



AVON LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY LORAIN COUNTY

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Avon Lake Public Library Lorain County 32649 Electric Boulevard Avon Lake, Ohio 44012

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Avon Lake Public Library, Lorain County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009, and 2008, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Avon Lake Public Library, Lorain County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and 2008, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the years then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2010, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Avon Lake Public Library Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

October 12, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Avon Lake Public Library's, Lorain County, (the Library) financial performance provides an overall review of the Library's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, within the limitations of the Library's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Library's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2009 are as follows:

The Library's general receipts are primarily property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. These receipts represent 96.3 percent of the total cash received for Library activities during the year.

Final certified revenue was reduced by \$139,332 or 5.9 percent.

2009 revenue was down 6.3 percent from 2008.

In order to address the reduction in revenue the Library initiated the following changes:

- Wage freeze in 2010 for all employees.
- Non Bargaining Employees were required to take three furlough days.
- Effective September 13, 2009 Sunday hours were eliminated.

Key highlights for 2008 are as follows:

The Library's general receipts are primarily property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. These receipts represent 95.9 percent of the total cash received for Library activities during the year.

Final certified revenue was reduced by an insignificant amount \$4,475 or 0.2 percent.

2008 revenue was down 3.4 percent from 2007.

The Library entered into a partnership with the Lorain County Metro Parks. A park manager has an office in the Library and programs for the Kopf Reservation are included in the Library's program booklets.

Several building projects were completed during the year, including:

- Installation of security cameras on the interior and exterior of the Library.
- The book drop and surrounding parking lot was redesigned to allow drop off from the driver's side of an automobile.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Library's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Library as a whole.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Library as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Library has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Library's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Library as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Library did financially during 2009 and 2008 within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the Library at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each Library program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each Library function draws from the Library's general receipts.

These statements report the Library's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Library's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's cash position is one indicator of whether the Library's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Library's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Library's property tax base, the condition of the Library's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Library's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major revenue sources such as property taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities are comprised of governmental activities only:

Governmental Activities – The Library's services, support services and capital outlay are reported here. Property and other local taxes, intergovernmental revenue and government grants-in-aid finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

Reporting the Library's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Library's major funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money, that is restricted as to how it may be used, is being spent for the intended purpose. All of the Library's funds are accounted for as Governmental Funds.

Governmental Funds – The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Library's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Library's programs. The Library's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The Library's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Building Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. We describe this relationship in reconciliations presented with the governmental fund financial statements.

The Library as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Library's net assets for 2009 and 2008 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Assets

Governmental Activities

Annata	2009	2008
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$644,922	\$654,374
Total Assets	\$644,922	\$654,374
Net Assets Restricted for: Capital Projects Unrestricted	\$477,915 167,007	\$483,029 171,345
Total Net Assets	\$644,922	\$654,374

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2009 and 2008.

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets

Receipts: Program Receipts: Charges for Services and Sales Total Program Receipts General Receipts: Property Tayes Levied for General Purposes 1 325 792 1 316 832		2009	2008
Charges for Services and Sales\$65,103\$58,371Total Program Receipts65,10358,371General Receipts:58,371	•		
Total Program Receipts 65,103 58,371 General Receipts:	•		
General Receipts:	<u> </u>		
•	•	65,103	58,371
Property Taylor Levied for General Purposes 1 325 702 1 316 832	•		
• •	Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes	1,325,792	1,316,832
Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions 925 661		925	661
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted		000 000	0.40.000
to Specific Programs 803,836 946,693			
Interest 1,872 16,923		•	
Miscellaneous 14,461 20,916			
Total General Receipts 2,146,886 2,302,025	•		
Total Receipts 2,211,989 2,360,396	Total Receipts	2,211,989	2,360,396
Disbursements:	Disbursements:		
Library Services 2,215,074 2,408,301		2.215.074	2.408.301
Capital Outlay 6,367 52,952	•		
Total Disbursements 2,221,441 2,461,253	•		
Change in Net Assets (9,452) (100,857)	Change in Net Assets	(9,452)	(100,857)
Net Assets, January 1654,374755,231	Net Assets, January 1	654,374	755,231
Net Assets, December 31 \$644,922 \$654,374	Net Assets, December 31	\$644,922	\$654,374

The general receipts, primarily property taxes and intergovernmental receipts, in 2009 and 2008 are 96.3 percent and 95.9 percent respectively, of total receipts.

Disbursements for public service programs, collection development and processing, facilities operation and maintenance, information services and business administration represent the cost of running the Library and are reported as Library Services.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Library. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities, which are reported as Library Services, are Public Service and Programs, Collection Development and Processing, Facilities Operation and Maintenance, Information Services, Business Administration, and Capital Outlay. The next column of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identifies amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2009	Net Cost of Services 2009	Total Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2008
General Library Services Capital Outlay	\$2,215,074 <u>6,367</u>	\$2,149,971 <u>6,367</u>	\$2,408,301 <u>52,952</u>	\$2,349,930 <u>52,952</u>
Total Disbursements	<u>\$2,221,441</u>	\$2,156,338	<u>\$2,461,253</u>	\$2,402,882

The dependence upon property taxes and intergovernmental revenue is apparent as for 2009 and 2008, respectively, over 97.1 percent and 97.6 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Library's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts (not including transfers) of \$2,211,989 and \$2,360,396 and disbursements (not including transfers) of \$2,221,441 and \$2,461,253 in 2009 and 2008, respectively. The 2009 General Fund balance decreased (\$4,338). The 2008 General Fund balance decreased (\$59,075). With the implementation of expense reductions and increased budget oversight at the line item level, the Library is confident of its financial condition and its ability to provide continued services to the public.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Library's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2009 the Library's General Fund budget was subject to volatility because of cuts to the Public Library Fund implemented with the biennium budget. Because this was anticipated and planned for in the 2009 Appropriations Budget the Library was prepared for the decrease in revenue in July 2009. Final budgeted receipts were budgeted at \$2,234,563 and \$2,370,419 while actual receipts were \$2,210,736 and \$2,349,226 for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Final disbursements and other financing uses were budgeted at \$2,424,772 and \$2,560,524 while actual disbursements and other financing uses were \$2,265,031 and \$2,459,177 for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Current Issues

The challenge for all libraries is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008
Unaudited

Contacting the Library's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to reflect the Library's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Lorie Scheer, Fiscal Officer, Avon Lake Public Library, 32649 Electric Blvd., Avon Lake, Ohio, 44012.

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$644,922
Total Assets	\$644,922
Net Assets	
Restricted for: Capital Projects	\$477,915
Unrestricted	167,007
Total Net Assets	\$644,922

Avon Lake Public Library

Lorain County

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	_	Program Cash Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Library Services:	\$2,215,074	\$65,103	(\$2,149,971)
Capital Outlay	6,367		(6,367)
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,221,441	\$65,103	(\$2,156,338)
	Unrestricted Gifts and Grants and Entitlemer Interest Miscellaneous	Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Unrestricted Gifts and Contributions Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs Interest	
	Change in Net Assets		(9,452)
	Net Assets, Beginning	of Year	654,374
	Net Assets, End of Ye	ar	\$644,922

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2009

General	Building	Total Governmental Funds
\$167,007	\$477,915	\$644,922
\$167,007	\$477,915	\$644,922
\$49,957	\$37,505	\$87,462
117,050		117,050
	440,410	440,410
\$167,007	\$477,915	\$644,922
	\$167,007 \$167,007 \$49,957 117,050	\$167,007 \$477,915 \$167,007 \$477,915 \$49,957 \$37,505 117,050 440,410

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2009

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$644,922
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$644,922

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

			Total
			Governmental
	General	Building	Funds
Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,325,792		\$1,325,792
Intergovernmental	803,836		803,836
Patron Fines and Fees	65,103		65,103
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	925		925
Earnings on Investments	619	\$1,253	1,872
Miscellaneous	14,461		14,461
Total Receipts	2,210,736	1,253	2,211,989
Disbursements			
Current:			
Library Services:	2,215,074		2,215,074
Capital Outlay		6,367	6,367
		·	
Total Disbursements	2,215,074	6,367	2,221,441
		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,338)	(5,114)	(9,452)
5	(, ,	(, ,	(, ,
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	171,345	483,029	654,374
		,	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$167,007	\$477,915	\$644,922
		+, • . •	+

Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$9,452)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(\$9,452)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

				Variance with
	Budgeted	d Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,476,824	\$ 1,496,556	\$1,325,792	\$ (170,764)
Intergovernmental	812,071	653,007	803,836	150,829
Patron Fines and Fees	67,000	67,000	65,103	(1,897)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	350	350	925	(1,697)
Earnings on Investments	3,000	3,000	619	(2,381)
Miscellaneous	14,650	14,650	14,461	(189)
Total Receipts	2,373,895	2,234,563	2,210,736	(23,827)
Disbursements				
Current:				
Library Services:	2,424,772	2,424,772	2,265,031	159,741
Total Disbursements	2,424,772	2,424,772	2,265,031	159,741
Net Change in Fund Balance	(50,877)	(190,209)	(54,295)	135,914
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	120,469	120,469	120,469	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	50,876	50,876	50,876	0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 120,468	\$ (18,864)	\$ 117,050	\$ 135,914

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Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2008

Governmental Activities
\$654,374
\$654,374
\$483,029
171,345
\$654,374

Avon Lake Public Library

Lorain County

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Program Cash Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Library Services:	\$2,408,301	\$58,371	(\$2,349,930)
Capital Outlay	52,952	_	(52,952)
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,461,253	\$58,371	(\$2,402,882)
	General Receipts Property Taxes Levied Unrestricted Gifts and Grants and Entitlemen Interest Miscellaneous	•	\$1,316,832 661 946,693 16,923 20,916
	Total General Receipts	3	\$2,302,025
	Change in Net Assets		(100,857)
	Net Assets, Beginning	of Year	755,231
	Net Assets, End of Yea	ar	\$654,374

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2008

	General	Building	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$171,345	\$483,029	\$654,374
Total Assets	\$171,345	\$483,029	\$654,374
Fund Balances			
Reserved:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$50,876		\$50,876
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:			
General Fund	120,469		120,469
Capital Projects Funds		483,029	483,029
Total Fund Balances	\$171,345	\$483,029	\$654,374

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$654,374
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$654,374

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

			Total
			Governmental
	General	Building	Funds
Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,316,832		\$1,316,832
Intergovernmental	946,693		946,693
Patron Fines and Fees	58,371		58,371
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	661		661
Earnings on Investments	5,753	\$11,170	16,923
Miscellaneous	20,916		20,916
Total Receipts	2,349,226	11,170	2,360,396
Disbursements			
Current:			
Library Services:	2,408,301		2,408,301
Capital Outlay		52,952	52,952
Total Disbursements	2,408,301	52,952	2,461,253
Net Change in Fund Balances	(59,075)	(41,782)	(100,857)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	230,420	524,811	755,231
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$171,345	\$483,029	\$654,374

Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$100,857)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(\$100,857)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budge	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,468,666	\$ 1,479,555	\$ 1,316,832	\$ (162,723)
Intergovernmental	821,228	805,864	946,693	140,829
Patron Fines and Fees	70,000	70,000	58,371	(11,629)
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	350	350	661	311
Earnings on Investments	6,550	6,550	5,753	(797)
Miscellaneous	8,100	8,100	20,916	12,816
Total Receipts	2,374,894	2,370,419	2,349,226	(21,193)
Disbursements Current:				
Library Services:	2,560,524	2,560,524	2,459,177	101,347
Total Disbursements	2,560,524	2,560,524	2,459,177	101,347
Net Change in Fund Balance	(185,630) (190,105)	(109,951)	80,154
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	119,347	119,347	119,347	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	111,073	111,073	111,073	0
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 44,790	\$ 40,315	\$ 120,469	\$ 80,154

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 1 - Description of the Library and Reporting Entity

The Avon Lake Public Library was organized as a school district public library in 1931 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The Library has its own Board of Trustees of seven members who are appointed by the Avon Lake Board of Education. Appointments are for seven-year terms and members serve without compensation. Under Ohio statutes, the Library is a body politic and corporate capable of suing and being sued, contracting, acquiring, holding, possessing, and disposing of real property, and of exercising such other powers and privileges conferred upon it by law. The Library also determines and operates under its own budget. Control and management of the Library is governed by sections 3375.33 to 3375.39 of the Ohio Revised Code with the administration of the day-to-day operations of the Library being the responsibility of the Director and financial accountability being solely that of the Fiscal Officer.

The Library is fiscally independent of the Board of Education, although the Board of Education serves in a ministerial capacity as the taxing authority for the Library. The determination to request approval of a tax levy, the role and purpose(s) of the levy, are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Library Trustees. Once those decisions are made, the Board of Education must put the levy on the ballot. There is no potential for the Library to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Board of Education.

Under the provisions of Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the Library is considered to be a related organization of the Avon Lake City School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Library is financially accountable. The Library is financially accountable for an organization if the Library appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Library is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Library is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Library is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Library is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Library is also financially accountable for any organizations for which the Library approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Library, are accessible to the Library and are significant in amount to the Library. The Library has no component units.

The Friends of the Avon Lake Public Library, Inc. is a not-for-profit organization with a self-appointing board. The Library is not financially accountable for the organization, nor does the Library approve the budget or the issuance of debt of the organization.

GASB Statement 39 states "organizations that are legally separate, tax-exempt entities and that meet *all* of the following criteria should be discretely presented as component units. These criteria are:

- 1. The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.
- 2. The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- 3. The economic resources received or held by an *individual organization* that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government."

The Friends of the Avon Lake Public Library, Inc. does not meet the third criteria and therefore, this organization has been excluded from the reporting entity of the Library.

The Library's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Library is financially accountable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the financial statements of the Avon Lake Public Library have been prepared on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The most significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Library as a whole. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental activities of the Library at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Library's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Library is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Library's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Library segregates transactions related to certain Library functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Library at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Library uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The Library's funds are all classified as governmental.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions. Monies are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. The following are the Library's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Library for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund accounts for monies set aside by the Board of Library Trustees specifically for major capital and technology improvements.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Library's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Library's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Library are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be appropriated. The appropriations resolution is the Trustee's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Trustees. The legal level of control has been established at the fund and character or major category of the object code level for all funds. Budgetary modifications at the legal level of control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Library Trustees.

For control purposes, the Library estimates cash receipts for the year. These estimated receipts, together with the unencumbered carry-over balances from the prior year, set a limit on the amount the Trustees may appropriate. The estimated receipts may be revised during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were enacted by the Trustees.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Trustees during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Library records identify the purchase of specific investments by specific funds.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Library is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Library's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

During 2009 and 2008, the Library maintained a conservative, liquid position with respect to investments and all funds considered as investments were invested with the State Asset Treasury Reserve (STAR Ohio).

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest receipts credited to the General and Building Funds during 2009, amounted to \$619 and \$1,253, respectively. Interest receipts credited to the General and Building Funds during 2008 amounted to \$5,753 and \$11,170, respectively.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Library reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Inventories resulting from cash transactions are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are reported as disbursements when used. Prepaid items are reported as disbursements when consumed.

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Library's cash basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Library recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

J. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments

The Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

In 2009, the government-wide statement of net assets reports \$644,922 of total net assets, of which \$477,915 is restricted for capital projects. In 2008, the government-wide statement of net assets reports \$654,374 of total net assets, of which \$483,029 is restricted for capital projects.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The Library reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, amounted to \$49,957 and \$50,876 for the General Fund.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Library are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Library treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Library treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Library can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Library, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

The Library has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Library or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Investments

Carrying Value

As of December 31, 2009, the Library had the following investments:

STAR Ohio (General Fund)\$ 12,889STAR Ohio (Building Fund)427,927Total Investments\$440,816

As of December 31, 2008, the Library had the following investments:

STAR Ohio (General Fund) \$ 12,833 STAR Ohio (Building Fund) 426,870 Total Investments \$439,703

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Library's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Library's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments. The Library investment policy also limits security purchases to those that mature within five years unless specifically matched to a specific cash flow.

Credit Risk

STAROhio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Library has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Note 5 – Grants-in-Aid and Property Taxes

The primary source of revenue for Ohio public Libraries is the Public Library Fund (PLF). The State allocates PLF to each county based on the county's prior intangibles tax of PLF revenue, and its population. The County Budget Commission allocates these funds to the Library based on the needs such as for the construction of new Library buildings, improvements, operation, maintenance, or other expenses. The Budget Commission cannot reduce its allocation of these funds to the Library based on any additional revenues the Library receives.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Avon Lake School District. Property tax receipts received in 2009 and 2008 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2008 and 2007 taxes, respectively. Property tax payments received during 2009 and 2008 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2009 and 2008 taxes, respectively.

2009 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2009 on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2009 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2010. 2008 real

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 5 - Grants-in-Aid and Property Taxes (Continued)

property taxes are levied after October 1, 2008 on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2008 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2009.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2009 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31 are levied after October 1, 2009, and are collected in 2010 with real property taxes. 2008 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31 are levied after October 1, 2008, and are collected in 2009 with real property taxes.

2008 tangible property taxes are levied after October 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2008. Collections are made in 2009. 2009 Tangible personal property assessments are being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory is 6.25 percent for 2008, and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 3, with the remainder due September 20.

The full tax rate for all Library operations for the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008 was \$1.80 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and personal property upon which 2009 and 2008 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<u>2009</u>	
Real Property	\$784,317,250
Public Utility Property	78,262,550
Tangible Personal Property	357,129
Total Assessed Values	\$862,936,929
<u>2008</u>	
Real Property	\$764,393,620
Public Utility Property	80,254,830
Tangible Personal Property	16,228,352
Total Assessed Values	\$860,876,802

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Library. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Library its portion of the taxes collected.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2009 and 2008, the Library contracted with several companies for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

2009 Coverage:

Company	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage
Motorists Mutual Insurance Company	Commercial Property	\$9,300,091
	General Liability	\$4,000,000
	Inland Marine	\$359,000
	Blanket	\$9,200,091
	Vehicle	\$1,000,000
	Umbrella	\$2,000,000
Utica National Insurance Group/Chubb Group of Insurance Companies	Errors and Omissions	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
·	Library Officials	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
	Employment Practices	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
State Auto Insurance Companies	Surety Bond	\$10,000

2008 Coverage:

Company	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage
Motorists Mutual Insurance Company	Commercial Property	\$8,942,396
	General Liability	\$4,000,000
	Inland Marine	\$359,000
	Blanket	\$8,842,398
	Vehicle	\$1,000,000
	Umbrella	\$2,000,000
Utica National Insurance Group/	Errors and Omissions	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
	Library Officials	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
	Employment Practices	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000
State Auto Insurance Companies	Surety Bond	\$10,000

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Library pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Library participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member-directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member-directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, members in state and local classifications contributed 14 percent of covered payroll.

The Library's contribution rate for 2009 and 2008 was 14 percent and 14 percent, respectively, of covered payroll. For the period January 1, through March 31, 2009, a portion of the Library's contribution equal to 7 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment healthcare plan; for the period April 1 through December 31, 2009 this amount was decreased to 5.5 percent. For the period January 1, through December 31, 2008, a portion of the Library's contribution equal to 7 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment healthcare plan. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined. State statute sets a maximum contribution rate for the Library of 14 percent.

The Library's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$173,328, \$177,253 and \$165,853 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2009, 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2009 and 2008 were \$2,607, and \$2,837 made by the Library and \$1,862 and \$2,026 made by the plan members, respectively.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan for qualifying members of both the traditional and combined pension plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment healthcare. The plan includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

To qualify for postemployment healthcare coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional and combined plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. Healthcare coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide healthcare benefits to eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are provided separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222 – 7377.

Funding Policy – The postemployment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401 (h). State statute requires that public employers fund postemployment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postemployment healthcare.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2009 and 2008 local government employers contributed 14 and 14 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Each year, the OPERS retirement board determines the portion of the employer contribution that will be set aside for funding postemployment healthcare benefits. The amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund postemployment healthcare was 7 percent of covered payroll from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5 percent from April 1 through December 31, 2009 and 7 percent of covered payroll from January 1 through December 31, 2008.

The retirement board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the healthcare benefits by the retiree or retiree's surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and selected coverage.

The Library's contributions allocated to fund postemployment healthcare benefits for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$67,256, \$88,626, and \$65,379 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2009, 2008 and 2007.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) which was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the healthcare plan.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Avon Lake Public Library Lorain County 32649 Electric Boulevard Avon Lake, Ohio 44012

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Avon Lake Public Library, Lorain County, Ohio (the Library), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009, and 2008, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2010, wherein we noted the Library uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Library's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Avon Lake Public Library
Lorain County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, Board of Trustees, and others within the Library. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 12, 2010

AVON LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY LORAIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2007-001	OAC 117-8-02, expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations plus prior carryover encumbrances	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

AVON LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 4, 2010