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automotive liability, certain property insurance and educators' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member school district has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Corporation are managed by an elected board of not more than nine directors. Only superintendents, treasurers, or business managers of member school districts are eligible to serve on the board. No school district may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member school district's control over the budgetary and financing of OSRSA is limited to its voting authority and any representative it may have on the board of directors. Financial information can be obtained from OSRSA at 655 Metro Place South, Suite 900, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE 21 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances at June 30, 2007, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are expected to be repaid during the 2008 fiscal year:

Interfund Loans	Receivable	Paya ble
General Fund	\$207,145	0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Lunchroom Fund	0	161,682
Title V Early Intervention	0	486 44,977
	0	·
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	0	207,145
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	\$207,145	\$207,145

The amounts due to the general fund are the result of the School District moving unrestricted monies to support grant funds whose grants operate on a reimbursement basis. The general fund will be reimbursed when funds become available in the non-major special revenue funds.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2007, were as follows:

Fund:	<u>Transfer From:</u>	Transfer To:
General Fund	\$54,862	\$0
Internal Service Fund	0	<u>54,862</u>
Total All Funds	<u>\$ 54,862</u>	<u>\$54,862</u>

Transfers are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Gallia County Local School District Gallia County

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the FiscalYear Ended June 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Food Distribution	NA	10.550	\$ -	\$ 30,595	\$ -	\$ 30,595
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	PU	10.553	175,755	-	175,755	-
National School Lunch Program	LLP4	10.555		-	421,757	-
Total Nutrition Cluster			597,512	-	597,512	
Total United States Department of Agriculture			597,512	30,595	597,512	30,595
United States Department of Education						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education-Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	812,729	-	789,575	-
Special Education-Preschool	PGS1	84.173	23,585	-	23,585	-
Total Special Education Cluster			836,314	-	813,160	-
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1S1	84.010	1,083,607	-	1,030,917	-
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Communities-State Grants	DRS1	84.186	19,507	-	19,507	-
School Grant for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	3,776	-	4,262	-
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318	10,179	-	13,179	-
Rural Education (REAP)	RUS1	84.358	75,480	-	62,980	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1	84.367	260,949		262,057	
Learn and Serve America School and Community Based Programs	SVS1	94.004	3,000	-	3,000	
Passed through the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction	n Services					
Guiding Children to Live Successfully	DGSP	84.186A	90,978	-	67,050	-
Total United States Department of Education			2,383,790	-	2,276,112	-
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed through the State Department of MRDD						
r usseu inrough the state Department of MKDD						
Medical Assistance Program	N/A	93.778	13,471	-	-	-
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			13,471	_	_	_
•						
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 2,994,773	\$ 30,595	\$ 2,873,624	\$ 30,595

N/A - Not Available

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B-FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C - MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

As of July 1, 2005, the Community Alternative Funding System (CAFS) program (CFDA #93.778) no longer exists as a funding stream. All remittances subsequent to this date reflect settlements of past years. In fiscal year 2007, the District received \$13,471 in settlements related to expenditures made in prior years.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallia County Local School District, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Gallia County Local School District

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. This item has been identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2007-1.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated February 15, 2008.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 15, 2008

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CPAs, INC.

528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

> Telephone (740) 289-4131 Fax (740) 289-3639 www.bhscpas.com

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Gallia County Local School District, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Gallia County Local School District

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A control deficiency in the District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

February 15, 2008

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I – Grants to States, CFDA #84.010
		Special Education Cluster CFDA #84.027 & 84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2007-1

Non-Compliance with Ohio Revised Code 5705.41(B)

Ohio Rev. Code 5705.41(B) states no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

The District's actual expenditures and outstanding encumbrances exceeded total appropriations in the Bond Retirement Fund by \$764,916.

Client Response: Client chose not to respond.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

GALLIA COUNTY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

GALLIA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 22, 2008