Jackson Township Pike County, Ohio

Regular Audit

For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2008 and 2007





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Jackson Township 21761 State Route 335 Waverly, Ohio 45690

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Jackson Township, Pike County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditor's Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditor's Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Jackson Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

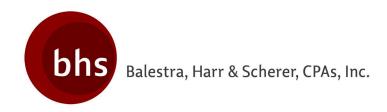
October 16, 2009



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Jackson Township Pike County 21761 State Route 335 Waverly, Ohio 45690

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Jackson Township, Pike County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require Government's to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirement. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Jackson Township, Pike County, as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

Jackson Township Pike County Independent Auditors' Report

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2009, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

July 24, 2009

Jackson Township, Pike County

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	_	General Fund	Spec	ial Revenue Fund	(Me	Total morandum Only)
Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	13,116	\$	52,512	\$	65,628
Intergovernmental		21,218		109,906		131,124
Earnings on Investments		281		115		396
Other		175		13,275		13,450
Total Receipts		34,790		175,808		210,598
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government		30,918		751		31,669
Public Safety		-		12,981		12,981
Public Works		-		110,631		110,631
Health		1,980		24,717		26,697
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		14,883		14,883
Interest and Fiscal Charges				4,651		4,651
Total Disbursements		32,898	-	168,614		201,512
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,892		7,194		9,086
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,854		95,888		98,742
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	4,746	\$	103,082	\$	107,828

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Jackson Township, Pike County

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		eneral Fund	Spec	ial Revenue Fund	,	Total morandum Only)
Receipts	Φ.	10.445	Φ.	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	Φ.	50 2 0 4
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	13,667	\$	55,537	\$	69,204
Intergovernmental		21,209		109,603		130,812
Interest		439		310		749
Other		1,179		9,196		10,375
Total Receipts		36,494		174,646		211,140
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government		36,555		6,399		42,954
Public Safety		-		21,510		21,510
Public Works		-		80,594		80,594
Health		1,114		20,360		21,474
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		20,560		20,560
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		5,582		5,582
Total Disbursements		37,669		155,005		192,674
Excess of Receipts Over / (Under) Disbursements		(1,175)		19,641		18,466
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,175)		19,641		18,466
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		4,029		76,247		80,276
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	2,854	\$	95,888	\$	98,742

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Jackson Township, Pike County, Ohio (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and cemetery maintenance. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. The basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Cash and Investment

The Township had no investments during the year.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for the proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay constructing, maintaining, and repairing township roads.

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money for constructing maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Fire Levy 2 Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money to provide fire protection for the Township residents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated Resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2008 and 2007 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisition of property, plant and equipments when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2008	2007
Demand deposits	<u>\$107,828</u>	\$98,742

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending as follows:

2008 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	udgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	F	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	41,355	\$	34,790	\$	(6,565)	
Special Revenue		189,673		175,808		(13,865)	
Total	\$	231,028	\$	210,598	\$	(20,430)	

2008 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	ropriation	В	udgetary			
Fund Type	A	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	44,094	\$	32,898	\$	11,196	
Special Revenue		213,922		168,614		45,308	
Total	\$	258,016	\$	201,512	\$	56,504	

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	udgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	F	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	47,880	\$	36,494	\$	(11,386)	
Special Revenue		240,520		174,646		(65,874)	
Total	\$	288,400	\$	211,140	\$	(77,260)	

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	propriation	В	udgetary		
Fund Type	A	uthority	Exp	penditures	V	ariance
General	\$	37,843	\$	37,669	\$	174
Special Revenue		179,846		155,005		24,841
Total	\$	217,689	\$	192,674	\$	25,015

Contrary to Ohio Law, the Township had disbursements which exceeded appropriations in the Fire Levy Funds in 2007. Also Contrary to Ohio Revised Code section 5705.36 the Township actual resources fell short of estimated resources in the General Fund, Motor Vehicle fund, Gasoline Tax fund and the Road and Bridge funds at December 31, 2008 and 2007.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due to the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
2006 Ford F550 Dump Truck	\$ 35,769	4.53%
Fire Station refunding Bonds	48,113	4.87%
Total	\$ 83,882	

The 2006 Ford F550 Dump Truck is a lease purchase agreement obtained in the 2006 for 7 years. The backhoe was obtained in 2004 for 5 years. All debt is collateralized by the equipment.

The fire station refunding bonds were issued to refund the outstanding amount of the fire station improvement bonds, which were used to finance construction of a new firehouse, and to pay additional costs of construction. The bonds are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Du	mp Truck	Fire	e Station
	Eq	uipment	Re	funding
Year Ending December 31:		Lease		Banks
2009	\$	10,096	\$	9,405
2010		10,096		9,405
2011		10,096		9,405
2012		10,096		9,405
2013		-		9,405
2014				9,406
Total	\$	40,384	\$	56,431

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

6. Retirement Systems

Township officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2008 and 2007, OPERS members contributed 10 and 9.5% respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 and 13.85%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2008.

7. Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006 the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for

each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined member' total insurable values. If the stop-loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2008 AND 2007

7. Risk Management (Continued)

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with the generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Assets	\$ 43,210,703	\$ 42,042,275
Liabilities	(13,357,837)	(12,120,661)
Retained Earnings	\$ 29,852,866	\$ 29,921,614

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$12,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, ad described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be

made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Township's contributions to OTARMA for the past three years are as follows:

Contributions to OTARMA	
2006	\$ 5,965
2007	\$ 5,404
2008	\$ 5,323

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based On an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Jackson Township Pike County 21761 State Route 335 Waverly, Ohio 45690

We have audited the financial statements of Jackson Township, Pike County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2009, wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 1 such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal controls will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2008-003.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Jackson Township

Pike County

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weakness. We believe none of the significant deficiency described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2008-001 and 2008-002.

We also noted a certain noncompliance or other matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated July 24, 2009.

We intended this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherier

July 24, 2009

JACKSON TOWNSHIP PIKE COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING 2008-001

Material Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from expending money unless it has been appropriated.

The Township had expenditures in excess of appropriations in the Fire Levy I by \$4,319 and the Fire Levy II by \$3,847 at fiscal yearend December 31, 2007.

The Township should monitor expenditures throughout the year to ensure appropriations are not exceeded.

Client Response:

We received no response from officials regarding the above findings.

FINDING 2008-002

Material Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36 (A)(2) allows all subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources and reduced amended certificates upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources. Ohio Rev. Code section 5705.36(A)(3) requires that an increased amended certificate must be obtained from the budget commission if the legislative authority intends to appropriate and expend the excess revenue. Ohio Rev. code section 5705.36(A)(4) requires that a reduced amended certificate must be obtained if the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the current level of appropriations.

During 2008 and 2007 the Township's actual resources fell short of estimated resources in the General fund, Motor Vehicle fund, Gasoline Tax fund, and the Road & Bridge fund and no amendment was obtained as required.

The Township should obtain a reduced amended certificate of estimated resources when it becomes apparent it is going to receive less than what was estimated. The Township should also monitor the effect of the reduction in relation to their appropriations and make amendment as needed.

Client Response:

We received no response from officials regarding the above findings.

JACKSON TOWNSHIP PIKE COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING 2008-003

Significant Deficiency

The Township had adjustments and reclassifications that were required to be posted to properly reflect cash receipts and cash disbursements.

The accompanying financial statements were adjusted to reflect adjustments to the following line items:

- Property and other local taxes
- Intergovernmental revenue
- Miscellaneous revenue

The aforementioned errors were the result of a lack of internal controls over financial reporting.

The Township should implement application and monitoring controls to ensure that financial statement balances are accurately and completely stated.

Client Response:

We received no response from officials regarding the above finding.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

JACKSON TOWNSHIP

PIKE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 5, 2009