Basic Financial Statements

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Coventry Local School District 3257 Cormany Road Akron, Ohio 44319

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Coventry Local School District, Summit County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Coventry Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

February 19, 2009



COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 Table of Contents

	Pag
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	1
Statement of Activities	1
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	1
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	1
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to Statement of Activities	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	1
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Fund	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	1
Statement of Cash Flows Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	2
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	2
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	2
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	2

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	51
Independence Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	53
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – CASH BASIS	55
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A-133	56



December 30, 2008

The Board of Education Coventry Local School District 3257 Cormany Rd. Akron, OH 44319

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coventry Local School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2008 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Coventry Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coventry Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The discussion and analysis of the Coventry Local School District's (the School District's) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- □ General Revenues accounted for nearly \$14.1 million in revenue or 66% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, accounted for approximately \$7.2 million or 34% of total revenues of \$21.3 million.
- □ Total program expenses were \$22.9 million in Governmental Activities.
- ☐ In total, net assets of Governmental Activities decreased approximately \$1.5 million from 2007.
- Outstanding bonded debt and notes decreased from \$3.6 million to \$3.3 million through the payment of bond and note principal.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2008?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* excluding fiduciary funds using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District activities are listed as Governmental:

□ Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service operation and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2008 compared to 2007:

(Table 1) Net Assets

Governmental	Activities

	2008	2007		
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,881,249	\$	12,184,018	
Capital Assets	 4,569,071		4,200,502	
Total Assets	15,450,320		16,384,520	
Liabilities				
Long-Term Liabilities	5,970,467		4,693,859	
Other Liabilities	11,628,022		12,313,200	
Total Liabilities	17,598,489		17,007,059	
Net Assets Invested in Capital				
Assets, Net of Debt	1,399,071		2,300,503	
Restricted	1,443,718		1,073,901	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,990,958)		(3,996,943)	
Total Net Assets	\$ (2,148,169)	\$	(622,539)	

Overall, assets decreased by approximately \$934,000 and liabilities increased approximately \$591,000 resulting in a decrease in net assets of \$1.5 million. Several significant changes occurred which caused the assets to decrease. Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents decreased \$1,147,731 as a result of operating revenues of the general fund not keeping pace with operating costs. Offsetting this decrease was the increase in net capital assets of \$368,569. The increase in liabilities was primarily due to issuance of lease-purchase agreement for \$1,500,000 for the construction of modular buildings and other building maintenance. The overall increase was offset by retirement of debt outstanding during fiscal year 2008.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2008. This table will present two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons in successive reporting years. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the School District's financial status and possibly project future problems.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities					
	2008	2007				
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 5,393,763	\$ 5,463,589				
Operating Grants	1,778,892	1,653,082				
Capital Grants	16,154	0				
General Revenue:						
Property Taxes	9,044,707	9,553,940				
Grants and Entitlements	4,890,236	4,684,113				
Other	209,746	256,353				
Total Revenues	21,333,498	21,611,077				
Program Expenses						
Instruction	12,262,464	11,697,320				
Support Services	8,744,022	8,198,054				
Operation of Non-Instructional	396,364	259,224				
Food Service	744,420	752,445				
Extracurricular Activities	489,727	402,109				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	222,131	186,423				
Total Expenses	22,859,128	21,495,575				
Increase in Net Assets	(1,525,630)	115,502				
Net Assets Beginning of Year	(622,539)	(738,041)				
Net Assets End of Year	\$ (2,148,169)	\$ (622,539)				

Overall revenue decreased approximately \$278,000 over fiscal year 2007. Program expenses increased \$1.4 million in 2008, up to \$22.8 million in 2008. The increase in total program expenses reflects increases in operating expenses to provide instructional and support services to the students of the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The majority of revenues supporting governmental activities are general revenues. General revenues totaled \$14,144,689 or 66.3% of total revenue, which the most significant portion of the general revenue being local property taxes. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenue which equaled \$7,188,809 or 33.7% of total revenue.

Instructional expenses comprise 53.6% of governmental program expenses. Additional supporting services, including program expenses of pupils, instructional staff and operation and maintenance of plant, and pupil transportation encompassed an additional 38.3%. The remaining 8.1% of program expenses is used for other obligations of the School District such as food service and extracurricular activities.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. All governmental activity had total revenues of \$21.3 million and expenses of \$22.9 million.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

		2008			2007			
	Total Cost		Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost		
		of Service	of Service		of Service		of Service	
Instruction	\$	12,262,464	\$	6,711,905	\$ 11,697,320	\$	5,766,660	
Support Services:								
Pupils and Instructional Staff		2,079,768		1,615,056	1,958,570		1,888,884	
Board of Education, Administration								
Fiscal and Business		2,664,020		2,595,088	2,708,790		2,708,790	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,791,482		2,791,482	2,482,388		2,482,388	
Pupil Transportation and Central		1,208,752		1,127,376	1,048,306		1,040,370	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		396,364		156,924	259,224		259,224	
Food Service		744,420		15,421	752,445		(14,902)	
Extracurricular Activities		489,727		434,936	402,109		61,067	
Interest Charges		222,131		222,131	186,423		186,423	
Total	\$	22,859,128	\$	15,670,319	\$ 21,495,575	\$	14,378,904	

Instruction, Pupils and Instructional Staff a comprise 62.7% of governmental program expenses. Pupil Transportation, Central and the Operation/Maintenance of Plant account for 17.5% of governmental program expenses.

The dependence upon tax revenues for governmental activities is apparent. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Coventry Local School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total revenues were \$21,371,832 and expenditures were \$23,164,970. The School District's only major fund, the general fund, reported a significant reduction in fund balance in the amount of \$937,953, which was caused by operating revenues not keeping pace with operating expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, there were minor changes to the School District general fund budget. The School District bases its budgets according to needs of programs and functions.

For the general fund, final budgeted basis revenue was \$18.4 million, which is under the original budget estimate of \$20.6 million. Of the over \$2.1 million decrease, most was attributable to property tax revenues.

Final appropriations of nearly \$21 million were under original appropriations of \$22.8 million. This reduction was attributed to some cost savings measures the School District was able to implement based on revenues being lower than initially projected.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the School District had \$4.6 million invested in land, building improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2008 balances compared with 2007 net of depreciation.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities							
		2008		2007				
Land	\$	544,210	\$	544,210				
Construction in Progress		0		695,564				
Buildings and Improvements		3,490,248		2,171,299				
Furniture and Equipment		339,762		617,376				
Vehicles		194,851		172,054				
Totals	\$	4,569,071	\$	4,200,503				

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The approximately \$370,000 increase in capital assets was attributable to additions exceeding depreciation expense primarily from the completion of modular buildings. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

A change in Ohio law required school districts to set aside 3% of certain revenues for capital improvements and an additional 3% for textbooks. For fiscal year 2008, this amounted to \$362,308 for each set aside. The School District did not incur enough qualifying disbursements to completely offset these requirements for capital improvement and textbooks. See Note 19 for additional information.

Debt

At June 30, 2008, the School District had \$3,271,872 in bonds and notes outstanding with \$393,002 due within one year. During fiscal year 2008, \$375,220 of general obligation bonds and notes were retired. Table 5 summarizes bonds and notes outstanding.

(Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	Governmental Activities						
	20	008	2007				
Notes Payable:							
HB264 Energy Conservation Loan	\$ 4	57,609	\$	513,112			
Energy Conservation Loan Phase #2	5	04,441		556,995			
Energy Conservation Loan Phase #3	6	39,822		676,985			
	1,	601,872	,	1,747,092			
General Obligation Bonds Payable:							
School Improvement Bonds	1,6	70,000		1,900,000			
Total Debt	\$ 3,	271,872	\$	3,647,092			

HB#264 Energy Conservations Loans were used for window replacement at the Middle School and the Junior High School. All buildings were upgraded with more cost efficient lighting. The school improvement bonds were for improvements to the buildings and the bus acquisition bonds were use to purchase new buses. See Note 15 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's long-term obligations.

Current Issues

Coventry Local School District receives approximately 25% of its revenue from the State and Federal governments. The School District does receive additional revenue for open enrollment. Future projections show a consistent enrollment. Special Education funding is anticipated to increase for the next two years, and then begin to decline. Lastly, the School District loses revenue annually due to a decrease in tangible personal property taxes.

The School District, in turn, relies on its local property taxpayers. The last operating levy was passed in 2003, for 9.96 mills, 5-year emergency levy. The five-year forecast projects a deficit in fiscal year 2009. With House Bill 920, current levies do not provide inflationary revenue growth as valuation increases,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

with the exception of inside millage and new construction. Thus, as a school district is dependent upon property taxes, and with a decline in the State Foundation, the School District will need to request a renewal of the 2003 levy when it expires as well as property tax increases to maintain a constant level of service. It is likely, however, that the District will reach the 20-mill floor after the 2008 appraisal. This should allow an inflationary revenue growth in real property taxes beginning at that time.

The School District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer, at Coventry Local School District, 3257 Cormany Road, Akron, OH 44319.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Governmenta Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,126	,890	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	48	3,328	
Receivables:			
Accounts		1,514	
Taxes	9,188	3,844	
Intergovernmental	102	2,673	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	544	1,210	
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	4,024	,861	
Total Assets	15,450),320	
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	157	,495	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,826	5,140	
Intergovernmental Payable	695	5,091	
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable	32	2,962	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	55	,429	
Deferred Revenue	8,335	,499	
Claims Payable	525	,406	
Long -Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	498	3,969	
Due in More Than One Year	5,471	,498	
Total Liabilities	17,598	,489	
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,399	,071	
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	27	7,152	
Capital Projects	21	,104	
Other Purposes	233	3,417	
Set Asides	1,162	2,045	
Unrestricted	(4,990	,958	
Total Net Assets	\$ (2,148	3,169	

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

					Prog	ram Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and nges in Net Assets
	Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	9,272,962	\$	4,499,852	\$	256,069	\$	0	\$	(4,517,041)
Special		2,168,537		372,592		409,105		0		(1,386,840)
Vocational		244,249		12,941		0		0		(231,308)
Other		576,716		0		0		0		(576,716)
Support Services:										
Pupils		976,217		0		137,350		0		(838,867)
Instructional Staff		1,103,551		11,053		316,309		0		(776,189)
Board of Education		48,346		0		0		0		(48,346)
Administration		2,014,912		0		68,932		0		(1,945,980)
Fiscal		566,216		0		0		0		(566,216)
Business		34,546		0		0		0		(34,546)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,791,482		0		0		0		(2,791,482)
Pupil Transportation		1,039,280		73,431		0		0		(965,849)
Central		169,472		0		7,945		0		(161,527)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		396,364		5,636		217,650		16,154		(156,924)
Food Service Operations		744,420		363,467		365,532		0		(15,421)
Extracurricular Activities		489,727		54,791		0		0		(434,936)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	222,131		0		0		0		(222,131)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,859,128	\$	5,393,763	\$	1,778,892	\$	16,154		(15,670,319)
			Pro G D	eral Revenue operty Taxes L eneral Purpose ebt Service nts and Entitle	evied fo					8,738,382 306,325
				Restricted to Sp						4,890,236
				estment Earnin		J				123,403
			Mi	scellaneous						86,343
			Tota	l General Rev	enues					14,144,689
			Cha	nge in Net Ass	ets					(1,525,630)
			Net .	Assets Beginni	ng of Y	ear				(622,539)
			Net .	Assets End of	Year				\$	(2,148,169)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 0	\$	412,548	\$	412,548
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	·	48,328	·	48,328
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	628,656		0		628,656
Receivables:	,				,
Accounts	414,300		214		414,514
Taxes	8,896,474		292,370		9,188,844
Interfund	261,376		90		261,466
Intergovernmental	 0		102,673		102,673
Total Assets	\$ 10,200,806	\$	856,223	\$	11,057,029
Liabilities and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
		_			
Accounts Payable	\$ 100,086	\$	57,409	\$	157,495
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,678,554		147,586		1,826,140
Interfund Payable	0		261,466		261,466
Intergovernmental Payable	620,354		74,737		695,091
Accrued Vacation Payable	32,962		0		32,962
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	55,429		0		55,429
Deferred Revenue	 8,437,341		337,739		8,775,080
Total Liabilities	10,924,726		878,937		11,803,663
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	118,181		44,729		162,910
Reserved for Tax Revenue Unavailable for Appropriation	571,910		18,795		590,705
Reserved for Textbooks/Instructional Materials	484,393		0		484,393
Reserved for Capital Improvement	677,652		0		677,652
Unreserved:					
Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund	(2,576,056)		0		(2,576,056)
Special Revenue Funds	0		(107,342)		(107,342)
Capital Projects Funds	 0		21,104		21,104
Total Fund Balances	(723,920)		(22,714)		(746,634)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,200,806	\$	856,223	\$	11,057,029

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ (746,634)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		4,569,071
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds. Grants Excess Cost Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ 64,164 112,777 262,639	439,580
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and capital leases, are not due and, payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds and Notes Capital Lease Payable	 (3,271,872) (1,500,000)	(4,771,872)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not use the current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Early Retirement Incentive	(1,150,595) (48,000)	(1,198,595)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(439,719)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (2,148,169)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<u>General</u>	Other Governmental General Funds	
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 8,652,668	\$ 306,325	\$ 8,958,993
Intergovernmental	4,890,235	1,739,194	6,629,429
Investment Income	108,098	15,305	123,403
Tuition and Fees	4,779,285	164,720	4,944,005
Extracurricular Activities	16,230	116,640	132,870
Charges for Services	81,546		
Rentals		363,467	445,013
	0	5,636	5,636
Gifts and Donations Miscellaneous	71.059	49,011	49,011
wiscenaneous	71,958	11,514	83,472
Total Revenues	18,600,020	2,771,812	21,371,832
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,453,660	576,681	9,030,341
Special	1,775,399	349,511	2,124,910
Vocational	235,975	0	235,975
Other	557,762	18,146	575,908
Support Services:			
Pupils	796,588	130,689	927,277
Instructional Staff	848,523	240,579	1,089,102
Board of Education	48,346	0	48,346
Administration	1,918,893	71,028	1,989,921
Fiscal	565,947	0	565,947
Business	34,546	0	34,546
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,355,455	14,090	2,369,545
Pupil Transportation	1,037,159	13,126	1,050,285
Central	159,964	7,779	167,743
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	72,170	267,265	339,435
Food Service	9,097		
Extracurricular Activities		758,027	767,124
	401,016	86,331	487,347
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	6,067	757,800	763,867
	145 220	220,000	275 220
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	145,220 75,203	230,000 146,928	375,220 222,131
Total Expenditures	19,496,990	3,667,980	23,164,970
-			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(896,970)	(896,168)	(1,793,138)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from Lease-Purchase Agreement	0	1,500,000	1,500,000
Transfers In	0	40,983	40,983
Transfers Out	(40,983)	0	(40,983)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(40,983)	1,540,983	1,500,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(937,953)	644,815	(293,138)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	214,033	(667,529)	(453,496)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (723,920)	\$ (22,714)	\$ (746,634)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (293,138)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	\$ 922,264 (321,402)	600,862
Net effect of transactions involving disposal of capital assets are not reflected in the funds.		(232,293)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Grants Excess Costs Delinquent Property Taxes	55,850 (179,899) 85,715	(38,334)
Repayment of note and bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Note Principal	145,220	277.220
Bond Principal Issuance of a capital lease agreement in the governmental funds increase	230,000	375,220
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets Some expenses(compensated absences payable) reported in the statement of activities do not use the current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences		(1,500,000) (151,828)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(286,119)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,525,630)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	 Budgeted	l Amou	ints		with 1	Variance Final Budget
	 Original		Final	 Actual		Positive Vegative)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 10,133,260	\$	8,874,880	\$ 8,936,631	\$	61,751
Intergovernmental	4,676,191		4,856,444	4,890,235		33,791
Investment Income	198,776		107,351	108,098		747
Tuition and Fees	5,294,474		4,446,910	4,477,852		30,942
Extracurricular	22,068		16,118	16,230		112
Charges for Services	175,393		80,983	81,546		563
Miscellaneous	 57,267		54,276	 17,786		(36,490)
Total Revenues	 20,557,429		18,436,962	 18,528,378		91,416
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	10,302,483		9,161,695	8,815,527		346,168
Special	1,716,586		1,775,124	1,756,664		18,460
Vocational	194,576		252,360	239,795		12,565
Other	978,733		587,618	564,204		23,414
Support Services						
Pupils	671,083		863,396	823,648		39,748
Instructional Staff	855,619		870,294	929,620		(59,326)
Board of Education	98,478		40,911	41,659		(748)
Administration	1,739,282		2,014,273	1,926,535		87,738
Fiscal	676,232		597,323	569,197		28,126
Business	39,589		35,441	33,676		1,765
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,862,221		2,216,798	2,312,854		(96,056)
Pupil Transportation Central	987,052		1,104,816	1,067,683		37,133 6,998
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	162,938		147,530	140,532		0,998
Food Service	42,182		8,393	9,097		(704)
Community Services	111,342		77,292	73,506		3,786
Extracurricular Activities	402,830		432,270	411,329		20,941
Capital Outlay	10,159		9,952	9,634		318
Debt Service	10,137		7,732	7,054		310
Principal Retirement	320,549		151,152	145,220		5,932
Interest & Fiscal Charges	78,272		80,821	75,203		5,618
Total Expenditures	 22,250,206		20,427,459	19,945,583		481,876
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,692,777)		(1,990,497)	(1,417,205)		573,292
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	61,892		53,708	54,082		374
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	52,183		17,011	17,129		118
Advance In	472,587		416,271	419,167		2,896
Transfers Out	(78,169)		(43,131)	(40,983)		2,148
Advance Out	 (523,577)		(290,721)	 (276,246)		14,475
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (15,084)		153,138	 173,149		20,011
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,707,861)		(1,837,359)	(1,244,056)		593,303
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,146,886		1,146,886	1,146,886		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 553,874		553,874	 553,874		0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (7,101)	\$	(136,599)	\$ 456,704	\$	593,303

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 85,687
Liabilities Claims Payable	525,406
Net Assets Unrestricted	\$ (439,719)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,060,014
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased Services	295,504
Claims	3,050,629
Total Operating Expenses	3,346,133
Operating Income (Loss)	(286,119)
Net Assets (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(153,600)
Net Assets (Deficit) End of Year	\$ (439,719)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received for Charges for Services Cash Paid for Goods and Services Cash Paid for Claims	\$ 3,060,014 (295,504) (2,862,685)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	(98,175)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(98,175)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	183,862	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 85,687	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments:	\$ (286,119)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities Claims Payable	187,944	
Total Adjustments	187,944	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ (98,175)	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2008

	Private Purpose Trust			Aganay
		Trust		Agency
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	71,845
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts		38,075		0
Investments in Segregated Accounts		24,421		0
Accounts Receivable		0		3,369
Total Assets		62,496		75,214
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		0	\$	14,771
Due to Students		0		60,443
Total Liabilities		0		75,214
Net Assets:				
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$	62,496		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Private Purpose Trust	
Additions:		
Gifts and Contributions	\$	500
Interest		1,982
Total Additions		2,482
Deductions: Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements		500
Change in Net Assets		1,982
Net Assets Beginning of Year		60,514
Net Assets End of Year	\$	62,496

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1 - Description of The School District

Coventry Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the State and federal agencies. Each member is elected to a four year term. The Board of Education controls the School District's six instructional support facilities staffed by 126 classified employees and 191 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 2,478 students and other community members.

The School District is located in Summit County in northeastern Ohio. The School District operates one primary school (Pre K-4), two elementary schools (1-4), one middle school (5-7), one junior high school (8-9), and one high school (10-12).

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Coventry Local School District, this includes general operations, preschool, food service and student related activities of the School District. The following activity is also included within the reporting entity:

<u>Nonpublic School</u> Within the School District boundaries, St. Francis De Sales School is operated through the Cleveland Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding for the nonpublic school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the nonpublic school. The activity of these State monies by the School District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and one public entity risk pool. These organizations include Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET), Portage Lakes Career Center, Interval Opportunity School, and the one public entity risk pool is the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 10 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the year ended 2008, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues", GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations", and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27."

GASB Statement No. 45 provides guidance on all aspects of OPEB reporting by employers. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

GASB Statement No. 48 provides guidance on accounting for sales and pledges of receivables and future revenues. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements the amount of future revenues that have been pledged or sold.

GASB Statement No. 49 provides guidance on how to calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pollution cleanup efforts.

GASB Statement No. 50 more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to financial statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers that provide pension benefits. The reporting changes required by this Statement amend applicable note disclosure and RSI requirements of GASB Statement No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans", and GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers", to conform with requirements of GASB Statement No. 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans", and GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

Implementation of these GASB Statements did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. The following is the School District's proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical and prescription drug benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's fiduciary funds are private purpose trusts and agency funds. The private purpose trusts provide scholarships and the School District's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund activities. The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resource measurement focus.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. See Note 17 for a summary of the School District's deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within "operating grants and contributions" program revenue account.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Under the modified accrual the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet. The School District has segregated a portion of cash balances, reported as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" and "investments in segregated accounts" which are for special trusts and private purpose trust funds.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to certificates of deposits, stocks and repurchase agreements. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as investments.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$108,098 which includes \$18,820 assigned from other School District funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets may include amounts required by statute to be set-aside for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional material and capital improvements. See Note 19 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 30 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	13 Years

H. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. These amounts are reported on the face of the statement of basic financial statements as "Accrued Vacation Leave Payable."

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

J. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily include food service operations, non-instructional services, instruction of students, and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, textbook purchases, and capital improvement.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

L. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenue and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as non-operating.

M. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are eliminated. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in the nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2008.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District's Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2008.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 3 - Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit		
	Fun	d Balance	
General Fund	\$	723,920	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Food Service		332,648	
District Managed Students Activities		2,198	
Auxliliary Services		4,255	
Public School Pre-school		19,726	
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Act		1	
Network Connectivity		3	
Building Incentive Grant		15,577	
IDEA Special Education		28,711	
Drug Free School Grant		108	
E-Rate		3,052	
Improving Teacher Quality		1,634	

The deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$	(937,953)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals Adjustment for Encumbrances		418,734 (559,930) (164,907)
Budget Basis	\$ ((1,244,056)

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of School District cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all uninsured public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105% of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions

Deposits At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$1,020,138 and the bank balance was \$1,190,555. Of the bank balance:

1. \$136,283 of the bank balance was covered by depository insurance; and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

2. \$1,054,272 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name, and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2008, the School District had the following investments:

		Maturity
	Fair Value	0-12 Months
Sweep Repurchase Agreement	\$ 265,000	\$ 265,000
A. G. Edwards - Stock Portfolio	24,421	N/A
	\$ 289,421	\$ 265,000

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. It is the School District's policy to evaluate market conditions, interest rate forecasts, and cash flow requirements to consider the term of an investment, with the goal being to buy where relative value exists along the maturity spectrum.

Credit Risk: The School District investments during June 30, 2008 included an overnight repurchase account which is not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service. The School District also holds investments in stocks, which were donated as part of the Longworth Scholarship Trust Fund. Stocks do not report credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District investment policy is to be diversified enough to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issue or a specific class of securities. At various times during the year, the School District's stocks and overnight repurchase account exceeded more than 5% of the School District's investments.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located within the School District. Real Property tax revenue received in calendar 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed at 35% of true value and public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2008 on the value as of December 31, 2007. For 2008, tangible personal property is assessed at 6.25 % of true value for property including inventory. This percentage will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunication companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the School District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the School District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by year-end are available to finance the current fiscal year operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of year-end. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at year-end is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$571,910 in the general fund and \$18,795 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and is recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue on the statement of activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second				2008 First	
	На	alf Collections		H	alf Collections	
		Valuation	%		Valuation	%
Agricultural/Residental		_			_	
and Other Real Estate	\$	261,002,260	80.55%	\$	263,011,870	81.31%
Commercial/Industrial		51,072,060	15.76%		51,895,920	16.04%
Public Utility						
Personal		7,520,180	2.32%		5,820,430	1.80%
Tangible Personal						
Property		4,432,143	1.37%		2,739,245	0.85%
Total	\$	324,026,643	100.00%	\$	323,467,465	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of						
Assessed Valuation		\$65.50			\$65.43	

Note 7 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund balances at June 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

	Interfund			nterfund	
	R	eceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	261,376	\$	0	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		90		261,466	
Total	\$	261,466	\$	261,466	

Interfund receivables and payables resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2008, all interfund payables outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2008.

The following is a summarized breakdown of the School District's transfers for fiscal year 2008:

	T	ransfers	T	ransfers
Fund		In		Out
General Fund	\$	0	\$	40,983
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:				
District Managed Student Activities	<u></u>	40,983		0
	\$	40,983	\$	40,983

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts, interfund, tuitions, and intergovernmental entitlements and grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/07 Additions		Reductions			Balance 6/30/08		
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	544,210	\$	0	\$	0	\$	544,210
Construction in Progress	Ψ	695,564	Ψ	0	Ψ	695,564	Ψ	0
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated:		1,239,774		0		695,564		544,210
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		7,522,261		1,492,181		0		9,014,442
Furniture and Equipment		2,529,798		56,747		477,503		2,109,042
Vehicles	-	725,200		68,900	-	0		794,100
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	1	0,777,259		1,617,828		477,503		11,917,584
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		(5,350,963)		(173,231)		0		(5,524,194)
Furniture and Equipment		(1,912,422)		(102,068)		(245,210)		(1,769,280)
Vehicles		(553,146)		(46,103)		0		(599,249)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(7,816,531)		(321,402)		(245,210)		(7,892,723)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net		2,960,728		1,296,426		232,293	_	4,024,861
Governmental Capital Assets, net	\$	4,200,502	\$	1,296,426	\$	927,857	\$	4,569,071

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	59,297
Special		4,109
Vocational		859
Other		808
Support Services:		
Pupil		1,306
Instructional Staff		8,157
Administration		409
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		188,180
Pupil Transportation		40,960
Operation of Non Instructional		9,845
Food Service		5,512
Extracurricular Activities		1,960
Total Danuaciation	¢	221 402
Total Depreciation	<u> </u>	321,402

Note 10 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District insures its buildings and their contents through insurance having a \$1,000 deductible and providing replacement costs for such items. An inventory of all loose equipment is conducted annually.

Appropriate liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. The School District also has an excess policy in the amount of \$4,000,000. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

A bond of \$100,000 is maintained on the Treasurer. Bonds are also provided for the School Board President and Superintendent in the amount of \$50,000 each.

By State statute, bond is provided by all contractors in amounts sufficient to cover the entire bid amount awarded to the contractor.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2008, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Self Insurance

The School District has established a limited risk management program for hospital/medical benefits. Premiums are paid into the self-insurance fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. During fiscal year 2008, a total expense of \$3,346,133 was incurred in benefits and administrative costs. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$75,000. The liability for unpaid claims cost of \$525,406 reported in the fund at June 30, 2008 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as interfund transactions.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 2007 and 2008 were:

	Balance Beginning of Year		Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year		
2008	\$	337,462	3,050,629	2,862,685	\$ 52	25,406	
2007	\$	758,593	2,022,239	2,443,370	\$ 33	37,462	

Note 11 - Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Vacation days are credited to non-certified employees on the anniversary of their employment and must be used within the next twelve months. An employee may carry over no more than one (1) week of vacation per year unless otherwise approved by the superintendent. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 300 days. Payment at retirement for employees with at least 10 years of service is made at one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 160 days plus one-half of the days in excess of 205 not to exceed 300 days for classified employees. Certified employees are paid a maximum accumulation of 160 days plus one-half of the days in excess of 215 not to exceed 285 days.

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("SERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2008, 9.16% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$247,980, \$314,032 and \$307,482, respectively; 35% has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100% for the fiscal years 2007 and 2006. \$244,477 represents the unpaid contributions for fiscal year 2008, and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a publicly-available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to allocate their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment accounts. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001 were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may quality for survivor benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2007 (the latest information available), the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13%. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$1,116,941, \$1,170,956 and \$1,129,509, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100% for the fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$11,018 made by the School District and \$24,666 made by the plan members.

Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio"), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System ("SERS"). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006. The School District's contributions for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$113,161, \$100,561 and \$98,463, respectively.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2007 (the latest information available), the balance in the Fund was \$4.1 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$265,558,000 and STRS Ohio had 122,934 eligible benefit recipients.

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, SERS administers two postemployment benefit plans, the Medicare Part B Plan and the Health Care Plan. The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2007 was \$93.50; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2007 (the latest information available), the actuarially required allocation was .68%. The School District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$17,868, which equaled the required contributions for the year.

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2007, the health care allocation was 3.32%. The actuarially required contribution (ARC), as of the December 31, 2006 annual valuation (the latest information available), was 11.50% of covered payroll. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The School District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$113,161, \$100,561 and \$98,463, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2007 (the latest information available), the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Forms and Publications.

Note 14 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2008.

B. Litigation

The Coventry Local School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 15 - Long - Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance 6/30/2007 Additions Recognitions		Reductions Balance 6/30/2008			Due Within One Year				
Governmental Activities										
Notes Payable:										
HB264 Energy Conservation Loan,	Φ.	710 110	ф	0	Φ.	55 500	Φ.	455 600	Φ.	55.020
6.32%, Due 03/15/2015	\$	513,112	\$	0	\$	55,503	\$	457,609	\$	57,028
Energy Conservation Loan Phase #2,								~~		
6.44%, Due 10/15/2005		556,995		0		52,554		504,441		53,738
Energy Conservation Loan Phase #3,		676.005		0		27.162		620, 022		27.226
4.43%, Due 06/01/2020		676,985		0		37,163		639,822		37,236
Total Notes Payable		1,747,092		0		145,220		1,601,872		148,002
General Obligation Bonds Payable: School Improvement Bonds, 5.50%, Due 12/01/2013		1,900,000		0		230,000		1,670,000		245,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities										
Capital Leases		0		1,500,000		0		1,500,000		22,000
Compensated Absences		998,767		239,757		87,929		1,150,595		67,967
Early Retirement Incentive		48,000		8,000		8,000		48,000		16,000
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities		1,046,767		1,747,757		95,929		2,698,595		105,967
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	4,693,859	\$	1,747,757	\$	471,149	\$	5,970,467	\$	498,969
E	_		_				=	· /		

Energy Conservation Notes – On January 10, 2000, the School District issued \$834,205 for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District. The notes were issued for a fifteen year period with final maturity during fiscal 2015. On March 1, 2000, the School District issued another \$842,535 for energy conservation measures for a fifteen year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2016. On June 13, 2005 the School District issued \$709,533 for the purpose making energy improvements to various school buildings in the district. The notes were issued for a fifteen year period with final maturity during fiscal 2020.

School Improvement Bonds – On December 1, 1993, the School District issued \$4,000,000 for the purpose of school improvements. The bonds were issued for a ten year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2014.

The energy conservation notes will be paid from the general fund; and school improvement bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. The compensated absences and early retirement incentive will be paid from the funds which the employee's salaries are paid. In prior years this has primarily been paid by the general fund. Capital leases will be paid from the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal Year		School Improvement						
Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total			
2009	\$	245,000	\$	73,507	\$	318,507		
2010		255,000		61,632		316,632		
2011		270,000		49,163		319,163		
2012		285,000		35,981		320,981		
2013		300,000		22,087		322,087		
2014		315,000		7,481		322,481		
Total	\$	1,670,000	\$	249,851	\$	1,919,851		

Principal and interest requirements to retire notes outstanding at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Energy Conversation Loans						
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total			
2009	\$ 148,002	\$	72,422	\$	220,424		
2010	154,693		65,730		220,423		
2011	161,687		58,737		220,424		
2012	168,997		51,427		220,424		
2013	176,638		43,786		220,424		
2014-2018	610,048		105,833		715,881		
2019-2021	181,807		16,682		198,489		
	_				_		
Total	\$ 1,601,872	\$	414,617	\$	2,016,489		

The notes are backed by the full faith and credit of the Coventry Local School District.

Note 16 - Capitalized Leases

Capital lease obligations relate to a lease-purchase agreement for modular buildings. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No.13 "Accounting for Leases". Capital lease payments in the governmental funds have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the basic financial statements for the general fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The assets being acquired have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,500,000, which is the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2009	\$ 129,647
2010	124,240
2011	123,686
2012	123,034
2013	122,286
2014 - 2018	607,172
2019 - 2023	595,112
2024 - 2027	581,194
Total	2,406,371
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(906,371)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,500,000

Note 17 – Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

	Statement of Net Assets		Balance Sheet		
operty Taxes Receivable \$ acess Cost rants Receivable		8,335,499 0 0	\$	8,598,139 112,777 64,164	
	\$	8,335,499	\$	8,775,080	

Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology

The Northeastern Ohio Network (NEONET) is a jointly governed organization among eighteen school districts and the Summit County Educational Service Center, and was formed July 1, 1995. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports NEONET based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The NEONET assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. NEONET is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the NEONET assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Summit County Educational Service Center which serves as fiscal agent, located at 420 Washington Avenue, Suite 200, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221. During the year ended June 30, 2008 the School District paid approximately \$68,186 to NEONET for basic service charges.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Portage Lakes Career Center

Portage Lakes Career Center is a jointly governed organization created to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The Board is comprised of representatives from the elected board of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. Coventry Local School District students may attend the vocational school. Each School Districts' control is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by writing to the Portage Lakes Career Center, 4401 Shriver Road, Green, Ohio 44232.

Interval Opportunity School

The Interval Opportunity School is a jointly governed organization of three area public districts, to provide "at risk students" with a better opportunity to succeed in both their academic and social maturation. Each member district pays an annual fee based on the number of students serviced. The Interval Opportunity School is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of the superintendents from Portage Lakes Career Center, Green Local School District and Coventry Local School District. The continued existence of the Interval Opportunity School is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists.

Note 19 - Statutory Reserves

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbook					
	Capital		Instructional			
	Im	provement	I	Materials		
	Reserve		Reserve		Total	
		_		_		_
Set-Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$	511,099	\$	357,137	\$	868,236
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		362,308		362,308		724,616
Qualifying Disbursements		(195,755)		(235,052)		(430,807)
Total	\$	677,652	\$	484,393	\$	1,162,045
Cash Balance Carried Forward FY 2009	\$	677,652	\$	484,393	\$	1,162,045
Restricted Cash					\$	1,162,045

Cash balances in the general fund were not sufficient enough to report the full amount of equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents (restricted) for statutory reserves on the balance sheet. As a result, only \$628,656 of the total \$1,162,045 is reported.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 20 - Fiscal Watch

The State Auditor's Office declared the School District in fiscal watch on May 15, 1997, due to the School District's financial condition. School Districts declared in fiscal watch are required to immediately develop a financial recovery plan to eliminate the operating deficit and avoid future deficits. The School District has submitted an updated financial recovery plan which was approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Also, in November, 2003, the School District passed a 9.96 mill levy.

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December 30, 2008

To the Board of Education Coventry Local School District 3257 Cormany Rd. Akron, OH 44319

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coventry Local School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coventry Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Coventry Local School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards December 30, 2008 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coventry Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Coventry Local School District in a separate letter dated December 30, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Kea & Associates, Inc.



December 30, 2008

The Board of Education Coventry Local School District 3257 Cormany Rd. Akron, OH 44319

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Coventry Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008. Coventry Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Coventry Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Coventry Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circulars A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coventry Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Coventry Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Coventry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Coventry Local School District Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Coventry Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coventry Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coventry Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kea + Associates, Inc.

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Receipts	Federal Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U. S. Department of Education (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):					
Title I	84.010	Neglected	\$ 18,230	\$ 15,051	\$ 0
Title I	84.010	2006-2007	962	38,405	0
Title I	84.010	2007-2008	122,279	76,668	0
Total Title I	04.010	2007 2000	141,471	130,124	0
Special Education Cluster					
IDEA-B	84.027	2006-2007	102,966	119,500	0
IDEA-B	84.027	2007-2008	580,777	552,215	0
Total IDEA-B			683,743	671,715	0
Preschool Grants	84.173	2006-2007	5,863	0	0
Preschool Grants	84.173	2007-2008	17,023	21,566	0
Total Preschool Grants			22,886	21,566	0
Total Special Education Cluster			706,629	693,281	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	2006-2007	234	1,875	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	2007-2008	2,661	1,208	0
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities			2,895	3,083	0
Title V	84.298	2006-2007	408	2,107	0
Title V	84.298	2007-2008	1,699	3,489	
Total Title V			2,107	5,596	0
Title II-D	84.318	2006-2007	170	1,457	0
Title II-D	84.318	2007-2008	1,077	297	0
Total Title II-D			1,247	1,754	0
TV-1 - W - A	84.367	2006-2007	12,271	13,848	0
Title II-A	84.367	2007-2008	51,428	74,839	0
Title II-A Total Title II-A			63,699	88,687	0
Total Department of Education			918,048	922,525	0
U. S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):					
Nutrition Cluster					
School Breakfast Program (B)	10.553		81,512	81,512	0
Total School Breakfast Program			81,512	81,512	0
National School Lunch Program (B)	10.555		300,296	300,296	0
Total National School Lunch Program			300,296	300,296	0
Food Distribution Program (A)(B)	10.555		25,823	0	25,823
Total Food Distribution Program	10,000		25,823	0	25,823
Total Nutrition Cluster			407,631	381,808	25,823
Total Department of Agriculture			407,631	381,808	25,823
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,325,679	\$ 1,304,333	\$ 25,823

- (A) Government commodities are reported at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.
- (B) Federal money commingled with state subsidy reimbursements. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, Section .505

JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
	Opinion	
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness	No
	conditions reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies	No
	reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non-	No
	compliance at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control	No
	weakness conditions reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant	No
	deficiencies reported for major federal	
	programs?	
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under	No
	Section .510?	
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
		CFDA # 10.553 & 10.555
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B	Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None noted.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

COVENTRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 3, 2009