REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets-Cash Basis	
Statement of Activities-Cash Basis	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Statement of Cash Basis Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Comparison - Budgetary Basis - General Fund	
Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Basis Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Schedule of Findings	
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of West Unity Williams County 118 West Jackson Street P.O. Box 207 West Unity, Ohio 43570-0207

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of West Unity, Williams County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Village processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio Villages. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

One Government Center / Suite 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Village of West Unity Williams County Independent Account's Report Page 2

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of West Unity, Williams County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in the cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2008, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 30, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of the Village of West Unity's (the Village) financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2006, within the limitations of the Village's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$81,584, or 9 percent, a significant change from the prior year. The fund most affected by the increase in cash and cash equivalents was the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which realized the greatest increases in 2006 due to an increase in income taxes.
- The Village's general receipts are primarily income taxes, property taxes, and grants and entitlements not restricted to special programs. These receipts represent respectively 52%, 13% and 8% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Income tax receipts for 2006 increased \$61,083 as compared to 2005 as industry in the Village increased hours and employees.
- The 2006 Special Revenue receipts were significantly less due to a 1 mill park levy that was not renewed by the Village residents for the park fund. A donation of \$3,000 was received by the park fund for summer programs. The park levy generated \$24,147 in receipts in 2005.
- The Debt Service fund revenue increased \$23,619 due to an increase in local income taxes collected in 2006.
- The Village completed one major project in 2006, the Madison and Kenyon tower feed water line replacement (\$239,000). The Village received grant money for the project from Issue II (\$110,000) and CDBG (\$29,300). The Village also purchased a building for the EMS squad (\$85,576).
- The Village settled a lawsuit on December 15, 2006 with Cosme, D'Angelo & Szollosi Company L.P.A. in the amount of \$70,000, paid from the General Fund.
- The Village purchased a new truck and plow (\$24,906), repaired the water tower (\$16,000), and had work done on the village wells (\$7,740).
- The Business-Type activities show an increase of \$20,561 or 5.5% in net assets from the prior year. The increase can be attributed to the new utility software being capable of more accurate readings and billings for water and sewer usage and the Village tracking renters moving in and out more closely.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Village's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Village as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Village as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Village has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Village's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

The Village is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services, including water and sewer utilities, street maintenance, park operations, and police services. Brady Township provides the Village with fire protection services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Village did financially during 2006, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function or business-type activity draws from the Village's general receipts.

These statements report the Village's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Village's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's cash position is one indicator of whether the Village's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Village's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Village's property tax base, the condition of the Village's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Village's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the Village into two types of activities:

<u>Governmental activities</u> Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, streets and parks. State and federal grants and income and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

<u>Business-type activity</u> The Village has three business-type activities, the provision of water, sanitary sewer and water deposits. Business-type activities are financed by a fee charged to the customers receiving the service.

Reporting the Village's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Village's major funds – not the Village as a whole. The Village establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Village are split into two categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Most of the Village's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Village's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Village's programs. The Village's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Village's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Other Debt Service Fund and the Other Capital Projects Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Proprietary Funds – When the Village charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. The Village has two major enterprise funds, the water fund and the sanitary sewer fund.

The Government as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Village's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$992,705 \$992,705	\$911,121 \$911,121	\$397,400 \$397,400	\$376,839 \$376,839	\$1,390,105 \$1,390,105	\$1,287,960 \$1,287,960	
Net Assets							
Restricted for:							
Capital Projects	\$256,404	\$293,665			\$256,404	\$293,665	
Debt Service	311,232	257,799			311,232	257,799	
Permanent Fund	60,529	60,529			60,529	60,529	
Other Purposes	216,259	193,535			216,259	193,535	
Unrestricted	148,281	105,593	\$397,400	\$376,839	545,681	482,432	
Total Net Assets	\$992,705	\$911,121	\$397,400	\$376,839	\$1,390,105	\$1,287,960	

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$81,584 or 9 percent during 2006. The primary reasons contributing to the increases in cash balances are as follows:

- Income Tax Receipts increased \$61,083 in 2006 as compared to 2005, due to an increase in business productivity.
- Interest Earnings increased \$30,962 in 2006 as compared to 2005 due to an increase in interest rates.
- The Village received two grants in capital projects \$110,000 issue II and \$32,100 CDBG for the Lincoln Street curve re-alignment project.

The business-type activities show an increase of \$20,561. This increase can be attributed to the new utility software being capable of more accurate readings and billings for water and sewer usage and the Village tracking renters moving in and out more closely.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2006 and 2005 for governmental activities, business-type activities and total primary government.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 Program Receipts: Charges for Services and Sales \$26,881 \$27,655 \$334,374 \$417,830 \$421,255 \$445,465 Operating Grants and Contributions 77,652 62,149 77,655 62,149 77,655 62,149 Capital Grants and Contributions 139,300 105,277 139,300 106,277 Total Program Receipts: 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,811 Property Taxes 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Charge Assessments Grants and Entitements Not Restricted 00,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total Receipts 19,267 445,431 2,728 10,239,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 General Government		Governi Activi		Busines Activ		Та	ıtal
Program Receipts: S26,881 S27,655 S394,374 \$417,830 \$421,255 \$445,485 Charges for Services and Sales 77,652 62,149 77,652 62,149 Capital Grants and Contributions 139,300 105,277 139,300 638,207 612,911 General Receipts: 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,911 General Receipts: 77,665 179,801 157,065 179,801 157,065 645,033 683,850 Other Taxes 10,768 645,033 583,950 6445,033 683,850 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments In Lieu of Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Total Progents In Lieu of Taxes 59,626 45,431 2,728 62,872 29,182 Charge Payments In Lieu of Taxes 69,947 113,640 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 10,758		2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Charges for Services and Sales \$26,881 \$27,655 \$394,374 \$417,830 \$421,255 \$445,485 Operating Grants and Contributions 77,652 62,149 77,652 62,149 Capital Grants and Contributions 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,911 General Receipts: 77,652 62,149 77,652 62,149 77,652 62,149 Property Taxes 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 175,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 59ecial Assessments 62,872 29,182 Granta Receipts 10,758 6,994 10,758 69,944 Total Programs 94,987 113,640 1,583,422 1,583,422 Disbursements: 699,267 945,431 2,728 10,00,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100	Receipts:						
Operating Grants and Contributions 77,652 62,149 77,652 62,149 Capital Grants and Contributions 139,300 105,277 139,300 105,277 General Receipts 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,911 General Receipts Property Taxes 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10758 6,994 10758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994 10,758, 6,994	Program Receipts:						
Capital Grants and Contributions 139,300 105,277 139,300 105,277 Total Program Receipts 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,911 General Receipts: 7 79,081 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 105,277 612,911 General Receipts: 7 845,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 04645,033 583,950 04645,033 583,950 016,144 30,280 31,864 30,280<	Charges for Services and Sales	\$26,881	\$27,655	\$394,374	\$417,830	\$421,255	\$445,485
Total Program Receipts 243,833 195,081 394,374 417,830 638,207 612,911 General Receipts: Property Taxes 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lie of Taxes 50,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lie of Taxes 50,616 Programs 94,987 113,640 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 10,00,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,556,342 Disbursements: General Bovernment 200,988 182,555 290,088	Operating Grants and Contributions	77,652	62,149			77,652	62,149
General Receipts: 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Carlats and Entitlements Not Restricted 10,758 6,994 10,0758 6,994 Total General Receipts 999,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 2,200 1,610 2,220 1,610 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,2375 9,23	Capital Grants and Contributions	139,300	105,277			139,300	105,277
Property Taxes 157,065 179,801 157,065 179,801 Income Taxes 645,033 563,950 646,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 94,987 113,640 10,758 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994	Total Program Receipts	243,833	195,081	394,374	417,830	638,207	612,911
Income Taxes 645,033 583,950 645,033 583,950 Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 94,987 113,640 to Specific Programs 94,987 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 996,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Covernment 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Dasic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Pasic Utilities 12,375 9,337 192,246 359,337 122,241	General Receipts:						
Other Taxes 30,280 31,864 30,280 31,864 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted 94,987 113,640 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 1,0758 6,994 Total General Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 1,610 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Charges	Property Taxes	157,065	179,801			157,065	179,801
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Special Assessments Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 94,987 113,640 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total General Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,422 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352	Income Taxes	645,033	583,950			645,033	583,950
Special Assessments Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337	Other Taxes	30,280	31,864			30,280	31,864
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 94,987 113,640 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 198,267 945,431 2,728 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Charges 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 198,096	Payments in Lieu of Taxes						
to Specific Programs 94,987 113,640 94,987 113,640 Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,337 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,2	•						
Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal <	Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted						
Interest 60,144 29,182 2,728 62,872 29,182 Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal <	to Specific Programs	94,987	113,640			94,987	113,640
Miscellaneous 10,758 6,994 10,758 6,994 Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Chital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 17,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Charges 78,338 83,300	1 0			2,728			•
Total General Receipts 998,267 945,431 2,728 1,000,995 945,431 Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 7 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 12,481 12,640 12,481 <td< td=""><td>Miscellaneous</td><td>10,758</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Miscellaneous	10,758		,			
Total Receipts 1,242,100 1,140,512 397,102 417,830 1,639,202 1,558,342 Disbursements: General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 I				2,728			
General Government 290,088 182,555 290,088 182,555 Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Charges 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960					417,830		
Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 <td>Disbursements:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Disbursements:						
Security of Persons and Property: 201,969 191,601 201,969 191,601 Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 <td>General Government</td> <td>290.088</td> <td>182.555</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>290.088</td> <td>182.555</td>	General Government	290.088	182.555			290.088	182.555
Public Health Services 9,500 9,401 9,500 9,401 Leisure Time Activities 10,695 4,039 10,695 4,039 Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 184,719 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584						,	
Leisure Time Activities10,6954,03910,6954,039Community Environment2,2201,6102,2201,610Basic Utilities12,3759,23612,3759,236Transportation78,35261,94578,35261,945Capital Outlay359,337192,246359,337192,246Debt Service - Principal Retirement117,642113,179117,642113,179Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal78,33883,30078,33883,300Charges78,33883,300198,096201,590198,096Sewer162,004184,719162,004184,719Kissel Buiding Rental1,160,516849,112376,541402,4141,537,057Water Deposits1,160,516849,112376,541402,4141,537,0571,251,526Increase in Net Assets81,584291,40020,56115,416102,145306,816Net Assets, January 1911,121619,721376,839361,4231,287,960981,144	, , ,					,	
Community Environment 2,220 1,610 2,220 1,610 Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Charges 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	Leisure Time Activities						
Basic Utilities 12,375 9,236 12,375 9,236 Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Charges 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839	Community Environment	,					
Transportation 78,352 61,945 78,352 61,945 Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	-						
Capital Outlay 359,337 192,246 359,337 192,246 Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Charges 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144							
Debt Service - Principal Retirement 117,642 113,179 117,642 113,179 Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 78,338 83,300 Water 78,338 83,300 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 3,960 3,465 Water Deposits 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	•					•	
Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal 78,338 83,300 Charges 78,338 83,300 Water 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144							
Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	I	,•.=				,•.=	
Water 198,096 201,590 198,096 201,590 Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	Charges	78,338	83.300			78,338	83,300
Sewer 162,004 184,719 162,004 184,719 Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	-	,		198,096	201,590	•	
Kissel Buiding Rental 12,481 12,640 12,481 12,640 Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	Sewer						
Water Deposits 3,960 3,465 3,960 3,465 Total Disbursements 1,160,516 849,112 376,541 402,414 1,537,057 1,251,526 Increase in Net Assets 81,584 291,400 20,561 15,416 102,145 306,816 Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144							
Total Disbursements1,160,516849,112376,541402,4141,537,0571,251,526Increase in Net Assets81,584291,40020,56115,416102,145306,816Net Assets, January 1911,121619,721376,839361,4231,287,960981,144	0			3,960	3,465	3.960	
Net Assets, January 1 911,121 619,721 376,839 361,423 1,287,960 981,144	•	1,160,516	849,112				
	Increase in Net Assets	81,584	291,400	20,561	15,416	102,145	306,816
	Net Assets, January 1	911,121	619,721	376,839	361,423	1,287,960	981,144
	Net Assets, December 31	\$992,705	\$911,121	\$397,400	\$376,839	\$1,390,105	\$1,287,960

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Program receipts represent only 39 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of water and sewer charges for services, operating grants and contributions (i.e. motor vehicle license and gas tax money) and capital grants and contributions (i.e. Ohio Public Works Commission and Community Development Block Grant).

General receipts represent 61 percent of the Village's total receipts, and of this amount, over 83 percent are local taxes. State, federal grants, entitlements and Investment earnings make up 94 percent of the balance of the Village's general receipts. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Village and the support services provided for the other Village activities. These include the costs of council, and the auditor, treasurer, and income tax departments, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing. Since these costs do not represent direct services to residents, we try to limit these costs to 68 percent of General Fund unrestricted receipts.

Security of Persons and Property are the costs of police protection; Public Health Services is the health department; Leisure Time Activities are the costs of maintaining the parks and playing fields; the economic development department promotes the Village to industry and commerce as well as working with other governments in the area to attract new business; and Transportation is the cost of maintaining the roads.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Government. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for capital outlay, general government, security of persons and property, and debt service, which account for 31, 25, 17, and 17 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. Transportation also represents a significant cost, about 7 percent. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Government that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

(Table 3)										
Go	vernmental Ac	tivities								
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost						
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services						
	2006	2006	2005	2005						
General Government	\$290,088	\$281,330	\$182,555	\$172,462						
Security of Persons and Property	201,969	201,969	191,601	191,601						
Public Health Services	9,500	9,500	9,401	9,401						
Leisure Time Activities	10,695	9,955	4,039	3,129						
Economic Development	2,220	1,385	1,610	1,005						
Basic Utilities	12,375	12,375	9,236	9,236						
Transportation	78,352	(15,848)	61,945	(16,251)						
Capital Outlay	359,337	220,037	192,246	86,969						
Debt Service - Principal Retirement	117,642	117,642	113,179	113,179						
Debt Service - Interest and Fiscal										
Charges	78,338	78,338	83,300	83,300						
Total Expenses	\$1,160,516	\$916,683	\$849,112	\$654,031						

The dependence upon property and income tax receipts is apparent as over 79 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

Business-type Activities

Revenue for the Water fund comes from water usage (bills), hookup fees, water sales collection, and \$15 base fee. Expenses in the water fund include a portion of the fiscal officer, deputy clerk, maintenance worker, and administrator salaries and benefits, water tower maintenance, water testing, miscellaneous operating expenses, maintenance of equipment and meters, electric-utilities at water plant, oak, and venture.

Revenue for the Sewer Fund is derived from monthly sewer bills and tap fees. Expenses associated with the sanitary sewer fund include a portion of the fiscal officer, deputy clerk, maintenance worker, and administrator salaries and benefits; routine operating expenses, biosolids testing, repair and maintenance of pumps/equipment, utilities.

The Village's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$1,242,100 and disbursements of \$1,160,516. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the General Fund and Other Debt Service Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$42,688 and the Other Debt Service Fund increased \$53,433. The increase in the General Fund was due to an increase in interest earnings and income taxes and the increase in the Other Debt Service Fund was the result of the additional collections received from the 1/2% income tax levy and the reallocation of the 1 percent income tax levy.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Village's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

There was no difference between original and final budgeted receipts. Final budgeted receipts were below actual receipts due to the increase in the amount of income tax collections received from the additional ½% income tax levy, the reallocation of the 1.0% income tax levy, and additional unanticipated revenues were received from property tax, intergovernmental revenues, and investment income. The difference between final budgeted receipts and actual receipts was \$74,336.

Final disbursements were budgeted at \$533,081 while actual disbursements were \$498,738. The Village kept spending very close to budgeted amounts as demonstrated by the minor reported variances. Although actual receipts exceeded expectations, actual disbursements were reduced. The Village kept spending very close to budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure.

<u>Debt</u>

At December 31, 2006, the Village's outstanding debt totaled \$1,767,281, which included \$1,297,362 from Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for a sewer facilities improvements project; \$413,000 in Mortgage Revenue Bonds for a sanitary sewer system improvement and \$56,919 loan from the Farmers and Merchants State Bank for the installation of a new automated water meter system including software and equipment. For further information regarding the Village's debt, refer to Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Villages is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We have reduced some of the expenses in the general fund and adjusted the allocation of income tax money in order to make up for cuts in State funding, such as the phase out of tangible personal property taxes. We have reduced planned park repairs and maintenance due to a failed park levy. We have saved capital projects and reduced water operating expenses to plan ahead for a new water tower in the future and water/sewer lines will have to be supplied for new school construction.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to reflect the Village's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Beth Rediger, Fiscal Officer, Village of West Unity, 118 W. Jackson Street., P.O. Box 207, West Unity, OH. 43570-0270.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2006

	 ernmental	ness-Type ctivities	Total		
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 992.705	\$ 397.400	\$	1.390.105	
Net Assets: Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service Permanent Fund Other Purposes Unrestricted	\$ 256,404 311,232 60,529 216,259 148,281	\$ 397,400	\$	256,404 311,232 60,529 216,259 545,681	
Total Net Assets	\$ 992,705	\$ 397,400	\$	1,390,105	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

			Program Cash Receipts							
					Oper	ating Grants	Cap	oital Grants		
	Cash			Charges for	and		and			
	Disl	oursements		Services	Contributions		Contributions			
Governmental Activities:								_		
Security of Persons and Property	\$	201,969								
Public Health Services		9,500								
Leisure Time Activities		10,695	\$	740						
Community Environment		2,220		835						
Basic Utility Services		12,375								
Transportation		78,352		16,548	\$	77,652				
General Government		290,088		8,758						
Capital Outlay		359,337					\$	139,300		
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		117,642								
Interest and Fiscal Charges		78,338								
Total Governmental Activities		1,160,516		26,881		77,652		139,300		
Business-Type Activities:										
Water		198,096		208,664						
Sewer		162,004		168,950						
Kissell Rental		12,481		10,900						
Water Deposit		3,960		5,860						
Total Business-Type Activities		376,541		394,374						
Totals	\$	1,537,057	\$	421,255	\$	77,652	\$	139,300		

General Receipts:

Property Taxes Levied For: General Purposes Park Operations Other Local Taxes Municipal Income Tax Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Receipts Miscellaneous *Total General Receipts* Change in Net Assets *Net Assets at Beginning of Year*

Net Assets at End of Year

Go	overnmental	Bus	iness-type	
	Activities	A	ctivities	 Total
\$	(201,969)			\$ (201,969)
	(9,500)			(9,500)
	(9,955)			(9,955)
	(1,385)			(1,385)
	(12,375)			(12,375)
	15,848			15,848
	(281,330)			(281,330)
	(220,037)			(220,037)
	(117,642)			(117,642)
	(78,338)			 (78,338)
	(916,683)			(916,683)
			10,568	10,568
			6,946	6,946
			(1,581)	(1,581)
			1,900	 1,900
			17,833	 17,833
	(916,683)		17,833	 (898,850)
	156,525			156,525
	540			540
	30,280			30,280
	645,033			645,033
	94,987			94,987
	60,144		2,728	62,872
	10,758			 10,758
	998,267		2,728	 1,000,995
	81,584		20,561	102,145
	911,121		376,839	 1,287,960
\$	992,705	\$	397,400	\$ 1,390,105

Net (Disbursements) Receipts	
and Changes in Net Assets	

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2006

	General	Other Debt Other Capital Service Projects		Other Governmen Funds	tal G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 148,281	\$ 311,232	\$ 248,702	\$ 284,4	90 \$	992,705
Fund Balances: Reserved for Encumbrances	\$ 1,320			\$	64 \$	1,384
Unreserved, Undesignated: General Fund Special Revenue Funds	146,961			216,1	5	146,961 216,195
Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Funds Permanent Fund		\$ 311,232	\$ 248,702	216,13 7,70 60,52)2	216,195 311,232 256,404 60,529
Total Fund Balances	\$ 148,281	\$ 311,232	\$ 248,702	\$ 284,4		992,705

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Receipts:	(General	Other Debt Service		Other Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Municipal Income Taxes	\$	215,011	\$	249,413	¢	180,609			\$	645 022
	Ф	,	Ф	249,413	\$	180,609	\$	17.087	Ф	645,033
Property and Other Local Taxes		156,525				110.000	Ф	,		173,612
Intergovernmental		93,215 100				110,000		131,537		334,752 100
Special Assessments		100						740		
Charges for Services		10 700						740		740
Fines, Licenses, and Permits		16,703						258		16,961
Investment Income		50,894						9,250		60,144
Miscellaneous		7,658						3,100		10,758
Total Receipts		540,106		249,413		290,609		161,972		1,242,100
Disbursements:										
Current:										
Security of Persons and Property		201,177						792		201,969
Public Health Services		9,500								9,500
Leisure Time Activities								10,695		10,695
Community Environment		2,220								2,220
Basic Utility Services		11,379						996		12,375
Transportation								78,352		78,352
General Government		270,975						19,113		290,088
Capital Outlay		2,167				327,870		29,300		359,337
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement				117,642						117,642
Interest and Fiscal Charges				78,338						78,338
Total Disbursements		497,418		195,980		327,870		139,248		1,160,516
Net Change in Fund Balances		42,688		53,433		(37,261)		22,724		81,584
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		105,593		257,799		285,963		261,766		911,121
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	148,281	\$	311,232	\$	248,702	\$	284,490	\$	992,705

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON - BUDGETARY BASIS -GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				ance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive(Negative)	
Receipts:	-							
Municipal Income Tax	\$	194,000	\$	194,000	\$	215,011	\$	21,011
Property and Other Local Taxes		144,500		144,500		156,525		12,025
Intergovernmental		93,120		93,120		93,215		95
Special Assessments				,		100		100
Fines, Licenses, and Permits		17,650		17,650		16,703		(947)
Investment Income		14,500		14,500		50,894		36,394
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		7,658		5,658
Total Receipts		465,770		465,770		540,106		74,336
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property		214,110		214,110		201,646		12,464
Public Health Services		9,500		9,500		9,500		-
Community Environment		2,500		2,800		2,222		578
Basic Utility Services		10,200		12,029		11,379		650
General Government		216,771		292,242		271,824		20,418
Capital Outlay				2,400		2,167		233
Total Disbursements		453,081		533,081		498,738		34,343
Net Change in Fund Balance		12,689		(67,311)		41,368		108,679
Fund Cash Balance at Beginning of Year		105,241		105,241		105,241		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		352		352		352		
Fund Cash Balance at End of Year	\$	118,282	\$	38,282	\$	146,961	\$	108,679

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31,2006

	Business-Type Activities										
Assets:		Water		Sewer	Othe	r Enterprise Funds	Total				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	127,478	\$	126,474	\$	143,448	\$	397,400			
Net Assets: Unrestricted	\$	127,478	\$	126,474	\$	143,448	\$	397,400			

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Business-Type Activities							
	Water			Sewer Other Enterprise		Total		
Operating Receipts:								
Charges for Services Other Operating Receipts	\$	208,664	\$	168,950	\$	5,860 10,900	\$	383,474 10,900
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1	208,664		168,950		16,760		394,374
Operating Disbursements:								
Personal Services		47,355		50,826				98,181
Fringe Benefits		18,930		29,734				48,664
Contractual Services		35,304		30,412		4,649		70,365
Materials and Supplies		46,825		32,917		3,240		82,982
Other		2,945		6,431		8,552		17,928
Total Operating Disbursements		151,359		150,320		16,441		318,120
Operating Income		57,305		18,630		319		76,254
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):								
Earnings on Investments						2,728		2,728
Principal Payments		(43,982)		(10,995)				(54,977)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(2,755)		(689)				(3,444)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(46,737)		(11,684)		2,728		(55,693)
Changes in Net Assets		10,568		6,946		3,047		20,561
		10,000		0,040		0,047		20,001
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		116,910		119,528		140,401		376,839
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	127,478	\$	126,474	\$	143,448	\$	397,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Village of West Unity, Williams County, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a six-member Council elected at large for four year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term, and votes only to break a tie.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements were not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds and departments that are not legally separate from the Village. The Village provides general government services, electric utility, and contracted maintenance of Village roads and bridges. The Village has a contract with Brady Township to provide fire protection services.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Village is financially accountable. The Village is financially accountable for an organization if the Village appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Village is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Village is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Village is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Village is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Village is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Village in that the Village approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Village, are accessible to the Village and are significant in amount to the Village. Based on these criteria, the Village has no component units.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pools

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Under the cash basis of accounting, the Village does not report assets for equity interests in joint ventures.

The Village participates in a public entity risk pool. The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio Plan (the "Plan"), an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to approximately 450 Ohio governments ("Members"). Note 9 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

The Village does not apply FASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its enterprise funds. Following are the more significant of the Village's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Village's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Village that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Village's governmental and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Village is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a *cash* basis or draws from the Village's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain Village functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the funds' principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The proprietary fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

B. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Village are divided into two categories, governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Other Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund receives income tax monies to be used to retire mortgage revenue bonds, loan proceeds received from the Ohio Water Development Authority, and a loan obtained from the Farmers and Merchants State bank.

<u>Other Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund receives income tax monies and grant monies for maintaining facilities, conducting capital improvements, and purchasing equipment.

The other governmental funds of the Village account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Village has the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

The Village's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Village's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Village Council may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Village Council's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Village Council. The legal level of control has been established at the fund level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Village Clerk-Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Village Council.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Village Council during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Village records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool with an initial maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

Interest earnings are allocated to Village funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2006 was \$50,894 which includes \$44,411 assigned from other Village funds.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Village reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Village's cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Village recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 10 and 11, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The Village's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for streets. The Village's policy is to first apply restricted sources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. There were no net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONTINUED)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Village reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

M. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTING CHANGE

In the prior year, gasoline tax monies were allocated to the General Fund rather than to the State Highway Fund.

Homestead and rollback revenues were allocated to the General Fund rather than to the Park and Recreation Fund.

These changes had the following effects on fund balances:

	Ge	neral Fund	 All Other vernmental Funds
Fund Balances, as previously reported at December 31, 2005	\$	108,082	\$ 259,277
Gasoline Tax Reallocation		(381)	381
Homestead and Rollback Reallocation		(2,108)	 2,108
Fund Balances, as restated at January 1, 2006	\$	105,593	\$ 261,766

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 4 – COMPLIANCE

The Ohio Public Works Commission (\$110,000) grant funds disbursed directly to vendors on behalf of the Village. Contrary to Ohio law, these amounts were not recorded as pass-though grants on the financial statements.

NOTE 5 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$1,320 for the general fund.

NOTE 6 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Village are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 6 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED)

- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

The Village has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Village or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured. Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Village.

NOTE 7 – LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a 1.5 percent income tax whose proceeds are placed into the General Fund, Other Debt Service Fund, and Other Capital Projects Fund. The Village levies and collects the tax on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village. In the latter case, the Village allows a credit of actual taxes paid to another city up to 1.5 percent of the taxable income.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 8 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Village. Real property tax receipts received in 2006 represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2006 represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2006 became a lien on December 31, 2005, were levied after April 1, 2005, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2006 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2006 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the true value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 24 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Village operations for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$1.60 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2006 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential	\$17,324,710
Agricultural	59,680
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	7,165,300
Tangible Personal Property	
Business	5,326,410
Public Utility	885,160
Total Assessed Value	\$30,761,260

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (CONTINUED)

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with PEP.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, PEP retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT – (CONTINUED)

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005:

Casualty Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$30,997,868	\$29,719,675
Liabilities	<u>(15,875,741)</u>	<u>(15,994,168)</u>
Retained earnings	<u>\$15,122,127</u>	<u>\$13,725,507</u>

Property Coverage	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	
Assets	\$5,125,326	\$4,443,332	
Liabilities	<u>(863,163)</u>	<u>(1,068,245)</u>	
Retained earnings	<u>\$4,262,163</u>	<u>\$3,375,087</u>	

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$14.4 million and \$14.3 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 447 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Village's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$40,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Village terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP	
2004	\$20,000
2005	\$20,000
2006	\$20,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT – (CONTINUED)

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined PEP provided they give written notice to PEP 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Village participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9.0 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1 percent of their annual covered salary. The Village's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2006 was 13.7 percent, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the Village's pension contributions were 16.93 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Village's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$19,534, \$21,783, and \$22,697 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2006, 2005, and 2004.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – (CONTINUED)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-ofliving adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension benefits while the Village is required to contribute 19.5 percent for police officers and 24.0 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The Village's contributions to OP&F for police for pension obligations for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$12,826, \$12,580, and \$15,061, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006, 2005, and 2004.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2006 local government employer contribution rate was 13.70 percent of covered payroll (16.93 percent for public safety and law enforcement and 13.54 percent for state employers); 4.5 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2006, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.0 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between 0.50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care costs were assumed to increase between 0.5 and 5.0 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after nine years.

All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12 percent corridor.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 369,885. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2006, actuarial valuation was 362,130. Actual Village contributions for 2006 which were used to fund postemployment health care benefits were \$9,554. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2006 were \$12 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (CONTINUED)

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. To improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund, OPERS created a separate investment pool for the health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-asyou-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.75 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2006. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The Village's actual contributions for 2006 that were used to fund postemployment health care benefits were \$8,460 for police. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2006, was \$120,373,722, which was net of member contributions of \$58,532,848. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2006, was 14,120 for police and 10,563 for firefighters.

NOTE 12 – DEBT

The Village's long term debt obligations at year end consist of the following:

		Balance at 12/31/05	Principal Decrease	Balance at 12/31/06	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	5.00%	\$444,000	\$31,000	\$413,000	\$33,000
Ohio Water Develop. Author. Loan	4.12%	1,384,003	86,642	1,297,362	90,248
Total Governmental Activities		1,828,003	117,642	1,710,362	123,248
Business-Type Activities: Bank Loan - \$175,000	3.50%	111,897	54,977	56,919	56,919
Total Long-Term Obligations		\$ 1,939,900	\$ 172,619	\$ 1,767,281	\$ 180,167

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 (Continued)

NOTE 12 – DEBT – (CONTINUED)

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan relates to a sewer facilities improvement project.

The OWDA has approved up to \$2,010,000 in loans to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the loan in semiannual installments of \$71,390, including interest, over 20 years. The scheduled payment amounts were established by OWDA and assumes that \$1,932,477 will be borrowed. The OWDA will adjust the scheduled payment to reflect any revisions in amounts the Village actually borrows.

The Mortgage Revenue Bonds relate to a sanitary sewer system improvement project. The bonds were issued by the Village in 1976 for an aggregate amount of \$901,000. The bonds will be paid in annual installments according to the bond amortization schedule until 2016.

As required by the mortgage revenue bond covenant, the Village has established and funded a sewer reserve fund, included as an enterprise fund. The balance in the fund at December 31, 2006, was \$56,728.

The debt related to governmental activities is repaid from the Debt Service Fund, which is funded by local income tax collections.

The Village borrowed \$165,000 from the Farmers and Merchants State Bank in 2004 for the purchase and installation of a new automated water meter system, including software and equipment. The Village will make semi-annual payments of principal and interest. The loan matures in 2007. The loan amounts are paid through the collection of a user charge for consumer water/sewer services. This loan is paid from the Water and Sewer Funds.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$180,167	\$74,684	\$254,851
2008	129,004	67,775	196,779
2009	133,917	62,112	196,029
2010	139,993	56,236	196,229
2011	146,238	50,091	196,329
Subsequent	1,037,962	156,852	1,194,814
Total	\$1,767,281	\$467,750	\$2,235,031

The Ohio Revised Code provides that net general obligation debt of the Village, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed 5.5 percent of the tax valuation of the Village. The Revised Code further provides that total voted and unvoted net debt of the Village lass the same exempt debt shall never exceed an amount equal to 10.5 percent of its tax valuation. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2006, were an overall debt margin of \$3,229,932 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,691,869.

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Village of West Unity Williams County 118 West Jackson Street P.O. Box 207 West Unity, Ohio 43570-0207

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of West Unity, Williams County, (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2008, wherein we noted the Village uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the Village uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State to audit the Village. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code Sections 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code Sections 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Village of West Unity Williams County Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2006-001 and 2006-002.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe finding number 2006-001 is also a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated April 30, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards O*which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2006-001.

We also noted certain noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated April 30, 2008.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Village of West Unity Williams County Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 3

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and Members of Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 30, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2006-001

Noncompliance Citation – Material Wekness

Chapter 5705 of the Revised Code sets forth a scheme that provides for a uniform budget and appropriation process in order to assure that a government entity expends no more that it expects to receive in revenue. In order to accomplish this, all appropriations must be accounted to and from each appropriation fund. While federal and state loans and grants are deemed appropriated and in the process of collection so as to be available for expenditure, they must still be recorded (R.C.5705.42). Thus, a mechanism is still required to account for receipts and expenditures. That mechanism is an amendment of, or a supplement to, the entity's estimated resources, or its appropriation measure, which shall comply with all provisions of law governing the taxing authority in making an original appropriation (R.C.5705.40). An original appropriation measure must be passed by the taxing authority, and in any amendment of, or supplement to, that measure also requires legislative action (R.C. 5705.38).

Auditor of State Bulletin 2002-004 further requires that when an entity enters into an Issue II infrastructure project with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC), the cash value benefit of the program should be recorded as memorandum receipts and disbursements in the year the "on-behalf-of" payments are made to contractors by OPWC.

In 2006, Issue II grant monies, in the amount of \$110,000, were expended directly to contractors on behalf of the Village. These monies were not recorded in the Village's financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to reflect the "on-behalf-of" activity.

We recommend that the Village follow the guidelines of Auditor of State Bulletin 2002-004, which describes the proper accounting treatment for Issue II infrastructure projects and that the Village record and budget all grant money received to the Village books.

Official's Response:

Management does not disagree with this finding and acknowledges that corrective procedures have been implemented regarding these monies.

Village of West Unity Williams County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2006-002

Significant Deficiency - Financial Reporting

As a result of the audit procedures performed, the following errors were noted in the financial statements that required audit adjustments:

- In the prior audit, motor vehicle license tax, gasoline tax, and homestead and rollback monies were allocated to the incorrect funds. As a result, the fund balances at January 1, 2006, were understated in the Street Construction Fund by \$5,981, in the Parks and Recreation Fund by \$2,108, and overstated in the State Highway Fund by \$5,600, and in the General Fund by \$2,489.
- 2. Debt expenditures in the Water Fund, \$46,737, and in the Sewer Fund, \$11,684, were recorded as other financing uses instead of debt services.
- 3. Monthly water and sewer collections in the Water Fund, \$51,600, and Sewer Fund, \$12,789, were recorded as other financing sources instead of charges for services.
- 4. Community Development Block Grant monies received in the amount of \$29,300 were classified as general revenues on the government wide financial statements: Statement of Net Activities, instead of being classified as program revenues, capital grants: capital grants related to the capital outlay activity.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the fiscal officer and the governing board and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate. To ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the statements and notes by the Clerk/Treasurer and the audit committee, to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the Clerk/Treasurer should also review the Uniform Accounting Network's chart of accounts to ensure that all accounts are being properly posted to the financial statements.

Officials Response:

Management does not disagree with this finding and acknowledges that corrective procedures have been implemented regarding these audit adjustments.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
2005-001	Ohio Revised Code §5705.10. Village did not account receipts and disbursements from Natureworks Grant in a separate fund	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid. The Village did not receive a Natureworks Grant during 2006 or 2007
2005-002	Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705. Village did not record pass through grants on Village records	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as Finding No. 2006-001





VILLAGE OF WEST UNITY

WILLIAMS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JUNE 3, 2008

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us