Village of Ripley Brown County, Ohio

Regular Audit

January 1, 2005, through December 31, 2007 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2007, 2006 and 2005





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Village Council Village of Ripley 123 Water Works Road Ripley, Ohio 45167

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Ripley, Brown County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditor's Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditor's Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Ripley is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

June 15, 2009



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Independent Auditor's Report

Village of Ripley Brown County 123 Water Works Rd. Ripley, Ohio 45167

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Ripley, Brown County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying 2007, 2006 and 2005 financial statements present receipts and disbursements by totals only. Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-02 (A) requires governments to classify receipt and disbursement transactions, however, the amounts in the receipts and appropriations ledgers, as presented, were not in agreement with the Village's cash journal.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Village's larger (i.e., major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards require us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, or its changes in financial position or cash flow for the years then ended.

Village of Ripley Brown County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Also, in our opinion, because of the effect of the matters discussed in a preceding paragraph regarding the omission of receipt and disbursement classifications, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balance of the Village of Ripley, Brown County, as of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The Village has not presented Management's Discussion & Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2008, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

September 30, 2008

VILLAGE OF RIPLEY BROWN COUNTY, OHIO

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Balance 1/1/2007		Receipts			Balance 12/31/2007	
General	\$ 15,84	19 \$	563,711	\$	480,466	\$	99.094
Special Revenue:							
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	9,69	9	175,873		151,375		34,197
State Highway Improvement	7,66	50	7,836		2,416		13,080
Cemetary	2,31	2	15,160		19,103		(1.631)
Fire	(4,04	10)	160,496		152,078		4,378
Trees for Park	24	13	-		73		170
Education and Enforcement	2,42	24	236		75		2,585
Drug Law Enforcement	11,12		10,498		7,313		14,309
Liberty Monument	2,87	71	551		1,094		2.328
Total Special Revenue	32,29	93	370,650		333.527		69.416
Permanent:							
Perpetual Care	150,73	35	1,438		100		152.073
Enterprise:							
Water	11.96	54	409.705		205.285		216.384
Sewer	123,50)9	486,193		284.925		324,777
Electric	998,74	14	1,867,762		1,946,021		920,485
Meter Deposits	145,88	32	29,075		29,473		145.484
Garbage	35,29		142,370		134.747		42.913
Enterprise Improvement WWTP	7,39		299,126		299.126		7.395
Enterprise Improvement WTP	(2,63		1,318,885		1.407.468		(91.216)
Total Enterprise	1,320,13		4,553,116		4,307,045		1,566,222
Agency							
Mayor's Court	4.92	26	91.958		92,835		4,049
iviayoi s Court			71,730		72,633		4,049
Total All Funds:	1,523,95	54	5,580,873		5,213,973		1,890,854

 ${\it The \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ this \ statement.}$

VILLAGE OF RIPLEY BROWN COUNTY, OHIO

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

		lance /2006	I	Receipts	Dish	oursements_	Balance /31/2006
General	\$	6,792	\$	495,801	\$	486,744	\$ 15,849
Special Revenue:							
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		30,216		166,614		187,131	9,699
State Highway Improvement		7,246		16,204		15,790	7,660
Cemetary		2,712		23,466		23,866	2,312
Fire		765		161,285		166,090	(4.040)
Trees for Park		243		-		-	243
Education and Enforcement		2,124		300		-	2,424
Drug Law Enforcement		8,530		5,411		2,817	11,124
Liberty Monument		2,591		312		32	 2.871
Total Special Revenue		54,427		373,592		395,726	32.293
Permanent:							
Perpetual Care		147,965		2,770		<u>-</u>	150.735
Enterprise:							
Water		83.793		226.538		298 367	11.964
Sewer		152,031		416,039		444.561	123.509
Electric	1,2	215,023		1,837,969		2,054,248	998,744
Meter Deposits	<u> </u>	149,911		21,529		25,558	145.882
Garbage		47,413		136,188		148,311	35.290
Enterprise Improvement WWTP		-		228,755		221.360	7,395
Enterprise Improvement WTP		-		1,910,886		1.913.519	(2.633)
Total Enterprise	1,0	548,171		4,777,904		5,105,924	1,320,151
Agency							
Mayor's Court		7,834		74,126		77.034	4,926
iviayoi s court		7,054	_	77,120		77,034	 4,920
Total All Funds:	1,8	865,189		5,724,193		6,065,428	 1,523,954

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

VILLAGE OF RIPLEY BROWN COUNTY, OHIO

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Balance 1/1/2005		Receipts		Disbursements		Balance 12/31/2005	
General	\$	36,701	\$	536,890	\$	566,799	\$	6,792
Special Revenue:								
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair		40,156		172,788		182,728		30,216
State Highway Improvement		17,403		18,374		28,531		7,246
Cemetary		2,892		30,180		30,360		2,712
Fire		55,484		128,414		183,133		765
Trees for Park		243		-		-		243
Education and Enforcement		2,112		353		341		2,124
Drug Law Enforcement		4,571		10,621		6,662		8,530
Liberty Monument		2,360	_	301		70		2.591
Total Special Revenue		125,221		361,031		431.825		54.427
Permanent:								
Perpetual Care		144,285		3,680		<u>-</u>		147.965
Enterprise:								
Water		99,249		224,917		240.373		83.793
Sewer		71,953		446,328		366,250		152,031
Electric	1,	270,679		1,367,395		1,423,051		1,215,023
Meter Deposits		152,472		19,553		22,114		149,911
Garbage		32,594		146,673		131.854		47.413
Total Enterprise	1,	626,947		2,204,866		2,183,642		1,648,171
Agency								
Mayor's Court		3,766		70,119		66,051		7,834
Total All Funds:	1,	936,920		3,176,586		3,248,317		1,865,189

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Ripley, Brown County, Ohio (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water, electric, and sewer utilities, refuse pickup, and fire and police services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Cash and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village values common stock at fair value when donated.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Voted Fire Levy Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax from a levy to provide fire services to the village.

3. Permanent Funds

These funds account for assets held under a trust agreement that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, are available to support the Village's programs. The Village had the following significant permanent fund:

<u>Perpetual Care Fund</u> – This fund receives a portion of the monies from collections for the sale of lots. Interest monies earned are to be used for maintenance and care of the Cemetery premises and are credited directly to the Cemetery fund for this purpose.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Fund:

<u>Electric Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for electrical services provided to residents to cover the cost of providing the utility.

<u>Water Treatment Plant Project</u> – This fund began receiving monies in 2006 from the Ohio Public Works Commission to construct a new water treatment plant.

<u>Wastewater Treatment Plant Project</u> – This fund began receiving monies in 2006 from Ohio Public Works Commission to construct a new wastewater treatment plant.

5. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Village's own programs.

The Village has no private purpose trust funds.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency fund accounts for Mayor's Court, which receives monies collected on fines imposed from tickets issued by the Village's police protection force.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Village did not encumber commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2007, 2006, and 2005 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The Village maintains a cash and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	 2007	 2006	2005
Demand deposits	\$ 761,577	\$ 394,677	\$ 735,912
Certificates of deposit	1,128,403	 1,128,403	 1,128,403
Total deposits	1,889,980	 1,523,080	1,864,315
Common stock (recorded at cost)	874	 874	 874
Total deposits and investments	\$ 1,890,854	\$ 1,523,954	\$ 1,865,189

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

2. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments (continued)

Investments: For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, the Village held investments of stock. Shares of Procter and Gamble Common Stock were donated to the Village in 1967. The Village carries this stock on their records at \$874, which is the fair market value on the date of donation. The approximate value of the stock at December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, was \$18,493, \$16,159, and \$14,336, respectively.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, follows:

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	696,819	\$	563,711	\$	(133,108)
Special Revenue		360,908		370,650		9,742
Capital Projects		3,993,799		-		(3,993,799)
Enterprise		2,638,130		4,553,116		1,914,986
Permanent		4,733		1,438		(3,295)
Total	\$	7,694,389	\$	5,488,915	\$	(2,205,474)

2007 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation		I	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	490,672	\$	480,466	\$	10,206
Special Revenue		404,824		333,527		71,297
Capital Projects		4,406,952		-		4,406,952
Enterprise		3,975,587		4,307,045		(331,458)
Permanent		153,385		100		153,285
Total	\$	9,431,420	\$	5,121,138	\$	4,310,282

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type		Receipts		Receipts	Variance	
General	\$	544,931	\$	495,801	\$	(49,130)
Special Revenue		363,681		373,592		9,911
Capital Projects		7,174,184		-		(7,174,184)
Enterprise		2,163,203		4,777,904		2,614,701
Permanent		3,000		2,770		(230)
Total	\$	10,248,999	\$	5,650,067	\$	(4,598,932)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (continued)

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation		Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	558,799	\$	486,744	\$	72,055
Special Revenue		429,468		395,726		33,742
Capital Projects		7,174,182		-		7,174,182
Enterprise		3,783,615		5,105,924		(1,322,309)
Permanent		150,965				150,965
Total	\$	12,097,029	\$	5,988,394	\$	6,108,635

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	605,853	\$	536,890	\$	(68,963)
Special Revenue		331,114		361,031		29,917
Capital Projects		375,000		-		(375,000)
Enterprise		2,100,000		2,204,866		104,866
Permanent		2,400		3,680		1,280
Total	\$	3,414,367	\$	3,106,467	\$	(307,900)

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Αţ	propriation	I	Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	665,521	\$	566,799	\$	98,722
Special Revenue		428,222		431,825		(3,603)
Capital Projects		375,000		-		375,000
Enterprise		3,698,753		2,183,642		1,515,111
Permanent		146,685				146,685
Total	\$	5,314,181	\$	3,182,266	\$	2,131,915

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

4. Property Tax (continued)

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

6. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2007, was as follows:

Principal Principal	Interest Rate	
\$ 156,000	4.80%	
33,761	6.25%	
2,510,437	0.00%	
3,025,745	1.50%	
187,740	3.97%	
1,968	1.50%	
\$ 5,915,651		
	\$ 156,000 33,761 2,510,437 3,025,745 187,740 1,968	

October 24, 2001, the Village issued \$342,000 in Fire Truck Bonds for the purchase of a fire truck. The bonds are due in ten annual installments beginning October 1, 2002, and ending October 1, 2011, in varying principal amounts with an interest rate of 4.80%.

June 30, 1970, the Village obtained a loan from Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) in the amount of \$128,666 for a sewer project. The loan was for forty years due in semi-annual installments of \$4,411 through 2012, bearing interest at 6.25%.

January 26, 2006, the Village obtained a loan from OWDA in the amount of \$3,025,745 for a water treatment plant replacement project. The loan is for 30 years due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1, bearing interest at 1.50%.

May 25, 2006, the Village obtained a loan from OWDA in the amount of \$2,783,573 for a wastewater treatment plant project. The loan is for 20 years due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1, with no interest. As of December 31, 2007, \$2,510,438 of the loan has been utilized. Repayment will begin at the completion of the project.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

1. Debt (continued)

July 26, 2007, the Village obtained a loan from OWDA in the amount of \$205,947 for a water treatment plant replacement project. The loan is for 30 years due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1, bearing interest at 3.97%. As of December 31, 2007, \$187,741 of the loan has been utilized. Repayment will begin at the completion of the project.

May 31, 2007, the Village obtained a loan from OWDA in the amount of \$564,225 for water system improvements project. The loan is for 30 years due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1, bearing interest of 1.50%. As of December 31, 2007, \$1,968 of the loan has been utilized. Repayment will begin at the completion of the project.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	2	001 Fire	197	8 OWDA	20	06 OWDA	
December 31:	Tr	Truck Bond		1030		Loan 4438	
2008	\$	43,488	\$	8,822	\$	125,619	
2009		43,760		8,822		125,619	
2010		43,936		8,822		125,619	
2011		44,016		8,822		125,619	
2012		-		4,411		125,619	
2013 - 2017		-		-		628,095	
2018 - 2022		-		-		628,095	
2023 - 2027		-		-		628,095	
2028 - 2032		-		-		628,095	
2032 - 2037						628,095	
Total	\$	175,200	\$	39,699	\$	3,768,570	

7. Retirement Systems

The Village's full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). Other employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2007, 2006, and 2005, OP&F participants contributed 10% of their wages. For 2007, 2006, and 2005, the Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages. For 2007, 2006, and 2005, OPERS members contributed 9.5, 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 13.85, 13.7, and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2007.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

8. Risk Management

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles and equipment;
- Inland marine:
- Errors and omissions; and
- Umbrella for Volunteer Fireman's Insurance

The Village also provides health insurance coverage to full-time employees through a private carrier.

9. Accountability and Compliance

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 733.28 the Village did not maintain a proper accounting system.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.36 the Village had several funds with appropriations in excess of available resources.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.36 the Village did not file with the County Auditor their total amounts form all sources available for expenditures.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 9.38 the Village did not make timely deposits of public monies.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.41(D)(1) the Village did not properly encumber funds prior to expending them.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.41(B) the Village did not properly file their appropriations with the County Auditor.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.10 the Village had negative fund balance at year end.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 5705.14 the Village made transfers with out board approval.

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code section 731.12 the Village paid a council member to be a volunteer firefighter while receiving pay for sitting on council.

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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Village of Ripley Brown County 123 Water Works Rd. Ripley, Ohio 45167

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Ripley, Brown County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, wherein we noted the Village followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2008. The Village did not present receipts and disbursements in accordance with administrative code 117-2-01(A) which requires the Village to classify receipts and disbursements transactions which we issued an adverse opinion. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2007-001 and 2007-002.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Village of Ripley

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, the significant deficiencies described above, as findings 2007-001 and 2007-002 we believe the findings are also a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matters that we are reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated September 3, 2008.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2007-001, 2007-003 through 2007-010.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters what we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated September 30, 2008.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the Village's management and the Village's Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

September 30, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Significant Deficiency/Material Weakness/Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 733.28 requires that the Village clerk keep the books of the village, exhibit accurate statements of all moneys received and expended. In addition Ohio Admin Code section 117-2-02-(A), requires public offices to maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The Village Clerk did not maintain an accounting system that allowed her to properly identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions during the audit period.

Failure to provide accurate and complete financial information limits management's resources for decision making and can provide a false perception of the Village's financial position. Failure to accurately prepare and reconcile the accounting records reduces the accountability over Village funds, reduces the Councils' ability to monitor financial activity, increases the likelihood that monies will be misappropriated and not detected, and increases the likelihood that the Village's financial statements will be misstated.

The Village should implement procedures to ensure that receipts are accurately and completely stated, and to ensure that the accounting records of the Village are accurate and complete.

Client Response: The Village was in the process of converting to the UAN system. This problem has already been rectified for all future audits.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-002

Significant Deficiency/Material Weakness

Accurate and timely reconciliations between the Village's book balance and bank balances are a basic and important internal control. It reduces the risk that errors, theft or fraud may occur and not be detected in a timely manner. Reconciliations are also an effective tool to help management determine the completeness of recorded transactions and verify that all recorded transactions have been deposited with the financial institution.

The only reconciliations provided by the Village during the audit period ending December 31, 2007 was January – November 2005. No other reconciliations were prepared during the audit period. The reconciliations that were provided included unexplained variances that had not been corrected.

Accurate and timely reconciliations should be performed monthly by the Village Fiscal Officer. Additionally, the monthly reconciliations should be provided to the Village Council for their review. This can help to hinder any misappropriations of funds and detect any errors which may have occurred on the books or by the bank. These errors can then be immediately identified and corrected.

Client Response: This issue was unavoidable due to past audit inaccuracies. We now have good balances and each month is reconciled accordingly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2007-003

Material Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 requires obtaining a reduced amended certificate if the amount of the deficiency between estimated and available resources will reduce available resources below the current level of appropriation. Since the expenditure of Village funds is based on the estimated resources, instances when budgetary estimates do not meet budgetary estimates could lead to overspending. Upon comparison of appropriations to available resources (defined as unencumbered beginning balance plus actual receipts), instances were noted where appropriations were in excess of available resources in several funds in 2005 and 2006 at years' end. The Village should implement monitoring procedures to ensure compliance with 5705.36. Procedures for monitoring for compliance with this section ensure that monies are not expended in excess of allowable limits (unencumbered balances and estimated resources).

Furthermore, Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 allows all subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources and reduced amended certificates upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources. Estimated receipts exceeding actual revenues could lead to overspending by the Village. In 2005 and 2006 estimated revenues exceeded actual receipts in several funds at years' end. The Village should monitor variances between estimated and actual revenues and amend certificates as necessary.

Client Response: This will be taken care of through auto maintenance with the UAN.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-004

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio revised code section 5705.36 states in part that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officers of subdivisions and other taxing units are to certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures form each fund in the tax budget along with any unencumbered balances existing at the end or the preceding year.

The Village did not certify to the county auditor all resources available for all sources for 2007, 2006 and 2005.

The Village should implement internal controls that ensure all documents required to be filed with the county auditor are being filed by the required date.

Client Response: I was always told that it had to be turned in before the 1st budget meeting in February. I will correct accordingly.

FINDING NUBMER 2007-005

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 9.38 states in part that public money must be deposited with the treasurer of the public office or to a designated depository on the business day following the day of receipt. Public money collected for other public offices must be deposited by the first business day following the date of receipt.

The Village was not making timely deposits during the course of the audit period.

The Village should deposit public monies by the following business day.

Client Response: Income tax has been outsourced to RITA. Thus this problem will be rectified fro all future audits.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2007-006

Material Noncompliance Citation

ORC 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. A fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contact or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3) respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – if the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certificate ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Village can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3000 (\$1,000 prior to April 7, 2003) may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditure by the Village.

2. Blanket Certificate – Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. (Prior to September 26, 2003, blanket certificates were limited to \$5,000 and three months.) The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for one particular line item appropriation.

The availability of funds were not certified in 100% of the Villages expenditures tested, nor did the Village use the aforementioned exceptions. Every effort should be made by the Village to properly utilize the encumbrance method of accounting by certifying funds on purchase orders.

The Village did not certify the availability of funds or properly utilize the encumbrance method of accounting by certifying funds on purchase orders.

Procedures should be adopted by the Village that would assure that commitments are properly encumbered prior to the expenditure of Village funds.

Client Response: The deficiency will be corrected.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2007-007

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 5705.41(B) states in part that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

The Village's expenditures exceed appropriations in all funds for 2006 due to the Village not properly filing its appropriations measure with the County Auditor and in the Police fund for 2007.

The Village should monitor expenditures during the year and amend their appropriations as needed.

Client Response: We are now using purchases orders and we are following all guidelines for UAN.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-008

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 5705.10 states in part the money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purpose of which the fund is established.

The Village has a negative fund balance in the Cemetery fund and the Enterprise Improvement WTP fund at 12/31/07. Also The Village has a negative fund balance in the Fire fund and the Enterprise Improvement WTP fund at 12/31/06. Negative cash balances indicate that monies from one fund were used to pay expenditures for another fund.

The Village should only use money paid into each fund for the purpose for which the fund was established.

Client Response: We are on the UAN system and fund balances are being monitored closely. We are using our PO system and this should no longer be an issue.

FINDING NUMBER 2007-009

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 5705.14 states no transfer can be made from one fund of a subdivision to any fund, except from the general fund with a simple majority of the governing body. Other Transfers allowable which require a two thirds vote of the governing body include: certain transfers from bond retirement sinking, and permanent improvement funds as well as balances remaining in any special fund after the termination of the activity, service, or other undertaking for which such special fund existed.

The Village made transfers in 2007, 2006 and 2005 that were not approved in the Village minutes.

The Village should not make transfers unless the transfers is a legal transfer and it has been approved by the a two thirds vote of the governing body.

Client Response: The error will not be repeated. Future transfers will be taken to council for approval.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2007-010

Material Non-Compliance

Ohio Revised Code section 731.12 states in part that no member of the legislative authority shall hold any other public office, be interested in any contract with the village, or hold employment with the said village, except that such member may be a notary public, a member of the state militia, or a volunteer firefighter of said village, provided that such member shall not receive any compensation for his services as a volunteer fireman of the village in addition to his regular compensation as a member of the legislative authority. Any member who ceases to possess any of such qualifications or who removes from the village shall forfeit the member's office.

Provisions of the Ohio Revised Code address circumstances in which a public official or employee is prohibited from using the authority or influence of his office or employee in the exercise of his duties, and form having an interest in a public contract.

Ohio Revised. Code § 102.03 (D) provides that no public official or employee shall use or authorize the use of the authority or influence of his office or employment to secure anything of value or the promise or offer of anything of value that is of such a character as to manifest a substantial and improper influence upon the public official or employee with respect to that person's duties.

Ohio Revised. Code § 2921.42 (A)(1) states that no public official shall knowingly authorize or employ the authority or influence of his office to secure authorization of any public contract in which he, a member of his family, or any of his business associates has an interest.

Ohio Revised. Code § 2921.42 (A)(3) prohibits an officer, during this term of office or within one year after such term, to hold any position of profit in a public contract that was authorized by him or by a legislative body, commission, or board of which he was a member, even where he did not vote. This prohibition does not apply where the contract has been competitively bid. Public employment constitutes a public contract for these purposes.

Ohio Revised. Code § 2921.42 (A)(4) states that no public official shall knowingly have an interest in the profits or benefits of a public contract entered into by or for the use of the political subdivision or governmental agency or instrumentality with which he is connected.

In 2005, Barry Sims served as a member of the Village Council and was also paid for being a volunteer firefighter. He was paid \$1,130.00 in 2005 for the volunteer firefighter position.

The Village should, with the help of its legal counsel, develop a formal policy regarding related party transactions to govern transactions in which members of the Village may have a personal interest. This policy may include Village Council members abstaining from voting on related party items, advertising contracts for bid, etc. Additionally, the Village should review the Ohio Revised Code section 731.12 and ensure that no member of council holds any other position/office within the Village.

The Auditor of State will be referring this matter to the Ohio Ethics Commission.

Client Response: Upon notification of this issue, the practice was stopped and will not be repeated.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected; Partially Corrected: Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2004-001	ORC 5705.41 (D) properly encumbering of funds	No	Reissued as 2007-006
2004-002	ORC 5705.14 Transfers of funds	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF RIPLEY

BROWN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 30, 2009