SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis	
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis – General Fund	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis – Lead Prevention Program Fund	14
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Cash Basis - Agency Fund	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	17
Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	29
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures	31
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	33
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	
Schedule of Findings	
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County 5550 Venture Drive Parma, Ohio 44113

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2008 and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Lead Prevention Program Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 4, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 4, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Cuyahoga County District Board of Health (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 within the limitations of the District's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

<u>Highlights</u>

Key highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,900,612 or 90.92 percent from 2007 to 2008.
- The District's general receipts are primarily grants and property taxes.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the District as a whole. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting per Auditor of State Bulletin 2006-002 and GASB Statement No. 34. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

Reporting the District as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during 2008, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts.

These statements report the District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's cash position is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well, such as the District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property tax and District and local government support.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the District reports:

All of the District's programs and basic services are reported as governmental activities including administration, environmental health, nursing, community health, epidemiology, surveillance and informatics, and capital outlay. Grants and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds – not the District as a whole. The District establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. Most of the District's activities are reported in the governmental funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods.

Governmental Funds. All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed view of the District's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the District's programs. The District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The District's major governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a comparison of the District's net assets for 2008 compared to 2007 on a cash basis:

TABLE 1Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,990,969	\$2,090,357	
Net Assets			
Restricted for:			
Mold and Moisture Prevention	\$163,769	\$163,769	
Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention	186,558	70,288	
Tobacco Reduction	209,852	230,035	
Other Purposes	776,957	675,708	
Unrestricted	2,653,833	950,557	
	\$3,990,969	\$2,090,357	

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,900,612 or 90.92 percent during 2008. This increase was due primarily to improved timing of reimbursement for various grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2008 and 2007. A comparative analysis of government-wide data has been presented for years 2008 and 2007.

TABLE 2Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2008	2007	Difference	
Receipts Program Receipts:				
Charges for Services and Sales Operating Grants and Contributions	\$6,791,144 10,414,070	\$6,435,881 11,329,906	\$355,263 (915,836)	
Total Program Receipts	17,205,214	17,765,787	(560,573)	
General Receipts: Property Taxes Grants and Entitlements Other	3,122,235 797,706 636,165	2,986,284 777,817 503,932	135,951 19,889 132,233	
Total General Receipts	4,556,106	4,268,033	288,073	
Total Receipts	21,761,320	22,033,820	(272,500)	
Program Expenses				
Administration	1,564,902	1,273,201	291,701	
Environmental Health	4,714,538	4,516,493	198,045	
Nursing	4,600,641	4,567,556	33,085	
Community Health	6,955,660	8,883,309	(1,927,649)	
Epidemiology, Surveillance and Informatics	1,780,919	1,941,853	(160,934)	
Capital Outlay	244,048	352,502	(108,454)	
Total Program Expenses	19,860,708	21,534,914	(1,674,206)	
Increase in Net Assets	1,900,612	498,906	1,401,706	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	2,090,357	1,591,451	498,906	
Net Assets End of Year	\$3,990,969	\$2,090,357	\$1,900,612	

Program receipts of \$17,205,214 in 2008 and \$17,765,787 in 2007 are primarily comprised of grants, environmental permits, fees and licenses, and charges for immunizations, lead testing, health assessments and health education or promotion and seminars. The decrease of \$560,573 in program receipts is primarily due to decreases in grants.

General receipts represent 20.94 percent of total receipts in 2008 and 19.37 percent of 2007 receipts. Property taxes make up 14.35 and 13.55 percent of total receipts in 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The majority of disbursements come from environmental health, nursing and community health expenses. These three make up 81.92 percent of expenses in 2008 and 83.43 percent of expenses in 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 11, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the District. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for District health programs. The next two columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the District that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipts (Disbursements) and Changes in Net Assets column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement.

The District's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$21,761,320, and disbursements of \$19,860,708, for 2008 and receipts of \$22,033,820, and disbursements of 21,534,914 for 2007. From 2007 to 2008, the fund balance of the general fund increased \$834,580 as the result of more expenditures being covered by grants.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

General fund original receipts were budgeted at \$10,412,492 and final receipts were budgeted at \$10,579,557 while actual receipts were \$11,095,516 for 2008. Original disbursements were budgeted at \$10,489,492, and final disbursements were budgeted at \$13,142,057 while actual disbursements were \$10,262,553 for 2008. Actual receipts were higher than the final budgeted receipts mainly due to increases in fines, licenses and permits, and other revenues. Actual disbursements were lower than final budgeted disbursements due to less expenditures than planned in all programs, namely environmental health and nursing.

Debt and Capital Assets

The District currently has no outstanding debt. The District has chosen not to present capital assets as part of its financial statements. The District does, however, track their capital assets even though they are not presented.

Current Issues

The challenge for all governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 Unaudited

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Judy Wirsching, Chief Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, 5550 Venture Drive, Parma, Ohio 44130.

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis

	Governmental Activities
Assets	\$2,000,0 <i>C</i> 0
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,990,969
Net Assets	
Restricted for:	
Immunization Action Plan	\$196,322
Mold and Moisture Prevention	163,769
Public Health Infrastructure	223,831
Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention	186,558
Tobacco Reduction	209,852
Other Purposes	356,804
Unrestricted	2,653,833
Total Net Assets	\$3,990,969

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Program Receipts		Net Receipts (Disbursements) and Changes in Net Assets
-	Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Administration	\$1,564,902	\$87,708	\$0	(\$1,477,194)
Environmental Health	4,714,538	3,811,710	430,773	(472,055)
Nursing	4,600,641	1,814,283	1,009,601	(1,776,757)
Community Health	6,955,660	1,077,443	6,871,625	993,408
Epidemiology, Surveillance and Informatics	1,780,919	0	2,102,071	321,152
Capital Outlay	244,048	0	0	(244,048)
Total Governmental Activities	\$19,860,708	\$6,791,144	\$10,414,070	(2,655,494)
		General Receipts Property Taxes Lev	ind for	
		General Health Dis Grants and Entitlem	strict Purposes	3,122,235
		Restricted to Spe	cific Programs	797,706
		Other	C	636,165
		Total General Rece	ipts	4,556,106
		Change in Net Asse	ts	1,900,612
		Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year	2,090,357
		Net Assets End of Y	ear	\$3,990,969

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health

Cuyahoga County

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2008

	General	Lead Prevention Program	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,973,457	(\$455,794)	\$473,306	\$3,990,969
Fund Balances Reserved for Encumbrances	\$1,617	\$0	\$0	\$1,617
Unreserved:				
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:				
General Fund	3,971,840	0	0	3,971,840
Special Revenue Funds	0	(455,794)	473,306	17,512
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$3,973,457	(\$455,794)	\$473,306	\$3,990,969

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	General	Lead Prevention Program	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts	*• • • • • • •	* •	* •	* • • • • • • •
Property Taxes	\$3,122,235	\$0	\$0	\$3,122,235
Intergovernmental	799,108	2,235,915	8,163,015	11,198,038
Fines, Licenses and Permits	3,811,710	0	0	3,811,710
Charges for Services	2,875,303	0	104,131	2,979,434
Gifts and Contributions Other	13,738	0	0	13,738
Other	473,422	5,400	157,343	636,165
Total Receipts	11,095,516	2,241,315	8,424,489	21,761,320
Disbursements				
Administration	1,564,902	0	0	1,564,902
Environmental Health	4,199,643	0	514,895	4,714,538
Nursing	3,629,160	0	971,481	4,600,641
Community Health	346,534	1,653,387	4,955,739	6,955,660
Epidemiology, Surveillance and Informatics	198,180	0	1,582,739	1,780,919
Capital Outlay	114,572	4,704	124,772	244,048
Total Disbursements	10,052,991	1,658,091	8,149,626	19,860,708
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	1,042,525	583,224	274,863	1,900,612
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	85,010	122,935	207,945
Transfers Out	(207,945)	0	0	(207,945)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(207,945)	85,010	122,935	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	834,580	668,234	397,798	1,900,612
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	3,138,877	(1,124,028)	75,508	2,090,357
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$3,973,457	(\$455,794)	\$473,306	\$3,990,969

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts					
Property Taxes	\$3,025,286	\$2,986,286	\$3,122,235	\$135,949	
Intergovernmental	856,602	842,500	799,108	(43,392)	
Fines, Licenses and Permits	2,977,615	3,001,367	3,811,710	810,343	
Charges for Services	3,351,754	3,512,813	2,875,303	(637,510)	
Gifts and Contributions	0	0	13,738	13,738	
Other	201,235	236,591	473,422	236,831	
Total Receipts	10,412,492	10,579,557	11,095,516	515,959	
Disbursements					
Administration	1,606,366	2,155,511	1,566,519	588,992	
Environmental Health	4,196,482	5,098,954	4,199,643	899,311	
Nursing	3,619,675	4,134,142	3,629,161	504,981	
Community Health	521,354	452,012	346,534	105,478	
Epidemiology, Surveillance and Informatics	197,823	230,159	198,179	31,980	
Capital Outlay	179,375	746,133	114,572	631,561	
Total Disbursements	10,321,075	12,816,911	10,054,608	2,762,303	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	91,417	(2,237,354)	1,040,908	3,278,262	
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers Out	(168,417)	(325,146)	(207,945)	117,201	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(77,000)	(2,562,500)	832,963	3,395,463	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,617	1,617	1,617	0	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,137,260	3,137,260	3,137,260	0	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,061,877	\$576,377	\$3,971,840	\$3,395,463	

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health

Cuyahoga County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Lead Prevention Program Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Receipts Intergovernmental Other	\$9,637,188 24,000	\$9,618,871 24,000	\$2,235,915 5,400	(\$7,382,956) (18,600)	
Total Receipts	9,661,188	9,642,871	2,241,315	(7,401,556)	
Disbursements Community Health Capital Outlay	8,588,545 81,267	8,570,228 81,267	1,653,387 4,704	6,916,841 76,563	
Total Disbursements	8,669,812	8,651,495	1,658,091	6,993,404	
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	991,376	991,376	583,224	(408,152)	
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	236,628	236,628	85,010	(151,618)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,228,004	1,228,004	668,234	(559,770)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(1,124,028)	(1,124,028)	(1,124,028)	0	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$103,976	\$103,976	(\$455,794)	(\$559,770)	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Cash Basis Agency Fund December 31, 2008

Acceta	Agency
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$25,158
Liabilities Deposits Held Due to Others	\$25,158

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Note 1 – Description of the District and Reporting Entity

The Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District (general health) administers and enforces, within its jurisdiction, all public health and sanitation laws of the State of Ohio. The District provides public health services for the prevention or restriction of disease. In addition to the required programs, the District adopts regulations and provides programs to enable residents of the District to live in a healthy and environmentally safe community. The District is comprised of 36 cities, 19 villages and two townships within Cuyahoga County representing 886,000 residents. The five-member Board of Trustees is appointed by the District Advisory Council which consists of the President of the Board of County Commissioners, the chief executive of each municipal corporation not constituting a city health district and the chairman of the board of trustees of each township. The Board appoints a Health Commissioner and can hire and fix compensation of employees. The District is dependent upon the County to provide facilities and legal counsel and act as custodian for its funds. The budget is approved by the District which is responsible for fiscal management through its authority to enter into contracts and prepare financial reports. The District is not part of the reporting entity of the County of Cuyahoga.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the Board of Trustees appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. The District is also financially accountable for any organizations for which the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the District, are accessible to the District and are significant in amount to the District. The District has no component units.

The District participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a public entity risk pool. This organization is presented in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

<u>Lead Prevention Program Fund</u> – This fund receives primarily federal grant money for identifying children six years and under living in Cuyahoga County with elevated blood lead levels, as well as preventing lead poisoning in children.

The other governmental funds of the District account for the proceeds of federal grants whose uses are restricted to expenditures for specific health related purposes.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary funds category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investments trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for deposits held for an employee flexible benefit account.

C. Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

The appropriations resolution is the District Board's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control set by statute. The legal level of control has been established at the object level for all funds. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Grant funds are appropriated one time and the appropriations carryover from year to year until the grant is closed. For the general fund, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

ORC Section 5705.28(C)(1) requires the District to file an estimate of contemplated revenue and expenses with the municipalities and townships within the District by about June 1 (forty-five days prior to July 15). The County Auditor cannot allocate property taxes from the municipalities and townships within the District if the filing has not been made.

ORC Section 3709.28 establishes budgetary requirements for the District, which are similar to ORC Chapter 5705 budgetary requirements. On or about the first Monday of April the District must adopt an itemized appropriation measure. The appropriation measure, together with an itemized estimate of revenues to be collected during the next fiscal year, shall be certified to the County Budget Commission.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Subject to estimated resources, the District Board may, by resolution, transfer appropriations from one appropriation item to another, reduce or increase any item, create new items, and make additional appropriations or reduce the total appropriation. Such appropriation modifications shall be certified to the County Budget Commission for approval.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts submitted to the County Budget Commission when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the changes to the grant awards in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the District Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the District Board during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

As required by Ohio Revised Code, the County Treasurer is custodian for the District's cash. The District's assets, except cash held in a segregated account, are held in the County's cash and investment pool, and are valued at the County Treasurer's reported carrying amount. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the County.

The District has a segregated bank account for monies held separate from the County's central bank account. This amount is presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since it is not required to be deposited into the County treasury.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

J. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$1,337,136 of restricted net assets, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for special District programs.

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. A fund balance reserve has been established for encumbrances.

M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle

For 2008, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations". GASB Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and clean ups. The implementation of this Statement did not result in any change to the District's financial statements.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund and the lead prevention program special revenue fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The only difference between the budgetary basis fund balance and the cash basis fund balance is current encumbrances of \$1,617 in the general fund.

<u>Note 5 – Accountability</u>

Fund balances at December 31, 2008, included the following individual fund deficits:

Major Fund:	
Lead Prevention Program	\$455,794
NonMajor Funds:	
Shaken Baby Syndrome	88,313
West Nile Virus	55,400
Non-Point Source Implementation	7,209
S.T.E.P.S.	19,087
City Readyness Initiative	82,712
Engaging Expectant Fathers	15,028
Strong Start for Cuyahoga Families	300
Aging Grant	13,514
Matter of Balance	17,039
Integrated Health	6,754
Enhanced Pregnancy	53,093
Youth Develpoment Initiative	13,381
East Cleveland Health and Develompment	13,768
Comprehensive Sex Education	93,500
Child and Family Health Services Grant	384,732

The fund deficits in the above funds resulted from interfund liabilities due to timing issues with the reimbursement of expenses for various federal grants. The general fund is liable for the deficits in these funds and will provide advances when cash is required, not when the liability occurs.

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

As required by Ohio Revised Code, the Cuyahoga County Auditor is the fiscal agent of the District. The District's cash pool, used by all funds, is deposited with the Cuyahoga County Treasurer. The cash pool is commingled with Cuyahoga County's cash and investment pool and is not identifiable as to demand deposits or investments. All collections are remitted to the Cuyahoga County Treasurer for deposit and all disbursements are made by warrants prepared by the Cuyahoga County Auditor drawn on deposits held in the name of Cuyahoga County. Deposits and deposit risk and investments and investment risk are presented in the December 31, 2008 Cuyahoga County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The fund balances are expressed in cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are available for immediate expenditure or liquid investments which are immediately marketable, have negligible credit risk, and mature within three months. The carrying amount of cash on deposit with the Cuyahoga County Treasurer at December 31, 2008 was \$3,988,463. The District also had fully collateralized immunization and flexible benefit checking accounts with year-end balances of \$1,956 and \$25,158, respectively, and petty cash of \$550.

Note 7 – Subdivision Revenue

The cities, villages and townships that receive services from the District, contribute to the operations of the District. The County Auditor assesses each subdivision their share of the operating cost, which is calculated by the District and received through property tax collections. When the County Auditor disburses property tax to the subdivision, the appropriate deduction is made on the subdivision settlement and transmitted to the District.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. The Pool provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

PEP retains casualty risks up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to an aggregate of \$10,000,000. The District can elect additional coverage, from \$3,000,000 to \$13,000,000, General Reinsurance Corporation.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Property Coverage

The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for a specific loss exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined PEP members' total insurable values. If the stop-loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2008 was \$2,976,651.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective PEP member.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three years.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2008 and 2007:

	2008	2007
Assets	\$35,769,535	\$37,560,071
Liabilities	(15,310,206)	(17,340,825)
Retained Earnings	\$20,459,329	\$20,219,246

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, the liabilities noted above include approximately \$14.1 million and \$15.9 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$12.9 and \$15.0 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 445 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2008, and 443 member governments in 2007, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The District's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$78,388. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the District terminates participation.

The expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

	Contributions
Year	to PEP
2005	45,184
2006	43,104
2007	41,266
2008	39,194

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined PEP provided they give written notice to PEP 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no future obligation to the pool. Also, upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to withdrawal.

The District insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

<u>Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

Plan Description - The Cuyahoga County District Board of Health participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the combined plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the traditional pension plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member-directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional pension and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2008, members in state and local classifications contributed 10.0 percent of covered payroll and public safety and law enforcement members contributed 10.1 percent.

The District's contribution rate for 2008 was 14.0 percent of covered payroll. The District's contribution equal to 7.0 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment health care plan. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined. State statute sets a maximum contribution rate for the District of 14.0 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District has made all required contributions through December 31, 2008.

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description – OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan for qualifying members of both the traditional and combined pension plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care. The plan includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the traditional and combined plans must have ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The post-employment health care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional and combined plans is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2008, State and local government employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of covered payroll (17.4 percent for public safety and law enforcement). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding post-employment health care benefits. For 2008, the amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund post-employment health care was 7.0 percent of covered payroll.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits by the retiree or the retiree's surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

<u>Note 11 – Operating Lease</u>

The District entered into an operating lease with ImagePro, Limited in February 2007, for the purpose of leasing a business color digital copier/printer/fax machine. This is a cancelable lease that is paid quarterly. The District pays \$1,238 per quarter. For 2008, the District paid rental costs of \$6,188.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Note 12 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2008, consisted of the following:

Transfers To	General	
Major Fund:		
Lead Prevention Program	\$85,010	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Nonpoint Source Implementation	37,802	
Tobacco Reduction	420	
Watershed Program	60,437	
Aging Grant	13,587	
Matter of Balance	10,689	
Total	\$207,945	

The transfers from the general fund to the lead prevention program major fund for \$85,010 and to the non-major special revenue funds for \$122,935 were made to support programs and projects in those funds.

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

CUYAHOGA COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH CUYAHOGA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the State Department of Health:			
07/08 Breast & Cervical Cancer Project 08/09 Breast & Cervical Cancer Project 07/08 Public Health Infrastructure 08/09 Public Health Infrastructure	93.283 93.283 93.283 93.283	01810012BC0108 01810014BC0209 01810012PI0108 01810012PI0209	179,243 104,410 889,720 <u>201,250</u> 1,374,622
2007 Immunization Action Plan 2008 Immunization Action Plan	93.268 93.268	18-1-001-2-AZ-07 01810012IM0108	60,631 230,361 290,993
07/08 OPTIONS Regional Referral 08/09 OPTIONS Regional Referral 07/08 Child Family Health Services Program 08/09 Child Family Health Services Program	93.994 93.994 93.994 93.994	01810011DO0108 01810011DO0209 01810011MC0108 01810011MC0209	5,907 7,435 695,655 273,066 982,063
2007 Cardiovascular Health 2008 Cardiovascular Health 2007 Injury Prevention 2008 Injury Prevention	93.991 93.991 93.991 93.991	18-1-001-2-ED-07 01810014CH0209 18-1-001-2-EE-07 01810014IP0209	20,041 124,390 1,859 <u>34,015</u> 180,306
07/08 CDC Lead Program 08/09 CDC Lead Program	93.197 93.197	01810011LD0108 01810011LD0209	41,870 34,458 76,328
08/09 Pandemic Influenza Initiative B	93.069	01810012BP0109	<u>46</u> 46
Passed Through the National Association of County and City Health Officials 07/08 NACCHO Medical Reserve Corps	93.008	N/A	7,000
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,911,358
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct			
04/07 Lead-Based Paint Hazard In Housing 07/10 Lead-Based Paint Hazard In Housing	14.900 14.900	N/A N/A	509 <u>422,623</u> 423,132
06/09 Healthy Homes Demonstration	14.901	N/A	<u>346,355</u> 346,355
2007/2010 Lead Hazard Reduction	14.905	N/A	420,843 420,843
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,190,330

CUYAHOGA COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH CUYAHOGA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES CONT'D. FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Passed Through the State Environmental Protection Agency			
06/09 Nonpoint Source Implementation 08/09 Nonpoint Source Implementation Supplemental	66.460 66.460	C9975500006 C9-975500006-0	304,997 3,895 308,892
07/08 Tinkers Creek Wetland Survey	66.461	CD-00E20501-0	<u>31,519</u> 31,519
Passed Through the State Department of Health 2008 Bathing Beaches	66.472	N/A	<u>48,145</u> 48,145
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			388,556
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Passed Through the State Department of Natural Resources			
06/07 Mill Creek Watershed Action Plan	11.419	M363306-8	<u>3,900</u> 3,900
2007/2010 ODNR Tinkers Creek	66.460	N/A	<u>23,780</u> 23,780
Total National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration			27,680
Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control Passed through the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry			
08/09 East Cleveland Health & Development Initiative	93.161	N/A	<u> </u>
Total Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control			13,768
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$4,531,692

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Health District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

CFDA – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

N/A – Not applicable.

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County 5550 Venture Drive Parma, Ohio 44130

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more than inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated August 4, 2009.

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2008-001.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 4, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Cuyahoga County 5550 Venture Drive Parma, Ohio 44130

To the Board of Trustees:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Cuyahoga County District Board of Health, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2008. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Cuyahoga County District Board of Health complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Cuyahoga County District Board of Health Lorain County Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more than inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Trustees, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 4, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2008

(d)(1)(i)Type of Financial Statement OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(ii)Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?No(d)(1)(ii)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?No(d)(1)(iii)Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?Yes(d)(1)(iv)Was there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(v)Type of Major Programs' Compliance OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure – CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program – CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation – CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others(d)(1)(x)Low Risk Auditee?No	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
Image: Second	(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?Yes(d)(1)(iii)Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?Yes(d)(1)(iv)Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(v)Type of Major Programs' Compliance OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure - CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program - CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation - CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(vii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(ii)	reported at the financial statement level	No
Image: Note of Major Programs (list):No(d)(1)(vi)Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(v)Type of Major Programs' Compliance OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure - CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program - CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation - CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(ii)	in internal control reported at the financial	
weaknesses reported for major federal programs?weaknesses reported for major federal programs?(d)(1)(iv)Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?No(d)(1)(v)Type of Major Programs' Compliance OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure - CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program - CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation - CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(iii)	noncompliance at the financial statement	Yes
in internal control reported for major federal programs?Unqualified(d)(1)(v)Type of Major Programs' Compliance OpinionUnqualified(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure – CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program – CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation – CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(iv)	weaknesses reported for major federal	No
(d)(1)(vi)Are there any reportable findings under § .510?No(d)(1)(vii)Major Programs (list):Public Health Infrastructure - CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program - CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation - CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(iv)	in internal control reported for major federal	No
§ .510?Public Health Infrastructure – CFDA #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program – CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation – CFDA #66.460(d)(1)(viii)Dollar Threshold: Type A/B ProgramsType A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs #93.283, Child Family Health Services Program – CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation – CFDA #66.460 Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(vi)		No
Type B: all others	(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	#93.283, Child Family Health Services Program – CFDA #93.994, Lead- Hazard Reduction - CFDA #14.905, Nonpoint Source Implementation –
(d)(1)(ix) Low Risk Auditee? No	(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	
	(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2008

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001 – NONCOMPLIANCE FINDING

Certification of Availability of Funds

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The <u>main</u> exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41 (D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate - If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the District can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The District has 30 days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the District.

2. Blanket Certificate – Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

3. Super Blanket Certificate – The District may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not extended beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2008 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001 – NONCOMPLIANCE FINDING (Continued)

Certification of Availability of Funds (Continued)

Thirty-nine of sixty transactions tested (65%) were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred and there was no evidence that the District followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the District's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Treasurer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the District. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the District certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the District incurs a commitment and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code to reduce the available appropriation.

Official's Response: The District acknowledges the finding and recommendation from the Auditor of State's Office. There are purchase orders for Board approved contracts and the District is planning on getting procedures in place for all other expenditures.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b)

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain :
2007-001	Certification of Availability of Funds – Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1). Expenditures were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred.	No	Reissued as Schedule of Findings item 2008- 001.
2007-002	Appropriations, Estimated Resources to the County Budget Commission	Yes	
2007-003	Expenditures Plus Encumbrances vs. Appropriations	Yes	





DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 24, 2009

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us