



TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Cover Letter	1
Independent Accountants' Report	3
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2007	5
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2006	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	15
Schedule of Findings	17
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	24





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Green Township Gallia County 323 Lincoln Pike Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 15, 2008

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Green Township Gallia County 323 Lincoln Pike Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e., major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Green Township Gallia County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

During 2006, the Township changed its financial statement presentation method to conform to presentation methods the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2008, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 15, 2008

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund Types									
	General			Special Revenue		Capital rojects	Permanent		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:										
Property and Local Taxes	\$	70,398	\$	156,421	\$		\$		\$	226,819
Intergovernmental		90,711		166,520		84,580				341,811
Earnings on Investments		1,188		481				409		2,078
Miscellaneous		468		3,676						4,144
Total Cash Receipts		162,765		327,098		84,580		409		574,852
Cash Disbursements:										
Current:										
General Government		126,880		4,474						131,354
Public Safety				44,306						44,306
Public Works		7,374		278,537		84,580				370,491
Health				5,321						5,321
Capital Outlay		3,500								3,500
Debt Service:										
Redemption of Principal				17,150						17,150
Interest and Fiscal Charges				2,008						2,008
Total Cash Disbursements		137,754		351,796		84,580		0		574,130
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		25,011		(24,698)		0		409		722
Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements):										
Transfers-In				300						300
Transfers-Out		(300)								(300)
Other Financing Uses		(376)								(376)
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)		(676)		300		0		0		(376)
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements										
and Other Financing Disbursements		24,335		(24,398)		0		409		346
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		52,706		198,081		0		7,883		258,670
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	77,041	\$	173,683	\$	0	\$	8,292	\$	259,016

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Governmental Fund Types Totals Special (Memorandum General Revenue Permanent Only) Cash Receipts: Property and Local Taxes \$ 69.271 \$ 154.786 \$ 224.057 Intergovernmental 44.071 181.467 225,538 Earnings on Investments 376 1,946 1,036 534 Miscellaneous 55 4,315 4,370 376 **Total Cash Receipts** 114,433 341,102 455,911 **Cash Disbursements:** Current: General Government 99,973 7,696 107,669 **Public Safety** 43,644 43,644 Public Works 6,508 252,641 259.149 Health 6,746 6,746 Capital Outlay 51,545 57,822 6,277 Debt Service: Redemption of Principal 16,264 16,264 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,894 2,894 0 **Total Cash Disbursements** 112,758 381,430 494,188 Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements (40,328)376 1,675 (38,277)Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements): Sale of Notes 51,545 51,545 Transfers-In 25,439 25,439 Transfers-Out (3,317)(25,439)(22, 122)Other Financing Uses (624)(624)Total Other Financing Receipts/(Disbursements) (3,941)54,862 0 50,921 Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements (2,266)14,534 376 12,644 Fund Cash Balances, January 1 54,972 183,547 7,507 246,026 Fund Cash Balances, December 31 52,706 198,081 7,883 258,670

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Green Township, Gallia County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road maintenance.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Cash and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values certificates of deposit, U.S. Savings Bonds and common stock at cost or fair value when donated.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Road & Bridge Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

3. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

<u>Issue II Fund</u> - The Township received a grant from the State of Ohio for a paving project in the Township.

4. Permanent Funds

These funds account for assets held under a trust agreement that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, are available to support the Township's programs. The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

<u>Cemetery Bequest Fund</u> – This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2007 and 2006 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The Township maintains a cash and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2007	2006		
Demand deposits	\$ 254,656	\$	254,605	
Certificates of deposit	1,000		1,000	
Total deposits	255,656		255,605	
U.S. Savings Bond	2,000		2,000	
Common stock (at cost)	1,360		1,065	
Total investments	3,360		3,065	
Total deposits and investments	\$ 259,016	\$	258,670	

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2007 and 2006 follows:

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	156,240	\$	162,765	\$	6,525
Special Revenue		288,767		327,398		38,631
Capital Projects		0		84,580		84,580
Permanent		8,011		409		(7,602)
Total	\$	453,018	\$	575,152	\$	122,134

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Appropriation		Budgetary			
Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
\$	183,476	\$	138,430	\$	45,046
	392,500		351,796		40,704
	0		84,580		(84,580)
	7,500		0		7,500
\$	583,476	\$	574,806	\$	8,670
	\$	Authority \$ 183,476 392,500 0 7,500	Authority Exp \$ 183,476 \$ 392,500 0 7,500	Authority Expenditures \$ 183,476 \$ 138,430 392,500 351,796 0 84,580 7,500 0	Authority Expenditures V \$ 183,476 \$ 138,430 \$ 392,500 351,796 \$ 0 84,580 \$ 7,500 0 \$

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	116,150	\$	114,433	\$	(1,717)
Special Revenue		288,702		418,086		129,384
Permanent		400		376		(24)
Total	\$	405,252	\$	532,895	\$	127,643

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation		Budgetary			_
Fund Type	pe Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	143,518	\$	116,699	\$	26,819
Special Revenue		396,022		403,552		(7,530)
Permanent		7,500		0		7,500
Total	\$	547,040	\$	520,251	\$	26,789

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation.

Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions.

The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
General Obligation Note	\$18,131	5.60%
Total	\$18,131	

The Township obtained a General Obligation note from Ohio Valley Bank to finance the purchase of a truck on January 4, 2006. The original amount of the note was \$51,544 Annual payments in the amount of \$19,158 are due throughout the term of the note which concludes on December 31, 2008. The full faith and credit of the Township is pledged to repay this debt.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General		
	Obligation		
Year ending December 31:		Note	
2008	\$	19,158	
Total	\$	19,158	

6. Retirement System

The Township's officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which includes postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2007 and 2006, OPERS members contributed 9.5% and 9.0%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.85% and 13.7%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries.

The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2007.

7. Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

Risk Pool Membership (Continued)

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses.

Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stoploss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000 in 2006, or \$100,000 and \$300,000 in 2007, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

Risk Pool Membership (Continued)

2007	2006
\$ 43,210,703	\$ 42,042,275
(13,357,837)	(12,120,661)
\$ 29,852,866	\$ 29,921,614
	\$ 43,210,703 (13,357,837)

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, liabilities above include approximately \$12.5 million and \$11.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment.

The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$8,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contribution	ns to O	TARMA
2005	\$	3,944
2006	\$	4,932
2007	\$	4,032

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

8. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Green Township Gallia County 323 Lincoln Pike Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Green Township, Gallia County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2008, wherein we noted the Township prepared its financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Green Township
Gallia County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2007-003 and 2007-005.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. We believe none of the significant deficiencies described above are material weaknesses.

We also noted a certain internal control matter that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 15, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2007-001 through 2007-004.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 15, 2008.

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

September 15, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

Ohio Rev. Code Section 507.09 provides the compensation levels of Township Fiscal Officers. A Township Fiscal Officer is prohibited by Ohio Const. Art. II, Section 20 from receiving an in-term increase in compensation.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 145.47(A) states that each public employee who is a contributor to the "public employees retirement system" (PERS), shall contribute 9.50% of the contributor's earnable salary to the employee's savings fund, except that the public employees retirement board may raise the contribution rate to a rate not greater than ten per cent of the employee's earnable salary. In 2007 the retirement contribution rate for local employees was 9.50%.

Attorney General Opinion 2000-002 states that elected public officials whose compensation is set by statute are not entitled to receive fringe benefits that are not statutorily provided or made available.

Attorney General Opinion 1984-036 held that a "pick-up in lieu of salary increase" plan, under which the employer pays an employee's retirement contribution in addition to the salary the employee is currently receiving, is a fringe benefit.

Accordingly, a Township is prohibited from paying a Fiscal Officer's mandatory employee contribution to PERS.

The Township mistakenly believed that it could pick-up its Fiscal Officer's PERS contribution in addition to his maximum allowable salary per Ohio Rev. Code 507.09. As stated above, a Township may only pick-up a Fiscal Officer's PERS contribution in lieu of a salary increase.

In 2007, the Township picked-up Fiscal Officer's, Harold Montgomery, PERS contribution in the amount of \$108.95 for three months, which amounted to a total of \$326.85. This resulted in an overpayment of \$326.85 in 2007.

In accordance with the foregoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28 a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued against Harold Montgomery, Green Township Fiscal Officer, in the amount of \$326.85, in favor of the Green Township General Fund.

On September 22, 2008, Harold Montgomery, Fiscal Officer, issued a check to Green Township for \$326.85 as repayment.

Officials' Response: Repayment by Harold Montgomery has been made.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 505.601 states if a board of township trustees does not procure an insurance policy or group health care services as provided in section 505.60 of the Revised Code, the board of township trustees may reimburse any township officer or employee for each out-of-pocket premium that the officer or employee incurs for insurance policies described in division (A) of section 505.60 of the Revised Code that the officer or employee otherwise obtains, if all of the following conditions are met:

- (A) The board of township trustees adopts a resolution that states that the township has chosen not to procure a health care plan under section 505.60 of the Revised Code and has chosen instead to reimburse its officers and employees for each out-of-pocket premium that they incur for insurance policies described in division (A) of section 505.60 of the Revised Code that they otherwise obtain.
- (B) That resolution provides for a uniform maximum monthly or yearly payment amount for each officer or employee, beyond which the township will not reimburse the officer or employee.
- (C) That resolution states the specific benefits listed in division (A) of section 505.60 of the Revised Code for which the township will reimburse all officers and employees of the township. The township may not reimburse officers and employees for benefits other than those listed in division (A) of section 505.60 of the Revised Code.

Attorney General Opinion 2005-038 determined that township officers and employees could be reimbursed for out-of-pocket premium expenses attributable to an officer/employee that are obtained through a spouse's employer. However, the reimbursement through a spouse's plan is limited to the "out-of-pocket premium that the officer or employee incurs" because the policies described in 505.60(A) do not include family coverage.

The Township reimbursed Township Trustees for family coverage for the years 2006 and 2007 which was in excess of actual out-of-pocket premium expenses attributable to them only in the amount of \$9,524.82. It was also noted that during the audit period that Township Trustees were reimbursed a total of \$10,713.84 each year where the only supporting documentation was hand-written receipts by the Trustees. Accordingly, reimbursements were paid to the Township Trustees without supporting documents from their insurance carriers demonstrating what the Township Trustee incurred an out-of-pocket premium. Without the appropriate support, we were unable to determine the out-of-pocket premium attributable to the two Township Trustees.

Our audits of townships during this audit period have revealed ambiguity in the interpretation of the township reimbursement provisions as demonstrated by various opinions submitted by prosecuting attorneys. In addition, legislation has been introduced and passed by the Ohio House of Representatives to extend reimbursement for township employees and officials for family coverage. Therefore, we will not issue Findings for Recovery for the overpayment for the remainder of the current audit period.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002 (Continued)

Noncompliance Citation - Ohio Rev. Code Section 505.601 (Continued)

We recommend the Township revise its health care premium reimbursement policy to limit reimbursement to amounts attributable to township officials and employees only, unless and until the legislature passes Am. H.B. No. 458. We also recommend the Township adopt a policy requiring proper documentation demonstrating the amount that the official or employee paid for out-of-pocket premiums prior to any reimbursement. Proper documentation may include pay stubs, letters from employers or insurance companies which outline the premium paid, the type of insurance, and the type of coverage.

Officials' Response: For 2008, the Fiscal Officer is only reimbursing for single coverage and is not reimbursing without adequate supporting documentation.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-003

Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.09(F) states each subdivision is required to establish a special fund for each class of revenues derived from a source other than the general property tax, which the law requires to be used for a particular purpose.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(3) states that upon a determination by the fiscal officer of a subdivision that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be greater than the amount included in an official certificate and the legislative authority intends to appropriate and expend the excess revenue, the fiscal officer shall certify the amount of the excess to the commission, and if the commission determines that the fiscal officer's certification is reasonable, the commission shall certify an amended official certificate reflecting the excess.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40 states, in part, that any appropriation ordinance or measure may be amended or supplemented, provided that such amendment or supplement shall comply with the same provisions of the law governing the taxing authority in making the original appropriation and that no appropriation for any purpose shall be reduced below an amount sufficient to cover all un-liquidated and outstanding contracts or obligations certified from or against the appropriation.

The Township was involved in an Issue II Ohio Public Works Commission project in 2007. The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) paid the vendor directly for the project in the amount of \$84,580. The Board of Trustees did not establish an Issue II Fund for these monies. The Township Clerk did not post the receipt and the expenditure for the Issue II project to its books nor were budgetary adjustments approved for estimated resources and appropriations. As a result, receipts and disbursements were understated on the Township's books and annual financial report. Adjustments with which the Township's management agrees have been posted to the Township's books and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

We recommend the Board of Trustees establish new funds as new funds are needed. We also recommend the Township Clerk record all Issue II receipts and disbursements in the Township's books. In addition, we recommend the Township obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources from the County Budget Commission, and the Board of Trustees approve supplemental appropriations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-003 (Continued)

Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency – Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.09(F) (Continued)

Officials' Response: Fiscal Officer will record such transactions in the future as needed.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-004

Noncompliance Finding

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The Fiscal Officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification shall be null and void.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The <u>main</u> exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" Certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- 2. Blanket Certificate The fiscal officer may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-004 (Continued)

Noncompliance Finding - Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

In 2007 and 2006, 25% and 36% of transactions tested, respectively, were not certified by the Fiscal Officer at the time the commitment was incurred and there was no evidence that the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute, but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certificates should be used.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language Section 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification prior to the Township incurring a commitment, and only when the requirements of Section 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase orders to the proper appropriation code to reduce the available appropriation.

Officials' Response: Fiscal Officer will certify funds are available prior to incurring commitment and post approved P.O.'s to the proper appropriation code.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-005

Significant Deficiency - Reporting of Approved Budgetary Information

All local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted balances of appropriations.

At December 31, 2007, estimated resources as approved by the Budget Commission did not agree to the Township's accounting system for six funds. This was due, in part, to the Township's Fiscal Officer not posting budget entries to the UAN system. The variances and funds are as follows:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-005 (Continued)

Significant Deficiency - Reporting of Approved Budgetary Information (Continued)

Fund	Estimated Revenue Approved by Budget Commission		Estimated Revenue Posted to UAN System		Variance	
General Motor Vehicle License Tax Gasoline Tax Road and Bridge Cemetery Fire	\$	156,240 45,500 70,200 115,927 7,500 49,609	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$	(156,240) (45,500) (70,200) (115,927) (7,500) (49,609)

At December 31, 2006 estimated resources as approved by the Budget Commission did not agree to the Township's accounting system for six funds. This was due, in part, to the Township's Fiscal Officer not posting budget entries to the UAN system. The variances and funds are as follows:

	Estim	ated Revenue	Estima	ted Revenue		
	Appro	ved by Budget	Pos	ted to UAN		
Fund	Co	ommission	System		Variance	
General	\$	116,150	\$	0	\$	(116,150)
Motor Vehicle License Tax		50,200		0		(50,200)
Gasoline Tax		60,400		0		(60,400)
Road and Bridge		104,456		0		(104,456)
Cemetery		5,000		0		(5,000)
Fire		46,524		0		(46,524)
FEMA		22,122		0		(22,122)

Due to budgetary information being improperly entered into the system, the management of the Township lost some degree of budgetary control.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer accurately post estimated receipts as certified by the County Budget Commission into the computer system. This procedure will help ensure more useful comparisons of budget versus actual activity, as well as provide management with an accurate monitoring tool throughout the year.

Officials' Response: Fiscal Officer will accurately post estimated receipts as certified by County Budget Commission.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2005-001	Reportable Condition – Permanent Fund, there were no records on file to determine if the Certificate of Deposit and U.S. Savings Bonds belonged in a Permanent Fund.	Yes	
2005-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B), for expenditures exceeding appropriations.	No	Partially Corrected; Re-issued in the current Management Letter.
2005-003	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D), for not certifying availability of funds prior to incurring an obligation.	No	Not Corrected; Re-issued in the current Schedule of Findings as 2007-004.
2005-004	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5575.01 for not competitively bidding a paving contract.	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

GREEN TOWNSHIP

GALLIA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 14, 2008