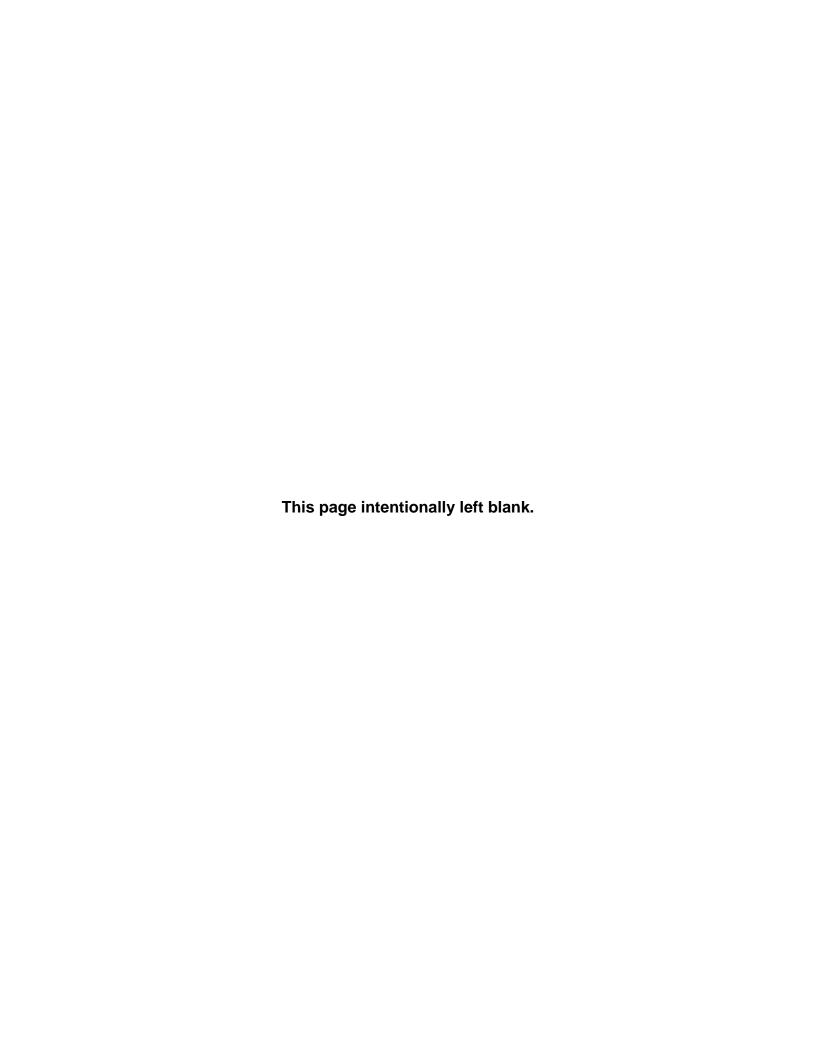




# **Table of Contents**

Title	Page
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis	10
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Cash Balances-Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Cash Basis Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes In Fund Cash Balances (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	14
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Net Cash Assets - Fiduciary Funds	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	38
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	40
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	41
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	43
Schedule of Findings	45
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	





# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bryan City School District Williams County 1350 Fountain Grove Drive Bryan, Ohio 43506-8733

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bryan City School District, Williams County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, as discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, we cannot determine at this time.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bryan City School District, Williams County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in cash financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

Bryan City School District Williams County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 4, 2009

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Bryan City School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2009 are as follows:

In total, net assets increased \$2,478,502.

General revenues accounted for \$19,216,965, or 82 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$4,348,882 or 18 percent of total revenues of \$23,565,847.

The District's major funds included the General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund. The General fund had \$19,975,602 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,922,070 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General fund's balance increased \$2,053,532 from the prior fiscal year. The Permanent Improvement fund had \$1,496,452 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,023,418 in expenditures. The Permanent Improvement fund's balance increased \$473.034 from the prior fiscal year.

The revenue generated from the Debt Service fund is used to pay for the current portion of bonded debt.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column.

For the District, the General fund is by far the most significant fund. The General fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund are the two major funds.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities, both reported on the cash basis, reflect how the District performed financially during fiscal year 2009. These statements are reported on a cash basis of accounting which reflects receipts and disbursements when cash in received or disbursed.

These statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District, as a whole, has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the cash basis statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the District discloses a single type of activity, its governmental activities which includes all of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund. While the District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, these are the most significant.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the cash basis of accounting.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

### The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal year 2009 compared to fiscal year 2008 on a cash basis.

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIV	ilico	
	2009	2008
Assets:	<b>#0.700.470</b>	Ф <b>7</b> 040 074
Current and Other Assets	\$9,792,176	\$7,313,674
Net Assets:		
Restricted for Debt Service		18,659
Restricted for Capital Outlay	2,111,651	1,638,617
Restricted for Other Purposes	489,821	519,226
Unrestricted	7,190,704	5,137,172
Total	\$9,792,176	\$7,313,674

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$2,478,502 or 34% during 2009. The primary reasons attributing to an increase included the increase in income tax and personal property replacement revenue while experiencing a decrease in capital outlay and debt service.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009 compared to fiscal year 2008.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2009	2008
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,575,870	\$2,498,388
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,773,012	1,693,163
Total Program Revenues	4,348,882	4,191,551
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	8,304,094	8,909,707
Income Taxes	2,968,997	2,195,344
Grants and Entitlements	7,679,917	7,464,044
Gifts and Donations	45,299	67,685
Investment Earnings	159,451	273,528
Miscellaneous	51,412	96,673
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		4,500
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	7,795	4,605
General Revenues	19,216,965	19,016,086
Total Revenues	23,565,847	23,207,637

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Expenses:		
Instruction	12,275,679	11,791,043
Support Services:		
Pupils	976,816	968,202
Instructional Staff	1,494,163	1,274,405
Board of Education	18,145	23,202
Administration	1,450,798	1,414,239
Fiscal	558,974	534,534
Business	89,862	89,100
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,562,239	1,509,890
Pupil Transportation	622,004	534,604
Central	67,523	78,575
Non-Instructional Services	766,307	685,499
Extracurricular Activities	764,008	766,131
Capital Outlay	369,830	1,210,948
Refund of Prior Year Receipt	70,997	
Debt Service:		
Principal		375,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		11,250
Total Expenses	21,087,345	21,266,622
Increase in Net Assets	\$2,478,502	\$1,941,015

Program receipts account for 18 percent of total receipts and are represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 58 percent of all governmental disbursements. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for 15 percent of governmental disbursements. Maintenance of the District's facilities also represents a significant disbursement of 7 percent. The remaining 20 percent of the District's disbursements are related to the primary functions of delivering education and providing facilities. These costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes and grants and entitlements.

Overall revenues increased \$358,210 (1.4%) primarily due to an increase in school income taxes, program revenues, and unrestricted grants and entitlements even though property taxes decreased. Overall expenditures decreased \$179,277 (less than 1%) which is primarily attributed to a decrease in capital expenditures and debt service.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Governmental /	TOUVILIES			
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	
	2009	2009	2008	2008	
Instruction	\$12,275,679	\$9,311,856	\$11,791,043	\$8,970,185	
Support Services:					
Pupils	976,816	965,344	968,202	961,256	
Instructional Staff	1,494,163	1,494,163	1,274,405	1,274,405	
Board of Education	18,145	18,145	23,202	23,202	
Administration	1,450,798	1,444,827	1,414,239	1,406,981	
Fiscal	558,974	558,974	534,534	534,534	
Business	89,862	89,862	89,100	89,100	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,562,239	1,433,784	1,509,890	1,303,734	
Pupil Transportation	622,004	604,889	534,604	525,096	
Central	67,523	52,523	78,575	63,575	
Non-Instructional Services	766,307	(24,376)	685,499	(45,720)	
Extracurricular Activities	764,008	347,645	766,131	371,525	
Capital Outlay	369,830	369,830	1,210,948	1,210,948	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	70,997	70,997			
Debt Service:					
Principal			375,000	375,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges			11,250	11,250	
Total Expenses	\$21,087,345	\$16,738,463	\$21,266,622	\$17,075,071	

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 76 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 79 percent. The remaining 21 percent are derived from charges for services and operating grants and contributions.

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$23,638,919 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$21,160,417. The net change in fund balance in the General fund reflects an increase of \$2,053,532. This was primarily due to an increase in income taxes and intergovernmental revenues greater than the decrease in property taxes. The net change in fund balance in the Permanent Improvement fund was an increase of \$473,034. This was primarily attributed to decreased capital outlay expenditures.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General fund. During the course of fiscal year 2009, the District amended its General fund budget as needed.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Final estimated revenues exceeded original estimated resources by \$294,447 due to unexpected increases in property and other taxes, income tax revenue, intergovernmental revenue, tuition and fees, and miscellaneous revenues. There was no significant variances between final estimated revenues and actual.

Original budget expenditures varied little from final amounts. Final expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$18,557,001 while actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$18,060,781. The \$496,220 difference is primarily due to a conservative "worst case scenario" approach. The District over-appropriates in case significant, unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had capital outlay disbursements of \$369,830 during fiscal year 2009.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2009, the District's long term obligations, included capital leases of \$220,377, up 59 percent from the end of fiscal year 2008. The District obtained four separate capital leases for the acquisition of computer equipment. The leases were each issued for three years, with final maturity on June 7, 2010, November 5, 2010, and July 25, 2011. One leased matured prior to fiscal year end.

At June 30, 2009, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$24,155,718, with an un-voted debt margin of \$268,397.

For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Current Issues**

Bryan is a small rural community of 8,500 in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy. The district's revenues from the State of Ohio have remained stagnant while operating costs continue to increase significantly. The citizens of the district passed a continuing one percent school district income tax levy on May 2, 2006. This new tax became effective on January 1, 2007 and is expected to generate approximately \$2,700,000 per year when fully implemented, based upon estimates received from the Ohio Department of Taxation. The one percent school district income tax generated \$2,195,000 in FY 2008 and \$2,969,000 in FY 2009.

The district is currently operating in the second year of the state biennium budget. 58 percent of district revenue sources are from local funds, 37 percent from state funds and the remaining 5 percent is from federal funds. The total expenditure per pupil was calculated at \$8,920.

In May 2007, the District passed a five-year emergency levy to generate \$1,910,000 annually. This levy provides a source of funds for the financial operations and stability of the district. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised. Some of these challenges are in the future of state funding for schools in light of the DeRolph court case, the long term effects of public utility deregulation, and the elimination of tangible personal property tax on Ohio businesses.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Rob Rosswurm, Chief Fiscal Officer, Bryan City School District, 1350 Fountain Grove Drive, Bryan, Ohio 43506-8733.

# Statement of Net Assets For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2009

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,792,176
Net Assets:	
Restricted for Capital Outlay	2,111,651
Restricted for Other Purposes	489,821
Unrestricted	7,190,704
Total Net Assets	\$ 9,792,176

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net(Expense)

		Program	n Revenues	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Charges for	Operating	ASSEIS
		Services and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 8,937,292 \$	1,559,020		
Special	3,177,606		1,151,322	(2,026,284)
Vocational	128,229		8,409	(119,820)
Student Intervention Services Support Services:	32,552			(32,552)
Pupils	976,816		11,472	(965,344)
Instructional Staff	1,494,163		,	(1,494,163)
Board of Education	18,145			(18,145)
Administration	1,450,798		5,971	(1,444,827)
Fiscal	558,974		0,071	(558,974)
Business	89,862			(89,862)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,562,239	128,455		(1,433,784)
Pupil Transportation	622,004	120,400	17,115	(604,889)
Central	67,523		15,000	(52,523)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	766,307	472,032	318,651	24,376
Extracurricular Activities	764,008	416,363	310,031	(347,645)
Capital Outlay	369,830	+10,505		(369,830)
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	70,997			(70,997)
Totals	\$ 21,087,345 \$	2,575,870	\$ 1,773,012	
Totals	<del></del>	2,373,870	1,773,012	(10,730,403)
	General Revenues: Taxes:			
	Property Taxes, Le	vied for General Pu	rnnses	7,191,128
	Property Taxes, Le		•	1,112,966
	Income Taxes	viou for oupliar out	iay	2,968,997
		ents not Restricted t	to Specific Programs	7,679,917
	Gifts and Donations	Sinto not recombica	to opcome i rogiams	45,299
	Investment Earnings	:		159,451
	Miscellaneous	•		51,412
	Refund of Prior Year	Expenditures		7,795
	Total General Revenues	•		19,216,965
	Change in Net Assets	•		2,478,502
	Net Assets Beginning of	f Year		7,313,674
	Net Assets End of Year			\$ 9,792,176
	Net Assets Life Of Tear			Ψ 3,132,170

# Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Cash Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year June 30, 2009

	_	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ _	7,190,704 \$	2,111,651 \$	489,821 \$	9,792,176
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		138,711	161,538	38,035	338,284
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund		7,051,993			7,051,993
Special Revenue Funds				451,786	451,786
Capital Projects Funds	_		1,950,113		1,950,113
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,190,704 \$	2,111,651 \$	489,821 \$	9,792,176

# Statement of Cash Basis Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	,	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	7,191,128 \$	1,112,966		\$	8,304,094
Income Taxes		2,968,997				2,968,997
Intergovernmental		7,960,401	310,414 \$	1,182,114		9,452,929
Investment Earnings		158,995		456		159,451
Tuition and Fees		1,458,449		100,571		1,559,020
Rent		128,455				128,455
Extracurricular Activities		31,480		384,883		416,363
Gifts and Donations		28,573		16,726		45,299
Customer Sales and Services				472,032		472,032
Miscellaneous		46,764		4,648	_	51,412
Total Revenues	į	19,973,242	1,423,380	2,161,430	-	23,558,052
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		8,361,101	299,667	276,524		8,937,292
Special		2,459,280	11,772	706,554		3,177,606
Vocational		128,229				128,229
Student Intervention Services		32,552				32,552
Support Services:				40.000		
Pupils		963,210	797	12,809		976,816
Instructional Staff		1,304,155	186,486	3,522		1,494,163
Board of Education		18,145	0.044	44.000		18,145
Administration		1,432,855	6,244	11,699		1,450,798
Fiscal		525,150	33,824			558,974
Business		89,862	50.004	0.707		89,862
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,496,151	59,321	6,767		1,562,239
Pupil Transportation		564,277	57,727	7.045		622,004
Central		60,478		7,045		67,523
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		050.005		766,307		766,307
Extracurricular Activities		358,965	007.500	405,043		764,008
Capital Outlay		2,250	367,580	2 400 270	-	369,830
Total Expenditures		17,796,660	1,023,418	2,196,270	-	21,016,348
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•	2,176,582	399,962	(34,840)	-	2,541,704
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Transfers In			72.072			72.072
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		2,360	73,072	5,435		73,072 7,795
Transfers Out				(18,659)		(73,072)
Refund of Prior Year Receipts		(54,413)		(10,039)		(73,072) (70,997)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	•	(70,997) (123,050)	73,072	(13,224)	-	(63,202)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,053,532	473,034	(48,064)	-	2,478,502
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,137,172	1,638,617	537,885		7,313,674
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	7,190,704		489,821	\$	9,792,176
r and balance at End of Todi	Ψ	7,100,704	Σ,111,001 ψ	700,021	Ψ	5,752,170

# Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - (Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 6,857,000 \$	7,190,000 \$	7,191,128 \$	1,128
Income Tax	2,960,000	2,969,000	2,968,997	(3)
Intergovernmental	8,135,800	7,954,738	7,960,401	5,663
Investment Earnings	170,000	170,000	158,995	(11,005)
Tuition and Fees	1,320,000	1,448,800	1,458,449	9,649
Rent	128,700	127,550	128,455	905
Extracurricular Activities	35,000	31,500	31,480	(20)
Gifts and Donations	24,500	28,500	28,573	73
Miscellaneous	39,500	42,500	46,764	4,264
Total Revenues	19,670,500	19,962,588	19,973,242	10,654
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	0.500.004	0.450.500	0.000.400	00.440
Regular	8,509,291	8,459,532	8,369,420	90,112
Special	2,553,039	2,561,756	2,460,000	101,756
Vocational	127,120	132,491	130,998	1,493
Student Intervention Services	65,103	38,864	35,734	3,130
Support Services:	000 040	000 400	000.050	04.504
Pupils	988,012	993,483	968,959	24,524
Instructional Staff	1,397,637	1,432,709	1,342,467	90,242
Board of Education	23,150	23,841	18,375	5,466
Administration	1,512,976	1,518,399	1,449,521	68,878
Fiscal	534,512	544,463	525,675	18,788
Business	95,000	105,560	94,126	11,434
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,558,271	1,559,475	1,544,108	15,367
Pupil Transportation	598,422	603,138	574,187	28,951
Central	64,861	66,161	60,586	5,575
Extracurricular Activities	366,550	368,715	358,965	9,750
Capital Outlay	2,250	2,250	2,250	
Total Expenditures	18,396,194	18,410,837	17,935,371	475,466
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,274,306	1,551,751	2,037,871	486,120
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		2,359	2,360	1
Transfers Out		(54,413)	(54,413)	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(71,000)	(71,000)	(70,997)	3
Other Financing Uses	(100,000)	(20,751)		20,751
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(171,000)	(143,805)	(123,050)	20,755
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,103,306	1,407,946	1,914,821	506,875
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,024,321	5,024,321	5,024,321	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	112,851	112,851	112,851	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 6,240,478 \$	6,545,118 \$	7,051,993 \$	506,875

# Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Net Cash Assets Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2009

	Ag	ency Fund
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	33,200
Liabilities: Undistributed Monies	\$	33,200

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Bryan City School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city school district as defined by §3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board oversees the operations of the District's seven instructional/support facilities staffed by 83 non-certified and 176 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,888 students and other community members.

### A. Primary Government

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the District, are accessible to the District, and are significant in amount to the District. The District does not have any component units.

### C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Purchasing Pools

The District is associated with organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations and group purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, the Northern Buckeye Education Council, the Four County Career Center, the Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, the Northwest Ohio Professional Development Center, the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Northern Buckeye Education Council's Employee Insurance Benefits Program, the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Ohio School Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### 1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least
   10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g., grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The General fund and the Permanent Improvement fund are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> - The Permanent Improvement fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

#### 2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary funds of the District consist of agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's Agency funds account for various student managed activities.

### C. Basis of Accounting

Although the Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires that the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

### D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within established timetable. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the function level within the General fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the object level within the General fund, and at the function and object level within all other funds are made by the District's Chief Fiscal Officer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Chief Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years.

The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. Encumbrances at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled and invested. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2009, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a money market mutual fund, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments in federal agency securities are reported at cost. The District's money market mutual fund is recorded at the amount reported by Fifth Third Investments at June 30, 2009.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$158,995, which includes \$42,483 assigned from other District funds.

### F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

## G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### H. Compensated Absences

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

### I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 10 and 11, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

### J. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

#### L. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. There were no amounts restricted by enabling legislation.

#### M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 3. COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District has prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net assets/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

#### 4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis).

The General fund encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$138,711.

#### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current fiveyear period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States
  Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

#### **Deposits**

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

## 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2009, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Inve	urities		
Investment Type	Balance at Fair Value	Less Than One Year	One to Two Years	Two to Three Years	Three to Four Years
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) Bonds Federal Home Loan	\$771,080		\$249,375	\$521,705	
Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) Bonds	500,000			500,000	
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Bonds	257,688				\$257,688
Money Market Mutual Fund	555,458	\$555,458			
STAR Ohio	5,231,495	5,231,495			
Total Investments	\$7,315,721	\$5,786,953	\$249,375	\$1,021,705	\$257,688

Interest Rate Risk - The District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk – The following investments carry the highest ratings by Moody's and Standard and Poor's.

		Standard
Investment Type	Moody's	& Poor's
FHLB Bonds	Aaa	AAA
FHLMC Bonds	Aaa	AAA
FNMA Notes	Aaa	AAA
STAR Ohio		AAA
Money Market Mutual Fund	Aaa	AAA

Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds and Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the CFO or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time. The District's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds and Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, represent 10 percent, 7 percent, and 4 percent, respectively, of the District's total investments.

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Real property taxes for 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2007, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

### 6. PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Williams County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2009, are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Second- Half Collections		2009 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$192,777,690	66%	\$195,035,680	68%
Industrial/Commercial	65,187,550	22%	70,403,810	25%
Public Utility	4,087,600	1%	4,168,440	1%
Tangible Personal	31,336,660	11%	15,949,530	6%
Total Assessed Value	\$293,389,500	100%	\$285,557,460	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$53.40		\$53.60	

#### 7. SCHOOL INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The permanent tax was approved by the voters on May 2006, and was effective January 1, 2007. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the General Fund.

### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2009
Governmental Activities:				
Land	\$684,640			\$684,640
Land Improvements	446,747	\$164,125		610,872
<b>Buildings and Building Improvements</b>	15,708,405	90,973		15,799,378
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,767,388	43,211	\$67,579	2,743,020
Vehicles	1,198,511	96,976	79,286	1,216,201
Total Capital Assets	\$20,805,691	\$395,285	\$146,865	\$21,054,111

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

# A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 100 percent co-insured.

During fiscal year 2006, the District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District pays this annual premium to the OSP (See Note 17). The District contracts for education general liability, employee benefits liability, employer's liability, stopgap, errors and omissions liability, and employment practices with OSP.

Insurance coverage provided includes the following:

Education General Liability (\$0 Deductible):	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit - Each Occurrence	\$5,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit – Each Offense	5,000,000
Loss of Electronic Data Limit – Each Incident	50,000
Fire Damage Limit – Any One Event	500,000
Medical Expense – Any One Person/Each Accident	10,000
General Aggregate Limit	7,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Limit	5,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$0 Deductible):	
Each Offense	1,000,000
Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Employer's Liability and Stop Gap (\$0 Deductible):	
Each Occurrence	5,000,000
Disease – Each Employee	5,000,000
Educational Legal Liability (\$2,500 Deductible):	
Errors and Omissions – Per Occurrence	5,000,000
Errors and Omissions – Aggregate Limit	7,000,000
Employment Practices (\$2,500 Deductible):	
Each Occurrence	5,000,000
Aggregate Limit	7,000,000

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

# **Excess Liability Coverage**

Education General Liability:	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit - Each Occurrence	\$4,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit – Each Offense	4,000,000
General Aggregate Limit	4,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Limit	4,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$0 Deductible):	
Each Offense	4,000,000
Aggregate Limit	4,000,000
Educational Legal Liability – Claims Made:	
Errors and Omissions Injury Limit	4,000,000
Errors and Omissions Injury Aggregate Limit	4,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the last fiscal year.

### B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (the Program), a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17) consisting of school districts within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties and other eligible governmental entities. The District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental and life insurance. NBEC is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement for the Program provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Program, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

### C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 10. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of- living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853, or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org, under Employer/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$199,270, \$238,502, and \$239,765 respectively; 45 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a standalone financial report that may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling toll free (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 10. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2008 (latest information available), the portion used to fund pension obligations was 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

District's required contributions for pension obligations to the STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,272,630, \$1,381,057, and \$1,388,178, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2009, four members of the Board of Education have selected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

#### 11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount. For 2009, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The District's SERS surcharge amount for 2009 was \$30,282.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

# 11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$121,477, \$127,714, and \$100,517 respectively; 45 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and were \$14,468, \$16,030 and \$15,266, respectively; 45 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$97,895, \$106,235, and \$106,793 respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 10 to 20 days. Employees with less than one year of service earn one vacation day per month worked, not to exceed five days. Certain employees are permitted to carry over vacation leave earned in the current year into the next year.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to thirty percent of the accumulated sick leave for all certificated and certain non-certificated employees up to a maximum of 76.5 days, and twenty-five percent of the accumulated sick leave for all other non-certificated employees, to a maximum of 40 days.

As of June 30, 2009, the liability for compensated absences was \$2,067,271 for the entire District.

#### 13. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of equipment.

The terms of the agreement provides an option to purchase the equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on the accompanying financial statements.

Capital assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Principal payments in the 2009 fiscal year totaled \$136,356.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009:

### **General Long-Term Obligations**

Year Ending June 30,	Equipment
2010	\$114,560
2011	66,795
2012	58,706
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	240,061
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(19,684)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$220,377

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 14. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital		
	Textbooks	Acquisition	Totals
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2008	(\$224,358)		(\$224,358)
Current Year Set-Aside Requirements	330,950	\$330,950	661,900
Current Year Offsets	(234,808)	(1,188,571)	(1,423,379)
Qualifying Disbursements	(159,190)	(142,231)	(301,421)
Total	(\$287,406)	(\$999,852)	(\$1,287,258)
Cash Balance Carried Forward To FY 2010	(\$287,406)		(\$287,406)

The District has qualifying cash disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks set-aside amount to below zero. This amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

#### 15. CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2009.

#### B. Litigation

The District is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of this suit, they believe the resolution of this matter will not materially or adversely affect the District's financial condition.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$90,788. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among various educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties, in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information, write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the educational service centers from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts; and one additional representative from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to Jennifer Bonner, Treasurer, at the Four County Career Center, at Route 1, Box 245A, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### D. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area of Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS – (Continued)

#### E. Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a jointly governed organization formed to provide services to families, educators, and agencies regarding educational law and curriculum and instruction for students with disabilities. The SERRC serves a thirteen county area in Northwest Ohio. The Governing Board consists of superintendents from each of the cooperating Districts, the fiscal agent superintendent, two parents of children with disabilities, one superintendent of a county board of MR/DD, one representative from a chartered non-public school, one representative from the University of Toledo, one representative from Bowling Green State University, one representative from a community school, and any other representatives from other agencies as designated by the Governing Board or the Ohio Department of Education. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Dave Michel, Eastwood Local School District, 4800 Sugar Ridge Road, Pemberville, Ohio 43450.

#### F. Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center

The Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center (RPDC) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Defiance, Erie, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Williams, and Wood counties. The RPDC focuses on the implementation of academic content standards and the deployment of State initiatives. All activities reflect definition of high quality professional development, including job-embedded, connected to strategic goals, sustained, intensive skill building, and measurement of impact on student learning. The Center is governed by a fifteen member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Regional Professional Development Center, 414 Emerald Street, 2nd Floor, Toledo, Ohio 43602.

#### 17. INSURANCE POOLS

#### A. Northern Buckeye Education Council's Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The Northern Buckeye Education Council's Employee Insurance Benefits Program includes health, dental, life, and vision insurance plans. The health and dental plans are risk-sharing pools among approximately 30 members, and the life insurance plan is a group purchasing pool among 29 members. The purpose of the plans is for its members to pool funds or resources to purchase commercial insurance products and enhance the wellness opportunities for employees.

Each member pays a monthly premium amount, which is established annually by the Council, to the Treasurer to comply with the terms of any contract with any third-party claims administrator or insurance company. The insurance group is governed by a council consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties, in which the member school districts are located. The degree of control exercised by any participating member is limited to its representation on the council.

In fiscal year 2009, the District contributed a total of \$1,660,193 for all four plans. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 17. INSURANCE POOLS – (Continued)

#### B. Northern Buckeye Education Council's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under §4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as a group purchasing pool.

The WCGRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member board of directors consisting of two Assembly representatives for each of the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams and the representative of the member serving as fiscal agent for NBEC. The Executive Director of the Council shall coordinate the management and administration of the program. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$2,292 to WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### C. Ohio School Plan

The District belongs to the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to approximately 400 Ohio schools ("Members").

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan is deemed a separate legal entity. The Plan provides property, general liability, educator's legal liability, automobile, and violence coverages, modified for each member's needs. The Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member's specific deductible.

The Plan issues its own policies and reinsures the Plan with reinsurance carriers. Only if the Plan's paid liability loss ratio exceeds 65 percent and is less than 80 percent does the Plan contribute to paid claims. (See the Plan's audited financials statements on the website for more details.) The individual members are responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

The Plan's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2008 and 2007 (the latest information available):

	2008	2007
Assets	\$3,273,989	\$2,646,185
Liabilities	1,873,157	1,621,941
Members' Equity	1,400,832	1,024,244

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio School Plan at the Plan's website, www.ohioschoolplan.org.

#### 18. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the General Fund transferred \$54,413 to the Permanent Improvement fund to subsidize capital improvements. After obtaining a court order, the unexpended fund balance of the Bond Retirement fund, \$18,659, was also transferred to the Permanent Improvement fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### 19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Thomas Lingvai, a Board Member, is owner of Lingvai Excavating, a local company who performed various repair and construction projects to the District's grounds in 2009. The District remitted \$32,464 during 2009. The projects were approved at arm's length, with full knowledge by District officials, of Mr. Lingvai's interest, and Mr. Lingvai took no part in the deliberation or decision by District officials with respect to the projects.

#### Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Pass Through	Federal	
Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Entity Number	CFDA Number	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program - Cash Assistance		10.553	
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Non- Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Total National School Lunch Program		10.555	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	043679-6BSF-2008 043679-6BSF-2009	84.027	
Total Special Education Grants to States			
Special Education Preschool Grants	043679-PGS1-2009	84.173	
Total Special Education Cluster			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	043679-C1S1-2008 043679-C1S1-2009	84.010	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	0.00.0 0.0. 2000		
State Grants for Innovative Programs	043679-C2S1-2008 043679-C2S1-2009	84.298	
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	0.00.0 0.00		
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	043679-DRS1-2008 043679-DRS1-2009	84.186	
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	043073-DIX31-2003		
Education Technology State Grants	043679-TJS1-2009	84.318	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	043679-TRS1-2008 043679-TRS1-2009	84.367	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2.00.0 11.0. 2000		
Total U.S. Department of Education			

**Totals** 

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE.

Receipts	Disbursements	
\$46,602	\$46,602	
264,154	264,154	
84,074	84,074	
348,228	348,228	
394,830	394,830	
	54.74A	
370,954	51,714 338,245	
370,954	389,959	
21,202 21,202	21,202 21,202	
21,202	21,202	
392,156	411,161	
	31,324	
237,603	217,149	
237,603	248,473	
	1,429	
1,677	1,677	
1,677 1,677	3,106	
	500	
5,911	506 4,606	
5,911	5,112	
0.000	0.000	
2,223	2,223	
	8,166	
80,331	72,158	
80,331	80,324	
719,901	750,399	
\$1,114,731	\$1,145,229	

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports Bryan City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### **NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food versus food commodities it receives from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value.

#### **NOTE D - TRANSFERS**

The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30<sup>th</sup> and spent by September 30<sup>th</sup>). However, with the Ohio Department of Education's (ODE) approval, a District can transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2009, the ODE authorized the following transfers:

CFD	A Program	Pass-Through	Transfers	Transfers
Num	per Title	Entity Number	Out	In
84.0	10 Title I Grants To Local Educational Agen	ncies 043679-C1S1-2008	\$645	
84.0	10 Title I Grants To Local Educational Agen	ncies 043679-C1S1-2009		\$645



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bryan City School District Williams County 1350 Fountain Grove Drive Bryan, Ohio 43506-8733

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bryan City School District, Williams County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2009, wherein, we noted the District followed the cash accounting basis rather than generally accepted accounting principles, contrary to Ohio law. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246
Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484
www.auditor.state.oh.us

Bryan City School District
Williams County
Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated November 4, 2009.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2009-001.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated November 4, 2009.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 4, 2009



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bryan City School District Williams County 1350 Fountain Grove Drive Bryan, Ohio 43506-8733

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bryan City School District, Williams County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Bryan City School District, Williams County, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. In a separate letter to the District's management dated November 4, 2009, we reported other matters related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

Bryan City School District
Williams County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the entity's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 4, 2009

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2009

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA # 10.553 and #10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Bryan City School District Williams County Schedule of Findings Page 2

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2009-001**

#### **Noncompliance Citation**

Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For 2009, the District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the cash basis of accounting. This presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

We recommend the District take the necessary steps to ensure the financial report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

#### Officials' Response:

Management believes reporting on a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is more cost efficient.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2008-001	Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) — requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	No	Not Corrected. Reissued as finding 2009-001 in this report.

This page intentionally left blank.



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Bryan City School District Williams County 1350 Fountain Grove Drive Bryan, Ohio 43506-8733

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Revised Code § 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Bryan City School District (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Revised Code § 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 17, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666(B):
  - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
  - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666;
  - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
  - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal:

Bryan City School District Williams County Independent Accountants' Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Page 2

- (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C.1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
- (6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States:
- (10)A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat.571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 4, 2009



#### **BRYAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

#### **WILLIAMS COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 1, 2009