



MAPLEWOOD CAREER CENTER PORTAGE COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Maplewood Career Center Portage County 7075 State Route 88 Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maplewood Career Center, Portage County, Ohio (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maplewood Career Center, Portage County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2008, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Maplewood Career Center Portage County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 24, 2008

Maplewood Career Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

It is a privilege to present to you the financial picture of the Maplewood Career Center. This discussion and analysis of the Center's financial performance provides an overall review of the Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the 2007 fiscal year are as follows:

- In total net assets increased by \$3,466,597 or 19.28 percent.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,163,210 in revenues or 84.89 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,165,452 or 15.11 percent of total revenues.
- Of the \$12,163,210 in general revenues, \$6,632,186 or 54.53 percent was derived from local tax revenue, \$4,509,981 or 37.08 percent from state revenue, \$955,714 or 7.86 percent from investment earnings and \$65,329 or .53 percent from miscellaneous revenue.
- The Center had \$10,862,065 in expenses related to governmental activities. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,163,210 and program revenue of \$2,165,452 were adequate to provide for these programs. Governmental activities expenses consumed 89.30 percent of general revenues in fiscal year 2007.
- The Center's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.
- The Center's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 14) reported a combined fund balance of \$18,445,843, an increase of \$3,061,396 from fiscal year 2006.

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Center's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Center, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Center's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Center as a whole, the *financial position* of the Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some not. Non-financial factors include the Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, the Center's performance, required educational programs, demographic and socioeconomic factors, the willingness of the community to support the Center and other factors.

Reporting the Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Center's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Center's major fund. The Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Center's most significant fund. The Center's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the Center's activities are reported in governmental funds that focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the *modified accrual* accounting method that measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The Center as a Whole

You may recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Center as a whole. Table 1 provides a comparison of the Center's Net Assets for fiscal year 2007 compared to 2006:

Table 1

Net Assets

	Government		
	2007	2006	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$26,056,066	\$22,979,762	\$3,076,304
Capital Assets, Net	3,796,444	3,285,599	510,845
Total Assets	29,852,510	26,265,361	3,587,149
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	7,181,679	7,156,598	25,081
Long-term Liabilities			
Due within one Year	72,110	75,616	(3,506)
Due in More than one Year	1,151,298	1,052,321	98,977
Total Liabilities	8,405,087	8,284,535	120,552
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets	3,796,444	3,285,599	510,845
Restricted for:			
Set Asides	223,527	239,792	(16,265)
Food Service Operations	41,782	32,609	9,173
Adult Basic Education	22,690	25,980	(3,290)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	4,269	4,828	(559)
Other Purposes	3,865	14,566	(10,701)
Unrestricted	17,354,846	14,377,452	2,977,394
Total Net Assets	\$21,447,423	\$17,980,826	\$3,466,597

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the Center has improved as evidenced by the increase in net assets of \$3,466,597. Current and Other Assets increased significantly from \$22,979,762 in 2006 to \$26,056,066 in 2007. The majority of this increase is due to Cash and Cash Equivalents increasing by \$3,170,184 from 2006 to 2007 which is a direct result or revenues exceeding expenses within the fiscal year.

Maplewood Career Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2007.

	Table 2nange in Net Assetsvernmental Activities		
	2007	2006	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$709,386	\$617,927	\$91,459
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,456,066	1,656,053	(199,987)
Total Program Revenues	2,165,452	2,273,980	(108,528)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	6,632,186	6,823,090	(190,904)
Intergovernmental	4,509,981	4,055,119	454,862
Investment Earnings	955,714	404,273	551,441
Miscellaneous	65,329	132,669	(67,340)
Total General Revenues	12,163,210	11,415,151	748,059
Total Revenues	14,328,662	13,689,131	639,531
Program Expenses Instruction: Regular Vocational Adult/Continuing Support Services: Pupil Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation	1,591,909 4,163,285 124,065 1,014,421 529,920 61,903 796,633 507,037 225,239 1,146,614 28,873	1,528,516 $4,271,540$ $127,743$ $976,371$ $507,645$ $76,666$ $754,274$ $503,127$ $203,028$ $1,216,154$ $28,065$	63,393 (108,255) (3,678) 38,050 22,275 (14,763) 42,359 3,910 22,211 (69,540) 808
Central	363,060	343,999	19,061
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	28,612	12,022	16,590
Operation of Food Services	259,774	237,580	22,194
Extracurricular Activities	20,720	23,426	(2,706)
Total Program Expenses	10,862,065	10,810,156	51,909
Change in Net Assets	3,466,597	2,878,975	587,622
Net Assets Beginning of Year	17,980,826	15,101,851	2,878,975
Net Assets End of Year	\$21,447,423	\$17,980,826	\$3,466,597

Maplewood Career Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the Center's governmental activities increased by \$3,466,597 in fiscal year 2007. Program revenues of \$2,165,452 and general revenues of \$12,163,210 offset total governmental expenses of \$10,862,065. Program revenues supported 19.94 percent of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for the Center are derived from property taxes and state foundation payments. These two revenue sources represent 77.76 percent of the total revenue. Property taxes, alone, represent 46.29 percent of revenues. The remaining 53.71 percent of revenue is from program revenues, state foundation, interest, and miscellaneous local sources.

A state law, enacted in 1976, does not allow for tax revenue increases caused by inflationary growth of real property. Increases in valuation prompt corresponding annual reductions in the "effective millage," the tax rates applied to real property. The Center operates on voted millage of 4 mills. The reduced or effective millage in fiscal year 2007 was 2.8566 mills for Residential/Agricultural property and 3.1938 mills for other property. The following table illustrates the rate of growth in property values in the past ten years which has positively impacted the Center:

Year	Portage	Summit	Total	Growth	
 Ending	County	County	Valuation	Rate	_
 2007	\$2,310,725,427	\$76,099,634	\$2,386,825,061	7.40	%
2006	2,137,086,710	85,363,185	2,222,449,895	0.38	
2005	2,122,585,194	91,553,938	2,214,139,132	3.77	
2004	2,048,432,563	85,331,750	2,133,764,313	11.00	
2003	1,837,968,775	84,259,994	1,922,228,769	3.28	
2002	1,783,566,161	77,688,190	1,861,254,351	4.31	
2001	1,710,388,183	74,016,987	1,784,405,170	16.02	
2000	1,461,444,912	76,559,342	1,538,004,254	3.47	
1999	1,418,035,869	68,413,512	1,486,449,381	3.19	
1998	1,373,978,796	66,469,461	1,440,448,257	14.38	

The average rate of growth over the last 10 years is 6.72 percent.

In recent years, support from the State in terms of foundation increases, the implementation of weighted funding for special education students and career-tech students, and ADM funding for career technical students has combined to increase the financial condition of the Center. State support for educational programs has averaged an increase of 2.3 percent over the last three years. This increase is largely due to the change in the method of funding provided for career-technical students from unit funding to average daily membership funding, the weighted funding for special education and career-tech students, and increased enrollment at the Center.

Many of the expenses remained fairly constant in comparison between 2006 and 2007. However, the vocational instruction expense did decrease significantly due mostly to the elimination of one vocational teacher by changing a two-teacher program to a one-teacher program and by replacing a resigning vocational instructor with an instructor paid less on the salary schedule.

Program revenues covered 19.94 percent of program expenses overall. The remaining 80.06 percent is supported through tax revenues and other general revenues. In fiscal year 2007, however, revenues totaled 131.91 percent of expenses resulting in an increase in net assets of \$3,466,597.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Table 3 Total and Net Cost of Program Services Governmental Activities				
	Total Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2006
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$1,591,909	\$1,528,516	\$1,513,288	\$1,350,039
Vocational	4,163,285	4,271,540	3,064,139	3,388,056
Adult/Continuing	124,065	127,743	20,139	10,527
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,014,421	976,371	842,390	736,910
Instructional Staff	529,920	507,645	384,689	340,701
Board of Education	61,903	76,666	61,036	67,935
Administration	796,633	754,274	622,026	545,324
Fiscal	507,037	503,127	478,870	438,533
Business	225,239	203,028	222,007	179,470
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,146,614	1,216,154	1,127,316	1,074,594
Pupil Transportation	28,873	28,065	28,669	26,471
Central	363,060	343,999	293,287	293,867
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	28,612	12,022	28,331	9,352
Operation of Food Services	259,774	237,580	488	53,689
Extracurricular Activities	20,720	23,426	9,938	20,708
Total	\$10,862,065	\$10,810,156	\$8,696,613	\$8,536,176

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for the governmental activities is crucial. 61.06 percent of expenses are directly supported by local property taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support 41.52 percent while program revenues, investments and other miscellaneous types of revenues support the remaining activity costs.

The Center's Funds

The Center's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 14) reported a combined fund balance of \$18,445,843, an increase of \$3,061,396 from fiscal year 2006.

General Fund

The general fund balance increased by \$3,056,142 in fiscal year 2007. The increase in fund balance can be attributed primarily to passage of a replacement levy and a continued pattern of revenues exceeding expenditures. The fund balance now exceeds one and a half years of expenditures.

Budgeting Highlights

The Center's appropriations are prepared according to Ohio law and are based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. In fiscal year 2007 all funds were appropriated at the fund level.

In fiscal year 2007, the Center adopted its appropriations prior to October 1, 2006 and amended those appropriations several times prior to fiscal year end. For the general fund, final amended estimated revenues, including other financing sources, were \$12,725,097, a decrease of \$229,331 under the original estimate. Total final estimated revenues were less than original estimated revenues due mostly to a decline in state foundation revenues due to a decrease in estimated enrollment.

General fund original appropriations, including other financing uses, of \$11,965,950 were increased by \$7,510,000 in the final appropriation measure of \$19,475,950. The Center's budget for instruction totaled 28.23 percent of general fund final appropriations; support services 25.39 percent; operation of noninstructional services 0.11 percent; extracurricular activities 0.20 percent; capital outlay 44.48 percent; and transfers/advances 1.59 percent. The capital outlay was planned for remodeling of the existing buildings, building a 25,000 square foot addition, a new bus loop, new drainage, and a new storage building. Final appropriations for capital outlay exceeded actual expenditures by \$3.6 million. This difference was due to the Center appropriating for the entirety of the projects and by fiscal year end, not all of the construction had been completed. Also contributing to the difference was that actual expenditures were coming in under architects' estimated costs on which final appropriations were budgeted.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the Center had \$3,796,444 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006.

Capital	Assets at June 30	
(Net of Accu	umulated Depreciation)	
	Governme	ntal
	Activitie	s
	2007	2006
Land	\$281,479	\$281,479
Construction in Progress	559,110	0
Buildings and Improvements	1,679,358	1,820,958
Furniture, Fixtures		
and Equipment	1,172,707	1,067,370
Vehicles	103,790	115,792
Total Capital Assets	\$3,796,444	\$3,285,599

Table 4 Capital Assets at June 30

Capital Assets net of depreciation increased by \$510,845, overall. The increase was mainly due to construction in progress on a 25,000 square foot building addition.

Maplewood Career Center Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The Center's capitalization threshold for capital assets was set at \$5,000. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2007 the Center had no outstanding bonded long-term debt. The long-term liabilities listed in Table 1 are those accumulated for compensated absences. For additional information on long-term obligations, see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

Challenges and Opportunities

The vision of the Maplewood Career Center is to prepare learners to be productive, responsible, and successful members of society. Through progressive curriculum and dynamic hands-on learning, Maplewood Career Center challenges each student to develop lifelong skills that relate to the leadership and teamwork necessary in their future careers and community roles. Maplewood Career Center establishes a relationship with staff, students, parents and community businesses that allows all learners to reach their full potential.

The mission of the Maplewood Career Center is to prepare all students to meet, to the best of their abilities, the career/technical, academic, social, cultural, current and future needs of the community. The mission will be accomplished by creating a safe learning environment that emphasizes the lifelong skills and knowledge necessary to continue learning, communicate clearly, solve problems, use information and technology effectively, enjoy productive employment, appreciate aesthetics, and meet their obligations as citizens in a democratic and global society.

The adult education program shall assist individuals and companies in their efforts to develop leadership, build new skills, upgrade skills, keep abreast of technological developments and to develop competencies in areas of need and workforce development and personal interest.

In order to meet the goals mentioned above, it is imperative that the Center's management and staff continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources and education required to meet student needs over the next several years.

The Center has achieved a large measure of financial stability and forecasts a continuation of that stability throughout the five years of the required forecast period. Administrators and staff are cognizant of the vulnerability of this stability and the Board of Education and administrators continue to closely monitor both revenues and expenses. The Treasurer continues to prepare annually monthly cash flow estimates in order to ascertain that actual revenues meet or exceed estimated revenues and actual expenditures do not exceed appropriations.

Contacting the Center's Financial Management Personnel

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Center's finances and to show the Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Michelle Seckman, Treasurer, Maplewood Career Center, 7075 State Route 88, Ravenna, Ohio 44266. You may also contact the Treasurer by phone at (330) 296-2892, extension 112, or by e-mail at seckmanmi@mwood.cc.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$18,941,635
Accounts Receivable	4,445
Intergovernmental Receivable	99,267
Prepaid Items	3,362
Materials and Supplies Inventory	565
Inventory Held for Resale	4,724
Property Taxes Receivable	7,002,068
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	840,589
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	2,955,855
Total Assets	29,852,510
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	86,064
Accrued Wages Payable	694,204
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	21,928
Vacation Benefits Payable	45,748
Intergovernmental Payable	140,925
Retainage Payable	10,819
Deferred Revenue	6,181,991
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	72,110
Due In More Than One Year	1,151,298
Total Liabilities	8,405,087
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets	3,796,444
Restricted for:	
Set Asides	223,527
Food Service Operations	41,782
Adult Basic Education	22,690
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	4,269
Other Purposes	3,865
Unrestricted	17,354,846
Total Net Assets	\$21,447,423

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets Charges for **Operating Grants** Governmental Services and Contributions Activities Expenses **Governmental Activities:** Instruction: \$53,968 Regular \$1,591,909 \$24,653 (\$1,513,288) Vocational 314,437 784,709 4,163,285 (3,064,139) Adult/Continuing 124,065 5,710 98,216 (20, 139)Support Services: Pupil 1,014,421 29,494 142,537 (842,390) Instructional Staff 529,920 21,946 123,285 (384,689) Board of Education 61,903 867 (61,036) 0 Administration 796,633 113,391 61,216 (622,026) Fiscal 507,037 6,893 21,274 (478,870) 3,232 Business 225,239 0 (222,007) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,146,614 18,044 1,254 (1,127,316) Pupil Transportation 28,873 204 0 (28,669) Central 363,060 5,035 64,738 (293,287) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 28,612 281 0 (28,331) Operation of Food Services 259,774 164,902 94,384 (488) Extracurricular Activities 20,720 297 10,485 (9,938) Totals \$10,862,065 \$709,386 \$1,456,066 (8,696,613)

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for	
General Purposes	6,632,186
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	4,509,981
Investment Earnings	955,714
Miscellaneous	65,329
Total General Revenues	12,163,210
Change in Net Assets	3,466,597
Net Assets Beginning of Year	17,980,826
Net Assets End of Year	\$21,447,423

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and			
Cash Equivalents	\$18,337,925	\$380,183	\$18,718,108
Restricted Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and			
Cash Equivalents	223,527	0	223,527
Accounts Receivable	4,124	321	4,445
Interfund Receivable	308,648	0	308,648
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	99,267	99,267
Prepaid Items	3,362	0	3,362
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	565	565
Inventory Held for Resale	0	4,724	4,724
Taxes Receivable	7,002,068	0	7,002,068
Total Assets	\$25,879,654	\$485,060	\$26,364,714
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$67,085	\$18,979	\$86,064
Accrued Wages Payable	633,207	60,997	694,204
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	21,928	0	21,928
Intergovernmental Payable	114,519	26,406	140,925
Retainage Payable	10,819	0	10,819
Interfund Payable	0	308,648	308,648
Deferred Revenue	6,641,428	14,855	6,656,283
Total Liabilities	7,488,986	429,885	7,918,871
Fund Balances			
Reserved for Encumbrances	4,591,276	71,193	4,662,469
Reserved for Capital Improvements	165	0	165
Reserved for Property Taxes	360,640	0	360,640
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	223,362	0	223,362
Unreserved:			
Designated for Severance Payments	306,580	0	306,580
Undesignated, Reported in:	12 000 645	0	12 000 645
General Fund	12,908,645	0	12,908,645
Special Revenue Funds (Deficit)	0	(16,018)	(16,018)
Total Fund Balances	18,390,668	55,175	18,445,843
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$25,879,654	\$485,060	\$26,364,714

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2007

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$18,445,843
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,796,444
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:Property Taxes459,437Intergovernmental14,855	
Total	474,292
Vacation benefits payable is a contractually required benefit not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	(45,748)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated Absences	(1,223,408)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$21,447,423

Maplewood Career Center Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$6,626,598	\$0	\$6,626,598
Intergovernmental	5,182,091	782,727	5,964,818
Interest	952,001	3,713	955,714
Tuition and Fees	105,924	302,142	408,066
Rentals	18,793	0	18,793
Contributions and Donations	897	0	897
Charges for Services	8,519	274,008	282,527
Miscellaneous	29,797	35,532	65,329
Total Revenues	12,924,620	1,398,122	14,322,742
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:	1 450 144	57 070	1 517 102
Regular	1,459,144	57,979	1,517,123
Vocational	3,469,658	485,062	3,954,720
Adult/Continuing	0	112,845	112,845
Support Services:	706 842	162 297	050 120
Pupil	796,842	162,287	959,129
Instructional Staff	360,708	118,740	479,448
Board of Education	59,295	0	59,295
Administration	589,338	165,426	754,764
Fiscal	463,043	23,178	486,221
Business	209,255	0	209,255
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,207,169	1,708 0	1,208,877
Pupil Transportation	13,940		13,940
Central	338,440	11,928 0	350,368
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Operation of Food Services	19,224 0	-	19,224
Extracurricular Activities		255,784 0	255,784
Capital Outlay	20,325	8,213	20,325 860,028
Capital Outlay	851,815	6,215	800,028
Total Expenditures	9,858,196	1,403,150	11,261,346
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,066,424	(5,028)	3,061,396
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	10.202	10.202
Transfers In	0	10,282	10,282
Transfers Out	(10,282)	0	(10,282)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,282)	10,282	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,056,142	5,254	3,061,396
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	15,334,526	49,921	15,384,447
Fund Balances End of Year	\$18,390,668	\$55,175	\$18,445,843

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$3,061,396
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay 997,550	
Depreciation (425,361)	
Total	572,189
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(61,344)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Taxes 5,588	
Intergovernmental 332	
Total	5,920
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (95,471) Vacation Benefits Payable (16,093)	
Total	(111,564)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$3,466,597

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,615,161	\$6,631,555	\$6,746,371	\$114,816
Intergovernmental	5,436,323	5,260,023	5,182,091	(77,932)
Interest	465,000	465,000	791,275	326,275
Tuition and Fees	81,500	82,065	104,006	21,941
Rentals	14,500	15,300	20,473	5,173
Contributions and Donations	700	700	897	197
Charges for Services	10,300	10,300	8,519	(1,781)
Miscellaneous	97,770	19,000	30,297	11,297
Total Revenues	12,721,254	12,483,943	12,883,929	399,986
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,513,869	1,534,172	1,468,098	66,074
Vocational	3,966,481	3,963,182	3,561,282	401,900
Support Services:				
Pupil	842,888	855,602	812,132	43,470
Instructional Staff	392,207	392,371	363,421	28,950
Board of Education	81,734	81,734	70,719	11,015
Administration	698,752	695,976	595,946	100,030
Fiscal	672,268	672,268	546,323	125,945
Business	236,585	236,585	209,793	26,792
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,542,273	1,577,273	1,359,882	217,391
Pupil Transportation	18,043	18,043	17,170	873
Central	411,057	414,990	357,944	57,046
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	21,075	22,050	19,574	2,476
Extracurricular Activities	34,445	38,106	20,515	17,591
Capital Outlay	1,234,273	8,663,598	5,106,345	3,557,253
Total Expenditures	11,665,950	19,165,950	14,509,144	4,656,806
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,055,304	(6,682,007)	(1,625,215)	5,056,792
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	233,174	241,154	241,154	0
Advances Out	(300,000)	(310,000)	(308,648)	1,352
Transfers Out	0	0	(10,282)	(10,282)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(66,826)	(68,846)	(77,776)	(8,930)
Net Change in Fund Balance	988,478	(6,750,853)	(1,702,991)	5,047,862
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	15,119,459	15,119,459	15,119,459	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	556,019	556,019	556,019	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$16,663,956	\$8,924,625	\$13,972,487	\$5,047,862

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$41,534	\$29,613
Liabilities		
Due to Students		\$29,613
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$41,534	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Scholarship
Additions	
Contributions and Donations	\$3,583
Interest	1,613
Miscellaneous	6,770
Total Additions	11,966
Deductions	
Scholarships Awarded	20,382
Change in Net Assets	(8,416)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	49,950
Net Assets End of Year	\$41,534

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Note 1 - Description of the Center and Reporting Entity

The Maplewood Career Center (the "Center") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Center is a joint vocational center as defined by Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Center operates under a Board of Education consisting of eleven members appointed for three year terms. Each Board member is elected in their home district and then appointed to the Center's board. The Center provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines to the following School Districts: Crestwood Local School District, Field Local School District, James A. Garfield Local School District, Southeast Local School District, Streetsboro City School District, Waterloo Local School District, and Windham Exempted Village School District. Each of these school districts has one board member on the Center's Board of Education, except for Ravenna City School District which has two members. The Center employs 74 certified employees and 29 non-certified employees who provide services to 654 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The Center is considered to be a stand-alone government because it is a legally separate entity but does not have an elected board. The reporting entity is composed of the stand-alone government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The stand-alone government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Center. For Maplewood, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service, and student related activities of the Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Center is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Center in that the Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Maplewood Career Center.

The Center participates in a jointly governed organization and two public entity risk pools. These organizations are the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology, the Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, and the Portage Area School Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Center have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the Center's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Center that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The Center, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Center, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Center.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the Center segregates transactions related to certain Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Center are grouped into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the Center's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Center account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Center's own programs. The Center's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Center's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Center are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, interest, tuition and student fees.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Center is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Center's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, and STAROhio. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

By Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$952,001, which includes \$15,698 assigned from other Center funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Center are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

G. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization and unspent resources restricted for capital improvements. See Note 14 for additional information regarding set-asides.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

I. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the Center are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The Center does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	10-15 years

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Center records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Center's past experience of making termination payments.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have resigned or retired will be paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. None of the Center's restricted net assets are restricted by enabling legislation. Net

assets restricted for other purposes include uniform school supply programs, public school support programs, school net professional development programs, miscellaneous state grant programs, Title V grant programs, and improving teacher quality programs.

The Center applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The Center reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, capital improvements, property taxes and budget stabilization.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents monies required to be set aside by State statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

Fund balance designations have been established for severance payments. The Board intends for this portion of fund balance to be used for the payments of accrued vacation and sick leave upon employee termination or retirement.

O. Internal Activity

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2007, included the following individual fund deficits:

Special Revenue Funds:	
Uniform School Supplies	\$2,955
Rotary Special Services	31,069
Vocational Education	5,892
Title V	1

The special revenue fund deficit balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the Center is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Investments reported at cost (budget basis) rather than fair value (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

GAAP Basis	\$3,056,142
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	120,035
Advances In	241,154
Beginning Fair Value Adjustment for Investments	(233,450)
Ending Fair Value Adjustment for Investments	72,724
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	10,741
Advances Out	(308,648)
Encumbrances	(4,661,689)
Budget Basis	(\$1,702,991)

Net Change in Fund Balance

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Career Center treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Career Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Center can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Center will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the Center's bank balance of \$4,669,500 had \$4,558,051 that was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the Center to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The Center has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Center or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

		Investr	ent Maturities (in Years)		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-2	2-3	
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	\$3,937,178	\$1,006,556	\$2,930,622	\$0	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	2,429,172	1,409,407	1,019,765	0	
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	5,010,172	3,004,883	995,167	1,010,122	
STAROhio	3,354,659	3,354,659	0	0	
Total Investments	\$14,731,181	\$8,775,505	\$4,945,554	\$1,010,122	

All investments are in an internal investment pool. As of June 30, 2007, the Center had the following investments:

Interest Rate Risk. The Center has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Center, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. To date, no investments have been purchased with a life greater than three years.

Credit Risk. The Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes and Federal Home Loan Bank Notes carry a rating of Aaa by Moody's. STAROhio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Center has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Center will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, and the Federal Home Loan Bank Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Center's name. The Center has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Center places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the Center's allocation as of June 30, 2007:

Investment Issuer	Percentage of Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	26.73 %
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	16.49
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	34.01
STAROhio	22.77

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the Center. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2007 is 12.5 percent. This will be reduced to 6.25 percent in 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the Center prior to June 30.

The Center receives property taxes from Portage and Summit Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the Center its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance in the general fund was \$360,640 at June 30, 2007, and \$480,413 at June 30, 2006.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$1,977,591,220	88.98 %	\$2,219,222,390	92.98 %
Public Utility Personal	75,190,860	3.38	72,014,900	3.02
Tangible Personal Property	169,667,815	7.64	95,587,771	4.00
Total	\$2,222,449,895	100.00 %	\$2,386,825,061	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$4.00	,	\$4.00	

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2007, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition), and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Food Service	\$7,627
Adult Education	14,855
Miscellaneous State Grants	1,300
Vocational Education	20,030
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	55,455
Total	\$99,267

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/06	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/07
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$281,479	\$0	\$0	\$281,479
Construction in progress	0	559,110	0	559,110
Total capital assets not being depreciated	281,479	559,110	0	840,589
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	7,290,427	44,900	0	7,335,327
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,034,923	393,540	(204,357)	2,224,106
Vehicles	281,985	0	0	281,985
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,607,335	438,440	(204,357)	9,841,418
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(5,469,469)	(186,500)	0	(5,655,969)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(967,553)	(226,859)	143,013	(1,051,399)
Vehicles	(166,193)	(12,002)	0	(178,195)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,603,215)	(425,361) *	143,013	(6,885,563)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,004,120	13,079	(61,344)	2,955,855
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$3,285,599	\$572,189	(\$61,344)	\$3,796,444

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$47,504
Vocational	266,093
Adult/Continuing	8,849
Support Services:	
Pupil	10,949
Instructional Staff	22,455
Board of Education	1,425
Administration	7,923
Fiscal	2,933
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	22,201
Pupil Transportation	14,381
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,841
Operation of Food Services	11,807
Total Depreciation Expense	\$425,361

Note 9 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The Center maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with a private carrier, Indiana Insurance, for liability coverage. Real property, building contents and vehicles are also maintained with Indiana Insurance; however, the Center makes the payment through the Portage Area School Consortium Property and Casualty Pool (the "Pool"). See Note 16 for more information on the Pool.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2007, the Center participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The Center is a member of the Portage Area School Consortium Health and Welfare Insurance Pool (the Consortium), a shared risk pool (See Note 16), through which a cooperative Health Benefit Program was created for the benefit of its members. The Health Benefit Program (the Program) is an employee health benefit plan which covers the participating members' employees. The Consortium acts as a fiscal agent for the cash funds paid into the program by the participating School Districts. These funds are pooled together for the purposes of paying health benefit claims of employees and their covered dependents, administrative

expenses of the program and premiums for stop-loss insurance coverage. A reserve exists which is to cover any unpaid claims if the Center were to withdraw from the pool. If the reserve would not cover such claims, the Center would be liable for any costs above the reserve.

Note 10 - Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-ofliving adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statue Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current Center rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$127,110, \$123,653, and \$127,146, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2007, 2006 and 2005.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$586,985, \$584,937, and \$563,078, respectively; 85.45 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$13,495 made by the School District and \$34,374 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teacher Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teacher Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Center's liability is 6.20 percent of wages paid.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

The Center provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System, (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the Center, this amount equaled \$45,153 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006, (the latest information available), the balance in the Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2006, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$282,743,000 and STRS had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.42 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay has been established as \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the Center, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$56,836.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2006, (the latest information available), were \$158,751,207. At June 30, 2006, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. SERS has 59,492 participants eligible to receive benefits.

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators earn ten to twenty five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Classified employees' vacation that is accrued in one fiscal year must be used by the end of the following fiscal year. Administrators may accrue a maximum of ten days of vacation time from one year to the next. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service. This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to certified and classified employees upon retirement is limited to fifty percent of accumulated sick days not to exceed 170 days. The total maximum payment is for 85 days.

Note 13 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the Center's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2007 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding			Amount Outstanding	Amount Due in
	06/30/06	Additions	Reductions	06/30/07	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$1,157,592	\$113,376	\$47,560	\$1,223,408	\$72,110

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

The Center's overall legal debt margin was \$214,814,255 with an unvoted debt margin of \$2,386,825 at June 30, 2007.

Note 14 - Set-Asides

The Center is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the Center was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. At June 30, 2007, only the unspent portion of certain workers' compensation refunds continues to be set aside.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Budget Stabilization Reserve	Capital Improvements Reserve	Textbook Instructional Materials Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$223,362	\$16,430	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	0	109,753	109,753
Qualifying Disbursements	0	(126,018)	(226,566)
Totals	\$223,362	\$165	(\$116,813)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$223,362	\$165	(\$116,813)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$223,362	\$165	\$0

The Center had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount below zero. This extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years. The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$223,527.

Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organization

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology

The Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the School District. NEONET is a jointly governed organization among eighteen school districts, two career centers, and the Summit County Educational Service Center. The Summit County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Board of Directors consists of member district superintendents and treasurers. The manager/director is a permanent, non-voting member of the board of directors. Each school district's control is limited to its

Maplewood Career Center

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

representation on the board. The Board of Directors exercise total control over the operations of the association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All association revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. The Career Center does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility in NEONET. During the current fiscal year, the Career Center made \$22,920 in payments to NEONET. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Summit County Educational Service Center, 420 Washington Avenue, Suite 200, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

Note 16 - Insurance Purchasing Pools

A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The Center participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating Centers pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Portage Area School Consortium

The Portage Area School Consortium (the Consortium) is a regional council of governments established pursuant to Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code, consisting of various school districts in the Portage County, Ohio area. The Consortium is a stand alone entity, comprised of two stand-alone Pools; the Portage Area School Consortium Property and Casualty Pool and the Portage Area School Consortium Health and Welfare Insurance Pool. These Pools were established by the Consortium on August 5th, 1988 to provide property and casualty risk management services and risk sharing to its members. The Pools were established as local government risk pools under Section 1744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code and are not subject to federal tax filing requirements.

The Ohio Revised Code Section 167.04 requires the Consortium to adopt bylaws designating the officers of the Consortium and their method of selection, creating a governing body to act for the Consortium, appointing a fiscal officer, and providing for the conduct of the Consortium's business. The Assembly is the legislative and managerial body of the Consortium. The Assembly is composed of representation of the member schools. The member school's governing body appoints one representative to the Consortium (usually the superintendent or designee). In the case of a member that is a school district, that representative shall be an executive appointed by the board of education. The Assembly serves without compensation.

Note 17 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The Center received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Center at June 30, 2007.

B. Litigation

The Center is not party to any legal proceedings.

Note 18 - Interfund Balances

A. Interfund Balances

	Interfund Receivable
Interfund Payable	General
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Uniform School Supplies	\$15,000
Rotary Special Services	160,000
Adult Education	10,000
Miscellaneous State Grants	1,300
Adult Basic Education	4,015
Vocational Education	41,725
Title V	901
Drug Free School Grant	1,083
Improving Teacher Quality	6,305
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	68,319
Total	\$308,648

Interfund receivables and payables are due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies and monies collected for some programs received by various funds. The general fund provides money to operate the programs until grants and other monies are received and the advances can be repaid.

B. Interfund Transfers

Transfers at June 30, 2007 were minimal with the general fund transferring \$3,844 to the uniform school supply special revenue fund and \$6,438 to the adult education special revenue fund for a total transfer amount of \$10,282. The transfers were to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Note 19 – Subsequent Event

On August 28, 2007, bid packages were advertised to contractors to build a new storage building for the Center. On October 18, 2007, contracts were awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Contracts were awarded as follows:

Bid Package	Contractor	Contract Amount
General Trades	Intec Building Systems, Inc.	\$533,700
Plumbing	R.T. Hampton Plumbing & Heating, Inc.	31,315
Heating, Ventilation,		
and Air Conditioning	Thompson Mechanical, Inc.	41,900
Electrical	Kozma Electric, Inc.	44,450
	Total	\$651,365

The total contract amount of \$651,365 that was awarded was \$4,650 over the cost of \$646,715 estimated by the Career Center prior to the bidding. The new storage building is expected to be completed by August, 2008.

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MAPLEWOOD CAREER CENTER PORTAGE COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Distribution Program		10.550		\$23,071		\$21,875
Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster	051391-05UP-2007 051391-LLP4-2007	10.553 10.555	\$10,976 <u>58,202</u> 69,178		\$10,976 58,202 69,178	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			69,178	23,071	69,178	21,875
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct From the US Department of Education						
REAP- Rural Education Achievement Program	S358A065872	84.358			53,319	
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Adult Education- State Grant Program	051391-ABS1-2007 051391-ABS1-2005C 051391-ABS2-2007 051391-ABS2-2006 051391-ABSL-2007 051391-ABSL-2006	84.002	93,115 5,798 41,655 4,668 13,901		112,777 5,798 33,668 3,547 12,716 2,887	
Total Adult Education - State Grant Program	051391-ABSL-2006C		<u>2,830</u> 161,967		4,412 175,805	
Vocational Education	051391-20C1-2007	84.048	31,945		28,036	
Total Vocation Education	051391-20C1-2006		258,780 290,725		248,825 276,861	
Drug Free School Grant Title IV	051391-DRS1-2007	84.186	1,203		1,199	
Innovative Educational Program	051391-C2S1-2007	84.298	901		1,160	
Total Innovation Education Program	051391-C2S1-2006		901		<u>259</u> 1,419	·
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II)	051391-TRS1-2007	84.367	6,162		6,616	
Total Improving Teaching Quality State Grant (Title II)	051391-TRS1-2006		6,162		<u> </u>	
Family Literacy	Thru Portage County	84.314			1,404	
Total Department of Education			460,958		517,178	·
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Passed Through Workforce Department Agency (WDA):						
Workforce Investment Act - Youth	Thru GAPP Inc.	17.259	8,296		9,277	
Total U.S. Department of Labor			8,296		9,277	
Totals			\$538,432	\$23,071	\$595,633	\$21,875

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

MAPLEWOOD CAREER CENTER PORTAGE COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A — SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Maplewood Career Center's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B— CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C— FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the Center to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D — MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the Center contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The Center has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Maplewood Career Center Portage County 7075 State Route 88 Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maplewood Career Center, Portage County, (the Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Center's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 24, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Maplewood Career Center Portage County 7075 State Route 88 Ravenna, Ohio 44266

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Maplewood Career Center, Portage County (the Center) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Center's major federal program. The Center's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Center's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Center's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Maplewood Career Center complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

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Page 2

A *control deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Center's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the Center's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 24, 2008

MAPLEWOOD CAREER CENTER PORTAGE COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Adult Education – State Grant Program CFDA # 84.002
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number

N/A-No finding is reported

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number

N/A-No finding is reported





MAPLEWOOD CAREER CENTER

PORTAGE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 13, 2008

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