### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District 906 West Main Street West Jefferson, Ohio 43162

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Jefferson Local School District, Madison County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Jefferson Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

**December 8, 2008** 



### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	- 12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets	
of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	10
Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	19
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	22
Statement of Clash Flows Frophetary Fund	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	24
	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	- 52
Supplementary Data:	
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	53
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	- 55
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major	
Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With	
	- 57
Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 § .505	58



### Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District 906 W. Main Street West Jefferson, OH 43162-1144

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Local School District, Madison County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Jefferson Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Jefferson Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Local School District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2008 on our consideration of the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District Page Two

Julian & Sube, Ehc!

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jefferson Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 31, 2008

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis of the Jefferson Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,040,769 which represents a 4.40% increase from 2007
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$12,498,306 in revenue or 84.64% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,268,117 or 15.36% of total revenues of \$14,766,423.
- ➤ The District had \$13,725,654 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,268,117 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,498,306 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$11,776,665 in revenues and \$10,970,904 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2008, the general fund's fund balance increased \$805,761 from \$7,127,846 to \$7,933,607.
- The debt service fund, had \$3,027,247 in revenues and other financing sources and \$3,035,487 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the debt service fund's fund balance decreased \$8,240 from \$983,142 to \$974,902.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the debt service fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund, accounts for medical, vision, dental and prescription benefits self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 23 and 24. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-52 of this report.

### The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis has been provided.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2008 and 2007.

#### **Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 15,101,019	\$ 15,742,564
Capital assets, net	30,899,642	30,827,427
Total assets	46,000,661	46,569,991
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	4,876,064	5,649,891
Long-term liabilities	16,430,278	17,266,550
Total liabilities	21,306,342	22,916,441
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	15,581,551	14,820,352
Restricted	1,861,221	2,536,553
Unrestricted	7,251,547	6,296,645
Total net assets	\$ 24,694,319	\$ 23,653,550

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,694,319. Of this total, \$1,861,221 is restricted in use.

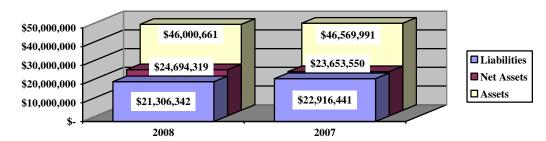
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

At year-end, capital assets represented 67.17% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008, were \$15,581,551. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,861,221, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$7,251,547 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007:

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,215,701	\$ 1,132,619		
Operating grants and contributions	1,041,083	912,478		
Capital grants and contributions	11,333	14,583		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	6,520,051	5,342,590		
School District income tax	877,554	828,329		
Grants and entitlements	4,448,418	4,975,019		
Payment in lieu of taxes	382,513	380,250		
Investment earnings	262,945	568,751		
Other	6,825	4,874		
Total revenues	\$ 14,766,423	\$ 14,159,493		

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,332,620	\$ 4,689,817
Special	1,554,108	1,335,323
Other	25,732	-
Support services:		
Pupil	513,290	514,131
Instructional staff	622,594	427,361
Board of education	107,430	135,384
Administration	820,383	818,813
Fiscal	438,735	389,522
Business	81,386	61,981
Operations and maintenance	1,391,266	1,254,196
Pupil transportation	529,527	482,337
Central	348,458	249,331
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	698,017	458,351
Extracurricular activities	597,382	470,335
Interest and fiscal charges	664,726	683,913
Total expenses	13,725,654	11,970,795
Change in net assets	1,040,769	2,188,698
Net assets at beginning of year	23,653,550	21,464,852
Net assets at end of year	\$ 24,694,319	\$ 23,653,550

### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,040,769. Total governmental expenses of \$13,725,654 were offset by program revenues of \$2,268,117 and general revenues of \$12,498,306. Program revenues supported 16.52% of the total governmental expenses.

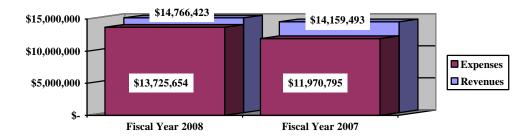
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, school district income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.22% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,912,460 or 50.36% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2008.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. The following is a comparison of 2008 and 2007.

### **Governmental Activities**

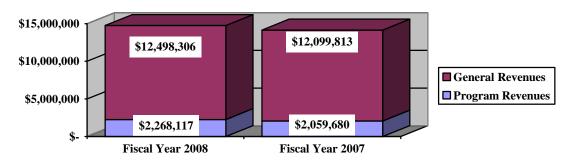
	Total Cost of Services 2008		N	Net Cost of Services 2008		Total Cost of Services 2007		Net Cost of Services 2007
Program expenses								_
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,332,620	\$	4,593,102	\$	4,689,817	\$	3,930,448
Special		1,554,108		839,329		1,335,323		1,022,507
Vocational		-		(493)		-		-
Other		25,732		2,425		-		-
Support services:								
Pupil		513,290		510,224		514,131		500,853
Instructional staff		622,594		617,108		427,361		117,937
Board of education		107,430		107,430		135,384		135,384
Administration		820,383		820,383		818,813		818,813
Fiscal		438,735		438,735		389,522		389,522
Business		81,386		81,386		61,981		61,981
Operations and maintenance		1,391,266		1,389,500		1,254,196		1,251,365
Pupil transportation		529,527		507,406		482,337		459,658
Central		348,458		332,028		249,331		232,631
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		698,017		164,811		458,351		(20,101)
Extracurricular activities		597,382		389,437		470,335		326,204
Interest and fiscal charges		664,726	_	664,726	_	683,913	_	683,913
Total expenses	\$	13,725,654	\$	11,457,537	\$	11,970,795	\$	9,911,115

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 78.62% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.48%. The District's taxpayers, and grants and entitlements received from the State of Ohio, as a whole, are the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,894,534, which is higher than last year's total of \$9,819,106. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2008	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change	
General	\$ 7,933,607	\$ 7,127,846	\$ 805,761	11.30 %	
Debt Service	974,902	983,142	(8,240)	(0.84) %	
Other Governmental	986,025	1,708,118	(722,093)	(42.27) %	
Total	\$ 9,894,534	\$ 9,819,106	\$ 75,428	0.77 %	

Fund balance of the other governmental funds decreased primarily to construction expenditures financed by resources received in prior years.

#### General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$805,761. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	2008	2007	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 5,984,453	\$ 5,118,720	\$ 865,733	16.91 %
Tuition	657,457	557,152	100,305	18.00 %
Earnings on investments	254,278	356,422	(102,144)	(28.66) %
Intergovernmental	4,489,659	4,453,190	36,469	0.82 %
Other revenues	390,818	387,955	2,863	0.74 %
Total	\$11,776,665	\$10,873,439	\$ 903,226	8.31 %
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Instruction	\$ 5,655,930	\$ 5,090,035	\$ 565,895	11.12 %
Support services	4,396,895	3,903,528	493,367	12.64 %
Extracurricular activities	370,570	338,475	32,095	9.48 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,325	30,097	(23,772)	(78.98) %
Debt service	26,220	26,220	-	- %
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total	\$10,455,940	\$ 9,388,355	\$ 1,067,585	11.37 %

The significant decrease in earnings on investments is primarily due to a decrease in interest rates. The increase in tax revenues is due to the increase in delinquent taxes receivable and real estate taxes collected by the County Auditor and available as an advance at June 30, 2008. The increase tuition revenue is due to the increase in open enrollment revenues. The decrease in facilities acquisition and construction is due to the completion of the additions to the high school/middle school and the elementary school. The increase in instruction and support service expenditures is due to the increase in utility and fuel expenses as well as the increase in expenditures related to the hiring of additional employees. During fiscal year 2008 four new staff members were hired, three people in the special education department and a new custodian.

### Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$3,027,247 in revenues and other financing sources and \$3,035,487 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the debt service fund's fund balance decreased \$8,240, or .84% of the 2007 fund balance. The debt service fund's revenues increased 28.38% due to an increase in tax receipts in the current year. The overall decrease in fund balance is due to the rollovers of bond anticipation notes and subsequent principal reduction. However, activity was consistent with the previous year.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,229,950 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,393,850. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2008 were \$10,956,238. This represents a \$437,612 decrease from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$10,240,138 were amended several times during the fiscal year. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$11,008,453, which was \$60,815 above the final budget appropriations of \$10,947,638.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$30,899,642 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2008 balances compared to 2007:

### Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	ntal Activities		
Land	2008	2007		
	\$ 254,158	\$ 254,158		
Land improvements	285,812	317,596		
Building and improvements	29,633,123	29,652,003		
Furniture and equipment	452,819	350,796		
Vehicles	273,730	252,874		
Total	\$ 30,899,642	\$ 30,827,427		

Capital outlays of \$909,338 exceeded depreciation expense of \$832,916 and disposals of \$4,207 (net of accumulated depreciation) in the current fiscal year.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

#### Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$102,000 in energy conservation bonds, \$13,685,000 in general obligation bonds, \$1,500,000 in bond anticipation notes, and \$31,091 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$1,890,623 is due within one year and \$13,427,468 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds, notes and capital leases outstanding.

### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	<u>Government</u>	ntal Activities			
Energy conservation bonds	2008	2007			
	\$ 102,000	\$ 153,000			
Capital lease obligations	31,091	53,827			
General obligation bonds	13,685,000	13,970,000			
Bond anticipation notes	1,500,000	2,000,000			
Total	<u>\$ 15,318,091</u>	\$ 16,176,827			

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. The District implements budgeting and internal controls to safeguard assets and monitor the District's progress. The District uses a five-year forecast of the general fund, which is closely monitored by the Board of Education and administration, as a tool to manage resources effectively.

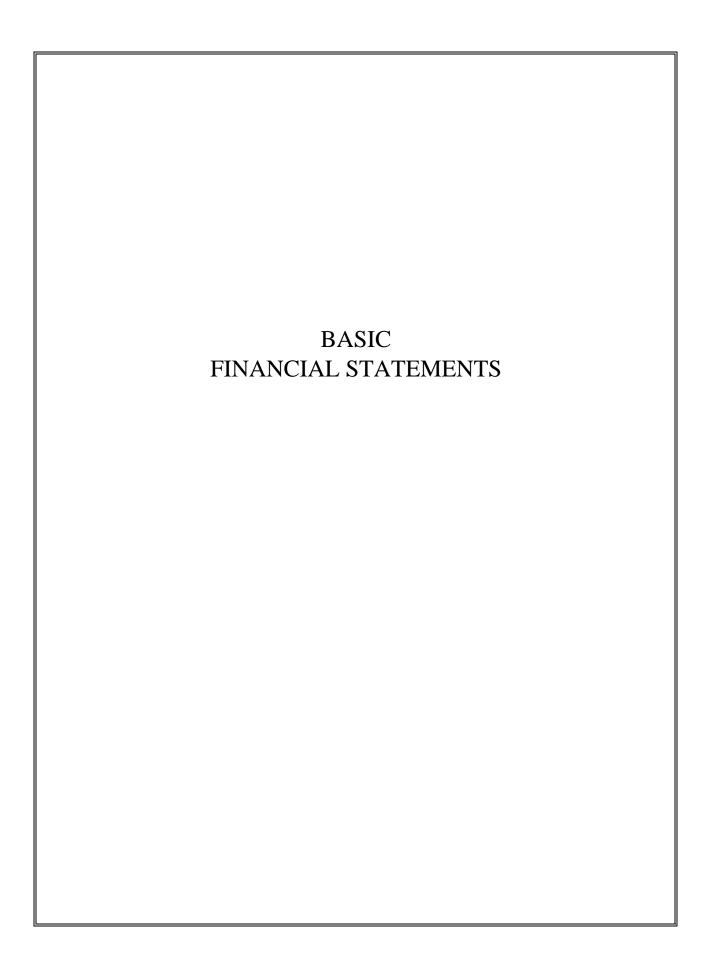
As most of the financial information in this report shows, the District relies heavily on its taxpayers. Our community's support was recently measured by the passage of a \$16.9 million bond issue in November 2003 and the renewal of the 0.5% income tax for operating purposes in March 2004. The support of these two issues demonstrates the strong belief of community members that their schools are one of their highest priorities.

The District has communicated to its community the reliance upon their support for the majority of its operations, and that it will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the District's five-year financial plan.

The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support a quality educational program.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mrs. Jill Smith, Treasurer, Jefferson Local School District, 906 West Main Street, West Jefferson, Ohio 43162-1144.



### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 8,387,784			
Cash with escrow agent	12,632			
Receivables:				
Taxes	6,256,965			
Accounts	219,533			
Intergovernmental	53			
Accrued interest	5,697			
Prepayments	44,686			
Materials and supplies inventory	10,846			
Unamortized bond issue costs	162,823			
Capital assets:				
Land	254,158			
Depreciable capital assets, net	30,645,484			
Total capital assets, net	30,899,642			
Total assets	46,000,661			
	<u> </u>			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	72,451			
Retainage payable	12,632			
Accrued wages and benefits	889,671			
Pension obligation payable	274,607			
Intergovernmental payable	73,668			
Unearned revenue	3,376,996			
Claims payable	97,905			
Accrued interest payable	78,134			
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,039,307			
Due in more than one year	14,390,971			
Total liabilities	21,306,342			
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	15,581,551			
Restricted for:	13,361,331			
	570 146			
Capital projects	570,146 941,597			
Debt service	•			
School facilities projects	268,449			
Locally funded programs	14,981			
State funded programs	3,628			
Student activities	56,668			
Other purposes	5,752			
Unrestricted	7,251,547			
Total net assets	\$ 24,694,319			

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				harges for		ram Revenues Deerating		Capital	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
		-		Services	G	rants and	Gr	ants and		overnmental
Governmental activities:		Expenses		and Sales	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions		Activities
Instruction:										
	\$	5,332,620	\$	701,321	\$	31,136	\$	7,061	\$	(4.502.102)
Regular	Ф		Ф	,	Ф		Ф	7,001	Ф	(4,593,102)
Special		1,554,108		32,521		682,258		-		(839,329)
Vocational		- 05 722		-		493		-		493
Other		25,732		-		23,307		-		(2,425)
Support services:		<b>712.2</b> 00				2055				(510.004)
Pupil		513,290		-		3,066		-		(510,224)
Instructional staff		622,594		-		5,486		-		(617,108)
Board of education		107,430		-		-		-		(107,430)
Administration		820,383		-		-		-		(820,383)
Fiscal		438,735		-		-		-		(438,735)
Business		81,386		-		-		-		(81,386)
Operations and maintenance		1,391,266		1,480		286		-		(1,389,500)
Pupil transportation		529,527		-		17,849		4,272		(507,406)
Central		348,458		-		16,430		-		(332,028)
Food service operations		698,017		319,413		213,793		_		(164,811)
Extracurricular activities		597,382		160,966		46,979		_		(389,437)
Interest and fiscal charges		664,726		-		-		-		(664,726)
Total governmental activities	\$	13,725,654	\$	1,215,701	\$	1,041,083	\$	11,333		(11,457,537)
	Gei	neral Revenues	s <b>:</b>							
	Pro	perty taxes levi	ed for:							
	Ge	eneral purposes								5,168,158
	Sp	ecial revenue.								79,922
		ebt service								1,271,971
	Sch	ool district inco	me tax	κ						877,554
	Gra	nts and entitlen	nents n	ot restricted						
	to	specific program	ms							4,448,418
	Pay	ment in lieu of	taxes							382,513
	Inv	estment earning	,s							262,945
	Mis	cellaneous								6,825
	Tot	al general rever	iues							12,498,306
	Cha	ange in net asset	ts							1,040,769
	Net	assets at begin	nning o	of year						23,653,550
	Net	assets at end o	of year						\$	24,694,319

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		General		Debt Service	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash	¢	( 909 453	¢	540.940	ď	1 007 502	¢	0.257.002
and investments	\$	6,808,452	\$	540,849	\$	1,007,502	\$	8,356,803
Cash with escrow agent		-		-		12,632		12,632
Receivables:		5 147 (52		1.051.920		<i>57</i> 492		( )5( )(5
Taxes.		5,147,653		1,051,829		57,483		6,256,965
Accounts		51,345		-		308		51,653
Intergovernmental		- 5.607		-		53		53
Accrued interest		5,697		-		-		5,697
Interfund receivable		166,055		-		-		166,055
Prepayments		44,686		-		10.946		44,686
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		10,846		10,846
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash		5 750						5 750
and cash equivalents	Φ.	5,752	Ф.	1.502.670	Ф.	1,000,004	Φ.	5,752
Total assets	\$	12,229,640	\$	1,592,678	\$	1,088,824	\$	14,911,142
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	46,034	\$	-	\$	4,014	\$	50,048
Retainage payable		-		-		12,632		12,632
Accrued wages and benefits		860,954		-		28,717		889,671
Compensated absences payable		100,779		-		-		100,779
Pension obligation payable		250,419		-		24,188		274,607
Intergovernmental payable		71,070		-		2,598		73,668
Interfund loans payable		-		-		55		55
Deferred revenue		190,412		44,829		2,911		238,152
Unearned revenue		2,776,365		572,947		27,684		3,376,996
Total liabilities		4,296,033		617,776		102,799		5,016,608
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		73,739		_		235,465		309,204
Reserved for materials and		75,75				200,.00		203,20.
supplies inventory		_		_		10,846		10,846
Reserved for prepayments		44,686		_		-		44,686
Reserved for property tax unavailable		,000						,000
for appropriation		1,786,135		434,053		26,941		2,247,129
Reserved for debt service		-		540,849		-		540,849
Reserved for school bus purchases		5,752		-		-		5,752
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:								
General fund		6,023,295		-		-		6,023,295
Special revenue funds		-		-		344,690		344,690
Capital projects funds		-		-		368,083		368,083
Total fund balances		7,933,607		974,902		986,025		9,894,534
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,229,640	\$	1,592,678	\$	1,088,824	\$	14,911,142

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 9,894,534
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		30,899,642
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Accrued interest	\$ 234,846 53 3,253	
Total		238,152
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds		162,823
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(162,823)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable within the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(78,134)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences Energy conservation bonds payable Bond anticipation notes General obligation bonds payable Capital lease obligation payable	(848,585) (102,000) (1,500,000) (13,685,000) (31,091)	
Total		(16,166,676)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net assets.		 (93,199)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 24,694,319

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Debt	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Service	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	General	Service	Fullus	Fullus
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 5,984,453	\$ 1,233,242	\$ 77,364	\$ 7,295,059
Tuition	657,457	Ψ 1,233,242	Ψ 77,304	657,457
Charges for services	-	_	319,413	319,413
Earnings on investments	254,278	-	22,709	276,987
Extracurricular	-	_	179,573	179,573
Classroom materials and fees	_	_	57,778	57,778
Other local revenues	390,818	_	74,689	465,507
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	-	_	1,961	1,961
Intergovernmental - State	4,489,659	236,141	83,073	4,808,873
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	-	639,730	639,730
Total revenue	11,776,665	1,469,383	1,456,290	14,702,338
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,635,688	_	121,269	4,756,957
Special	1,020,242	_	421,402	1,441,644
Other.	-	_	23,528	23,528
Support services:				
Pupil	469,446	_	6,742	476,188
Instructional staff	536,140	-	22,003	558,143
Board of education	106,348	-	-	106,348
Administration	712,235	-	-	712,235
Fiscal	412,025	24,367	1,540	437,932
Business	81,386	-	-	81,386
Operations and maintenance	1,227,619	-	41,334	1,268,953
Pupil transportation	547,020	-	-	547,020
Central	304,676	-	15,961	320,637
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	585,470	585,470
Extracurricular activities	370,570	-	214,020	584,590
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,325	-	806,114	812,439
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	22,736	2,336,000	-	2,358,736
Interest and fiscal charges	3,484	675,120		678,604
Total expenditures	10,455,940	3,035,487	2,259,383	15,750,810
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures.	1,320,725	(1,566,104)	(803,093)	(1,048,472)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	57,864	81,000	138,864
Transfers (out)	(514,964)	-	-	(514,964)
Issuance of notes		1,500,000		1,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(514,964)	1,557,864	81,000	1,123,900
Net change in fund balances	805,761	(8,240)	(722,093)	75,428
Fund balances at beginning of year	7,127,846	983,142	1,708,118	9,819,106
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 7,933,607	\$ 974,902	\$ 986,025	\$ 9,894,534

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 75,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 909,338 (832,916)	
Total		76,422
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(4,207)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental Accrued interest	 102,546 (24,422) (14,039)	
Total		64,085
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement net assets.		2,358,736
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported on the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	13,878	
Amortization of bond premium Amortization of bond issue costs	 6,929 (6,929)	
Total		13,878
The issuance of bond anticipation notes is recorded as an other financing source in the funds, however, on the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(1,500,000)
Some expenses such as compensated absences are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		57,670
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The		
net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		 (101,243)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,040,769

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:	-	9			-		9 /
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	4,859,933	\$	5,413,700	\$ 5,135,896	\$	(277,804)
Tuition		559,543		623,300	622,240		(1,060)
Earnings on investments		273,981		305,200	293,811		(11,389)
Other local revenues		349,748		389,600	389,563		(37)
Intergovernmental - State		4,171,345		4,646,650	 4,501,826		(144,824)
Total revenues		10,214,550		11,378,450	 10,943,336		(435,114)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		4,519,006		4,846,030	4,534,685		311,345
Special		846,506		907,765	1,012,567		(104,802)
Other		1,399		1,500	-		1,500
Support services:							
Pupil		466,583		500,348	467,100		33,248
Instructional staff		424,030		454,715	544,809		(90,094)
Board of education		188,196		201,815	143,182		58,633
Administration		657,098		704,650	684,534		20,116
Fiscal		363,454		389,756	399,610		(9,854)
Business		57,608 1,194,712		61,777 1,281,169	67,729 1,246,338		(5,952) 34,831
Operations and maintenance		477,024		511,545	1,240,338 559,951		(48,406)
Central		225,007		241,289	294,791		(53,502)
Extracurricular activities		346,690		371,779	363,967		7,812
Facilities acquisition and construction		9,325		10,000	8,171		1,829
Total expenditures		9,776,638		10,484,138	10,327,434		156,704
							<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over (under)		427.010		904 212	615 002		(279, 410)
expenditures		437,912		894,312	 615,902		(278,410)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of capital assets		1,000		1,000	875		(125)
Transfers (out)		(463,500)		(463,500)	(514,964)		(51,464)
Advances in		3,400		3,400	3,400		-
Advances (out)		-		-	(166,055)		(166,055)
Refund of prior year expenditure		11,000		11,000	 8,627		(2,373)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(448,100)		(448,100)	 (668,117)		(220,017)
Net change in fund balance		(10,188)		446,212	(52,215)		(498,427)
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,545,967		6,545,967	6,545,967		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		216,468		216,468	216,468		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,752,247	\$	7,208,647	\$ 6,710,220	\$	(498,427)

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2008

	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal vice Fund
Assets:		
Current:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$	25,229
Receivables:		
Accounts		167,880
Total assets		193,109
Liabilities:		
Current:		
Accounts payable		22,403
Interfund loan payable		166,000
Claims payable		97,905
Total liabilities		286,308
Net assets:		
Unrestricted		(93,199)
Total net assets	\$	(93,199)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	745,347	
Total operating revenues		745,347	
Operating expenses:			
Purchased services		248,866	
Claims expense		973,824	
Total operating expenses		1,222,690	
Operating loss before transfers		(477,343)	
Transfer in		376,100	
Change in net assets		(101,243)	
Net assets at beginning of year		8,044	
Net assets at end of year	\$	(93,199)	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		_
Cash receipts from charges for services	\$	577,467
Cash payments for purchased services		(229,793)
Cash payments for claims		(944,274)
Net cash used in		
operating activities		(596,600)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from transfers in		376,100
Cash received from interfund loans		166,000
Net cash provided by noncapital		
financing activities		542,100
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(54,500)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		79,729
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	25,229
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(477,343)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable		(166,867)
Increase in accounts payable		18,060
Increase in claims payable		29,550
Net cash used in		
operating activities	\$	(596,600)

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sc	holarship	 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	336,733	\$ 52,196
Total assets		336,733	\$ 52,196
Liabilities:			
Due to students		<u> </u>	\$ 52,196
Total liabilities			\$ 52,196
Net Assets:			
Held in trust for scholarships		336,733	
Total net assets	\$	336,733	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scl	nolarship	
Additions: Interest	\$	13,697 3,325	
Total additions		17,022	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		7,272	
Change in net assets		9,750	
Net assets at beginning of year		326,983	
Net assets at end of year	\$	336,733	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Jefferson Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District is the 412<sup>th</sup> largest in the State of Ohio among 896 public school districts and community schools in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 59 non-certificated employees and 92 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,282 students and other community members. The District currently operates 2 instructional buildings and 1 administrative building.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, community services and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and either (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

MEC is a not-for-profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent.

### Tolles Career & Technical Center

The Tolles Career & Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Tolles Career & Technical Center, Treasurer, at 7877 U.S. Route 42 NE, Plain City, Ohio 43064.

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of debt.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) food service operations, and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical, vision and dental benefits to employees.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for services (premiums). Operating expenses for internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property and income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2008 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Madison County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2008.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. The permanent appropriation measure was approved July 2007. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts, including all amendments approved in the fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to repurchase agreements and federal agency securities. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, other nonmajor governmental funds and the private-purpose trust funds. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$254,278, which includes \$46,188 assigned from other funds.

The District has cash held for construction retainage at June 30, 2008. This is reported as "cash with escrow agent" on the statement of net assets.

For presentation on the basic financial statements and statement of cash flows, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

#### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$3,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 - 15 years

# I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) benefits. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2008, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least 50 years of age with 10 years of service or any age with at least 15 years of service, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2008, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, property tax unavailable for appropriation, debt service, and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriations under State statute.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a school bus purchase reserve. This reserve is required by state statute. A schedule of the statutory reserve is presented in Note 17.

# Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

#### R. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs and Bond Premiums

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 11.

# S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

# A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>", and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 13) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

Fund balances and net assets at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Food service	\$ 42,223
EMIS	32
Poverty aid	238
Professional development	501
Title II-A	356
Internal Service Fund	
Self-Insurance	93,199

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash with Escrow Agent

At fiscal year-end, \$12,632 was on deposit in the District's escrow account and included in the total amount of deposits reported below. This amount is part of the internal cash pool, but reported on the financial statements as "Cash with Escrow Agent".

### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,866,009, exclusive of the \$2,928,920 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2008, \$4,816,540 of the District's bank balance of \$4,916,540 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		t Maturities		
Investment type	Fair Value	Fair Value 6 months or less		
Repurchase agreement	\$ 2,928,920	\$ 2,928,920	\$ -	
FHLMC	498,791	-	498,791	
FHLMC discount note	495,625	495,625		
Total	\$ 3,923,336	\$ 3,424,545	\$ 498,791	

The weighted average maturity of investments is .15 years.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate risk arises potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

*Credit Risk:* The District's investments in federal agency securities, and the federal agency securities that underlie the repurchase agreement, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Of the District's \$2,928,920 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2008:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% to Total
Repurchase agreement	\$ 2,928,920	74.66
FHLMC	498,791	12.71
FHLMC discount note	495,625	12.63
Total	\$ 3,923,336	100.00

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,866,009
Investments	 3,923,336
Total	\$ 8,789,345
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 8,400,416
Fiduciary funds	 388,929
Total	\$ 8,789,345

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	_	<u>Amount</u>
Transfers to nonmajor governmental fund from:		
General fund	\$	81,000
Transfers to debt service fund from:		
General fund		57,864
Transfers to internal service fund from:		
General fund		376,100
Total transfers	\$	514,964

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (3) move debt proceeds to the fund which is required to expend them.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds and the internal service fund are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

**B.** Interfund balances consisted of the following at June 30, 2008, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>A</u>	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	55
General fund	Internal service fund		166,000
		\$	166,055

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. In addition, interfund balances between governmental funds and the internal service fund are consolidated and eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.5% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Madison County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$1,786,135 in the general fund, \$434,053 in the debt service fund and \$26,941 in the other nonmajor governmental funds. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second Half Collections			2008 First Half Collections		
	_	Amount	<u>Percent</u>	_	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Tangible and public utility personal property	\$	142,064,700 17,971,830	88.77 11.23	\$	146,843,440 16,876,150	89.69 10.31
Total	\$	160,036,530	100.00	\$	163,719,590	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$38.80			\$38.80	

#### **NOTE 7 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX**

The District currently benefits from a 1/2% income tax, which is assessed on all residents of the District. In 2008, the District income tax generated \$877,554 in revenue. The District apportions all the proceeds to the general fund.

#### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Taxes	\$ 6,256,965
Accounts	51,653
Intergovernmental	53
Accrued interest	 5,697
Total	\$ 6,314,368

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/07	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	6/30/08
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 254,158	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 254,158
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	254,158			254,158
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	489,480	-	-	489,480
Buildings and improvements	31,820,750	619,077	-	32,439,827
Furniture and equipment	500,577	223,783	(4,632)	719,728
Vehicles	776,339	66,478	(83,802)	759,015
Total capital assets, being depreciated	33,587,146	909,338	(88,434)	34,408,050
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(171,884)	(31,784)	-	(203,668)
Buildings and improvements	(2,168,747)	(637,957)	-	(2,806,704)
Furniture and equipment	(149,781)	(117,553)	425	(266,909)
Vehicles	(523,465)	(45,622)	83,802	(485,285)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,013,877)	(832,916)	84,227	(3,762,566)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 30,827,427	\$ 76,422	\$ (4,207)	\$ 30,899,642

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 350,262
Special	68,748
Other	2,204
Support Services:	
Pupil	50,130
Instructional staff	35,619
Board of education	1,082
Administration	55,771
Fiscal	18,191
Operations & maintenance	52,614
Pupil transportation	41,910
Central	13,694
Extracurricular	31,117
Food service operation	111,574
Total depreciation expense	\$ 832,916

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital lease payments are recorded as regular instruction and fiscal support expenditures in the budgetary statements. At June 30, 2008, the capital assets acquired by the capital lease obligations outstanding at fiscal year-end have been capitalized in the amount of \$107,737, which represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2008 was \$75,415, leaving a current book value of \$32,322.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$22,736 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2009	\$ 26,220
2010	6,554
Total minimum lease payments	32,774
Less: amount representing interest	(1,683)
Total	\$ 31,091

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2008, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	(	Balance Outstanding 06/30/07		Additions	<u>.]</u>	Reductions _	Balance Outstanding 06/30/08		Amounts Due in One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
Energy conservation bonds	5.30%	\$	153,000	\$	-	\$	(51,000)	\$ 102,000	\$	51,000
General obligation bonds	1.75-5.0%		13,970,000		-		(285,000)	13,685,000		315,000
Bond anticipation notes	4.18%		2,000,000		-		(2,000,000)	-		-
Bond anticipation notes	4.125%		-		1,500,000		-	1,500,000		1,500,000
Capital lease obligation			53,827		-		(22,736)	31,091		24,623
Compensated absences	N/A		919,971		89,798		(60,405)	949,364		148,684
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities		\$	17,096,798	\$	1,589,798	\$	(2,419,141)	16,267,455	\$	2,039,307
Unamortized premium		-		_				 162,823	_	
Total long-term obligations								\$ 16,430,278		

<u>Energy Conservation Bonds</u> - On September 25, 2003, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$357,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of upgrading buildings owned by the District to reduce energy consumption. The bonds were issued at 5.30% for 7 years with semi-annual payments due in June and December. The bonds are being retired from the debt service fund.

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - On March 1, 2004, the District issued \$14,600,000 in general obligation bonds to provide funds for constructing additions to and renovating and improving existing school facilities. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current \$16.9 million bonded debt tax levy.

Interest payments on the general obligation bonds are due on December 1 and June 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2031.

<u>Bond Anticipation Notes</u> - On November 28, 2007, the District issued \$1,500,000 in general obligation notes to retire previously issued notes which matured. The maturity date on the new notes is November 25, 2008. These notes are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District pledged for repayment. These unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Principal and interest are recorded in the debt service fund. The source of repayment is the current 16.9 mill levy.

Capital Lease Obligation - See Note 10 for detail.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employees are paid, which is primarily the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

**B.** The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds:

	Principal on	Interest on			P	rincipal on	Int	erest on	
Year Ending	Construction	Construction			Ene	ergy Conser-	Energ	gy Conser-	
June 30	Bonds	Bonds		Total	V	vation Bonds	vati	on Bonds	 Total
2009	\$ 315,000	\$ 578,453	\$	893,453	\$	51,000	\$	4,145	\$ 55,145
2010	365,000	570,544		935,544		51,000		1,389	52,389
2011	375,000	560,356		935,356		-		-	-
2012	390,000	546,931		936,931		-		-	-
2013	405,000	532,044		937,044		-		-	-
2014 - 2018	2,240,000	2,422,762		4,662,762		-		-	-
2019 - 2023	2,745,000	1,904,944		4,649,944		-		-	-
2024 - 2028	3,475,000	1,151,813		4,626,813		-		-	-
2029 - 2032	3,375,000	301,984		3,676,984					 
Total	\$ 13,685,000	\$ 8,569,831	\$ 2	22,254,831	\$	102,000	\$	5,534	\$ 107,534

#### C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a voted debt margin of \$852,851 (including available funds of \$974,902) and an unvoted debt margin of \$150,699.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

# A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2008, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan for property, fleet and liability insurance. Coverages provided are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Building and Contents	
Replacement cost	\$42,522,418
Deductible	1,000
Liability	
School Board Errors and Omissions Liability	
Each wrongful act limit	1,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	3,000,000
Deductible	2,500
General Liability	
Per occurrence combined single limit	\$1,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	3,000,000
Medical payments limit	10,000
Employee Benefits Liability	
Each wrongful act limit	1,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	3,000,000
Deductible	0
Stop Gap	
Each accident	1,000,000
Disease each employee	1,000,000
Disease policy limit	1,000,000
Automotive Liability	
Liability	
Per occurrence combined single limit	\$1,000,000
Medical payments limit	5,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorists coverage	1,000,000
Auto Physical Damage (actual cash value)	
Comprehensive deductible	250
Collision deductible	500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

# B. Medical/Surgical and Dental Insurance

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of several Districts within the Eastern Region, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims in the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$97,905 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2008, is based on an estimate provided by Klais & Company, Inc. (the third party administrator) and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Claims <u>Incurred</u>	Claims <u>Payments</u>	Ending Balance
2008	\$ 68,355	\$ 973,824	\$ (944,274)	\$ 97,905
2007	48,888	529,463	(509,996)	68,355

#### C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "GRP"), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS**

# A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under Forms and Publications.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$152,497, \$155,763 and \$153,697, respectively; 48.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

# B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$657,317, \$620,349, and \$588,545, respectively; 82.95 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$19,322 made by the District and \$24,376 made by the plan members.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus. Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$101,574, \$81,437, and \$60,453, respectively; 48.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$10,988, \$10,592, and \$12,233, respectively; 48.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$50,563, \$47,719, and \$45,273, respectively; 82.95 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

#### NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported as fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

(e) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

ğ	General fund			
Budget basis	\$	(52,215)		
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		833,329		
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(232,928)		
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		153,153		
Adjustment for encumbrances		104,422		
GAAP basis	\$	805,761		

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

# **NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/	
	Instructional	Capital
	<u>Materials</u>	<u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ (541,085)	\$ (16,445,835)
Current year set-aside requirement	195,626	195,626
Current year offsets	=	(64,495)
Qualifying disbursements	(522,948)	(420,394)
Total	<u>\$ (868,407)</u>	\$ (16,735,098)
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	\$ (868,407)	\$ (16,445,835)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

# **NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)**

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received \$5,752 in monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for bus purchases \$ 5,752

Total restricted assets \$ 5,752

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials and capital acquisition reserve. The extra amounts spent for textbooks/instructional materials may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years, however, the current year offset and excess qualifying disbursements of capital acquisition set-asides may not be carried forward.



# JEFFERSON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

SUB G	RAL GRANTOR/ :RANTOR/ RAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(C) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSI	EPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
(A)	Food Donation	10.550	2008	\$ -	\$ 33,951	\$ -	\$ 33,951
	<b>Total Food Donation</b>				33,951		33,951
Nı	utrition Cluster:						
(B)(E)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	2008	15,974		15,974	
	Total School Breakfast Program			15,974		15,974	
(B)(E)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	2008	181,912		181,912	
	Total National School Lunch Program			181,912		181,912	
To	tal Nutrition Cluster			197,886		197,886	
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			197,886	33,951	197,886	33,951
PASSI	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
( <b>F</b> )	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2007 2008	(289) 87,258 86,969		87,313 87,313	
	Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2008	293,754		293,754	
<b>(F)</b>	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186 84.186	2007 2008	(281) 7,203 6,922		6,949 6,949	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs State Grants for Innovative Programs Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298 84.298	2007 2008	(177) 2,034 1,857		2,034 2,034	
( <b>F</b> )	Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants Total Education Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	2007 2008	(167) 1,481 1,314		1,481 1,481	
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2008	41,216		41,216	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			432,032		432,747	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 629,918	\$ 33,951	\$ 630,633	\$ 33,951

The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basi

Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basi OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2008

This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting
Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs

The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th an spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District may transfer unspen Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools car document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between th cost centers. During fiscal year 2008, the ODE authorized the following transfers

Program Title	CFDA	Grant Year	Trans	sfers Out	Tran	sfers In
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2007	\$	289		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2008			\$	289
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	2007		177		
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	2008				177
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2007		281		
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2008				281
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2007		167		
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2008				167
Totals			\$	914	\$	914

<sup>(</sup>A) (B) (C) (D) (E)



# Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District 906 W. Main Street West Jefferson, OH 43162-1144

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Jefferson Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Jefferson Local School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Jefferson Local School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Jefferson Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Jefferson Local School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Jefferson Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Jefferson Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 31, 2008

Julian & Lube, Ehre!



# Julian & Grube, Inc.

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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District 906 W. Main Street West Jefferson, OH 43162-1144

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Jefferson Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Jefferson Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Jefferson Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Jefferson Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jefferson Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Jefferson Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Jefferson Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Jefferson Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson Local School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Jefferson Local School District

A control deficiency in Jefferson Local School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Jefferson Local School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Jefferson Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Jefferson Local School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and Board of Education of the Jefferson Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 31, 2008

Julian & Sube, Ehre!

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No					
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Special Education - Grants to States (CFDA #84.027)					
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others					
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes					

# 2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### **JEFFERSON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# **MADISON COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED

**DECEMBER 18, 2008**