# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

of the

# **BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**

for the

Year Ended March 31, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority 406 W. Plum Georgetown, Ohio 45121

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, Brown County, prepared by Jones, Cochenour & Co., for the audit period April 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 10, 2010

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# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY TABLE OF CONTENTS March 31, 2010

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority Georgetown, Ohio Regional Inspector General of Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of March 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund activities for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 9, 2010 on our consideration of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion thereon.

much more than an accounting firm

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the Authority taken as a whole. The FDS schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jones, Cochenon & Co.

Jones, Cochenour & Co. July 9, 2010

## Unaudited

It is a privilege to present for you the financial picture of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority. The Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's (the "Authority") management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify the single enterprise fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The revenue increased by \$60,490 (21%) during 2010, and was \$344,637 and \$284,147 for 2010 and 2009, respectively.
- The total expenses increased by \$10,496 (3%). Total expenses were \$350,253 and \$339,757 for 2010 and 2009, respectively.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The focus is on the Authority as a single enterprise fund. This format will allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or Authority to Authority) and enhance the Authority's accountability.

MD&A ~ Management's Discussion and Analysis ~	
Basic Financial Statements ~ Statement of Net Assets ~	
~ Statement of Net Assets ~ ~ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets ~ ~ Statement of Cash Flows ~	
~ Notes to Basic Financial Statements ~	

#### Unaudited

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business type programs are consolidated into one single enterprise fund for the Authority.

These statements include a <u>Statement of Net Assets</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equals "Net Assets", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (the "<u>Unrestricted</u> Net Assets") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Assets (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories (as applicable):

<u>Net Assets, Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u>: Consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt", or "Restricted Net Assets". This account resembles the old operating reserves account.

The basic financial statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is the "Change in Net Assets", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, a <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> is included, which discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

The Authority's programs that are consolidated into a single enterprise fund are as follows:

<u>Project Total (PH & CF)</u> – Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Project Total also includes the Capital Fund Program. This is the current primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units. The Capital Fund Program includes stimulus grant money, which is accounted for separately from the regular Capital Funds.

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

#### Unaudited

<u>Disaster Housing Assistance Program (DHAP)</u> – The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is taking over long-term rental assistance for eligible families displaced by Hurricane Katrina and Rita from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) through a program called Disaster Housing Assistance Program (DHAP). With an interagency agreement between HUD and FEMA, DHAP will be administered through local housing authorities and will be vital for helping families return to self-sufficiency. Participants on the program receive a Housing Choice Voucher.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets compared to prior year.

		2010	 2009
Current and other assets	\$	17,484	\$ 51,243
Capital assets		1,235,461	 1,216,716
TOTAL ASSETS		1,252,945	 1,267,959
Current liabilities		12,955	22,353
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,955	 22,353
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,235,461	1,216,716
Restricted net assets		1,009	(6,503)
Unrestricted		3,520	 35,393
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	1,239,990	\$ 1,245,606

# TABLE 1STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

## MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:

Capital assets increased due to additional funding from the American Recovery Reinvestment Act (ARRA). The additional funding allowed the project to repair remaining roofs and begin correcting the slippage on one home.

#### Unaudited

# TABLE 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

		2010		2009	
Revenues					
Tenant revenue - rents and other		\$	26,396	\$	27,834
Operating subsidies and grants			316,736		253,086
Investment income/other revenues			1,505		3,227
	TOTAL REVENUE		344,637		284,147
Expenses					
Administration			100,371		82,127
Utilities			18,743		18,246
Insurance			3,001		
Maintenance			38,542		32,593
General / PILOT			644		2,570
Housing assistance payments			140,985		157,736
Bad debt			201		
Depreciation			47,766		46,485
-	TOTAL EXPENSES		350,253		339,757
	NET (DECREASE)	\$	(5,616)	\$	(55,610)

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:

Revenues increased due to the additional ARRA funding and an increase from HUD for HAP. Expenses are increasing along with the revenues, the Authority made necessary repairs, provide training for staff, and insurance is being paid by the project.

#### Unaudited

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# CAPITAL ASSETS

As of year end, the Authority had \$1,235,461 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease of \$18,745 from the end of last year.

## TABLE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

		 2010	2009	
Land and land rights		\$ 1,049	\$	1,049
Buildings		1,844,443		1,752,740
Equipment - dwellings		25,303		50,495
Accumulated depreciation		(635,334)		(587,568)
-	TOTAL	\$ 1,235,461	\$	1,216,716

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets.

# TABLE 4CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

BEGINNING BALANCE		\$ 1,216,716
Capital asset additions - CF		21,853
Capital asset additions - Stimulus Grant		29,384
Capital asset additions - Project		15,274
Depreciation		 (47,766)
	ENDING BALANCE	\$ 1,235,461

## **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

None.

## Unaudited

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

• Due to the economic depression in Brown County, foreclosures and unemployment rate are rising, and making our waiting list increase at a rapid pace. The current HAP Tenants are losing their jobs thus making our HAP expense increase.

## FINANCIAL CONTACT

If you have any questions regarding this report, you may contact Shelly Spiller, Executive Director of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority at (937) 378-6041.

Respectfully submitted,

Shelly Spiller Executive Director

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND MARCH 31, 2010

#### ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Accounts receivable - net of allowance		\$ 14,271 879 2,334
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	17,484
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Land		1,049
Other capital assets - net		1,234,412
	TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	1,235,461
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,252,945
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Accounts payable		5,149
Intergovernmental payable		644
Tenant security deposits		7,162
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	12,955
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt		1,235,461
Restricted net assets		1,009
Unrestricted net assets		3,520
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,239,990

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended March 31, 2010

<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>		
HUD operating grants		\$ 265,499
Tenant revenue		26,396
Other revenue		 1,328
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	293,223
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Housing assistance payments		140,985
Administrative		100,371
Utilities		18,743
Insurance		3,001
Maintenance		38,542
General/PILOT		644
Bad debt		201
Depreciation		 47,766
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 350,253
	<b>OPERATING (LOSS)</b>	(57,030)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE		
Interest income		177
HUD Capital Grants		 51,237
	TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE	 51,414
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(5,616)
NET ASSETS BEGINNING OF YEAR		 1,245,606
	NET ASSETS END OF YEAR	\$ 1,239,990

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended March 31, 2010

Cash received from HUD\$265,293Cash received from other1,328Cash received from other1,328Cash payments for housing assistance payments(140,985)Cash payments for other operating expenses(140,985)Cash payments to HUD and other governments(140,637)CASH payments to HUD and other governments(140,637)CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES(18,607)CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES(165,274)Capital grants received for capital assets51,237Acquisition of capital assets(165,274)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings177DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS(33,704)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING48,854CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating (0ss)\$Operating (0ss)\$(57,030)Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation\$Chrease (decrease in: Receivables - net of allowance55Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable(6,816) (1,3,419) Tenant security deposits(3,419) 37NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES837NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES\$S(18,607)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING48,854CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING\$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating (loss)\$Operating (loss)\$Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation\$Depreciation47,766(Increase) decrease in: Receivables - net of allowance55Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable(66,816)Intergovernmental payables Tenant security deposits(3,419)BAT NET CASH (USED) BY837		
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RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH         (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:         Operating (loss)       \$ (57,030)         Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities       47,766         Depreciation       47,766         (Increase) decrease in:       55         Receivables - net of allowance       55         Increase (decrease) in:       6(8,816)         Accounts payable       (6,816)         Intergovernmental payables       337         NET CASH (USED) BY       1	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	 48,854
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Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities       47,766         Depreciation       47,766         (Increase) decrease in:       55         Receivables - net of allowance       55         Increase (decrease) in:       (6,816)         Accounts payable       (6,816)         Intergovernmental payables       (3,419)         Tenant security deposits       837         NET CASH (USED) BY       1000000000000000000000000000000000000		\$ (57,030)
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(Increase) decrease in: Receivables - net of allowance55Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable(6,816)Intergovernmental payables(3,419)Tenant security deposits837NET CASH (USED) BY		47,766
Increase (decrease) in:(6,816)Accounts payable(6,816)Intergovernmental payables(3,419)Tenant security deposits837NET CASH (USED) BY	(Increase) decrease in:	,
Accounts payable(6,816)Intergovernmental payables(3,419)Tenant security deposits837NET CASH (USED) BY	<b>Receivables - net of allowance</b>	55
Intergovernmental payables (3,419) Tenant security deposits 837 NET CASH (USED) BY	Increase (decrease) in:	
Tenant security deposits     837       NET CASH (USED) BY	Accounts payable	(6,816)
NET CASH (USED) BY	Intergovernmental payables	(3,419)
	Tenant security deposits	 837
OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ (18,607)		 
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (18,607)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority (the "Authority") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

## **Reporting Entity**

The Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code, Section 3735.27. The Authority contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provision of GASB Statement 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's government body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organizations.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the Authority over which the Authority is financially accountable.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

The Authority uses a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position and cash flows. An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for

goods and services.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Measurement Focus**

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Authority are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Authority finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

#### **Enterprise Fund**

The Authority uses the proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations for the Section 8 and public housing programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

The following are the various programs which are included in the single enterprise fund:

<u>Project Total (PH & CF)</u> - Under the Projects Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUS provides Operating Subsidy to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units. The Capital Fund Program includes stimulus grant money, which is accounted for separately from the regular Capital Funds.

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

<u>Disaster Housing Assistance Program (DHAP)</u> – The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is taking over long-term rental assistance for eligible families displaced by Hurricane Katrina and Rita from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) through a program called Disaster Housing Assistance Program (DHAP). With an interagency agreement between HUD and FEMA, DHAP will be administered through local housing authorities and will be vital for helping families return to self-sufficiency. Participants on the program receive a Housing Choice Voucher.

## Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions

Nonexchange transactions occur when the Public Housing Authority (PHA) receives (or gives) value without directly giving equal value in return. GASB 33 identifies four classes of nonexchange transactions as follows:

- Derived tax revenues: result from assessments imposed on exchange transactions (i.e., income taxes, sales taxes and other assessments on earnings or consumption).
- Imposed nonexchange revenues: result from assessments imposed on nongovernmental entities, including individuals, other than assessments on exchange transactions (i.e. property taxes and fines).

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Government-mandated nonexchange transactions: occur when a government at one level provides resources to a government at another level and requires the recipient to use the resources for a specific purpose (i.e., federal programs that state or local governments are mandated to perform).
- > Voluntary nonexchange transactions: result from legislative or contractual agreements, other than exchanges, entered into willingly by the parties to the agreement (i.e., certain grants and private donations).

PHA grants and subsidies will be defined as a government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions.

GASB 33 establishes two distinct standards depending upon the kind of stipulation imposed by the provider.

- Time requirements specify (a) the period when resources are required to be used or when use may begin (for example, operating or capital grants for a specific period) or (b) that the resources are required to be maintained intact in perpetuity or until a specified date or event has occurred (for example, permanent endowments, term endowments, and similar agreements). Time requirements affect the timing of recognition of nonexchange transactions.
- > Purpose restrictions specify the purpose for which resources are required to be used. (i.e. capital grants used for the purchase of capital assets). Purpose restrictions do not affect when a nonexchange transaction is recognized. However, PHAs that receive resources with purpose restrictions should report resulting net assets, equity, or fund balance as restricted.

The PHA will recognize assets (liabilities) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met or resources received whichever is first. Eligibility requirements established by the provider may stipulate the qualifying characteristics of recipients, time requirements, allowable costs, and other contingencies.

The PHA will recognize revenues (expenses) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. For transactions that have a time requirement for the beginning of the following period, PHAs should record resources received prior to that period as deferred revenue and the provider of those resources would record an advance.

The PHA receives government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, which do not specify time requirements. Upon award, the entire subsidy should be recognized as a receivable and revenue in the period when applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

#### **Investments**

Investments are restricted by the provisions of the HUD Regulations (See Note 2). Interest income earned in fiscal year 2010 for both programs totaled \$177.

## **Capital Assets**

Fixed assets are stated at cost and depreciation is computed using the straight line method over an estimated useful life of the assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life, are not capitalized. The Authority's capitalization policy is \$500. The following are the useful lives used for depreciation purposes:

Buildings – residential	27.5
Buildings – non residential	40
Building improvements	15
Furniture – dwelling	7
Furniture – non-dwelling	7
Equipment – dwelling	5
Equipment – non-dwelling	7
Autos and trucks	5
Computer hardware	3
Computer software	3
Leasehold improvements	15

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Due From/To Other Programs**

On the basic financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from the short-term interprogram loans classified as due to/due from other programs on the FDS are eliminated.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets – net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are recorded as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either by internal or external restrictions.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, these revenues are tenant revenues, operating grants from HUD and other miscellaneous revenue.

Operating expenses are those expenses that are expended directly for the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, these expenses are administrative, utilities, maintenance, PILOT, insurance, depreciation, bad debt and housing assistance payments.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The Authority annually prepares its budget as prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. This budget is submitted to the Department of Housing and Urban Development and once approved is adopted by the Board of the Housing Authority.

#### **Capital Grant**

This represents grants provided by HUD that the Authority spends on capital assets.

## **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Receivables – Net of Allowance**

Bad debts are provided on the allowance method based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of outstanding tenant receivable balances at the end of the year. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$50 at March 31, 2010.

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### <u>Cash</u>

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

## 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS- CONTINUED

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the current twoyear period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit account is including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of Authority's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, but surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

At fiscal year end March 31, 2010, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$15,150 and its bank balance was \$16,569. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure," as of March 31, 2010, \$0 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Authority.

## 3. INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

The Authority participates in the State Housing Authorities Risk Pool (SHARP), a public entity risk plan that operates as a common risk management and insurance program for housing authorities. The authority pays insurance premiums directly to SHARP.

The authority continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

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## 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital assets:

		Balance 3/31/2009		Additions / Deletions/ Corrections		Balance 3/31/2010
CAPITAL ASSETS,						
NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	<b>.</b>	1 0 10	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>	1 0 40
Land	\$	1,049	\$	-	\$	1,049
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS,						
NOT BEING DEPRECIATED		1,049		-		1,049
CAPITAL ASSETS,						
BEING DEPRECIATED						
<b>Buildings and improvements</b>	\$	1,752,740	\$	91,703	\$	1,844,443
Furniture and equipment		50,495		(25,192)		25,303
Totals at Historical Costs		1,803,235		66,511		1,869,746
Less: Accumulated						
Depreciation		(587,568)		(47,766)		(635,334)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET,						
BEING DEPRECIATED		1,215,667		18,745		1,234,412
TOTAL NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	1,216,716	\$	18,745	\$	1,235,461
Accumulated Depreciation by Class:						
Building and improvements					\$	610,067
Furniture and equipment						25,267
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPR	ECIA	TION			\$	635,334

## 5. CONTRACT SERVICES

The authority contracts with:

• Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc. to provide financial services for the housing authority. The authority does not have any employees; instead, services are subcontracted from Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc.

Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc. to provide management and financial reporting services. Compensation shall be based on the amount allowed by HUD for performing these services.

## 6. FDS SCHEDULE SUBMITTED TO HUD

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010, the Authority electronically submitted an unaudited version of the balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and other data to HUD as required on the GAAP basis. The FDS schedules follow the footnotes. The schedules are presented in the manner prescribed by Housing and Urban Development.

## 7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenses under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## 8. HAP AND ADMINISTRATIVE TRACKING ACCOUNTS

The Authority is required to track its housing choice voucher program equity accounts in two tracking accounts as follows:

	HAP		Adn	ninistrative	Total
Balance 3/31/09	\$	(6,503)	\$	(1,258)	\$ (7,761)
HAP received		148,217		-	148,217
Administrative received		-		20,406	20,406
HAP expenses		(140,985)		-	(140,985)
Administrative expenses		-		(20,375)	(20,375)
Fraud recovery		232		232	464
Interest income/ other income		48		865	913
Balance 3/31/10	\$	1,009	\$	(130)	\$ 879

The HAP tracking account is denoted as restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets.

# 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no subsequent events through July 9, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Any subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated.

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2010

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	97.109 Disaster Housing Assistance Grant	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	7,109				7,109		7,109
113 Cash - Other Restricted		879			879		879
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	7,162				7,162		7,162
100 Total Cash	14,271	879	-	-	15,150	-	15,150
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	450		1,800		2,250		2,250
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	134		1,000		134		134
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(50)				(50)		(50)
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	534	-	1,800	-	2,334	-	2,334
144 Inter Program Due From	575				575	(575)	-
150 Total Current Assets	15,380	879	1,800	-	18,059	(575)	17,484
161 Land	1,049				1,049		1,049
162 Buildings	1,844,443				1,844,443		1,844,443
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	25,303				25,303		25,303
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(635,334)				(635,334)		(635,334)
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,235,461	-	-	-	1,235,461	-	1,235,461
180 Total Non-Current Assets	1,235,461	-	-	-	1,235,461	-	1,235,461
190 Total Assets	1,250,841	879	1,800	-	1,253,520	(575)	1,252,945
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	3,474		1,675		5,149		5,149
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	644				644		644
341 Tenant Security Deposits	7,162				7,162		7,162
347 Inter Program - Due To	450		125		575	(575)	-
310 Total Current Liabilities	11,730	-	1,800	-	13,530	(575)	12,955
300 Total Liabilities	11,730	-	1,800		13,530	(575)	12,955
509.4 Invicated In Capital Accests Nat of Delated Date	4 005 404				4 005 404		4 005 101
508.1 Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 511.1 Restricted Net Assets	1,235,461	- 1,009	-	-	1,235,461 1,009		1,235,461 1,009
512.1 Unrestricted Net Assets	3,650	(130)	-	-	3,520		3,520
513 Total Equity/Net Assets	1,239,111	879	-	-	1,239,990	-	1,239,990
600 Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Assets	1,250,841	879	1,800	-	1,253,520	(575)	1,252,945

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2010

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	97.109 Disaster Housing Assistance Grant	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	25,407				25,407
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	989				989
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	26,396	-	-	-	26,396
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	92,167	168,623	3,120	1,589	265,499
70610 Capital Grants	21,853		29,384		51,237
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	129	48			177
71400 Fraud Recovery		465			465
71500 Other Revenue		863			863
70000 Total Revenue	140,545	169,999	32,504	1,589	344,637
04000 Audition From	E 050	1 100			0.057
91200 Auditing Fees	5,658	4,199			9,857
91300 Management Fee	50,000	16,176	2.420	4.500	66,176
91600 Office Expenses	19,629	00.075	3,120	1,589	24,338
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	75,287	20,375	3,120	1,589	100,371
93100 Water	18,250				18,250
93200 Electricity	493				493
93000 Total Utilities	18,743	-	-	-	18,743
	0.110				0.440
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	6,110				6,110
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	14,438				14,438
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	17,994				17,994
94000 Total Maintenance	38,542	-	-	-	38,542
96140 All Other Insurance	3,001				3,001
96100 Total insurance Premiums	3,001	-	-	-	3,001
					-
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	644				644 201
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	201				-
96000 Total Other General Expenses	845	-	-	-	845
96900 Total Operating Expenses	136,418	20,375	3,120	1,589	161,502
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	4,127	149,624	29,384	-	183,135
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance					-
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized					-
97300 Housing Assistance Payments		140,985			140,985
97350 HAP Portability-In					-
97400 Depreciation Expense	47,766				47,766
90000 Total Expenses	184,184	161,360	3,120	1,589	350,253

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2010

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	97.109 Disaster Housing Assistance Grant	Total
	00.004				00.004
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	29,384				29,384
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out			(29,384)		(29,384)
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	29,384	-	(29,384)	-	-
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(14,255)	8 620			(5,616)
	(14,233)	8,639	-	-	(3,010)
11030 Beginning Equity	1,253,366	(7,760)	-	-	1,245,606
11170 Administrative Fee Equity		(130)			(130)
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity		1,009			1,009
11190 Unit Months Available	228	456			684
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	223	438			661
11270 Excess Cash	(7,252)				(7,252)
11620 Building Purchases	66,511				66,511

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND PROJECT - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2010

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	25,407	-	25,407
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	989	-	989
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	26,396	-	26,396
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	86,581	5,586	92,167
70610 Capital Grants		21,853	21,853
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	129	-	129
70000 Total Revenue	113,106	27,439	140,545
91200 Auditing Fees	5,658	-	5,658
91300 Management Fee	50,000	-	50,000
91600 Office Expenses	14,043	5,586	19,629
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	69,701	5,586	75,287
93100 Water	18,250	-	18,250
93200 Electricity	493	-	493
93000 Total Utilities	18,743	-	18,743
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	6,110		6,110
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	14,438	-	14,438
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other 94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	14,438	-	14,438
94000 Total Maintenance	38,542	-	38,542
96140 All Other Insurance	3,001	-	3,001
96100 Total insurance Premiums	3,001	-	3,001
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	644	-	644
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	201	-	201
96000 Total Other General Expenses	845	-	845
96900 Total Operating Expenses	130,832	5,586	136,418
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	(17,726)	21,853	4,127
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$46,819	\$947	47,766
90000 Total Expenses	\$177,651	\$6,533	184,184

# BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND PROJECT - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2010

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	29,384	-	29,384
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	29,384	-	29,384
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	(35,161)	20,906	(14,255)
11030 Beginning Equity	1,229,014	24,352	1,253,366
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	21,185	(21,185)	-
11190 Unit Months Available	228	-	228
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	223	-	223
11270 Excess Cash	(7,252)	-	(7,252)
11620 Building Purchases	44,658	21,853	66,511



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**Regional Inspector General of Audit** 

**Department of Housing and Urban** 

Development

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority Georgetown, Ohio

We have audited the basic financial statements of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority as of and for the year ended March 31, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated July 8, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jones, Cochenon & Co. c

Jones, Cochenour & Co. July 9, 2010

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# **BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY**

**BROWN COUNTY** 

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION** 

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 23, 2010

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