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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Harpersfield Township Ashtabula County 4858 Cork-Cold Springs Road Geneva, Ohio 44041

To the Harpersfield Township Trustees:

Mary Taylor

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 12, 2008

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Harpersfield Township Ashtabula County 4858 Cork-Cold Springs Road Geneva, Ohio 44041

To the Harpersfield Township Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Harpersfield Township, Ashtabula County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

Harpersfield Township Ashtabula County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserve for encumbrances of Harpersfield Township, Ashtabula County, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2008, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 12, 2008

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$176,568	\$312,383	\$25,097	\$514,048	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	3,913	2,584		6,497	
Intergovernmental	33,206	146,651	2,695	182,552	
Special Assessments	40.000	12,824		12,824	
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	13,220 15,970	5,872 14,372		19,092 30,342	
Miscellarieous	15,970	14,372	·	30,342	
Total Cash Receipts	242,877	494,686	27,792	765,355	
Cash Disbursements: Current:					
General Government	110,888	107,515		218,403	
Public Safety	860			860	
Public Works	5,852	434,985		440,837	
Health	50,519	1,295		51,814	
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		6,927		6,927	
Redemption of Principal and Interest	30,945		59,963	90,908	
Total Cash Disbursements	199,064	550,722	59,963	809,749	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	43,813	(56,036)	(32,171)	(44,394)	
Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements):					
Transfers-In	50	8,648		8,698	
Transfers-Out		(8,648)		(8,648)	
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)	50	0	0	50	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over / (Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	43,863	(EG 036)	(22.474)	(44.244)	
and Other Financing Dispursements	43,003	(56,036)	(32,171)	(44,344)	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	88,110	429,699	35,301	553,110	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$131,973	\$373,663	\$3,130	\$508,766	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Fiduciary Fund Type
	Agency
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Miscellaneous Receipts	\$0
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	0
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	0_
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	0
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements Before Interfund Transfers and Advances	0_
Transfers-Out	(50)
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(50)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	152_
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	<u>\$102</u>

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types			Totale	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property and Other Local Taxes Licenses, Permits, and Fees	\$143,979 4,616	\$301,741 6,894	\$24,521	\$0	\$470,241 11,510
Intergovernmental	38,246	181,301	2,672	143,827	366,046
Special Assessments	F 040	12,282			12,282
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	5,048 17,123	2,243 12,106			7,291 29,229
Total Cash Receipts	209,012	516,567	27,193	143,827	896,599
Cash Disbursements:					
Current: General Government	124,668	89,017			213,685
Public Safety Public Works	819 5,811	327,203			819 333,014
Health	51,846	1,569			53,415
Capital Outlay		25,165		143,827	168,992
Debt Service: Redemption of Principal and Interest	38,449		30,885		69,334
Total Cash Disbursements	221,593	442,954	30,885	143,827	839,259
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(12,581)	73,613	(3,692)	0	57,340
Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements):		00.040			00.040
Transfers-In Transfers-Out		26,018 (26,018)			26,018 (26,018)
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)	0	0	0	0	0
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing					
Receipts Over / (Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	(12,581)	73,613	(3,692)	0	57,340
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	100,691	356,086	38,993	0_	495,770
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$88,110	\$429,699	\$35,301	\$0	\$553,110
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$2,659	\$8,349	\$0	\$0	\$11,008

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Fiduciary Fund Type
	Agency
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Miscellaneous Receipts	<u>\$0</u>
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	0
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	0_
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	0
Net Receipts Over (Under) Disbusements	0
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	152
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	<u>\$152</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Harpersfield Township, Ashtabula County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and fire protection via the Harpersfield Volunteer Fire Department. Emergency medical services are provided by Northwest Ambulance District (NAD).

Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pool

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Under the cash basis of accounting, the Township does not report assets for equity interests in joint ventures.

The Township participates in two jointly governed organizations and one public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District #1 – (JEDD #1) Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District #2 – (JEDD #2)

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA)

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Cash and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township maintains a NOW account and a savings account through STAR Ohio. All accounts are valued at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Fire Levy Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money for covering costs for providing fire protection services.

<u>Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fund</u> – This fund receives motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Public Works/Street Lighting</u> – This fund receives special assessments funding to provide street lighting to township residents.

3. Capital Projects Fund

These funds account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Issue II Fund</u> - The Township received a grant from the State of Ohio for the State Road Improvement project.

4. Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for resources the Township accumulates to pay note debt. The Township had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Note Retirement Fund – This fund received tax monies for the repayment of a note debt for the purchase of a fire truck. This debt was paid off in 2007. (Note – The Township is currently paying debt for the Old Orchard property improvement through the General fund.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

5. Agency Fund

These are funds that the Township is acting in an agency capacity. The Township had the following agency fund:

Unclaimed Monies Fund – This fund accounts for stale-dated warrants that were removed from the reconciliation by the Fiscal Officer.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2007 and 2006 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a cash and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2007	2006
Demand deposits	\$282,623	\$338,127
Investments - STAR Ohio	226,245	215,135
Total deposits and investments	\$508,868	\$553,262

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2007 and 2006 follows:

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$246,300	\$242,927	(\$3,373)
Special Revenue	499,669	503,334	3,665
Debt Service	26,000	27,792	1,792
Total	\$771,969	\$774,053	\$2,084

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$333,809	\$199,064	\$134,745
Special Revenue	907,960	559,370	348,590
Debt Service	61,100	59,963	1,137
Total	\$1,302,869	\$818,397	\$484,472

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

2000 Budgeted vs. /totali iteocipts				
	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$192,550	\$209,012	\$16,462	
Special Revenue	494,629	542,585	47,956	
Debt Service	27,700	27,193	(507)	
Capital Projects	143,800	143,827	27	
Total	\$858,679	\$922,617	\$63,938	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$287,555	\$224,252	\$63,303
Special Revenue	834,989	477,321	357,668
Debt Service	63,122	30,885	32,237
Capital Projects	143,800	143,827	(27)
Total	\$1,329,466	\$876,285	\$453,181

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township employees belong to OPERS which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2007 and 2006, OPERS members contributed 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.7 and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2007.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

6. RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (on or subsequent to January 1, 2006).

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. This amount increased to \$300,000 in 2007. For 2007, APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$300,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provide aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000 in 2006, or \$100,000 and \$300,000 in 2007, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

6. RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Assets	\$43,210,703	\$42,042,275
Liabilities	(13,357,837)	(12,120,661)
Net Assets	\$29,852,866	<u>\$29,921,614</u>

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, liabilities above include approximately \$12.5 million and \$11.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$25,414. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA	
2005	\$15,625
2006	\$15,727
2007	\$12,592

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

7. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District – JEDD #1

The Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District (JEDD #1) was a contract entered into by Harpersfield Township and the City of Geneva in May 1996 in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 715.72 through 715.83 for their mutual benefit and for the benefit of their residents. The JEDD was created to facilitate economic development including development for industry, commerce, distribution or research, as well as other development determined by the JEDD. The City and Township each agreed to contribute to the development and operation of the District. The land of the JEDD is situated within the Township limits, and utility services are provided by the City. A mutual aid agreement between the Township and City for police and fire protection will be maintained for the District. A five member appointed Board of Directors as provided by Ohio Revised Code Section 715.78(A)(1)(a) through (e) are appointed to govern the District. The City and Township shall adopt by-laws for the regulation of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business. The Board, on January 1, 1997 imposed a 1% income tax in the District, of which revenues of said tax shall be used for the purposes of the District and contracting parties of the JEDD. The rate of the income tax shall change from time to time so that it is equal to the rate of the municipal income tax levied by the City. The Board adopts its own budget subject to the approval of the Township and City, and set revenue estimates and appropriations, and hire and fire staff (with approval of the City and Township) to manage the operations of the District. The contract shall terminate December 31, 2096, unless otherwise terminated prior to that date as agreed upon by the City and Township.

B. Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District – JEDD #2

The Harpersfield-Geneva Joint Economic Development District (JEDD #2) was a contract entered into by Harpersfield Township and the City of Geneva in November 2005 in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 715.72 through 715.83 for their mutual benefit and for the benefit of their residents. The JEDD was created to facilitate economic development including development for industry, commerce, distribution or research, as well as other development determined by the JEDD.

The City and Township each agreed to contribute to the development and operation of the District. The land of the JEDD is situated within the Township limits, and utility services are provided by the City. A mutual aid agreement between the Township and City for police and fire protection will be maintained for the District. A five member appointed Board of Directors as provided by Ohio Revised Code Section 715.78(A)(1)(a) through (e) are appointed to govern the District. The Board shall adopt by-laws for the regulation of the affairs of the Board and the conduct of business. The Board, at its first meeting, imposed a 1 1/2% income tax in the District, of which revenues of said tax shall be distributed in the following manner: 75% to the City; 20% to the Township; and 5% to the JEDD Board, and will remain in effect unless the City and Township so amend it. The rate of the income tax shall change from time to time so that it is equal to the rate of the municipal income tax levied by the City. Additional funding for the construction of the JEDD will be in the form of Community Development Block Grant funds, Tax Increment Financing on three parcels within the JEDD, and development fees charged to property owners inside the JEDD. The Board adopts its own budget subject to the approval of the Township and City, and set revenue estimates and appropriations, and hire and fire staff (with consent of the City and Township) to manage the operations of the District. The contract shall terminate on the anniversary date of the contract in 2104, unless otherwise terminated prior to that date as agreed upon by the City and Township.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

8. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2007 was as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest Rate
OWDA/OPWC Loan	\$88.802	1.794%

The Township entered an agreement with the City of Geneva for the installation of sanitary sewers at the area called Old Orchard. The agreement called for loans obtained from OWDA and OPWC to be used for the upgrade and extension of sewer lines, of which 40% of the debt will be paid by the Township. The original agreement was signed in 1993 with an estimated cost of \$640,000. Portions of the Township's debt will be offset by any sewer tap-in fees within the boundaries of this area. Payments are submitted to the City of Geneva for the retirement of the debt. The debt is collateralized by the Township's taxing authority.

The Township also paid off early in 2007 debt associated with the purchase of a fire truck.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OWDA/OPWC Loan
2007	\$24,966
2008	10,483
2009	10,483
2010	10,483
2011	10,483
2012-2014	<u>31,449</u>
Total	\$98,347

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Harpersfield Township Ashtabula County 4858 Cork-Cold Springs Road Geneva, Ohio 44041

To the Township Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Harpersfield Township, Ashtabula County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2008 wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Harpersfield Township
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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

However, we noted certain matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated November 12, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we did note certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated November 12, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Township Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 12, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

HARPERSFIELD TOWNSHIP

ASHTABULA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 2, 2008