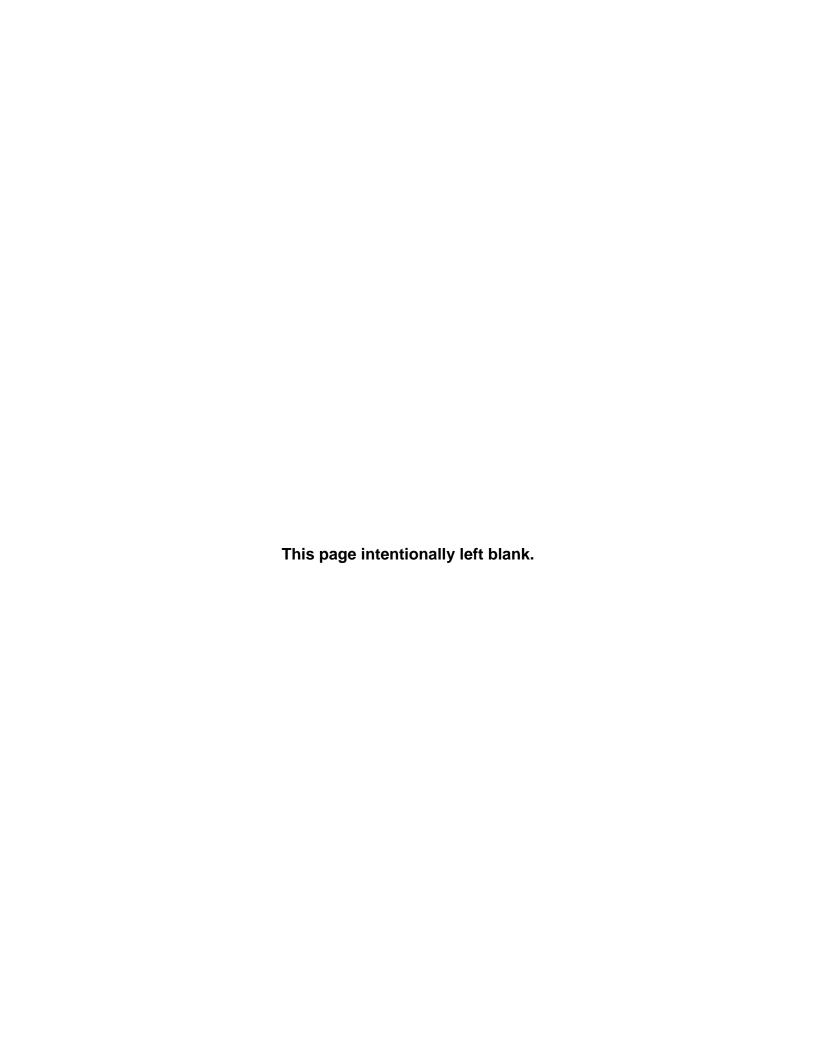




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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Keystone Local School District Lorain County 301 Liberty Street, PO Box 65 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Keystone Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Keystone Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, the District restated the July 1, 2006 net assets of the governmental activities due to an overstatement of capital assets.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2008, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Keystone Local School District Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

July 28, 2008

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Keystone Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased by \$ 1,678,388.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$16,402,232 in 2007. Of this total, 88.70% consisted
 of General Revenues while Program Revenues accounted for the balance of 11.30%.
- Program expenses totaled \$14,723,844. Instructional expenses made up 54.24% of this total while support services accounted for 34.36%. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 11.40%.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Keystone Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Keystone Local School District, the General Fund by far is the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency, fiscal capacity and risk and exposure.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District is classified into governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service and extracurricular activities.

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 13. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Assets* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006.

Table 1 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	6/30/2007	6/30/2006	Change
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 14,445,903	\$ 15,646,239	\$ (1,200,336)
Capital assets	20,225,241	18,731,831	1,493,410
Total assets	34,671,144	34,378,070	293,074
Liabilities			
Other liabilities	7,218,073	8,739,827	(1,521,754)
Long term liabilities	17,879,157	17,742,717	136,440
Total liabilities	25,097,230	26,482,544	(1,385,314)
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,949,750	4,468,126	(518,376)
Restricted	2,225,265	3,421,604	(1,196,339)
Unrestricted	3,398,899	5,796	3,393,103
Total net assets	\$ 9,573,914	\$ 7,895,526	\$ 1,678,388

Keystone Local School District Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

Table 2 shows the statement of activities for fiscal year 2007 as compared to 2006.

Table 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	2007	% of	2006	% of
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
General revenues				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purpose	\$ 4,954,642	30.21%	\$ 4,833,720	29.86%
Debt service	1,200,168	7.32%	1,279,435	7.90%
Capital improvements	217,326	1.32%	229,046	1.42%
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific purposes	7,726,248	47.10%	7,529,775	46.52%
Investment earnings	414,223	2.53%	350,042	2.15%
Miscellaneous	35,647	0.22%	280,123	1.73%
Total general revenues	14,548,254	88.70%	14,502,141	89.60%
Program revenues	1,853,978	11.30%	1,683,705	10.40%
Total revenues	16,402,232	100.00%	16,185,846	100.00%
Governmental activities				
Instruction				
Regular	6,588,597	44.76%	6,704,413	45.08%
Special	1,233,663	8.38%	1,161,680	7.81%
Vocational	97,379	0.66%	180,125	1.21%
Other instruction	67,102	0.46%	111,245	0.75%
Supporting services				
Pupil	771,574	5.24%	868,064	5.84%
Instructional staff	478,054	3.25%	348,743	2.35%
Board of education	33,019	0.22%	35,244	0.24%
Administration	1,009,418	6.86%	1,175,011	7.90%
Fiscal services	362,847	2.45%	392,992	2.63%
Operation and maintenance	1,333,631	9.06%	1,122,995	7.55%
Pupil transportation	851,300	5.78%	986,260	6.63%
Central services	219,552	1.49%	120,958	0.81%
Operation of non-instructional services				
Food service operation	425,493	2.89%	463,918	3.12%
Community services	83,740	0.57%	63,469	0.43%
Latchkey operations	45,876	0.31%	51,215	0.35%
Extracurricular activities	328,720	2.23%	324,673	2.18%
Interest	793,879	5.39%	759,783	5.11%
Totals	14,723,844	100.00%	14,870,788	100.00%
Change in net assets	\$ 1,678,388		\$ 1,315,058	

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

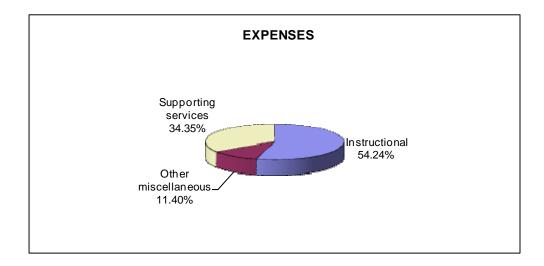
Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Keystone Local School District has carefully examined its present and future financial position by forecasting its revenues and expenditures over the next five years. The School District has had a healthy cash carryover for the last couple of years. Cutbacks in spending over the last few years have allowed the district to maintain a positive cash balance. Spending reductions for fiscal year 2007 may result in a brief surplus for FY 2007 and FY 2008.

Although the District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs.

As shown in Table 2 on page 5, 54.24% of the District's expenses are used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff and business operations encompass an additional 34.36%. The remaining amount of program expenses, roughly 11.40%, is budgeted to facilitate other miscellaneous expenses of the District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities.



Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3

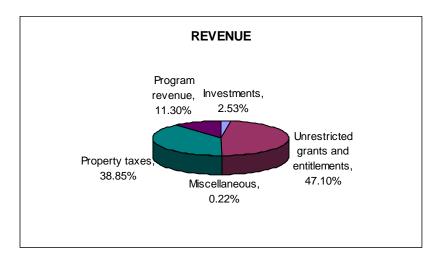
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Governmental activities		
Instruction		
Regular	\$ 6,588,597	\$ (6,050,687)
Special	1,233,663	(1,065,844)
Vocational	97,379	(97,379)
Other instruction	67,102	(67,102)
Supporting services		
Pupil	771,574	(561,207)
Instructional staff	478,054	(315,741)
Board of education	33,019	(33,019)
Administration	1,009,418	(989,418)
Fiscal services	362,847	(356,837)
Operation and maintenance	1,333,631	(1,330,631)
Pupil transportation	851,300	(801,300)
Central services	219,552	(214,039)
Operation of non-instructional services		
Food service operation	425,493	32,776
Community services	83,740	9,913
Latchkey operations	45,876	10,950
Extracurricular activities	328,720	(246,422)
Interest	793,879	(793,879)
Totals	\$ 14,723,844	\$ (12,869,866)

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is important. Almost 38.85% of revenues are directly supported by local property taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support approximately 47.10%, while investment and other miscellaneous type revenues support the remaining activity costs. Program revenues only account for approximately 11.30% of all governmental revenues.



School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found on page 13. Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$ 16,255,156 and expenditures of \$ 16,811,943. There is a notable difference between expenditures on the fund statements and expenses on the entity wide statements. This is because construction expenditures shown as capital outlay on the fund statements are reflected as capital assets on the statement of net assets.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2007, the School District amended its General Fund budget numerous times. The School District uses a site-based style of budgeting and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures yet provide flexibility for site-based decision and management.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate totaled \$ 15,560,759. This was below the original budget estimate of \$ 15,585,791. The main difference between the original and final estimates was due to a decrease in tuition and fees and extracurricular. The final budget basis expenditure estimate totaled \$ 13,351,730 compared to the original estimate of \$ 12,359,124. This difference was primarily due to changes in appropriations subsequent to the original appropriation measure. Most notably was the establishment of the retirement severance fund which increased general fund appropriations by \$268,000 as well as several adjustments that were made to account for increases in utilities, textbooks and technology expenses.

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

The School District's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$ 3,303,019, which was below the final budgeted amount by \$ 1,636,311. This difference was due to two factors. First revenues for the year were below expectations and secondly, several expenditure categories came in well under budget for the year. Also, appropriations were made in FY 07 that did not get fully realized till FY 08.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2007, the School District had \$ 20,225,241 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal 2007 values compared to 2006.

Table 4Net Capital Assets at June 30th
Governmental Activities

,816
,797
,292
,403
,814
,709
,831

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. As shown in Table 4, there was a significant increase in building and improvements and a decrease in construction in progress during fiscal year 2007. This was the result of reclassifying the new high school construction project from one classification to another.

Debt

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$ 16.28 million in school improvement bonds, capital appreciation bonds, and accretion on the capital appreciation bonds outstanding, a net decrease of \$464,509 from fiscal year 2006. The bonds were issued in May 2004 (\$17.5 million) for the construction of the high school.

Lorain County

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Unaudited

School District Outlook

The financial outlook for Keystone Local School District in fiscal year 2008 and beyond is positive, but challenging. In the short-term (FY 2008), revenues will exceed expenditures and fall just below the breakeven point in FY 2009. The long term financial outlook (FY 2010-12) will be challenging as expenditures will outpace revenues at a faster rate each year. Throughout this period of time the Board of Education and administration will closely monitor District revenues and expenditures in accordance with the District financial forecast

Keystone obtains approximately 58% of its operating income from the State of Ohio, 39% from local property taxes, and 3% from other local sources. There are challenges ahead for Keystone on both the state and local fronts that will largely impact the financial future of the District.

With the passage of HB 119 ushering in the new FY 08 / FY 09 biennium, several changes were made to the District's state funding formula. Most notably, the District no longer qualifies to receive parity aide, the District's Gap Aide declined, and there was an enrollment decline. This resulted in a significant reduction in formula calculated state aide. However, the State will guarantee funding at the FY 07 levels. This guarantee is extensive and ultimately, under the present formula, will most likely flat line projected State aide for the next several years.

As we move through this biennium, the governor communicated that the State will undergo a serious budgetary shortfall. However, we have been informed that the State funding deficit will not impact Keystone's state foundation funding. However, the new biennial budget effective for FY 2010 / FY 2011 will almost certainly have an affect on Keystone's financial strategy.

Locally, Keystone Local School District receives approximately 39% of its operating revenue from local property taxes. The community support for the schools has been good. In 2003 the community passed a \$ 17.5 million bond issue to build a new high school. Since our 8-mill levy expired in 2002, we have dropped to the 20-mill floor. Local valuation growth is largely driven by a county auditor reappraisal/update conducted every three years. On average, this would yield a 12-14% increase, for the District. However with the recent severe crisis in the mortgage market, and 80% of the District's local revenue being driven by residential / agricultural values, the outlook for similar valuation increases is questionable. In addition, a major source of local property taxes, personal tangible taxes, will be phased out beginning in FY 2011. At the bare minimum assessment of 20 mills, and with no state aide growth, the District will need to seek additional operating funds from its citizens and businesses to survive long term. The District has a clear and well defined plan to accomplish this task. We will be undergoing an extensive strategic planning initiative that will involve the community in establishing a common vision and direction for the District. This will ultimately lead to the need for the community to take a proactive interest in the funding for this plan and the future solvency of the District.

In summary, with the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative we continue to monitor the District forecast and stay true to the District operating budget. At the same time, we need to consider the needs of every student as the most important stakeholder in the sound financial management of Keystone Local School District.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Phillip D. Butto, IV, Treasurer/CFO, at Keystone Local School District, 301 Liberty Street, P. O. Box 65, LaGrange, Ohio 44050, or e-mail at keystn pb@leeca.org.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2007

Assets	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 5,673,933
Cash with fiscal agent	1,549,239
Accrued interest	33,876
Due from other governments	14,152
Inventories and supplies	7,462
Taxes receivable	7,167,241
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	521,816
Depreciable capital assets, net	19,703,425
Total assets	34,671,144
Liabilities	
Accounts and contracts payable	43,886
Retainage payable	3,048
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	1,093,749
Accrued interest payable	61,923
Due to other governments	359,085
Unearned revenue	5,651,382
Matured bond and interest payable	5,000
Long term liabilities	0,000
Due w ithin one year	808,978
Due in more than one year	17,070,179
Total liabilities	 25,097,230
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,949,750
Restricted for:	
Debt service	1,281,099
Capital projects	836,196
Extracurricular	10,942
State grants	90,046
Federal grants	25
Other purposes	6,957
Unrestricted	3,398,899
Total net assets	\$ 9,573,914

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense)		
	_	_	5	arges for Services	Int	ating Grants erest and	Gr	Capital ants and	C	venue and Changes in		
		xpenses	а	nd Sales	Coi	ntributions	Contributions			let Assets		
Governmental activities												
Instruction	_		_		_				_	/ <u>\</u>		
Regular	\$	6,588,597	\$	513,216	\$	11,000	\$	13,694	\$	(6,050,687)		
Special		1,233,663		-		167,819		-		(1,065,844)		
Vocational		97,379		-		-		-		(97,379)		
Other		67,102		-		-		-		(67,102)		
Supporting services												
Pupil		771,574		-		210,367		-		(561,207)		
Instructional staff		478,054		-		162,313		-		(315,741)		
Board of education		33,019		-		-		-		(33,019)		
Administration		1,009,418		-		20,000		-		(989,418)		
Fiscal services		362,847		-		6,010		-		(356,837)		
Operation and maintenance		1,333,631		-		-		3,000		(1,330,631)		
Pupil transportation		851,300		-		50,000		-		(801,300)		
Central services		219,552		-		5,513		-		(214,039)		
Operation of non-instructional services	S											
Food service operation		425,493		345,163		113,106		-		32,776		
Community services		83,740		-		93,653		-		9,913		
Latchkey operations		45,876		56,826		-		-		10,950		
Extracurricular activities		328,720		82,298		-		-		(246,422)		
Interest		793,879		-		-		-		(793,879)		
Totals	\$	14,723,844	\$	997,503	\$	839,781	\$	16,694	\$ ((12,869,866)		
	Gen	eral revenues	3									
	Prop	erty taxes lev	vied fo	r:								
	Ge	eneral purpos	е							4,954,642		
	De	ebt service								1,200,168		
	Ca	apital improver	ments							217,326		
	Gra	nts and entitle	ments	not restricte	d to spe	ecific purpose	es			7,726,248		
		stment earnin								414,223		
	Misc	ellaneous	Ū							35,647		
	Tota	ıl general reve	enues							14,548,254		
	Cha	nge in net ass	ets							1,678,388		
		assets at beg		of vear, rest	ated					7,895,526		
		assets at end	-	•					\$	9,573,914		
	50		. J. , O.							2,0.0,0.1		

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2007

		General	Debt Service		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Equity in pooled cash	\$	3,509,101	\$	1,054,353	\$	1,090,615	\$	5,654,069
Restricted cash	Ψ	3,309,101	φ	5,000	φ	1,090,013	φ	5,000
Receivables, net of allowance				0,000				0,000
Taxes, current		5,435,780		1,304,799		231,462		6,972,041
Taxes, delinquent		151,147		37,160		6,893		195,200
Accrued interest		32,772		-		1,104		33,876
Due from other governments		-,		_		14,152		14,152
Inventories and supplies		-		_		7,462		7,462
Total assets	\$	9,128,800	\$	2,401,312	\$	1,351,688	\$	12,881,800
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	28,855	\$	-	\$	15,031	\$	43,886
Retainage payable		-		-		3,048		3,048
Accrued wages and benefits		1,025,607		-		68,142		1,093,749
Due to other governments		332,844		-		26,241		359,085
Unearned revenue		4,574,665		1,090,450		201,849		5,866,964
Compensated absences		177,807		-		-		177,807
Matured bond and interest payable		-		5,000		-		5,000
Total liabilities		6,139,778		1,095,450		314,311		7,549,539
Fund balances								
Reserved for inventories and supplies		-		-		7,462		7,462
Reserved for property taxes		1,032,644		251,509		43,968		1,328,121
Reserved for encumbrances		166,049		-		225,182		391,231
Unreserved, reported in		4 700 000						4 700 200
General Fund		1,790,329		-		-		1,790,329
Special Revenue Funds		-		4.054.050		116,567		116,567
Debt Service Fund		-		1,054,353		644 400		1,054,353
Capital Projects Funds Total fund balances		2,989,022		1 305 962		644,198 1,037,377		644,198
TOTAL TUTIO DAIATICES		2,909,022		1,305,862		1,037,377		5,332,261
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,128,800	\$	2,401,312	\$	1,351,688	\$	12,881,800

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances	\$	5,332,261
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	ause	
Capital assets used in governmental activites are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.		20,225,241
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. These deferrals are attributed to delinquent property taxes.		215,582
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		1,564,103
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long term obligations, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(61,923)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences Bonds		(1,425,859) (16,275,491)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	9,573,914

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	G	eneral	Debt Service	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 4	1,895,732	\$ 1,184,748	\$	214,704	\$	6,295,184
Tuition and fees		377,456	-		-		377,456
Interest		285,859	-		58,240		344,099
Intergovernmental	7	7,552,762	149,437		880,524		8,582,723
Charges for services		-	-		334,798		334,798
Extracurricular		2,940	-		84,792		87,732
Other		193,329	-		39,835		233,164
Total revenues	13	3,308,078	1,334,185		1,612,893		16,255,156
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction							
Regular	(6,499,170	-		285,774		6,784,944
Special	•	1,095,151	-		167,642		1,262,793
Vocational		99,547	-		-		99,547
Other instruction		70,893	-		-		70,893
Supporting services							
Pupil		591,372	-		213,158		804,530
Instructional staff		336,751	-		164,872		501,623
Board of education		33,019	-		-		33,019
Administration		977,694	-		18,850		996,544
Fiscal services		356,182	24,289		-		380,471
Operation and maintenance	•	1,359,204	-		11,655		1,370,859
Pupil transportation		763,029	-		79,948		842,977
Central services		214,311	-		3,639		217,950
Operation of non-instructional service	es						
Food service operation		-	-		428,268		428,268
Community services		-	-		83,740		83,740
Latchkey operations		45,876	-		-		45,876
Extracurricular activities		246,506	-		72,373		318,879
Capital outlay		-	-		1,309,580		1,309,580
Debt service							
Principal		-	510,000		-		510,000
Interest		-	749,450		-		749,450
Total expenditures	12	2,688,705	 1,283,739		2,839,499		16,811,943
Net change in fund balances		619,373	50,446		(1,226,606)		(556,787)
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,369,649	 1,255,416		2,263,983		5,889,048
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2	2,989,022	\$ 1,305,862	\$	1,037,377	\$	5,332,261

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	(556,787)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlay 1,972,910 Depreciation expense (479,500) Total	1,493,410
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	97,334
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	464,509
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,062
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(451,319)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the	
govenmental activities.	630,179

Change in net assets of governmental activities

1,678,388

STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET BASIS (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts				Variance Favorable
	Original	Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 15,585,791	\$	15,560,759	\$	13,395,091	\$	(2,165,668)
Expenditures and other financing uses	 12,359,124		13,351,730		12,822,373		529,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources (uses)	3,226,667		2,209,029		572,718		(1,636,311)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,517,438		2,517,438		2,517,438		-
Prior year encumbrances	 212,863		212,863		212,863		<u> </u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,956,968	\$	4,939,330	\$	3,303,019	\$	(1,636,311)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2007

	Internal Service Fund - Self Insurance
Assets	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 19,864
Cash with fiscal agent	1,544,239
Total assets	1,564,103
Net assets Unrestricted	\$ 1,564,103

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Internal Service Fund - Self Insurance	
Operating revenues		
Charges for services	\$	1,617,848
Operating expenses		
Purchased services		81,741
Claims		955,670
Total operating expenses		1,037,411
Operating income		580,437
Non-operating revenue		
Interest		49,742
Increase in net assets		630,179
Net assets, beginning of year		933,924
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,564,103

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Internal
	Service Fund -
	Self Insurance
Cash flows from operating activites	
Cash received from interfund services	\$ 1,617,848
Cash payments for goods and services	(81,741)
Cash payments for claims	(1,305,630)
Net cash provided by operating activities	230,477
rior caeri promaca ay operaning activities	
Cash flow from investing activities	
Interest	49,742
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	280,219
not more date in each and each equivalence	200,210
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,283,884
Sacritaria sacrit squittaiorito, sognituri g or y sacr	1,200,001
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,564,103
Sacrifalia sacrif squiralorito, oria si year	Ψ 1,001,100
Decenciliation of anaroting income to not each	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities	
On another in a con-	Ф 500 40 7
Operating income	\$ 580,437
A divertise into	
Adjustments	(0.40,000)
Decrease in claims payable	(349,960)
Net and analysided by an autima activities	Ф 200 4 77
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 230,477

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND

JUNE 30, 2007

	-	Student Activities		
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash	\$	29,383		
Total assets		29,383		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		923		
Due to students		28,460		
Total liabilities	\$	29,383		

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Keystone Local School District (the District) was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education consisting of five members and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District. Average daily membership on, or as of, October 1, 2006 was 1,836. The District employs 101 certificated and 82 non-certificated employees.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and, 1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provided financial support to the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District is associated with the Lake Erie Educational Computer Association, the Lake Erie Regional Council (LERC), the Lorain County Joint Vocational School District, Ohio Schools Council Association, OASBO Worker's Compensation and Lake Erie Regional Employee Protection Plan (LEEP). These organizations and their relationships with the District are described in more detail in Notes 10 and 18 to these financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. FUND ACCOUNTING (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - the General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>- the Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long term debt principal, interest and related cost.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund focuses on the determination of the changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District's self insurance fund is classified as an internal service fund. The District has no enterprise funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in the total net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. BUDGETARY PROCESS

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate that were in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash received by the District is deposited in one central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained through District records. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily transferred to the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio) or other short term investments. Under existing Ohio statutes, interest earnings are allocated to funds based on average monthly cash balances. Interest income earned for the year ended June 30, 2007, totaled \$ 344,099.

Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The District has invested in the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio), money market funds treasury notes and federal agency securities during the year. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

G. <u>INVENTORY</u>

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when used.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20-25 years
Buildings	30-50 years
Building improvements	30-50 years
Furniture and equipment	7-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. INTERFUND BALANCES

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net assets.

K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit. The liability includes employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

L. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The government-wide statements of net assets reports \$2,225,265 of restricted net assets, of which \$2,117,295 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

N. FUND BALANCE RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

The District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for property taxes, inventories, and encumbrances.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

O. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of this fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting those definitions are reported as non-operating.

P. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The beginning balance of net assets has been restated to adjust the cost of capital assets and related accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2006. The restatement had the following effect on net assets:

	As Previously Reported June 30, 2006		Correction	Ju	Restated Balance ne 30, 2006
Capital assets, being depreciated Accumulated depreciation	\$	7,262,088 (3,144,401)	\$ (101,295) (2,551,174)	\$	7,160,793 (5,695,575)
	\$	4,117,687	\$ (2,652,469)	\$	1,465,218

These corrections decreased net assets by \$ 2,652,469 from \$ 10,547,995 to \$ 7,895,526.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4- COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

Not apparent in the basic financial statements are deficit fund balances in the Title VI B fund and the Title I fund of \$7,532 and \$8,714, respectively. The General Fund is liable for deficits in the funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances, resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget Basis (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis statements are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis). Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance General Fund

	(General		
Budget basis	\$	572,718		
Adjustments, increase				
(decrease)				
Revenue accruals		(87,013)		
Expenditure accruals		133,668		
GAAP basis, as reported	\$	619,373		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances (if authorized by the Board of Education), and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

A. <u>LEGAL REQUIREMENTS</u> (continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the District had \$ 100 in cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash".

B. **DEPOSITS**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$5,136,406 and the bank balance was \$3,801,658. Of the bank balance, \$397,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,404,658 was uninsured. Of the remaining balance, \$3,404,658 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department not in the District's name.

C. INVESTMENTS

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Weighted		
	Average		
	Maturities Years	F	air Value
FHLB	* .914	\$	749,754
FHLMC	* .049		139,461
FNMA	* 1.364		199,984
FFCB	* .479		300,000
Money Market Fund	n/a		15,705
Investment in State Treasurer's investment Pool	n/a		711,145
		\$	2,116,049

^{*} The securities have various call dates. The District believes no securities will be called.

D. INTEREST RATE RISK

The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date.

.524

E. CREDIT RISK

The District follows the Ohio Revised Code that limits its investment choices. As of June 30, 2007, the District's investments in FHLB, FFBC, FNMA, Money Market Funds and StarOhio were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

F. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Portfolio weighted average maturity

The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2007 represent the collection of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes for 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2007 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2006, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 88 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty –five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent for true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out. This will be reduced to 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30. This year, the June 2007 tangible personal property settlement was not received until July 2007.

The District receives property taxes from Lorain County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007/2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007, was \$ 1,032,644 in the General Fund, \$ 251,509 in the Debt Service Fund and \$ 43,968 in the Capital Projects Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections			2007 First Half Collections			
		Amount	%		Amount	%	
Agricultural/Residential	\$	206,892,610	85.86	\$	237,740,130	87.25	
Commercial / Industrial		16,350,240	6.78		18,183,050	6.67	
Public Utilities		47,980	0.02		12,065,090	4.43	
Tangible Personal Property		17,696,687	7.34		4,535,488	1.66	
Total Assessed Value	\$	240,987,517	100.00	\$	272,523,758	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of							
assessed valuation	_	52.66		_	49.91		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007, consisted of property taxes, amounts due from other governments, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered substantially collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year

A summary of the principal items due from other governments follows:

	Α	mount
Governmental Activities		
Non-major funds		
Food service	\$	14,152
Total due from other governments	\$	14,152

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2006	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities				<u> </u>
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 521,816	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 521,816
Construction in progress	16,744,797	-	16,744,797	-
Total nondepreciable capital assets	17,266,613		16,744,797	521,816
Depreciable capital assets				
Land improvements	421,158	1,747,397	-	2,168,555
Buildings and improvements	5,605,407	16,644,323	-	22,249,730
Furniture and equipment	184,270	222,898	-	407,168
Vehicles	949,958	103,089	26,411	1,026,636
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,160,793	18,717,707	26,411	25,852,089
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	356,866	51,489	-	408,355
Buildings and improvements	4,467,004	340,883	-	4,807,887
Furniture and equipment	114,456	24,146	-	138,602
Vehicles	757,249	62,982	26,411	793,820
Total accumulated depreciation	5,695,575	479,500	26,411	6,148,664
Depreciable capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	1,465,218	18,238,207		19,703,425
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,731,831	\$ 18,238,207	\$ 16,744,797	\$ 20,225,241

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	
Regular	\$ 386,085
Special	670
Supporting services	
Instructional staff	1,675
Operation and maintenance of plant	19,220
Pupil transportation	64,333
Central services	1,602
Operation of non-instructional services	
Food service operation	3,165
Extracurricular activities	2,750
Total depreciation expense	\$ 479,500

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. PROPERTY AND LIABILITY

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the District contracted with Ohio School Council Association for insurance. General and professional liability has a \$3,000,000 aggregate limit for each. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past several years. Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company maintains performance bonds of \$20,000 for the Superintendent and the Board President, and a \$25,000 performance bond for the Treasurer.

B. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selected criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc., provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

C. EMPLOYEE MEDICAL BENEFITS

For fiscal year June 30, 2007, the District contracted with the Lake Erie Regional Employee Protection Plan (LEEP) to provide employee health and medical benefits. LEEP operated as a claims-servicing pool through June 30, 2007. Rates were set through an annual calculation process. Monthly contributions were placed in a common fund from which claim payments were made for all participating school districts. Claims were paid for all participants regardless of claims flow or individual account balance.

As of July 1, 2007, LEEP discontinued as a claims-servicing pool and began operating as an insurance purchasing pool. Any unpaid claims liability as of June 30, 2007 are to be paid by the insurance purchasing pool. Accordingly, at June 30, 2007, there were no claims liability required to be reported based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10.

Changes in the balance of claims liability during the year ended June 30, 2007 are summarized below:

	Ju	June 30, 2007		ne 30, 2006
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	349,960	\$	327,744
Incurred claims		955,670		1,312,638
Claims payments		(1,305,630)		(1,290,422)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	\$ -		349,960

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS)

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853 or by visiting the SERS website at ohsers.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.60 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$245,300, \$184,646, and \$245,300, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006 and 2005. For 2007, \$109,700 (44.7%) has been contributed with the remainder being reflected as a Due from other governments.

B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (STRS OHIO)

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO (STRS OHIO) (continued)

The District's contribution to STRS Ohio for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$768,000, \$806,101, and \$883,600, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006 and 2005. For 2007, \$618,900 (81%) has been contributed with the remainder being reported as a liability within the respective funds.

C. SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, five members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$59,100 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007, the balance in the Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$265,558,000 and STRS Ohio had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 and 3.42 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$85,771.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158,751,207. At June 30, 2006, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. SERS has 59,492 participants eligible to receive health care benefits.

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The original issue date, interest rate, original issue amount and date of maturity of the District's bonds payable follows:

	Original	Maturity	Interest	Original
	Issue Date	Date	Rate	Issue Amount
General obligation bonds				_
School Improvement	2004	2030	4.84%	\$ 17,225,000
Capital appreciation bonds	2004	2013	5.65%	\$ 135,000
Capital appreciation bonds	2004	2014	5.57%	\$ 140,000

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Outstanding June 30, 2006	Additions	Retired	Outstanding June 30, 2007	Amounts Due In One Year
School improvement bonds	\$ 16,465,000	\$ -	\$ 510,000	\$ 15,955,000	\$ 605,000
Capital appreciation bonds	275,000	-	-	275,000	-
Accretion on capital					
appreciation bonds	-	45,491	-	45,491	-
Compensated absences	1,002,717	677,631	76,682	1,603,666	203,978
	\$ 17,742,717	\$ 723,122	\$ 586,682	\$ 17,879,157	\$ 808,978

The bonds payable will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund. The compensated absences will be repaid from the General Fund.

During 2007, the Board of Education adopted the PARS 403(b) Supplementary Retirement Plan (the Plan) for those employees that meet the plan's eligibility requirements, as stated in the Plan. Each person who meets these eligibility requirements will receive \$50,000. Beginning July of the year of retirement, payment will be made in five equal installments into the eligible participant's 403(b) annuity contract held at Pacific Life Insurance Company. At June 30, 2007, the District's liability for the retirement incentive plan was \$250,000. This liability is recorded as part of compensated absences in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

The following is a description of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable:

Year ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2008	\$ 605,000		\$	735,512	\$ 1,340,512	
2009	645,000			718,275	1,363,275	
2010	690,000			697,388	1,387,388	
2011	805,000			670,074	1,475,074	
2012	145,000			651,438	796,438	
2013-2017	1,050,000			3,394,500	4,444,500	
2018-2022	2,480,000			2,792,500	5,272,500	
2023-2027	4,410,000			1,945,250	6,355,250	
2028-2031	5,400,000	_		570,250	5,970,250	
	\$ 16,230,000		\$	12,175,187	\$28,405,187	

NOTE 16 - OPERATING LEASES

The District is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the District's statement of net assets. During 2007, expenditures for operating leases totaled \$62,232.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2007.

	Year ending		
	June 30,	Д	mount
•	2008	\$	62,231
Total minimum lease payments		\$	62,231

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks and capital improvements during fiscal year 2007.

				Capital
	-	Textbook	Ma	aintenance
Balance, July 1, 2006	\$	(815,248)	\$	-
Required set aside		269,915		269,915
Offset credits		-		-
Qualifying expenditures		(326,417)		(364,899)
Totals	\$	(871,750)	\$	(94,984)
Carry forward at June 30, 2007	\$	(871,750)	\$	

Expenditures and offset credits for textbooks and capital maintenance during the year were \$ 326,417 and \$ 364,899, respectively, which exceeded the required set-aside and the reserve balance. Textbook expenditures have exceeded statutory requirements by \$ 871,750 which may be used to offset future years' set aside requirements.

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital maintenance set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. LAKE ERIE EDUCATIONAL COMPUTER ASSOCIATION

The Lake Erie Educational Computer Association (LEECA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of thirty school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to provide data processing services for accounting, administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports LEECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software packages utilized. The LEECA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent.

LEECA is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the LEECA assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, which serves as fiscal agent, located at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the District paid approximately \$70,200 to LEECA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

B. LAKE ERIE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS (LERC)

The Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC) is a jointly governed organization among seventeen districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of promoting cooperative agreements and activities among its members in dealing with problems of mutual concern such as a media center, gas consumption, and insurance. Each member provided operating resources to LERC on a perpupil or actual usage charge, except for insurance.

The LERC assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the fiscal agent. A board of directors chosen from the general membership governs LERC. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County located at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the District paid approximately \$ 1,347,100 to LERC.

C. LORAIN COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Lorain County Joint Vocational School District is a jointly governed organization. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of providing vocational and special education needs of the students. The Lorain County Joint Vocational School Board is comprised of representatives from each participating school district and is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and financing related activities.

The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Lorain County Joint Vocational School District located at 15181 State Route 58, Oberlin, Ohio 44074.

D. OHIO SCHOOLS COUNCIL ASSOCIATION

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 102 school districts. The organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2007, the District paid \$147,100 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David A. Cottrell, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio, 44131.

The District participates in the Council's electric purchase program which was implemented during fiscal year 2005. This program allows school districts to purchase electricity at reduced rates, if the districts will commit to participating in either a thirty-six month or a forty-four month program ending December 31, 2008. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage that was determined when the program was established. Each September these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year and any necessary adjustments are made.

Energy Acquisition Corp., a non-profit corporation with a self-appointing board, issued \$ 246,355,000,000 in bonds and on the same date an electricity prepayment of \$241,685,363 covering the period through December 2008 was made by Energy Acquisition Corporation II on behalf of the Ohio School Districts to the supplier, First Energy, Inc.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2007.

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SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Distribution	n/a	10.550	\$0	\$20,414	\$0	\$20,414
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster	048165 P4 07	10.555	81,591 81,591	0	81,591 81,591	0
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		-	81,591	20,414	81,591	20,414
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	048165 C1 S1 07	84.010	140,211 140,211	0	147,759 147,759	0
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	048165 6B SF 06	84.027	0		25,736	
Total Special Education Cluster	048165 6B SF 07	84.027	399,339 399,339	0	373,359 399,095	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	048165 DR S1 06 048165 DR S1 07	84.186 84.186	- 5,513		13 5,513	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Gran			5,513	0	5,526	0
State Grants for Innovative Programs Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	048165 C2 S1 07	84.298	2,632 2,632	0	2,632 2,632	0
Education Technology - State Grants	048165 TJ S1 06 048165 TJ S1 07	84.318 84.318	0 1,459		2,426 1,459	
Total Education Technology - State Grants		•	1,459	0	3,885	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	048165 TR S1 06 048165 TR S1 07	84.367 84.367	8,972 47,190		8,972 26,183	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			56,162	0	35,155	0
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		-	605,316	0	594,052	0
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through the Ohio Department of Mental Retardation an Developmental Disabilities	d					
Medical Assistance Program - Community Alternative Fund System (Medicaid)	n/a	93.778	6,810	0	0	0
Total U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	ES		6,810	0	0	0
TOTAL ALL FEDERAL FUNDS		=	\$693,717	\$20,414	\$675,643	\$20,414

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

NOTE C – NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE D - COMMUNITY ALTERNATIVE FUND SYSTEM (CAFS)

The cash received for the CAFS Program (CFDA 93.778) represents a reimbursement for expenditures made in prior years.

CFDA – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

N/A – Not Applicable



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Keystone Local School District Lorain County 201 Liberty Street, PO Box 65 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Keystone Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 28, 2008, in which we noted the District restated the July 1, 2006 net assets of the governmental activities due to an overstatement of capital assets. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more than inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2007-001.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Keystone Local School District Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiency described above, we believe finding number 2007-001 is also a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated July 28, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

July 28, 2008





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Keystone Local School District Lorain County 201 Liberty Street, PO Box 65 LaGrange, Ohio 44050

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Keystone Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Keystone Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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Keystone Local School District Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more than inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

July 28, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education – Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) – CFDA 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Financial Reporting - Significant Deficiency/Material Weakness

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Treasurer and the Board of Education and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

The following audit adjustments were made to the financial statements, and where applicable, to the District's accounting records:

- Adjusted taxes receivable in the Governmental Activities, General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Remaining Fund Information by \$789,659, \$599,902, \$144,710, and \$25,527, respectively, for homestead and rollback amounts that were originally recorded as part of the receivable that should have reduced the receivable and the deferred revenue.
- Adjusted capital assets, net of depreciation, by \$1,123,558 for amounts exceeding the capital asset threshold that were expensed rather than capitalized.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007 (CONTINUED)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Financial Reporting - Significant Deficiency/Material Weakness (Continued)

The lack of controls over the posting of year-end financial transactions and financial reporting can result in errors and irregularities that may go undetected and decreases the reliability of financial data at year-end.

We recommend the District adopt policies and procedures for controls over recording of year-end financial transactions and over financial reporting to help ensure the information accurately reflects the activity of the District and thereby increasing the reliability of the financial data at year-end. Although the District has contracted with a third party to perform their GAAP conversion, the District's management needs to review the financial statements to be sure all items are being properly recorded.

Official's Response:

The district will work closely with its third party vendor in the preparation of year end financial statements. Once a draft of the statements is prepared the district Treasurer will review the statements for any apparent irregularities. These two areas in particular will be monitored next year to be sure they are properly reported.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

KEYSTONE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 7, 2008