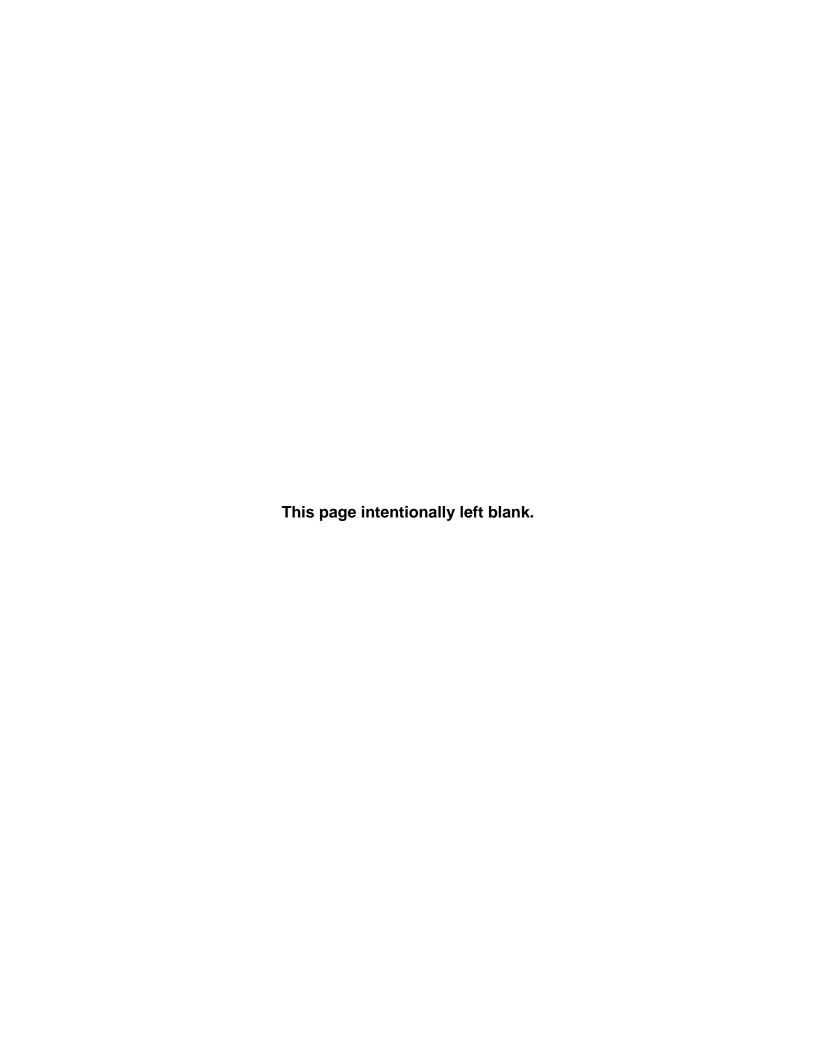




#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

PAGE	<u>TITI</u>
Letter1	Cov
ndent Accountants' Report3	Inde
ned Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and ges in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - ne Year Ended December 31, 20075	Ch
ned Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and ges in Fund Cash Balances - Enterprise Fund Type - ne Year Ended December 31, 20076	Ch
ned Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and ges in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - ne Year Ended December 31, 20067	Ch
ned Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and ges in Fund Cash Balances - Enterprise Fund Type - ne Year Ended December 31, 20068	Ch
to the Financial Statements9	Note
ndent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over cial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters ired by Government Auditing Standards	Fir





Village of Rawson Hancock County 5700 County Road 37 P.O. Box 525 Rawson, Ohio 45881-0525

To the Village Council:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 24, 2008

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Rawson Hancock County 5700 County Road 37 P.O. Box 525 Rawson, Ohio 45881-0525

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Rawson, Hancock County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Village processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Village of Rawson Hancock County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Village's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require villages to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, or its changes in financial position or cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of the Village of Rawson, Hancock County, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Village has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2008, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 24, 2008

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Property and Local Taxes	\$8,504			\$8,504	
Intergovernmental	47,660	\$25,916		73,576	
Special Assessments		13,185		13,185	
Charges for Services	445			445	
Earnings on Investments	10,510	728		11,238	
Miscellaneous	575	150		725	
Total Cash Receipts	67,694	39,979		107,673	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	12,136	6,632		18,768	
Public Health Services	1,505			1,505	
Leisure Time Activities	9,376			9,376	
Community Environment		871		871	
Transportation		9,708		9,708	
General Government	49,165			49,165	
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal		3,827		3,827	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		777		777	
Total Cash Disbursements	72,182	21,815		93,997	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(4,488)	18,164		13,676	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	88,761	60,177	\$82,629	231,567	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$84,273	\$78,341	\$82,629	\$245,243	
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$9,064	\$13,700		\$22,764	

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ENTERPRISE FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:	
Charges for Services	\$123,812
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Personal Services	16,052
Employee Fringe Benefits	3,241
Contractual Services	347
Supplies and Materials	27,120
Other	127
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	46,887
Operating Income	76,925
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:	
Intergovernmental	29,806
Special Assessments	32,423
Earnings on Investments	8,397
Other Non-Operating Cash Receipts	1,844
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	72,470
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Redemption of Principal	59,533
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	63,724
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	123,257
Net Receipts Over Disbursements	26,138
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	284,665
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$310,803
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$6,985

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types			_	
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Property and Local Taxes	\$9,456			\$9,456	
Intergovernmental	81,321	32,231		113,552	
Special Assessments		16,029		16,029	
Earnings on Investments	7,188	576		7,764	
Miscellaneous	2,199			2,199	
Total Cash Receipts	100,164	48,836		149,000	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	9,732	7,402		17,134	
Public Health Services	1,482			1,482	
Leisure Time Activities	14,271			14,271	
Community Environment		1,968		1,968	
Transportation		7,538		7,538	
General Government	64,182	8,273		72,455	
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal		6,175		6,175	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,166		1,166	
Capital Outlay			500	500	
Total Cash Disbursements	89,667	32,522	500	122,689	
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	10,497	16,314	(500)	26,311	
Other Financing (Disbursements):					
Transfers-Out			(1,000)	(1,000)	
Excess of Cash Receipts					
Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements					
and Other Financing Disbursements	10,497	16,314	(1,500)	25,311	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	78,264	43,863	84,129	206,256	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$88,761	\$60,177	\$82,629	\$231,567	
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$9,131	\$1,164		\$10,295	

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ENTERPRISE FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:	
Charges for Services	\$139,978
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Personal Services	17,289
Employee Fringe Benefits	3,809
Contractual Services	4,132
Supplies and Materials Other	45,421 104
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	70,755
Operating Income	69,223
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:	
Intergovernmental	24,403
Special Assessments	37,467
Earnings on Investments	7,323
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	69,193
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Redemption of Principal	45,401
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	64,389
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	109,790
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	
Before Interfund Transfers	28,626
Transfers-In	1,000
Net Receipts Over Disbursements	29,626
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	255,039
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$284,665
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$4,017

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Rawson, Hancock County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and park operations. The Village appropriates general fund money and has a special assessment in the special revenue fund to support a volunteer fire department.

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP) a public entity risk pool. This pool provides property and casualty coverage for its members. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

#### C. Cash and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village values certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements at cost.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

#### 3. Capital Project Funds

This fund accounts for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Village had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Sanitary Sewer Construction Fund</u> – This fund receives grants and bond proceeds from the United States Department of Agriculture for the construction of a waste water system for the Village.

#### 4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2007 and 2006 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2007	2006
Demand deposits	\$235,037	\$249,699
Certificates of deposit	70,000	70,000
Total deposits	305,037	319,699
Repurchase agreement	251,009	196,533
Total deposits and investments	\$556,046	\$516,232

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

**Investments:** The Village's financial institution transfers securities to the Village's agent to collateralize repurchase agreements. The securities are not in the Village's name.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2007 and 2006 follows:

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$59,433	\$67,694	\$8,261
Special Revenue	31,200	39,979	8,779
Capital Projects	1,000		(1,000)
Enterprise	181,200	196,282	15,082
Total	\$272,833	\$303,955	\$31,122

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$111,699	\$81,246	\$30,453
Special Revenue	86,011	35,515	50,496
Capital Projects	116,326		116,326
Enterprise	474,896	177,129	297,767
Total	\$788,932	\$293,890	\$495,042

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$96,360	\$100,164	\$3,804
Special Revenue	36,711	48,836	12,125
Enterprise	179,200	210,171	30,971
Total	\$312,271	\$359,171	\$46,900

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$134,997	\$98,798	\$36,199	
Special Revenue	75,751	33,686	42,065	
Capital Projects	114,826	1,500	113,326	
Enterprise	442,017	184,562	257,455	
Total	\$767,591	\$318,546	\$449,045	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2007 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #2852	\$249,350	2%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #2853	13,598	2%
Ohio Public Work Commission Loan #CM02C	75,000	0%
Ohio Public Work Commission Loan #CT31B	214,946	0%
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1,254,000	4.5%
Loan	33,555	4.45%
Total	\$1,840,449	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans were issued to finance utility construction and improvements within the Village. Water receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CM02C was approved for \$100,000 for improvements due to sewer line installation. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

Ohio Public Works Commission Loan CT31B was approved for \$277,350 for improvements due to sewer line installation. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

Mortgage Revenue Bonds were issued to finance construction of a wastewater treatment plant. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to meet the debt covenant requirements of the bonds. The mortgage revenue bond covenant requires the Village to establish and fund a debt service reserve fund, included as a debt service fund. The balance in the fund at December 31, 2007 is \$77,093.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 5. DEBT – (CONTINUED)

The Village obtained a \$45,000 loan for the purchase of a garage to store Village equipment and office space for the Clerk/Treasurer and Board of Public Affairs Clerk and Superintendent. The garage collateralizes the loan.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

					Mortgage	
Year ending	OWDA Loan	OWDA Loan	OPWC Loan	OPWC Loan	Revenue	
December 31:	#2852	#2853	#CM02C	#CT31B	Bonds	Loan
2008	\$25,478	\$1,090	\$5,000	\$6,934	\$70,430	\$5,600
2009	25,477	1,090	5,000	13,868	69,800	5,600
2010	25,477	1,090	5,000	13,867	70,170	5,600
2011	25,478	1,090	5,000	13,868	70,495	5,600
2012	25,478	1,090	5,000	13,867	69,775	5,600
2013-2017	127,390	5,449	25,000	69,337	352,175	11,200
2018-2022	25,480	4,903	25,000	69,337	350,955	
2023-2027				13,868	350,975	
2028-2032					351,110	
2033-2037					349,425	
2038-2042					351,805	
2043-2044					139,910	
Total	\$280,258	\$15,802	\$75,000	\$214,946	\$2,597,025	\$39,200

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Village's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which includes postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2007 and 2006, OPERS members contributed 9.5 and 9%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 13.85 and 13.7%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2007.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT – (CONTINUED)

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year.

For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with PEP.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (on or subsequent to January 1, 2006) as noted above.

#### **Property Coverage**

Beginning in 2005, APEEP established a risk-sharing property program. Under the program, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. This amount was increased to \$300,000 in 2007. For 2007, APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$300,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. For 2006, APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000 in 2006, or \$100,000 and \$300,000 in 2007, Travelers will then reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (Continued)

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT – (CONTINUED)

#### Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

	2007	<u>2006</u>
Assets	\$37,560,071	\$36,123,194
Liabilities	(17,340,825)	(16,738,904)
Net Assets	\$20,219,246	<u>\$19,384,290</u>

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$15.9 million and \$15.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$15.0 million and \$14.4 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 443 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Village's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$31,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Village terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP			
2005		\$7,890	
2006		\$6,889	
2007		\$7,232	

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined PEP provided they provide written notice to PEP 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Rawson Hancock County 5700 County Road 37 P.O. Box 525 Rawson, Ohio 45881-0525

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Rawson, Hancock County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2008, wherein we noted the Village prepared its financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Village uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Village. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Village of Rawson Hancock County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated June 24, 2008.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain noncompliance matter that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated June 24, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management and Village Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 24, 2008



#### **VILLAGE OF RAWSON**

#### **HANCOCK COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 22, 2008