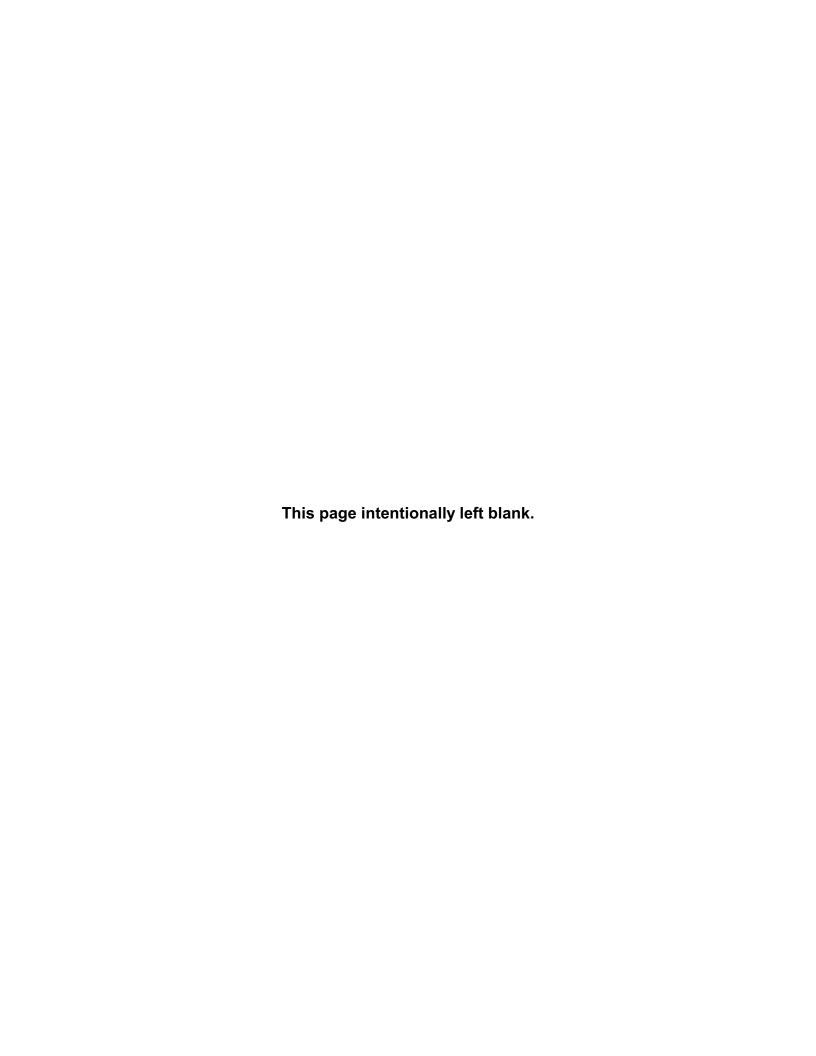




CITY OF TALLMADGE SUMMIT COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Tallmadge Summit County 46 North Avenue Tallmadge, Ohio 44278

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the City's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

City of Tallmadge Summit County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

We noted certain matters that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 5, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated June 5, 2009.

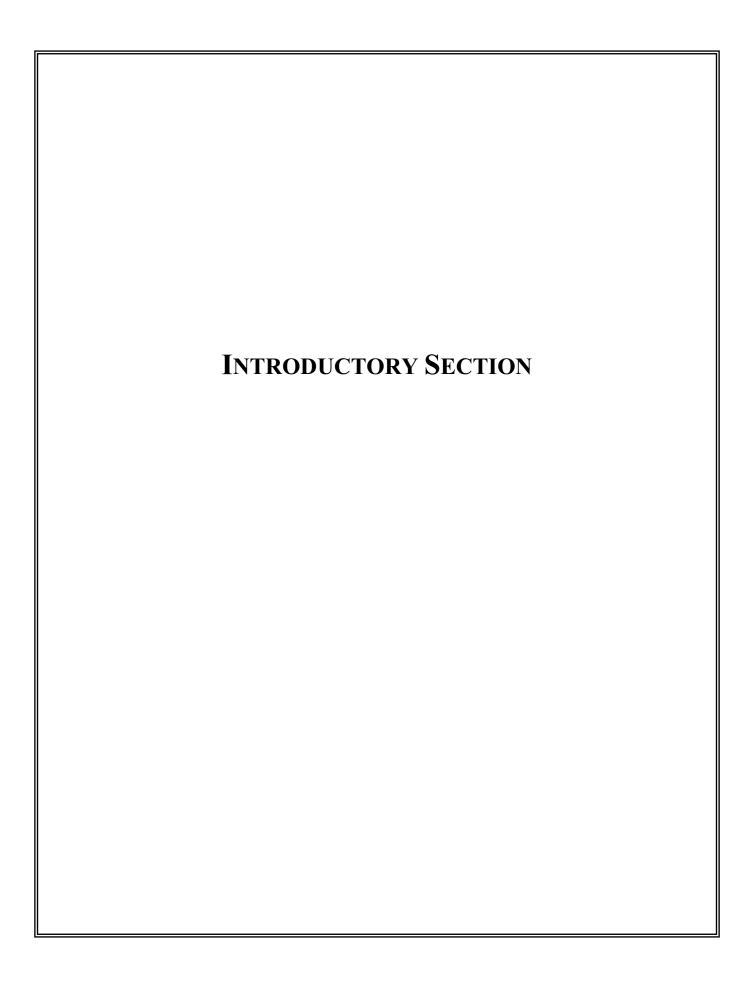
We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and City Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 5, 2009

COMPREHENS	F TALLMADGE, OHIO SIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008
	PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF: JILL STRITCH, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE – C.P.F.A 46 NORTH AVENUE
	TALLMADGE, OH 44278



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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JILL STRITCH, C.P.F.A. Director of Finance – City of Tallmadge

June 5, 2009

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the City of Tallmadge, Ohio

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Tallmadge, Ohio (the City) is hereby presented. This CAFR represents the official report of the City of Tallmadge's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2008, and has been developed to accurately detail the status of City finances to Tallmadge residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. This report is being presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments."

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data contained in this report is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to provide the reader with a better understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Ohio law requires independent audits to be performed on all financial operations of the City either by the Auditor of State or an independent public accounting firm, if permitted by the Auditor of State. The Auditor of State's office performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Independent Accountants' Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2008 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as compliment the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Accountants' Report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure compliance and conformance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." For financial reporting definition purposes, City management has considered all agencies, departments, and organizations comprising the City of Tallmadge, the primary government.

The Tallmadge City School District has not been included in the accompanying financial statements. The City and the School District are independent of each other in terms of governing bodies, financial resources and management.

The City participates in the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study (AMATS), and the Brimfield Township-City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District. These organizations are described in more detail in Note 16 of the Basic Financial Statements.

THE CITY OF TALLMADGE

In August 1935 Tallmadge citizens voted to incorporate the township as a village effective January 1, 1936. Tallmadge was recognized by the State of Ohio as a city in 1951. The City received its name, like many towns in the Ohio Western Reserve, after important men in their day. Such has been the case with Colonel Benjamin Tallmadge who was the lieutenant colonel in the army of the Revolutionary War, and later a business promoter, churchman, and U.S. Congressman. Colonel Tallmadge originally purchased large lots of land in the Western Reserve. In 1806 a mission worker for the Congregational Church, Reverend David Bacon, purchased the land then known as Town 2 Range 10 to found a religious colony, which later became Tallmadge.

Tallmadge has preserved its historical heritage. An excellent example of Western Reserve design is the center of Tallmadge known for its circle or rotary, still the architectural focus of the community.

The City is located in Summit and Portage Counties, with over 97% of the property located in Summit County and the remainder in Portage County. The City is approximately 13.5 square miles in size, is located approximately 35 miles south of Cleveland, Ohio and is contiguous to Akron, Ohio. The City's 2008 population of 17,296 makes it the eighth largest City in Summit County.

CITY GOVERNMENT

The City operates under and is governed by its Charter, first adopted in 1995, effective January 1, 1996. The City is a homerule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the Charter and the state constitution and in matters where the charter is silent. The City's Charter can only be amended by a majority vote of the City's registered voters.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, of whom three are elected at-large and four are elected from wards, all for four year staggered terms.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, who is elected by the voters to that office for a four-year term. The other elected officials are the Director of Finance and Director of Law, all elected to a four year term. The Mayor also appoints members to a number of boards and commissions.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City offers an attractive opportunity for business growth. Tallmadge's 450 plus business establishments, from its largest employer, Autosales, Inc., to small family businesses provide the opportunity and interests that keep Tallmadge a vital part of the market place.

The City operates a Community Reinvestment Area Tax Abatement Program. This program is available for commercial and industrial expansions and new construction. The abatement is for property taxes on the increased values of real estate attributable to the improvements. This program will abate real estate taxes on the building for seven years at 100%. To date 107 companies have taken advantage of the tax abatement program. In addition, the City recently instituted a New Jobs Grant Program. This program is aimed at businesses occupying vacant buildings in the City. Industrial businesses that locate in these structures and have a payroll exceeding \$250,000 the first year are eligible for a grant equal to the amount of payroll taxes paid in the previous calendar year for up to three (3) years. Commercial businesses that locate in these structures and have a payroll exceeding \$250,000 the first year are eligible for a grant equal to the amount of payroll taxes paid in the previous calendar year for up to two (2) years. The qualifying payroll must be maintained throughout the term of the grant. Currently, four companies have taken advantage of the program resulting in the use of four vacant structures in the community.

Beginning in 1987, the City experienced significant economic growth, which continues today. New investment in industrial, commercial and residential development exceeded \$10 million in 1987 and has averaged \$20 million a year for the past five fiscal years.

Virtually all the major employers in the City have expanded or built new facilities during this time period. While the national and local economy has been in a downturn, there were still a significant number of expansions and relocations in the City. The latest expansions include 3 companies that built or that started construction on over 220,000 sq. feet of industrial buildings; they include Reduction Engineering, DermaMed Coating, LLC, and Akron Tube and Steel. In addition, there were expansions in the companies of: J and J Properties, Waltco Equipment, National City Bank, and Grotto Restaurant and Banquet Hall.

Net employment as a result of these expansions and other developments typically amounts to approximately 140 positions yearly. The majority of employment within the City occurs in businesses housed in 5,000 to 20,000 square foot buildings. Tallmadge's employment rate remains stable due to this large number of small businesses in the City. Unemployment rates tend to run at least one percent lower than the Akron Metropolitan Area.

In efforts to stabilize the largest source of general fund revenue, the citizens voted in 2004 to make the City 2% income permanent rather than a 5 year renewal. The income tax collections at the end of fiscal year 2008 experienced an increase of 1.54% over the prior fiscal year.

The City created a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) effective January 1, 2004 that encompasses 70% of the Township of Brimfield. The JEDD has resulted in additional income tax collections for the City and will continue in the future. This income tax is distributed to both the City and the Township. The City receives 50 percent of the income tax for general operations and is required to distribute 5 percent to the Township for the JEDD Maintenance and Capital Improvement Fund. The Township receives the remaining 45 percent of the annual collections, resulting in an annual distribution to the Township of 50 percent of the income taxes collected. There are significant areas for development in the JEDD in addition to the already established industrial park land adjacent to the Interstate 76/Route 18 interchange.

Residential development has closely paralleled industrial and commercial development during the same period. A total of 41 residential units were built in 2008, which consists of 31 single-family dwellings and 10 condominiums.

The City is meeting the demands of a changing population with a number of condominium developments. There are a number of condominium and single family developments underway consisting of East Point Development, Fox Ridge Development, Stonegate Estates, Villas at Waterford Crossing, Green Valley Estates, Woodridge Development, and Shadyside Farms. Increased residential development is a strong indicator of future economic growth of the City.

In order to direct plans that promote a sound pattern of development, the City utilizes a Comprehensive Plan adopted by the administration and Council. The document, which is to be updated in 2009, serves as a guide in defining community objectives, policies and goals and scheduling of capital improvement projects including water lines, sanitary sewer lines, storm sewers, and transportation. Further, to guide the direction of land development, this plan provides a thoroughfare map, zoning district map and future land use map.

Future growth also depends on the ability of the City to provide adequately serviced areas for growth. In 1995, the City successfully annexed 257 acres of industrial zoned property. This property, located at an interstate interchange, is the City's prime industrial area and as such is experiencing increased pressure for development. This new industrial property, and the newly formed JEDD area coupled with the demands for development in the City, indicates a promising future for economic development.

In late 2008, three companies started construction on over 220,000 sq. ft of industrial buildings. Two of the Tallmadge companies, Reduction Engineering and DermaMed Coatings, LLC, are expanding their operations while Industrial Tube and Steel is new to the City.

Completed in 2008, 600,000 square feet of retail development that includes Wal-Mart, Applebee's Restaurant, Lowe's Home Center, Arabica Coffee Shop, Strickland's Ice Cream, Beef O' Brady's, St. Nails, and The Dollar Store – all locating at the Cascades of Brimfield retail park as well as development of a large residential apartment complex located in the back of the project.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current

The recreation facility built in 2004 has completed its fourth full year of operation and it proves to be very successful with approximately 3,500 members at the facility, exceeding our anticipated enrollment projections. The facility added indoor multi-use courts in 2008. This expansion to the building is used to accommodate additional activities such as racquetball and wallyball.

The City, in efforts to embrace regionalism and be cost effective moved their dispatching to the neighboring City of Stow. The City no longer employs telecommunicators providing dispatching services but instead contracts with the City of Stow to provide that necessary function to the citizens.

Major construction projects in 2008 included a sidewalk extension project on the south side of East Avenue connecting the high school and middle school to the Tallmadge Circle. The City instituted a storm water utility fee effective May 1, 2005. In the third year of collection the fee generated approximately \$400,000 for various needed projects. The user fee applies to all residential, commercial and industrial customers in the City. The rate was lowered to \$2.00 per month in 2008 for residential and will remain at that rate. The rate for industrial and commercial customers is based on equivalent rate units measured on impervious surfaces. There is also a credit applied up to 50% if the customer retains 100% of their storm water on their premise. In 2008 the City completed the Southeast Avenue Roadway Improvement Project. This was the second phase of a project which began at Tallmadge Circle and consists of widening the roadway, provides drainage improvements and sidewalks. This completes the improvements within the commercial district and extending into the residential areas of Southeast Avenue.

The City in February of 2006 was assigned for the first time a bond rating of A1 from Moody's Investors Service of Chicago and New York. The A1 rating reflects the City's sound tax base, stable financial operations supported by healthy reserve fund levels, modest direct debt levels and strong management. This should result in more investors attracted to the City and lower rates of interest on future debt issuances.

Future

Maintaining the City's infrastructure is an ongoing commitment. The City continues with the maintenance of sanitary sewers, water improvements, storm water improvements, road paving, concrete maintenance programs and general infrastructure improvements.

Major construction projects for 2008 include the construction of a city pool to be completed and open for the summer of 2009. The pool is to replace and improve upon the existing city pool and park area. The project consists a zero depth, 6 lane lap pool featuring 2 large water slides and a barrel water spray. There are also umbrellas, kiddie pool, concessions, and bath house. In addition, there will be a new playground with new equipment, 3 new picnic pavilions and baseball fields to provide a high quality recreational area for all ages.

In addition, the City designed and engineered the Northeast High Pressure Water District at an estimated cost of \$1,750,000 to upgrade the existing flow throughout the northeast end of the community as well as to provide adequate water pressure for future development in this quadrant of the City. This project will be paid by a combination of outside grants, and water fund revenue. The City has completed the detailed engineering for the Northeast Avenue round-about and will begin right-of-way acquisition during 2009 in anticipation of construction early in 2010 unless economic stimulus funds become available earlier.

In 2009 the City will begin construction of the North Thomas Road Waterline. This line replaces 8,600 linear feet of existing waterline that was constructed in 1956. The estimated cost of this project is \$440,000 and will be paid from water fund revenue and possible outside funding with the stimulus package.

The City will continue to place a major emphasis on economic development within the City as well as within the JEDD in Brimfield Township. There are numerous sites within the City for development including the Portage Boulevard Industrial Park and within the Circle Redevelopment Area. There are significant areas for development in the Joint Economic Development District including the Karg Industrial Park, the Sunnybrook/Forge Road area and the land associated with the Interstate 76/Route 18 interchange.

Additional development in the Interstate 76/Route 18 interchange of the JEDD area include the construction of Kohl's, a small strip plaza to open late in 2009 or early 2010. There is also continuing development of a large residential apartment complex.

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tallmadge for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Tallmadge has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last sixteen consecutive years (1992 - 2007). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This comprehensive annual financial report was prepared by the Director of Finance office with the efficient and knowledgeable services of its staff. As Director of Finance, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to my staff, who assisted in this endeavor and whose dedication and commitment made the publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report a successful accomplishment. Furthermore, I would like to thank the Members of Council for their continued support and commitment.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jill Stritch, Director of Finance, CPFA

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tallmadge Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director

Kuy R. Ener

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Christopher Grimm Mayor Director of Finance Jill Stritch Director of Law Penny Taylor President of Council Jack Sarver Council Member Gene Stalnaker Council Member James Donovan Council Member Linda Poinar Council Member John Rensel Council Member Robert Maguire Council Member Jerry Feeman

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

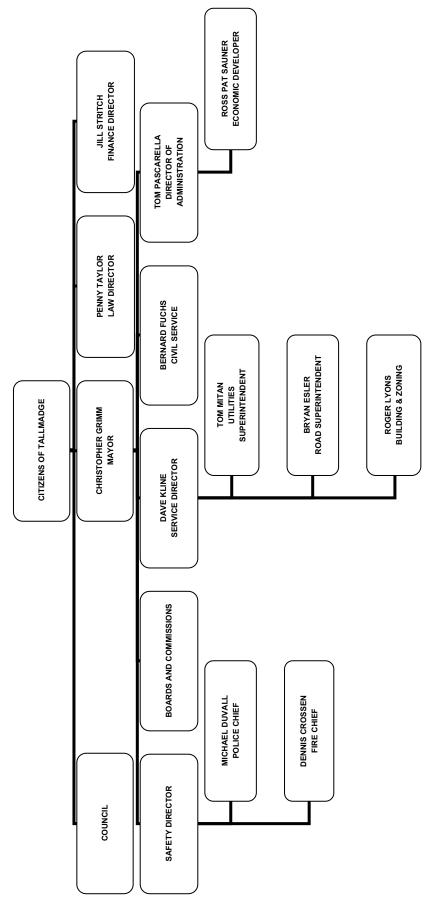
David Kline Service Director Director of Administration Thomas Pascarella Economic Developer Ross Pat Sauner Assistant Director of Law Megan Pierce-Raber Assistant Director of Finance Mollie Gilbride Chief Deputy Tax Administrator Rosemary Berdy Clerk of Council Susan Wilson Deputy Clerk of Council Dennis DiMascio

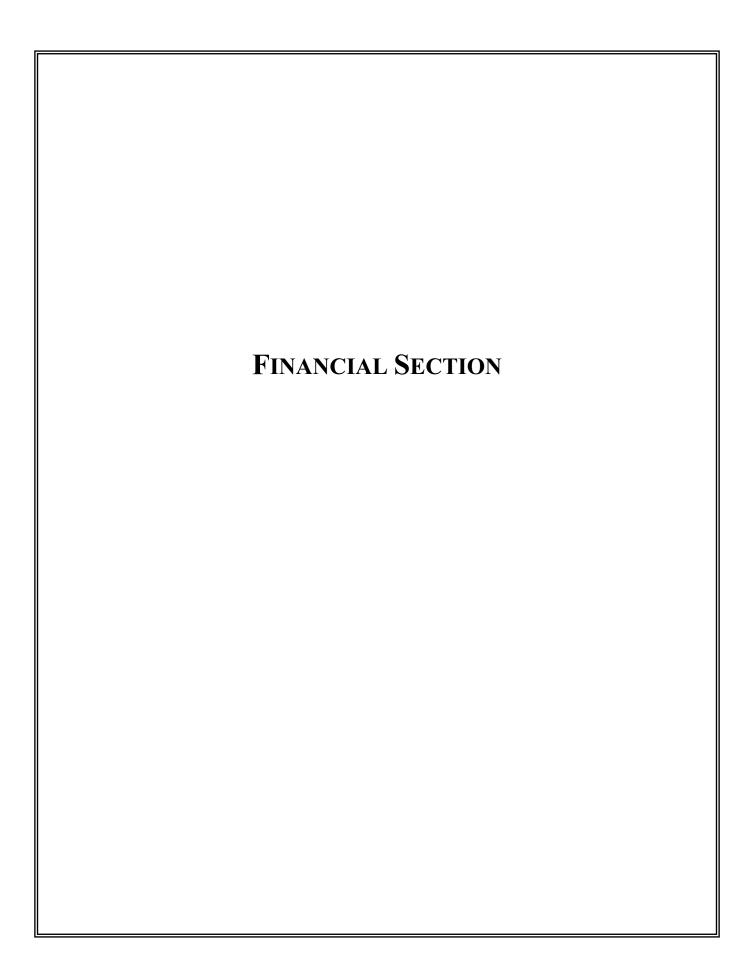
DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS

Chief of PoliceMichael DuvallChief of FireDennis CrossenRoad SuperintendentBryan EslerUtilities/Garage SuperintendentThomas MitanBuilding and Zoning InspectorRoger LyonsCivil Service ChairmanBernard Fuchs

CITY OF TALLMADGE - 2008

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Tallmadge Summit County 46 North Avenue Tallmadge, Ohio 44278

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire/EMS Levy and Street Maintenance and Repair funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2009, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

City of Tallmadge Summit County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules and statistical tables provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 5, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Tallmadge's (the "City") financial statements provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding, one should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- The total net assets of the City decreased \$479,977 or 1.08% from 2007. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$219,551 or 0.97% from 2007 and net assets of business-type activities decreased \$260,426 or 1.19% from 2007.
- Total assets of the City increased \$3,268,760, an increase of 5.51% from 2007.
- Total current liabilities increased \$418,355 from 2007.
- Total long-term liabilities increased \$3,330,382 during 2008.
- The City issued a \$3,800,000 bond anticipation note during 2008 for improvements to the recreation center and to help finance the construction of an outdoor swimming pool.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are comprised of the following: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information about the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Tallmadge is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, security of persons and property, public health and welfare, transportation, leisure time activities, community environment, and interest and fiscal charges. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Fund Financial Statements

Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-29 of this report.

Governmental Funds

All of the City's major activities (excluding the business-type activities) are reported in the governmental funds. This report shows how monies flow into and out of these governmental funds and the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. The accounting method used to report this activity is the modified accrual method. This method reports cash and like-cash items that can be converted into cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The City has fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, fire/EMS levy, street maintenance and repair, bond retirement, and Maca pool funds which are all considered major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains three proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, and storm water operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-27 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. A private purpose trust fund and agency fund are the City's fiduciary fund types. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-29 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-60 of this report.

The nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements and can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net assets serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The table below provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2008 and 2007:

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Business-type Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007	Business-type Activities 2007	2008 Total	2007 Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Current and other assets	\$ 10,904,461	\$ 8,380,198	\$ 9,117,683	\$ 8,685,761	\$ 19,284,659	\$ 17,803,444
Nondepreciable capital assets	4,971,639	492,500	2,808,766	465,589	5,464,139	3,274,355
Depreciable capital assets, net	23,759,238	14,050,071	24,058,863	14,152,685	37,809,309	38,211,548
Capital assets, net	28,730,877	14,542,571	26,867,629	14,618,274	43,273,448	41,485,903
Total assets	39,635,338	22,922,769	35,985,312	23,304,035	62,558,107	59,289,347
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities	3,785,066	636,138	3,404,814	598,035	4,421,204	4,002,849
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	707,662	120,948	682,204	158,788	828,610	840,992
Due in more than one year	12,825,732	525,098	9,361,865	646,201	13,350,830	10,008,066
Total liabilities	17,318,460	1,282,184	13,448,883	1,403,024	18,600,644	14,851,907
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	18,719,874	13,978,571	19,397,236	13,900,274	31,213,445	31,702,510
Restricted:						
Debt service	711,687	-	809,373	-	711,687	809,373
Capital projects	53,728	-	63,525	-	53,728	63,525
Fire/EMS levy	378,851	-	-	-	378,851	-
Street maintenance	684,642	-	679,808	-	684,642	679,808
State highway	56,561	-	63,223	-	56,561	63,223
Community environment	7,879	-	12,993	-	7,879	12,993
Law enforcement	9,120	-	14,917	-	9,120	14,917
Unrestricted	1,694,536	7,662,014	1,495,354	8,000,737	10,841,550	11,091,091
Total net assets	\$ 22,316,878	\$ 21,640,585	\$ 22,536,429	\$ 21,901,011	\$ 43,957,463	\$ 44,437,440

Total assets exceeded total liabilities in 2008 by \$43,957,463, compared to \$44,437,440 in 2007, a decrease of 1.08% from 2007. During 2008, the City's total assets increased by \$3,268,760 or 5.51% and total liabilities increased by \$3,748,737 or 25.24%. The large increases were a result of the City's issuance of bond anticipation notes in 2008, the proceeds of which were used to finance capital asset acquisitions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The following table shows the changes in net assets for 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

Revenues	Governmental Activities 2008	Business-type Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007	Business-type Activities	2008 Total	2007 Total
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$ 2,258,880 854,695 151,646	\$ 3,557,777 - -	\$ 2,676,779 949,361 786,581	\$ 3,761,392 - 251,858	\$ 5,816,657 854,695 151,646	\$ 6,438,171 949,361 1,038,439
Total program revenues	3,265,221	3,557,777	4,412,721	4,013,250	6,822,998	8,425,971
General revenues:						
Property and other local taxes	2,447,935	-	2,129,530	-	2,447,935	2,129,530
Municipal income taxes	8,118,368	-	7,864,634	-	8,118,368	7,864,634
Grants and entitlements	1,968,428	-	1,789,961	-	1,968,428	1,789,961
Gain on sale of capital assets					-	-
Interest	210,924	139,449	286,805	218,346	350,373	505,151
Miscellaneous	223,833	10,317	136,321	6,454	234,150	142,775
Total general revenues	12,969,488	149,766	12,207,251	224,800	13,119,254	12,432,051
Total general revenues	12,707,400	149,700	12,207,231	224,800	13,117,234	12,432,031
Total revenues	16,234,709	3,707,543	16,619,972	4,238,050	19,942,252	20,858,022
Program Expenses:						
General government	3,253,790	-	3,477,962	-	3,253,790	3,477,962
Security of persons and property						
Police	3,816,522	-	3,859,300	-	3,816,522	3,859,300
Street lighting	39,208	-	15,210	-	39,208	15,210
Fire	2,585,492	-	2,339,952	-	2,585,492	2,339,952
Public health and welfare	72,170	-	73,136	-	72,170	73,136
Transportation	3,778,324	-	3,284,385	-	3,778,324	3,284,385
Community environment	657,143	-	396,525	-	657,143	396,525
Leisure time activity	1,817,187	-	1,878,053	-	1,817,187	1,878,053
Interest and fiscal charges	482,825	-	462,321	-	482,825	462,321
Sewer operating	-	1,785,418	-	1,666,463	1,785,418	1,666,463
Water operating	-	1,890,821	-	1,634,790	1,890,821	1,634,790
Storm water operating		243,329		239,807	243,329	239,807
Total expenses	16,502,661	3,919,568	15,786,844	3,541,060	20,422,229	19,327,904
Transfers	48,401	(48,401)	(171,573)	171,573		
Increase (decrease) in net assets Net assets beginning of year	(219,551) 22,536,429	(260,426) 21,901,011	661,555 21,874,874	868,563 21,032,448	(479,977) 44,437,440	1,530,118 42,907,322
Net assets end of year	\$ 22,316,878	\$ 21,640,585	\$ 22,536,429	\$ 21,901,011	\$ 43,957,463	\$ 44,437,440
iver assers the or year	φ 44,310,676	φ 21,040,363	φ 22,330,429	φ 21,901,011	φ +3,737,403	φ ++,+3/,440

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Governmental Activities

The funding for governmental activities comes from several different sources, the most significant being the municipal income tax. Other prominent sources are property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and charges for services.

Program revenues decreased in total by 26.00 percent from 2007. Operating grants and contributions decreased, primarily as a result of no grants received for community development projects during 2008. Decreased collections in special assessment revenues for road improvements contributed to decreased charges for services revenues. Capital grants and contributions received during 2008 decreased by 80.72 percent, which is the result of less grant monies received during the year related to the City's road improvements capital projects. General revenues increased from 2007 by 6.24 percent, which is primarily the result of increased income tax and property tax collections.

The City's municipal income tax was established by Ordinance 57 in 1967 at a rate of 1 percent to be renewed every 5 years. The municipal income tax experienced several small increases in the next few years. In 1975 the tax rate was increased to 1.5 percent and remained at that rate until 1985 when the rate went to 2 percent. The income tax rate still remains at 2 percent, however, the voters in February of 2004 voted to make the tax a permanent tax effective March 1, 2004. The City, by ordinance, designates the income tax for capital outlay, leisure time activities and general governmental operations for programs within the general fund. The City also allows for a 100 percent credit of taxes paid to other municipalities.

The operations of the City's police department account for the largest expenses of the governmental activities, representing 23.133 percent and 24.45 percent of the total governmental activities expenses during 2008 and 2007, respectively. During 2008, the City's police department employed 38 full time employees consisting of 1 Chief, 1 Captain, 1 lieutenant, 5 sergeants, 19 patrol and 2 full time office staff. During 2008 the police department reduced their telecommunications staff by discontinuing the dispatching services on August 30 and outsourced that function to the City of Stow. The department provides a full range of services including patrol, the DARE program, bike patrol, juvenile diversionary program, neighborhood crime watch, and residential and commercial security surveys. Security of persons and property expenses related to the police department decreased 1.11 percent during 2008.

The City has operated a fire department since 1945. During 2008, the fire department employed 1 full time Chief, 1 full time assistant fire chief, 2 full time shift supervisors, 1 full-time fire marshal, 9 full time firefighter paramedics, 47 part time paramedics/firefighters and 1 full time clerk. The fire expenses account for 15.67 percent and 14.82 percent of the total governmental activities expenses during 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Fire/EMS department is accounted for in a separate fund which receives tax proceeds from a 3.75 mill property tax levy. Security of persons and property expenses related to the fire department increased 10.49 percent during 2008.

The Street Maintenance and Repair department employs 19 full time employees who provide the City and the citizens with many services including road maintenance, road salting, ditching, leaf pickup program, cemetery maintenance, park maintenance and many others. The transportation expenses accounted for 22.90 and 20.80 percent of the total governmental activities expenses during 2008 and 2007, respectively. Transportation expenses increased 15.04 percent during 2008, due primarily to increased road maintenance expenses.

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary funds are the business-type activities of the City of Tallmadge which consist of sewer, water and storm water operating activities. The City currently has 7,309 water customers, 5,751 sewer customers, and 7,147 storm water customers. The City owns and maintains all water and sewer lines within the City. In striving to keep revenues in balance with expenses, in 2002 and 2003 there was a 1 percent water rate increase in each year, in 2004 there was a 6% water rate increase, and in 2007 there was a 3% water rate increase. There has not been a sewer rate increase in recent years. The sewage is treated by Summit County. In April of 2008 the storm water fee dropped from \$3 to \$2 per equivalent residential unit (ERU).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The revenues and expenses for the water, sewer and storm water activities are reported under the business-type activities. The revenues are primarily from charges for services. In 2008, charges for services in the amount of \$3,557,777 accounted for 95.96 percent of the total business-type revenues compared to 88.75 percent in 2007. The total expenses for the utilities were \$3,967,969, which includes \$48,401 in transfers out, leaves a decrease in net assets of \$260,426.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual method of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$16,144,421 and expenditures of \$18,572,830. The deficiency of revenues under expenditures is offset by transfers, sale of capital assets, and sale of notes.

The City's chief operating fund is the general fund. During 2008, the City's general fund had total revenues of \$12,752,434 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$12,623,663, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$128,771.

The City's two major special revenue funds, the fire/EMS levy and street maintenance and repair funds had a combined increase in fund balance of \$455,829. Total combined revenues and other financing sources were \$5,595,333 and expenditures were \$5,139,504. Revenues exceeded expenditures due to transfers of income tax money.

The City's major bond retirement fund had an increase in fund balance of \$21. During 2008, the bond retirement fund received \$87,943 in special assessments, \$8,702 in premium on the sale of notes, and \$785,000 in transfers in to provide for \$881,624 in principal and interest payments on general obligation and special assessment bonds.

The City's major capital projects fund, the Maca pool fund, had an increase in fund balance of \$684,298. Other financing sources, consisting of \$3,220,000 in sale of notes and \$6,000 in transfers in, exceeded capital outlay expenditures of \$2,541,702.

Information about the proprietary funds begins on page 24. These funds are accounted for on an accrual basis. All proprietary funds had operating revenues of \$3,568,094, which were less than operating expenses of \$3,761,950. The total depreciation expense for these business-type funds was \$620,608. The change in net assets at year end for the enterprise funds was a decrease of \$260,426. The cash and cash equivalents at year end for the proprietary funds total \$6,700,715. Net assets of the sewer fund decreased \$182,838 or 1.93% from 2007. During 2008 net assets of the water fund decreased 1.80% or \$154,659 to \$8,450,840. For the storm water fund, net assets increased \$77,071, from \$3,812,014 at December 31, 2007 to \$3,889,085 at December 31, 2008.

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to the laws of the State of Ohio and is based on accounting for transactions on a cash basis for receipts, expenditures, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. The legal level of control at which expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the program level within the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds of the City. Capital items are budgeted on a program or line item basis. Management may transfer appropriations in accordance with the legislation adopted by City Council. Any budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance adopted by City Council.

In 2008, City Council adopted fifteen (15) ordinances adjusting the level of appropriations in various funds. In total the increase in appropriations accounted for an increase of 3.65 percent over the total general fund budget. The total actual expenditures at year end were \$286,465 less than the total final budget. In addition, at year end the prior year encumbrances that are determined to be unnecessary are decertified to the County on the final amended certificate and that amount is returned to the fund balance and becomes available resources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

The City of Tallmadge has strong financial management and is aided by financial policies adopted by Council. The City established a minimum fund balance policy in 1998 with amendments and updates to the policy in 2005. The amendments in 2005 provided additional financial guidelines. The purpose of the policy is to be proactive in financial management and establish minimum levels to be maintained in the major operating funds, which include the general, fire/EMS levy, street maintenance and repair, sewer and water operating. Even with the downturn of the economy, the City has adopted a budget every year meeting those minimum fund balances.

The City places strong emphasis on monitoring the budget. The Director of Finance produces monthly appropriation, revenue, and fund reports and quarterly financial reports on a cash basis. These reports are distributed to council, administration, and appropriate department heads.

The general fund balance at year end is sufficient to allow for a healthy reserve. Income tax revenue increased 3.37 percent over 2007 on a cash basis.

The budgetary variances in the general fund expenditures totaled \$109,521 or 3.35% positive variance in the general governmental functions and \$25,495 or 0.69% positive variance in security of persons and property. In addition, positive variances also existed in the transportation, community environment, leisure time activities and capital outlay functions. These positive variances in all departments were an effort to contain the budget and control expenditures as the management was aware that the property and other tax collections were not as high as anticipated. The total variance in the general fund revenue was a positive variance of \$193,351 or 1.52%. The increase of \$412,644 in intergovernmental revenues in addition to many other small variances made for a positive variance in total revenue.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2008, the City had \$43,273,448 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. Of this total, \$28,730,877 was reported in governmental activities and \$14,542,571 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows 2008 balances compared to 2007:

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	Total		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>		
Land	\$ 2,626,444	\$ 2,661,137	\$ 375,519	\$ 395,723	\$ 3,001,963	\$ 3,056,860		
Construction in progress	2,345,195	147,629	116,981	69,866	2,462,176	217,495		
Buildings and improvements	10,461,662	10,186,059	623,856	668,151	11,085,518	10,854,210		
Machinery and equipment	1,992,075	1,856,893	492,970	456,119	2,485,045	2,313,012		
Infrastructure								
Street subsystem	11,305,501	12,015,911	-	=	11,305,501	12,015,911		
Storm sewer subsystem	-	-	3,478,618	3,217,284	3,478,618	3,217,284		
Sewer lines	=	-	4,758,561	4,935,804	4,758,561	4,935,804		
Water lines			4,696,066	4,875,327	4,696,066	4,875,327		
Totals	\$ 28,730,877	\$ 26,867,629	\$ 14,542,571	\$ 14,618,274	\$ 43,273,448	\$ 41,485,903		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Total capital assets for the City of Tallmadge for the year ended December 31, 2008 were \$43,273,448 which was an increase of \$1,787,545 from the 2007 balance of \$41,485,903. The overall increase can be attributed to the construction in progress additions related to the Maca pool project. See Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements for more information regarding the City's capital assets.

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2008 and 2007:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		
	2008		<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>
Special assessment bonds	\$ 785,000	\$	830,000	\$ 564,000	\$	718,000
General obligation bonds	7,526,000		7,937,000	_		-
Bond anticipation note	3,800,000		-	-		-
Pollution remediation obligation	250,000		-	-		-
Capital leases	 212,261	_	291,053	 <u>-</u>	_	
Total long-term obligations	\$ 12,573,261	\$	9,058,053	\$ 564,000	\$	718,000

The long-term outstanding debt for the City of Tallmadge as of December 31, 2008 was \$13,137,261. This balance reflects \$1,349,000 in special assessment bonds, \$7,526,000 in general obligation bonds, \$3,800,000 in bond anticipation notes, \$250,000 in pollution remediation obligations, and \$212,261 in capital lease obligations. This is an increase in long-term debt of 34.38 percent. For more detailed information on long-term obligations refer to Note 10 of this report.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the general obligation bonds less self supporting debt (e.g., assessment debt) of the municipal corporation, whether voted or unvoted, shall not exceed 10.5 percent of the assessed valuation of the total property. In addition, the unvoted net debt cannot exceed 5.5 percent of total assessed value of property. The City's legal total debt limit at the 10.5 percent margin is \$35,442,910, and the total unvoted net debt limit at the 5.5 percent margin is \$22,499,783.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The City prepared the annual budget using zero based budgeting for 2009. There were very modest increases, if any, in many departments.
- The income tax rate in the JEDD district increased from .50% to .75% in 2009.
- The City created a Community Improvement Corporation to provide a vehicle to bring the public and private sectors together in the area of property acquisition and economic development for the City.
- The City entered into an agreement in 2008 to share resources with the City of Stow, contracting the dispatching services to Stow in efforts to regionalize and provide more cost efficient services. This outsourcing occurred August 30 of 2008.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the office of the Director of Finance, 46 North Avenue, Tallmadge, Ohio 44278 or at the e-mail of jstritch@tallmadge-ohio.org.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,124,639 2,335,062 181,653 34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442 90,793	\$ 6,700,715 - 966,275 23,801 629,087 - 60,320	\$	11,555,164 1,124,639 2,335,062 1,147,928 58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235 304,762
Receivables: Income taxes. Real and other taxes. Accounts. Accrued interest Special assessments Intergovernmental Materials and supplies inventory.	\$ 1,124,639 2,335,062 181,653 34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442	\$ 966,275 23,801 629,087	\$	1,124,639 2,335,062 1,147,928 58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235
Income taxes. Real and other taxes	2,335,062 181,653 34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442	23,801 629,087		2,335,062 1,147,928 58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235
Real and other taxes	2,335,062 181,653 34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442	23,801 629,087		2,335,062 1,147,928 58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235
Real and other taxes	181,653 34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442	23,801 629,087		1,147,928 58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235
Accounts	34,979 941,209 1,097,235 244,442	23,801 629,087		58,780 1,570,296 1,097,235
Special assessments	941,209 1,097,235 244,442	629,087		1,570,296 1,097,235
Intergovernmental	1,097,235 244,442	-		1,097,235
Intergovernmental	244,442	60,320		, ,
Materials and supplies inventory		60,320		204 762
	90,793	·		304,702
		-		90,793
Capital assets:				,
Land and construction in progress	4,971,639	492,500		5,464,139
Depreciable capital assets, net	23,759,238	14,050,071		37,809,309
Total capital assets	 28,730,877	14,542,571		43,273,448
r		- 1,0 12,0 7 2	_	,_,,,,,,
Total assets	 39,635,338	 22,922,769		62,558,107
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	208,423	88,211		296,634
Contracts payable	439,123	-		439,123
Accrued wages and benefits	278,839	22,482		301,321
Intergovernmental payable	539,136	522,905		1,062,041
Unearned revenue	2,231,454	-		2,231,454
Accrued interest payable	88,091	2,540		90,631
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	707,662	120,948		828,610
Due in more than one year	 12,825,732	 525,098		13,350,830
Total liabilities	 17,318,460	 1,282,184		18,600,644
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,719,874	13,978,571		31,213,445
Restricted for:				
Debt service	711,687	_		711,687
Capital projects	53,728	_		53,728
Other purposes:	,			,
Fire/EMS levy	378,851	_		378,851
Street maintenance	684,642	_		684,642
State highway	56,561	_		56,561
Community environment	7,879	-		7,879
Law enforcement.	9,120	-		9,120
Unrestricted	 1,694,536	 7,662,014		10,841,550
Total net assets	\$ 22,316,878	\$ 21,640,585	\$	43,957,463

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,253,790	\$ 193,794	\$ -	\$ -			
Security of persons and property							
Police	3,816,522	3,067	4,160	-			
Street lights	39,208	-	-	-			
Fire	2,585,492	321,641	-	-			
Public health and welfare	72,170	1,346	27,848	-			
Transportation	3,778,324	30,254	688,504	151,646			
Community environment	657,143	251,070	-	-			
Leisure time activity	1,817,187	1,457,708	134,183	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	482,825						
Total governmental activities	16,502,661	2,258,880	854,695	151,646			
Business-type activities:							
Sewer operating fund	1,785,418	1,518,955	-	-			
Water operating fund	1,890,821	1,721,534	-	-			
Storm water fund	243,329	317,288					
Total business-type activities	3,919,568	3,557,777					
Total primary government	\$ 20,422,229	\$ 5,816,657	\$ 854,695	\$ 151,646			
	Fire/EMS Levy Police pension. Municipal income General purpose Grants and entitle: Investment earnin Miscellaneous Total general reve Transfers Change in net asse Net assets at begin	e taxes levied for: es	to specific programs .				

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (3,059,996)	\$ -	\$ (3,059,996)
(3,809,295)	_	(3,809,295)
(39,208)	-	(39,208)
(2,263,851)	-	(2,263,851)
(42,976)	-	(42,976)
(2,907,920)	-	(2,907,920)
(406,073)	-	(406,073)
(225,296)	-	(225,296)
(482,825)		(482,825)
(13,237,440)		(13,237,440)
	(266,463)	(266,463)
-	(169,287)	(169,287)
-	73,959	73,959
	(361,791)	(361,791)
(13,237,440)	(361,791)	(13,599,231)
918,589	-	918,589
1,419,265	-	1,419,265
110,081	-	110,081
8,118,368	-	8,118,368
1,968,428	-	1,968,428
210,924	139,449	350,373
223,833	10,317	234,150
12,969,488	149,766	13,119,254
48,401	(48,401)	
(219,551)	(260,426)	(479,977)
22,536,429	21,901,011	44,437,440
\$ 22,316,878	\$ 21,640,585	\$ 43,957,463

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General		<u>General</u>		1	Fire/EMS Levy	 Street aintenance and Repair	Re	Bond tirement
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	2,616,484	\$	464,094	\$ 358,057	\$	14,778		
Income taxes		1,124,639		-	_		-		
Real and other taxes		797,720		1,423,380	-		-		
Accounts		120,985		60,395	_		-		
Accrued interest		32,173		1,314	390		-		
Special assessments		63,614		-	92,595		785,000		
Intergovernmental		576,201		108,833	373,444		-		
Materials and supplies inventory		89,744		<u>-</u>	 154,698		<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$	5,421,560	\$	2,058,016	\$ 979,184	\$	799,778		
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	163,804	\$	10,041	\$ 34,578	\$	-		
Contracts payable		-		-	-		-		
Accrued wages and benefits		191,143		46,810	38,940		-		
Compensated absences payable		15,039		5,019	2,176		-		
Intergovernmental payable		271,112		125,033	39,377		-		
Deferred revenue		1,028,126		172,379	340,894		785,000		
Unearned revenue		762,241		1,360,319	 -				
Total liabilities		2,431,465		1,719,601	 455,965		785,000		
Fund balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		229,170		41,683	15,406		-		
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		89,744		-	154,698		-		
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:									
General fund		2,671,181		-	-		-		
Special revenue funds		-		296,732	353,115		-		
Debt service fund		-		-	-		14,778		
Capital projects funds				-	 =		-		
Total fund balances		2,990,095		338,415	 523,219		14,778		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,421,560	\$	2,058,016	\$ 979,184	\$	799,778		

 MACA Pool	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 875,909	\$	525,127	\$	4,854,449
-		-		1,124,639
-		113,962		2,335,062
-		273		181,653
-		1,102		34,979
-		20 757		941,209
-		38,757		1,097,235
 				244,442
\$ 875,909	\$	679,221	\$	10,813,668
\$ -	\$	-	\$	208,423
213,127		225,996		439,123
-		1,946		278,839
_		-		22,234
_		103,614		539,136
-		34,606		2,361,005
		108,894		2,231,454
 213,127		475,056		6,080,214
656,725		18,527		961,511
-		-		244,442
-		-		2,671,181
-		(20,513)		629,334
-		-		14,778
 6,057		206,151		212,208
 662,782		204,165		4,733,454
\$ 875,909	\$	679,221	\$	10,813,668

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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 4,733,454
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		28,730,877
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes	\$ 103,608	
Special assessments	941,209	
Municipal income taxes	462,295	
Investment income	12,908	
Intergovernmental	770,985	
Other receivables	70,000	
	 , 0,000	
Total		2,361,005
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, special		
assessment bonds and capital leases are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences	(840,693)	
General obligation bonds	(7,526,000)	
Special assessment bonds	(7,526,000)	
Long-term notes	(3,800,000)	
Capital lease obligation		
	(212,261)	
Pollution remediation obligation	 (250,000)	
Total		(13,413,954)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore is not reported in the funds.		(88,091)
therefore is not reported in the runds.		(00,071)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		23,374
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance are not recognized		
in the funds.		(120,580)
m one rundo.		(120,300)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		90,793
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 22,316,878

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

General		Fire/EMS Levy	Street Maintenance and Repair	Bond Retirement
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$ 926,452	\$ 1,415,363	\$ -	\$ -
Municipal income taxes	7,873,334	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,790,220	311,117	790,333	-
Investment income	191,217	8,604	2,255	-
Fines, licenses and permits	369,771	107	-	-
Special assessments	14,804	-	13,034	87,943
Charges for services	1,451,224	321,534	64,950	-
Miscellaneous	135,412	10,325	3,711	-
Total revenues	12,752,434	2,067,050	874,283	87,943
Expenditures:				
Current:	2.002.062			
General government	3,092,863	-	-	-
Police	3,472,574	-	-	-
Street lights	39,208	_	_	_
Fire	· -	2,299,341	_	_
Public health and welfare	_	, ,	69,512	_
Transportation	311,501	_	1,562,935	_
Leisure time activity	1,234,503	_	334,937	_
Community environment	409,354	_	-	_
Capital outlay	296,590	53,417	741,591	_
Debt service:	270,370	33,417	741,371	_
Principal retirement	14,519	64,273	-	456,000
Interest and fiscal charges	625	13,498		425,624
Total expenditures	8,871,737	2,430,529	2,708,975	881,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,880,697	(363,479)	(1,834,692)	(793,681)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of notes	_	_	_	-
Premium on sale of notes	_	_	_	8,702
Transfers in	_	755,000	1,895,000	785,000
Transfers out	(3,751,926)	-	-,-,-,	-
Sale of capital assets	(3,731,720)	4,000	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,751,926)	759,000	1,895,000	793,702
Total other imalicing sources (uses)	(3,731,720)	757,000	1,073,000	173,102
Net change in fund balances	128,771	395,521	60,308	21
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	2,861,324	(57,106)	462,911	14,757
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,990,095	\$ 338,415	\$ 523,219	\$ 14,778

MACA Pool	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 111,205	\$ 2,453,020
ф - _	φ 111,20 <i>5</i>	7,873,334
_	240,554	3,132,224
_	7,669	209,745
_	2,898	372,776
-	, <u>-</u>	115,781
-	-	1,837,708
-	385	149,833
	362,711	16,144,421
-	-	3,092,863
	262 725	2 925 200
-	362,735	3,835,309
-	- - 412	39,208
-	5,412	2,304,753
-	60.202	69,512
-	69,293	1,943,729 1,569,440
-	-	409,354
2,541,702	700,823	4,334,123
-	-	534,792
		439,747
2,541,702	1,138,263	18,572,830
(2,541,702)	(775,552)	(2,428,409)
3,220,000	580,000	3,800,000
-	-	8,702
6,000	310,926	3,751,926
-	-	(3,751,926)
2 226 000	900.026	4,000
3,226,000	890,926	3,812,702
684,298	115,374	1,384,293
(21,516)	88,791	3,349,161
\$ 662,782	\$ 204,165	\$ 4,733,454

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,384,293
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions	\$ 3,436,724	
Current year depreciation	 (1,514,250)	
Total		1,922,474
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported		
for each disposal.		(59,226)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		, , ,
Delinquent property taxes	(5,085)	
Municipal income taxes	245,034	
Intergovernmental	(157,455)	
Investment income	1,179	
Special assessments	(67,385)	
Other revenue	73,110	
Total	 _	89,398
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		534,792
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in		
governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.		
Accrued interest	(52,707)	
Bond premium	17,433	
Deferred charges on refunding	(3,379)	
Bond issuance costs	 (13,127)	
Total		(51,780)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	10,498	
Pollution remediation obligation	(250,000)	
Total	 (230,000)	(239,502)
		(237,302)
The sale of notes in governmental funds increases long-term liabilities on the		
statement of net assets.		 (3,800,000)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ (219,551)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Municipal income taxes	\$	8,278,410	\$ 8,256,015	\$	8,102,619	\$	(153,396)
Property and other taxes		983,386	980,726		926,452		(54,274)
Intergovernmental		1,317,664	1,314,100		1,726,744		412,644
Investment income		235,637	235,000		205,431		(29,569)
Fines, licenses and permits		310,841	310,000		371,386		61,386
Special assessments		15,041	15,000		14,804		(196)
Charges for services		1,533,147	1,529,000		1,452,550		(76,450)
Miscellaneous		70,190	 70,000		103,206		33,206
Total revenues		12,744,316	12,709,841		12,903,192		193,351
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		3,158,909	3,268,656		3,159,135		109,521
Security of persons and property		3,668,875	3,698,329		3,672,834		25,495
Transportation		316,957	346,537		337,259		9,278
Community environment		444,135	432,069		425,471		6,598
Leisure time activity		1,240,280	1,292,627		1,277,002		15,625
Capital outlay		313,287	313,208		312,334		874
Total expenditures		9,142,443	9,351,426		9,184,035		167,391
Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,601,873	 3,358,415		3,719,157		360,742
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in		_	260,000		260,000		_
Advances out		-	(260,000)		(260,000)		-
Transfers out		(3,865,000)	(3,871,000)		(3,751,926)		119,074
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,865,000)	(3,871,000)		(3,751,926)		119,074
Net change in fund balance		(263,127)	(512,585)		(32,769)		479,816
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,004,411	2,004,411		2,004,411		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		311,411	 311,411		311,411		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,052,695	\$ 1,803,237	\$	2,283,053	\$	479,816

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE/EMS LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 Budgeted iginal	l Amou	nts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 -		,				
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,485,469	\$	1,473,714	\$ 1,415,363	\$	(58,351)	
Intergovernmental	222,410		220,650	311,117		90,467	
Investment income	6,048		6,000	8,394		2,394	
Fines, licenses and permits	101		100	107		7	
Charges for services	372,951		370,000	314,746		(55,254)	
Miscellaneous	20,059		19,900	10,325		(9,575)	
Total revenues	 2,107,038		2,090,364	2,060,052		(30,312)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property	2,385,765		2,382,881	2,317,556		65,325	
Capital outlay	144,000		144,000	131,188		12,812	
Total expenditures	 2,529,765		2,526,881	2,448,744		78,137	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (422,727)		(436,517)	 (388,692)		47,825	
Other financing sources:							
Sale of capital assets	-		_	4,000		4,000	
Transfers in	755,000		755,000	755,000		_	
Total other financing sources	 755,000		755,000	759,000		4,000	
Net change in fund balance	332,273		318,483	370,308		51,825	
Fund balance at beginning of year	21,056		21,056	21,056		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 22,512		22,512	 22,512			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 375,841	\$	362,051	\$ 413,876	\$	51,825	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 941,282	\$ 829,790	\$ 797,081	\$ (32,709)	
Investment income	5,105	4,500	2,490	(2,010)	
Special assessments	13,975	12,320	13,034	714	
Charges for services	94,152	83,000	64,950	(18,050)	
Other	2,269	2,000	3,711	1,711	
Total revenues	1,056,783	931,610	881,266	(50,344)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public health and welfare	87,604	87,604	69,495	18,109	
Transportation	1,613,863	1,611,594	1,602,623	8,971	
Leisure time activities	338,326	338,326	338,005	321	
Capital outlay	761,893	760,439	742,230	18,209	
Total expenditures	2,801,686	2,797,963	2,752,353	45,610	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,744,903)	(1,866,353)	(1,871,087)	(4,734)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	2,149,617	1,895,000	1,895,000	-	
Total other financing sources	2,149,617	1,895,000	1,895,000		
Net change in fund balance	404,714	28,647	23,913	(4,734)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	225,607	225,607	225,607	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	63,222	63,222	63,222		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 693,543	\$ 317,476	\$ 312,742	\$ (4,734)	

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer Operating	Water Operating	Storm Water	Total		
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 3,798,946	\$ 2,718,031	\$ 183,738	\$ 6,700,715		
Accounts	427,159	437,091	102,025	966,275		
Accrued interest	14,250	9,551	-	23,801		
Special assessments	304,609	324,478	-	629,087		
Materials and supplies inventory	30,160	30,160		60,320		
Total current assets	4,575,124	3,519,311	285,763	8,380,198		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	94,403	269,620	128,477	492,500		
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,204,986	5,366,467	3,478,618	14,050,071		
Total capital assets	5,299,389	5,636,087	3,607,095	14,542,571		
Total assets	9,874,513	9,155,398	3,892,858	22,922,769		
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	6,803	81,408	-	88,211		
Accrued wages and benefits	11,221	11,261	-	22,482		
Compensated absences	974	974	-	1,948		
Intergovernmental payable	211,922	307,210	3,773	522,905		
Current portion of special assessments bonds .	41,000	78,000	· -	119,000		
Accrued interest payable	1,546	994		2,540		
Total current liabilities	273,466	479,847	3,773	757,086		
Long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences	40,049	40,049	-	80,098		
Special assessment bonds	260,338	184,662	-	445,000		
Total long-term liabilities	300,387	224,711		525,098		
Total liabilities	573,853	704,558	3,773	1,282,184		
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,997,389	5,374,087	3,607,095	13,978,571		
Unrestricted	4,303,271	3,076,753	281,990	7,662,014		
Total net assets	\$ 9,300,660	\$ 8,450,840	\$ 3,889,085	21,640,585		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer Operating	Water Operating	Storm Water	Total		
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,518,955	\$ 1,721,534	\$ 317,288	\$ 3,557,777		
Other	527	6,678	3,112	10,317		
Total operating revenues	1,519,482	1,728,212	320,400	3,568,094		
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	336,149	323,243	64,518	723,910		
Contract services	1,078,148	1,059,798	35,708	2,173,654		
Materials and supplies	55,522	56,513	-	112,035		
Depreciation	219,397	258,108	143,103	620,608		
Other	60,739	71,004	_ _	131,743		
Total operating expenses	1,749,955	1,768,666	243,329	3,761,950		
Operating income (loss)	(230,473)	(40,454)	77,071	(193,856)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	83,098	56,351	-	139,449		
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(20,911)	(16,527)	-	(37,438)		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(20,204)	-	(20,204)		
Other nonoperating expenses	(14,552)	(85,424)		(99,976)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	47,635	(65,804)		(18,169)		
Income (loss) before transfers	(182,838)	(106,258)	77,071	(212,025)		
Transfers out		(48,401)		(48,401)		
Changes in net assets	(182,838)	(154,659)	77,071	(260,426)		
Net assets at beginning of year	9,483,498	8,605,499	3,812,014	21,901,011		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,300,660	\$ 8,450,840	\$ 3,889,085	\$ 21,640,585		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer Operating	Water Operating	Storm Water	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,525,793	\$ 1,705,720	\$ 352,760	\$ 3,584,273
Cash received from other operations	527	6,678	3,112	10,317
Cash payments for personal services	(332,310)	(327,876)	(63,006)	(723,192)
Cash payments for contract services	(1,072,465)	(1,023,272)	(40,683)	(2,136,420)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(52,054)	(54,320)	-	(106,374)
Cash payments for other expenses	(60,739)	(71,004)		(131,743)
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,752	235,926	252,183	496,861
Cash flows from capital and related				
financing activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(81,322)	(169,716)	(362,472)	(613,510)
Special assessments	44,346	138,670	-	183,016
Principal retirement on special assessment				
bonds	(41,000)	(113,000)	-	(154,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	(21,126)	(16,945)		(38,071)
Net cash used in capital and				
related financing activities	(99,102)	(160,991)	(362,472)	(622,565)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received	88,902	59,699		148,601
Net cash provided by investing activities	88,902	59,699		148,601
Net increase (decrease) in cash and				
cash equivalents	(1,448)	134,634	(110,289)	22,897
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,800,394	2,583,397	294,027	6,677,818
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,798,946	\$ 2,718,031	\$ 183,738	\$ 6,700,715

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Sewer Operating		Water perating	 Storm Water		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(230,473)	\$	(40,454)	\$ 77,071	\$	(193,856)
Adjustments: Depreciation		219,397		258,108	143,103		620,608
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory		3,355		3,355	-		6,710
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		6,838		(15,814)	35,472		26,496
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		4,093		(50,499)	(4,975)		(51,381)
Increase in accrued wages and benefits		1,584		745	-		2,329
Increase in intergovernmental payable		6,429		82,957	1,512		90,898
Decrease in compensated							
absences payable		(2,471)		(2,472)	 		(4,943)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	8,752	\$	235,926	\$ 252,183	\$	496,861

Non-cash capital transactions:

The Water fund contributed capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, in the amount of \$48,401 to governmental activities during 2008.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Private pose Trust	 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,804	\$ 156,559
Receivables: Accrued interest	 138	 26,153
Total assets	\$ 37,942	\$ 182,712
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	 <u>-</u>	\$ 182,712
Net assets: Held in trust for indigents and the needy	\$ 37,942	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	=	ivate se Trust
Additions: Interest	\$	1,043 2,250
Total additions		3,293
Deductions: Expenses per trust agreement		1,898
Total deductions		1,898
Changes in net assets		1,395
Net assets at beginning of year		36,547
Net assets at end of year	\$	37,942

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Tallmadge, Ohio (the "City") was incorporated as a village in 1936 and became a city in 1951. The City is a charter municipal corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor, Council, Finance Director and Law Director are elected.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes police and fire protection, parks and recreation, water and sewer service, street maintenance and repairs and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City participates in the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study, and the Brimfield Township-City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District. These jointly governed organizations are presented in Note 16 of the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's BFS consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to sewer, water and storm water operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Tallmadge and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Fire/EMS levy fund</u> - The fire/emergency medical service levy fund accounts for property tax collections received through a permanent tax levy. An additional source of significant revenue is charges for services. Expenditures are for the operations of the fire and emergency medical service programs, staff and capital expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Street maintenance and repair fund</u> - The street maintenance and repair fund is required by Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for monies used for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

<u>MACA pool fund</u>: The MACA pool fund is used to account for the construction of an outdoor swimming pool.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Sewer operating</u> - The sewer operating fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Water operating</u> - The water operating fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Storm water</u> - The storm water fund accounts for the provision of storm drainage runoff service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust fund established to account for monies to benefit indigent and needy citizens of Tallmadge. The portion representing the principal amount of the trust fund is non-expendable. The City's agency funds are a revolving trust fund used to account for refundable deposits and a fund used to account for the administering and collection of income taxes related to the Joint Economic Development District.

D. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and all non-fiduciary liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (see Note 6). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, and grants.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2008, but which were levied to finance year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Income taxes and special assessments not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at December 31, 2008, are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the alternative tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the program level within the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Capital items such as capital equipment are budgeted on a program or line item basis as specified by City Council legislatively. The Finance Director may transfer appropriations within each fund and within each general fund program as long as the totals are not exceeded.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources requested prior to the beginning of the year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

During 2008, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2008.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2008 amounted to \$191,217 which includes \$110,705 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

An analysis of the City's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

H. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	25 - 80
Equipment	3 - 25
Infrastructure	25 - 40

The City's infrastructure consists of a streets subsystem, storm sewer subsystem, and water and sewer lines.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees at retirement age or after seven years of service with the City (non-bargaining employees) and ten years of service with the City (bargaining employees).

K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond December 31, 2008, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditures/expense in the year in which the services are consumed. The City had no material prepaid items as of December 31, 2008.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, notes and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as an asset on the financial statements.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

N. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. The City had no interfund receivables/payables to report at December 31, 2008.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditures. As a result, encumbrances and materials and supplies inventory are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the BFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City did not have any extraordinary or special items transactions.

S. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

T. Total Column

A total column is presented on the entity-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities. The storm water improvement bonds have been included in invested in capital assets, net of related debt in the total column on the statement of net assets. The storm water improvement bonds have been excluded from invested in capital assets, net of related debt in the governmental activities and the business-type activities on the statement of net assets.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2008, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 49, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 50, "<u>Pension Disclosures</u>".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 13) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 did have an effect on the financial statements of the City at December 31, 2008. See Note 10 for detail.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at December 31, 2008 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor governmental funds
Police pension

Deficit
72,952

This fund complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance in the police pension fund is the result of a pension liability.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories as defined by the City's investment policy. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim moneys may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and,
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds and other obligations guaranteed by the United States;
- 2. Discount notes of the Federal National Mortgage Association;
- 3. Bonds of the State of Ohio; and,
- 4. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of Ohio, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2008, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$6,501,547, exclusive of the \$975,000 repurchase agreement included in investments below. As of December 31, 2008, \$5,553,231 of the City's bank balance of \$6,567,415 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,014,184 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As permitted by Ohio Revised Code, the City's deposits are collateralized by a pool of eligible securities deposited with Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all public deposits held by the depository. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2008, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment	
		Maturities	
		6 months or	
Investment type	Fair Value	less	
STAR Ohio	\$ 4,272,980	\$ 4,272,980	
Repurchase agreements	975,000	975,000	
Total	\$ 5,247,980	\$ 5,247,980	

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payments for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee. The City's investment in repurchase agreements is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the City. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2008:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total	
STAR Ohio Repurchase agreements	\$ 4,272,980 975,000	81.42 18.58	
Total	\$ 5,247,980	100.00	

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of December 31, 2008:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 6,501,547
Investments	 5,247,980
Total	\$ 11,749,527
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 4,854,449
Business type activities	6,700,715
Private-purpose trust fund	37,804
Agency funds	 156,559
Total	\$ 11,749,527

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The general fund transferred \$100,926 to the general infrastructure reserve fund to pay a portion of project costs. The remaining transfers consist of \$755,000 to the fire/EMS levy fund, \$1,895,000 to the street maintenance and repair fund, \$785,000 to the bond retirement fund, \$210,000 to the police pension fund and \$6,000 to the MACA pool fund.

<u>Fund</u>	Transfer In	Transfer Out	
Major funds			
General	\$ -	\$ 3,751,926	
Fire/EMS levy	755,000	-	
Street maintenance and repair	1,895,000	-	
Bond retirement	785,000	-	
MACA pool	6,000		
Total major funds	3,441,000	3,751,926	
Nonmajor governmental funds			
Police pension	210,000	-	
General infrastructure reserve	100,926		
Total nonmajor governmental funds	310,926		
Total	\$ 3,751,926	\$ 3,751,926	

Governmental activities received \$48,401 in capital contributions from the water operating enterprise fund during 2008. This amount, which is not included in the schedule above, is shown as a transfer on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets - proprietary funds. This amount is included in transfers in governmental activities and business-type activities on the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2008, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, special assessments, accounts and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Special assessments expected to be collected in more than one year amount to \$785,000 in the bond retirement fund. The City had no material outstanding delinquencies at December 31, 2008.

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2008 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2007, are levied after October 1, 2008, and are collected in 2009 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in 2008 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2008 were levied after October 1, 2007, on the true value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out - the assessment percentage for property, including inventory, is 6.25% for 2008. This percentage will be reduced to zero for 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the City due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the City will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Tallmadge. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by unearned revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2008 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by deferred revenue since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$6.15 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2008 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property	
Residential/agricultural	\$ 325,449,820
Commercial/industrial/mineral	79,797,290
Tangible personal property	9,733,068
Public utility	
Real	21,010
Personal	 3,656,580
Total assessed value	\$ 418,657,768

B. Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2% on all income earned within the City as well as on income of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% on the income earned outside of the City and paid to another municipality. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

Ohio law requires all City income tax rates above 1% to be voted by residents of the City. Additional increases in the income tax rate would require voter approval. The City, by ordinance, designates the income tax for capital outlay, leisure time activities and general governmental operations for programs within the general fund.

In addition, the City receives income tax monies as the result of its agreement with Brimfield Township for a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). Businesses within the JEDD currently pay a .5% income tax on all income earned within the JEDD and are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City. The City is responsible for collection and administration of the income tax for the JEDD. The City is entitled to 55% of all income taxes collected from the JEDD and is required to contribute 5% of all income taxes collected to the JEDD Maintenance and Capital Improvement Fund maintained by the Township. The Township is entitled to the remaining 45% of all income taxes collected from the JEDD.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental activities:	Amounts	
Local government	\$	443,038
Homestead and rollback		162,256
Inheritance tax		61,859
Public utility reimbursements		18,024
Miscellaneous		8,335
Auto license tax		79,464
Gas tax and municipal cents per gallon tax		324,259
Total	\$	1,097,235

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	12/31/07	Additions	Deductions	12/31/08
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,661,1	37 \$ -	\$ (34,693)	\$ 2,626,444
Construction in progress	147,6		(13,104)	2,345,195
Tradition in the contract of t				
Total capital assets, not being	2 000 5	2 2 2 1 0 6 7 0	(47.707)	4.071.620
depreciated	2,808,7	2,210,670	(47,797)	4,971,639
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	13,723,8	47 644,041	(50,299)	14,317,589
Equipment	7,664,9	95 595,117	(516,352)	7,743,760
Infrastructure - streets subsystem	18,915,1	82	<u> </u>	18,915,182
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,304,0	1,239,158	(566,651)	40,976,531
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(3,537,7	(88) (352,868)	34,729	(3,855,927)
Equipment	(5,808,1			(5,751,685)
Infrastructure - streets subsystem	(6,899,2			(7,609,681)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,245,1	61) (1,514,250)	542,118	(17,217,293)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	24,058,8	63 (275,092)	(24,533)	23,759,238
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,867,6	29 \$ 1,935,578	\$ (72,330)	\$ 28,730,877
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Depreciation expense was charged to government	nental activiti	es as follows:		
General government			\$ 154,820	
Security of persons and property - police			136,229	
Security of persons and property - fire			143,777	
Public health and welfare			1,215	
Transportation			831,858	
Community environment			2,990	
Leisure time activity			203,514	
Accumulated depreciation on capital contrib	utions		39,847	
Total depreciation expense			\$ 1,514,250	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

Business-type activities:	Balance 12/31/07		A	Additions		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance 12/31/08	
-									
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	395,723	\$		\$	(20,204)	Ф	375,519	
	Ф	69,866	Ф	89,080	Ф	` ' '	Ф	•	
Construction in progress		09,800	_	89,080		(41,965)		116,981	
Total capital assets, not being									
depreciated		465,589		89,080		(62,169)		492,500	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		1,464,561		-		_		1,464,561	
Equipment		1,074,837		161,958		(98,767)		1,138,028	
Infrastructure									
Water lines		8,569,451		-		_		8,569,451	
Sewer lines		8,726,491		-		_		8,726,491	
Storm sewer subsystem		4,090,809		404,437			_	4,495,246	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		23,926,149		566,395		(98,767)		24,393,777	
Less: accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements		(796,410)		(44,295)		-		(840,705)	
Equipment		(618,718)		(76,706)		50,366		(645,058)	
Infrastructure									
Water lines		(3,694,124)		(179,261)		-		(3,873,385)	
Sewer lines		(3,790,687)		(177,243)		-		(3,967,930)	
Storm sewer subsystem		(873,525)		(143,103)				(1,016,628)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,773,464)		(620,608)		50,366		(10,343,706)	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		14,152,685	_	(54,213)	_	(48,401)	_	14,050,071	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	14,618,274	\$	34,867	\$	(110,570)	\$	14,542,571	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Sewer operating	\$	219,397
Water operating		258,108
Storm water	_	143,103
Total depreciation expense	\$	620,608

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES

During prior years, the City entered into capital leases for three police vehicles, an ambulance and a fire truck. These capital leases will be paid out of the general fund and the fire/EMS levy special revenue fund. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases." Capital assets were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the leases were entered into.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Equipment	\$ 439,499
Less: accumulated depreciation	(108,307)
Total	\$ 331,192

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2008:

Year <u>Ended</u>	<u></u>	Amount
2009	\$	77,771
2010		77,771
2011		77,771
Total		233,313
Less: amount representing interest		(21,052)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	212,261

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE

During 2008, the City entered into an operating lease with Tallmadge Asphalt & Paving Co., Inc. for a tract of land. The land is used as a shooting range, and it has been determined that lead pollution currently exists on the site. As stipulated in the lease agreement, the City has assumed the responsibility of cleaning up the pollution (see Note 10 for detail).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE - (Continued)

Operating lease payments are reported as program expenditures on the financial statements. Total operating lease payments in 2008 totaled \$19,000 in the general fund. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending		
December 31	_	Total
2009	\$	12,000
2010	_	5,000
Total future minimum lease payments	\$	17,000

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original issue date, interest rate, original issue amount and date of maturity of each of the City's bonds and loans follows:

Special assessment bonds			
1992 Southwest sanitary sewer and water	6.390%	\$ 493,000	6/1/2012
1996 Northwest quad sanitary sewer	5.862%	450,000	12/1/2016
1998 Ernest waterline	4.560%	285,000	12/1/2008
2001 Elm/Ferguson waterline	4.725%	425,000	12/1/2011
2001 Parker/Milton waterline	4.725%	250,000	12/1/2011
2000 West avenue street improvement	6.000%	1,070,000	12/1/2020
Bond anticipation notes 2008 Recreation improvement	2.500%	3,800,000	6/4/2009
General obligation bonds			
1992 Tallmadge woods	6.390%	852,000	6/1/2012
1998 Storm water improvement	5.120%	2,400,000	12/1/2018
2001 City building improvement	4.725%	2,270,000	12/1/2021
2006 Various purpose refunding	4.124%	870,000	12/31/2015
2006 Recreation center	4.427%	3,800,000	12/31/2031

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The changes in long-term obligations during the year were as follows:

Durings to a dividing		Balance 12/31/07		Additions	T) - 1		Balance	Mounts Due in
Business-type activities:	_	12/31/0/	_	Additions	<u> </u>	Reductions	-	12/31/08	 ne Year
Special assessment bonds 1992 Southwest sanitary sewer and water 1996 Northwest quad sanitary sewer 1998 Ernest waterline	\$	118,000 265,000	\$	-	\$	(24,000) (25,000)	\$	94,000 240,000	\$ 24,000 25,000
2001 Elm/Ferguson waterline 2001 Parker/Milton waterline		35,000 190,000 110,000		- - -		(35,000) (45,000) (25,000)	_	145,000 85,000	 45,000 25,000
Total special assessment bonds		718,000	_			(154,000)	_	564,000	 119,000
Compensated absences		86,989	_	1,948		(6,891)		82,046	 1,948
Total business-type activities Long-term obligations	\$	804,989	\$	1,948	\$	(160,891)	\$	646,046	\$ 120,948
Governmental activities:	_	Balance 12/31/07		Additions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	_	Balance 12/31/08	amounts Due in one Year
General obligation bonds									
1992 Tallmadge woods	\$	207,000	\$	-	\$	(41,000)	\$	166,000	\$ 41,000
1998 Storm water improvement 2001 City building improvement		1,595,000 1,715,000		-		(110,000) (90,000)		1,485,000 1,625,000	115,000 95,000
2006 Various purpose refunding		710,000		-		(80,000)		630,000	80,000
2006 Recreation center	_	3,710,000		<u>-</u>		(90,000)		3,620,000	 95,000
Total general obligation bonds		7,937,000	_			(411,000)	_	7,526,000	 426,000
Special assessment bonds 2000 West avenue street improvement		830,000	_	<u> </u>		(45,000)		785,000	 45,000
Bond anticipation notes									
2008 Recreation improvement		<u>-</u>	_	3,800,000		<u>-</u>		3,800,000	
Other long-term obligations Capital lease		291,053		_		(78,792)		212,261	67,410
Pollution remediation		· -		250,000		-		250,000	-
Compensated absences		874,756	_	137,565		(149,394)	_	862,927	 169,252
Total governmental activities Long-term obligations	\$	9,932,809	\$	4,187,565	\$	(684,186)		13,436,188	\$ 707,662
Add: Unamortized premium on bond issue Less: Unamortized deferred charges on refi	undin	g					_	120,580 (23,374)	
Total reported on statement of net assets							\$	13,533,394	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Special Assessment Bonds Payable:

Under business-type activities Ernest waterline, Elm/Ferguson waterline and Parker/Milton waterline are all petitioned waterline improvement projects. These projects are paid by assessments over a ten year period and will be paid from the water operating fund.

Southwest sanitary sewer and water is a petitioned sewer and water project which was assessed over a twenty year period. This will be paid from the water and sewer operating funds.

Northwest quad sanitary sewer is a petitioned twenty year sewer project. This project is paid by assessments over a twenty year period from the sanitary sewer operating fund.

West avenue street improvement is a twenty year assessed street improvement project and is paid from the bond retirement fund.

The special assessment bonds will be paid from the proceeds of special assessments levied against benefited property owners. In the event a property owner would fail to pay the assessment, payment would be made by the City.

General Obligation Bonds Payable:

Under governmental activities Tallmadge Woods, storm water improvement and city building improvement are twenty year general obligations bonds. The recreation center bonds are twenty five year bonds. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and are paid from the bond retirement fund.

Various Purpose Refunding Bonds Payable:

On March 1, 2006, the City issued general obligation refunding bonds (2006 various purpose refunding bonds). These bonds refunded the \$805,000 callable portion of the 1995 concrete streets general obligation bond issue. These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$32,667. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

Bond Anticipation Notes Payable:

On June 5, 2008, the City issued a \$3,800,000 note. The note was issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of expanding and improving the City's recreation center and constructing an outdoor swimming pool. The note bears an interest rate of 2.50% and matures on June 4, 2009. The City retired the notes with notes issued on June 3, 2009 (see Note 19 for detail). The unspent proceeds of the note issuance amounted to \$833,617 at December 31, 2008.

Capital Lease Obligations:

Capital leases consisted of the purchase of three police vehicles, an ambulance, and a fire truck which are paid from the general fund and fire/EMS levy special revenue fund. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Compensated Absences:

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, fire/EMS levy fund, street maintenance and repair fund, and sewer and water operating funds.

Pollution Remediation Obligation:

During 2008 the City entered into an operating lease for land that is used as a shooting range, and it has been determined that lead pollution currently exists on the site (see Note 9 for detail). As stipulated in the lease agreement, the City has assumed the responsibility of cleaning up the existing pollution. The estimated amount of the liability is \$250,000, which is derived from a construction contract that assumes no unexpected change orders. The City applied for a grant in 2008 with the Ohio Department of Public Safety that is intended to fully cover the costs of the pollution remediation (see Note 19 for detail).

As of December 31, 2008, the City's overall legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was \$35,442,910 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$22,499,783. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Governmental		

Year		Gene	General Obligation Bonds					West Avenue Special Assessment					
Ended		Principal		Interest		Total	_I	Principal_	_	Interest	_	Total	
2009	\$	426,000	\$	357,230	\$	783,230	\$	45,000	\$	47,100	\$	92,100	
2010		436,000		338,781		774,781		50,000		44,400		94,400	
2011		462,000		319,696		781,696		50,000		41,400		91,400	
2012		477,000		298,950		775,950		55,000		38,400		93,400	
2013		460,000		276,996		736,996		60,000		35,100		95,100	
2014 - 2018		2,300,000		1,065,703		3,365,703		345,000		118,500		463,500	
2019 - 2023		1,255,000		567,125		1,822,125		180,000		16,800		196,800	
2024 - 2028		1,000,000		299,560		1,299,560		-		-		-	
2029 - 2031	_	710,000		63,580		773,580	_				_		
Total	\$	7,526,000	\$	3,587,621	\$	11,113,621	\$	785,000	\$	341,700	\$	1,126,700	

Business-Type Activities

				J 1							
Year		Special Assessment Debt									
Ended	<u>F</u>	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest		Total					
2009	\$	119,000	\$	30,483	\$	149,483					
2010		129,000		25,971		154,971					
2011		128,000		17,962		145,962					
2012		53,000		11,441		64,441					
2013		30,000		8,100		38,100					
2014 - 2016		105,000		12,600		117,600					
Total	\$	564,000	\$	106,557	\$	670,557					

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2008, the City contracted with Selective Insurance of South Carolina for general liability, automobile, firefighters, errors and omissions, and police and professional liability for the policy period covering January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. Selective Insurance also covers buildings and contents and boiler and machinery. The City carries a \$2,000,000 general liability with \$1,000,000 occurrence and a \$1,000,000 automobile liability and a \$10,000,000 umbrella liability extending coverage on the general, automobile, police professional liability, firefighter's errors and omissions and public official's liability.

Western Surety Company insures performance bonds for all necessary officials and Old Republic/Century Surety covers other employees. The City carries an individual bond for the Director of Finance in the amount of \$250,000. All persons working under the Director of Finance are bonded for the sum of \$50,000. All other employees paid by the City are covered by a \$10,000 blanket bond. In addition, the City carries blanket bond insurance with \$100,000 per occurrence for guaranteeing the honest and faithful performance of the City's employees.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City provides comprehensive medical and dental insurance benefits to employees through a fully insured plan.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police) and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2008, member and contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Plan. The 2008 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members in State and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 10.10%.

The City's contribution rate for 2008 was 14.00%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety, for whom the City's contribution was 17.40% of covered payroll. For 2008, a portion equal to 7.00% of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment health care plan.

The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2008 was 7.00%, except for those plan members in law enforcement and public safety. For those classifications, the City's pension contributions were 10.40% of covered payroll. The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$294,802, \$354,723 and \$381,178, respectively; 100% has been contributed for 2008, 2007 and 2006.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while the City is required to contribute 19.50% and 24.00% for police officers and firefighters, respectively. Contribution rates are established by State statute. For 2008, the portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations was 12.75% for police officers and 17.25% for firefighters. The City's required contributions for pension obligations to OP&F for police officers and firefighters were \$227,421 and \$150,997 for the year ended December 31, 2008, \$217,361 and \$138,264 for the year ended December 31, 2007 and \$195,982 and \$121,434, for the year ended December 31, 2006. The full amount has been contributed for 2007 and 2006. 73.22% has been contributed for police and 68.00% has been contributed for firefighters for 2008.

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2008, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll (17.40% for public safety and law enforcement). Each year the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for 2008 was 7.00% of covered payroll.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$294,802, \$233,628 and \$189,704, respectively; 100% has been contributed for 2008, 2007 and 2006.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy - The OP&F's post-employment healthcare plan was established and is administered as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees. The Ohio Revised Code sets the contribution rates for participating employers and for plan members to the OP&F. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for police officers and firefighters were \$120,317 and \$59,013 for the year ended December 31, 2008, \$114,995 and \$54,036 for the year ended December 31, 2007 and \$129,030 and \$57,937 for the year ended December 31, 2006. The full amount has been contributed for 2007 and 2006. 68.00% has been contributed for police and 73.22% has been contributed for firefighters for 2008.

NOTE 14 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service. Current policy credits vacation leave on January 1 of each year for all full time employees. Vacation accumulation may not exceed two weeks accrual at year end. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In case of death, termination, lay-off, or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of two weeks carry-over of previous year plus any current year accrual which depends on time of year plus number of years service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 14 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

Sick leave is earned at the rate of .0575 hours per hour of service. Upon retirement, an employee with at least 7 years of service may receive up to 50 percent of their accumulated sick leave not to exceed a maximum of 150 days. Retirement and termination payments are calculated using the rate of pay at the date of separation.

B. Life Insurance

The City provides life insurance to its employees through MetLife.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP);
- 2. Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP);
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP);
- 4. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement;
- 5. Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- 6. Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General	Fire/EMS Levy	Street Maintenance and Repair
Budget basis	\$ (32,769)	\$ 370,308	\$ 23,913
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(150,758)	6,998	(6,983)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(16,433)	(31,811)	(1,880)
Adjustment for encumbrances	328,731	50,026	45,258
GAAP basis	\$ 128,771	\$ 395,521	\$ 60,308

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study (AMATS)

The City participates in the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study. This organization is responsible for fulfilling the area's continuous, cooperative and comprehensive transportation planning process. The AMATS service area consists of Summit, Portage, and Chippewa Township of Wayne County. AMATS is led by the AMATS Transportation Policy Committee. The City is a member of the 43 member Policy Committee that is responsible for the preparation of regional transportation policies, plans and programs that meet the areas present and future needs. In 2008, the City contributed \$2,702 to the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study, which represents the City's formula share.

Brimfield Township - City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) - The City of Tallmadge has entered into a contractual agreement effective January 1, 2004 with Brimfield Township to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people of the State of Ohio, the Counties of Summit and Portage, the City, the Township and the JEDD. The JEDD is administered by a five member Board of Directors consisting of one member representing the City and appointed by the Mayor, one member representing the Township and appointed by the Township Trustees, one member who is a business owner in the JEDD representing the business owners in the JEDD and appointed by the Township Trustees, one member who is a person employed within the JEDD and appointed by the Mayor with confirmation of City Council and one member selected by unanimous vote of all members appointed at the time. The City nor the Township have any fixed financial obligation set aside for administrative costs and expenses of the Board. The City is responsible for basic administrative costs of the Board. The Board of Directors has entered into an agreement to administer, collect and enforce the income tax on behalf of the JEDD with the City of Tallmadge. Upon termination of the contractual agreement, any property, assets and obligations of the JEDD shall be divided equally between the parties, except that any items of infrastructure constructed by or for anybody shall be retained by that party.

NOTE 17 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

On December 31, 2008, the City had a total of \$1,112,735 in contractual commitments. These included \$224,371 to Hanna, Zabrieski and Daron for the recreation center expansion project and \$110,720 for the water distribution system improvement. For the MACA pool project, the City had contractual commitments to Cavanaugh Building Corporation in the amount of \$283,860, Astro Pool Company in the amount of \$435,491, Superior Heating in the amount of \$9,882 and Speelman Electric in the amount of \$48,411.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2008.

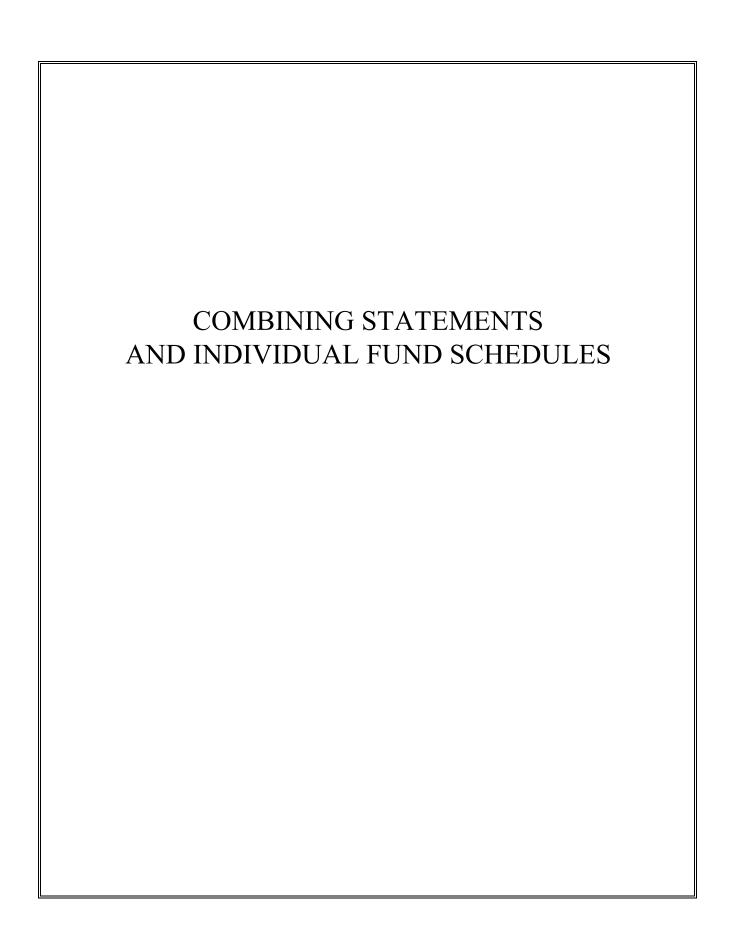
B. Litigation

The City of Tallmadge is a party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 19 - SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2009, the City signed a grant agreement with the Ohio Department of Public Safety to fully fund the pollution cleanup at the site of land leased by the City that had been used as a shooting range (see Notes 9 and 10 for detail).

On June 3, 2009, the City issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$3,800,000 to retire the bond anticipation notes maturing on June 4, 2009. The bond anticipation notes mature on June 2, 2010.



INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Major Special Revenue Funds

Fire/EMS Levy Fund

The fire/emergency medical service levy fund accounts for property tax collections received through a (5) year tax levy. An additional source of significant revenue is charges for services. Expenditures are for the operations of the fire and emegency medical service programs, staff, and for the purchase, repair and refurbishment of fire equipment.

Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

The street maintenance and repair fund is required by Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

State Highway Fund

Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Community Development Fund

To account for monies received from the Community Development Block Grant Project.

Alcohol Enforcement and Education Fund

Required by Ohio Revised Code Section 4511.99 to account for fines received from offenders. These funds are used in educating the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle and the dangers of the operations of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for proceeds from the sale of contraband that are restricted to subsidizing law enforcement efforts.

Drug Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for monies from mandatory fines for trafficking offenses to be used for the investigation and prosecution of drug cases.

Law Enforcement Assistance Fund

To account for monies from a State grant to reimburse the City for training expenditures for law enforcement personnel.

Emergency Medical Service Donation Fund

To account for donations received for the City's emergency medical service and fire programs.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Police Pension Fund

To accumulate property taxes and subsidy from the General Fund for the payment of the current and accrued police disability and pension benefits.

MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund is used to account for monies used for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the capital project funds:

Major Capital Projects Fund

Maca Pool Fund

To account for the construction of the Maca outdoor swimming pool.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

General Infrastructure Reserve Fund

To account for a percentage of revenue from the General Fund, in accordance with local ordinances, to maintain the general infrastructure of the City.

Northeast Avenue Roundabout Fund

To account for the Northeast Avenue Roundabout road improvements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				'-
Taxes				
Personal property	\$ 115,229	\$ 114,917	\$ 71,428	\$ (43,489)
Real estate (public utility)	757,859	755,809	758,027	2,218
Municipal income taxes	8,278,410	8,256,015	8,102,619	(153,396)
Franchise tax	110,298	110,000	96,997	(13,003)
Intergovernmental				
Local government	977,437	974,793	1,070,828	96,035
Rollback	85,287	85,056	110,527	25,471
Inheritance	186,756	186,251	456,234	269,983
Miscellaneous	68,184	68,000	89,155	21,155
Investment income	235,637	235,000	205,431	(29,569)
Fines, licenses and permits	310,841	310,000	371,386	61,386
Special assessments	15,041	15,000	14,804	(196)
Charges for services	1,533,147	1,529,000	1,452,550	(76,450)
Miscellaneous	70,190	70,000	103,206	33,206
Total revenues	12,744,316	12,709,841	12,903,192	193,351
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				
Mayor/Administration	576,281	603,928	581,237	22,691
Finance Director	798,967	794,175	783,050	11,125
Law Director	332,798	354,681	331,283	23,398
Service Director	292,149	290,979	269,136	21,843
Manager of Information Service	216,373	228,567	224,983	3,584
Council	177,963	177,963	173,972	3,991
Civil Service	25,333	25,333	24,280	1,053
Custodian	254,840	254,832	252,254	2,578
General administration	473,705	509,698	508,197	1,501
Boards and commissions	10,500	10,500	3,288	7,212
Historical church	10,500	18,000	7,455	10,545
Total general government	3,158,909	3,268,656	3,159,135	109,521
Security of persons and property				
Police	3,653,875	3,653,329	3,630,463	22,866
Street lighting	15,000	45,000	42,371	2,629
Total security of persons and property .	3,668,875	3,698,329	3,672,834	25,495
Transportation				
Garage	316,957	346,537	337,259	9,278
Total transportation	316,957	346,537	337,259	9,278
•				

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Origin	al		Final		Actual		egative)	
Community environment									
Building	\$ 24	4,586	\$	239,455	\$	239,433	\$	22	
Zoning	19	9,549		192,614		186,038		6,576	
Total community environment	44	4,135		432,069		425,471		6,598	
Leisure time activities									
Community center	7	6,902		95,780		88,938		6,842	
Recreation center	1,16	53,378		1,196,847		1,188,064		8,783	
Total leisure time activities	1,24	0,280		1,292,627		1,277,002		15,625	
Capital outlay									
Police equipment	12	21,723		121,723		121,685		38	
Recreation equipment	16	55,984		165,905		165,069		836	
Building equipment		7,000		17,000		17,000		-	
Service director vehicle		8,580		8,580		8,580			
Total capital outlay	31	3,287		313,208		312,334		874	
Total expenditures	9,14	2,443		9,351,426		9,184,035		167,391	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,60	01,873		3,358,415		3,719,157		360,742	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Advances in									
Northeast avenue roundabout		-		100,000		100,000		-	
MACA pool		-		160,000		160,000		-	
Advances out				(100.000)		(100,000)			
Northeast avenue roundabout		-		(100,000)		(100,000)		-	
MACA pool		-		(160,000)		(160,000)		-	
Police pension	(21	0,000)		(210,000)		(210,000)			
Fire/EMS levy	,	55,000)		(755,000)		(755,000)		_	
General infrastructure reserve	,	00,000)		(200,000)		(100,926)		99,074	
Street maintenance and repair		05,000)		(1,895,000)		(1,895,000)		-	
MACA pool	(1,0)	-		(6,000)		(6,000)		_	
Bond retirement	(80	05,000)		(805,000)		(785,000)		20,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		55,000)		(3,871,000)		(3,751,926)		119,074	
Net change in fund balance	(26	53,127)		(512,585)		(32,769)		479,816	
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,00)4,411		2,004,411		2,004,411		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated.		1,411		311,411		311,411			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,05	52,695	\$	1,803,237	\$	2,283,053	\$	479,816	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

		onmajor al Revenue Funds		onmajor ital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:	ф	75.504	Ф	440.542	Ф	505 105	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,584	\$	449,543	\$	525,127	
Real and other taxes		113,962				113,962	
Accounts		273		-		273	
Accrued interest.		32		1,070		1,102	
Intergovernmental		38,757		1,070		38,757	
intergovernmentar		36,737	-			36,737	
Total assets	\$	228,608	\$	450,613	\$	679,221	
Liabilities:							
Contracts payable	\$	-	\$	225,996	\$	225,996	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,946		-		1,946	
Intergovernmental payable		103,614		-		103,614	
Deferred revenue		34,211		395		34,606	
Unearned revenue		108,894				108,894	
Total liabilities		248,665		226,391		475,056	
Fund Balances:							
Fund balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		456		18,071		18,527	
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:							
Special revenue funds		(20,513)		-		(20,513)	
Capital projects funds				206,151		206,151	
Total fund balances (deficit)		(20,057)		224,222		204,165	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	228,608	\$	450,613	\$	679,221	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Special	najor Revenue nds	Capit	onmajor tal Projects Funds	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$	111,205	\$	-	\$ 111,205
Intergovernmental		88,908		151,646	240,554
Investment income		186		7,483	7,669
Fines, licenses and permits		2,898		-	2,898
Miscellaneous		385			 385
Total revenues		203,582		159,129	 362,711
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property		368,147		-	368,147
Transportation		69,293		-	69,293
Capital outlay				700,823	 700,823
Total expenditures		437,440		700,823	 1,138,263
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(233,858)		(541,694)	 (775,552)
Other financing sources:					
Sale of notes		-		580,000	580,000
Transfers in		210,000		100,926	310,926
Total other financing sources		210,000		680,926	 890,926
Net change in fund balances		(23,858)		139,232	115,374
Fund balances at beginning of year		3,801		84,990	 88,791
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(20,057)	\$	224,222	\$ 204,165

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

			nmunity elopment	Enfo	cohol rcement ducation	Enfo	Law orcement Frust
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$	33,504	\$ 7,027	\$	138	\$	3,917
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):							
Real and other taxes		-	-		-		-
Accounts		-	-		-		123
Accrued interest		32	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		30,279	 				
Total assets	\$	63,815	\$ 7,027	\$	138	\$	4,040
Liabilities:							
Accrued wages and benefits	\$	1,946	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental payable		5,308	-		-		-
Deferred revenue		20,665	-		-		-
Unearned revenue			 				
Total liabilities		27,919	 				
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		31	-		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in: Special revenue funds		35,865	7,027		138		4,040
Total fund balances (deficits)		35,896	7,027		138		4,040
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	63,815	\$ 7,027	\$	138	\$	4,040

ug Law orcement	Enf	Law Enforcement Assistance		Emergency Medical Service Donation		Police Pension	 Totals
\$ 2,567	\$	2,225	\$	5,927	\$	20,279	\$ 75,584
-		-		-		113,962	113,962
150		-		-		-	273
-		-		-		-	32
 						8,478	 38,757
\$ 2,717	\$	2,225	\$	5,927	\$	142,719	\$ 228,608
\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,946
-		-		5,075		93,231	103,614
-		-		-		13,546	34,211
 	ē		-			108,894	 108,894
 				5,075		215,671	 248,665
-		-		425		-	456
2,717		2,225		427		(72,952)	(20,513)
2,717		2,225		852		(72,952)	(20,057)
\$ 2,717	\$	2,225	\$	5,927	\$	142,719	\$ 228,608

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		State ghway		nmunity lopment	Enfor	cohol cement ducation	Enfo	Law rcement Trust
Revenues:	Φ.		Ф		Ф		Ф	
Property and other taxes	\$	- 60 779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		60,778 186		-		-		-
Fines, licenses and permits.		100		_		110		718
Miscellaneous		87				-		-
T 4.1		(1.051				110		710
Total revenues	-	61,051		-		110		718
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property		_		_		_		_
Transportation		69,293		_		_		_
The second of th								
Total expenditures		69,293						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(
over (under) expenditures		(8,242)				110		718
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in								
Total other financing sources								
Net change in fund balances		(8,242)		-		110		718
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		44,138		7,027		28		3,322
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	35,896	\$	7,027	\$	138	\$	4,040

rug Law orcement	Law Enforcement Assistance		Emergency Medical Service Donation		Police Pension		 Totals
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	111,205	\$ 111,205
-		4,160		-		23,970	88,908
2.070		-		-		-	186
2,070		-		298		-	2,898 385
			-	298		<u>-</u> _	 363
 2,070		4,160		298		135,175	 203,582
10,920		1,935		5,412		349,880	368,147
							 69,293
10,920		1,935		5,412		349,880	 437,440
(8,850)		2,225		(5,114)		(214,705)	 (233,858)
						210,000	 210,000
 <u>-</u>						210,000	 210,000
(8,850)		2,225		(5,114)		(4,705)	(23,858)
 11,567				5,966		(68,247)	3,801
\$ 2,717	\$	2,225	\$	852	\$	(72,952)	\$ (20,057)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE/EMS LEVY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						riance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,485,	469 \$	1,473,714	\$	1,415,363	\$	(58,351)
Intergovernmental	222,	410	220,650		311,117		90,467
Investment income	6,	048	6,000		8,394		2,394
Fines, licenses and permits		101	100		107		7
Charges for services	372,	951	370,000		314,746		(55,254)
Miscellaneous	20,	059	19,900		10,325		(9,575)
Total revenues	2,107,	038	2,090,364		2,060,052		(30,312)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property							
Fire	2,385,	765	2,382,881		2,317,556		65,325
Equipment	144,	000	144,000		131,188		12,812
Total expenditures	2,529,	765	2,526,881		2,448,744		78,137
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(422,	727)	(436,517)		(388,692)		47,825
Other financing sources:							
Sale of assets		-	-		4,000		4,000
Transfers in	755,	000	755,000		755,000		-
Total other financing sources	755,	000	755,000		759,000		4,000
Net change in fund balance	332,	273	318,483		370,308		51,825
Fund balance at beginning of year	21,	056	21,056		21,056		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	22,	512	22,512		22,512		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 375,	841 \$	362,051	\$	413,876	\$	51,825

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive Jegative)	
Revenues:	-	<u> </u>							
Intergovernmental	\$	941,282	\$	829,790	\$	797,081	\$	(32,709)	
Investment income		5,105		4,500		2,490		(2,010)	
Special assessments		13,975		12,320		13,034		714	
Charges for services		94,152		83,000		64,950		(18,050)	
Miscellaneous		2,269		2,000		3,711		1,711	
Total revenues		1,056,783		931,610		881,266		(50,344)	
Expenditures: Current:									
Public health and welfare		87,604		87,604		69,495		18,109	
Transportation		1,613,863		1,611,594		1,602,623		8,971	
Leisure time activities		338,326		338,326		338,005		321	
Capital outlay		330,320		330,320		330,003		321	
Road program		753,815		753,000		734,152		18,848	
Northeast Phase I		1,078		439		1,078		(639)	
Northeast Avenue Roundabout		7,000		7,000		7,000		(037)	
Total expenditures		2,801,686		2,797,963		2,752,353		45,610	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(1,744,903)		(1,866,353)		(1,871,087)		(4,734)	
04 6				_					
Other financing sources:		2 140 (17		1 905 000		1 905 000			
Transfers in.		2,149,617		1,895,000		1,895,000			
Total other financing sources		2,149,617		1,895,000	-	1,895,000			
Net change in fund balance		404,714		28,647		23,913		(4,734)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		225,607		225,607		225,607		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		63,222		63,222		63,222			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	693,543	\$	317,476	\$	312,742	\$	(4,734)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	O	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	79,195	\$	65,000	\$	61,313	\$	(3,687)
Investment income		305		250		202		(48)
Miscellaneous						87		87
Total revenues		79,500		65,250		61,602		(3,648)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation		87,461		87,461		66,544		20,917
Total expenditures		87,461		87,461		66,544		20,917
Net change in fund balance		(7,961)		(22,211)		(4,942)		17,269
Fund balance at beginning of year		38,410		38,410		38,410		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	30,449	\$	16,199	\$	33,468	\$	17,269

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amount			Final l	ce with Budget	
	0	riginal]	Final	A	Actual		itive ative)
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	7,027	\$	7,027	\$	7,027	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,027	\$	7,027	\$	7,027	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALCOHOL ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	 Budgeted riginal	l Amounts	inal	A	ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 8	-					
Fines, licenses and permits	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	110	\$	(390)
Total revenues	500		500		110		(390)
Net change in fund balance	500		500		110		(390)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 28		28		28		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 528	\$	528	\$	138	\$	(390)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A	ctual	Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive gative)	
Revenues:								
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	500	\$	500	\$	655	\$	155
Total revenues		500		500		655		155
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property		3,000		3,000				3,000
Total expenditures		3,000		3,000				3,000
Net change in fund balance		(2,500)		(2,500)		655		3,155
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,262		3,262		3,262		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	762	\$	762	\$	3,917	\$	3,155

$SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN$ $FUND\ BALANCE\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL\ (NON\mbox{-}GAAP\ BUDGETARY\ BASIS)$

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	2,500	\$ 2,500	\$	2,070	\$	(430)
Total revenues		2,500	2,500		2,070		(430)
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property		15,295	 15,295		15,295		
Total expenditures		15,295	 15,295		15,295		
Net change in fund balance		(12,795)	(12,795)		(13,225)		(430)
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,497	6,497		6,497		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		9,295	 9,295		9,295		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,997	\$ 2,997	\$	2,567	\$	(430)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Orig	inal	I	inal	A	ctual		gative)	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	4,160	\$	4,160	\$		
Total revenues			-	4,160		4,160			
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of persons and property				4,160		1,935		2,225	
Total expenditures				4,160		1,935		2,225	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		2,225		2,225	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,225	\$	2,225	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DONATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous	\$	2,800	\$ 1,000	\$	298	\$	(702)
Total revenues		2,800	 1,000		298		(702)
Expenditures: Capital outlay: Equipment		2,000	 6,000		5,837		163
Total expenditures		2,000	6,000		5,837		163
Net change in fund balance		800	(5,000)		(5,539)		(539)
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,966	 5,966		5,966		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,766	\$ 966	\$	427	\$	(539)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

POLICE PENSION FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with l Budget
	O	riginal		Final		Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	115,683	\$	115,387	\$	111,205	\$	(4,182)
Intergovernmental		21,206		21,152		23,970		2,818
Total revenues		136,889		136,539		135,175		(1,364)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property		348,000		348,000		347,134		866
Total expenditures		348,000		348,000		347,134		866
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(211,111)		(211,461)	-	(211,959)		(498)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		210,000		210,000		210,000		-
Total other financing sources		210,000	-	210,000	-	210,000	-	-
Net change in fund balance		(1,111)		(1,461)		(1,959)		(498)
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,238		22,238		22,238		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	21,127	\$	20,777	\$	20,279	\$	(498)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

BOND RETIREMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fin	ance with
	C)riginal		Final		Actual	_	ositive egative)
Revenues:		71 Igiliai		Tinui	-	retuur		egutive)
Special assessments	\$	92,000	\$	80,000	\$	87,943	\$	7,943
Total revenues		92,000		80,000		87,943		7,943
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		456,000		456,000		456,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		438,000		438,000		425,624		12,376
Total expenditures		894,000		894,000		881,624		12,376
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(802,000)		(814,000)		(793,681)	-	20,319
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		816,000		805,000		785,000		(20,000)
Premium on sale of notes		-		-		8,702		8,702
Total other financing sources		816,000		805,000		793,702		(11,298)
Net change in fund balance		14,000		(9,000)		21		9,021
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,757		14,757		14,757		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	28,757	\$	5,757	\$	14,778	\$	9,021

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets:	General Infrastructure		Northeast Avenue Roundabout		 Totals
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	379,826	\$	69,717	\$ 449,543
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Accrued interest		1,070		-	 1,070
Total assets	\$	380,896	\$	69,717	\$ 450,613
Liabilities:					
Contracts payable	\$	225,996	\$	-	\$ 225,996
Deferred revenue		395			 395
Total liabilities		226,391			 226,391
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances		-		18,071	18,071
Capital projects funds		154,505		51,646	206,151
Total fund balances		154,505		69.717	 224,222
Total faile outeness		15 1,505		05,717	 22 F,222
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	380,896	\$	69,717	\$ 450,613

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Infrastructure	Northeast Avenue Roundabout	Totals
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 151,646	\$ 151,646
Investment income	7,483		7,483
Total revenues	7,483	151,646	159,129
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	618,894	81,929	700,823
Total expenditures	618,894	81,929	700,823
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(611,411)	69,717	(541,694)
, , ,	(011,411)	09,717	(341,034)
Other financing sources:			
Sale of notes	580,000	=	580,000
Transfers in	100,926		100,926
Total other financing sources (uses)	680,926		680,926
Net change in fund balances	69,515	69,717	139,232
Fund balances at beginning of year	84,990		84,990
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 154,505	\$ 69,717	\$ 224,222

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

MACA POOL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 3,224,500	\$ 3,219,943	\$ 4,557	
Total expenditures	2,800,000	3,224,500	3,219,943	4,557	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,800,000)	(3,224,500)	(3,219,943)	4,557	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of note	2,800,000	3,220,000	3,220,000	-	
Transfers in	-	6,000	6,000	-	
Advances in	-	160,000	160,000	-	
Advances out	-	(160,000)	(160,000)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,800,000	3,226,000	3,226,000		
Net change in fund balance	-	1,500	6,057	4,557	
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,500	\$ 6,057	\$ 4,557	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,829	\$ 6,829	
Total revenues			6,829	6,829	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	490,000	620,000	617,377	2,623	
Total expenditures	490,000	620,000	617,377	2,623	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(490,000)	(620,000)	(610,548)	4,206	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	200,000	215,000	100,926	(114,074)	
Sale of note	200,000	580,000	580,000	-	
Total other financing sources	400,000	795,000	680,926	(114,074)	
Net change in fund balance	(90,000)	175,000	70,378	(104,622)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	84,813	84,813	84,813		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (5,187)	\$ 259,813	\$ 155,191	\$ (104,622)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NORTHEAST AVENUE ROUNDABOUT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual		itive ative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	364,000	\$	151,646	\$	151,646	\$	
Total revenues		364,000		151,646		151,646		<u> </u>
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		364,000		100,000		100,000		
Total expenditures		364,000		100,000		100,000		
Excess of revenues over expenditures				51,646		51,646		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in		-		100,000		100,000		-
Advances out		-		(100,000)		(100,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-		51,646		51,646		-
Fund balance at beginning of year						<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	51,646	\$	51,646	\$	

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The enterprise funds are used to account for the City's sewer and water operations. These operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to that of a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods and services on a continuing basis be recovered primarily through user charges. Following is a description of the City's major enterprise funds:

Sewer Operating Fund

The sewer operating fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Water Operating Fund

The water operating fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Storm Water Fund

The storm water fund accounts for the provison of storm water drainage runoff service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

SEWER OPERATING FUND

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ 110,763	\$ 100,000	\$ 90,988	\$ (9,012)	
Charges for services	1,730,779	1,562,600	1,525,793	(36,807)	
Special assessments	66,458	60,000	44,346	(15,654)	
Miscellaneous	00,436	00,000	527	527	
Total revenues.	1,908,000	1,722,600	1,661,654	(60,946)	
Total revenues.	1,200,000	1,722,000	1,001,034	(00,240)	
Expenses:					
Personal services	353,874	353,874	332,608	21,266	
Materials and supplies	63,431	63,431	53,260	10,171	
Contractual services	1,228,788	1,228,788	1,098,979	129,809	
Other	53,344	53,217	67,826	(14,609)	
Capital outlay					
Loader/hoe	43,000	43,000	43,000	-	
Vehicle	8,667	8,667	10,279	(1,612)	
Pickup truck	16,000	16,000	15,399	601	
Sewer rehabilitation	80,000	80,000	80,000	-	
Water meter replacement	12,500	12,500	12,450	50	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	41,000	41,000	41,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	22,500	22,500	21,126	1,374	
Total expenses	1,923,104	1,922,977	1,775,927	147,050	
Net change in fund equity	(15,104)	(200,377)	(114,273)	86,104	
Fund equity at beginning of year	3,792,504	3,792,504	3,792,504	_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	3,723	3,723	3,723		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 3,781,123	\$ 3,595,850	\$ 3,681,954	\$ 86,104	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER OPERATING FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$ 65,583	\$ 64,500	\$ 60,985	\$ (3,515)		
Charges for services	1,716,822	1,688,460	1,705,719	17,259		
Special assessments	153,536	151,000	138,670	(12,330)		
Miscellaneous	3,559	3,500	6,678	3,178		
Total revenues	1,939,500	1,907,460	1,912,052	4,592		
Expenses:						
Personal services	353,028	353,029	328,216	24,813		
Materials and supplies	63,090	62,180	60,526	1,654		
Contractual services	1,214,445	1,203,415	885,146	318,269		
Other	35,940	35,813	79,802	(43,989)		
Loader/hoe	43,000	43,000	43,000	_		
Pickup truck	16,000	16,000	15,624	376		
Vehicle	8,580	8,580	9,367	(787)		
East-end welding waterline extension	143,865	139,152	139,152	-		
Booster station	250,000	250,000	199,800	50,200		
New watertower	4,522	,	, <u>-</u>	-		
Water meter replacement	12,500	12,500	12,449	51		
Principal retirement	113,000	113,000	113,000	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	18,000	18,000	16,945	1,055		
Total expenses	2,275,970	2,254,669	1,903,027	351,642		
Net change in fund equity	(336,470)	(347,209)	9,025	356,234		
Fund equity at beginning of year	2,413,797	2,413,797	2,413,797	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	166,919	166,919	166,919			
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 2,244,246	\$ 2,233,507	\$ 2,589,741	\$ 356,234		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STORM WATER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	260,000	\$	307,000	\$	352,760	\$	45,760
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,112		3,112
Total revenues		260,000		307,000		355,872	-	48,872
Expenses:								
Personal services		70,200		70,200		63,046		7,154
Contractual services		42,428		40,213		41,325		(1,112)
Other		-		50,000		-		50,000
Capital outlay								
East Avenue repair		-		-		84,687		(84,687)
Enclose Southeast Avenue ditches		224,975		224,975		287,862		(62,887)
MACA ditch		105,226		100,000		7,808		92,192
Total expenses		442,829		485,388		484,728		660
Net change in fund equity		(182,829)		(178,388)		(128,856)		49,532
Fund equity at beginning of year		277,398		277,398		277,398		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		16,629		16,629		16,629		-
Fund equity at end of year	\$	111,198	\$	115,639	\$	165,171	\$	49,532

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - AGENCY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The following are the City's agency funds:

Revolving Trust Fund

To account for monies put on deposit with the City in accordance with various City ordinances.

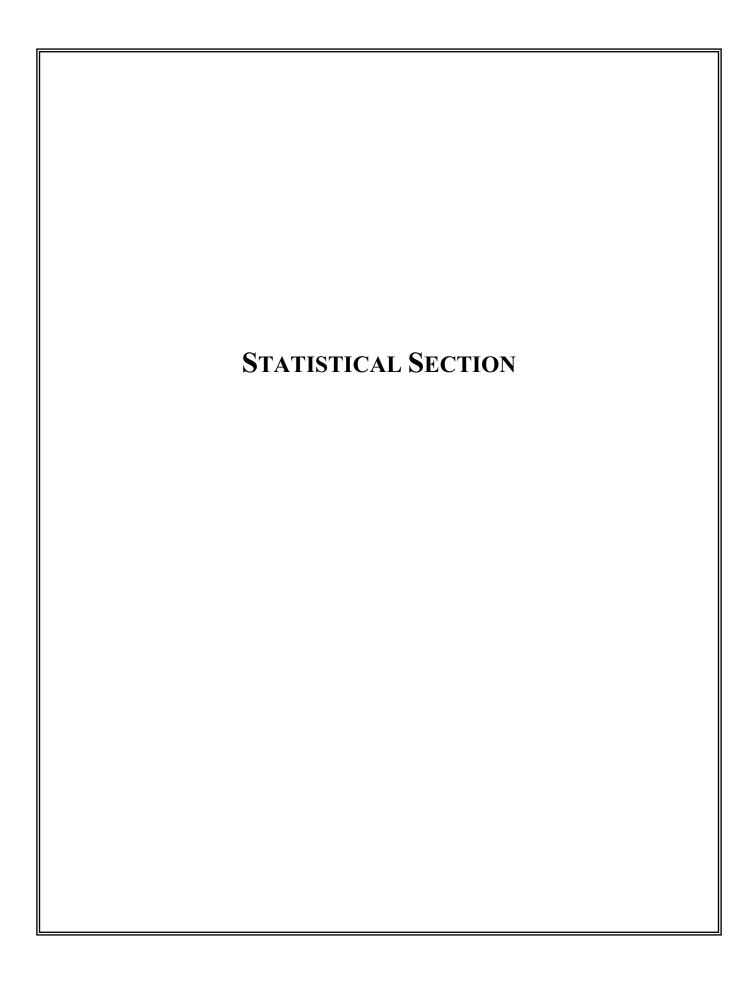
Joint Economic Development District Fund

To account for monies associated with the administering and collection of the income taxes of the Joint Economic Development District.

$STATEMENT\ OF\ CHANGES\ IN\ ASSETS\ AND\ LIABILITIES$ $AGENCY\ FUNDS$

Revolving Trust]	eginning Balance 2/31/2007	A	Additions	R	eductions	1	Ending Balance 2/31/2008
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,386	\$	75,657	\$	77,240	\$	59,803
Total assets	\$	61,386	\$	75,657	\$	77,240	\$	59,803
Total assets.	<u> </u>	01,380	Φ	73,037	<u> </u>	77,240	<u> </u>	39,803
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	61,386	\$	75,657	\$	77,240	\$	59,803
Total liabilities	\$	61,386	\$	75,657	\$	77,240	\$	59,803
Joint Economic Development District Assets: Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	95,976	\$	207,608	\$	206,828	\$	96,756
Income taxes receivable		25,412		26,153		25,412		26,153
Total assets	\$	121,388	\$	233,761	\$	232,240	\$	122,909
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	121,388	\$	233,761	\$	232,240	\$	122,909
Total liabilities	\$	121,388	\$	233,761	\$	232,240	\$	122,909
Total Agency Funds Assets: Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	157,362	\$	283,265	\$	284,068	\$	156,559
Income taxes receivable		25,412		26,153		25,412		26,153
Total assets	\$	182,774	\$	309,418	\$	309,480	\$	182,712
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	182,774	\$	309,418	\$	309,480	\$	182,712
Total liabilities	\$	182,774	\$	309,418	\$	309,480	\$	182,712

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Tallmadge's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	96
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the income tax and property tax.	107
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	116
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	120
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	122

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SIX YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Year Ended						
	2003		2004		2005		2006	
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	17,737,954	\$	18,399,103	\$	17,653,191	\$	19,283,070
Restricted		1,674,816		1,529,570		1,649,621		1,553,853
Unrestricted		3,503,641		2,949,555		3,096,621		1,037,951
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	22,916,411	\$	22,878,228	\$	22,399,433	\$	21,874,874
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	9,615,868	\$	9,745,354	\$	11,597,918	\$	13,115,962
Unrestricted		7,410,786		7,030,332		7,999,516		7,916,486
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	17,026,654	\$	16,775,686	\$	19,597,434	\$	21,032,448
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	27,353,822	\$	28,144,457	\$	29,251,109	\$	32,399,032
Restricted		1,674,816		1,529,570		1,649,621		1,553,853
Unrestricted		10,914,427		9,979,887		11,096,137		8,954,437
Total primary government net assets	\$	39,943,065	\$	39,653,914	\$	41,996,867	\$	42,907,322

Note: 2003 was the first year the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34, so comparative information before that date is not available.

2007	2008
\$ 19,397,236	\$ 18,719,874
1,643,839	1,902,468
1,495,354	1,694,536
\$ 22,536,429	\$ 22,316,878
\$ 13,900,274	\$ 13,978,571
8,000,737	7,662,014
\$ 21,901,011	\$ 21,640,585
_	
\$ 31,702,510	\$ 31,213,445
1,643,839	1,902,468
 11,091,091	10,841,550
\$ 44,437,440	\$ 43,957,463

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Year Ended								
		2003		2004		2005		2006	
Expenses									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	2,751,310	\$	2,813,020	\$	2,909,459	\$	3,083,058	
Security of persons and property	φ	2,731,310	φ	2,613,020	φ	2,909,439	φ	3,063,036	
Police		3,247,632		3,587,033		3,602,372		3,897,751	
Street lights		20,798		18,986		12,834		6,989	
Fire		1,947,126		1,885,594		1,983,204		2,248,274	
Public health and welfare		150,404		209,709		67,088		61,698	
Transportation		2,981,215		2,168,223		2,843,072		3,366,399	
Community environment		409,640		387,578		390,832		425,437	
Leisure time activity		731,878		1,342,519		1,723,848		1,843,327	
Interest and fiscal charges		407,820		383,820		453,538		442,733	
Total governmental activities expenses		12,647,823		12,796,482		13,986,247		15,375,666	
Total governmental activities expenses		12,047,823		12,790,482		13,980,247		13,373,000	
Business-type activities:									
Sewer		2,329,878		2,485,670		2,185,614		1,631,888	
Water		1,758,751		1,708,243		1,640,657		1,653,398	
Storm Water						126,335		193,978	
Total business-type activities expenses		4,088,629		4,193,913		3,952,606		3,479,264	
Total primary government expenses	\$	16,736,452	\$	16,990,395	\$	17,938,853	\$	18,854,930	
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	203,117	\$	104,361	\$	133,617	\$	157,812	
Security of persons and property	Ψ	203,117	Ψ	101,501	Ψ	155,017	Ψ	157,012	
Police		19,465		8,070		10,313		16,567	
Fire		317,028		320,636		357,757		357,459	
Public health and welfare		78,931		63,360		70,254		81,450	
Transportation		70,551		-		70,231		01,150	
Community environment		302,380		305,058		203,636		264,462	
Leisure time activity		136,947		887,084		1,282,008		1,498,857	
Operating grants and contributions		633,414		764,100		993,310		894,485	
Capital grants and contributions		370,041		106,961		386,216		1,283,034	
Total governmental program revenues		2,061,323		2,559,630		3,437,111		4,554,126	
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services:									
Sewer		2,207,559		2,196,419		2,233,693		1,523,778	
Water		1,544,119		1,652,053		1,869,017		1,706,887	
Storm Water		-		-		388,021		459,861	
Capital grants and contributions		289,989							
Total business-type activities program revenues		4,041,667		3,848,472		4,490,731		3,690,526	
Total primary government program revenue	\$	6,102,990	\$	6,408,102	\$	7,927,842	\$	8,244,652	
Net (Expense)/Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(10,586,500)	\$	(10,236,852)	\$	(10,549,136)	\$	(10,821,540)	
Business-type activities	4	(46,962)	4	(345,441)	4	538,125	Ψ	211,262	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(10,633,462)	\$	(10,582,293)	\$	(10,011,011)	\$	(10,610,278)	
ry 8		(,,)		(, -,- ,)		(,,)	=	C	

	2007		2008
	_		
\$	3,477,962	\$	3,253,790
	3,859,300		3,816,522
	15,210		39,208
	2,339,952		2,585,492
	73,136		72,170
	3,284,385		3,778,324
	396,525		657,143
	1,878,053		1,817,187
	462,321		482,825
	15,786,844	-	16,502,661
	13,700,044	-	10,302,001
	1,666,463		1,785,418
	1,634,790		1,890,821
	239,807		243,329
	3,541,060		3,919,568
	3,311,000		3,717,300
\$	19,327,904	\$	20,422,229
\$	174,923	\$	193,794
	82,646		3,067
	351,813		321,641
	78,865		1,346
	210,545		30,254
	205,682		251,070
	1,572,305		1,457,708
	949,361		854,695
	786,581		151,646
	4,412,721		3,265,221
	1,493,098		1,518,955
	1,816,538		1,721,534
	451,756		317,288
	251,858		-
	4,013,250		3,557,777
\$	8,425,971	\$	6,822,998
\$	(11,374,123)	\$	(13,237,440)
*	472,190	-	(361,791)
\$	(10,901,933)	\$	(13,599,231)
$\overline{}$	<u> </u>		

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) LAST SIX YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Year Ended									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	1,730,744	\$	1,979,761	\$	2,089,647	\$	2,159,769		
Income taxes		6,896,029		6,686,817		7,291,435		7,037,324		
Unrestricted grants and contributions		1,449,803		1,445,510		1,665,173		1,716,295		
Investment earnings		160,018		61,788		165,066		293,692		
Miscellaneous		103,835		38,535		40,897		89,481		
Transfers		-		(13,742)		(2,158,885)		(999,580)		
Total governmental activities		10,340,429		10,198,669		9,093,333		10,296,981		
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings		64,954		47,643		120,508		215,710		
Miscellaneous		11,979		33,088		4,230		8,462		
Transfers		-		13,742		2,158,885		999,580		
Total business-type activities		76,933		94,473		2,283,623		1,223,752		
Total primary government	\$	10,417,362	\$	10,293,142	\$	11,376,956	\$	11,520,733		
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	\$	(246,071)	\$	(38,183)	\$	(1,455,803)	\$	(524,559)		
Business-type activities		29,971		(250,968)		2,821,748		1,435,014		
Total primary government	\$	(216,100)	\$	(289,151)	\$	1,365,945	\$	910,455		

Note: 2003 was the first year the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34, so comparative information before that date is not available.

2007	2008
\$ 2,129,530	\$ 2,447,935
7,864,634	8,118,368
1,789,961	1,968,428
286,805	210,924
136,321	223,833
(171,573)	48,401
 12,035,678	 13,017,889
	 , , ,
218,346	139,449
6,454	10,317
171,573	(48,401)
396,373	101,365
\$ 12,432,051	\$ 13,119,254
\$ 661,555	\$ (219,551)
868,563	(260,426)
\$ 1,530,118	\$ (479,977)

TABLE 3

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	1999		2000		2001		 2002
General Fund							
Reserved	\$	299,134	\$	304,593	\$	123,950	\$ 181,078
Unreserved		1,937,915		2,080,625		2,487,149	2,622,779
Total general fund	\$	2,237,049	\$	2,385,218	\$	2,611,099	\$ 2,803,857
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$	716,629	\$	1,139,645	\$	464,640	\$ 600,930
Special revenue funds		530,363		155,020		357,432	825,375
Debt service funds		_		_		-	-
Capital projects funds		(214,125)		(1,552,761)		351,804	160,882
Total all other governmental funds	\$	1,032,867	\$	(258,096)	\$	1,173,876	\$ 1,587,187

 2003		2004	2005		 2006	 2007	2008	
\$ 65,682	\$	141,361	\$	119,505	\$ 215,920	\$ 346,588	\$	318,914
\$ 2,647,039 2,712,721	\$	1,924,934 2,066,295	\$	2,275,772 2,395,277	\$ 2,550,408 2,766,328	\$ 2,514,736 2,861,324	\$	2,671,181 2,990,095
\$ 1,222,263	\$	105,120	\$	255,652	\$ 1,252,535	\$ 218,875	\$	887,039
355,423 24,123		426,887 36,601		411,964 19,751	170,674 21,558	190,731 14,757		629,334 14,778
\$ (504,608) 1,097,201	\$	(140,627) 427,981	\$	(32,187) 655,180	\$ (989,740) 455,027	\$ 63,474 487,837	\$	212,208 1,743,359

$GOVERNMENTAL\ FUND\ REVENUES\ BY\ SOURCE\ AND\ EXPENDITURES\ BY\ FUNCTION\ (1)$ $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

		1000		2000		2001
Revenues		1999		2000		2001
Property and other taxes	\$	1,582,460	\$	1,618,751	\$	2,010,802
Municipal income taxes	Ψ	6,589,765	Ψ	6,775,780	Ψ	6,739,909
Intergovernmental		2,221,884		2,466,027		2,119,103
Investment income		183,937		319,377		296,318
Fines, licenses, and permits		243,252		234,493		323,608
Special assessments		1,695		143,926		85,883
Charges for services		311,443		326,951		593,539
Miscellaneous		95,461		128,147		366,468
Total revenues	\$	11,229,897	\$	12,013,452	\$	12,535,630
Evnenditures	=	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,,
Expenditures Current:						
General government	\$	2,221,779	\$	2,392,119	\$	2,639,616
Security of persons and property (2)		4,534,246		4,559,866		4,546,800
Police		N/A		N/A		N/A
Street lighting		N/A		N/A		N/A
Fire		N/A		N/A		N/A
Public health and welfare		156,997		159,353		173,349
Transportation		1,272,087		1,464,656		1,403,016
Leisure time activities		682,367		780,070		727,899
Community environment		320,732		350,053		385,460
Capital outlay		2,930,553		3,588,325		2,845,234
Debt service						
Principal retirement		797,434		318,242		200,000
Interest and fiscal charges		333,460		303,277		358,523
Bond issue costs						
Total expenditures		13,249,655		13,915,961		13,279,897
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,019,758)		(1,902,509)		(744,267)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Capital lease transaction		133,350		259,957		101,441
Sale of bonds		-		1,070,000		2,175,000
Sale of notes		-		-		-
Bond and note premium		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-
Sale of assets		350,000		25,988		-
Transfers in		4,233,877		3,830,192		3,583,534
Transfers out		(4,631,007)		(4,146,953)		(3,775,531)
Total other financing sources (uses)		86,220		1,039,184		2,084,444
Change in reserve for inventory		(23,359)		31,874		6,330
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,956,897)	\$	(831,451)	\$	1,346,507
Capital expenditures		2,930,553		3,588,325		2,845,234
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		10.96%		6.02%		5.35%

- (1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects fund.
- (2) 2003 was the first year subcategories were identified for security of persons and property.

	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
\$	1,944,979	\$	1,708,242	\$	1,980,804	\$	2,058,105	\$	2,158,881	\$	2,141,540	\$	2,453,020
Ψ	6,617,777	Ψ	6,914,659	Ψ	6,860,554	Ψ	7,191,712	Ψ	7,582,166	Ψ	7,753,824	Ψ	7,873,334
	2,223,887		2,256,760		2,259,133		2,970,383		3,789,555		3,199,101		3,132,224
	145,717		160,018		61,788		162,809		279,309		291,716		209,745
	414,832		351,338		339,752		316,559		382,257		434,971		372,776
	105,829		35,606		103,835		96,587		110,518		206,524		115,781
	700,941		706,530		1,270,980		1,709,942		1,934,540		1,982,851		1,837,708
	124,480		103,835		145,496		109,857		156,581		167,176		149,833
\$	12,278,442	\$	12,236,988	\$	13,022,342	\$	14,615,954	\$	16,393,807	\$	16,177,703	\$	16,144,421
\$	2,580,493	\$	2,667,992	\$	2,573,741	\$	2,738,094	\$	2,909,319	\$	2,876,213	\$	3,092,863
	4,554,729		N/A										
	N/A		3,204,202		3,296,195		3,446,848		3,654,771		3,744,689		3,835,309
	N/A		20,798		18,986		12,834		6,989		15,210		39,208
	N/A		1,929,459		1,932,466		1,892,249		2,061,974		2,187,089		2,304,753
	178,764		164,022		208,182		65,978		61,006		72,133		69,512
	1,410,876		1,988,834		1,767,576		2,092,159		1,934,062		1,941,612		1,943,729
	695,650		649,449		1,211,521		1,536,463		1,634,509		1,577,690		1,234,503
	382,185		408,898		382,994		394,293		413,599		391,535		744,291
	1,512,013		5,270,018		1,797,036		1,053,137		2,961,006		2,390,010		4,334,123
	255,000		363,906		4,513,067		4,210,000		4,224,245		516,201		534,792
	401,197		367,969		422,365		416,172		534,116		464,858		439,747
									126,892		-		
	11,970,907	_	17,035,547		18,124,129		17,858,227		20,522,488		16,177,240		18,572,830
	307,535		(4,798,559)		(5,101,787)		(3,242,273)		(4,128,681)		463		(2,428,409)
	_		-		_		41,684		397,815		-		-
	-		-		-		-		4,670,000		-		-
	-		4,200,000		3,900,000		3,800,000		-		_		3,800,000
	-		17,437		25,074		16,770		168,521		-		8,702
	-		-		-		-		(837,667)		-		-
	-		-		-		-		910		3,631		4,000
	3,706,381		3,066,651		3,458,795		3,111,900		3,525,813		4,005,034		3,751,926
	(3,697,688)		(3,066,651)		(3,472,537)		(3,171,900)		(3,625,813)		(3,881,322)		(3,751,926)
	8,693		4,217,437		3,911,332		3,798,454		4,299,579		127,343		3,812,702
	56,158												
\$	372,386	\$	(581,122)	\$	(1,190,455)	\$	556,181	\$	170,898	\$	127,806	\$	1,384,293
	1,512,013		5,349,174		2,207,738		1,124,509		1,818,506		2,010,525		3,348,476
	6.27%		6.26%		31.01%		27.65%		26.12%		6.93%		6.40%

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TABLE 5

REAL AND PUBLIC UTILILTY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

<u>Year</u>	Net Tax Levy (Current Billed Portion)		Tax Levy (Current Current		Percent of Current Collections Delinquent to Net Levy Collections			(Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Levy	Current Delinquent Amount	
1999	\$	1,515,291	\$	1,469,755	96.99%	\$	15,961	\$	1,485,716	98.05%	\$	45,536
2000		1,594,350		1,576,485	98.88%		43,833		1,620,318	101.63%		17,865
2001		1,631,483		1,568,764	96.16%		51,773		1,620,537	99.33%		62,719
2002		1,660,530		1,593,716	95.98%		46,620		1,640,336	98.78%		66,814
2003		1,789,863		1,700,547	95.01%		67,051		1,767,598	98.76%		89,316
2004		1,824,148		1,764,078	96.71%		83,855		1,847,933	101.30%		60,707
2005		1,882,841		1,819,123	96.62%		43,881		1,863,004	98.95%		63,718
2006		1,967,591		1,906,144	96.88%		69,070		1,975,214	100.39%		61,446
2007		2,001,596		1,920,043	95.93%		55,619		1,975,662	98.70%		81,553
2008		2,507,495		2,423,088	96.63%		81,032		2,504,120	99.87%		84,407

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

TABLE 6

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Net Tax Levy (Current Billed Portion)		Tax Levy (Current		Tax Levy (Current Current		Percent of Current Collections Delinquent to Net Levy Collections			C	Total ollections	Percent of Total Collections to Levy	Current Delinquent Amount	
1999	\$	241,711	\$	238,398	98.63%	\$	8,195	\$	246,593	102.02%	\$	3,313		
2000		255,877		233,492	91.25%		4,092		237,584	92.85%		22,385		
2001		264,479		256,127	96.84%		9,048		265,175	100.26%		8,352		
2002		263,718		253,179	96.00%		9,199		262,378	99.49%		10,539		
2003		254,955		252,476	99.03%		8,416		260,892	102.33%		2,479		
2004		243,161		226,035	92.96%		9,025		235,060	96.67%		17,126		
2005		263,235		245,108	93.11%		27,437		272,545	103.54%		18,128		
2006		189,649		183,596	96.81%		19,468		203,064	107.07%		6,053		
2007		119,725		116,450	97.26%		30,432		146,882	122.68%		3,275		
2008		60,655		55,454	91.43%		8,290		63,744	105.09%		5,021		

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real P	roperty	у	Public Utility Property						
Year	Estimated Actual Value			Assessed Value	Esti	imated Actual Value	Assessed Value				
1999	\$	738,369,000	\$	258,429,150	\$	25,669,029	\$	8,984,160			
2000		816,517,314		285,781,060		26,022,429		9,107,850			
2001		859,139,571		300,698,850		23,372,200		8,180,270			
2002		886,031,029		310,110,860		20,721,286		7,252,450			
2003		999,731,057		349,905,870		21,472,543		7,515,390			
2004*		994,362,914		348,027,020		21,155,829		7,404,540			
2005*		1,187,532,747		360,024,610		21,559,086		7,545,680			
2006*		1,113,123,171		389,593,110		19,050,886		6,667,810			
2007*		1,223,779,088		398,010,000		17,387,400		6,085,590			
2008*		1,200,996,389		405,268,120		10,447,371	3,656,580				

Note: The current assessed valuation is computed at approximately the following percentages of estimated true value; real property - 35% public utilities - 100%. The assessed value of Tangible Personal Property has declined as a result of State law from 35% in 1984 to 25% for capital assets and 23% for inventory.

^{*} Summit County valuations only - Portage County not included.

	Tangible Personal Property				To	otal		Assessed	
Estimated Actual Value			Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value			Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$	157,077,640	\$	39,269,410	\$	921,115,669	\$	306,682,720	6.15	33.29%
	166,424,376		41,606,094		1,008,964,119		336,495,004	6.15	33.35%
	185,788,176		46,447,044		1,068,299,947		355,326,164	6.15	33.26%
	184,328,148		46,082,037		1,091,080,463		363,445,347	6.15	33.31%
	168,715,748		42,178,937		1,189,919,348		399,600,197	6.15	33.58%
	157,341,724		39,335,431		1,172,860,467		394,766,991	6.15	33.66%
	150,316,368		37,579,092		1,359,408,201		405,149,382	6.15	29.80%
	122,531,132		30,632,783		1,254,705,189		426,893,703	6.15	34.02%
	79,692,216		19,923,054		1,320,858,704		424,018,644	6.15	32.10%
	38,932,272		9,733,068		1,250,376,032		418,657,768	6.15	33.48%

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS

_	Collection Year	County Levy	School Levy	Akron/Summit Library	Tallmadge City	Total Levy	Debt Service
1	1999	12.27	53.83	1.79	6.15	74.04	1.35
2	1999	12.27	47.64		6.15	66.06	2.55
1	2000	12.27	53.68	1.39	6.15	73.49	0.86
2	2000	12.27	46.44		6.15	64.86	2.16
1	2001	13.07	53.68	1.39	6.15	74.29	0.86
2	2001	13.07	46.44		6.15	65.66	2.86
1	2002	13.07	59.73	1.35	6.15	80.30	0.82
2	2002	13.07	45.74		6.15	64.96	1.94
1	2003	13.07	59.73	1.59	6.15	80.54	1.22
2	2003	13.07	48.32		6.15	67.54	1.87
1	2004	13.07	59.73	0.78	6.15	79.73	1.47
2	2004	13.07	47.93		6.15	67.15	2.09
1	2005	13.07	64.42	2.14	6.15	85.78	6.10
2	2005	13.07	47.88		6.15	67.10	2.07
1	2006	13.07	64.42	2.04	6.15	85.68	6.10
2	2006	13.07	46.73	1.00	6.15	66.95	2.07
1	2007	14.57	64.07	2.03	6.15	86.82	5.82
2	2007	14.57	45.62	1.00	6.15	67.34	0.86
1	2008	14.26	64.46	2.07	6.15	86.94	5.82
2	2008	14.26	45.93	1.00	6.15	67.34	0.86

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

Note: Taxes are levied at the same rate in both the 1st and 2nd half; however, there are two sets of rates because both Tallmadge CSD (1) and Stow/Munroe Falls CSD (2) overlap Tallmadge City.

TABLE 9

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

CITY - WIDE PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALULATION)

LAST TEN YEARS

Collection Year	Inside Operating	Outside Operating	Police Pension	Fire/ Ambulance	Total Tax Rate
1999	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2000	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2001	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2002	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2003	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2004	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2005	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2006	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2007	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15
2008	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.15

REAL PROPERTY PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			December 31, 2008		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Va	luation	Assessed Valuation	
GE Tallmadge Portfolio LP	Grocery	\$	3,344,300	0.83%	
Eastwood Square Associates LTD	Retail Property Management		2,516,820	0.62%	
Big Zilla Development LLC	Retail Property Management		2,423,270	0.60%	
Tallmadge Oaks LTD	Apartment Complex		2,317,100	0.57%	
Heather Knoll Rental Properties LLC	Apartment Complex		1,809,510	0.45%	
Saxon Village Limited	Apartment Complex		1,770,780	0.44%	
Colonial Gardens LLC	Nursing Home		1,615,550	0.40%	
Myers Family Limited Partnership	Light Manufacturing		1,589,950	0.39%	
DWEK Ohio LLC	Retail Property Management		1,364,980	0.34%	
Tallmadge Acres Apartments Inc.	Apartment Complex		1,261,690	0.31%	
Total		\$ 2	20,013,950	4.94%	
Total Assessed Valuation - Real Property		\$ 40	05,268,120	96.80%	
			December 3	31, 1999	

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	 Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Tallmadge Associates	Retail Property Management	\$ 2,577,710	1.00%
Tallmadge Oaks II	Apartment Complex	2,045,580	0.79%
Saxon Village Limited	Apartment Complex	1,916,130	0.74%
David Schipper	Industrial Property Management	1,153,360	0.45%
Colonial Gardens Inc.	Nursing Home	1,628,200	0.63%
Tell Schipper Prop. Inc.	Rental/Office Space	1,263,560	0.49%
Tallmadge Acres	Senior Apartment Complex	1,020,530	0.39%
Wolar Tallmadge & Associates	Property Management	1,067,720	0.41%
Venture Akron Ltd.	Industrial Property Management	1,017,290	0.39%
Chapel Hill Apartments	Property Management	 858,980	0.33%
Total		\$ 14,549,060	5.63%
Total Assessed Valuation - Real Property		\$ 258,429,150	84.27%

TABLE 11

TANGIBLE AND PUBLIC UTILITY PERSONAL PROPERTY PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		 December 31, 2008		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	 Valuation	Assessed Valuation	
Ohio Edison	Utilities	\$ 2,723,880	20.34%	
Autosales, Inc.	Auto Parts Distribution	1,231,470	9.20%	
Horton Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Manufacturing	1,075,750	8.03%	
Owens Corning	Insulation: Sheet and Foam	945,830	7.06%	
Ohio Bell Telephone Co.	Telephone Service	701,300	5.24%	
Waltco Truck Equipment Co.	Electro-Hydraulic Tailgate Lifts	688,750	5.14%	
East Ohio Gas	Utilities	502,470	3.75%	
American Transmission	Utilities	402,800	3.01%	
Star Chevrolet, Inc.	Auto Sales	374,200	2.79%	
Summit Plastic Co.	Manufacturing	 356,920	2.67%	
Total		\$ 9,003,370	67.24%	
Total Assessed Valuation - Tangible and	Public Utility Personal Property	\$ 13,389,648	3.20%	

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	 Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Ohio Bell Telephone	Telephone Service	3,623,650	7.51%
Autosales, Inc.	Auto Parts Distribution	\$ 3,537,810	7.33%
Ohio Edison	Utilities	3,428,880	7.11%
Owens Corning	Insulation: Sheet and Foam	1,959,160	4.06%
Steere Enterprises	Custom Plastics & Vinyl	1,819,110	3.77%
Waltco Truck Equipment Co.	Electro-Hydraulic Tailgate Lifts	1,670,580	3.46%
Fred Godard Ford Inc.	Auto Sales	1,448,410	3.00%
Leppo, Inc.	Machinery Sales	1,330,680	2.76%
S.D. Myers, Inc	Parts and Service/Transformers	1,317,160	2.73%
Hunt Machine & Manufacturing Co. Inc.	Manufacturing	 1,294,430	2.68%
Total		\$ 21,429,870	44.41%
Total Assessed Valuation - Tangible and Pub	lic Utility Personal Property	\$ 48,253,570	15.73%

December 31, 1999

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TABLE 12

CITY OF TALLMADGE

$\begin{tabular}{l} INCOME\ TAX\ REVENUE\ BASE\ AND\ COLLECTIONS\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS \end{tabular}$

Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits
1999	2.00%	\$ 6,496,482	\$ 4,824,341	74.26%	\$ 776,025	11.95%
2000	2.00%	6,775,781	5,004,743	73.86%	920,206	13.58%
2001	2.00%	6,724,384	4,945,590	73.55%	771,159	11.47%
2002	2.00%	6,617,577	4,873,435	73.64%	740,076	11.18%
2003	2.00%	6,866,532	4,931,204	71.82%	912,822	13.29%
2004	2.00%	6,688,843	4,860,149	72.66%	821,027	12.27%
2005	2.00%	7,211,176	5,289,862	73.36%	895,984	12.42%
2006	2.00%	7,438,498	5,519,329	74.20%	960,195	12.91%
2007	2.00%	7,882,554	5,683,401	72.10%	1,273,276	16.15%
2008	2.00%	8,081,858	5,860,462	72.51%	1,134,774	14.04%

Source: City of Tallmadge Income Tax Department.

I	Taxes from ndividuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals	 Tax from Utilities	Percentage of Tax from Utilities
\$	896,116	13.79%	\$ -	0.00%
	850,832	12.56%	-	0.00%
	1,007,635	14.98%	-	0.00%
	1,004,066	15.17%	-	0.00%
	975,582	14.21%	46,924	0.68%
	959,188	14.34%	48,479	0.72%
	947,627	13.14%	77,703	1.08%
	936,441	12.59%	22,533	0.30%
	890,414	11.30%	35,463	0.45%
	1,016,927	12.58%	69,695	0.86%

TABLE 13

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

		Governmenta	l Activities		Business-Type Activities			
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Notes	Capital Leases	Special Assessment Bonds	Notes	Capital Leases	
1999	\$ 3,964,000	\$ -	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 127,210	\$ 1,154,000	\$ -	\$ -	
2000	3,799,000	1,070,000	2,270,000	233,925	1,036,000	900,000	-	
2001	5,804,000	1,040,000	-	203,313	1,606,000	-	-	
2002	5,579,000	1,010,000	-	91,973	1,451,000	-	25,306	
2003	5,324,000	980,000	500,000	13,067	1,286,000	-	13,068	
2004	5,059,000	945,000	4,200,000	-	1,146,000	-	-	
2005	4,784,000	910,000	3,900,000	41,684	1,006,000	-	-	
2006	8,338,000	870,000	-	366,254	867,000	-	-	
2007	7,937,000	830,000	-	291,053	718,000	-	-	
2008	7,526,000	785,000	3,800,000	212,261	564,000	-	-	

Sources:

- (a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the City's debt information.
- (b) See Table 18 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years for personal income and population.

(a) Total Primary Government	(b) Total Personal Income		Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Population	Per Capita		
\$ 6,400,210	\$	231,615,120	2.76%	14,870	\$	430	
9,308,925		447,922,310	2.08%	16,390		568	
8,653,313		447,922,310	1.93%	16,390		528	
8,157,279		447,922,310	1.82%	16,390		498	
8,116,135		447,922,310	1.81%	16,390		495	
11,350,000		447,922,310	2.53%	16,390		692	
10,641,684		475,743,232	2.24%	17,408		611	
10,441,254		475,743,232	2.19%	17,408		600	
9,776,053		475,743,232	2.05%	17,370		563	
12,887,261		472,682,384	2.73%	17,296		745	

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

Year	 General Obligation Bonds	(a) timated Actual roperty Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	(b) Population	 Per Capita
1999	\$ 3,964,000	\$ 921,115,669	0.43%	14,870	\$ 267
2000	3,799,000	1,008,964,119	0.38%	16,390	232
2001	5,804,000	1,068,299,947	0.54%	16,390	354
2002	5,579,000	1,091,080,463	0.51%	16,390	340
2003	5,324,000	1,189,919,348	0.45%	16,390	325
2004	5,059,000	1,172,860,467	0.43%	16,390	309
2005	4,784,000	1,359,408,201	0.35%	17,408	275
2006	8,338,000	1,254,705,189	0.66%	17,408	479
2007	7,937,000	1,320,858,704	0.60%	17,370	457
2008	7,526,000	1,250,376,032	0.60%	17,296	435

Sources:

- (a) Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer
- (b) See Table 18 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years for personal income and population.

TABLE 15

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

$SPECIAL\ ASSESSMENT\ TAX\ LEVIES\ AND\ COLLECTIONS\\ LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$

Year	 Current Billed	D	elinquent Billed	Current % Collected	(Total Collected	Total % Collected	urrent linquent
1999	\$ 152,712	\$	23,220	94.05%	\$	165,384	108.30%	\$ 9,088
2000	170,497		11,794	73.42%		134,740	79.03%	45,321
2001	253,383		18,555	95.26%		254,666	100.51%	19,256
2002	337,626		32,005	90.85%		338,236	100.18%	30,882
2003	334,470		30,984	93.08%		342,579	102.42%	23,146
2004	320,793		22,047	86.70%		310,487	96.79%	32,353
2005	324,158		23,846	44.06%		160,920	49.64%	181,334
2006	307,396		32,620	93.32%		318,301	103.55%	20,529
2007	304,976		22,574	92.45%		302,317	99.13%	23,016
2008	311,602		49,946	92.30%		312,351	100.24%	23,983

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2008

Jurisdiction	_	eneral Tax onded Debt	Percentage Overlapping	Applicable to the City		
Direct:						
City of Tallmadge	\$	7,526,000	100.00%	\$	7,526,000	
Overlapping Debt:						
Summit County		38,420,000	3.32%		1,275,544	
Portage County		18,645,320	0.43%		80,175	
MRTA (Metro Regional Transit Authority)		570,000	3.32%		18,924	
Tallmadge City School District		27,720,000	99.73%		27,645,156	
Field Local School District		24,090,000	2.26%		544,434	
Akron/Summit Library		50,700,000	4.93%		2,499,510	
Total Overlapping Debt		160,145,320			32,063,743	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	167,671,320		\$	39,589,743	

Sources: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

Note: The percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the City was determined by dividing each jurisdiction's assessed valuation within the City by the jurisdiction's total assessed valuation.

TABLE 17

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

Year	 Debt Limit	A	tal Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Debt Service Available Balance	 Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
1999	\$ 32,201,686	\$	3,964,000	231,561	\$ 28,469,247	12.31%
2000	35,331,975		3,799,000	64,114	31,597,089	10.75%
2001	37,309,247		5,804,000	51,519	31,556,766	15.56%
2002	38,161,761		5,579,000	21,151	32,603,912	14.62%
2003	41,958,021		5,324,000	24,123	36,658,144	12.69%
2004	41,450,534		5,059,000	36,601	36,428,135	12.20%
2005	42,540,685		4,784,000	19,751	37,776,436	11.25%
2006	44,823,839		8,338,000	21,558	36,507,397	18.60%
2007	42,173,749		7,937,000	14,757	34,251,506	18.82%
2008	42,954,132		7,526,000	14,778	35,442,910	17.52%

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 10.5% for voted debt and 5.5% for unvoted debt.

Note: Beginning in 2007 the amount of assessed valuation for railroad and telephone personal property has been excluded from the debt margin calculation.

$\begin{array}{c} \textit{DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS} \\ \textit{LAST TEN YEARS} \end{array}$

			Per Capita	Unemployment Rates (b)				
Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (c)	Personal Income (a)	Summit County	Ohio	United States		
1999	14,870	231,615,120	15,576	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%		
2000	16,390	447,922,310	27,329	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%		
2001	16,390	447,922,310	27,329	4.6%	4.4%	4.7%		
2002	16,390	447,922,310	27,329	6.0%	5.7%	5.8%		
2003	16,390	447,922,310	27,329	6.0%	6.2%	6.0%		
2004	16,390	447,922,310	27,329	6.1%	6.2%	5.5%		
2005	17,408	475,743,232	27,329	5.8%	5.9%	5.1%		
2006	17,408	475,743,232	27,329	4.9%	5.1%	4.3%		
2007	17,370	474,704,730	27,329	5.4%	5.6%	4.6%		
2008	17,296	472,682,384	27,329	6.1%	6.5%	5.8%		

Sources:

- (a) Information obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau
- (b) Information obtained from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services
- (c) Population times per capita personal income

TABLE 19

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

NEW HOUSING STARTS LAST TEN YEARS

New Housing Starts

Single Family	Condominium
110	*
159	*
153	*
123	*
104	64
104	54
54	14
78	13
30	25
31	10
	110 159 153 123 104 104 54 78 30

^{*} New condominium statistics were not available prior to 2003.

Source: City of Tallmadge Building Department.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2008		1999					
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment			
Autosales, Inc.	*	1	*	*	2	*			
Tallmadge City Schools	342	2	4.9%	200	3	2.9%			
Steere Enterprises Inc	190	3	2.7%	185	4	2.7%			
Giant Eagle	131	4	1.9%	180	5	2.6%			
Waltco Truck Equipment Company	120	5	1.7%	-	-	-			
City of Tallmadge	108	6	1.5%	107	8	1.6%			
S. D. Myers Inc	101	7	1.4%	440	1	6.5%			
East End Welding	90	8	1.3%	-	-	=			
Owens Corning	82	9	1.2%	110	7	1.6%			
The Martin Wheel Co.,Inc	79	10	1.1%	89	10	1.3%			
Norton Company Inc.	-	-	-	120	6	1.8%			
Hunt Machine Inc.		-		90	9	1.3%			
Total	1,243		17.8%	1,521		22.4%			

Source: City of Tallmadge Economic Development Department

TABLE 21

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Founded	1806	
Incorporated as Village	1936	
Incorporated as City	1951	
Town Hall erected	1859	
Form of government	Charter	
Population	17,296	
•	6,946 Dwelli	ng units
Area	13.5 Square	_
	8,915 Acres	
Education:		
Elementary schools	3 K-1, 2-3, 4-5	
Middle schools	1 6-8	
High schools	1 9-12	
Libraries	1 (30,000 volum	nes)
Churches	28	,

Source: Various Departments of the City of Tallmadge

^{*} Employer would not disclose the total number of employees.

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Government										
Council	5.5	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Mayor	6.5	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0
Finance	6.0	6.5	6.0	6.0	6.5	6.0	6.0	11.0	9.5	9.5
Treasurer *	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.5	5.0	-	-	-
Law	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.5	3.0	3.0
Service	8.0	7.0	7.5	5.5	8.5	6.5	5.5	5.0	5.0	5.5
Information Systems	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Civil Service	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Maintenance	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	1.0	1.0	1.0
Boards and Commissions	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Security of Persons and Prope	erty									
Police	48.0	55.5	53.5	52.5	55.5	51.5	52.0	51.5	51.0	42.0
Fire	32.0	32.0	34.5	33.0	35.5	35.5	36.5	36.5	37.0	39.0
Leisure Time Activities										
MACA Pool	19.5	19.0	17.5	24.0	26.5	18.0	18.5	17.5	7.0	-
Aquatics Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.5	-	-	-
Recreation Center	-	-	-	-	-	24.5	56.0	62.5	67.0	63.0
Community Environment										
Building & Zoning	7.5	8.0	8.5	9.0	7.5	8.0	7.5	9.0	9.5	8.5
Transportation										
Garage	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	6.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Street	21.0	22.0	21.0	22.0	22.0	21.5	22.0	22.0	25.0	20.5
Utilities										
Utilities Services	8.0	9.0	8.0	9.5	9.0	11.0	9.0	8.5	8.5	8.5

191.5

200.5

213.5

251.5

246.5

242.0

219.5

183.5

Source: City of Tallmadge Finance Department

Total

TABLE 22

178.5

187.5

^{*}The Treasurer's Office was combined with the Finance Office in 2006.

TABLE 23

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Security of Persons and Property Police										
Physical Arrests	715	658	816	702	654	711	793	718	544	752
Parking Violations	100	186	122	96	94	62	61	23	17	12
Traffic Violations	3,296	2,283	2,495	1,742	1,799	1,307	1,544	1,082	1,452	1,257
Fire	*	ŕ	ŕ	,	*	,	,	ŕ	*	,
Emergency Response Calls	N/A	N/A	1,748	1,878	2,004	2,073	2,261	2,283	2,165	2,266
Fires Extinguished	N/A	N/A	47	28	40	27	42	34	28	35
Inspections Conducted	N/A	N/A	188	153	256	603	638	605	622	626
Transportation										
Street resurfacing miles	9.19	8.30	6.96	6.56	7.38	4.71	7.03	6.02	9.20	3.12
Leisure Time Activities										
Trees Planted	85	33	14	97	10	-	8	36	68	30
Recreation Center										
Memberships**										
Annual	N/A	1,238	1,124	1,319						
Monthly	N/A	2,902	2,925	2,866						
Swimming Pool Memberships***	•									
Family	221	207	183	200	153	170	145	166	N/A	N/A
Adult	N/A	352	N/A							
Child	N/A	297	N/A							
Water										
Customers Served	5,761	6,025	6,226	6,342	6,514	6,629	6,723	7,088	6,913	7,309
New Connections	164	252	120	108	150	131	127	150	34	77
Water Main Breaks	24	22	20	18	14	21	16	10	17	17
Avg. Daily Consumption (gpd)										
million gallons per day	1.58	1.41	1.37	1.59	1.51	1.42	1.55	1.31	1.35	1.30
Peek Daily Consumption (gpd)										
million gallons per day	2.11	1.78	1.83	2.05	1.97	1.82	1.95	1.61	1.73	1.70
Sewer										
Customers Served	4,806	6,997	7,169	7,261	7,367	7,519	7,571	5,318	5,464	5,751
Storm Water										
Customers Served*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,918	7,234	7,134	7,147

Note: Information for 10 years prior was not available for all functions/programs.

Source: Various City of Tallmadge Department Records

^{*}The City did not begin billing for storm water until 2005.

^{**}The Recreation Center opened February 14, 2004. Information regarding memberships was not available until 2006.

^{**}The City began tracking memberships for the Swimming Pool in a different format during 2007. The Pool was closed for construction in 2008.

TABLE 24

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Function	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Security of Persons and Prope	rty									
Police:										
Stations	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Patrol Units	10.0	10.0	12.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	19.0	22.0	23.0	21.0
Fire Stations	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Public Health and Welfare										
Cemeteries	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Leisure Time Activities										
Park Acreage	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	103.0	161.7	161.7	161.7	161.7	161.7
Parks	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Swimming Pools	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	-
Tennis Courts	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Baseball/Softball										
Fields	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Soccer Fields	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Recreation Center	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Transportation										
Streets (paved miles)	88.5	88.5	89.0	89.0	89.0	91.7	91.7	108.5	96.3	96.3
Traffic Signals	182.0	186.0	186.0	186.0	186.0	186.0	186.0	187.0	188.0	188.0
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	77.7	77.7	78.1	78.1	78.1	80.5	80.5	84.5	84.5	84.5
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	55.8	55.8	56.1	56.1	56.1	57.8	57.8	60.7	60.7	60.7

Source: City of Tallmadge Records



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF TALLMADGE

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 23, 2009