CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Council Members Clearwater Council of Governments 235 N. Toussaint South Road Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Clearwater Council of Governments, Ottawa County, prepared by Weber O'Brien Ltd., for the audit period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Clearwater Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

January 29, 2010



CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Clearwater Council of Governments 235 N. Toussaint South Road Oak Harbor, OH 43449

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clearwater Council of Governments ("Council") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clearwater Council of Governments as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2009 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an

opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clearwater Council of Governments basic financial statements. The schedule of general and administrative expenses is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, which is the responsibility of management, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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December 17, 2009

The following discussion and analysis provides a summary overview of the financial activities of Clearwater Council of Governments (Council) for the year ended December 31, 2008. This information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

The key financial highlight for 2008 is that assets exceed liabilities by \$3,160,117 as of December 31, 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Council's financial statements. The Council's basic financial statements are the government-wide statements which consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities; and the fund statements, which consist of the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance; and the accompanying notes to the financial statements, which provide additional information and detail regarding the financial statements. The Council uses only a general fund to report its activities.

The government-wide statements report information about the Council as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to that used by private sector companies. These financial statements, which provide both long-term and short-term information about the Council's overall financial status, include all assets, liabilities and activities of the Council.

The fund statements report funds that the Council uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. These statements focus on individual parts of the Council, reporting these operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements use modified accrual accounting, which focuses on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources at year end.

The fiduciary statements report Agency funds that the Council holds on behalf of other parties. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The reconciliations on pages 11 and 13 explain the difference between the two bases of accounting.

Financial Analysis of the Council's Financial Position and Results of Operations

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Council as a whole. The tables below provide a summary of the Council's financial position and operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets – Government-Wide:

	Decem	iber 31		
	2008	2007	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Assets				
Cash	\$ 50,855	\$ 126,614	(\$ 75,759)	(60%)
Contract Receivable	411,484	349,776	61,708	18%
Investments	3,240,675	3,238,326	2,349	0%
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation	55,580	42,318	_13,262	_31%_
Total Assets	3,758,594	3,757,034	1,560	0%
			7	
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts Payable	93,407	63,346	30,061	47%
Accrued Compensation	153,719	245,732	(92,013)	(37%)
Deferred Revenue	294,406	246,379	48,027	19%
Long Term Liabilities	56,945	25,437	31,508	124%
Total Liabilities	_598,477	_580,894	_17,583	3%
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	34,987	42,318	(7,331)	(17%)
Unrestricted/Undesignated	3,125,130	3,133,822	(8,692)	(1%)
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>3,160,117</u>	\$ <u>3,176,140</u>	(\$ 16,023)	(1%)

Discussion on Significant Changes in the Statement of Net Assets – Government-Wide:

During 2008, net assets decreased by \$16,023. The majority of the decrease was due to the following reasons:

- The 60% decrease in cash is due to cash flow timing.
- The 31% increase in capital assets and 124% increase in long term liabilities is due primarily to the Council leasing a copier that is recorded as an asset and a corresponding liability for financial statement purposes.
- The 47% increase in accounts payable is due primarily to room and board contracts for two providers being negotiated early in 2009 rather than 2008. Therefore, these providers have six months of billings in accounts payable compared to one month in the previous year.
- The 37% decrease in accrued compensation is due to timing of when invoices for payroll have been paid. In the current year, there was one quarter of payroll accrued compared to two quarters being accrued in the previous year.
- The 19% increase in deferred revenues is due to participating counties adding additional services in 2008.

The following is a table that summarizes the changes in revenues and expenses for the Clearwater Council of Governments between years 2008 and 2007.

Condensed Statement of Activities – Government-Wide:

	December 31			
			Dollar	Percent
	2008	2007	Change	Change
Revenues				
Waiver Revenue	\$ 543,595	\$1,063,445	(\$519,850)	(49%)
Administrative Fees	1,195	1,161	34	3%
Medicaid	210,421	225,841	(15,420)	(7%)
Supported Living	160,285	114,704	45,581	40%
Interest Income	87,639	175,656	(88,017)	(50%)
Other Revenue	<u>265,466</u>	<u>198,767</u>	66,699	34%
Total Revenue	1,268,601	1,779,574	(510,973)	(29%)
Expenditures				
Program	608,451	1,353,251	(744,800)	(55%)
Administrative	676,173	479,813	<u>196,360</u>	41%
Total Expenditures	<u>1,284,624</u>	<u>1,833,064</u>	(548,440)	(_30%)
Change in Net Assets	(\$ 16,023)	(\$ 53,490)	\$ 37,467	70%

Discussion on Significant Changes in the above Statement of Activities – Government-Wide:

For year ended December 31, 2008:

- The 49% decrease in Waiver Revenue is due primarily to a reduction in waiver reconciliation settlement amounts from the State of Ohio.
- The 7% decrease in Medicaid Revenue is due primarily to a decrease in Targeted Case Management (TCM) monies. This decrease is due to the timing of receiving the monies from the counties and when the monies would be available to the Council.
- The 40% increase in Supported Living Revenue is due to an increase in the number of individuals receiving Supported Living Services in 2008.
- The 50% decrease in Interest Income is due primarily to decreased interest rates in 2008 compared to 2007.
- The 34% increase in Other Revenue is due primarily to participating counties adding additional services in 2008.
- The 55% decrease to Program Expenses is due primarily to the Council paying the Individual Options waiver match in 2007 for two counties. Usually the counties pay this match using their own funds, or reimburse the Council.
- The 41% increase in Administrative Expenses is due primarily to adding another employee to the Council in 2008 and paying out vacation to certain employees.

General Fund

General fund net assets increased \$29,174 in 2008.

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2008, the Council had \$55,580, (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets for governmental activities. During 2008, the Council leased a copier that is recorded on the financial statements as a capital asset at \$21,000.

Economic Factors

It should be noted that future revenues could be reduced due to the possibility of state budget cuts.

Contacting the Council's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Council's finances for all interested parties. Questions and requests for additional information regarding this report should be addressed to the Director of Fiscal Operations, Clearwater Council of Governments, 235 N. Toussaint South Road, Oak Harbor, OH 43449, or by telephone at (419) 898-8264.

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2008

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS	4	Activities
Cash	\$	50,855
Contracts Receivable		411,484
Investments		3,240,675
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated		
Depreciation		55,580
TOTAL ASSETS		3,758,594
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		93,407
Accrued Compensation		153,719
Deferred Revenue		294,406
Long Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		54,227
Due in More than One Year		2,718
TOTAL LIABILITES		598,477
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		34,987
Unrestricted		3,125,130
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	3,160,117

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2008

	<u>I</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	_	n Revenue for Services	Reve	let (Expense) nue and Changes n Net Assets
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Community Support	\$	642,972	\$	1,179,767	\$	536,795
General and Administrative	-	641,652		1,195	(640,457)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	1,284,624	\$	1,180,962	(103,662)
	Gener	al Revenues				
	Inte	rest				87,639
	Tota	l General Reve	nues			87,639
		ge in Net Asset			(16,023)
		ssets Beginnin	_			3,176,140
	Net A	ssets End of Ye	ear		\$	3,160,117

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2008

	Gene	eral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	50,855
Contracts Receivable		411,484
Investments		3,240,675
TOTAL ASSETS		3,703,014
		-
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		93,407
Accrued Compensation		153,719
Deferred Revenue		554,125
TOTAL LIABILITIES		801,251
FUND BALANCE		
Unreserved	•	2,901,763
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,703,014
I OIAD DIALIMACE	Ψ	0,700,014

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

December 31, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	2,901,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Long term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are deferred in the fund.		259,719
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		55,580
Long term liabilities are not expended in the current-period and therefore are not reported in the fund.	(56,945)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	3,160,117

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Ge	neral Fund
REVENUE		
Waiver Revenue	\$	587,615
Other Revenue		266,553
Supported Living Revenue		160,285
Medicaid		166,828
Administrative Fees		1,195
Interest Revenue		87,639
TOTAL REVENUE		1,270,115
EXPENDITURES		
Program		642,972
Administrative		597,969
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,240,941
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		29,174
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,872,589
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,901,763

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS RECONCILIATION OF NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	29,174
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund.	(1,514)
Repayments of long-term liabilities consume current financial resources of governmental funds, but has no effect on net assets.	(36,352)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays		
in the current period.	(7,331)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(\$	16,023)

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUND December 31, 2008

	Gov	ernmental
	<u>A</u>	<u>ctivities</u>
ASSETS		
Investments	\$	111,798
TOTAL ASSETS		111,798
LIABILITIES		
Due to Others		111,798
TOTAL LIABILITES		111,798
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	-0-

"The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements"

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Clearwater Council of Governments ("Council") was organized in 1996 under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Council is authorized to administer programs on behalf of the following nine county boards of developmental disabilities in North-Central Ohio: Crawford, Erie, Huron, Marion, Morrow, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot. The Council, pursuant to its bylaws, contracts for services with providers for the use of funds for specific programs awarded from the State of Ohio and is responsible for monitoring the use of the funds by such providers.

The Council, being a public body, is tax exempt under the laws of Ohio.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Council uses funds to report its financial position and the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain Council activities or functions. The Council has one governmental fund and one fiduciary fund.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Council. The focus of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for Governmental Funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports on the sources and uses of current financial resources.

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - This fund accounts for the general operating revenues and expenditures of the Council not required to be recorded in another fund. The primary revenue sources are State of Ohio and other funding.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Fiduciary Fund Types

Agency Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The Council's only Fiduciary Fund is an Agency Fund that is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Council's Agency Fund is comprised of Medicaid funds held on behalf of various counties.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Council as a whole, and does not include the fiduciary fund. These statements include the financial activities of the Council including depreciation of capital assets.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Council's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Council, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Council.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Budgetary Process

The Council is not required to prepare a budget in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Accordingly, a statement of actual to budget has not been included in these financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed in the governmental funds. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, generally within 60 days of fiscal year end, while expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

The Council reports deferred revenues on its balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In the subsequent period, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

The Council receives Individual Options (I/O) waiver reconciliation revenue from the State of Ohio on behalf of the member counties. The State periodically reconciles amounts contributed by the counties for a program match against actual expenses and refunds or charges for any calculated differences, which may cause significant fluctuations in revenue or expense. The State is several years behind in the reconciliation process. No amounts are recorded in the financial statements as receivable or payable as a result of the reconciliation process because the amounts cannot be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Cash and Investments

The Council has invested funds in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for at year end.

The Council has also invested funds in Federal Agency Securities which are stated at fair values and in Money Market mutual funds which are valued at the amount reported by the fund.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets are recorded at cost and expensed at the time of purchase in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental-wide statement of net assets, but they are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets in excess of \$500, that provide a future benefit to the Council, are capitalized on the governmental-wide financial statement. Depreciation has been provided on a straight-line basis over estimated lives of 5 years.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the Council will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are not accrued as a liability as employees are not eligible to be paid for sick leave upon termination.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

There are no legal restrictions on the Council's investments or deposits. However, the Council has adopted as their investment policy the legal restrictions imposed by the Ohio Revised Code on certain political subdivisions.

Monies held by the Council are classified into three categories.

Active monies are monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are deposits that the Council has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Council can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Interim deposits in eligible institutions. Such deposits are to be awarded to the depository offering to pay the highest permissible rate of interest. The treasurer or the board is to determine the periods for which such deposits are to be made;

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in 1. and 2. above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations; and
- 6. The Ohio Subdivision's Fund (STAR Ohio).

The Council may also enter into overnight or term repurchase agreements consisting of an agreement to repurchase any of the securities listed in 1. or 2. above.

Depository Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the Council's deposits was \$50,855, and the bank balance was \$56,198. Of the bank balance, \$56,198 is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments

As of December 31, 2008 the Council had the following investments:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Reported Amount/ Fair <u>Value</u>
Invested in STAR Ohio Federal Agency Securities	N/A	\$2,558,273
Federal Home Loan Bank Bond	03/30/2009	20,269
Federal Home Loan Bank Bond	09/11/2009	103,156
Federal Home Loan Bank Bond	02/18/2011	107,000
Money market mutual funds	N/A	563,775
Total Investments		\$3,352,473

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investments, Continued

Interest Rate Risk – Council policy requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Council, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Council policy limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily. Council policy limits the investment of interim and inactive monies to certificates of deposit with a term of one year and the expiration of the depository agreement, respectively.

Credit Risk – STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Council's investments in the Federal Home Loan Bank were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and the investment in the money market mutual fund was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Council policy requires that money market funds have the highest credit rating issued by at least one national rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk – Council policy requires that depositories must collateralize deposits and that securities underlying term repurchase agreements must be delivered to the Council or its designee. The Council has no other policies that address custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – the Council places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

A summary of the capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 is as follows:

	Balance at		Balance at			
	<u>January 1, 2008</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>December 31, 2008</u>		
Computer						
Equipment	\$54,858	\$22,526	(\$639)	\$76,745		
Accumulated						
Depreciation	(12,540)	(_9,063)	_438	(<u>21,165</u>)		
Capital Assets –						
Net	<u>\$ 42,318</u>	<u>\$13,463</u>	(<u>\$201</u>)	<u>\$55,580</u>		

NOTE 4 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The employees of the Council are covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) which administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-PERS (7377).

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee contribution rate is 10% of qualifying gross wages for all employees for years ending December 31, 2008. The 2008 employer contribution rate for Local Government employers was 14% of covered payroll. Required employer contributions are equal to 100% of the dollar amount billed to each employer and must be extracted from the employer's records. The Council's contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$69,102, \$56,063 and \$52,461, respectively. All required contributions were made prior to the end of each respective year.

The Council also participates in a statewide deferred compensation plan for its employees, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, whereby an employee who elects to participate may defer the receipt of a specified amount of compensation. Such deferred compensation is payable upon retirement, death, disability, termination of employment, or upon financial hardship. The Council has entered into an agreement with the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Board to act as the Council's agent and administer the Deferred Compensation Plan. The plan Agreement states that the Council and the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Board have no liability for losses under the plan with the exception of fraud or wrongful taking.

NOTE 5 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System provides post-retirement health care coverage to age and service retirants with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12.

NOTE 5 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The 2008 employer contribution rate was 14% of covered payroll and 7% was the portion that was used to fund health care.

OPEB is financed through employer contributions and investment earnings thereon. OPERS has elected advance funding of its OPEB's on an actuarially determined basis. The most recent actuarial valuation of OPERS' OPEB liability was performed as of December 31, 2007. The following significant actuarial assumptions were used in this valuation:

<u>Funding Method</u> The individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

<u>Assets Valuation Method</u> All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.

<u>Investment Return</u> The investment assumption rate for 2007 was 6.50%.

Active Employee Total Payroll An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from .50% to 6.30%.

<u>Health Care Costs</u> Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .50%-4% for the next 7 years. In subsequent years (8 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

The number of active contributing participants of the traditional pension and combined plans as of December 31, 2008 was 363,503. The contribution rates discussed above are the actuarially determined contribution requirements for OPERS. The Council's contributions to fund post-employment benefits for the year end December 2008 were \$34,551. The Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB have an actuarial value of \$12.8 billion as of December 31, 2007. The actuarial accrued liability as of that date was \$29.8 billion, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$17.0 billion.

NOTE 6 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating Lease

The Council leases office space on a year-to-year basis. The total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was approximately \$15,650.

Capital Lease

In 2008, the Council entered into a long term capital lease agreement for certain equipment.

	Balance at <u>12/31/07</u>		Additions		Reductions		Balance at <u>12/31/08</u>	
Capital Lease - Copier	\$	0	\$	21,000	\$	407	\$	20,593

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the capitalized leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at December 31, 2008:

Year Ending	
December 31	Amount
2009	\$ 6,220
2010	6,220
2011	6,220
2012	6,220
2013	6,220
2014 and thereafter	518_
Total Minimum Lease Payments	31,618
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(11,025)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	20,593
Less: Current Portion	(2,718)
Net Long-Term Capital Lease Obligation	\$17,875

At December 31, 2008, the total carrying value of the equipment under capital lease obligation was \$20,300.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the Council's long-term obligations for during 2008 were as follows:

	Balance At	A 1.1		Balance At	Amounts Due Within	
	12/31/07	Additions	Reductions	12/31/08	One year	
Compensated Absences Capital Lease	\$25,437	\$10,915	\$ 0	\$36,352	\$ 0	
Obligations Total	925,437	21,000 \$31,915	$\frac{407}{\$407}$	20,593 \$56,945	2,718 \$2,718	

NOTE 8 - COMPLIANCE WITH GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

The Council serves as a pass through agency for the state of Ohio's allocations to its provider agencies. Provider agencies are generally required to comply with the terms and conditions specified in the provider contracts. Contracts permit the provider agencies one full year from the date services were provided to report reimbursements.

Ohio has the authority to audit the provider agencies' compliance with such contracts and grants. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits would require repayment by the provider. Management of the Council is not aware of any material disallowed or questioned costs due to noncompliance.

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY

The Council has a relationship with a represented county for payroll services. The county processes the Council's payroll transactions and bills the Council quarterly for the service. The amount of compensation payable to the county at December 31, 2008 represents one quarter and totals approximately \$153,700. The amount paid to the county was approximately \$574,600 for the year ended December 31, 2008.

NOTE 10- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with a private carrier for building contents and general liability. Contents are fully insured. There have been no claims in each of the past three years. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES

The waiver administration revenue is subject to retroactive adjustment which could result in increases or decreases in future revenue upon settlement. The Council is unable to determine the amount, if any, of the cost settlements for the open years of 2006, 2007 and 2008.

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2008

Salaries, Wages, and Related Taxes and Benefits	\$ 433,329
Professional Services	86,257
Travel, Seminars and Training	54,787
Rent	15,657
Computer Equipment	13,832
Office	12,250
Depreciation	9,063
Insurance - Liability	7,710
Telephone	5,510
Advertising	936
Dues and Subscriptions	899
Interest Expense	629
Equipment	592
Loss on Disposal	 201
TOTAL GENERAL AND	
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	\$ 641,652



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Clearwater Council of Governments 235 N. Toussaint South Road Oak Harbor, OH 43449

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clearwater Council of Governments ("Council") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2009 We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material

To the Board of Trustees Clearwater Council of Governments

misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of and use of the Board of Trustees and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

December 17, 2009

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CLEARWATER COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

OTTAWA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 11, 2010