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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Financial Condition Auglaize County 209 South Blackhoof Street Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auglaize County (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Auglaize Industries, which represents 82% of assets, 84% of net assets, and 62% of revenues of the component units. Other auditors audited those financial statements. They have furnished their report thereon to us and we base our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Auglaize Industries on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auglaize County, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax, Solid Waste Management, Job and Family Services, and the Developmental Disabilities funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 23, 2010, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Financial Condition Auglaize County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 23, 2010

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Auglaize County (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the County exceed liabilities at December 31, 2009 by \$70,081,955. Of this amount \$25,996,378 may be used to meet ongoing obligations. As of December 31, 2009, the County's governmental funds reported net assets of \$65,413,968, an increase of \$514,930, after restating the December 31, 2008 net assets (see Note 3) in comparison with the prior year. At the end of the current fiscal year the unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$3,759,533 which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The County's outstanding debt, not considering any additions, decreased by \$351,231 in governmental activities and decreased \$5,000 in business type activities. In the general fund actual revenues were .51 percent higher than budgeted and expenditures were 13.7 percent less than the budgeted amount.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements including budgetary statements for major special revenue funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements -** These statements are intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all County assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets.

The statement of activities distinguish functions of the County that are mainly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental) from functions that are intended to recover a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type). Governmental activities include general government (legislative, executive and judicial), public safety, public works, health, human services, and other.

**Fund Financial Statements** – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds**: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The county maintains 436 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax (MVGT) Fund, Solid Waste Management (SWM) Fund, Jobs and Family Services Fund, Developmental Disabilities (DD) Fund, and the Permanent Improvement Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and each major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

**Proprietary Funds** – The County maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations and County Home. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its health insurance, 125 plan, and various rotary funds. Because this service benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements-** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 29-68.

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$70,081,955 as of December 31, 2009.

Table 1 Net Assets							
	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tot	als	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Assets:							
Current and Other Assets	\$36,129,901	\$35,545,257	\$1,677,431	\$1,441,369	\$37,807,332	\$36,986,626	
Capital Assets, Net	40,807,034	40,097,650	3,611,043	3,758,955	44,418,077	43,856,605	
Total Assets	76,936,935	75,642,907	5,288,474	5,200,324	82,225,409	80,843,231	
Liabilities:							
Current and Other Liabilities	9,273,267	8,997,442	506,514	631,360	9,779,781	9,628,802	
Long-Term Liabilities	2,249,700	2,569,510	113,973	170,871	2,363,673	2,740,381	
Total Liabilities	11,522,967	11,566,952	620,487	802,231	12,143,454	12,369,183	
Net Assets:							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	40,492,034	39,747,650	3,593,543	3,736,455	44,085,577	43,484,105	
Restricted	18,507,412	20,417,284			18,507,412	20,417,284	
Unrestricted	6,414,522	3,911,021	1,074,444	661,638	7,488,966	4,572,659	
Total Net Assets	\$65,413,968	\$64,075,955	\$4,667,987	\$4,398,093	\$70,081,955	\$68,474,048	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The largest portion of the County's net assets 62.8 percent reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

As of December 31, 2009, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. At the end of 2009 you will notice that the total net assets for the governmental and business type activities, has increased. The governmental activities increased due to proper internal budgetary controls and expenditures were kept below revenue. The business type activities increased due to new management put into place December 27, 2007.

**Analysis of the County's Operation** – The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for 2009. The County's financial position improved for both governmental-type and business-type activities. The more significant changes are as follows:

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets								
Business-Type								
	Governmenta	al Activities	Activ	ities	Tot	als		
Program Revenues:	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Charges for Services	\$ 7,017,737	\$ 7,338,225	\$5,953,304	\$5,745,991	\$12,971,041	\$13,084,216		
Operating Grants	8,608,755	8,367,750			8,608,755	8,367,750		
Capital Grants/Contributions	2,933,288	841,668	9,293		2,942,581	841,668		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	5,308,354	5,454,016			5,308,354	5,454,016		
Sales Tax	6,676,673	8,375,052			6,676,673	8,375,052		
Intergovernmental	730,388	1,062,198			730,388	1,062,198		
Gain/Loss on Sale of Assets	(150,577)	(281,833)			(150,577)	(281,833)		
Miscellaneous	564,765	234,200	65,991	80,943	630,756	315,143		
Interest	386,674	635,630			386,674	635,630		
Total Revenues	32,076,057	32,026,906	6,028,588	5,826,934	38,104,645	37,853,840		
Program Expenses:								
General Government	6,893,152	6,520,458			6,893,152	6,520,458		
Public Safety	5,164,880	5,442,374			5,164,880	5,442,374		
Public Works	6,371,571	6,323,977			6,371,571	6,323,977		
Health	7,513,369	6,371,949			7,513,369	6,371,949		
Human Services	4,251,575	4,672,228			4,251,575	4,672,228		
Other	1,277,996	1,751,054			1,277,996	1,751,054		
Interest & Fiscal Charges	88,584	100,078			88,584	100,078		
Sewer			453,684	449,266	453,684	449,266		
County Home			5,305,010	5,396,710	5,305,010	5,396,710		
Total Expenses	31,561,127	31,182,118	5,758,694	5,845,976	37,319,821	37,028,094		
Changes in Net Assets	514,930	844,788	269,894	(19,042)	784,824	825,746		
Net Assets January 1, restated (See Note 3)	64,899,038	63,231,167	4,398,093	4,417,135	69,297,131	67,648,302		
Net Assets December 31	\$65,413,968	\$64,075,955	\$4,667,987	\$4,398,093	\$70,081,955	\$68,474,048		

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities for 2009 and 2008. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. This table also shows the cost of services for business type activities along with the related charges for services to offset the costs or providing the services.

	Ta	able 3					
Total Costs versus net Costs							
	Governmenta	al Type Activities					
	2	009	20	08			
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost			
	Of Services	Of Services	Of Services	Of Services			
Current:							
General Government:							
Legislative and Executive	\$ 4,907,687	\$ 3,107,753	\$ 4,570,383	\$ 2,883,351			
Judicial	1,985,465	763,973	1,950,075	664,189			
Public Safety	5,164,880	4,408,127	5,442,374	4,641,995			
Public Works	6,371,571	(1,865,856)	6,323,977	299,247			
Health	7,513,369	4,735,794	6,371,949	3,620,481			
Human Services	4,251,575	487,876	4,672,228	676,580			
Other	1,277,996	1,275,096	1,751,054	1,748,554			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	88,584	88,584	100,078	100,078			
Total Expenses	\$31,561,127	\$13,001,347	\$31,182,118	\$14,634,475			
	Business <sup>-</sup>	Type Activities					
Auglaize Acres	\$5,305,010	\$307,133	\$5,396,710	(\$11,650)			
Water and Sewer	453,684	(103,230)	449,266	111,635			
Total Expenses	\$5,758,694	\$203,903	\$5,845,976	\$99,985			

**Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds** - As noted earlier, Auglaize County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Auglaize County's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$23,431,751. Of this \$3,759,533 constitutes unreserved fund balance of the general fund, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. A portion of the fund balances are reserved to indicate that they are not available for new spending because they have already been committed in the amount of \$866,196 to liquidate encumbrances of the prior period. The remainder of the fund balances includes \$295,721 for debt service payments and \$7,130,887 for usage by the County's capital project funds.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the county. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved balance was \$3,759,533 while the total fund balance was \$6,743,976.

The other major governmental funds of the County are Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax (MVGT), Solid Waste Management (SWM), Job and Family Services (JFS), Developmental Disabilities (DD) and Permanent Improvement.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The MVGT fund balance increased by \$101,304 to \$1,667,988. The increase is due to a decrease in expenditures. The SWM fund balance increased by \$241,328 to (\$2,310,398). The increase is due to the per parcel fee assessed to the 2008 taxes collected in 2009. The JFS fund balance increased by \$213,839 to \$700,379. The increase is due to a decrease in expenditures. The DD fund balance decreased by \$1,822,809 to \$1,755,738. The decrease is due to a decrease in revenue and an increase in expenditures. The Permanent Improvement fund balance increased by \$31,210 to \$6,585,457. The increase is due to a decrease in expenditures.

**Enterprise Funds -** The County's enterprise funds had an increase in net assets. These funds comprise the County's business type activities.

The county home (Auglaize Acres) net assets increased by \$371,596 to \$752,334. In 2003 the facility became a Certified Long-term Care Facility. The various sewer fund net assets decreased by \$101,702 to \$3,915,653.

## **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash revenues, expenditures, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For the General Fund, actual budget basis revenues and other financing sources were \$64,777 greater than final budget estimates of \$12,516,837. Permissive tax income revenue was \$179,802 greater than estimated and was the primary factor contributing this to this increase in actual over budgeted revenues.

Total actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,994,337 less than the final budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$1,896,337 less than budgeted expenditures and was the primary factors contributing to the decrease in actual versus budgeted expenditures.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Table 4						
		Capital Asse				
		t of Accumul				
	Government	al Activities	Busines	ss-Type	То	tal
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Land & Improvements	\$ 4,292,777	\$ 4,580,233	\$ 56,298	\$ 56,298	\$ 4,349,075	\$ 4,636,531
Infrastructure	21,918,720	20,108,146	3,367,009	3,483,800	25,285,729	23,591,946
Buildings/Improvements	11,096,236	11,747,001	138,903	158,866	11,235,139	11,905,867
Construction in Progress	Construction in Progress 731,737 564,537 731,737 564,537 731,737					
Equipment, Furniture						
/Fixtures	2,767,564	3,097,733	48,833	59,991	2,816,397	3,157,724
Total	\$40,807,034	\$40,097,650	\$3,611,043	\$3,758,955	\$44,418,077	\$43,856,605

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

#### Table 5 **Outstanding Debt at Year-End Governmental Activities** 2009 2008 General Obligation Bonds Human Services \$ 315,000 \$ 350,000 Special Assessment Bonds 640.000 830.000 Ohio Public Works Loan 71,604 76,718 Special Assessment Notes 651,744 647,283 Total \$1,678,348 \$1,904,001

Thirty nine percent of the debt is in the form of ditch notes which are issued primarily for drainage improvement.

## Economic Factors And Next Year's Budgets And Rates

The budget centers on a stable economic climate. The county unemployment rate is 10.8 percent, 0 percent higher than the state rate of 10.8 percent (January, 2010). The state legislature has indicated uncertainty regarding local government, local government revenue assistance and state funded grant programs which may require more local financial support.

Business-type activities should remain relatively unchanged for 2010.

Ditch note debt incurred since January 1, 2010 is \$173,700.

## **Request For Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with general overview of the County's finances. If you have questions about this report or wish to obtain the separately issued financial statements of the County's component units contact the Auglaize County Auditor's Office by calling 419-739-6705 or writing the County Auditor at 209 S Blackhoof St, Suite 102, Wapakoneta Ohio 45895.

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Pr	imary Governmen	ıt	Compon	ent Units
	Governmental	Business-Type		Airport	Auglaize
	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Industries
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$20,829,002	\$833,855	\$21,662,857		
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts				\$68,058	\$561,120
Cash and Cash Equivalents With Fiscal Agent	15,013		15,013		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	560,790	40,060	600,850	17,202	
Accrued Interest Receivable	208,180		208,180		
Accounts Receivable	180,016	1,155,559	1,335,575	3,575	32,116
Internal Balances	368,504	(368,504)			
Due from Other Governments	4,019,303		4,019,303		
Prepaid Items	181,503	7,711	189,214		1,000
Sales Taxes Receivable	1,616,218		1,616,218		
Property Taxes Receivable	5,966,948		5,966,948		329
Notes Receivable	821,077	8,750	829,827		
Special Assessments Receivable	1,363,347		1,363,347		
Non Depreciable Assets	2,674,666	56,298	2,730,964		
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	38,132,368	3,554,745	41,687,113	53,805	50,452
Total Assets	76,936,935	5,288,474	82,225,409	142,640	645,017
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	1,258,746	114,928	1,373,674	4,255	4,499
Contracts Payable	387,109		387,109		
Accrued Wages	286,463	61,275	347,738		
Due to Other Governments	401,566	81,595	483,161	310	
Due to Clients		129,871	129,871		
Accrued Interest Payable	10,759		10,759		
Deferred Revenue	5,827,869		5,827,869	12,743	
Long-Term Liabilities:	-,- ,		-,- ,	, -	
Due Within One Year	1,100,755	118,845	1,219,600		1,425
Due In More Than One Year	2,249,700	113,973	2,363,673		.,
Total Liabilities	11,522,967	620,487	12,143,454	17,308	5,924
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	40,492,034	3,593,543	44,085,577	53,805	50,452
Restricted for:	,,,	0,000,010	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,000	00, IOE
Capital Projects	7,437,235		7,437,235		
Debt Service	453,545		453,545		
Other Purposes	10,616,632		10,616,632	555	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	6,414,522	1,074,444	7,488,966	70,972	588,641
Total Net Assets	\$65,413,968	\$4,667,987	\$70,081,955	\$125,332	\$639,093
101011101/100010	ψ00,+10,900	ψ+,007,307	ψι 0,001,300	ψ120,002	ψ055,095

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

			Program Revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:	· · ·			
Governmental Activities:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$4,907,687	\$1,186,115	\$613,819	
Judicial	1,985,465	1,126,232	95,260	
Public Safety	5,164,880	392,725	360,278	\$3,750
Public Works	6,371,571	3,137,028	2,315,154	2,785,245
Health	7,513,369	1,026,108	1,654,077	97,390
Human Services	4,251,575	146,629	3,570,167	46,903
Other	1,277,996	2,900		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	88,584			
Total Governmental Activities	31,561,127	7,017,737	8,608,755	2,933,288
Business-Type Activities:				
Auglaize Acres	5,305,010	5,602,850		9,293
Sewer	453,684	350,454		
Total Business-Type Activities	5,758,694	5,953,304		9,293
Total - Primary Government	\$37,319,821	\$12,971,041	\$8,608,755	\$2,942,581
Component Units:				
Airport Authority	\$184,554	\$191,151		
Auglaize Industries	244,971	213,570		
Total Component Units	\$429,525	\$404,721		

#### **General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Other Purposes Sales Tax Levied for: General Purposes Other Purposes Intergovernmental Loss/Gain on Sale of Capital Asset Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)

Net Assets End of Year

Primary Government			Compone	ent Units
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Airport Authority	Auglaize Industries
(\$3,107,753)		(\$3,107,753)		
(763,973)		(763,973)		
(4,408,127)		(4,408,127)		
1,865,856		1,865,856		
(4,735,794)		(4,735,794)		
(487,876) (1,275,096)		(487,876) (1,275,096)		
(1,275,090) (88,584)		(1,275,090) (88,584)		
(13,001,347)	· ·	(13,001,347)		
(10,001,011)		(10,001,011)		
	\$307,133	307,133		
	(103,230)	(103,230)		
	203,903	203,903		
(13,001,347)	203,903	(12,797,444)		
			\$6,597	
			0.507	(\$31,40
			6,597	(31,40
1,876,901		1,876,901		
3,431,453		3,431,453		
6,159,133		6,159,133		
517,540		517,540		
730,388		730,388		
(150,577)		(150,577)		
386,674		386,674	446	120,45
564,765	65,991	630,756	12,968 13,414	100 45
<u>13,516,277</u> 514,930	<u> </u>	<u>13,582,268</u> 784,824	20,011	<u>120,45</u> 89,05
64,899,038	4,398,093	69,297,131	105,321	550,04
				000,04

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	General	MVGT	SWM	Job and Family Srvc
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,453,272	\$615,841	\$228,528	\$629,081
Cash and Cash Equivalents With Fiscal Agent				
Due from other Governments	595,121	2,241,237		112,644
Materials and Supplies Inventory	58,672	455,438		29,218
Accrued Interest Receivable	35,577	2,315		
Accounts Receivable	4,180	99,824	32,927	
Due from other Funds	2,932,388	3,115		127,825
Prepaid Items	78,961	13,953	220	56,072
Sales Taxes Receivable	1,616,218			
Property Taxes Receivable	2,107,764			
Note Receivable				
Special Assessments Receivable				
Total Assets	9,882,153	3,431,723	261,675	954,840
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	201,074	42,179	11,469	49,306
Contracts Payable				
Accrued Wages	145,313	39,664	3,589	27,164
Intergovernmental Payable	228,971	50,112	4,790	36,605
Due to Other Funds	14,854	1,654	2,552,225	28,832
Deferred Revenue	2,547,965	1,630,126		112,554
Total Liabilities	3,138,177	1,763,735	2,572,073	254,461
Fund Balances"				
Reserved for Encumbrances	52,696	1,420		111,641
Reserved for Notes Receivable				
Reserved for Interfund Receivable (Long-Term)	2,931,747			
Unreserved:				
Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	3,759,533			
Special Revenue Funds		1,666,568	(2,310,398)	588,738
Debt Service Funds				
Capital Projects Funds				
Total Fund Balances	6,743,976	1,667,988	(2,310,398)	700,379
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$9,882,153	\$3,431,723	\$261,675	\$954,840

DD	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
¢1 916 002	¢C C1C 475	¢0,000,674	¢20.652.861
\$1,816,993	\$6,616,475	\$8,292,671	\$20,652,861
15,013 429,834		640,467	15,013 4,019,303
429,834 7,821		9,641	4,019,303
381		169,875	208,148
501		43,085	180,016
		52,122	3,115,450
9,021		23,276	181,503
3,021		25,270	1,616,218
3,859,184			5,966,948
0,000,104		821,077	821,077
		1,363,097	1,363,097
6,138,247	6,616,475	11,415,311	38,700,424
23,030	2,793	899,132	1,228,983
38,477	28,225	320,407	387,109
49,998		18,630	284,358
51,942		26,254	398,674
140		169,712	2,767,417
4,218,922		1,692,565	10,202,132
4,382,509	31,018	3,126,700	15,268,673
52,456	301,925	346,058	866,196
		821,077	821,077
			2,931,747
			3,759,533
1,703,282		5,978,400	7,626,590
		295,721	295,721
	6,283,532	847,355	7,130,887
1,755,738	6,585,457	8,288,611	23,431,751
\$6,138,247	\$6,616,475	\$11,415,311	\$38,700,424

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2009

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$23,431,751
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		40,807,034
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Grants Property Tax Sales Tax Special Assessments Interest Local Government Gas Tax Charges for Services - licenses Total	\$848,195 139,361 225,895 1,363,097 169,019 224,747 743,905 660,326	4,374,545
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General Obligation Bonds Special Assessment Bonds Special Assessment Notes Compensated Absences Ohio Public Works Loan Accrued Interest Payable Total	(315,000) (640,000) (651,744) (1,667,239) (71,604) (10,758)	(3,356,345)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Net Assets of Governmental Activities		<u>156,983</u> \$65,413,968
		<u> </u>

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## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Revenues:      Image: Strage state st		General	MVGT	SWM	Job and Family Srvc
Sales Tax      6,159,133      \$517,540        Interest      388,593      11,755        Licenses and Permits      2,546        Fines and Forfeitures      481,112      49,120        Intergovernmental      1,665,103      3,858,773      \$717      \$2,301,044        Charges for Services      1,217,127      408,813      257,174      \$364,450        Other      181,579      14,536      699,916      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      69,916      140,017        Cutal Revenues      3,923,578      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      69,916      4,0017      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      Legislative and Executive      3,923,578      Judicial      14,640,732        Public Works      292,100      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      Captal Outlay      2,350,922      2,40,449					
Interest      388,593      11,755        Licenses and Forfeitures      481,112      49,120        Intergovernmental      1,665,102      3,658,773      \$717      \$2,301,044        Charges for Services      1,217,127      408,813      257,174      \$26,460        Special Assessments      384,450      384,450      384,450      384,450        Other      181,579      14,536      699,916      140,017        Total Revenues      181,579      14,536      699,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      699,257      2,441,061        Current:      General Government:      29,257      2,441,061        Legislative and Executive      3,923,578      3,923,578      3,923,578        Judicial      1,640,732      9,100      4,778,483      451,808        Health      95,105      451,808      2,350,922      0,92,235      2,350,922        Coher      1,092,328      2,350,922      1,092,328      2,350,922      2,350,922        Cher Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assetis      29,962      19,250      879      <					
Licenses and Permits      2,546        Fines and Forfeitures      481,112      49,120        Intergovernmental      1,565,102      3,858,773      \$717      \$2,301,044        Charges for Services      1,217,127      408,813      257,174      364,450        Other      181,579      14,556      69,916      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      General Government:      2,823,578      2,441,061      2,350,922        Current:      General Government:      4,664,588      2,92,100      4,778,483      451,808        Public Safety      4,664,588      292,100      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2,350,922      0      2,350,922      0        Capital Outlay      Debt Service:      1,092,328      2,350,922      0        Principal Retirement      Interest and Fiscal Charges      1,2106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (2,28,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139	Sales Tax				
Fines and Forfeitures    481,112    49,120      Intergovernmental    1,565,102    3,858,773    \$717    \$2,301,044      Charges for Services    1,217,127    408,8173    \$5717    \$2,301,044      Special Assessments    181,579    14,536    69,916    140,017      Total Revenues    11,877,936    4,860,537    692,257    2,441,061      Expenditures:    0    11,877,936    4,860,537    692,257    2,441,061      Current:    General Government:    2,923,578    2,441,061    14,640,732      Public Safety    4,664,588    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2,350,922    0,92,357    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    451,808    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    451,808    2,350,922      Capital Outay    Debt Service:    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Principal Retirement    Interest and Fiscal Charges    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449		•	11,755		
Intergovernmental      1,565,102      3,858,773      \$717      \$2,301,044        Charges for Services      1,217,127      408,81      257,174      3864,450        Other      181,579      14,536      69,916      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      General Government:      2,6461,588      9,923,578      2,441,061        Judicial      1,667,322      9,923,578      2,441,061      9,823,578        Judicial      1,640,732      9,916      4,778,483      451,808        Public Safety      4,664,588      9,910      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2,350,922      2,350,922      2,350,922      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2,350,922      2,350,922      2,350,922      2,350,922        Debt Service:      Principal Retirement      1,108      2,350,922      2,40,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879      2,40,449      90,139					
Charges for Services      1,217,127      408,813      257,174        Special Assessments      384,450      384,450        Other      181,579      14,536      699,16      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      699,16      140,017      692,257      2,441,061        Legislative and Executive      3,923,578	Fines and Forfeitures				
Special Assessments      364,450        Other      181,579      14,536      69,916      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      2,441,061      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Legislative and Executive      3,923,578      541,001      2,441,061      11,640,732        Public Safety      4,664,588      4,664,588      4,51,808      4,51,808      144,001        Human Services      398,006      2,350,922      0,014      2,350,922      0,014        Other      1,092,328      2,350,922      0,023,28      2,350,922      2,350,922        Capital Outlay      Debt Service:      7      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879      0,139        Other Financing Sources (1      (3,521)      123,700      1,226	-		3,858,773		\$2,301,044
Other Total Revenues      181,579      14,536      69,916      140,017        Total Revenues      11,877,936      4,860,537      692,257      2,441,061        Expenditures: Current: General Government: Legislative and Executive Judicial      3,923,578      3,923,578      4,640,732        Public Safety      4,640,732      4,640,732      4,640,732      4,778,483      451,808        Health      95,105      451,808      2,350,922      00      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2,350,922      0      2,350,922      0      2,350,922        Copital Outlay      Debt Service:      Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879      10,118        Proceeds from Notes Advances In Advances Out      (3,521)      1,026      123,700      123,700        Transfers Out      (193,700)      (156,115)      19,250      879 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>1,217,127</td><td>408,813</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-	1,217,127	408,813		
Total Revenues      11.877,336      4.860,537      692,257      2.441,061        Expenditures: Current: General Government: Legislative and Executive Judicial      3.923,578      4.640,732      4.640,732        Public Safety      4.664,588      1.640,732      4.778,483      451,808        Public Safety      4.664,588      292,100      4.778,483      451,808        Health      95,105      451,808      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2350,922        Capital Outlay      Debt Service:      Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4.778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      12,206,437      4.778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      12,106,437      4.778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      12,106,437      4.778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      12,106,437      4.778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879      10,118      10,250 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•				
Expenditures:					
Current:      General Government:        Legislative and Executive      3,923,578        Judicial      1,640,732        Public Safety      4,664,588        Public Works      292,100      4,778,483        Heatth      95,105      451,808        Human Services      398,006      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2350,922        Other      1,092,328      2350,922        Debt Service:      Principal Retirement      1        Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources      10,118      Advances In      Advances In      Advances In      Advances In      1,026      123,700        Transfers Out      (1,521)      17,700      123,700      123,700        Transfers Out      (193,700)      123,700      123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Use	Total Revenues	11,877,936	4,860,537	692,257	2,441,061
General Government:      Judicial      3,923,578      Judicial      1,640,732        Public Safety      4,664,588      Public Vorks      292,100      4,778,483        Health      95,105      451,808      2,350,922        Other      398,006      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      Capital Outlay        Debt Service:      Principal Retirement      1,092,328        Total Expenditures      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (3,521)      117ansfers In      1,026      123,700        Transfers Out      (13,521)      117ansfers Out      123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (156,115)	Expenditures:				
Legislative and Executive      3,923,578        Judicial      1,640,732        Public Safety      4,664,588        Public Works      292,100      4,778,483        Health      95,105      451,808        Human Services      398,006      2,350,922        Other      1,092,328      2        Capital Outlay      2      2        Debt Service:      1      1,092,328        Principal Retirement      1      2,350,922        Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      3      84e of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources      10,118      10,26      123,700        Transfers In      1,026      123,700      123,700        Transfers Out      (193,700)      1123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Other Finan	Current:				
Judicial    1,640,732      Public Safety    4,664,588      Public Works    292,100    4,778,483      Health    95,105    451,808      Human Services    398,006    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2,350,922      Capital Outlay    Debt Service:    Principal Retirement      Interest and Fiscal Charges    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    3640 arcses In    1,026    123,700      Advances In    4,026    123,700    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	General Government:				
Public Safety    4,664,588      Public Works    292,100    4,778,483      Health    95,105    451,808      Human Services    398,006    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2      Capital Outlay    Debt Service:    Principal Retirement    2,350,922      Patters    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources In    (3,521)    123,700    123,700    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    123,700    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Legislative and Executive	3,923,578			
Public Works    292,100    4,778,483      Health    95,105    451,808      Human Services    398,006    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2      Capital Outlay    Debt Service:    1,092,328    451,808    2,350,922      Principal Retirement    Interest and Fiscal Charges    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879    123,700      Other Financing Sources IN    Advances IN    Advances IN    Advances Out    (3,521)      Transfers In    1,026    123,700    123,700      Transfers Out    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Judicial	1,640,732			
Health    95,105    451,808      Human Services    398,006    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2,350,922      Capital Outlay    Debt Service:    1,092,328    2,350,922      Principal Retirement    Interest and Fiscal Charges    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    10,118    Proceeds from Notes    Advances In    4dvances In      Advances In    1,026    123,700    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    19,250    879    123,700      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances	Public Safety	4,664,588			
Human Services    398,006    2,350,922      Other    1,092,328    2apital Outlay      Debt Service:    Principal Retirement    1      Interest and Fiscal Charges    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources not be stated from Notes    10,118    10,118    10,118      Proceeds from Notes    1,026    123,700      Advances not Advances not from Notes    1,026    123,700      Transfers Nut    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    19,250    879      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Public Works	292,100	4,778,483		
Other      1,092,328        Capital Outlay      Debt Service:        Principal Retirement      1        Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Total Expenditures      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources In      Advances In      Advances Out      (3,521)      123,700        Transfers In      1,026      123,700      123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (156,115)      19,250      879      123,700        Net Change in Fund Balances      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540	Health	95,105		451,808	
Capital OutlayDebt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal ChargesTotal Expenditures12,106,4374,778,483451,8082,350,922Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures(228,501)82,054240,44990,139Other Financing Sources (Uses):Sale of Fixed Assets29,96219,250879Other Financing Sources10,118Proceeds from Notes(3,521)Advances In1,026Advances Out(193,700)Transfers In1,026Transfers Out(156,115)19,250879123,700Net Change in Fund Balances(384,616)101,304241,328213,839Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)7,128,5921,566,684(2,551,726)486,540	Human Services	398,006			2,350,922
Debt Service:        Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges        Total Expenditures      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      10,118      19,250      879      01,118        Proceeds from Notes      10,118      10,118      10,118      123,700        Advances In      1,026      123,700      123,700        Transfers In      1,026      123,700      123,700        Transfers Out      (156,115)      19,250      879      123,700        Net Change in Fund Balances      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540	Other	1,092,328			
Principal Retirement      Interest and Fiscal Charges      Total Expenditures    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    search    29,962    19,250    879      Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources    10,118    Proceeds from Notes      Advances In    1,026    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    19,250    879      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Capital Outlay				
Interest and Fiscal Charges      12,106,437      4,778,483      451,808      2,350,922        Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources from Notes      10,118      879      10,118      10,26      123,700        Proceeds from Notes      (3,521)      1,026      123,700      123,700      123,700        Transfers In      1,026      123,700      123,700      123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (156,115)      19,250      879      123,700        Net Change in Fund Balances      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540	Debt Service:				
Total Expenditures    12,106,437    4,778,483    451,808    2,350,922      Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures    (228,501)    82,054    240,449    90,139      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources    10,118    10,118    10,118      Proceeds from Notes    4dvances In    4dvances In      Advances Out    (3,521)    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Principal Retirement				
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures      (228,501)      82,054      240,449      90,139        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources      10,118      10,118      700      700      700        Proceeds from Notes      Advances Out      (3,521)      123,700      123,700        Transfers In      1,026      123,700      123,700      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (156,115)      19,250      879      123,700        Net Change in Fund Balances      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540	Interest and Fiscal Charges				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):      29,962      19,250      879        Sale of Fixed Assets      29,962      19,250      879        Other Financing Sources      10,118      10,118        Proceeds from Notes      4dvances In      4dvances Out      (3,521)        Transfers In      1,026      123,700        Transfers Out      (193,700)      123,700        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (156,115)      19,250      879      123,700        Net Change in Fund Balances      (384,616)      101,304      241,328      213,839        Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540	Total Expenditures	12,106,437	4,778,483	451,808	2,350,922
Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources    10,118    10,118      Proceeds from Notes    10,118    -      Advances In    (3,521)    -      Advances Out    (3,521)    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    -      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(228,501)	82,054	240,449	90,139
Sale of Fixed Assets    29,962    19,250    879      Other Financing Sources    10,118    10,118      Proceeds from Notes    10,118    -      Advances In    (3,521)    -      Advances Out    (3,521)    123,700      Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    -      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financing Sources    10,118      Proceeds from Notes    10,118      Advances In    (3,521)      Advances Out    (3,521)      Transfers In    1,026      Transfers Out    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592      1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540		29.962	19.250	879	
Proceeds from Notes      Advances In      Advances Out    (3,521)      Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    1      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540					
Advances In    (3,521)      Advances Out    (3,521)      Transfers In    1,026      Transfers Out    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592      1,566,684    (2,551,726)      486,540	5	,			
Advances Out    (3,521)      Transfers In    1,026      Transfers Out    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592      1,566,684    (2,551,726)					
Transfers In    1,026    123,700      Transfers Out    (193,700)    1      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540		(3.521)			
Transfers Out    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540					123 700
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (156,115)    19,250    879    123,700      Net Change in Fund Balances    (384,616)    101,304    241,328    213,839      Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)    7,128,592    1,566,684    (2,551,726)    486,540					120,700
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)      7,128,592      1,566,684      (2,551,726)      486,540			19,250	879	123,700
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(384,616)	101,304	241,328	213,839
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Vear \$6 7/3 076 \$1 667 088 (\$2 310 308) \$700 370	Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year (Restated - Note 3)	7,128,592	1,566,684	(2,551,726)	486,540
	Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$6,743,976	\$1,667,988	(\$2,310,398)	\$700,379

	Permanent	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
DD	Improvement	Funds	Funds
\$3,437,089			\$5,319,833
			6,676,673
1,932		\$49,445	451,725
			2,546
		48,086	578,318
1,115,238		4,964,625	13,805,499
		1,568,033	3,451,147
		1,144,419	1,508,869
1,067	\$100,243	276,300	783,658
4,555,326	100,243	8,050,908	32,578,268

		677,693	4,601,271
		353,625	1,994,357
		420,973	5,085,561
		2,868,949	7,939,532
5,528,135		1,405,749	7,480,797
		1,431,339	4,180,267
		172,418	1,264,746
	69,033	498,399	567,432
		351,046	351,046
		91,010	91,010
5,528,135	69,033	8,271,201	33,556,019
(972,809)	31,210	(220,293)	(977,751)
		730	50,821
			10,118
		121,018	121,018
		5,993	5,993
			(3,521)
		920,240	1,044,966
(850,000)		(240)	(1,043,940)
(850,000)		1,047,741	185,455
(1,822,809)	31,210	827,448	(792,296)
3,578,547	6,554,247	7,461,163	24,224,047
\$1,755,738	\$6,585,457	\$8,288,611	\$23,431,751

#### RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$792,296)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the		
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by		
which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current year.		
Construction in progress	\$167,200	
Nondepreciable capital assets	15,524	
Depreciable capital assets	4,209,258	
Depreciation expense	(3,621,440)	770,542
Governmental funds only report the disposal of fixed assets to the extent		
proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a		
gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		
Sale of capital assets	(50,821)	
Loss on sale of capital assets	(150,577)	(201,398)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(11,478)	
Permissive Taxes	4,077	
Grants	27,226	
Special Assessments	(190,720)	
Interest	(53,296)	
Local Government	(80,059)	
Gas Tax	(42,033)	
Charges for Services - Licenses	(14,407)	(360,690)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but		
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		351,046
Note presente and some advances are other financing sources in governmental		
Note proceeds and some advances are other financing sources in governmental		
funds, but the issuance increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. Notes payable	(119,172)	
Advances	(119,172) (6,406)	(125 579)
Auvalues	(0,400)	(125,578)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas		
in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		
Accrued Interest		2,426
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated		
absences and claims payable do not require the use of current financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences	56,005	
Claims Payable	766,745	822,750
The internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance		
and workers' compensation to individual funds are not reported in the entity-wide		
statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal		
service fund revenues are eliminated		48,128
	-	70,120
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	:	\$514,930
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.		

#### AUGLAIZE COUNTY

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Original      Final      Actual      (Negative)        Revenues:      Taxes      \$1,952,553      \$1,865,746      (\$86,807)        Sales tax      6,422,800      6,073,513      6,223,315      1778,802        Charges for services      1,397,985      1,234,962      1,247,4625      39,663        License and permits      2,200      2,546      346        Fines and torfeitures      515,000      514,650      485,117      (29,533)        Investment income      700,000      676,668      516,003      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,566      5,352,864      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,5		Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
Taxes      \$1,952,553      \$1,274,625      39,663        License and permits      2,200      2,246      357      326,623      346,633      (7,257)      7      7      7      7      7      7      7      34,230,73      346,595      352,255      326,257		Original	Final	Actual	
Sales tax      6,422,800      6,073,513      6,253,315      179,802        Charges for services      1,397,985      1,234,962      1,274,625      39,663        License and permits      2,200      2,546      346        Fines and forfeitures      515,000      514,650      485,117      (29,533)        Investment income      700,000      676,668      516,003      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      General Government:      Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510      665,852        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      112,404,069      11,336,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      14,494,612      14,300,406      12,404,069      1,896,337        Excess of Revenues	Revenues:				
Charges for services    1,397,985    1,234,962    1,274,625    39,663      License and permits    2,200    2,246    346      Fines and forfeitures    1,499,125    1,4650    445,117    (29,533)      Intergovernmental    1,499,125    1,484,661    1,576,223    91,562      Investment income    700,000    676,668    516,093    (160,575)      Other operating income    528,600    574,100    566,843    (7,257)      Total Revenues    13,018,263    12,513,307    12,540,508    27,201      Expenditures:    Current:    General Government:    226,510    244,39,599    4,123,004    316,595      Judicial    1,942,781    1,952,744    1,670,234    282,510      Public Safety    5,342,556    5,352,854    4,697,002    655,852      Public Works    469,176    382,817    266,257    116,660      Health    117,284    117,284    106,068    11,216      Human Services    14,494,612    14,300,406    12,404,069    1,896,337      Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,7	Taxes	\$1,952,553	\$1,952,553	\$1,865,746	(\$86,807)
License and permits      2,200      2,246      346        Fines and forfeitures      515,000      514,650      485,117      (29,533)        Intergovermental      1,499,125      1,484,661      1,576,223      91,562        Investment income      700,000      676,668      516,093      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,384      480,294        Total Expenditures      1,1,409,412      14,300,406      12,	Sales tax	6,422,800	6,073,513	6,253,315	179,802
Fines and forfeitures      515,000      514,650      485,117      (29,533)        Intergovernmental      1,499,125      1,4484,661      1,576,223      91,562        Investment income      700,000      676,668      516,093      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      28,800      536,841      (66,257)        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,660        Health      117,284      100,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures      1,260      1,018,709)      136,439      1,923,538	Charges for services	1,397,985	1,234,962	1,274,625	39,663
Intergovernmental      1,499,125      1,484,661      1,576,223      91,562        Investment income      700,000      676,686      516,093      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      2      2      342,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852      94,123,004      316,595        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,660        Health      117,284      117,284      108,046      11,216        Huma Services      14,494,612      14,300,406      12,404,069      1,896,337        Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      ransfers In      1,000      1,000      1,0	License and permits	2,200	2,200	2,546	346
Investment income      700,000      676,668      516,093      (160,575)        Other operating income      528,600      574,100      568,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      1106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)	Fines and forfeitures	515,000	514,650		(29,533)
Other operating income      528,600      574,100      566,843      (7,257)        Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures:      Current:      General Government:      2	Intergovernmental	1,499,125	1,484,661	1,576,223	91,562
Total Revenues      13,018,263      12,513,307      12,540,508      27,201        Expenditures: Current: General Government: Legislative and Executive Judicial      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Public Safety      5,342,756      5,352,854      4,697,002      665,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      14,494,612      14,300,406      12,404,069      1,896,337        Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources Out Transfers In Transfers In      (1,276,009)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers Out Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)      (193,700)      1,026      1,026        Net Change in Fund Balance      (1,974,099)      (2,078,790)      (19,676)      2,059,114        Fund Balance Beginning of Year      1,984,372      1,984,372 <td>Investment income</td> <td>700,000</td> <td>676,668</td> <td>516,093</td> <td>(160,575)</td>	Investment income	700,000	676,668	516,093	(160,575)
Expenditures:	Other operating income	528,600	574,100	566,843	(7,257)
Current:      General Government:        Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources      11,000      1,000      10,118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)	Total Revenues	13,018,263	12,513,307	12,540,508	27,201
General Government:        Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,52,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,660        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700) <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-				
Legislative and Executive      4,374,495      4,439,599      4,123,004      316,595        Judicial      1,942,781      1,952,744      1,670,234      282,510        Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      436,320      436,320      436,320        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294      480,294        Total Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      1,000      1,000      1,0118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)					
Judicial    1,942,781    1,952,744    1,670,234    282,510      Public Safety    5,342,556    5,352,854    4,697,002    655,852      Public Works    469,176    382,817    266,257    116,560      Health    117,284    106,068    11,216      Human Services    436,320    403,010    33,310      Other    1,812,000    1,618,788    1,138,494    480,294      Total Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,787,099)    136,439    1,923,538      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372 <td></td> <td>4 074 405</td> <td>4 400 500</td> <td>4 400 004</td> <td>040 505</td>		4 074 405	4 400 500	4 400 004	040 505
Public Safety      5,342,556      5,352,854      4,697,002      655,852        Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      1,000      1,000      10,118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      (220,000)      (193,700)      (193,700)      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)      (19,676)      2,059,114        Fund Balance      (1,974,099)      (2,078,790)      (19,676)      2,059,114	•				
Public Works      469,176      382,817      266,257      116,560        Health      117,284      117,284      106,068      11,216        Human Services      436,320      436,320      403,010      33,310        Other      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      14,494,612      14,300,406      12,404,069      1,896,337        Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses):      Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources      11,000      1,000      10,118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)      (193,700)      1156,115)      135,576        Net Change in Fund Balance      (1,974,099)      (2,078,790)      (19,676)      2,059,114        Fund Balance Beginning of Year      1,984,372 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Health    117,284    117,284    106,068    11,216      Human Services    436,320    436,320    403,010    33,310      Other    1,812,000    1,618,788    1,138,494    480,294      Total Expenditures    14,494,612    14,300,406    12,404,069    1,896,337      Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,787,099)    136,439    1,923,538      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176	•				
Human Services    436,320    436,320    403,010    33,310      Other    1,812,000    1,618,788    1,138,494    480,294      Total Expenditures    14,494,612    14,300,406    12,404,069    1,896,337      Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,787,099)    136,439    1,923,538      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources Out    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176					
Other Total Expenditures      1,812,000      1,618,788      1,138,494      480,294        Total Expenditures      14,494,612      14,300,406      12,404,069      1,896,337        Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures      (1,476,349)      (1,787,099)      136,439      1,923,538        Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources      11,000      1,000      10,118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)      (193,700)      135,576        Net Change in Fund Balance      (1,974,099)      (2,078,790)      (19,676)      2,059,114        Fund Balance Beginning of Year      1,984,372      1,984,372      1,984,372      1,984,372        Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated      141,176      141,176      141,176      141,176					
Total Expenditures    14,494,612    14,300,406    12,404,069    1,896,337      Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,787,099)    136,439    1,923,538      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures    (1,476,349)    (1,787,099)    136,439    1,923,538      Other Financing Sources (Uses):    Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):      1,250      2,530      29,962      27,432        Other Financing Sources      11,000      1,000      10,118      9,118        Advances Out      (290,000)      (101,521)      (3,521)      98,000        Transfers In      1,026      1,026      1,026        Transfers Out      (220,000)      (193,700)      (193,700)        Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)      (497,750)      (291,691)      (156,115)      135,576        Net Change in Fund Balance      (1,974,099)      (2,078,790)      (19,676)      2,059,114        Fund Balance Beginning of Year      1,984,372      1,984,372      1,984,372        Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated      141,176      141,176      141,176	l otal Expenditures	14,494,612	14,300,406	12,404,069	1,896,337
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets    1,250    2,530    29,962    27,432      Other Financing Sources    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,476,349)	(1,787,099)	136,439	1,923,538
Other Financing Sources    11,000    1,000    10,118    9,118      Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	- · · ·				
Advances Out    (290,000)    (101,521)    (3,521)    98,000      Transfers In    1,026    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)    1,026      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,250	2,530	29,962	27,432
Transfers In    1,026    1,026      Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176		•			
Transfers Out    (220,000)    (193,700)    (193,700)      Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176		(290,000)	(101,521)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)    (497,750)    (291,691)    (156,115)    135,576      Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	Transfers In				1,026
Net Change in Fund Balance    (1,974,099)    (2,078,790)    (19,676)    2,059,114      Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	Transfers Out		(193,700)	(193,700)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year    1,984,372    1,984,372    1,984,372      Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated    141,176    141,176    141,176	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(497,750)	(291,691)	(156,115)	135,576
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 141,176 141,176 141,176	Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,974,099)	(2,078,790)	(19,676)	2,059,114
	Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,984,372	1,984,372	1,984,372	
Fund Balance End of Year      \$151,449      \$46,758      \$2,105,872      \$2,059,114	Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	141,176	141,176	141,176	
	Fund Balance End of Year	\$151,449	\$46,758	\$2,105,872	\$2,059,114

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL MVGT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Sales tax	\$505,000	\$505,000	\$520,536	\$15,536
Charges for services	235,000	235,000	231,081	(3,919)
Fines and forfeitures	48,000	48,000	48,691	691
Intergovernmental	3,890,000	3,890,000	3,876,572	(13,428)
Investment income	17,000	17,000	10,644	(6,356)
Other operating income	34,000	34,000	6,511	(27,489)
Total Revenues	4,729,000	4,729,000	4,694,035	(34,965)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Works:				
Personal services	2,558,953	2,535,953	2,309,339	226,614
Materials and supplies	1,419,542	1,477,542	1,268,413	209,129
Charges and services	1,032,439	882,439	776,870	105,569
Capital outlay and equipment	397,008	512,008	460,891	51,117
Other operating expense	14,000	14,000	14,000	
Total Expenditures	5,421,942	5,421,942	4,829,513	592,429
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(692,942)	(692,942)	(135,478)	557,464
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets			19,250	19,250
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			19,250	19,250
Net Change in Fund Balance	(692,942)	(692,942)	(116,228)	576,714
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	666,459	666,459	666,459	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	26,483	26,483	26,483	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$576,714	\$576,714

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL SWM FUND DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Special Assessments		\$212,976	\$341,865	\$128,889
Charges for services	\$272,000	272,000	258,045	(13,955)
Intergovernmental			717	717
Other operating income	128,000	128,000	42,225	(85,775)
Total Revenues	400,000	612,976	642,852	29,876
Expenditures: Current:				
Public Works:				
Personal services	278,010	278,010	242,942	35,068
Materials and supplies	35,000	35,000	33,085	1,915
Charges and services	207,697	367,697	323,296	44,401
Capital outlay and equipment	20,000	20,000	4,766	15,234
Other operating expense	900	900	573	327
Total Expenditures	541,607	701,607	604,662	96,945
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(141,607)	(88,631)	38,190	126,821
Other Financing Sources:				
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets			879	879
Net Change in Fund Balance	(141,607)	(88,631)	39,069	127,700
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	140,933	140,933	140,933	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	674	674	674	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$52,976	\$180,676	\$127,700

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL JOB AND FAMILY SERVICES FUND DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$2,613,524	\$2,715,316	\$2,337,707	(\$377,609)
Other operating income	602,690	500,898	144,100	(356,798)
Total Revenues	3,216,214	3,216,214	2,481,807	(734,407)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human Services:				
Personal services	2,119,368	1,780,368	1,247,087	533,281
Materials and supplies	72,385	97,385	76,875	20,510
Charges and services	1,466,524	1,820,524	1,315,196	505,328
Capital outlay and equipment	100,000	70,000	16,213	53,787
Other operating expense	118,994	108,994	31,645	77,349
Total Expenditures	3,877,271	3,877,271	2,687,016	1,190,255
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(661,057)	(661,057)	(205,209)	455,848
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	372,316	372,316	123,700	(248,616)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(288,741)	(288,741)	(81,509)	207,232
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	337,335	337,335	337,335	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	186,306	186,306	186,306	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$234,900	\$234,900	\$442,132	\$207,232

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DD FUND DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$3,420,569	\$3,420,569	\$3,401,601	(\$18,968)
Intergovernmental	1,493,085	1,493,085	1,586,731	93,646
Investment income			1,750	1,750
Other operating income	6,000	6,000	1,687	(4,313)
Total Revenues	4,919,654	4,919,654	4,991,769	72,115
Expenditures: Current: Health:				
Personal services	3,228,087	3,228,087	2,990,354	237,733
Materials and supplies	170,775	170,775	110,788	59,987
Charges and services	1,699,758	1,699,758	1,537,510	162,248
Capital outlay and equipment	52,600	52,600	14,861	37,739
Total Expenditures	5,151,220	5,151,220	4,653,513	497,707
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(231,566)	(231,566)	338,256	569,822
Other Financing (Uses):				
Operating Transfers Out		(850,000)	(850,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(231,566)	(1,081,566)	(511,744)	569,822
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,001,012	2,001,012	2,001,012	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	96,233	96,233	96,233	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,865,679	\$1,015,679	\$1,585,501	\$569,822

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Busi E	Governmental Activities		
	Auglaize Acres	Sewers	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$382,207	\$451,648	\$833,855	\$176,141
Receivables:				
Accounts	1,081,659	73,900	1,155,559	
Notes		8,750	8,750	
Special Assessments				250
Accrued Interest				32
Due From Other Funds				20,471
Materials and Supplies Inventory	40,060		40,060	
Prepaid Items	7,329	382	7,711	
Total Current Assets	1,511,255	534,680	2,045,935	196,894
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	4,200	52,098	56,298	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	187,736	3,367,009	3,554,745	
Total Non-current Assets	191,936	3,419,107	3,611,043	
Total Assets	1,703,191	3,953,787	5,656,978	196,894
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	94,627	20,301	114,928	29,763
Accrued Wages	61,275		61,275	2,105
Intergovernmental Payable	81,595		81,595	2,892
Due to Other Funds	368,504		368,504	
Due to Clients	129,538	333	129,871	
Deferred Revenue				282
Notes Payable		5,000	5,000	
Compensated Absences Payable	113,845		113,845	4,210
Total Current Liabilities	849,384	25,634	875,018	39,252
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences Payable	101,473		101,473	659
Notes Payable		12,500	12,500	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	101,473	12,500	113,973	659
Total Liabilities	950,857	38,134	988,991	39,911
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	191,936	3,401,607	3,593,543	
Unrestricted	560,398	514,046	1,074,444	156,983
Total Net Assets	\$752,334	\$3,915,653	\$4,667,987	\$156,983
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Busir E	Governmental Activities		
	Auglaize Acres	Sewers	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	<b>*</b> =		<b>*</b> = <b>*</b> = <b>* *</b>	
Charges for Services	\$5,602,850	\$350,454	\$5,953,304	\$3,497,789
Total Operating Revenues	5,602,850	350,454	5,953,304	3,497,789
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services	3,772,829		3,772,829	114,769
Contractual Services	882,211	336,893	1,219,104	3,238,269
Materials and Supplies	549,121		549,121	80,298
Other	42,950		42,950	
Depreciation	40,415	116,791	157,206	
Capital Outlay	17,484		17,484	
Total Operating Expenses	5,305,010	453,684	5,758,694	3,433,336
Operating Income (Loss)	297,840	(103,230)	194,610	64,453
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Capital Contribution	9,293		9,293	
Other Non Operating	64,463	1,528	65,991	795
Advance Out				(2,472)
Transfer Out				(1,026)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	73,756	1,528	75,284	(2,703)
Change in Net Assets	371,596	(101,702)	269,894	61,750
Net Assets Beginning of Year	380,738	4,017,355	4,398,093	95,233
Net Assets End of Year	\$752,334	\$3,915,653	\$4,667,987	\$156,983

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Business Type Activities Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities
	Auglaize Acres	Sewers	Total	Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			, otal	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$5,602,850	\$350,454	\$5,953,304	\$90,638
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$0,002,000	<i>\</i>	\$0,000,00	3,407,152
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(3,937,160)		(3,937,160)	(116,334)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,534,733)	(372,630)	(1,907,363)	(3,319,983)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	130,957	(22,176)	108,781	61,473
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:				
Non Operating Revenue	64,463	1,528	65,991	795
Advance Out	04,400	1,020	00,001	(2,472)
Transfer Out				(1,026)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-capital Financing Activities	64,463	1,528	65,991	(2,703)
Oracle Flavor from Oracital and Public 1 Flavor in Automatic				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	(0,000)		(0,000)	
Capital Asset Purchases	(9,293)		(9,293)	
Contributed Capital Revenue Principal Paid on Notes	9,293	(5,000)	9,293	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related		(5,000)	(5,000)	
Financing Activities		(5,000)	(5,000)	
		(0,000)	(0,000)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	195,420	(25,648)	169,772	58,770
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	186,787	477,296	664,083	117,371
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$382,207	\$451,648	\$833,855	\$176,141
Reconciliation of Operating Gain (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating Gain (Loss)	\$297,840	(\$103,230)	\$194,610	\$64,453
Adjustments: Depreciation	40,415	116,791	157,206	
	10,110		,200	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Accounts Receivable	22,920	(123)	22,797	
Intergovernmental Receivable		2,500	2,500	
Special Assessment Receivable				(250)
Interest Receivable	()	(= .)	()	(32)
Prepaid Items	(884)	(81)	(965)	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	(3,699)		(3,699)	(10.004)
Due from Other Funds				(12,284)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	(107 077)	(4 057)	(120 50 4)	0.050
Accounts Payable	(137,877)	(1,657)	(139,534)	9,256
Deferred Revenue	(02 00 4)		(02 004)	282
Accrued Wages	(93,894)		(93,894)	(2,132)
Compensated Absences Payable	(70,438)		(70,438)	568
Intergovernmental Payable Due to Clients	41,466 85,471	184	41,466 85,655	1,612
Due to Other Funds	(50,363)	(36,560)	(86,923)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$130,957	(\$22,176)	\$108,781	\$61,473
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## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Private Purpose	
	Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,999	\$2,901,326
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts		811,137
Receivables:		
Property Taxes		44,165,871
Special Assessments		1,358,765
Due from other governments	1,009	2,732,545
Total Assets	7,008	51,969,644
Liabilities:		
Due to Other Governments		51,158,508
Undistributed Assets		811,136
Total Liabilities		\$51,969,644
Net Assets:		
Restricted	7,008	
Total Net Assets	\$7,008	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Other	\$35,534
Total Additions	35,534
<b>Deductions:</b> Human Service Total Deductions	<u> </u>
Change in Net Assets	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	7,008
Net Assets End of Year	\$7,008

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

Auglaize County, Ohio (The County) was formed by an act of the Legislature on February 14, 1848. The County is governed by a board of three Commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County that manage various segments of the County's operations are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, a Common Pleas Court Judge, a Probate/Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court Judge, and a Municipal County Court Judge. Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

## A. Reporting Entity

The County's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 1992. The basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which Auglaize County and the County Commissioners are "accountable". Accountability as defined in GASB Statement No. 14 was evaluated based on financial accountability, the nature and significance of the potential component unit's (PCU) relationship with the County and whether exclusion would cause the County's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Among the factors considered were separate legal standing; appointment of a voting majority of PCU's board; fiscal dependency and whether a benefit or burden relationship exists; imposition of will; and the nature and significance of the PCU's relationship with the County.

Certain funds are legally separate from the County, however, their activity is so intertwined with that of the County that they are reported as part of the County. The following funds have been included or blended into the County's basic financial statements:

## Auglaize County Children's Services Board (CSB)

The County Commissioners approve the budget for the CSB and are substantially involved in its operation. The operations of the CSB are accounted for as a separate special revenue fund.

## The Auglaize County Board of Developmental Disabilities

The Board is appointed by the Probate Judge and the County Commissioners. The Commissioners serve as the appropriating authority for the Board and are "accountable" for its activities. The operations of DD are accounted for as a separate special revenue fund.

## **B.** Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the County's other component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

## Auglaize County Airport Authority

The Commissioners are substantially involved in the operations of the Airport Authority. The operations of the Airport Authority are accounted for using proprietary fund accounting. Complete financial statements may be obtained from Auglaize County Airport Authority, 07776 St. Rt. 219, New Knoxville, OH 45871.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY (Continued)

## Auglaize Industries, Inc.

This is a legally separate, not-for-profit corporation, served by a self-appointing board of trustees. Auglaize Industries, Inc., under a contractual agreement with the Auglaize County Board of Developmental Disabilities, provides sheltered employment for mentally retarded or handicapped adults in Auglaize County. Based on the significant services and resource provided by the County to Auglaize Industries, Inc. and their sole purpose of providing assistance to the retarded and handicapped adults of Auglaize County, Auglaize Industries, Inc. is reflected as a component unit of Auglaize County. The operations of Auglaize Industries, Inc. are accounted for using proprietary fund accounting. Complete financial statements may be obtained from Auglaize Industries, 330 West Boesel Ave., New Bremen, Ohio 45869.

## C. Potential Component Units Reported As Agency Funds

In the case of the separate agencies, boards, and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not accountable as defined in GASB Statement No. 14; accordingly, the activity of the following districts and agencies are included in the financial statements as agency funds:

- Auglaize County General Health District
- Auglaize County Soil and Water Conservation
- Auglaize County Regional Planning Commission
- Auglaize County Local Emergency Planning Commission
- Auglaize County Emergency Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management
- Auglaize County Law Library
- Auglaize County Family and Children First Council
- Heritage Trails Park District

## **D. Excluded Potential Component Units**

The County is not accountable, as defined in GASB Statement No. 14, for the following entities and is not involved with their activities in any substantial capacity; accordingly their activities have been excluded from the County's basic financial statements.

- Auglaize County Public District Library
- Auglaize County Agricultural Society
- Auglaize County Cooperative Extension Services
- Auglaize County Historical Society
- Auglaize County Council on Aging
- Auglaize County Child Abuse and Neglect Advisory Board
- Auglaize County Humane Society

The County is associated with the following risk pools, jointly governed organizations and joint ventures which are described in Notes 18 through 20.

- Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.
- Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium
- County Commissioner Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan
- Auglaize County Regional Planning Commission
- Workforce Improvement Act Youth Consortium of Auglaize, Hardin, and Mercer Counties
- Mental Health and Recovery Services Board of Allen, Auglaize, and Hardin Counties

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY (Continued)

- West Central Ohio Network
- Auglaize and Mercer Counties Convention and Visitors' Bureau
- Auglaize County Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management
- Auglaize County Revolving Loan Fund Board
- Grand Lake Task Force

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and practices of Auglaize County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units, as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources.

The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its governmental and business type activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

The information provided in the notes to the financial statements relates generally to the primary government. Information related to the component units is specifically identified.

## A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

## 1. Government-wide Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function for the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities.

Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Fund Financial Statements**: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column.

All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

## 1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following are the County's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax (MVGT)** – The Motor Vehicle Gas Tax fund accounts for gas tax and license revenue used for road and bridge maintenance in the County.

**Solid Waste Management (SWM)** – The Solid Waste Management Fund accounts for a county wide special assessment to pay for ground water monitoring and the repayment to county general for a lawsuit settlement. They also account for monies derived from the fees associated with recycling and disposal of waste.

Job and Family Services (JFS) – The Job and Family Services Fund accounts for various federal and state grants as well as allocations from the general fund used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients and to pay their providers of medical assistance and certain public social services.

**Developmental Disabilities (DD)** – The Developmental Disabilities Fund accounts for a County-wide property tax levy, state grants and reimbursements used for care and services for the mentally handicapped.

**Permanent Improvement** – The Permanent Improvement Fund accounts for revenue received from the permissive sales tax and is used to pay for capital improvements.

## 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are used to account for the County's ongoing activities which are financed and operated in a manner similar to the private sector.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Enterprise Funds** – These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user fees or charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or accountability. The County's enterprise funds consisted of Auglaize Acres, which accounts for activity pertaining to the County nursing home, and the Sewer Fund, which accounts for sewer revenue fees used for sewer maintenance in the County.

**Internal Service Funds** - These funds are used for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds account for monies received from the activities of the insurance programs for employee health, vision, drug card benefits and flexible spending; and for various rotary services such as police protection and gasoline.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds.

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the County's own programs. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The County's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and agency funds. The private purpose trust accounts for funds held by binding trust agreements. The agency funds account for assets held by the County for political subdivisions for which the County acts as fiscal agent, and for taxes, assessments, state-levied shared revenues, and fines and forfeitures collected on behalf of other local governments and distributed to other political subdivisions.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### 1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net assets.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows reflects how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

### 3. Discretely Presented Component Units

The Auglaize County Airport Authority uses the proprietary basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Auglaize Industries uses the proprietary basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### 1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales tax, interest, federal and state grants and subsidies, state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

#### 2. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2009, but which were levied to finance year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

#### 3. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Budgetary information for the component units is not reported because they are not included in the entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the County Commissioners at the personal services and other expense classification levels within each department for the General Fund and for all other funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the County Commissioners.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled, except for cash held by a trustee or fiscal agent and in segregated accounts. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds are included in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Interest in the pool is reported as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents." Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately within departments of the County, or in outside accounts in the name of various elected officials or departments are reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts." Cash held by the West Central Ohio Network (WestCon) on behalf of the County is reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent".

During 2009, investments were limited to money markets, treasury notes, and federal agency securities. Except for money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the County is required to credit all investment earnings to the General Fund, unless otherwise expressly required by law to allocate to other funds. Interest is distributed to the General Fund, the Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund, St. Marys River Project Special Revenue Fund, the Auglaize School Workshop Bond Retirement Fund, the Treasurer's Prepay Agency Fund and the Auglaize School Group Home Special Revenue Fund. Total investment revenue earned during 2009 was \$451,725. The General Fund was credited \$432,616 and of this amount \$394,827 was assigned from other funds. A restatement was made to reduce 2009 interest income by \$83,477 because it was interest earned in 2008, but not recorded until 2009. This restatement caused actual 2009 interest revenue to decrease from \$516,093 to \$432,616. Adjusting entries resulted in the General fund reporting \$388,593 of interest revenue on the GAAP basis.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

### F. Inventory of Supplies

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market value on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are expensed when consumed or used.

### G. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

#### H. Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility.

Using these criteria, the County has elected not to record child support arrearages or various court receivables within the special revenue and agency funds. These amounts, while potentially significant, are not considered measurable, and because collections are often significantly in arrears, the County is unable to determine a reasonable value.

### I. Inter-fund Receivables and Payables

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "inter-fund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "internal balances".

#### J. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## K. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The capital asset values were initially determined at December 31, 1990, assigning original acquisition costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original costs was not available, estimated historical costs were developed. Donated capital assets are capitalized at fair market value on the date donated.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements which extend the useful life or increase the capacity or operating efficiency of the asset are capitalized at cost. The cost of interest on debt issued for construction in progress is not capitalized. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars.

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported on the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

Infrastructure assets are reported as part of Capital Assets Being Depreciated in the governmental activities column. Infrastructure reported in the governmental activities column consists of County bridges and roads. In addition, expenditures made by the County to preserve existing bridges and roads are expensed rather than capitalized. Only expenditures for additions or improvements are capitalized.

Capital assets used by the enterprise funds are reported in both the business-type activities column on the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds. All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, some land improvements and construction in progress.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Life
Sewer and Water Treatment Plants and Lines	50 years
Buildings and Improvements	10-30 years
Bridges	40 years
Roads	15 years
Cruisers	2 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10-20 years
Machinery and Equipment	7-15 years
Licensed Vehicles (except Cruisers)	6 years
Software	3 years

#### L. Component Units

**Auglaize Industries -** Equipment and improvements are stated at cost except for donated assets which are stated at fair market value at date of receipt. Leasehold improvements are depreciated rateably over the estimated useful life. Depreciation of capital assets is on a double declining balance basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, as follows:

Description	Estimated Life
Furniture and Fixtures	7 years
Transportation Equipment	5 years
Computers	5 years
Leasehold Improvements	31 1/2 years

**Auglaize Airport Authority -** The capital asset values were initially determined at December 31, 1994, using the consumer pricing index to estimate historical costs. Donated capital assets are capitalized at fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description				
Furniture and Fixtures				
Machinery and Equipment				
Licensed Vehicles				

Estimated Life 20 years 7-15 years 6 years

#### M. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The County records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the County's past experience of making termination payments. Accumulated unused sick leave is paid to employees who retire at various rates depending on length of service and department policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

### N. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### O. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for specific county operations and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. At December 31, 2009, the amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation was \$2,828,769.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### P. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction or transfers of capital assets between governmental and business type activities. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Contributed resources are reported as capital contributions within the financial statements pursuant to GASB 33 "Accounting and Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions".

### Q. Fund Balance Reserves

The County records reservations for portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable financial resources and, therefore, are not available for expenditure. Undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for long-term portion of interfund receivable, notes receivable, and for encumbrances.

### **R.** Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for county home room and board, sewer services, as well as charges for internal service fund activities. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

#### S. Inter-fund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Transactions that constitute reimbursements for expenditures or expenses initially made from a fund that are properly allocable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditures and expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

#### T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 3. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

Net assets of Governmental Activities were restated at December 31, 2008, to make a correction to prior year's infrastructure calculation. The net assets of Governmental Activities and fund balance of the DD Fund were also restated at December 31, 2008 as a result of including West Central Ohio Network (West CON) assets and liabilities. In addition, the net assets of the Governmental Activities were restated due to the allocation of the Internal Service Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 34. The net assets of Governmental Activities and fund balance of the General Fund was restated due to prior year understatement of revenue. The fund balance of the General Fund and Other Governmental Funds was restated due to the repayment of a lawsuit settlement. These changes had the following effect on net assets/fund balances as previously reported:

	Net Assets	Fund Balance		e
	Governmental Activities	General Fund	DD Fund	SWM Fund
Net Assets/Fund Balances,				
December 31, 2008	\$64,075,955	\$4,978,370	\$2,992,801	(\$ 484,981)
Re-statements for:				
Infrastructure	140,238			
West Con	585,746		585,746	
Internal Service	13,622			
2008 Interest Recorded in 2009	83,477	83,477		
SWM lawsuit repayment		2,066,745		(2,066,745)
Restated Fund Balance/Net Assets,				
December 31, 2008	\$64,899,038	\$7,128,592	\$3,578,547	(\$2,551,726)

## 4. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

The following funds had a deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2009:

Special Revenue Funds:	Deficit Fund Balance	
10 VOCA	\$ 332	
Dretac - Treasurer	895	
Solid Waste Management	2,310,399	
09 Vision	7,312	
09 Vision #2	43,038	
Internal Service Funds:		
Police Rotary	7,398	
Airport Rotary	943	

The deficits in the Special Revenue and Internal Service Funds are caused by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances, however, this is done as cash is needed rather than as accruals occur.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 5. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual are presented in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds.

The major differences for those funds between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

. . . . .

Net Change in Fund Balance							
General and Major Special Revenue Funds							
	Motor Solid Job and						
Vehicle Waste Family Developmen					Developmental		
	General	General Gasoline Tax Mgt Services Disabilities					
Budget Basis	(\$ 19,676)	(\$116,228)	\$ 39,069	(\$ 81,509)	(\$ 511,744)		
Net Adjustments:							
Revenue accruals	(662,572)	166,502	49,405	(40,746)	(436,443)		
Expense accruals	155,925	16,270	150,632	149,145	(987,342)		
Encumbrances	141,707	34,760	2,222	186,949	112,720		
GAAP Basis	(\$384,616)	\$101,304	\$241,328	\$213,839	(\$1,822,809)		

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#### 6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Primary Government**

The County maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States treasury bills, bonds, notes or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States; or any book entry, zero coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit, or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or
  (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2) or cash or both cash and securities, equal value for equal value;
- High grade commercial paper and bankers acceptances in an amount not to exceed up to twenty five percent of the County's total portfolio and corporate notes not to exceed up to fifteen percent of the County's total average portfolio; and

Reverse repurchase agreements, investments in derivatives, and investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Bankers' acceptances must mature within 180 days, commercial paper within 270 days, and corporate notes within two years after purchase. All other investments must mature within five years from the date of settlement unless matched to a specific obligation or debt and the investment advisory committee specifically approves it. Investments must be purchased with the expectation that they will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash On Hand - At December 31, 2009, cash on hand amounted to \$188,172.

#### A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$6,433,104. Of the County's bank balance of \$7,032,949, \$5,702,235 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

The County has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statue. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the County or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposite being secured.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments

As of December 31, 2009, the County had the following investments with the listed maturity periods:

	Total	Less Than Six Months	One to Five Years
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	\$ 1,346,593		\$1,346,593
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			
Medium Term Notes	8,009,207		8,009,207
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			
Notes	1,008,670	\$1,008,670	
Federal National Mortgage Association	500 170		500 170
Notes	500,470		500,470
Money Market Fund	7,910,116	7,910,116	
	\$18,775,056	\$8,918,786	\$9,856,270

The County's investment policy does not address any restriction on investments relating to interest rate (the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment), or custodial credit risks (the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or securities that are in the possession of an outside party). The federal agency securities are subject to custodial risk since they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent and not in the County's name. The investment policy restricts the Treasurer from investing in anything other than as identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless they are matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County. The Treasurer is also restricted from purchasing investments that cannot be held until the maturity date.

The County's Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, the County's Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Medium Term Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds all carry a rating of AAA by Moody's.

The County diversifies its investments by security, type, and the institution. The County addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring that with the exception of direct obligations of the U. S. Treasury, no more than 50 percent of the County's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.

The following table indicates the percentage of each investment to the total portfolio:

	Carrying Value	Percentage Of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	\$ 1,346,593	7.17%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Medium Notes		
Term Notes	8,009,207	42.66%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	1,008,670	5.37%
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	500,470	2.67%
Money Market Fund	7,910,116	42.13%
	\$18,775,056	100.00%

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Component Units

**Auglaize County Airport Authority -** All moneys and funds acquired by the Airport Authority under Ohio Rev. Code Sections 4582.22 and 4582.59 are held by it in trust and are not part of other public funds. These funds, except as otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing revenue bonds or in any trust agreement securing the same, or except when invested pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 4582.54 are kept in depositories selected by the Airport Authority in the manner provided the Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 135. The deposits are secured as provided in that chapter.

At year end, the carrying amount of the Auglaize County Airport Authority deposits were \$67,958 and the bank balance was \$70,373. \$70,373 was covered by federal depository insurance. The balance of cash on hand at year end was \$100. The Auglaize County Airport Authority did not have any investments at year end.

**Auglaize Industries, Inc.** - At year end, the carrying amount of Auglaize Industries, Inc. deposits was \$23,709 and the bank balance was \$19,362. Of this amount, \$19,362 was covered by federal depository insurance. The balance of cash on hand at year end was \$628. The investment securities are carried at fair market value. Of these securities, the United States Government Securities and the Mortgaged Backed Securities due after ten years have a fair value of \$144,391; and the Mutual Funds have a fair value of \$392,393. There are no statutory guidelines regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the not-for-profit corporations.

The United States Government Securities carry a rating of AAA by Standards & Poor's. The Mutual Funds and Asset and Mortgaged Backed Securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Industries' name.

## 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the County. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility property) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date.

Assessed values are established by the Tax Commissioner at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last triennial update was completed in tax year 2008 (Calendar year 2009). The last revaluation update was completed in tax year 2005 (calendar year 2006). Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. The first payment is due February 15, with the remainder payable by July 15.

Property tax revenues received in 2009 represents the collection of 2008 taxes for real and public utility property taxes. Real and public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2009 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after October 1, 2008, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2009 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the true value as of December 31, 2008. Tangible personal property was assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. The year 2008 was the last year for tangible personal property tax collections. The State of Ohio has terminated this program.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 7. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Public utility real, and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date.

Certain public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at one hundred percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, and the County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected. The collection and distribution of taxes for all subdivisions within the County, is accounted for through agency funds.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real, tangible personal, and public utility taxes which were measurable and unpaid as of December 31, 2009. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31 and are not intended to finance 2009 operations. The receivable and the portion of the tax levies prepaid by year end into the undivided general tax agency fund are therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$9.25 per \$1,000 of assessed value.

The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2009 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

\$709,765,660
138,732,420
246,080
<u>17,719,800</u>
\$866,463,960

### 8. PERMISSIVE SALES AND USE TAX

The County Commissioners by resolution imposed a one percent tax on all retail sales, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles, not subject to the sales tax. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The State Auditor then has five days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County.

Proceeds of the permissive sales tax are to be credited to the General Fund. The sales tax revenue for 2009 amounted to \$6,159,133. The use tax amounted to \$517,540, and was credited to the Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax Fund.

A receivable is recognized at year-end for amounts that will be received from sales which occurred during 2009. On a full accrual basis, the full amount of the receivable is recognized as revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the amount of the receivable that will be received outside of the available period is deferred.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

As of December 31, 2009, inter-fund receivables and payables that resulted from various inter-fund transactions were as follows:

Interfund Payable	General	MVGT	Job & Family Services	Other Govtl	Internal Service	Total
General		\$1,291			\$13,563	\$ 14,854
MVGT					1,654	1,654
SWM	\$2,552,225					2,552,225
Job & Family Services				\$27,335	1,497	28,832
Departmental Disabilities	140					140
Other Governmental	12,888	1,824	\$127,825	24,787	2,388	169,712
Auglaize Acres	367,135				1,369	368,504
Interfund Receivable	\$2,932,388	\$3,115	\$127,825	\$52,122	\$20,471	\$3,135,921

<b>Operating Transfers</b>	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General	\$ 1,026	\$ 193,700
Jobs and Family Services	123,700	
Developmental Disabilities		850,000
Other Governmental Funds:		
Ditch Debt Funds		240
Law Library Resources Fund	70,000	
Ditch Maintenance Funds	240	
Community Alternatives	850,000	
Total Other Governmental Funds	920,240	240
Internal Service Funds:		
Flex Spending		1,026
· -	\$1,044,966	\$1,044,966

### 10. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2009 consist of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), special assessments, inter-fund, interest, due from other funds, and due from other government receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectible in full. Delinquent accounts receivable may be certified and collected as a special assessment, subject to foreclosure for nonpayment. A summary of the principal items of due from other government receivables follows:

General Fund:	Amount
Public Defender Reimbursement	\$31,652
Judge's Salary Reimbursement	
School Food Service	1,163
Ohio Housing Trust Fund Admin Fee	493
Local Government	361,849
Homestead and Rollback	199,964
Total General Fund	595,121
MVGT Fund:	
Motor Vehicle License Tax	759,773
Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax	262,474
Gasoline Tax	1,131,343
ODOT reimbursement	87,647
Total MVGT Fund	2,241,247
	(Continued)

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

# 10. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

	Amount
Job and Family Services Fund	
State of Ohio	112,644
DD Fund	
Homestead and Rollback	359,738
State of Ohio	70,096
Total Developmental Disabilities	429,834
Other Funds	
Community Development Block Grant	617
Community Housing Improvement Program	11,800
HOME Grant	90,521
VOCA – Federal funding	23,699
Childrens Services	20,655
911 Emergency Assistance	17,679
Ohio Housing Trust Fund	28,330
Title XIX	40,941
State Reimbursement	22,977
Title II	301,723
Law Enforcement Grant`	8,475
DARE Grant	19,993
Airport Grant	53,057
Total Other Funds	640,467
Total Due From Other Governments	\$4,019,303

A summary of the principal items of accounts receivables follows:

General Fund	Amount
Fees	\$4,180
MVGT Fund	
Motor Vehicle Reimbursement	96,384
Engineer Fees	3,440
Total MVGT Fund	99,824
SWM Fund	
Generation Fee	32,783
Reimbursements	144
Total SWM Fund	32,927
Other Funds	
Reimbursements	7,971
Day Hab Fees	20,475
Group Home Rent	
Fees	1,050
CAUV Fees	550
Inmate Telephone Sales	901
Child Support Agency Fees	12,138
Total Other Funds	43,085
Total Governmental Funds Accounts Receivable	180,016
Auglaize Acres	
Auglaize Acres – Room and Board	1,080,809
Auglaize Acres – Other	850
Total Auglaize Acres Accounts Receivable	1,081,659

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 10. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Sewer Funds	
South Grand Lake Sewer Charges	30,872
Villa Nova Sewer Charges	3,972
Sharlon Sewer Charges	948
Beverly Hills Sewer Charges	3,316
Sherwood Forest Sewer Charges	2,288
Pleasantview Sewer Charges	4,061
KZ Sewer Charges	1,663
Arrowhead Estates Sewer Charges	1,896
East Lake Park Sewer Charges	3,723
Forest Lane Sewer Charges	1,809
Sandy Beach Sewer Charges	16,904
Oakwood Hills Sewer Charges	2,448
Total Sewer Funds	73,900
Total Enterprise Funds	1,155,559
Total Accounts Receivable	\$1,335,575

A summary of the principal items of notes receivables follows:

Other Funds	
Auglaize Provico	\$243,595
Industrial Paint and Strip	147,739
Johnna's LLC	44,086
Make Properties, Inc.	150,031
WeldTec, Ltd.	184,281
CC Propane	51,345
Total Governmental Notes Receivable	821,077
Enterprise Funds	
City of Wapakoneta – Oakwood Hills Sewer	8,750
Total Notes Receivable	\$829,827

## 11. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1	Prior Year Additions	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31
Non Depreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 1,927,405		\$ 15,524		\$ 1,942,929
Construction in Progress	564,537		167,200		731,737
Total Non Depreciable	2,491,942		182,724		2,674,666
Depreciable Assets:					
Land Improvements	4,080,421		61,430		4,141,851
Buildings & Improvements	18,270,452		136,847	(\$ 46,694)	18,360,605
Infrastructure	34,581,510	\$ 37,495	3,523,206	(994,626)	37,147,585
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures	9,399,123		487,775	(594,424)	9,292,474
Total Depreciable	66,331,506	37,495	4,209,258	(1,635,744)	68,942,515
					(Continued)

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 11. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance	Prior Year	A .	Deduct	•	Balance
Governmental Activities	January 1	Additions	Additions	Reduct	ions	December 31
Accumulated Depreciation:	4 407 500		004 440			4 700 000
Land Improvements	1,427,593		364,410	(40.4		1,792,003
Buildings & Improvements	6,523,451		787,613	(46,6	,	7,264,369
Infrastructure	14,473,364	(102,744)	1,654,282	(796,0	,	15,228,865
Equipment, Furniture, Fixtures	6,301,390	(100 - (1))	815,135	(591,6		6,524,910
Total Accumulated Depreciation	28,725,798	(102,744)	3,621,440	(1,434,	347)	30,810,147
Net Depreciable Assets	37,605,708	140,239	587,818	(201,3	397)	38,132,368
Total Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets (Net)	\$40,097,650	\$140,239	\$770,542	(\$201,3	397)	\$40,807,034
	Balance				P	alance
Business-Type Activities	January		Additions Redu			ember 31
Non Depreciable Assets:	January		JII3 Neut		Dec	
Land	\$ 56,29	8			\$	56,298
Land	φ 00,20		·		Ψ	00,200
Depreciable Assets:						
Buildings & Improvements	1,016,60	6	(\$5	,294)	1	011,312
Water & Sewer	5,841,25		<b>(</b> )	, ,		841,251
Equip, Furn & Fixtures	312,68		294 (47	,851)	274,129	
Total Depreciable	7,170,54			,145)	7	126,692
				<u> </u>		
Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings & Improvements	857,74	0 19,9	19,963 (5			872,409
Water & Sewer	2,357,45	51 116,7				474,242
Equip, Furn & Fixtures	252,69	5 20,4	152 (47	,851)		225,296
Total Accum Depr	3,467,88	6 157,2	206 (53	,145)	3	,571,947
Net Depreciable Assets	3,702,65	57 (147,9	912)		3	554,745
Business Type Activities				0		
Capital Assets (Net)	\$3,758,95	5 (\$147,9	912) \$	0	\$3	,611,043

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental programs as follows:

General Government – Legislative and Executive	\$1,243,795
General Government – Judicial	11,724
Public Safety	141,684
Public Works	2,110,654
Health	48,035
Human Services	65,548
Total Depreciation Expense	\$3,621,440

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Transference of Risk: Property, Crime and Liability

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The County participates in the Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. (MPRMA) (the Pool) which is a public entity risk pool, (see Note 18) for general liability, automobile liability, public officials' liability and property and crime insurance.

Coverage provided by the pool is as follows:

Property	
Maximum per occurrence	\$ 68,224,000
Subject to following sublimits	
Flood*	36,000,000
Earthquake*	36,000,000
Demolition and Increased Cost of Construction	1,000,000
Extra Expense	275,000
Computer Equipment & Media	1,000,000
Computer Extra Expense	50,000
Property in Transit	20,000
Valuable Papers	100,000
Account Receivable	50,000
Mobile Equipment	2,500,000
Fine Arts	50,000
Automatic Builders' Risk	1,000,000
Automatic Newly-Acquired Property	1,000,000
Crime	
Employee Dishonesty and Faithful Performance	500,000
Money and Securities (Inside and Outside)	500,000
Forgery and Alteration	500,000
Boiler and Machinery	50,000,000
Liability	
Maximum per occurrence	7,000,000
Subject to following sublimits	
General, Law, Auto	7,000,000
Employee Benefits*	7,000,000
Ohio Stop Gap	7,000,000
Public Official Errors & Omissions*	7,000,000
Sexual Harassment*	1,000,000
County Home (primary and excess liability)	5,000,000
Pollution Liability	1,000,000

Limits include the pool self-insured retentions.

\*Limit is annual aggregate

Each member pays the first \$500 (deductible) of any physical damage to County automobiles, and crime loss involving county property. The pool pays (self-insured retention) for the next:

Crime, Pollution	\$25,000	per occurrence
Property, Auto, Physical Damage	100,000	per occurrence
Liability	100,000	per occurrence
Combined loss maximum	100,000	per occurrence

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Pool purchases excess commercial insurance to pay for claims in excess of the above member deductibles and pool self-insurance retentions. This insurance provides following insurance limits:

Property and Auto Physical Damage	\$68,224,000
Crime	500,000
Liability	7,000,000
Except County Orals	5,000,000
Pollution Liability	1,000,000

The amount of any claim or loss in excess of these amounts would be the responsibility of the County that incurred the claim or loss.

Member contributions to the Pool are adjusted annually and are calculated to annually produce a sufficient sum of money to pay Pool expenses including estimated Pool self-insured losses and claims adjustment expense.

Under the terms of Pool membership, should the annual member contributions not be sufficient to fully fund Pool expenses including ultimate losses, the Board of Trustees can require supplementary contributions. Supplementary contributions, if required, would be based on the Members' pre-determined percentage share of Pool costs for that year. Supplementary contributions can be accessed during the entire life of the Association and any later period when claims or expenses need to be paid which are attributable to any membership year during which the event or claim occurred.

Provisions for claim reserves and loss adjustment expenses are based on information reported by members and are calculated by the Pool's claim administrator and independent actuary. These amounts represent an estimate of reported, unpaid claims, plus provisions for claims incurred and not reported.

The Pool's management believes that the estimate of the liability for claim reserves is reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses may not conform to the assumptions inherent in the determination of the liability. Accordingly, the ultimate settlement of losses and related loss adjustment expenses may vary from the estimated amount included in the accompanying financial statements. Should the provision for claims reserves not be sufficient, supplemental contributions, as discussed above, will be assessed.

To lower costs to pool members, MPRMA joined with other Ohio public entities to form a new excess pool called the Public Entity Risk Consortium (PERC). The PERC pool provides self-insured retentions for each of the member pools as follows: Property – up to \$250,000 per occurrence, Liability – up to \$500,000 per occurrence and annual Stop Loss for the period of 12/1/08 through 11/30/09 up to \$1,650,000 maximum. As of November 30, 2009 PERC has cash reserves of \$3,970,409 which, in the opinion of an outside actuary and management, is adequate for any claims currently pending against the pool.

#### B. Transference of Risk: Employee Health Insurance

The County is part of the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC) (the Consortium) for its employee health insurance, and retains no risk for this plan (see Note 18). Member contributions are calculated to annually produce a sufficient sum of money within the self-insurance pool adequate to fund administrative expenses of the Association and to create adequate reserves for claims and unallocated loss adjustment expenses.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Under the terms of membership, should annual member contributions not be sufficient to fund ultimate losses, establish adequate reserves and cover administrative expenses, the Board of Trustees can require supplementary contributions. Supplementary contributions can be assessed during the entire life of the Association and any later period when claims or expenses need to be paid which are attributable to any membership year during which the event or claim occurred.

Provisions for claims reserves and loss adjustment expenses are based on information reported by members and are calculated by the Consortium's claims administrator. These amounts represent an estimate of reported, unpaid claims, plus a provision for claims incurred and not reported. The Consortium's management believes that the estimate of liability for claim reserves is reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses may not conform to the assumptions inherent in the determination of the liability.

Accordingly, the ultimate settlement of losses and related loss adjustment expenses may vary from the estimated amounts included in the accompanying financial statements. Should the provision for claims reserves not be sufficient, supplemental contributions, as discussed above, will be assessed.

#### C. Transference of Risk: Workers Compensation Insurance

For 2009, the County participated in the County Commissioners Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 18). The plan is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safer working conditions and environments for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating counties is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than the individual rate.

In order to allocate the savings derived by formation of the Plan, and to maximize the number of participants in the Plan, annually the Plan's executive committee calculates the total savings which accrued to the Plan through its formation. This savings is then compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. The Plan's executive committee then collects rate contributions from, or pays rate equalization rebates to the various participants. Participation in the plan is limited to counties than can meet the Plans' selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the County pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The County may withdraw from the Plan if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed application deadline of Ohio Bureau Workers' Compensation. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the Plan prior to withdrawal, and a participant leaving the Plan allows representative of the Plan to assess loss experience for three years following the last year of participation.

#### D. Retention of Risk: Flexible Spending, Employee Drug Card and Reimbursed Health Claims

In addition to the basic Health Care Benefit Plan, the County has established a "Flexible Spending Account" to supplement the services provided under the Basic Health Care Benefit Plan and the County self-funds an employee prescription drug card administered through Caremark/CVS.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- 1. Each year the County deposits into the "flexible spending account" the amount of \$150 for a single coverage plan and \$300 for a family coverage plan. These funds may be used, as the employee determines, to cover health care expenses which are not covered under the County's basic health care program or to provide additional coverage for items which are part of the County's basic health care coverage. This plan is administered by Polaris Benefit Administrators.
- 2. The County's Basic Health Care Program has an agreement with Caremark/CVS to provide prescription drugs to the County's Basic Health Care Plan members. Under this program, the employee pays a deductible for each prescription filled and the County pays the balance.
- 3. The County reimburses Medicare for any past payments for services to Auglaize County employees that should have been covered by the Auglaize County Group Health plan but were originally paid by Medicare.

### 13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The County participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member-directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional pension and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

For 2009, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety exist only within the traditional pension plan. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 10.0 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan that were in law enforcement contributed 10.1 percent of their annual covered salary. The County's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2009 was 14.0 percent, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the County's pension contributions were 17.63 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 7.0% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5% from April 1 through December 31, 2009. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,250,856, \$1,057,410, and \$1,229,250, respectively; 88 percent has been contributed for 2009 and 100 percent for 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2009 were \$12,204 made by the County and \$8,717 made by the plan members.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 14. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit.

Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2009 local government employer units contributed at 14.0% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employer units contributed at 17.63%.

The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0% of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.1% of covered payroll for law and public safety employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. For 2009, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 7.0% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5% from April 1 through December 31, 2009. Actual employer contributions for 2009 were \$811,438 for regular employees and \$67,301 for law enforcement employees. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care coverage by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective on January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008. Rates for law and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 15. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard work week. The county currently has different policies regarding vacation leave. All of the policies allow the County employees to be paid for all earned, unused vacation leave at the time of termination of employment with more than one year of service with the County.

Employees earn sick leave at varying rates based on whether the employee is union or non-union. Upon retirement, employees with ten or more years of service are paid one-fourth of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 480 hours.

### 16. LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The County has entered into a lease for office space. The lease entered into does not meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee.

The schedule for future minimum long-term operating lease payments as of December 31, 2009 is as follows:

	Special
Year	Revenue Fund
2010	\$10
2011	10
2012	10
Total	\$30

## 17. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The County's long-term obligations at year-end consist of the following:

Governmental Activities	Balance 12/31/08	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/09	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds:					
2005 – 2.4% - 4.1%					
Original Amount \$475,000					
Human Services Building	\$ 350,000		(\$ 35,000)	\$315,000	\$ 35,000
Ohio Public Works Loan					
Sandy Beach Storm Sewer	76,718		(5,114)	71,604	5,114
Special Assessment Bonds:					
1992 – 4.9%-7%					
Original Amount - \$1,220,000					
Southeast Sewer District	300,000		(95,000)	205,000	100,000
1993 – 3.1%9%					
Original Amount - \$1,495,000					
Sandy Beach Sewer District	530,000		(95,000)	435,000	100,000
Total Special Assessment	830,000		(190,000)	640,000	200,000
					(Continued)

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

# 17. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

• • • • • • • • • •		Balance 12/31/08	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/09	Due Within One Year
Special Assessment Notes:	Original Issue					
Kah Sewer – 0%	\$179,341	94,154		(8,967)	85,187	8,967
Ramga #2 - 4.87%	62,606	54,780		(7,826)	46,954	7,826
Egley #2 Ditch – 6.25%	2,805	350		(350)	,	.,0_0
Benzing Ditch – 5.25%	44,766	8,393		(5,595)	2,798	2,798
Kellermever #2 – 4.60%	31,687	-,	\$ 31,687	(-,)	31.798	3,071
Shaw – 5.1%	34,116	27,719	¢ 0.,001	(4,265)	23,454	4,265
Barnt – 5.1%	7,860	6,386		(983)	5,403	983
Copeland Ditch – 6.75%	13,623	1,702		(1,702)	0,100	
Scholl Ditch – 5.75%	16,581	3,108		(2,072)	1,036	1,036
Barrington – 4.6%	2,088	0,.00	2,088	(_,• · _)	2,088	270
Grubbs #2 Ditch – 3.65%	20,061	8,025	2,000	(4,013)	4,012	4,012
Smith Ditch – 3.98%	6,798	2,123		(848)	1,275	850
Arnold – 5.5%	16,687	14,601		(2,086)	12,515	2,086
Bills Ditch – 6.85%	9,710	1,820		(1,213)	607	607
Cook #2 – 3.98%	12,233	3,823		(1,529)	2,294	1,529
Henschen – 4.67%	52,540	42,689		(6,568)	36,121	6,568
Nielson – 4.67%	18,609	15,120		(2,327)	12,793	2,326
IOOF – 4.2%	24,981	21,858		(3,122)	18,736	3,123
Danaher Ditch – 4.091%	40,255	17,611		(5,031)	12,580	5,031
Annesser Ditch – 4.15%	78,281	73,389		(9,786)	63,603	9,785
Kuenstle Ditch – 4.60%	329		329	(-,)	329	82
Waynesfield NE Storm Sewer-4.25%	19,561	17,605	020	(3,912)	13,693	3,912
Huenke #2 Ditch – 4.35%	21,531	20,184		(2,690)	17,494	2,691
King Ditch – 6.5%	36,539	15,987		(4,569)	11,418	4,567
Parker Ditch – 4.748%	12,483	6,243		(1,562)	4,681	1,560
Knueve Ditch – 4.748%	10,756	5,377		(1,343)	4,034	1,345
Lotridge Ditch – 4.25%	72,169	36,085		(9,022)	27,063	9,021
Allman #2 Ditch - 4.75%	66,929	32,250		(7,168)	25,082	7,166
Downey Ditch – 4.53%	13,369	7,520		(1,671)	5,849	1,671
Stoner Ditch – 4.50%	8,138	8,138		(1,017)	7,121	1,017
Zink Ditch – 4.50%	14,533	14,533		(2,906)	11,627	2,907
Simms run Ditch – 4.50%	25,530	25,530		(3,191)	22,339	3,191
Shearer #3 Ditch – 3.81%	20,446	19,169		(2,557)	16,612	2,556
Spencer Ditch – 4.70%	30,285	30,285		(3,786)	26,499	3,759
Cartwright Ditch – 4.70%	10,726	10,726		(1,788)	8,938	1,788
Luedeke Ditch – 4.52%	14,337	,	14,337	(896)	13,441	1,792
Easterly Ditch – 4.60%	1,893		1,893	· · · ·	1,893	710
McKee Ditch – 4.60%	36,178		36,178	(2,261)	33,917	4,522
Helmstetter D itch – 4.60%	1,846		1,846	(185)	1,661	369
Burr Oak Ditch – 4.50%	36,970		36,970	(2,310)	34,660	4,621
Doenges Ditch – 4.60%	250		250		250	84
Total Special Assessment Notes		647,283	125,578	(121,117)	651,744	125,354
Total Other Long Term Obligations						
Compensated Absences		1,727,543	878,167	(933,602)	1,672,108	735,287
Total Governmental Activities		\$3,631,544		(\$1,284,833)	\$3,350,456	\$1,100,755
		<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	<u> </u>	(\$1,201,000)	÷0,000,100	<u> </u>

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 17. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Business Type Activities	Balance 12/31/08	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/09	Due Within One Year
Ohio Public Works Loans					
Sewer and Interceptor					
Original Amount \$100,000	\$22,500		(\$ 5,000)	\$ 17,500	\$ 5,000
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Compensated Absences	285,755	\$179,112	(249,549)	215,318	113,845
Total Business Type Activities	\$308,255	\$179,112	(\$254,549)	\$232,818	\$118,845

The 2009 Special Assessment Notes additions total \$125,578, which includes \$119,585 from bank notes and \$6,406 in advances from other funds.

All general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of the County. All outstanding special assessment bonds consist of sewer construction projects which are payable from the proceeds of tax assessments levied against benefited individual property owners.

The human services bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring, renovating and improving a building for the use of County offices and will be paid from human services revenues. This was refunded in 2005.

The County obtained a loan from the Ohio Public Works Commission in the amount of \$102,288 for a term of twenty years for the purpose of assisting in the cost of the Sandy Beach sewer installation project.

All of the special assessment bonds were backed by the full faith and credit of Auglaize County and are payable from special assessment and/or governmental revenues. The liability will be paid from unvoted property tax or special assessments which are received by the County. In the event that property owners fail to make their special assessment payments, the County is responsible for providing the resources to meet the annual principal and interest payments.

All special assessment notes had been issued for the terms allowed by law. These notes are to be repaid through assessments against benefited property owners. Proceeds from the notes were used for ditch construction and improvement. In the event that property owners fail to make their special assessment payments, the County is responsible for providing the resources to meet the annual principal and interest payments.

Pursuant to the Ohio Rev. Code 164.95 and Ohio Admin. Code 164-1-21, the County entered into an agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission, on March 13, 1992, in the amount of \$100,000 in respect to the Hamilton Street Sanitary Interceptor Reconstruction project. The County and City of Wapakoneta subsequently entered into an agreement that stated each entity would be financially responsible to repay one half of the debt. The debt is to be repaid from revenues generated by the Oakwood Hills Sewer District.

Compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors should not exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County. The Code further provides that the total voted and unvoted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt should not exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$100,000,000 of the assessed valuation, plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000, plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 17. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The effects of the debt limitations described above at December 31, 2009 are an overall debt margin of \$20,161,599 and an unvoted debt margin of \$8,664,640.

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements, including interest, for long-term obligations:

Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Special Assessment Notes	OPWC Promissory Loans	Total Debt Obligations
2010	\$ 46,920	\$ 240,015	\$149,997	\$10,114	\$ 447,046
2011	50,783	237,115	135,064	10,114	433,076
2012	44,382	123,570	124,218	10,114	302,284
2013	48,105	127,080	96,198	7,614	278,997
2014	46,605		83,143	5,114	134,862
2015-2019	135,375		144,394	25,574	305,343
2020-2024				20,460	20,460
Total	372,170	727,780	733,014	89,104	1,922,068
Less:					
Interest	57,170	87,780	81,270		226,220
Outstanding Principal	\$315,000	\$640,000	\$651,744	\$89,104	\$1,695,848

The County has also received two loan agreements from the Ohio Water and Sewer Rotary Commission in regard to the construction of two sewer districts. These loans provide funding assistance for that portion of the project for which collections of assessments from certain owners of undeveloped property located within an agricultural district are exempted pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 929.03 subject to the performance of certain terms and conditions of repayment.

As part of the agreement, the change of the use of any parcel, pursuant to Ohio Admin. Code Section 1525-1-06, would require repayment to the Ohio Water and Sewer Rotary Commission for the full amount of the assessment for the portion of the property for which the use has changed pursuant to Division C of Ohio Rev. Code Section 929.03. Therefore, until a change in use occurs, no liability has been recorded for these loans.

A summary of the loan transactions for the year ended December 31, 2009 is as follows:

Project Loans:	Outstanding 12/31/08	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/09
Southeast Sewer District	\$1,196,382			\$1,196,382
Sandy Beach Sewer District	209,786			209,786
Total	\$1,406,168	\$0	\$0	\$1,406,168

#### A. Current Refunding

On February 23, 2005, the County issued at par \$475,000 of County Building Acquisition Refunding Bonds Limited Tax General Obligation (the "Bonds") for the purpose of refunding \$450,000 of thenoutstanding 1992 Long Term General Obligation bonds. The 2005 bonds bear an average coupon rate of 3.725580 percent and the final payment due December 1, 2017. As a result, \$450,000 of the 1992 Long Term General Obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the county's long-term obligations.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### 17. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### B. Conduit Debt

During 1998, the County issued industrial development revenue bonds in the amount of \$4,800,000, to provide financial assistance to Midwest Elastomers, Inc. for the expansion and equipping of a manufacturing facility.

The County is not obligated in any way to pay the debt and related charges on the bonds or any of its funds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 18. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

#### A. Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.

Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. is an Ohio not-for-profit corporation organized user Chapter 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of enabling its member political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, provide methods for paying claims and provide a formalized jointly administered self-insurance pool.

Specifically, the pool provides coverage for automobile liability, general liability, crime and property (including automobile physical damage) and public officials' liability (See Note 12). In addition to the self-insurance pool, the Association provides risk management services, loss prevention programs, and various other educational materials. The Association includes the following member counties within the State of Ohio: Auglaize, Hancock, Mercer, Shelby, and Van Wert.

Member and supplemental contributions are recognized on an accrual basis and are recorded as revenue in the month earned. For the current agreement dated August 1, 2006, the percentage of contributions by the members and their equity interests are:

County	%	Fixed Costs	Loss Fund
Mercer	17.70	\$133,441	\$63,200
Auglaize	19.50	147,011	86,400
Shelby	24.80	186,968	92,800
Hancock	23.40	176,414	87,200
Van Wert	14.60	110,070	70,400

The financial statements of Midwest Risk Pool Management Agency, Inc. can be obtained from Gary Adams, Van Wert County Commissioner and Treasurer of the Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency.

### B. Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium

Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC) is an Ohio not-for-profit corporation organized under Ohio Rev. Code Sections 304.171 and 9.833 for the public purpose of enabling its five member political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, provide methods for paying claims, and provide a formalized jointly administered self-insurance pool. Specifically, this pool provides coverage for health benefits to employees of its members.

In addition to the self-insurance pool, the Consortium provides risk management services and established loss reduction and prevention procedures and programs.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### **18. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS**

The members of the Association include the following counties within the State of Ohio: Auglaize, Hancock, Mercer, Van Wert, and Shelby. The financial statements of Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium can be obtained from the Auglaize County Board of Commissioners.

#### C. County Commissioner Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The County is participating in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The County Commissioners' Association Service Corporation (CCAOSC) was established through the County Commissioners Association of Ohio (CCAO) as a group purchasing pool.

A group executive committee is responsible for calculating annual rate contributions and rebates, approving the selection of a third party administrator, reviewing and approving proposed third party fees, fees for risk management services, and general management fees, determining ongoing eligibility of each participant and performing any other acts and functions which may be delegated to it by the participating employers.

The group executive committee consists of seven members. Two members are the president and treasurer of CCAOSC; the remaining five members are representatives of the participants. These five members are elected for the ensuing year by the participants at a meeting held in the month of December each year. No participant can have more than one member of the group executive committee in any year, and each elected member shall be a County Commissioner.

#### 19. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### A. Auglaize County Regional Planning Commission

The Auglaize Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a jointly governed organization between the County, the Municipalities, and the Townships within the County. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is comprised of twenty seven members, any of which may hold any other public office.

The County is represented by three members, each of the two Cities within the county is represented by two members, all participating villages within the county are represented by one member each, and participating townships within the county are represented by one member each. Other members include: a representative from all participating board of trustees; the mayor or a council member of each participating incorporated village; two representatives from each of the Cities of Wapakoneta and St. Marys, one being the Mayor or his designee and one being appointed by City Council. The remaining members of the Commission shall be representatives from public utility, minority groups, business, industry, Ministerial Association, farm organizations, Chamber of Commerce and other representations as deemed necessary by the Commission.

The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the County. Each participating government may be required to contribute up to .10 cents per capita, according to the latest federal census, in any calendar year in which revenue is needed.

The Commission has no outstanding debt as of December 31, 2009. The following unaudited cash financial data of the Commission is presented for the year ended December 31, 2009:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 19. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

	Joint Venture	Auglaize County's 50 Percent
Total Non-Operating Revenues	\$ 772	\$ 386
Total Operating Expenses	(2,135)	(1,068)
Net Income (Loss)	(1,363)	(682)
Fund Balance, January 1, 2009	5,781	2,891
Fund Balance, December 31, 2009	\$4,418	\$2,209

### B. Workforce Investment Act Consortium of Auglaize, Hardin, and Mercer Counties

The objectives of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) are to increase the employment, retention, and earnings of participants in the program, and as a result improve the quality of the workforce, reduce welfare dependency, and enhance the productivity of the Nation. Ohio is organized into seven local workforce investment areas.

There are six "traditional" local areas and a seventh area known as the Ohio Option, which includes most of the State. Each traditional area has its own workforce investment board and acts as its own workforce investment system. The Ohio Option is subdivided into local Workforce Development Areas (WDA), typically county or multi-county WDA's. Each Workforce Investment or Policy Board is responsible for developing "one-stop" service delivery systems in the local area. The one-stop system is a network of required partners delivering training/employment services and activities defined in the law.

The Federal WIA program is administered through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services and operates on a state fiscal year from July 1 to June 30. Effective July 1, 2002, Auglaize County participated in a multi-county WDA with Hardin and Mercer Counties, with Mercer as the fiscal agent.

## C. West Central Ohio Network

The West Central Ohio Network (West CON) is a regional council of governments. West CON is comprised of the boards of Developmental Disabilities (DD) of several counties, including, Auglaize, Darke, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Shelby, Union, and Hardin. The Board of Directors is made up of the Superintendents from each of these DD Boards, and the degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. West CON is the administrator and fiscal agent of Supported Living funds for each of these Boards of Developmental Disabilities. The following unaudited financial data of the West Central Ohio Network - Auglaize County is presented on a cash basis for the year ended December 31, 2009.

	County Portion
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 390,599
Total Operating Expenses	(1,456,602)
Net Income (Loss)	(1,066,003)
Fund Balance, January 1, 2009	1,081,016
Fund Balance, December 31, 2009	\$1 5,013

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 19. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

#### D. Auglaize and Mercer Counties Convention and Visitors Bureau

The Auglaize and Mercer Counties Convention and Visitors Bureau (the Bureau) is a jointly governed organization between Auglaize and Mercer Counties for the purpose of promoting tourism and attracting tourists and conventions to the two counties. Membership is open to any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, foundation, trust or estate subscribing to the purpose of this organization. The government of the Bureau, the general policies and control of its property is vested in a Board of Trustees. The Board shall be nineteen members composed of the following: seven appointees from Auglaize County, seven from Mercer County, one Auglaize County Commissioner or designee, one Mercer County Commissioner or designee, three members representing the following: Celina/Mercer County Chamber of Commerce, St. Marys Area Chamber of Commerce and the Wapakoneta Area Chamber of Commerce.

The Board conducts business and sponsors projects to further the purpose of the Bureau. The Bureau is funded primarily from a 3 percent (effective 7/1/96) lodging tax imposed by both counties. Payment is due to the county by the last day of the following month. The 2009 revenue received by the Bureau was \$139,792. Of this amount \$127,555 came from the lodging tax. \$69,786 of the total 2009 revenue was from Auglaize County.

#### E. Auglaize County Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management

The Auglaize County Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management (the Agency) is a jointly governed organization between the County, the municipalities, and the townships within the County, formed to perform services of coordinating the emergency management activities within the county of Auglaize and the political subdivisions therein. The Agency has established a County-Wide Advisory Group for emergency management composed of a representative from each political subdivision cooperative member under Section 5915.06 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The advisory group appoints an executive committee composed of at least seven of the following members: three township representatives, two village or city representatives, one county commissioner and one non-elected representative. The tenure of the members of the executive committee is three years. A coordinator is appointed by the Emergency Management Executive Committee to carry out the cooperative agreement under the advisement of the committee.

#### F. Auglaize County Revolving Loan Fund Board

The Board of County Commissioners had agreed to work with the West Central Development Corporation for any Auglaize County businesses or corporations desiring to participate in the Revolving Loan Program offered by the State of Ohio Department of Development. The Board of County Commissioners appointed ten members to oversee the Revolving Loan Fund concerns for Auglaize County.

## 20. JOINT VENTURES

### A. Grand Lake Task Force

Auglaize and Mercer Counties share territory of the Grand Lake State Park which encounters unique enforcement problems. The Grand Lake Task Force was established in regards to federal financial assistance received from the Department of Justice which requires a twenty-five percent local matching share. Additional revenues were received through asset seizures, fines, and village law enforcement agency contributions.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### 20. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

The objective of the Grand Lake Task Force is to increase the number of criminal justice agencies working cooperatively to eliminate specifically targeted major narcotics trafficking conspiracies and the persons involved through investigations, arrests, prosecution, and convictions. Those participating in the project are Auglaize and Mercer County Sheriff's offices, Wapakoneta, St. Marys, Celina, Coldwater, Minster, and New Bremen Police offices, United States Investigative Agency Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms, Ohio Bureau of Criminal Investigation and Identification, and Auglaize and Mercer County Prosecutor's Offices. The Auglaize County Sheriff serves as the applicant who accepts the responsibility for the project's administrative and financial matters. The project requires a control group to be established of four members; one from a police department, one from a Sheriff's office, one from a prosecutor's office, and the Task Force Supervisor. This group allocates what funds are to be used for which investigations and to manage these resources and jointly manage project investigations.

The following unaudited financial data of the Grand Lake Task Force is presented on a cash basis for the year ended December 31, 2009:

	Joint Venture	Auglaize County's 12.5 Percent
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 68,888	\$ 8,611
Total Operating Expenses	(51,398)	(6,425)
Net Income (Loss)	17,490	2,186
Fund Balance, January 1, 2009	189,476	23,686
Fund Balance, December 31, 2009	\$206,966	\$25,872

#### B. Mental Health and Recovery Services Board of Allen, Auglaize, and Hardin Counties

The Mental Health and Recovery Services Board (MHRS) of Allen, Auglaize, and Hardin Counties, is a tri-county non-profit corporation whose general purpose is to provide leadership in planning for and supporting community-based alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services in cooperation with public and private resources with emphasis on the development of prevention and early intervention programming while respecting, protecting and advocating for the rights of persons as consumers of alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services.

The Board of Trustees consists of eighteen members. Four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health, four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services and the remaining ten members are appointed by the County Commissioners of Allen, Auglaize, and Hardin Counties in the same proportion as the County's population bears to the total population of the three counties combined. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The MHRS Board is a joint venture since continued participation by the Counties is necessary for the continued existence.

Allen County acts as the fiscal agent for the MHRS Board. The Board receives tax revenue from the three Counties and receives federal and state funding through grant monies which are applied for and received by the board of trustees. The MHRS Board is accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal distress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. The Board has sole budgetary authority and controls surpluses and deficits and the county is not legally or morally obligated for the Board's debt.

During 2009, tax revenues generated by the levy in Auglaize County were \$338,065. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the MHRS Board, Allen County, Ohio.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 21. COMPONENT UNITS

### A. Auglaize County Airport Authority (the Authority)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other recognized authoritative sources.

The operations of the Authority are accounted for using proprietary fund accounting. The Authority applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

## 2. Accounting System

The Authority maintains its own set of accounting records. These financial statements were prepared from the accounts and financial records of the Authority and, accordingly, these financial statements do not present the financial position or results of operations of Auglaize County.

### 3. Revenue and Expenditure Recognition

The Authority maintains its fund as a proprietary type fund. Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets.

Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund type. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The Authority reports deferred revenues on its statement of net assets. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue meets the asset recognition criteria, but does not meet the revenue recognition criteria. In the subsequent period, when the revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and revenue is recognized. Hanger rent paid in advance is not considered earned until subsequent years.

#### 4. Cash

To improve cash management, all cash received by the Authority is pooled in a central bank account. During fiscal year 2009, the Authority invested in interest bearing depository accounts and a certificate of deposit.

#### 5. Inventory

Inventory consists of two types of aviation fuel for sale to customers and is stated at cost, which is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory is recorded as an expense when purchased.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 21. COMPONENT UNITS (Continued)

#### 6. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Equipment and improvements are stated at cost except for donated equipment, which is stated at fair market value at the date of receipt. Depreciation of capital assets is on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives (five to twenty years) of the respective assets. The Authority maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The land, buildings and improvements of the airport are owned by Auglaize County.

#### B. Auglaize Industries, Inc

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other recognized authoritative sources. The operations of Auglaize Industries apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### 2. Accounting System

Auglaize Industries maintains its own set of accounting records. These financial statements were prepared from the accounts and financial records of Auglaize Industries and, accordingly, these financial statements do not present the financial position or results of operations of Auglaize County.

#### 3. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Auglaize Industries prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting, consequently certain revenues and related assets are recognized when earned rather than when received and certain expenses are recognized when incurred rather than when the obligation is paid.

#### 4. Budgetary Process

Through a contractual agreement with the Auglaize County Board of Developmental Disabilities, Section VII, Item Number 11, Auglaize Industries is required to prepare and approve an annual budget.

#### 5. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of managements estimates. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### 6. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by Auglaize Industries is maintained in a checking account or used to purchase investments. Investments are limited to certificates of deposits, government securities and mutual funds. Investments are stated at market value.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

### 21. COMPONENT UNITS (Continued)

### 7. Capital Assets

Buildings, equipment and improvements are stated at cost except for donated assets, which are stated at fair market value at the date of receipt. Auglaize Industries maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. A portion of the facilities occupied by Auglaize Industries consists of additions to the original facilities owned by Auglaize County. Leasehold improvements are depreciated rateably over the estimated useful life. Depreciation of fixed assets is on a double declining balance basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, as follows:

Class of Asset	Years
Leasehold Improvements	31 1/2
Transportation Equipment	5
Computers	5
Furniture and Fixtures	7

#### 8. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the year end, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

## 9. Advertising

Advertising costs are charged to operations when incurred. Advertising costs amounted to \$1,119 for 2009.

#### 10. Inventory

Work is performed on customer owned materials. Inventory on hand at any one time consists primarily of consumable manufacturing supplies in nominal amounts. Accordingly, no manufacturing inventories are recognized on the financial statements.

#### 11. Compensated Absences

Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards specifies that a liability should be accrued for leave benefits if the employer's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered; the obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate; payment of the compensation is probable; and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Auglaize Industries records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for workshop employees.

## 22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Auglaize Industries has entered into a contract with the Auglaize County Board of Developmental Disabilities (DD), whereby the DD has agreed to pay specified overhead expenses for the workshop. The additional income and related expenses are reported on the income statement as Unrestricted Support. The unaudited operating expenses paid by the DD on behalf of the Auglaize Industries amounted to \$763,136 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## 23. SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

At December 31, 2009, the County had entered into several contracts, the most significant of which include the following:

Contractor	Amount
Tyler Technologies Inc	\$ 296,365
Perfection Group	300,000
West Central Ohio Network	815,827
Petermann LLC	42,000
Shelly Company	284,610
Total Commitments	\$1,738,802

## 24. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### A. Grants

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### B. Litigation

The County is involved in no litigation as either plaintiff or defendant which they believe would result in a liability having to be booked on the County's financial statements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number or Grant	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT						
Passed through Ohio Department of Development						
Community Development Block Grant/States Program						
Formula Grant	B-F-09-006-01	14.228	\$12,000		\$7,971	
Formula Grant Formula Grant	B-F-08-006-01 B-F-07-006-01	14.228 14.228	148,000 (5,267)		89,800	
Community Housing Improvement Program	B-C-08-006-01	14.228	24,000		23,889	
Total Community Housing Improvement Program			178,733		121,660	
CDBG Economic Development Program	B-E-06-006-1	14.228	75,527		75,527	
Total Community Development Block Grant/States Program			254,260		197,187	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	B-C-08-006-02	14.239	273,679		252,278	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			527,939		449,465	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services						
	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	10.551	1,031		1,154	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	10.561	15,939		15,939	
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	10.561	145,494		123,429	
Total SNAP/Food Assistance Cluster	0-1011-11-3011/0-03-20-1023	10.001	162,464		140,522	
Passed through Ohio Department of Agriculture						
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	137125-05NP-2009	10.553	6,495	<b>#1</b> 001	6,495	<b>\$4.004</b>
National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster	137125-LLN4-2009	10.555	9,882 16,377	<u>\$1,661</u> 1,661	<u>9,882</u> 16,377	<u>\$1,661</u> 1,661
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			178,841	1,661	156,899	1,661
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program						
Byrne Formula Grant	07-JG-A01-6402	16.738	2,309		3,297	
Byrne Formula Grant	08-JG-A01-6402		27,803		22,894	
Byrne Law Enforcement Byrne Law Enforcement	07-JG-C01-6254 08-JG-C01-6254		11,095 25,425		15,719 22,696	
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Progr			66,632	·	64,606	
					- ,	
Passed through the Ohio Attorney General		40 575	04 5 47		00.057	
Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance	2009-VAGENE-059 2010-VAGENE-059	16.575	21,547 7,902		22,957 7,392	
Total Crime Victim Assistance	2010 W/GENE 000		29,449		30,349	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			96,081	·	94,955	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY						
Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services						
Commercial Equipment Direct Assistance Program		97.096		3,500		3,500
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Passed through the Federal Aviation Administration Airport Improvement Progarm	3-39-0084-1209	20.106	12,540		12,540	
Airport Improvement Progarm	3-39-0084-1309		49,218		49,218	
Airport Improvement Progarm	3-39-0084-1108		43,793		43,793	
Total Airport Improvement Program			105,551		105,551	
Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction		20.205	1,366,732		1,366,732	
		20.200	1,000,732		1,300,732	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,472,283		1,472,283	
					(Continued)	

(Continued)

### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION						
Passed through Ohio Secretary of State		00 404			005	
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	04-SOS-HAVA-06	90.401 90.401	1,040		285 1,040	
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission		001101	1,040		1,325	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	s					
Passed through Ohio Secretary of State Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities Grants to States		93.617	2,987		2,987	
Passed through Ohio Department of Jobs and						
Family Services Promoting Safe and Stable Families	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.556	39,410		37,279	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.558	1,135,140		1,218,515	
ARRA Child Support Enforcement	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.563	36,883		40,585	
Child Support Enforcement	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.563	306,190		208,101	
Total Child Support Enforcement			343,073		248,686	
Child Care Block Grant Cluster:						
Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.575	15,820		69,455	
Care and Development Fund	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.596	182,663		240,271	
ARRA Child Care and Developmental Block Grant Total Child Care Block Grant Cluster	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.713	24,580 223,063		24,580 334,306	
Total Child Cale Block Grant Cluster			223,003		334,300	
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.645	42,189		45,055	
ARRA Foster Care Title IV-E	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.658	2,720		2,720	
Foster Care Title IV-E	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.658	42,137		35,159	
Total Foster Care Title IV-E			44,857		37,879	
Adoption Assistance	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.659	58,611		84,702	
Social Services Block Grant	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.667	524,376		482,993	
Child Abuse and Neglect - State Grant	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.669	2,000		1,495	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.674	3,531		3,146	
Passed through Ohio Department of Jobs						
and Family Services Medical Assistance Program	G-1011-11-5011/G-89-20-1025	93.778	283,117		255,474	
Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities						
ARRA - Medical Assistance Program		93.778	64,881		64,881	
Total Medical Assistance Program			347,998		320,355	
Social Services Block Grant		93.667	21,738		21,738	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,788,973		2,839,136	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$5,065,157	\$5,161	\$5,014,063	\$5,161

See acompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures.

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

## NOTE 1 - GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports Auglaize County's federal award programs receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

## NOTE 2 - SUB-RECIPIENTS

The County passes-through certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Development to other governments (sub-recipients). As described in Note 1, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to sub-recipients when paid in cash.

As a sub-recipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities such as monitoring its sub-recipients to help assure they use these sub-awards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that sub-recipients achieve the awards performance goals.

### NOTE 3 - FOOD SERVICES PROGRAMS – LAW ENFORCEMENT CENTER

The Law Enforcement Center received federal assistance through the National School Lunch/Breakfast and Donated Food Programs. The National School Lunch and Breakfast programs are reimbursing in nature and revenues are considered expended when received. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

The above department is allowed a selection from a pool of foods, when available, under the Food Distribution Program. Program regulations do not require the County to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at fair value of the commodities received.

## **NOTE 4 - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-matching funds.

## NOTE 5 - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM

The County has established a revolving loan program to provide low-interest loans to existing businesses to create jobs for persons from low-moderate income households, to help with capital expenditures and to help with startup funds for new businesses. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The initial loan of this money is recorded as a disbursement on the accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule). Loans repaid, including interest, are used to make additional loans. Such subsequent loans are subject to certain compliance requirements imposed by HUD and are also included as disbursements on the Schedule.

These loans are collateralized by equipment. At December 31, 2009 the gross amount of loans outstanding under this program was \$821,077.

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

## NOTE 5 - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

Activity in the CDBG revolving loan fund during 2009 is as follows:

Beginning loans receivable balance as of January 1, 2009	\$932,488
Loan principal repaid	111,411
Ending loans receivable balance as of December 31, 2009	\$821,077
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2009	\$290,448
Administrative costs expended during 2009	\$49,383

## **NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS**

During fiscal year 2009, the County made allowable transfers of \$319,780 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent approximately \$1,218,515 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program. The amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2009 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	\$1,538,295
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant	(319,780)
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	\$1,218,515



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Financial Condition Auglaize County 209 South Blackhoof Street Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auglaize County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 23, 2010. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Augalize Industries (discretely presented component unit), as described in our opinion on the County's financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Financial Condition Auglaize County Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the County's management in a separate letter dated August 23, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, audit committee, the Board of County Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the County. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 23, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Financial Condition Auglaize County 209 South Blackhoof Street Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895

To the Board of County Commissioners:

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Auglaize County (the County) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs. The County's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Auglaize County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

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## Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance is a deficiency.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the County's management in a separate letter dated August 23, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of County Commissioners, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 23, 2010

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2009

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction CFDA #20.205
		Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA #93.558
		Social Services Block Grant CFDA #93.667
		Medical Assistance Program CFDA #93.778
		Child Care Block Grant Cluster CFDA #93.575, 93.596 & 93.713
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Financial Condition Auglaize County Schedule of Findings Page 2

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

# 3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.





AUGLAIZE COUNTY

AUGLAIZE COUNTY

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 23, 2010

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