YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Governing Board YouthBuild Columbus Community School 7215 Sawmill Road, Suite 050 Dublin, Ohio 43016

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the YouthBuild Columbus Community School, Franklin County, prepared by Hemphill & Associates, for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The YouthBuild Columbus Community School is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 10, 2008

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YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

YouthBuild Columbus Community School Franklin County 7215 Sawmill Road, Suite #050 Dublin, Ohio 43016

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of YouthBuild Columbus Community School, Franklin County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of YouthBuild Columbus Community School, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2008, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

mphill & associates Columbus, Ohio January 31, 2008

Management's discussion and analysis of YouthBuild Columbus Community School (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2007 are as follows:

- Total net assets increased \$86,840.
- Current liabilities decreased \$64,239, while current assets increased \$28,931.
- Total revenue increase from \$500,377 in fiscal year 2006 to \$703,296 in fiscal year 2007.
- Total expenses increased from \$613,446 in fiscal year 2006 to \$616,456 in fiscal year 2007.
- The School has \$633,819 in long term liabilities as of June 30, 2007.

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets reflect how the School did financially during fiscal year 2007. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting includes all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the School's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School's student enrollment, per-pupil funding as determined by the State of Ohio, change in technology, required educational programs, and other factors. The School uses enterprise presentation for all of its activities.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's net assets as of June 30, 2007 compared to the prior year.

Table 1 <u>Net Assets</u>

	2007	2006
Assets:		
Cash and Other Current Assets	\$ 54,223	\$ 25,292
Capital Assets, Net	1,018,100	1,045,661
Total Assets	1,072,323	1,070,953
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	82,855	147,094
Long Term Liabilities	633,819	655,050
Total Liabilities	716,674	802,144
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	369,567	367,645
Restricted for Grants	14,109	-
Unrestricted	(28,027)	(98,836)
Total Net Assets	\$ 355,649	\$ 268,809

Current assets increased in 2007 due to increased revenues from foundation, federal grants, and private contributions. Net capital assets decreased as a result of depreciation.

Liabilities decreased by \$85,470 and net assets increased by \$86,840 in 2007. These changes are the result of the increased enrollment, generating net income, which was used to reduce debt incurred during the last two fiscal years.

Table 2 shows change in Net Assets for fiscal year 2007 compared with fiscal year 2006.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	2007	2006	
Operating Revenues			
Foundation	\$ 560,782	\$ 317,362	
Other Operating Revenue	-	7,000	
Non-Operating Revenues			
Grants	21,000	34,486	
Other Non-Operating	121,514	141,529	
Total Revenues	703,296	500,377	
Operating Expenses			
Salaries	282,249	292,859	
Fringe Benefits	96,903	94,371	
Purchased Services	127,456	86,453	
Materials and Supplies	9,740	16,597	
Depreciation	27,561	36,293	
Other Operating Expenses	33,454	46,595	
Non-Operating Expenses			
Interest & Fees related to Debt	39,093	40,278	
Total Expenses	616,456	613,446	
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 86,840	\$ (113,069)	

The revenue generated by a community school is almost entirely dependent on per-pupil allotment given by the State foundation and from federal entitlement programs. Foundation and grant revenues made up 83% of all revenues for the School in fiscal year 2007. Other operating revenues decreased due to the decrease in private contributions.

The primary reason for the increase in overall revenues from 2006 was the increase in students from 42 in fiscal year 2006 to 78 in fiscal year 2007. The School kept expenditures at their 2006 levels in order to repay debts previously incurred.

Budgeting Highlights

Community schools must adopt a spending plan under Ohio Revised Code. Section 5705.391 requires annual appropriations and annual revenues estimates. The contract between the School and its sponsor requires the school to comply with the financial plan that details an estimated budget for each year of the contract.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the School had \$1,018,100 in net capital assets. The most significant capital asset at June 30, 2007 was the school building.

Debt

At June 30, 2007, the School had \$641,033 in outstanding scheduled debt. This amount consists of a \$150,000 note payable to Columbus Compact Corporation and \$491,033 due to Chase Bank.

In addition, the School has a \$25,000 line of credit. At June 30, 2007, the outstanding borrowings against the line were \$23,859.

Current Financial Related Activities

The School's financial outlook over the next several years shows continued growth as enrollment is projected to increase.

Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide all citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Brian G. Adams, CFO, YouthBuild Columbus Community School, 1183 Essex Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43215.

YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

Current Assets:Cash\$ 17,547Prepaids8,931Intergovernmental Receivable27,745Total Current Assets54,223
Prepaids8,931Intergovernmental Receivable27,745
Intergovernmental Receivable 27,745
Total Current Assets54,223
Noncurrent Assets:
Capital Assets:
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net) 1,018,100
Total Noncurrent Assets1,018,100
Total Assets \$1,072,323
Liabilities
Current Liabilities:
Accounts Payable 6,421
Accrued Wages and Benefits 34,857
Intergovernmental Payable 190
Interest Payable 1,272
Notes Payable, current portion40,115
Total Current Liabilities82,855
Long-Term Liabilities:
Notes Payable600,918
Loans Payable 7,500
Line of Credit 23,859
Compensated Absences Payable 1,542
Total Long-Term Liabilities633,819
Total Liabilities 716,674
Net Assets
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 369,567
Restricted for Grants 14,109
Unrestricted (28,027)
Total Net Assets\$ 355,649

YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Operating Revenues	2007
Foundation	\$560,782
Total Operating Revenues	560,782
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	282,249
Fringe Benefits	96,903
Purchased Services	127,456
Materials and Supplies	9,740
Depreciation	27,561
Other	33,454
Total Operating Expenses	577,363
Operating Income (Loss)	(16,581)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Rental Income	36,000
Interest on Notes Payable	(39,093)
Other Non-Operating	85,514
Federal/State Grants	21,000
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	103,421
Change in Net Assets	86,840
Net Assets Beginning of Year	268,809
Net Assets End of Year	\$355,649

YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2007
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from State	\$541,570
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(283,442)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(105,893)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(162,164)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(33,454)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(43,383)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Grants Received	6,936
Rental Income	36,000
Cash from Other Non-Operating Revenue	30,000 86,802
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	129,738
Net Cash i Tovided by Noncapital Financing Activities	129,738
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Interest Paid - Notes Payable	(36,403)
Proceeds from Line of Credit	4,500
Principal Payments-Notes Payable	(36,984)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(68,887)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,468
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	79
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	17,547

YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (CONTINUED)

	2007
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$(16,581)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	27,561
(Increase) Decrease In Intergovernmental Receivables	(550)
(Increase) Decrease In Prepaids	(1,114)
(Decrease) In Accounts Payable	(37,940)
(Decrease) Increase In Accrued Wages and Benefits	(4,667)
(Decrease) In Intergovernmental Payables	(10,242)
Increase (Decrease) In Compensated Absences	150
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$(43,383)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

YouthBuild Columbus Community School (the School) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The School's objectives are to carry out the academic training component of the YouthBuild Columbus program, to advance underserved youth through education, job training, personal development, leadership development, and community service. The YouthBuild Columbus program helps dropouts from traditional high schools in a year-round program that enables students to gain employable skills by building and rehabilitating houses in Columbus' Empowerment Zone that are sold to low-income families. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations.

The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School. The School was approved for operation on June 14, 2001, under a contract by and between the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), as Sponsor, and the Governing Authority of YouthBuild Columbus Community School. The School commenced official operation on July 1, 2001.

The five-member Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Board controls the School's principal, one full-time, non-certified staff, and five certified full time teaching personnel who provide services to approximately 78 students during the school year.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to a governmental nonprofit organization. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School does not apply FASB Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Basis of Presentation

The School's financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The School uses enterprise accounting to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Enterprise accounting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Enterprise accounting may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

B. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets. The Statement of Cash Flows reflects how the School finances and meets its cash flow needs.

"Basis of accounting" refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting purposes. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Revenue resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as grants, entitlements and donations, are recognized in the period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

Community schools must adopt a spending plan under Ohio Revised Code. Section 5705.391 requires annual appropriations and annual revenues estimates. The contract between the School and its sponsor requires the school to comply with the financial plan that details an estimated budget for each year of the contract.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Cash

All cash received by the School is deposited in accounts in the School's name. The School did not have any investments during fiscal year 2007.

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets and improvements are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of seven hundred fifty dollars for computers and one thousand dollars for all other assets. The School does not possess any infrastructure.

The School does not capitalize interest. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized; improvements, however, are capitalized. Building, vehicles, furniture, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. Improvements to fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

The following is the estimated useful lives for property, vehicles, furniture, and equipment:

Asset	Useful Life
Building	45 years
Vehicles	2 years
Furniture and Equipment	1 - 10 years

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program and the Poverty-Based Assistance (PBA) Program. Revenues received from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the school on a reimbursement basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The School participates in the Comprehensive Continuous Improvement Planning Program (CCIP) through the Ohio Department of Education. Revenue received from this program is recognized as non-operating revenue. Amounts awarded under the above programs for the 2007 school year totaled \$14,681.

G. Compensated Absences

Leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered. Unused personal leave is paid out at 100% of the employee's current pay rate at the end of the school year. Sick leave must be used during the school year, is non-accumulative, and is not paid out at the end of the school year. Permanent, year-round employees are entitled to annual vacation leave which is granted on June 1 of each subsequent year of employment and is based on the employee's service years. Upon separation from employment, employees are entitled to compensation at their current rate of pay for all unused vacation leave, prorated to reflect the pay periods worked.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The School's statement of net assets reported \$14,109 in restricted net assets as of fiscal year end 2007. Of this amount, none is restricted by enabling legislation.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the School. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the School. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2007, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase by the School and an expense is recorded when used. The School had prepaid items totaling \$8,931.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The following information classifies deposits by category of risk as defined in GASB Statement No.3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," as amended by GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit, and Investment Risk Disclosures".

The School maintains its cash balances at one financial institution located in Ohio. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000. At June 30, 2007, the book amount of the School's deposits was \$17,547 and the bank balance was \$18,446. The School had no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirement of state statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the school or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value shall be at least 105% of deposits being secured. At June 30, 2007, none of the bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

The total bank balance was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The School had no investments at June 30, 2007 or during the fiscal year.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the School's capital assets at June 30, 2007, follows:

	Balance at 7/1/2006	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/2007
Building	\$1,140,725	\$ -	\$(15,276)	\$1,125,449
Vehicles	3,000	-	-	3,000
Furniture & Fixtures	41,066	15,276		56,342
Total Capital Assets	1,184,791	15,276	(15,276)	1,184,791
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(139,130)		(27,561)	(166,691)
Net Capital Assets	\$1,045,661	\$ 15,276	\$(42,837)	\$1,018,100

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2007, the School contracted with Accordia of Illinois Insurance Company for property and general liability insurance. The property insurance limits are \$1,000 deductible and \$385,000 aggregate. The general liability insurance limits are \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. There has been no reduction in coverage over the prior year. There have been no settlements exceeding coverage in the last four years.

B. Worker's Compensation

The School pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State. The School had paid all premiums as of June 30, 2007.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2007, 10.58% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board.

The School's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$5,706 and \$6,334, respectively. 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. The School had a prepaid balance to SERS in the amount of \$510 at June 30, 2007, all of which was for pension obligations.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to the STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit Plan (DBP), a Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), and a Combined Plan (CP). The DBP offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service or on an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS funds multiplied by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DCP allows members to place all of their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The CP offers features of both the DBP and DCP. In the CP, member contributions are invested by the member and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DBP. DCP and CP members will transfer to the DBP during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DCP or CP. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balance from the existing DBP into the DCP or CP. This option expired on December 31, 2001.

A DBP or CP member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DCP who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contribution for pension obligations for the DBP for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$40,755 and \$43,916; 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefits recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School, this amount equaled \$3,135 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$282,783,000, and STRS had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2% of each employee's salary. For the School, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits during fiscal year 2007 was \$2,335. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Net health care cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), were \$158,751,207. The target level for the health care fund is 150% of projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. The number of participants eligible to receive benefits is 59,492.

8. MEDICAL AND DENTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Effective May 1, 2005, the School contracted with AETNA Insurance for its medical insurance benefits for full-time employees of the School. Dental insurance is provided by Prudential Insurance. All full-time employees are eligible to select coverage under this plan, once they have been employed by the School for thirty days. Currently, the School pays 100% of each employee's individual and/or family premium. Premiums are determined by the insurance company.

9. PURCHASED SERVICES

For the period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007, purchased service expenses were for the following services:

	2007
Professional Services	\$ 66,100
Property Services	14,288
Travel and Meetings	7,125
Communications	9,990
Utilities	29,605
Trade Services	348
Total	\$ 127,456

10. TAX EXEMPT STATUS

The School completed its application and filed for tax-exempt status under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and was approved for tax-exempt status on May 21, 2002. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the School's tax-exempt status.

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2007 is as follows:

2007

476,192

14,841

Columbus Compact Corporation – The School entered into a promissory note with Columbus Compact Corporation dated April 30, 2002, in the amount of \$150,000. This note was for the purpose of acquiring land and a building to be used for the School. The repayment of the principal on this note is deferred for five years. The note has a 4% interest rate and interest accrues during the deferment period. Interest payments are to be made in semi-annual payments during the term of deferment which began on December 31, 2002. At the end of the five years, with a balloon payment due on the outstanding balance at the end of the seventh year of the loan. \$150,000

Chase Bank Mortgage – The School has a mortgage with Chase Bank (formerly BankOne) dated July 3, 2002, in the amount of \$586,444. This note is for the purpose of acquiring land and building and improvements to be used as a facility for the School. Terms of this mortgage provide for monthly payments of principal and interest over 150 months at an annual interest rate of 6.5%.

Chase Bank - Note Payable – The School has a short-term note with Chase Bank dated February 1, 2007, in the amount of \$25,125. Proceeds from this loan were used for the installation of a sprinkler system at the School. Terms of this loan provide for payments of principal and interest over 36 months at an annual interest rate of 8.5%.

 Total
 \$641,033

 Current Maturities
 40,115

 Long Term Debt
 \$600,918

Amortizations of these obligations are as follows:

Years	Principal
2008	\$ 39,831
2009	190,306
2010	35,598
2011	37,999
2012 and Thereafter	337,299
	641,033
Less: Current Portion	(40,115)
	\$600,918

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Additional long-term obligations as of June 30, 2007 were as follows:

Loan Payable (BCHF) – On September 8, 2001, the School received a loan from Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (BCHF). This loan was used for operating capital. This loan, which is payable on demand, has an interest rate of 0%. The outstanding balance on this loan at June 30, 2007 was \$7,500.

12. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS/RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The School is a related organization to Buckeye Community Hope Foundation (BCHF) and YouthBuild Columbus, a non-profit organization affiliated with YouthBuild USA. A description of the School's relationship with these entities follows.

A. Buckeye Community Hope Foundation

BCHF appoints all five members of the Board of Trustees of the School. Three of the Board members are also employed by BCHF. BCHF does not impose its will on the School Board. The School's accountability to BCHF ceases with BCHF's appointments to the School Board. The School Board sets its own budget, hires/terminates personnel, and authorizes all expenditures.

Related party transactions with BCHF were as follows:

Description of Transaction	<u>Amount</u>
Amounts received by the School from BCHF for expense reimbursement for BCHF salaries paid by the School	\$ 99,995
Loan payable by the School to BCHF as of June 30, 2007 (see Note 11)	\$ 7,500

B. YouthBuild Columbus

YouthBuild Columbus supports policies and programs which enable young people to assume leadership roles in order to rebuild their communities. The Vice President of the School's Board of Trustees is also the Executive Director of YouthBuild Columbus. The School's Principal is also the President of the Board of YouthBuild Columbus. The School began leasing space in the school building at 1183 Essex Avenue to YouthBuild Columbus in March 2003 (See Note 13).

12. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS/RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

C. Board Member Loan

During the fiscal year, a Board Member loaned the School \$6,000 for operating expenses. The loan was repaid December 2006 by the School.

13. RENT REVENUE

The School entered into a lease agreement for the use of space in the Essex Avenue School Building with YouthBuild Columbus. The premise will be used as offices by the lessee. The lease commenced March 1, 2003 and the term of the lease is indefinite. YouthBuild Columbus is a subsidiary of Buckeye Community Hope Foundation. During fiscal year 2007, rent payments totaling \$36,000 were paid to the School.

14. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the School. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2007.

B. Pending Litigation

A suit was filed in the US District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division on October 6, 2004, which challenges the funding of charter schools under Equal Protection, Due Process and claims violation of a right to vote on the bodies administering public schools. The case is still pending. The effect of this suit, if any, on the School is not presently determinable.

C. Full Time Equivalency

The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) conducts reviews of enrollment data and full time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the School. These reviews are conducted to ensure the School is reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The fiscal year 2007 review found the School was underpaid \$13,636.

14. CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School's fiscal year 2007 foundation receipts will be increased by this amount and a receivable has been added.

15. LINE OF CREDIT

The School has a \$25,000 line of credit. At June 30, 2007, the School had outstanding borrowings of \$23,859 at an interest rate of 8.50%. The line is payable on demand and has no fixed maturity date.

16. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 primarily consisted of intergovernmental receivables (e.g. foundation and federal grants). All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectable in full, due to the stable condition of state program, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal receivables follows.

Intergovernmental Receivables	2007	
Fiscal year 2007 Foundation Adjustment IDEA Part B	\$	13,636 14,109
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$	27,745

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

YouthBuild Columbus Community School Franklin County 7215 Sawmill Road, Suite #050 Dublin, Ohio 43016

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the financial statements of YouthBuild Columbus Community School, Franklin County, Ohio (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the organization's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the organization's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the organization's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the organization's internal control.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2007-001.

The School's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the School's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Columbus, Ohio January 31, 2008

Hemphill & associates

YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2007

2007-001. Annual Report

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 requires that GAAP-basis entities file financial statements within 150 days. Any public office not filing the report by the required date shall pay a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each day the report remains unfilled, not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars. The AOS may waive these penalties upon the filing of the past due financial report. Also, the public office must publish notice in local newspaper stating the financial report is available for public inspection at the office of the chief fiscal officer.

The School did not file its financial statements for fiscal year 2007 within 150 days.

We recommend that the School should implement procedures to gather all necessary information and file its financial statements timely to avoid unnecessary penalties and provide timely information regarding its financial status.

Management's Response:

Management concurs with the Auditor's recommendation and agrees to implement procedures which provide for the submission of its GAAP basis financial statements within 150 days after year end.





YOUTHBUILD COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 22, 2008

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