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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Napoleon Area City School District Henry County 701 Briarheath Drive Napoleon, Ohio 43545-1298

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Napoleon Area City School District, Henry County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 22, on March 16, 2009 the District Board accepted the terms of a final settlement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) related to a prior questioned cost. The District will pay the EPA the sum of \$1,238,545 over a period of time starting on May 29, 2009 and concluding November 30, 2018.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Napoleon Area City School District, Henry County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Napoleon Area School District Henry County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 17, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 17, 2009

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Napoleon Area City School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- The District retired \$370,000 in general obligation bonds from amounts accumulated in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.
- In total, net assets increased \$850,922.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,641,550, or 82 percent of all revenues, and reflect the
  District's significant dependence on property taxes and unrestricted state entitlements.
  Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and operating
  grants, and contributions accounted for \$4,278,727 or 18 percent of total revenues of
  \$23,920,297.
- The District's major fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had \$20,382,545 in revenues and other financing sources and \$19,485,786 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$896,759 from the prior fiscal year.
- A five-year 7.9-mil operating levy was passed in March of 2004. This levy generates approximately 2.3 million dollars per year. The renewal of this levy was successfully passed as a continuing levy in November of 2008.
- Health insurance continues to be a concern for the District. The five year forecast projects a 7-9 percent increase annually. This trend is difficult to project for future years.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds, with all other non-major funds presented in total in a single column. For the District, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during fiscal year 2008. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to which is used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the District as a whole has increased or decreased from the prior fiscal year. Over time, these increases and/or decreases are one indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Causes for these changes may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the District discloses its governmental activities, which include all of the District's programs and services including, instruction, support services, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities. These services are primarily funded by property tax revenues and from intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. While the District uses many funds to account for its multitude of financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

#### The District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal year 2008 compared to fiscal year 2007.

#### Table 1 Net Assets Governmental Activities

COVERNMENTAL ACT	VILICO	
	2008	2007 (as restated)
Assets	-	
Current and Other Assets	\$22,700,001	\$23,550,000
Capital Assets, Net	9,788,692	10,121,816
Total Assets	32,488,693	33,671,816
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	12,562,738	14,100,267
Long-Term Liabilities	7,990,609	8,487,125
Total Liabilities	20,553,347	22,587,392
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,363,491	3,168,524
Restricted	1,677,845	1,495,700
Unrestricted	6,894,010	6,420,200
Total	\$11,935,346	\$11,084,424

Total assets decreased by \$1,183,123 (3.5 percent). This is mainly due to a decrease in capital assets and payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable. Total liabilities decreased by \$2,034,045 (9 percent). This is due to a decrease in current and long-term debt. Total net assets increased by \$850,922 due to the effect of the operating levy passed in 2004.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2008 compared to fiscal year 2007.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

Governmental Act	ivities	
	2008	2007
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,701,166	\$1,374,406
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	2,577,561	2,226,448
Total Program Revenues	4,278,727	3,600,854
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	9,634,847	10,260,908
Grants and Entitlements	9,409,688	9,517,617
Interest	469,612	466,358
Gifts and Donations	30,279	12,971
Miscellaneous	57,272	682,646
Asbestos Litigation Settlement	39,852	
Total General Revenues	19,641,550	20,940,500
Total Revenues	23,920,277	24,541,354
Program Expenses		
Instruction	13,998,392	13,631,704
Support Services:		
Pupils	1,075,818	1,195,548
Instructional Staff	332,219	357,989
Board of Education	17,780	86,994
Administration	1,639,079	1,561,733
Fiscal	656,340	646,118
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,639,992	1,765,054
Pupil Transportation	1,083,377	1,015,357
Central	512,452	329,148
Non-Instructional	907,731	924,135
Extracurricular Activities	856,371	803,895
Interest and Fiscal Charges	349,804	352,827
Total Expenses	23,069,355	22,670,502
Increase in Net Assets	\$850,922	\$1,870,852
110.0000 11.1101.100010	Ψ000,022	Ψ1,070,002

Total revenues decreased by \$621,077 (2.7 percent) due to the loss of state funding due to a decrease in student enrollment and the phase out of the personal property tax.

Program revenues account for 18 percent of total revenues and are primarily represented by restricted intergovernmental revenues, charges for tuition and fees, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

Total expenditures increased by \$398,853 (2 percent).

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The major program expenses for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 61 percent of all governmental expenses. Other programs, which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff and pupil transportation, account for 11 percent of governmental expenses. Therefore, over 72 percent of the District's expenses are related to the primary functions of providing facilities and delivering education. As can be seen, these costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes and grants and entitlements.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2008	2008	2007	2007
Instruction	\$13,998,392	\$11,240,651	\$13,631,704	\$11,182,506
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,075,818	799,762	1,195,548	937,931
Instructional Staff	332,219	323,602	357,989	346,801
Board of Education	17,780	17,780	86,994	86,994
Administration	1,639,079	1,631,785	1,561,733	1,554,371
Fiscal	656,340	656,340	646,118	646,118
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,639,992	1,631,334	1,765,054	1,760,754
Pupil Transportation	1,083,377	1,021,328	1,015,357	965,182
Central	512,452	497,452	329,148	314,148
Non-Instructional	907,731	100,578	924,135	450,014
Extracurricular Activities	856,371	520,212	803,895	472,002
Interest and Fiscal Charges	349,804	349,804	352,827	352,827
Total Expenses	\$23,069,355	\$18,790,628	\$22,670,502	\$19,069,648

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 80 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 81 percent. It is apparent that the community, as a whole, is the primary support for the District's students.

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's major government fund is the General Fund. General Fund revenues decreased by 2 percent due to a decrease in enrollment and the phase out of the personal property tax. General Fund expenditures decreased by 2 percent. The General Fund balance increased by \$896,759 in 2008 due primarily to the District's levy and the changing of insurance plans by all employee groups in the District.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

General Fund final and original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$20,603,658 and \$21,118,500, which decreased \$514,842 (2 percent). The decrease was primarily due to lower than anticipated enrollment and personal property tax reimbursement monies. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$20,603,330. This represents a decrease of \$328 (less than 1 percent).

General Fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$20,352,402 were increased to \$20,714,235 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$20,178,580, which was \$535,655 (3 percent) less than the final budget appropriations. The District over appropriates in case significant, unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year, or as the District's reserves dwindle.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$9,788,692 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for governmental activities, a decrease of 3 percent from the beginning of the year.

For further information regarding the District's capital assets, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Debt**

At June 30, 2008, the District's long term obligations, which include general obligation bonds, energy conservation and non-interest bearing notes and compensated absences, were \$7,990,609, down 6 percent from the end of fiscal year 2007. This is due in large part to the scheduled annual debt service payments as well as senior staff retiring.

At June 30, 2008, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$20,175,738, with an unvoted debt margin of \$265,340.

For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Current Issues**

The District's facilities are kept in good condition with the use of Permanent Improvement funds. Approximately \$500,000 per year is generated from the 2 mil continuing levy. This money is used to maintain the District facilities, to purchase 2 buses per year and to update technology.

The District is a rural community experiencing little growth. Our enrollment has declined over the past two years. The size of the District makes open enrollment a concern. Each year the District loses approximately \$750,000 to open enrollment.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 UNAUDITED (Continued)

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Michael R. Bostelman, Treasurer, Napoleon Area City School District, 701 Briarheath Drive, Suite 108, Napoleon, Ohio 43545-1298.

#### Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,352,117
Materials and Supplies Inventory		166,282
Accrued Interest Receivable		49,324
Accounts Receivable		369
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		1,007,922
Intergovernmental Receivable		82,301
Taxes Receivable		10,860,958
Unamortized Bond Costs		180,728
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		254,016
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		9,534,676
Total Assets	_	32,488,693
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		146,586
Accrued Wages and Benefits		2,000,788
Intergovernmental Payable		408,630
Accrued Interest Payable		18,212
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		26,814
Deferred Revenue		9,961,708
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		768,549
Due in More Than One Year		7,222,060
Total Liabilities		20,553,347
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		3,363,491
Restricted for Debt Service		813,915
Restricted for Capital Outlay		611,808
Restricted for Other Purposes		252,122
Unrestricted	_	6,894,010
Total Net Assets	\$	11,935,346

## Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

				Program F	Assets	
			_	Charges for	Operating Grants	
				Services and	and	Governmental
		Expenses		Sales	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities	_	Expenses	_	Guico		71011711100
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	8,220,214	\$	833,731 \$	117,186 \$	(7,269,297)
Special	Ψ	4,043,805	Ψ	σσσ, εστ. φ	1,758,007	(2,285,798)
Vocational		241,581			48,817	(192,764)
Other		1,492,792			.0,0	(1,492,792)
Support Services:		.,,				( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Pupils		1,075,818			276,056	(799,762)
Instructional Staff		332,219			8,617	(323,602)
Board of Education		17,780			-,-	(17,780)
Administration		1,639,079			7,294	(1,631,785)
Fiscal		656,340			,	(656,340)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,639,992		8,658		(1,631,334)
Pupil Transportation		1,083,377		,	62,049	(1,021,328)
Central		512,452			15,000	(497,452)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		907,731		522,618	284,535	(100,578)
Extracurricular Activities		856,371		336,159		(520,212)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		349,804				(349,804)
Totals	\$	23,069,355	\$	1,701,166 \$	2,577,561	(18,790,628)
	Ge	eneral Revenues:				
	Ta	xes:				
		Property Taxes, L	.evi	ed for General Purpo	ses	8,694,812
		Property Taxes, L	.evi	ed for Capital Outlay		413,000
		Property Taxes, L	.evi	ed for Debt Service		527,035
	Gı	ants and Entitleme	ents	s not Restricted to Sp	ecific Programs	9,409,688
	Gi	fts and Donations				30,279
	In	estment Earnings	;			469,612
	Mi	scellaneous				57,272
	As	bestos Litigation S	Settl	lement		39,852
	To	tal General Reven	nues	S		19,641,550
	Cł	nange in Net Asset	ts			850,922
		-	_	f Year (As Restated)		11,084,424
	Ne	et Assets End of Yo	ear		\$	11,935,346

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	<del>-</del>	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,884,444	\$	2,416,336	\$ 10,300,780
Materials and Supplies Inventory		139,418		26,864	166,282
Accrued Interest Receivable		49,324			49,324
Accounts Receivable				369	369
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		957,526		50,396	1,007,922
Interfund Receivable		674,139			674,139
Intergovernmental Receivable				82,301	82,301
Taxes Receivable		9,849,766		1,011,192	10,860,958
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		51,337			51,337
Total Assets	=	19,605,954		3,587,458	23,193,412
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable		101,346		45,240	146,586
Accounts Fayable Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,848,801		151,987	2,000,788
Interfund Payable		1,040,001		674,139	674,139
Interrund r ayable Intergovernmental Payable		360,278		48,352	408,630
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		26,814		40,332	26,814
Deferred Revenue		10,224,416		1,024,159	11,248,575
Total Liabilities	-	12,561,655		1,943,877	14,505,532
Total Liabilities	-	12,301,033		1,945,077	14,505,552
Fund Balances					
Reserved for Encumbrances		521,558		41,450	563,008
Reserved for Inventory		139,418		26,864	166,282
Reserved for Advances		674,139			674,139
Reserved for Property Taxes		582,876		66,758	649,634
Reserved for Budget Stabilization		51,337			51,337
Unreserved, Designated:					
Designated for Budget Stabilization		200,815			200,815
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund		4,874,156			4,874,156
Special Revenue Funds				175,355	175,355
Debt Service Funds				781,305	781,305
Capital Projects Funds	_		_	551,849	551,849
Total Fund Balances		7,044,299		1,643,581	8,687,880
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,605,954	\$	3,587,458	\$ 23,193,412

## Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances		;	\$ 8,687,880
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.			9,788,692
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivble Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable	\$	1,007,922 29,329 249,616	
		_	1,286,867
Unamortized Bond Costs			180,728
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds: Accrued Interest Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable		(18,212) (6,600,029)	
Compensated Absences Payable	_	(1,390,580)	(0.000.004)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		;	\$ (8,008,821) 11,935,346

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

				All Other Governmental		Total Governmental
Davisson	_	General Fund	_	Funds		Funds
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	8,557,922	œ	926,936	Ф	9,484,858
Intergovernmental	φ	10,063,149	φ	1,919,127	φ	11,982,276
Interest		444,641		24,971		469,612
Tuition and Fees		752,546		81,185		833,731
Rent		3,558		5,100		8,658
Extracurricular Activities		3,330		336,159		336,159
Gifts and Donations				30,279		30,279
Customer Sales and Services		56,936		457,783		514,719
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		482,182		25,378		507,560
Miscellaneous		21,198		34,589		55,787
Total Revenues	_	20,382,132	-	3,841,507		24,223,639
Expenditures			_			
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		7,587,489		314,157		7,901,646
Special		3,312,995		714,201		4,027,196
Vocational		254,157		,		254,157
Other		1,492,792				1,492,792
Support Services:						
Pupils		726,742		386,552		1,113,294
Instructional Staff		320,371		11,102		331,473
Board of Education		17,780				17,780
Administration		1,600,738		20,034		1,620,772
Fiscal		611,179		38,773		649,952
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,496,008		66,717		1,562,725
Pupil Transportation		1,004,343		114,613		1,118,956
Central		387,097		115,207		502,304
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				897,902		897,902
Extracurricular Activities		423,757		384,999		808,756
Capital Outlay				28,543		28,543
Debt Service: Principal				648,052		648,052
Interest				237,205		237,205
Total Expenditures	_	19,235,448	_	3,978,057		23,213,505
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	1,146,684	_	(136,550)		1,010,134
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)						
Transfers In		28		250,338		250,366
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		385		1,100		1,485
Asbestos Litigation Settlement				39,852		39,852
Transfers Out	_	(250,338)	_	(28)		(250,366)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	(249,925)	_	291,262		41,337
Net Change in Fund Balances		896,759		154,712		1,051,471
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		6,147,540	_	1,488,869		7,636,409
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ =	7,044,299	\$ =	1,643,581	\$	8,687,880

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	1,051,471
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current year.  Capital Outlay - Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 319,202		
Depreciation	(640,655)		(321,453)
The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital asset account on the statement of net assets and is offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities.			(321,433)
(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets			(11,671)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds:  Delinquent Property Tax Intergovernmental Customer Sales and Services Payment in Lieu of Taxes	149,989 4,973 7,899 (507,560)		(344,699)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the			(344,099)
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statements of activities.			648,052
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(112,599)		
Compensated Absences Payable	(58,179)	_	(170,778)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ _	850,922

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	_(	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	9,015,000 \$	8,774,881 \$	8,774,881 \$	
Intergovernmental		10,569,000	10,063,150	10,063,149	(1)
Interest		320,000	444,500	444,452	(48)
Tuition and Fees		524,000	752,546	752,546	
Rent		5,000	3,720	3,558	(162)
Customer Sales and Services		56,500	56,936	56,936	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		482,182	482,182	482,182	
Miscellaneous	_	140,318	18,855	18,771	(84)
Total Revenues	_	21,112,000	20,596,770	20,596,475	(295)
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular		8,097,384	7,922,409	7,767,662	154,747
Special		3,356,755	3,759,869	3,746,224	13,645
Vocational		274,182	265,251	255,750	9,501
Other		1,285,000	1,509,792	1,492,792	17,000
Support Services:					
Pupils		833,152	783,992	744,849	39,143
Instructional Staff		368,211	344,359	330,407	13,952
Board of Education		61,306	61,306	55,186	6,120
Administration		1,683,361	1,630,261	1,599,004	31,257
Fiscal		641,788	637,380	613,623	23,757
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,614,971	1,633,084	1,509,724	123,360
Pupil Transportation		1,032,323	1,079,997	1,025,002	54,995
Central		436,984	403,844	373,981	29,863
Extracurricular Activities		420,985	421,353	414,023	7,330
Total Expenditures		20,106,402	20,452,897	19,928,227	524,670
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	1,005,598	143,873	668,248	524,375
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		500	385	385	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		6,000	2,475	2,442	(33)
Transfers In			28	28	
Advances In			4,000	4,000	
Transfers Out		(235,000)	(250,338)	(250,338)	
Advances Out		(8,000)	(8,000)		8,000
Refund of Prior Year Receipts		(3,000)	(3,000)	(15)	2,985
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(239,500)	(254,450)	(243,498)	10,952
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	766,098	(110,577)	424,750	535,327
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		6,611,435	6,611,435	6,611,435	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		336,517	336,517	336,517	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	7,714,050 \$	6,837,375 \$	7,372,702 \$	535,327

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2008

		Private			
		Purpose Trust		Agency Fund	
Assets Current Assets:	¢	26.860	Ф	05 700	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$	26,869 26,869	Ф	85,780 85,780	
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Undistributed Monies Total Liabilities				85,780 85,780	
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships Total Net Assets	\$	26,869 26,869	\$		

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<u> P</u> :	Private urpose Trust
Additions		
Gifts and Contributions	\$	24,115
Interest		484
Total Additions		24,599
Deductions		
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements		9,842
Total Deductions		9,842
Change in Net Assets		14,757
Net Assets Beginning of Year		12,112
Net Assets End of Year	\$	26,869

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Napoleon Area City School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city school district as defined by 3311.02 of Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District is the 250<sup>th</sup> largest in the State of Ohio (among 612 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 84 classified employees and 159 certified teaching personnel, who provide services to 2,167 students and other community members. The Board of Education oversees the operations of the District's five instructional and support facilities.

#### The Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units. The following organizations are not part of the reporting entity and are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

Non-Public Schools - Within the city boundaries, non-public schools are operated by religious organizations. Current state legislation provides funding to these non-public schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public schools by the Treasurer of the District. The accounting for these school operations is reflected as part of the special revenue funds of the District.

The District is associated with nine organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations, group purchasing pools or related organizations. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), Northern Buckeye Educational Council, Four County Career Center, the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., CANWO, NBEC Employee Insurance Benefits Program, the NBEC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Schools of Ohio risk Sharing Authority, and the Napoleon Public Library. Information about these organizations is presented in Notes 17, 18, and 19 to the basic financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The General Fund is the District's only major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's trust funds are private purpose trusts, which account for programs that provide college scholarships to students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for various student managed activity.

#### C. Measurement Focus

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### F. Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, the District invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at cost, except STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2008.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$444,641, which includes \$120,371 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

#### G. Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food, purchased food and school supplies held for resale and are expensed. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure when purchased.

#### H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributor's grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

#### I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$2,500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements with a cost in excess of \$15,000 are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during construction of capital assets is also not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	10- 20 years
Buildings	30 - 50 years
Building Improvements	10 - 40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years

#### J. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets.

#### K. Compensated Absences

The District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, the District accrues vacation as earned by its employees if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Likewise, the District accrues for sick pay benefits as earned by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future. These compensated absences are measured using the rates in effect at June 30, 2008.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

Net assets restricted for other purposes include activities for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for inventory, long-term interfund advances, property taxes, budget stabilization, and encumbrances.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents monies required to be set aside by State statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The designation for budget stabilization represents revenues set aside that exceed statutorily required amounts.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Q. Pass-Through Grants

The Preschool Disabilities Grant (recorded in special revenue funds) is a pass-through grant in which the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting or Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," the secondary recipients should report monies spent on their behalf by the primary recipient as revenue and operating expenses.

#### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2008.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 3. CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

In the prior fiscal year, the District incorrectly recorded payment in lieu of taxes receivable.

	Governmental Activities	
Net Assets, June 30, 2007	\$	9,568,942
Adjustment to restate to Net Assets: Payment in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		1,515,482
Restated June 30, 2007 Net Assets	\$	11,084,424

#### 4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and fund financial statements are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – (Continued)

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General
GAAP Basis	\$896,759
Increase (Decrease) Due To:	
Revenue Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2007, Received In Cash FY 2008	848,970
Accrued FY 2008, Not Yet Received in Cash	(634,642)
Expenditure Accruals:	
Accrued FY 2007, Paid in Cash FY 2008	(2,328,332)
Accrued FY 2008, Not Yet Paid in Cash	2,200,263
Advances Net	4,000
Encumbrances Outstanding at Year End (Budget Basis)	(562,268)
Budget Basis	\$424,750

#### 5. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

 United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 5. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND EQUIVALENTS – (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the agreement by at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible in institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met, for a period not o exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the District had \$350 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$7,035,627 of the District's bank balance of \$7,250,129 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 5. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND EQUIVALENTS – (Continued)

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had \$3,693,543 invested in STAR Ohio.

Credit Risk - STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond the requirements of state statutes.

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2007 represent the collection of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes for 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2006, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out. The assessment percentage for all property, including inventory, is 6.25. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30,

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Henry County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes, which were measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008, was \$582,876 in the General Fund, \$38,069 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$28,689 in the Capital Projects Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007, was \$799,835 in the General Fund, \$52,135 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$39,343 in the Capital Projects Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second- Half Collections		2008 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$200,477,670	71%	\$202,981,350	77%
Industrial/Commercial	40,879,280	15%	41,807,230	16%
Public Utility	5,987,580	2%	3,716,490	1%
Tangible Personal	34,371,920	12%	16,834,680	6%
Total Assessed Value	\$281,716,450	100%	\$265,339,750	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$56.70		\$56.70	

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008, consisted of property taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), Payment in Lieu of Taxes, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

	Amount
Accounts Receivable:	
All Other Governmental Funds	
Tuition and Fees	\$337
Extracurricular	12
Miscellaneous	20
Total All Accounts Receivable	\$369
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	
Receivables:	<b>^</b>
General Fund	\$957,526
Capital Project Fund	50,396
Total Payments in Lieu of taxes	
Receivable	\$1,007,922
Intergovernmental Receivables	
Title I Fund	\$63,181
Drug Free Schools Fund	8,491
Miscellaneous Federal	10,629
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$82,301

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/07	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/08
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$254,016			\$254,016
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	254,016			254,016
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	2,001,268	\$72,835		2,074,103
Buildings and Building Improvements	14,745,225			14,745,225
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,912,482	82,138	\$242,805	1,751,815
Vehicles	1,804,871	164,229	28,321	1,940,779
Totals	20,463,846	319,202	271,126	20,511,922
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	1,195,377	68,510		1,263,887
Buildings and Building Improvements	6,871,110	383,293		7,254,403
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,543,908	79,338	231,134	1,392,112
Vehicles	985,651	109,514	28,321	1,066,844
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,596,046	640,655	259,455	10,977,246
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	9,867,800	(321,453)	11,671	9,534,676
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$10,121,816	(\$321,453)	\$11,671	\$9,788,692

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$301,430
Special	465
Support Services:	
Pupils	766
Instructional Staff	1,906
Administration	4,132
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	139,995
Pupil Transportation	123,318
Central	2,537
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,056
Extracurricular	60,050
Total Depreciation Expense	\$640,655

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 9. INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2008, on the fund financial statements, Special Revenue Funds owed the General Fund \$674,139. These amounts are represented as "Interfund Receivable/Payable" on the balance sheet.

### 10. PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

The District has entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which the District has granted property tax abatements to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the District which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The property owner's contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continue until the agreement expires.

### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

### A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc., an insurance purchasing pool, (Note 18) for insurance coverage. Coverages provided are as follows:

Property (building & contents)	\$47,527,998
Automobile Liability	6,000,000
Educators' Legal Liability	6,000,000
Crime Coverage	50,000
General Liability:	
Per Occurrence	6,000,000
General Annual Aggregate	8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

### B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (the Program), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of school districts within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties and other eligible governmental entities (Note 18). The District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance plans. Northern Buckeye Education Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement for the Program provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Program, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

### C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the Plan is limited to educational entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

#### 12. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

#### A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853, or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$231,501, \$264,350 and \$248,379, respectively; 54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2008 is \$163,584.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 12. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS – (Continued)

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member.

A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2007, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$1,304,063, \$1,250,622, and \$1,282,013, respectively; 85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2008 is \$213,104.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 12. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS – (Continued)

### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2008, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

#### 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$105,641, \$103,463, and \$98,224, respectively; 54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$16,680, \$16,336, and \$15,509, respectively; 54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

### B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$100,313, \$96,202, and \$98,616, respectively; 85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

### 14. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Clerical, Technical, and Maintenance and Operation employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 5 to 20 days. Employees with less than one year of service earn one vacation day per month worked, not to exceed five days. Certain employees are permitted to carry over vacation leave earned in the current year into the next year.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 14. COMPENSATED ABSENCES – (Continued)

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to a teacher upon retirement is limited to 25% of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 50 days. The amount paid to an administrator upon retirement is limited to 25% of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 51.25 days. The amount paid to the superintendent or Treasurer upon retirement is limited to 30% of the accumulated sick leave. The amount paid to a classified employee upon retirement is limited to 25% of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 50 days. The amount paid to a supervisor upon retirement is limited to 25% of the accumulated sick leave with a minimum of 5 years of service upon retirement is limited to 25% of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 51.25 days.

At June 30, 2008, the current amount of matured compensated absences in all funds was \$26,814. The amount of long-term compensated absences in all funds was \$1,390,580.

#### 15. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the following changes occurred in obligations reported in the Government-Wide financial statements:

	Balance at 6/30/07	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/08	Due Within One Year
1996 General Obligation Bonds	\$610,051	\$114,061		\$724,112	
2005 Advance Refunding General Obligation Bonds	3,170,000		\$370,000	2,800,000	\$395,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	201,432		20,704	180,728	20,704
Tax Anticipation Note	480,300		41,521	438,779	43,414
Energy Conservation Loan 2006	1,967,815		104,690	1,863,125	109,173
EPA Asbestos Loan	725,126		131,841	593,285	131,841
Total Long-Term Debt	7,154,724	114,061	668,756	6,600,029	700,132
Compensated Absences	1,332,401	58,179		1,390,580	68,417
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$8,487,125	\$172,240	\$668,756	\$7,990,609	\$768,549

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 15. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

Total expenditures for interest for the above debt for the period ended June 30, 2008 was \$349,804. The scheduled payments of principal and interest on debt outstanding at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$700,132	\$218,537	\$918,669
2010	634,718	282,571	917,289
2011	608,873	311,886	920,759
2012	587,019	337,146	924,165
2013	687,624	169,308	856,932
2014-2018	2,846,535	392,107	3,238,642
2019-2022	535,128	36,332	571,460
Total	\$6,600,029	\$1,747,887	\$8,347,916

### **General Obligation Bonds 1996**

The 1996 general obligation bonds were issued in December 1996 for the purpose of renovating, repairing, and improving existing school buildings and facilities. The bonds consist of \$5,905,000 in current interest bonds (\$2,785,000 issued as serial bonds and \$3,120,000 as term bonds) and \$109,456 capital appreciation bonds. On March 23, 2005, the District issued general obligation advance refunding bonds. The bonds consist of \$3,325,000 serial bonds. This bond issue retired \$655,000 of serial bonds from the 1996 issue. In addition, all the 1996 term bonds were retired.

The capital appreciation bonds after the advance refunding bond issue were issued in the aggregate original principal amount of \$109,456 and mature on December 1, in the years, have the original principal amounts and mature with the accreted values at maturity, as follows:

Maturity Date	Original Principal Amount	Accreted Value at Maturity
2009	\$42,056	\$350,000
2010	36,217	355,000
2011	31,183	360,000

The value of the capital appreciation bonds reported in the Government Entity Wide Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2008, was \$724,112. The annual accretion of interest is based on the straight-line method. Total accreted interest of \$614,656 has been included in the value. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

### Advance Refunding Bonds - 2005

Proceeds from the outstanding bonds were used for the purpose of refunding a portion of general obligation improvement and construction bonds, dated December 19, 1996. The refunded debt is considered defeased and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 15. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

The refunding bonds were issued on March 23, 2005. The bonds consisted of \$3,325,000 in current interest serial bonds.

The refunding bonds outstanding are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service Fund. The source of payment is derived from a current tax levy.

The current interest bonds shall bear interest at the rates per year and will mature December 1 in the principal amounts and on the following dates:

	Principal	
<b>Maturity Date</b>	Amount	Interest Rate
2008	\$395,000	2.850%
2009	50,000	3.000%
2010	50,000	3.125%
2011	50,000	3.250%
2012	420,000	5.000%
2013	450,000	5.000%
2014	480,000	5.000%
2015	510,000	5.000%
2016	395,000	5.000%

These bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The Asbestos Loan was entered into by the District and the United States Environmental Protection Agency during 1994 for \$2,373,141. This loan is interest free. A semi-annual payment of \$65,921 is required to be made by the District until May 2013.

The Energy Conservation notes were issued in 2006 for \$2,060,000. The interest rate on the notes is 4.2 percent. The final maturity of this issuance is July 10, 2021.

The Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation note was issued in 2006 for \$500,000. The interest rate on the note is 4.51 percent. The final maturity of this issuance is July 16, 2016.

#### 16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. For fiscal year 2008, only the unspent portion of certain workers compensation refunds is required to be set-aside at fiscal year end. The balance no longer required by statute for budget stabilization was designated by the District to be used for budget stabilization.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES – (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2007	(\$865,057)		\$51,337
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	335,706	\$335,706	
Current Year Offsets	(100,647)	(316,958)	
Qualifying Disbursements	(446,525)	(96,206)	
Total	(1,076,523)	(77,458)	51,337
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2009	(\$1,076,523)		\$51,337

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbook and other instructional materials set-aside to below zero, which may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years.

#### 17. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$15,653. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### B. Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among various educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Total disbursements made by the District to NBEC during this fiscal year were \$126,582. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 17. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

### C. Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center - one each from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams and one additional representative; one representative from each of the city districts; and one representative from each of the exempted village districts. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Total disbursements made by the District to Four County Career Center during this fiscal year were \$1,000. To obtain financial information write to the Four County Career Center, Jennifer Bonner, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### D. CANWO

The CANWO was established July 1, 1998 to foster cooperation toward joint training and other joint activities of mutual interest among certain educational entities located in Northwest Ohio. CANWO is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by representatives of the member educational entities. CANWO is governed by a management council consisting of a representative appointed from each participating member educational entity.

The Treasurer of the Northern Buckeye Education Council has been designated fiscal agent for CANWO. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer of the Northern Buckeye Education Council, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area of Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Total disbursements made by the District to NOERC during this fiscal year were \$300. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 18. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

### A. NBEC Employee Insurance Benefits Program

Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (the Pool) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. The Pool is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NBEC for employee insurance benefits during this fiscal year were \$2,159,364. Financial information can be obtained from Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### B. NBEC Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The WCGRP is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and the participating members of the WCGRP. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the program. During this fiscal year, the District paid an enrollment fee of \$2,336 to the WCGRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

### C. Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), which was established in 2002 pursuant to Articles of Incorporation filed under Chapter 1702 of the Ohio Revised Code – Non-Profit Corporations and functioning under authority granted by § 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA's purpose is to provide a joint self-insurance pool and to assist member school districts in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to property and persons that might result in claims being made against members of SORSA, their employees or officers. The District paid \$74,147 for these services to SORSA in fiscal year 2008.

A nine-person Board of Directors manages the business and affairs of SORSA and is elected annually by the members of the pool. The Board of Directors consists of Superintendents, Treasurers, or Business Managers from the participating school districts. Willis Pooling administers the pool and Frank Gates Service Company manages the claims. Financial information can be obtained from Willis Pooling, 655 Metro Place South, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

#### 19. RELATED ORGANIZATION

### Napoleon Public Library

The Napoleon Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Napoleon Area City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires, and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Napoleon Public Library, John Yeager, Clerk/Treasurer, at 310 West Clinton Street, Napoleon, Ohio 43545.

### 20. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the following transfers in and out occurred:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$28	\$250,338
Other Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds		
Title VI		28
Lunchroom Fund	50,000	
EMIS Fund	15,000	
Capital Project Funds		
Building Fund	185,338	
Totals	\$250,366	\$250,366

Transfers were made to move unrestricted balances from the General Fund to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

### 21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state, and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability to the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2008, except as disclosed in Note 22.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Inspector General of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, (EPA) issued a final audit report on January 11, 2001, questioning \$4,017,412 of costs for an asbestos abatement project funded by a grant and loan to the District. On March 16, 2009, the Board of Education accepted the terms of a final settlement with the EPA where the District will pay the EPA the sum of \$1,238,545 in satisfaction of this obligation. When the final agreement is signed the obligation will be paid on a graduated basis starting on May 29, 2009, with the final installment being made on November 30, 2018. The parties agreed that interest will not be assessed against the unpaid principal amount unless the District fails to make a payment as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$47,208	\$47,208
National School Lunch Program	10.555		
Cash assistance		245,562	245,562
Non-cash Assistance (Food Distribution)		109,857	109,857
Total - National School Lunch Program		355,419	355,419
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		402,627	402,627
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	302,254	305,036
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grant	84.186	8,961	9,499
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	5,929	5,920
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	4,447	5,262
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	86,674	83,172
Total U.S. Department of Education		408,265	408,889
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE		\$810,892	\$811,516

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE.

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

### **NOTE B - FOOD SERVICE PROGRAMS**

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Napoleon Area City School District Henry County 701 Briarheath Drive Napoleon, Ohio 43545-1298

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Napoleon Area City School District, Henry County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2009 wherein we noted on March 16, 2009, the District accepted the terms of a final settlement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency for an obligation in the amount of \$1,238,545. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246
Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484

Napoleon Area City School District Henry County Independent accountant's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 17, 2009.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain noncompliance matter that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 17, 2009.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 17, 2009



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Napoleon Area City School District Henry County 701 Briarheath Drive Napoleon, Ohio 43545-1298

To the Board of Education:

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Napoleon Area City District, Henry County (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Napoleon Area City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Napoleon Area City School District
Henry County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

March 17, 2009

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies CFDA 84.010 Nutrition Cluster CFDA 10.553/10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2008

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2007-001	Monitoring Financial statements	Yes	N/A



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

### NAPOLEON AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HENRY COUNTY

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 9, 2009