Scioto County

Single Audit

July 1, 2006 Through June 30, 2007

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2007

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC. 528 South West Street, P.O. Box 687 Piketon, Ohio 45661

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Scioto County Joint Vocational School District 951 Vern Riffe Drive Lucasville, Ohio 45648

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, Scioto County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Scioto County Joint Vocational School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 6, 2008

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Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District (the School District), Scioto County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Adult Education Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2008, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

February 28, 2008

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Scioto County Joint Vocational School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2007 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$67,592.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,506,658 or 53% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$4,828,101 or 47% of total revenues of \$10,334,759.
- The School District had \$10,267,167 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,828,101 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions. General revenues of \$5,506,658 were adequate to offset the remaining \$5,439,066 cost for these programs.
- The School District has four major funds; the General Fund, the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund, the Adult Education Special Revenue Funds, and the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$14,731,222 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$12,244,999. The most significant change in fund balance was in the Classroom Facilities Fund primarily due to transfers in from the Permanent Improvement Fund.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes in to account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

• In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, most of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Classroom Facilities Fund, Adult Education Fund, and the Permanent Improvement Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed shortterm view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006.

Table 1 Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
	2007	2006*			
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$24,327,354	\$24,600,734			
Capital Assets, Net	4,959,065	4,073,084			
Total Assets	29,286,419	28,673,818			
Liabilities					
Current and Other Liabilities	3,836,032	3,399,260			
Long-Term Liabilites	4,055,325	3,947,088			
Total Liabilities	7,891,357	7,346,348			
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital Assets					
Net of Debt	4,507,935	3,155,561			
Restricted	12,780,711	16,506,170			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	4,106,416	1,665,739			
Total Net Assets	\$21,395,062	\$21,327,470			

* As Restated - See Note 20

Total net assets of the District as a whole increased \$67,592. Most of this increase was mainly due to increases in capital grants and contributions, which increased cash. The increase to capital assets and the increase to current and other liabilities are due to addition of construction in progress for the renovations to the school in the amount of \$1,047,383 during the fiscal year, and contracts payable amount of \$447,274 related to this construction project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Table 2

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities		
	2007	2006*		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 1,314,191	\$ 1,536,501		
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,006,351	1,993,439		
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,507,559	924,089		
Total Program Revenues	4,828,101	4,454,029		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes	2,556,323	2,539,473		
Grants and Entitlements	2,230,638	13,565,763		
Investment Earnings	576,154	280,716		
Miscellaneous	143,543	99,819		
Total General Revenues	5,506,658	16,485,771		
Total Revenues	10,334,759	20,939,800		
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Special	159,490	89,979		
Vocational	6,020,490	5,733,132		
Support Services:				
Pupils	481,274	421,992		
Instructional Staff	531,951	419,882		
Board of Education	19,321	18,690		
Administration	1,298,696	1,315,615		
Fiscal	371,653	366,285		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	892,338	733,685		
Pupil Transportation	12,564	15,934		
Central	127,012	238,305		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	333,136	317,413		
Extracurricular Activities	16,754	28,856		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,488	4,840		
Total Expenses	10,267,167	9,704,608		
Increase in Net As sets	67,592	11,235,192		
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	21,327,470	10,092,278		
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 21,395,062	\$ 21,327,470		

* As Restated - See Note 20

The decrease in grants and entitlements resulted in the recognition of revenue in the prior year relating to the Ohio Classroom Facilities funding for the construction and renovation project on the school. The decrease in unrestricted grants and entitlements was due to an Ohio Schools Facilities Commission project starting in 2006. Vocational expense went up due to an increase in costs due to the renovation of office space for temporary administrative offices.

Governmental Activities

Charges for services and sales comprised 13 percent of revenue for governmental activities, while operating grants and contributions comprised 19 percent of revenue for governmental activities of School District for fiscal year 2007. Grants and entitlements comprised 22 percent of revenue for governmental activities, while property taxes comprised 25 percent of revenue for governmental activities.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, instruction is emphasized. Vocational instruction comprised 59 percent of governmental program expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Services of Services		Net Cost of Services 2006*
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Special	\$ 159,490	\$ 152,964	\$ 89,979	\$ (77,535)
Vocational	6,020,490	4,209,617	5,733,132	3,779,856
Support Services:				
Pupils	481,274	316,739	421,992	260,154
Instructional Staff	531,951	402,115	419,882	308,308
Board of Education	19,321	18,514	18,690	18,168
Administration	1,298,696	693,067	1,315,615	714,538
Fiscal	371,653	(1,150,414)	366,285	(375,634)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	892,338	774,348	733,685	526,111
Pupil Transportation	12,564	12,139	15,934	15,560
Central	127,012	101,303	238,305	94,432
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	333,136	(62,670)	317,413	(46,134)
Extracurricular Activities	16,754	(31,040)	28,856	28,050
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,488	2,384	4,840	4,705
Total	\$10,267,167	\$ 5,439,066	\$9,704,608	\$ 5,250,579

Table 3 Governmental Activities

* As Restated - See Note 20

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund had \$6,240,760 in revenues and other financing sources and \$6,293,708 in expenditures and other financing uses resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$52,948. The Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund had \$725,691 in revenues and \$1,177,825 in expenditures and other financing uses resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$452,134. The Adult Education Fund had \$1,804,682 in revenues and \$1,880,365 in expenditures resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$75,683. The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund had \$4,249,288 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,488,778 in expenditures resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$2,760,510.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2007, there were several revisions to the General Fund budget. In part, these revisions increased estimated resources by \$388,228 and increased appropriations by \$176,076. The Treasurer has been given the authority by the Board of Education to make line item adjustments within the budget. The General fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$4,664,045.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the School District had \$4,959,065 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and textbooks. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2007 balances compared to 2006.

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2007	2006			
Land	\$ 33,852	\$ 33,852			
Construction in Progress	1,047,383	-			
Buildings and Improvements	2,441,080	2,612,248			
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,253,446	1,215,504			
Vehicles	80,874	85,277			
Library and Textbooks	102,430	126,203			
Totals	\$ 4,959,065	\$ 4,073,084			

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions in construction in progress and equipment, disposals and depreciation.

Debt

At June 30, 2007, the School District had a construction loan outstanding of \$175,200 and an equipment loan outstanding of \$112,400 and capital lease obligations of \$3,166,613. For additional information on debt, see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brett Butler, Treasurer at Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, PO Box 766, Lucasville, Ohio 45648.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

A	G	overnmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,950,986
Accounts Receivable	Φ	295,920
Intergovernmental Receivable		8,746,495
Property Taxes Receivable		3,159,118
Restricted Assets:		5,159,110
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents		174,835
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		1,081,235
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		3,877,830
Depreciació Capital Misseus, Mer		5,011,050
Total Assets		29,286,419
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		1,799
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		547,812
Contracts Payable		447,274
Deferred Revenue		2,768,493
Intergovernmental Payable		70,654
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		204,437
Due In More Than One Year		3,850,888
Total Liabilities		7,891,357
Net Assets		4 507 025
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:		4,507,935
		12 474 504
Capital Projects Debt Service		12,474,504
		174,835 131,372
Other Purposes Unrestricted		,
Unitsultieu		4,106,416
Total Net Assets	\$	21,395,062

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Europaga	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	Expenses	and Sales	and Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Instruction:					
Special	\$ 159,490	\$ 161	\$ 6,365	s -	\$ (152,964)
Vocational	6,020,490	666,765	1,144,108	Ψ -	(4,209,617)
Support Services:	0,020,190	000,705	1,111,100		(1,20),017)
Pupils	481,274	60,823	103,712	-	(316,739)
Instructional Staff	531,951	45,481	84,355	-	(402,115)
Board of Education	19,321	20	787	-	(18,514)
Administration	1,298,696	231,564	374,065	-	(693,067)
Fiscal	371,653	540	13,968	1,507,559	1,150,414
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	892,338	34,759	83,231	-	(774,348)
Pupil Transportation	12,564	10	415	_	(12,139)
Central	127,012	8,648	17,061	_	(101,303)
Operation of Non-Instructional	127,012	0,040	17,001		(101,505)
Services	333,136	218,305	177,501	_	62,670
Extracurricular Activities	16,754	47,112	682	_	31,040
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,488	3	101		(2,384)
Totals	\$ 10,267,167	\$ 1,314,191	\$ 2,006,351	\$ 1,507,559	\$ (5,439,066)
	General Reven Property Taxes I General Purpo Permanent Im Grants and Entit	Levied for: oses	icted		1,968,273 588,050
	to Specific				2,230,638
	Investment Earn				576,154
	Miscellaneous	6			143,543
	Total General R	levenues			5,506,658
	Change in Net A	Issets			67,592
	Net Assets Begin	nning of Year - As	Restated - See Note 20		21,327,470
	Net Assets End	of Year			\$21,395,062

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

	General	Permanent Improvement	Classroom Facilities	Adult Education	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	¢ 4 (00 225	¢ 1.052.079	¢ 5 2 4 7 20 (¢ 10.145	* 22.922	¢ 11 050 000
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 4,699,335	\$ 1,953,278	\$ 5,247,396	\$ 18,145	\$ 32,832	\$11,950,986
Property Taxes	2,445,454	713,664	_	_	_	3,159,118
Accounts	2,445,454	/15,004	_	295,106		295,920
Interfund	139,848	-	-		-	139,848
Intergovernmental	-	-	8,633,843	15,882	96,770	8,746,495
Restricted Assets:			-,,	,	, ,,, , ,	.,,,
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents					174,835	174,835
Total Assets	\$ 7,285,451	\$ 2,666,942	\$13,881,239	\$ 329,133	\$ 304,437	\$24,467,202
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,799	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,799
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	504,104	-	-	24,601	19,107	547,812
Interfund Payable	-	-	-	12,041	127,807	139,848
Contracts Payable	-	743	446,531	-	-	447,274
Intergovernmental Payable	53,134	-	-	13,745	3,775	70,654
Deferred Revenue	2,324,301	676,657	6,951,194		4,217	9,956,369
Total Liabilities	2,883,338	677,400	7,397,725	50,387	154,906	11,163,756
Fund Balances						
Reserved for Encumbrances	51,925	21,765	839,160	14,012	10,125	936,987
Reserved for Property Taxes	121,153	37,007	-	-	-	158,160
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:						
General Fund	4,229,035	-	-	-	-	4,229,035
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	264,734	(35,429)	229,305
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	-	174,835	174,835
Capital Projects Funds		1,930,770	5,644,354			7,575,124
Total Fund Balances	4,402,113	1,989,542	6,483,514	278,746	149,531	13,303,446
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,285,451	\$ 2,666,942	\$13,881,239	\$ 329,133	\$ 304,437	\$24,467,202

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2007

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 13,303,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,959,065
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental	232,465 6,955,411	
Total		7,187,876
Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds, capital lease obligations, and the long-term portion of compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Loans	(287,600)	
Compensated Absences	(601,112)	
Capital Lease Obligations	(3,166,613)	
Total		 (4,055,325)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 21,395,062

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues	General	Permanent Improvement	Classroom Facilities	Adult Education	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 1,912,168	\$ 576,190	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,488,358
Intergovernmental	3,926,802	³ 570,190 72,786	3,117,422	615,687	1,276,191	9,008,888
Investment Earnings	290,710	71,049	203,345		11,050	576,154
Charges for Services	6,575	/1,019	205,515	22,440	77,919	106,934
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-	1,160,162	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,160,162
Extracurricular Activities	47,095	-	-		-	47,095
Gifts and Donations	1,300	-	-	-	1,000	2,300
Miscellaneous	54,718	5,666	44,250	6,393	30,216	141,243
Total Revenues	6,239,368	725,691	3,365,017	1,804,682	1,396,376	13,531,134
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special	150,306	-	-	-	-	150,306
Vocational	3,468,857	-	-	1,148,332	673,405	5,290,594
Support Services:						
Pupils	292,820	-	-	74,406	89,724	456,950
Instructional Staff	383,687	-	-	2,814	122,241	508,742
Board of Education	19,321	-	-	-	-	19,321
Administration	648,875	-	-	588,961	58,060	1,295,896
Fiscal	330,219	14,849	16,882	-	540	362,490
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	782,797	-	-	39,745	54,460	877,002
Pupil Transportation	10,184	-	-	-	-	10,184
Central	101,766	-	-	26,107	7,780	135,653
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	-	-	-	-	327,313	327,313
Extracurricular Activities	16,754	-	-	-	-	16,754
Capital Outlay	1,809	33,070	1,471,896	-	-	1,506,775
Debt Service:						
Principal	15,035	-	-	-	70,800	85,835
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,488					2,488
Total Expenditures	6,224,918	47,919	1,488,778	1,880,365	1,404,323	11,046,303
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	14,450	677,772	1,876,239	(75,683)	(7,947)	2,484,831
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,392	-	-	-	-	1,392
Transfers In	-	-	884,271	-	314,425	1,198,696
Transfers Out	(68,790)	(1,129,906)			-	(1,198,696)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(67,398)	(1,129,906)	884,271		314,425	1,392
Net Change in Fund Balances	(52,948)	(452,134)	2,760,510	(75,683)	306,478	2,486,223
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	4,455,061	2,441,676	3,723,004	354,429	(156,947)	10,817,223
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 4,402,113	\$ 1,989,542	\$ 6,483,514	\$ 278,746	\$ 149,531	\$ 13,303,446

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,486,223
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. 	890,500
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. These are the amounts of the proceeds from the sale of capital assets and the loss on the disposal of fixed assets. Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Total(1,392) (3,127)	(4,519)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes67,965Taxes67,965Intergovernmental Total(3,264,340)	(3,196,375)
Repayment of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	70,800
Repayment of capital leases obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	15,035
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in Compensated Absences (194,072)	
Total	 (194,072)
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 67,592

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Fir	riance with 1al Budget: Positive
	Ori	Original Budget Final Budg		nal Budget	 Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	6,821,521 6,960,515	\$	7,209,749 7,136,591	\$ 6,855,028 6,768,350	\$	(354,721) 368,241
Net Change in Fund Balance		(138,994)		73,158	86,678		13,520
Fund Balance, July 1, 2006		4,521,090		4,521,090	4,521,090		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		56,290		56,290	 56,290		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2007	\$	4,438,386	\$	4,650,538	\$ 4,664,058	\$	13,520

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Adult Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget:		
	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual		Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	2,439,734 2,286,661	\$	2,650,245 2,457,456	\$	2,170,544 2,268,482	\$	(479,701) 188,974
Net Change in Fund Balance		153,073		192,789		(97,938)		(290,727)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2006		77,691		77,691		77,691		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		24,380		24,380		24,380		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2007	\$	255,144	\$	294,860	\$	4,133	\$	(290,727)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007

	Agency Funds	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,600
Total Assets		14,600
Liabilities		
Undistributed Monies		14,600
Total Liabilities	\$	14,600

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Scioto County Joint Vocational School (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1971 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves the entire Scioto County area. It is located in Lucasville, Ohio. It is staffed by 25 non-certificated employees, 64 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 10 administrative employees who provide services to 430 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 3 instructional buildings and 1 garage.

Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three organizations, of which two are defined as jointly governed organizations and two as insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, Ohio School Plan and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District's functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The Permanent Improvement Fund is used to account for the all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements.

Adult Education Fund

The Adult Education Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and noncredit classes to the community.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The Classroom Facilities Fund is provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the school district and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School Districts own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The District's only agency funds are those used to account for student-managed activities.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-Major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 6.) Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fee and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2007.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the School District for all funds in the normal course of operations for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. On the fund financial statements encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in the budgetary statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

The District maintains a sinking fund for repayment of a lease-purchase agreement and this amount is reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents" on the financial statements.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives; Land Improvements - 5 years, Buildings and Improvements - 50 years, furniture, fixtures, and equipment (FF & E) - 8-20 years, vehicles - 10-15 years and library and textbooks - 5-15 years.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Of the District's \$12,780,711 restricted net assets, none is restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances and property taxes. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriations under State statute.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the other governmental funds represent cash held with an escrow agent held for future lease payments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY & COMPLIANCE

At June 30, 2007, Miscellaneous State Grant, Vocational Education, Chapter 2, Drug Free Schools, and Miscellaneous Federal Grant Special Revenue Funds had deficit fund balances of \$1,135, \$22,263, \$1,953, \$2,479, and \$4 respectively. Deficits were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (B), the School District had expenditures which exceeded appropriations at 10/31/06 in Fund 003 Permanent Improvement by \$956,020.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36, the School District had appropriations which exceeded available revenue (actual receipts + beginning unencumbered fund balance) at 6/30/07 in Fund 012 Adult Education by \$209,221.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund, and Adult Education Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Adult Education Special Revenue Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General		Adult Education		
GAAP Basis	\$	(52,948)	\$	(75,683)	
Revenue Accruals		614,268		365,862	
Expenditure Accruals		(422,717)		(374,105)	
Encumbrances		(51,925)		(14,012)	
Budget Basis	\$	86,678	\$	(97,938)	

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be either evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio; and
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's total average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand At year end, the School District had \$160 in undeposited cash on had which is included on the basic financial statements of the School District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency of instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2007, the School District's bank balance of \$4,510,225 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

			Investment Maturities (in years)					
	Carrying/Fair Value		Less than 1		1-2		3-5	
Repurchase Agreement Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Nat'l Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$	4,750,000 1,275,455 396,235 944,727	\$	4,750,000 499,845 - -	\$	- 499,530 148,500 497,490	\$	276,080 247,735 447,237
Total Fair Value	\$	7,366,417	\$	5,249,845	\$	1,145,520	\$	971,052

Investments As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments:

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District limits their investments to Repurchase Agreements and U.S. Government Securities/instrumentalities. The Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage securities are all rated AAA by Standard & Poors and Aaa by Moody's.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy allows investments in Repurchase Agreements, Certificates of Deposit or within financial institutions within the State of Ohio as designated by the Federal Reserve Board. The District has invested 17% of its investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, 5% in Federal National Mortgage Association, 13% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage, and 65% in a repurchase agreement.

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District, other than the District's repurchase agreements which are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2007. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations.

The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007, was \$121,153 in the General Fund and \$37,007 in the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

2006 Second-2007 First-Half Collections Half Collections Percent Percent Amount Amount Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate 718,352,420 82.13% \$ 720,357,520 83.13% \$ Public Utility 77,414,060 8.85% 86,187,680 9.95% Tangible Personal Property 78,900,564 9.02% 60,045,280 6.93% Total Assessed Value 874,667,044 100.00% 866,590,480 100.00% \$ Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation \$ 5.37 \$ 5.37

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007, consisted of property taxes and accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Major Funds

Classroom Facilities	\$ 8,633,843
Adult Education Fund	15,882
Non-major Funds	
Miscellaneous Federal Grant	4,217
Improving Teacher Quality	1,413
Vocational Ed Amendment of 1968	91,140
Total Non-major Funds	 96,770
Total All Funds	\$ 8,746,495

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	6/30/2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2007 Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 33,852		\$ -	\$ 33,852
Construction in Progress	-	1,047,383	-	1,047,383
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	33,852	1,047,383	-	1,081,235
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	567,834	-	_	567,834
Buildings & Improvements	3,810,965	-	-	3,810,965
FF & E	3,521,784	134,498	(31,720)	3,624,562
Vehicles	107,200		-	107,200
Library and Textbooks	292,612	-	-	292,612
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,300,395	134,498	(31,720)	8,403,173
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(567,834)	-	-	(567,834)
Buildings & Improvements	(1,198,717)	(171,168)	-	(1,369,885)
FF&E	(2,306,280)	(92,037)	27,201	(2,371,116)
Vehicles	(21,923)	(4,403)	-	(26,326)
Library and Textbooks	(166,409)	(23,773)	-	(190,182)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,261,163)	(291,381)	27,201	(4,525,343)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	4,039,232	(156,883)	(4,519)	3,877,830
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,073,084	\$ 890,500	\$ (4,519)	\$ 4,959,065

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Vocational	\$ 263,338
Support Services:	
Pupils	2,411
Instructional Staff	644
Administration	4,803
Fiscal	3,460
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	8,522
Pupil Transportation	2,380
Operation fo Non-Instructional Services	5,823
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 291,381

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each participating school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. Coverages provided by OSP were as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost	
(\$25,000 deductible)	\$20,262,550
Boiler and Machinery (\$25,000 deductible)	No limit
Automobile Liability (\$250 deductible)	100,000
General Liability	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
General Aggregate	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year. See Note 14 for more information in the OSP.

For fiscal year 2007, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Grating Program (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the Plan.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling fund" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The school districts apply for participation each year. The firm of Gates McDonald and Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity risk pool (Note 15), consisting of school districts within the county offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the Scioto County Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the School District's behalf.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS's Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$110,261, \$141,433, and \$105,408, respectively; 71% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$31,679 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Options – Effective July 1, 2001, two new plan options were offered to selected members. New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent. For fiscal year 2007, 13% was the portion allocated to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$491,642, \$446,305, and \$474,304, respectively; 92% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100% for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$38,975 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$37,732 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2006, the most recent year available, the balance in the Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the most recent year available, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$282,743,000 and STRS had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2007 fiscal year equaled \$51,975.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the latest year available, were \$158,751,207 and the target level was \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006, the most recent year available, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. SERS has approximately 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 160 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for thirty percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 48 days for classified employees and 48 days for certified employees.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Scioto County JVS Construction Loan - On July 6, 2004, Scioto County Joint Vocational School District signed a loan agreement in the amount of \$219,000 for the purpose of assisting construction costs of workforce education facilities. The loan was issued for a fifteen year period with the final payment during fiscal year 2019. The debt will be retired from property taxes.

Scioto County JVS Equipment Loan - On July 6, 2004, Scioto County Joint Vocational School District signed a loan agreement in the amount of \$281,000 for the purpose of assisting with the purchase of workforce education equipment. The loan was issued for a five year period with the final payment during fiscal year 2009. The debt will be retired from property taxes.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/06 *	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/07	Due in One Year
Construction Loan 2004 0%	\$ 189,800	\$ -	\$ 14,600	\$ 175,200	\$ 14,600
Equipment Loan 2004 0%	168,600		56,200	112,400	56,200
Total Long-Term Loans	358,400	-	70,800	287,600	70,800
Capital Leases	3,181,648	-	15,035	3,166,613	16,613
Compensated Absences	407,040	601,112	407,040	601,112	117,024
Total General Long- Term Obligations	\$ 3,947,088	\$ 601,112	\$ 492,875	\$ 4,055,325	\$ 204,437

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2007 were as follows:

*Restated - See Note 20

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation debt at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30,	I	Principal	Inte	erest	 Total
2008	\$	70,800	\$	-	\$ 70,800
2009		70,800		-	70,800
2010		14,600		-	14,600
2011		14,600		-	14,600
2012		14,600		-	14,600
2013-2017		73,000		-	73,000
2018-2021		29,200		-	29,200
Total	\$	287,600	\$	-	\$ 287,600

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$74,994,192 with an unvoted debt margin of \$865,788 at June 30, 2007.

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (WCGRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The WCGRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOL (continued)

The School District participates in the *Ohio School Plan* (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

South Central Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$54,201 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from the Pike County JVS, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Scioto County Regional Council of Governments - The Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a public entity risk pool, currently operates to provide health insurance coverage to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the Scioto County Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments. The overall objectives of the council are to formulate and administer a program of health insurance for the benefit of the council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Scioto County Regional Council of Governments, a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board of Directors, consisting of superintendents from the participating school districts.

Accordingly, the Scioto County Regional Council of Governments is not part of the District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. To obtain financial information, write to the Scioto County Educational Service Center at Fourth and Court Streets, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2007.

NOTE 17 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2006, the District issued \$3,150,000 in Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) to be used for acquiring equipment and making improvements to school buildings. The terms of these QZAB are structured as a non-certificated lease-purchase agreement. The terms for repayment of the lease-purchase agreement call for the District to make annual deposits to a sinking fund held in the District's name and to then make a final lease payment of \$3,150,000 in fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 17 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (continued)

In a prior fiscal year the School District entered into leases for a copier and computers. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

General fixed assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the statement of net assets in the amount of \$163,530. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net assets for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2007 totaled \$15,035 in the governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Year Ending June 30,	
2008	\$ 17,523
2021	 3,150,000
Total Minimum Lease Payments	3,167,523
Less: Amount Representing Interest	 (910)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 3,166,613

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbook Reserve	Capital Maintenance Reserve
Cash Balance 07/01/2006	\$0	\$3,393
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	76,761	76,761
Prior Year Carryover	(2,470,758)	0
Qualifying Expenditures	(313,765)	(1,078,401)
Balance Carried Forward to FY 2008	\$(2,707,762)	\$(998,247)
Set Aside Reserve Cash Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$0	\$0

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES (continued)

The School District had offset and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero in the Textbooks Reserve and the Capital Maintenance Reserve, these extra amounts may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTE 19-INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund Transfers

	Tra	nsfer From:	Trans	sfer To:
Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General	\$	68,790	\$	-
Permanent Improvement		1,129,906		-
Classroom Facilities		-		884,271
Non-major Funds:				
Bond		-		245,635
Food Service		-		67,871
Miscellaneous State Grants	5	-		176
Vocational Ed		-		424
Miscellaneous Federal Gra	nts	-		319
Total Non-major Funds		-		314,425
Total:	\$	1,198,696	\$	1,198,696

As of June 30, 2007, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Interfund Loans	Receivable		Payable		
Major Funds: General Fund Adult Education Fund	\$	139,848	\$	12,041	
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds					
Miscellaneous State Grant		-		29,633	
Amendment of 1968		-		91,141	
Chapter 2		-		1,954	
Drug Free Grant		-		2,479	
Improving Teacher Quality		-		2,600	
Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds		-		127,807	
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	\$	139,848	\$	139,848	

During the year, the District's General Fund made advances to other funds in anticipation of intergovernmental grant revenue.

NOTE 20 – RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Restatements were made to correct errors in the prior year intergovernmental receivable and long term debt balance which resulted in an increase in the beginning net assets of the governmental activities.

	Governmental
	Activities
Net Assets, June 30, 2006	\$ 11,786,329
Restatement Amount	9,541,141
Restated Net Assets,	
June 30, 2006	\$ 21,327,470

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Ohio School Facilities Commission Project

On July 27, 2007, the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission amended the original project agreement to increase the state share of the project by \$3,714,086 to \$17,574,986.

Change of Entity Name

The District formally changed its name to Scioto County Career Technical Center on October 4, 2007.

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District Scioto County

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		Non-Cash Receipts						Non-Cash Disbursement	
United States Department of Agriculture																						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education																						
Nutrition Cluster:	05 DI 1	10.552	¢	57.045	¢		¢	57.065	¢													
School Breakfast Program	05-PU	10.553	\$	57,965	\$	-	\$	57,965	\$	-												
National School Lunch Program	LL-P4	10.555		80,764		-		80,764		-												
Total - Nutrition Cluster				138,729		-		138,729		-												
Food Donation	NA	10.550		-		15,077		-		15,077												
Total United States Department of Agriculture				138,729		15,077		138,729		15,077												
United States Office of Library Services																						
Direct from the Federal Government	-																					
State Library Program	Ν	45.310		8,749		-		8,749		-												
United States Department of Education																						
Direct from the Federal Government	-																					
Student Financial Aid Cluster:																						
Federal Pell Grant Program	Ν	84.063		524,956		-		523,721		-												
Federal Family Education Loan Program	Ν	84.032		-		864,990		-		864,990												
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster				524,956		864,990		523,721		864,990												
Rural Education	Ν	84.358		52,449		-		52,449		-												
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education																						
VOCED Basic Grant	20-C2	84.048		385,295		-		387,255		-												
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1	84.186		961		-		2,011		-												
Vocational Education -																						
Occupational and Employment Information State Grants	OE-00	84.346		5,732		-		2,563		-												
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2-S1	84.298		2,084		-		720		-												
Improving Teacher Quality	TR-S1	84.367		3,996		-		3,956														
Total United States Department of Education				975,473		864,990		972,675		864,990												
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1	1,122,951	\$	880,067	\$	1,120,153	\$	880,067												

NA - Pass Through Entity Number is Not Available N - Direct from the Federal Government

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B – FOOD DONATION

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

NOTE C – GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the dollar amount of the guaranteed student loans disbursed.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, OH 45648

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not prevented or detected by the School District's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. This item is identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2007-002.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We consider the significant deficiency 2007-002 described above to be a material weakness. Scioto County Joint Vocational School District

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which we have identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2007-001 and 2007-003.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated February 28, 2008.

The School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

February 28, 2008

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER, CPAs, INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District P.O. Box 766 Lucasville, Ohio 45648

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Scioto County Joint Vocational School District, (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. The School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2007-004.

Members of the Board Scioto County Joint Vocational School District REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we report the management of the District in a separate letter dated February 28, 2008.

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. February 28, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR' S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant internal control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant internal control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weakness reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Student Financial Aid Cluster: Federal Pell Grant Program, CFDA# 84.063, Federal Family Education Loan Program, CFDA# 84.032
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) states in part that "no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated."

The School District had expenditures which exceeded appropriations at 10/31/06 in Fund 003 Permanent Improvement. Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control in the Permanent Improvement Fund (Fund 003) by \$956,020.

The Treasurer should ensure that all money is appropriated at the legal level of control before it is expended.

Client Response:

This issue was corrected last fiscal year as soon as it was brought to our attention on 1/8/07.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002

Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

Material misstatements were identified during the audit which should have been prevented or detected by the District's internal controls over financial reporting. Misstatements were identified in the following areas:

- Unrecorded intergovernmental receivables.
- Incorrectly recorded capital lease balances.

Prior period adjustments were required to correct beginning balances related to the classroom facilities fund, for an unrecorded Ohio School Facilities Commission intergovernmental receivable, and to the debt service fund, for incorrectly recorded capital lease balances.

The accompanying financial statements were adjusted to reflect correction of material misstatements. The District should implement application and monitoring controls over financial reporting to ensure that all financial statement transactions are accurately and completely reported.

Client's Response:

The treasurer will review the variances and make the appropriate corrections.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2007-003

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 allows all subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources and reduced amended certificates upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources.

At 6/30/07 available resources (defined as actual receipts plus unencumbered beginning balance) exceeded the appropriations in Fund 012 Adult Education by \$209,221.

The School District should obtain a reduced amended certificate when upon determination by the fiscal officer that the revenues to be collected will be less than the amount estimated and appropriated.

Client's Response:

This is the first year we have not run SETBAL. In the future, the district will either run SETBAL at FYE or reduce our appropriations and/or estimated resources as necessary. The district will also amend our certificate of estimated resources if we determine our actual revenue will be greater than the estimated resource.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	2007-004
CFDA Title and Number	Federal Family Education Loan Program CFDA# 84.032
Federal Award Number/Year	FY07
Federal Agency	United States Department of Education
Pass-Through Agency	None

Noncompliance – Unsubsidized Loans

34 CFR 682.201(a)(3) states the annual loan limits for an undergraduate student is \$2,625 for a first-year student, to \$3,500 for a second-year student. These loan limits represent the total of all subsidized and unsubsidized Stafford Loans a dependent undergraduate student may borrow at each level of study, for a single academic year. Independent undergraduate students may borrow unsubsidized loans with additional loan limits. The additional loan limits also apply to dependent undergraduate students whose parents are unable to borrow PLUS loans due to adverse credit or other documented exceptional circumstances.

The District is awarding loans to dependent students in excess of the annual loan limit without PLUS eligibility documentation. This has caused the District to have \$15,500 in questioned costs.

The District should only award the annual limit of \$2,625 to dependent first year students, unless the District provides documentation of the parent's inability to borrow PLUS loans, thus evidencing eligibility.

Client Response:

In some instances, parents have refused to complete the Plus Loan application. A gentleman from Great Lakes loan institution stated to us that it was acceptable to award the additional loan amount if the parents refused to complete paperwork. In the future, we will not award the additional amount without documentation of the parent's inability to borrow PLUS loans.

Corrective Action Plan OMB Circular A-133 §315(c) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person:
2007-004	In the future, the District will not award the additional amount without documentation of the parent's inability to borrow PLUS loans.	1/1/2008	Brett Butler, Treasurer





SCIOTO COUNTY JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 20, 2008

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