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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Buffalo Township Noble County 51746 Old Infirmary Road Pleasant City, Ohio 43772

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 24, 2009

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Buffalo Township Noble County 51746 Old Infirmary Road Pleasant City, Ohio 43772

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Buffalo Township, Noble County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity-wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e., major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

Buffalo Township Noble County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

During 2008, the Township improperly paid salaries for Trustees from the Gasoline Tax Fund, Special Revenue Fund type, in the amount of \$7,776 that should have been paid from the General Fund, in the amount of \$7,776. Had these posting errors been properly posted to the financial statements and the Township's accounting system, the 2008 Special Revenue Fund's expenditures would have decreased by \$7,776 and the December 31, 2008 cash fund balance would have increased by \$7,776, the General Fund's expenditures would have increased by \$7,776 and the December 31, 2008 cash fund balance would decreased by \$7,776. Due to the impact this adjustment would have on the December 31, 2008 General Fund's cash fund balance, the Township has declined to make this adjustment this audit period.

Also, in our opinion, because of the effects of the matter disclosed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statement referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2008 does not present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of Buffalo Township, Noble County, as of December 31, 2008, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statement referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2007 presents fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of Buffalo Township, Noble County, as of December 31, 2007, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

As discussed in Note 8, the Township is experiencing financial difficulties. Management has declined to post the aforementioned adjustments due to the General Fund's cash balance not being sufficient to support these adjustments. Management's plan in regards to these financial difficulties is described in Note 8 to the financial statements. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2009, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 24, 2009

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Governmental Fund Types		_	
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$14,272	\$8,409	\$22,681	
Intergovernmental	9,049	100,153	109,202	
Earnings on Investments	105	673	778	
Miscellaneous		771	771	
Total Cash Receipts	23,426	110,006	133,432	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	20,133		20,133	
Public Safety		2,727	2,727	
Public Works	2,180	99,754	101,934	
Capital Outlay	386		386	
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal		7,289	7,289	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		399	399	
Total Cash Disbursements	22,699	110,169	132,868	
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	727	(163)	564	
Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements):				
Advances-In	5,000	5,000	10,000	
Advances-Out	(5,000)	(5,000)	(10,000)	
Other Financing Sources	12		12	
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)	12	0	12	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing				
Receipts Over / (Under) Cash Disbursements and Other Financing Disbursements	739	(163)	576	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	(782)	135,514	134,732	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	(\$43)	\$135,351	\$135,308	
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$0	\$0	\$0	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund Types		_	
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$14,484	\$8,739	\$23,223	
Intergovernmental	8,370	99,334	107,704	
Earnings on Investments	126	1,868	1,994	
Miscellaneous	432	25,638	26,070	
Total Cash Receipts	23,412	135,579	158,991	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
General Government	27,989		27,989	
Public Safety		3,951	3,951	
Public Works	308	101,564	101,872	
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal		7,561	7,561	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		767	767	
Total Cash Disbursements	28,297	113,843	142,140	
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	(4,885)	21,736	16,851	
Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements):				
Other Financing Sources	26		26	
Total Other Financing Receipts / (Disbursements)	26	0	26	
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over / (Under) Cash Disbursements				
and Other Financing Disbursements	(4,859)	21,736	16,877	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	4,077	113,778	117,855	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	(\$782)	\$135,514	\$134,732	
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$150	\$865	\$1,015	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Buffalo Township, Noble County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services The Township contracts with the Village of Belle Valley and the Village of Caldwell to provide fire and ambulance services.

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. OTARMA is a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships for insurance coverage. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this risk pool membership.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposits

The Township values certificates of deposit at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not properly encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2008 and 2007 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2008	2007
Demand deposits	\$103,408	\$103,333
Certificates of deposit	31,900	31,399
Total deposits	\$135,308	\$134,732

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits (Continued)

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2008 and 2007 follows:

2008 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts				
	Budgeted Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$22,105	\$23,438	\$1,333	
Special Revenue	100,690	110,006	9,316	
Total	\$122,795	\$133,444	\$10,649	
2008 Budgeted vs. A	ctual Budgetarv	Basis Expenditure	es	
	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$22,637	\$22,699	(\$62)	
Special Revenue	234,276	110,169	124,107	
Total	\$256,913	\$132,868	\$124,045	
2007 Bud	geted vs. Actual	Receipts		
	Budgeted	Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$22,403	\$23,438	\$1,035	
Special Revenue	123,433	135,579	12,146	
Total	\$145,836	\$159,017	\$13,181	
2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures				
	Appropriation	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$30,260	\$28,447	\$1,813	
Special Revenue	198,165	114,708	83,457	
Total	\$228,425	\$143,155	\$85,270	

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

4. **Property Tax (Continued)**

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
General Obligation Note (Grader)	\$7,534	3.75%

The Township issued a general obligation note in 2008 to finance the purchase of a road grader to be used for Township road maintenance.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General
	Obligation
Year ending December 31:	Note
2009	\$7,688

6. Retirement Systems

The Township's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2008 and 2007, OPERS members contributed 10% and 9.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% and 13.85% respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2008.

7. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (on or subsequent to January 1, 2006).

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. This amount increased to \$300,000 in 2007. For 2007, APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$300,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000 in 2006, or \$100,000 and \$300,000 in 2007, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006 (the latest information available):

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Assets	\$43,210,703	\$42,042,275
Liabilities	<u>(13,357,837)</u>	<u>(12,120,661)</u>
Net Assets	<u>\$29,852,866</u>	<u>\$29,921,614</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, liabilities above include approximately \$12.5 million and \$11.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,824. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA		
2006	\$3,280	
2007	\$2,458	
2008	\$2,222	

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

8. Financial Difficulties

The Township's General Fund would carry a negative cash balance if proposed audit adjustment amounts were posted. The Township Board of Trustees have no formal plans for increasing the revenue stream of the General Fund but are monitoring all expenditures of the General Fund.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Buffalo Township Noble County 51746 Old Infirmary Road Caldwell, Ohio 43772

To the Township Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Buffalo Township, Noble County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2009, wherein we issued an adverse opinion on the 2008 regulatory financial statements due to certain misstatements of expenditures in the financial statements. Also, we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted that the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* consider this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.10 (B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

Buffalo Township Noble County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We consider the following deficiencies in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2008-001 through 2008-005.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we believe of the significant deficiencies described above, finding numbers 2008-002 through 2008-005, are material weaknesses.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated August 24, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2008-001 through 2008-004.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated August 24, 2009.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 24, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001

Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) states that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification should be null and void.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. **"Then and Now" Certificate** – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

2. **Blanket Certificate** - Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not exceeding an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account and cannot extend beyond the end of the fiscal year. The blanket certificate may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

3. **Super Blanket Certificate** – The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 82 percent (82%) of the expenditures tested in 2008 and 88 percent (88%) of the expenditures tested in 2007, and there was no evidence that the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001 (Continued)

Noncompliance Citation and Significant Deficiency – Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D)(1) (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute, but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's expenditures exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Township Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language Section 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Township Fiscal Officer should sign the certification prior to the Township incurring a commitment, and only when the requirements of Section 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Township Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code to reduce the available appropriation.

FINDING NUMBER 2008-002

Noncompliance Citation and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5735.27 (A)(5)(c) requires the funds received from the gasoline excise tax shall be expended by each township to plan, construct, maintain, widen, and reconstruct the public roads and highways within such township.

In addition, Ohio Constitution Article XII, Section 5a, states that no monies derived from fees, excises, or license taxes relating to registration, operation, or use of vehicles on public highways, or to fuels used for propelling such vehicles, shall be expended for other than costs of administering such laws, statutory refund and adjustments provided therein, payment of highway obligations, costs for construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of public highways and bridges and other statutory highway purposes, expense of state enforcement of traffic laws, and expenditures authorized for hospitalization of indigent persons injured in motor vehicle accidents on public highways.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 507.09 sets forth a township fiscal officer's compensation.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(H) provides that money paid into a fund shall be used only for the purposes for which said fund has been established.

The Township paid the following unallowable expenditures from the Gasoline Tax Fund in 2008:

1 month (February 2008) of the Fiscal Officer's salary	\$ 823.59
9 months (April 2008 through December 2008) of the Fiscal Officer's PERS	2,602.74
	\$3,426.33

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2008-002

Noncompliance Citation and Material Weakness - Ohio Rev. Code Section 5735.27 (A)(5)(c) (Continued)

The Township paid the following unallowable expenditures from the Gasoline Tax Fund in 2007:

9 months (January through July, November and December 2007) of the Fiscal Officer's PERS \$2,430.78

This resulted in an adjustment against the General Fund in the amount of \$5,857, in favor of the Gasoline Tax Fund. This adjustment has been recorded on the books and financial statements of the Township.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer pay only allowable expenditures from the Gasoline Tax Fund.

FINDING NUMBER 2008-003

Finding for Adjustment/Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code Section 505.24(C) sets forth the method by which township trustees' compensation should be allocated. This section is amplified by Ohio Attorney General (OAG) Opinion 2004-036. This section requires compensation of a township trustee must be paid from the Township General Fund or from such other township funds, in such proportions as the Board may specify by resolution. In addition, trustees are to establish administrative procedures to document the proportionate amount of trustees' salaries chargeable to other township funds based on the portion of time spent on matters related to the services rendered. The "administrative procedures" can be timesheets or a similar method of record keeping, as long as the trustees document all time spent on township business and the type of service(s) performed, in a manner similar to trustees paid per diem compensation. The requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 505.24(C) were noted in the Management Letter of the Buffalo Township for the years ending December 31, 2006 and 2005, which was released on November 13, 2007.

For 2008, two members of the Board of Trustees did establish administrative procedures to document how they spent their time. The timesheets did not reflect all board meetings attended as part of the timesheets. However, for 2008, these two Trustees were paid entirely from the Gasoline Tax Fund. The attendance at trustee board meetings is considered an administrative function and shall be charged to the General Fund. Therefore, each trustee should have charged a portion of their salary to the General Fund. The cumulative total attributable to the General Fund would be \$1,061. For 2008, the remaining Trustee did not document how he spent his time. This Trustees salary was paid partially from the General Fund and Gasoline Tax Fund. Due to the lack of documentation as to how the Trustee spent his time, the total attributable to the General Fund would be \$6,715.

A finding for adjustment is hereby issued against Buffalo Township's General Fund, in the amount of \$7,776 and in favor of the Buffalo Township's Gasoline Tax Fund, Special Revenue Fund type, in the amount of \$7,776.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2008-004

Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(D) requires in pertinent part that all revenue derived from a source other than the general property tax and which the law prescribes shall be used for a particular purpose is to be paid into a special fund for such purposes.

During 2007, Homestead and Rollback monies in the amount of \$1,345.35 were incorrectly posted to the Gasoline Tax Fund instead of \$927.20 to the General Fund, \$272.70 to the Road and Bridge Fund and \$145.45 to the Fire Levy Fund. This adjustment has been recorded in the financial statements and in the accounting system of the Township.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer ensure that revenue postings are accurate.

FINDING NUMBER 2008-005

Material Weakness

Any reconciling items on the monthly bank reconciliations should be investigated and documented with supporting documentation attached to the reconciliation. Additionally, checks not cleared at the bank during a reasonable time should be investigated. Bank reconciliations should be reviewed and initialed by the Trustees to indicate their review of them.

Monthly bank reconciliations contained "other adjusting factors" throughout the entire audit period which were carried forward instead of being investigated and corrected. During testing we were able to identify posting errors which reduced the "other adjusting factors" to \$682.65. This amount is indeterminable and has been carried forward from prior audit periods. In addition, the bank reconciliations contain outstanding checks over one year old and there were no signatures present to indicate the Trustees were reviewing the bank reconciliations.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer investigate and correct any adjusting factors and maintain supporting documentation for "other adjusting factors". Also, all checks not returned within a reasonable period of time should be investigated and removed from the outstanding check list. In addition we recommend the Board of Trustees review monthly bank reconciliations of the Township and initial/sign them to indicate their review. The Township made an adjustment to remove the "other adjusting factor" from the December 31, 2008 bank reconciliation.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
2006-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (B)	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid
2006-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D)	No	Not Corrected, Repeated as Finding 2008-001
2006-003	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5735.27(A)(5)(c)	No	Not Corrected, Repeated in Finding 2008-002
2006-004	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5549.21	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid
2006-004	Ohio Admin. Code 117-2- 02-(A)	No	Partially corrected. Recommendation in management letter.





BUFFALO TOWNSHIP

NOBLE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 24, 2009

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