Clermont Northeastern Local School District Clermont County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2009





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Clermont Northeastern Local School District 2792 U.S. Route 50 Batvia, Ohio 45103

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Clermont Northeastern Local School District, Clermont County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Clermont Northeastern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

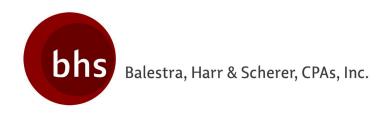
October 20, 2010



Clermont Northeastern Local School District

Table of Contents For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund	41
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Termination Benefits Fund	42
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	43
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	44
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	45
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	46
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	48
Schedule of Findings – OMB Circular A-133 § 505	50
Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	52



Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Clermont Northeastern Local School District 2792 US Route 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clermont Northeastern Local School District (the District), Clermont County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Clermont Northeastern Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

December 4, 2009

CLERMONT NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

This discussion and analysis provides key information from management highlighting the financial performance of the Clermont Northeastern Local School District for the year ended June 30, 2009. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Major financial highlights for fiscal year 2009 are listed below:

- ✓ The assets of the School District exceeded its liabilities at year-end by \$6,769,682. Of this amount, \$1,745,444 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ✓ In total, net assets decreased by \$184,046.
- ✓ The School District had \$18,362,358 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,551,405 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenue of \$15,626,907, made up primarily of property and income taxes and State Foundation payments provided the majority of funding for these programs.
- ✓ The General Fund balance decreased by \$130,166 from \$982,809 at June 30, 2008 to \$852,643 at June 30, 2009.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, support services (administration, operation and maintenance of plant), and non-instructional services including extracurricular activities and food services. The School District has no business-type activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The School District accounts for its activities using many individual funds. The most significant funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental fund financial statements. These statements provide detailed information about the individual major funds — unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report on the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. Also, the School District may also establish separate funds to show that it is meeting legal requirements for using grants or other money.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the School District's own programs.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information concerning the General Fund and Termination Benefits Fund budgets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A. Net assets at year-end

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's overall financial position at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008:

	FY2009	FY2008
Current and other assets	\$ 11,722,477	11,831,100
Capital assets	5,323,332	5,512,390
Total assets	17,045,809	17,343,490
Long-term liabilities	2,776,634	3,354,895
Other liabilities	7,499,493	7,034,867
Total liabilities	10,276,127	10,389,762
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	3,653,332	3,382,390
Restricted:		
For debt service	1,222,214	1,198,123
Other purposes	148,692	220,158
Unrestricted	1,745,444	2,153,057
Total net assets	\$ 6,769,682	6,953,728

Total assets declined by approximately \$298,000 primarily due to the recognition of depreciation on the School District's capital assets and a decrease in income taxes receivable due to the weak economy, offset by an increase in property taxes receivable based on increases in assessed values. The decrease in long-term liabilities is mostly due to the School District's required \$460,000 payment on its outstanding general obligation bonds, offset by a \$392,000 increase in unearned revenue. The unearned revenue is related to property taxes receivable and thus, increases as property taxes receivable increase.

CLERMONT NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

B. Governmental Activities

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's governmental activities during fiscal year 2009 and 2008 and the resulting change in net assets:

	FY2009	FY2008
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,378,781	1,263,832
Operating grants and contributions	1,148,251	1,275,252
Capital grants and contributions	24,373	10,941
Total program revenues	2,551,405	2,550,025
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,849,681	6,378,260
Income taxes	2,661,787	2,808,439
Grants and entitlements	6,874,635	6,702,089
Investment earnings	149,294	232,959
Miscellaneous	91,510	139,245
Total general revenues	15,626,907	16,260,992
Total revenues	18,178,312	18,811,017
Expenses:		
Instruction	9,768,109	9,998,822
Support services:	, ,	, ,
Pupil	864,272	681,352
Instructional staff	712,872	789,257
Board of Education	67,580	81,160
Administration	1,403,667	1,581,039
Fiscal	529,784	525,355
Business	52,529	53,589
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,722,729	1,562,287
Pupil transportation	1,562,866	1,576,761
Central	297,196	269,468
Non-instructional services	645,072	651,124
Interest and fiscal charges	45,027	59,369
Food services	690,655	696,312
Total expenses	18,362,358	18,525,895
Change in net assets	\$ (184,046)	285,122

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Of the total governmental activities revenues of \$18,178,312, \$2,551,405 (14%) is from program revenue. This means that the government relies on general revenues to fund the majority of the cost of services provided to the citizens. Of those general revenues, 54% (\$8,511,468) comes from property and income taxes and 44% (\$6,874,635) is from state funding. The School District's operations are reliant upon its property and income taxes and the state's foundation program.

Total revenues decreased by approximately 3%, primarily due to a lower property and income tax collections associated with a continued weak economy. Total expenses were kept virtually flat with a very slight decrease of less than 1%.

Governmental Activities

The following table presents the total cost of each of the government's primary services, and the comparative net cost after deducting the revenues generated by each function. Approximately 14% of the cost of the general government programs was recouped in program revenues. Instruction costs were \$9,768,109 but program revenue contributed to fund 14% of those costs. Thus, general revenues of \$8,373,068 were used to support of remainder of the instruction costs.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Program Revenue	Revenues as a % of Total Costs	Net Cost of Services
Instruction	\$ 9,768,109	1,395,041	14%	8,373,068
Support services	7,213,495	207,025	3%	7,006,470
Non-instructional services	645,072	256,039	40%	389,033
Food services	690,655	693,300	100%	(2,645)
Interest and fiscal charges	45,027		0%	45,027
Total	\$ 18,362,358	2,551,405	<u>14</u> %	15,810,953

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Governmental funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The School District has three major funds: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Termination Benefits Fund. Assets of these fund comprise \$11,180,843 (95%) of the total \$11,722,477 governmental funds assets.

General Fund. Fund balance at June 30, 2009 was \$852,643, including \$398,035 of unreserved balance, which represents 3% of expenditures for fiscal year 2009. Overall, revenues exceeded expenditures by approximately \$403,000 which is comparable to the prior fiscal year. However, the General Fund made transfers to other funds of \$533,236 which resulted in a decrease in fund balance.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources to retire the School District's general obligation bonds. All required bond payments were made as scheduled during the current fiscal year. The fund's cash balance at year-end is adequate to make the required debt payments for the year ending June 30, 2010 as well.

Termination Benefits Fund. The Termination Benefits Fund is used to accumulate resources to pay severance payments for retirees. The General Fund transfers resources to this fund to make severance payments.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The schedule comparing the School District's original and final budgets and actual results are included in the required supplementary information. During fiscal year 2009, the School District amended its General Fund budget with Clermont County as changes occurred in School District revenues and expenditures. There were no significant differences between the original and final budgets.

Budgeted tax revenues decreased between the original and final budgets. The School District adjusted its budget as the economy continued to decline resulting in decreased collections. The School District budgeted its intergovernmental revenues conservatively in its original estimate and increased the budget as actual receipts came in higher than anticipated. The School District increased its regular instruction expenditure final budget to account for the technology and foreign language programs that were not in the original budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. At June 30, 2009, the School District had \$5,323,332 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and equipment. The School District had no capital asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2009 due in large part to significant renovations undertaken in the prior fiscal years. See Note 4 to the financial statements for more detail.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

	,	FY2009	FY2008
Land	\$	2,024,809	2,024,809
Land improvements		201,070	232,573
Buildings and improvements		3,005,035	3,160,494
Furniture and equipment		92,418	94,514
Vehicles			
Total	\$	5,323,332	5,512,390

Debt. The School District did not issue any debt during the year ended June 30, 2009. However, the School District retired \$460,000 of general obligation bonds and has \$1,670,000 outstanding at June 30, 2009. See Note 10 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The School District, like all other taxing entities in the State of Ohio, faces the uncertainty of the economy. The School District's operating revenue is composed primarily of property taxes and a local income tax. With a weak economy, many of the School District's citizens have either lost their jobs and are unemployed or have had to take lesser paying jobs. Income tax revenues appear to have reached a peak until the economy experiences a rebound. Further, as household budgets tighten, the number and amount of property tax delinquencies increase thus decreasing property tax revenue for the School District.

As for expenses, the School District faces continued significant increases in the cost of health care for its employees. The School District also faces an increasing number of children requiring special education and services and these charges also are increasing by double digits each year. The School District has faced these challenges the last few years by making drastic cuts to its budget and services offered but will soon reach a point where no further cuts can be made and expects to have to go to the electorate and ask for more taxes to be levied to finance operations of the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer's office at the Clermont Northeastern Local School District, 2792 US Route 50, Batavia, Ohio 45103.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,815,975
Receivables:	
Taxes	7,850,342
Accounts	1,741
Intergovernmental	13,815
Interest	22,880
Supplies inventory	17,724
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,024,809
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,298,523
Total assets	17,045,809
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	98,563
Accrued wages and benefits	1,254,577
Pension obligation payable	354,926
Unearned revenue	5,788,274
Accrued interest payable	3,153
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	616,364
Due within more than one year	2,160,270
Total liabilities	10,276,127
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,653,332
Restricted for:	
Debt service	1,222,214
Other purposes	148,692
Unrestricted	1,745,444
Total net assets	\$ 6,769,682

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2009

						Revenue and Changes in
				Program Revenues		Net Assets
		Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:	-					
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	7,351,975	757,615	8,551	-	\$ (6,585,809)
Special education		2,175,094	-	628,875	-	(1,546,219)
Other		241,040	-	-	-	(241,040)
Support services:						
Pupil		864,272	-	5,682	-	(858,590)
Instructional staff		712,872	-	33,445	-	(679,427)
Board of Education		67,580	-	-	-	(67,580)
Administration		1,403,667	-	19,040	-	(1,384,627)
Fiscal		529,784	-	-	-	(529,784)
Business		52,529	-	-	-	(52,529)
Operation and						
maintenance of plant		1,722,729	-	-	-	(1,722,729)
Pupil transportation		1,562,866	5,326	-	24,373	(1,533,167)
Central		297,196	113,908	5,251	-	(178,037)
Non-instructional services:						
Extracurricular activities		453,048	118,633	-	-	(334,415)
Community service		192,024	-	137,406	-	(54,618)
Food service		690,655	383,299	310,001	-	2,645
Interest on long-term debt		45,027				(45,027)
	\$	18,362,358	1,378,781	1,148,251	24,373	(15,810,953)
	Ge	neral Revenues:				
			for general purpos	es		5,345,247
		perty taxes, levied		•		504,434
		ome taxes	101 4001 501 11005			2,661,787
			its not restricted to	specific programs		6,874,635
		estment earnings		operatio programs		149,294
		scellaneous				91,510
	Tot	al general revenue	s			15,626,907
	Cha	ange in net assets				(184,046)
	Ne	assets beginning of	of year			6,953,728
	Ne	assets end of year				\$ 6,769,682

Net (Expense)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

					Other
			Debt	Termination	Governmental
		General	Service	Benefits	Funds
Assets:	-				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	958,543	1,146,189	1,201,148	510,095
Receivables:					
Taxes		7,265,238	585,104	-	-
Accounts		1,741	-	-	-
Accrued interest		22,880	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	13,815
Materials and supplies inventory					17,724
Total assets		8,248,402	1,731,293	1,201,148	541,634
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		63,935	_	_	34,628
Accrued wages and benefits		1,134,436	_	_	120,141
Pension obligation payable		319,107	_	_	35,819
Deferred revenue		5,878,281	545,604	_	-
Total liabilities		7,395,759	545,604		190,588
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		49,608	-	-	8,315
Property taxes		405,000	39,500	_	-
Supplies inventory		-	-	_	17,724
Debt service		-	1,146,189	_	-
Unreserved, reported in:					
General Fund		398,035	-	-	-
Special Revenue Funds				1,201,148	325,007
Total fund balances		852,643	1,185,689	1,201,148	351,046
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,248,402	1,731,293	1,201,148	541,634

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	3,590,526
3,815,975	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
7,850,342			
1,741	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
22,880	resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		5,323,332
13,815			
17,724			
11,722,477			
	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
	expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.		635,611
98,563			
1,254,577			
354,926	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable	÷	
6,423,885	in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
8,131,951	General obligation bonds 1,670,000		
	Compensated absences 1,106,634		
	Accrued interest payable 3,153		(2,779,787)
57,923			
444,500			
17,724			
1,146,189			
398,035			
1,526,155			
3,590,526			
11,722,477	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	6,769,682

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Other
		Debt	Termination	Governmental
_	General	Service	Benefits	Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 8,099,553	511,280	-	-
Tuition and fees	565,535	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	431,406
Interest	153,288	-	-	663
Intergovernmental	6,864,573	34,435	-	1,152,421
Other local revenues	235,416			237,934
Total revenues	15,918,365	545,715		1,822,424
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,067,729	-	-	100,393
Special education	1,456,066	-	81,672	620,876
Other	208,899	-	-	29,703
Support services:				
Pupil	786,106	-	65,110	4,856
Instructional staff	652,125	-	-	51,614
Board of Education	64,154	-	-	3,426
Administration	1,341,436	-	20,333	25,860
Fiscal	513,495	9,751	-	-
Business	52,529	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,703,575	-	-	-
Pupil transportation	1,541,144	-	-	-
Central	120,091	-	-	177,105
Non-instructional services:				
Extracurricular activities	7,946	_	_	444,487
Community service	-	_	_	192,024
Food service	_	_	_	689,021
Debt Service:				, .
Principal	-	460,000	-	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	46,465	_	_
Total expenditures	15,515,295	516,216	167,115	2,339,365
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	403,070	29,499	(167,115)	(516,941)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in			120,000	413,236
Transfers out	(533,236)	-	120,000	715,250
		<u>-</u>	120,000	412.226
Total other financing sources (uses):	(533,236)		120,000	413,236
Net change in fund balance	(130,166)	29,499	(47,115)	(103,705)
Fund balance, beginning of year	982,809	1,156,190	1,248,263	454,751
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 852,643	1,185,689	1,201,148	351,046

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2009

	i ear Ended June 50, 2009	
Total		
Governmental		
Funds	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$	(251,487)
8,610,833	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
565,535	statement of activities are different because:	
431,406		
153,951		
8,051,429	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
473,350	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is	
18,286,504	allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	(307,058)
	Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental	
	funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	
7,168,122	statement of net assets.	460,000
2,158,614		
238,602		
	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas	
856,072	in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,438
703,739	g r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	,
67,580		
1,387,629	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated	
523,246	absences and pension obligation do not require the use of current financial resources	
52,529	and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(96,747)
1,703,575	and incretore are not reported as expenditures in governmental runds.	(90,747)
1,541,144	Decree in the statement of a statement and a statement in the second Constitution	
297,196	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(108,192)
452,433		
192,024		
689,021		
460,000		
46,465	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$	(302,046)
18,537,991		
(251,487)		
533,236		
(533,236)		
(251,487)		
3,842,013		
3,590,526		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2009

A COPTEC	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 63,091	23,286
Total assets	63,091	23,286
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	1,000	-
Due to student groups		23,286
Total liabilities	1,000	23,286
NET ASSETS		
Held in trust	\$ 62,091	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Private- Purpose Trusts
Additions:	
Contributions	\$ 18,286
Total additions	18,286
Deductions:	
Community gifts, awards and scholarships	3,156
Total deductions	3,156
Change in net assets	15,130
Net assets, beginning of year	46,961
Net assets, end of year	\$ 62,091

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Clermont Northeastern Local School District (the "School District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Clermont Northeastern Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services to approximately 1,900 students and community members as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines. The School District was established in 1958 through the consolidation of existing school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 84 square miles, is located in Clermont County, and includes all of the Villages of Owensville, Newtonsville, Marathon, Perintown, and Monterey.

Included within the reporting entity is a parochial school located within the School District boundaries. St. Louis Elementary is operated through the Cincinnati Catholic Archdiocese but current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. This money is received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. The activity related to this funding is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, which consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

The School District is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations and two are insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Association, the Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Clermont County Health Trust. These organizations are presented in Notes 11 and 12 to the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financials activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Termination Benefits Fund – This fund is used to accumulate resources for severance payments for retired employees.

Fiduciary Funds report on net assets and changes in net assets. The School District's fiduciary funds consist of a private-purpose trust fund and agency funds. The School District's only private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. These assets are not available for the School District's use. Agency funds, used to account for student activities, are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the governmental funds. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, interest, tuition, student fees, and grants.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences which are recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Also, fiduciary funds utilize accrual accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange transactions. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2009, which are intended to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in central bank accounts. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements. During fiscal year 2009, the School District's investments included U.S. agency securities, STAR Ohio, U.S. Treasury notes and money market funds.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 (GASB 31), "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", requires that investments be recorded at their fair value and that changes in the fair value be reported in the operating statement. At June 30, 2009, the fair value of investments approximates cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to agency funds, certain trust funds, and those funds individually authorized by Board resolution. Interest is allocated to these funds based on average monthly cash balance.

F. <u>Inventory</u>

All inventories are valued at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The School District defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date received. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are reported as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	50 years
Land improvements	15 years
Equipment and furniture other than vehicles	3-20 years
Vehicles	10 years

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, a liability is recorded only for the portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources with the exception of compensated absences as noted above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund equity that are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balances indicates that portion of fund equity that is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, inventory and debt service.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statutes.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balance Deficits

At June 30, 2009, the following funds had a deficit fund balance:

Other Governmental Funds:

Athletics Fund	\$6,912
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	\$3,922
IDEA Part B Grant Fund	\$7,058

The fund balance deficits were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the Treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies are permitted to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and amended by GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures":

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's custodial credit risk policy requires that deposits be collateralized as required by ORC Chapter 135. At year-end, \$56,366 of the School District's bank balance of \$435,958 was exposed to custodial credit risk since it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Investments

The School District's investments at June 30, 2009 are as summarized as follows:

		Average Maturity	Concentration of Credit
	Fair Value	Years	Risk
FHLB	\$ 318,138	2.65	9%
FHLMC	1,122,177	2.51	31%
FNMA	788,322	2.65	22%
US Treasury Notes	151,014	0.21	4%
STAR Ohio	1,253,069	n/a	34%
US Money Market Funds	22,870	n/a	less than 1%
	\$ 3,655,590		

Credit Risk

It is the School District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investments in FHLB, FNMA and FHLMC securities were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment securities are registered in the name of the School District.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes.

Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88% of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35% of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from the Clermont County Auditor, who periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2009 are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2009. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009, was \$405,000 in the General Fund and \$39,500 in the Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Second-		2009 First-	
	Half Collections		Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$ 271,605,210	95.29%	295,416,140	96.44%
Public Utility	6,100,210	2.14%	6,086,420	1.99%
Tangible Personal Property	7,337,679	2.57%	4,832,340	1.58%
Total Assessed Value	\$ 285,043,099	100.00%	306,334,900	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$35.50		\$35.50	

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance			Balance
		7/1/08	Additions	Disposals	6/30/09
Governmental Activities					
Nondepreciable:					
Land	\$	2,024,809	-	-	2,024,809
Depreciable:					
Land improvements		1,117,737	-	-	1,117,737
Buildings and improvements		9,216,656	-	-	9,216,656
Equipment and furniture		3,851,942	-	-	3,851,942
Vehicles	_	62,089			62,089
Subtotal		14,248,424			14,248,424
Totals at historical cost		16,273,233			16,273,233
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements		885,164	31,503	-	916,667
Buildings and improvements		6,056,162	155,459	-	6,211,621
Equipment and furniture		3,757,428	2,096	-	3,759,524
Vehicles	_	62,089			62,089
Total accumulated depreciation		10,760,843	189,058	_	10,949,901
Capital assets, net	\$	5,512,390	(189,058)	<u> </u>	5,323,332

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Regular	\$ 87,106
Special	16,480
Other	2,438
Support services:	
Pupil	8,200
Instructional staff	9,133
Administration	16,038
Fiscal	6,538
Operation and maintenance of plant	19,154
Pupil transportation	21,722
Extracurricular activities	615
Food service	1,634
Total depreciation expense	\$ 189,058

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the General Fund made transfers of \$120,000 and \$413,236 to the Termination Benefits Fund and Other Governmental Funds, respectively. Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2009, the School District contracted with commercial carriers for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage in the last year.

For fiscal year 2009, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 12). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

For fiscal year 2009, the School District participated in the Clermont County Health Trust (the Trust), a group insurance purchasing pool (Note 12), in order to provide dental, life, medical, and disability benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries and to set aside funds for such purposes. The Trustee provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 9.09%. The remaining 4.91% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were approximately \$230,000, \$232,000, and \$220,000, respectively; 51% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2009 is recorded as a liability.

State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a state-wide, cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed by the School District. STRS Ohio provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issued a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime instead of 2.2%. contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For Combined Plan Benefits, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The School District's required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were approximately \$1,033,000, \$1,027,000, and \$972,000, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2009 is recorded as a liability.

Social Security System

All employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. Members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by state statute.

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan; a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan. Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multipleemployer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fee, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. The School District's contributions to STRS Ohio allocated to post-employment health care for the years June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were approximately \$74,000, \$73,000, and \$69,000, respectively.

SERS administers two postemployment benefit plans:

Medicare B Plan - The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40, SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2009, the actuarially required allocation was 0.75%. The School District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$12,000, \$11,000, and \$11,000, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

Health Care Plan - ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the health care allocation was 4.16%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2009, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$68,000, \$55,000, and \$54,000, respectively.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. All employees earn sick leave at the rate of 1.25 days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to maximum of 250 days for all employees and administrators. Upon retirement, payment is made for 30% of the employee's accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 60 days for teachers and administrators, and 45 for classified employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2009

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Principal				
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	7/1/08	Additions	Reductions	6/30/09	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,130,000	-	460,000	1,670,000	475,000
Compensated absences	1,224,895	218,091	336,352	1,106,634	141,364
Total	\$ 3,354,895	218,091	796,352	2,776,634	616,364

Capital Improvement General Obligation Bonds Payable – In 1992, the School District issued \$6,045,000 in voted general obligations bonds for the purpose of classroom additions and improvements to the existing three school buildings. In fiscal 2002, the School District issued \$4,960,000 of general obligation bonds for the purpose of a current refunding of the 1992 bonds. The outstanding bonds of as of June 30, 2009 bear interest at rates ranging from 2.15% to 3.95% with final payment on December 1, 2014.

All general obligation debt is supported by the full faith and credit of the School District. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$25,900,141 with an unvoted debt margin of \$306,335 at June 30, 2009.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 475,000	28,696	503,696
2011	495,000	9,776	504,776
2012	201,410	318,590	520,000
2013	181,538	333,462	515,000
2014	165,217	349,783	515,000
2015	151,835	368,165	520,000
Total	\$ 1,670,000	1,408,472	3,078,472

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Association

The School District is a participant in a two-county consortium of school districts that operate the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association (H/CCA). H/CCA is an association of public districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The Board of H/CCA consists of one representative from each of the participating members. Financial statements for H/CCA can be obtained at its administrative offices at 7615 Harrison Avenue, Cincinnati 45231.

The Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development

The Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development, a jointly governed organization, is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority as a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code. Great Oaks was formed for the purpose of providing vocational education opportunities to the students of the member school districts, which includes the students of the School District. The School District has no ongoing financial interest in nor responsibility for Great Oaks. For financial information, write to Great Oaks at 3254 East Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241.

12. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The Clermont County Health Trust

The Clermont County Health Trust (the Trust), an insurance purchasing pool, is a health trust formed to provide affordable and desirable dental, life, medical, and other disability group insurance for member's employees, eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Board of Directors consists of one representative from each of the participating members and is elected by the vote of a majority of the member school districts. The School District pays premiums to a third party administrator which in turns buys the insurance policies from various insurance companies. Upon termination, the School District shall be responsible for prompt payment of all plan liabilities accruing as a result of such termination and maintain no right

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

to any assets of the Trust. The School District may terminate participation in the Trust for the benefit of its employees upon written notice to the Trustee delivered at least sixty days prior to the annual review date of the policy. Financial information can be obtained from the Clermont County Health Trust at P. O. Box 526, Middletown, Ohio 45042.

13. CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2009.

Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

14. REQUIRED SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State Statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on the statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. Although no longer required by state statute, a budget stabilization reserve may still be set aside at the discretion of the School District.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	<u>Textbooks</u>	<u>Improvements</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2008	\$ (676,176)	-
Current year set-aside requirement	282,656	282,656
Less qualifying disbursements and offsets	(318,057)	(626,776)
Total	(711,577)	(344,120)
Balance carried to FY2010	\$ (711,577)	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

Since the School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set aside amount for textbooks and instructional materials to below zero, these extra amounts may be used to reduce the set aside requirements of future years. However, the excess qualifying disbursements of the capital improvement set-aside may not be used to reduce the capital improvement set aside requirements of future years.

15. INCOME TAXES

As approved by voters, the School District levies a 1% school income tax on wages earned by residents of the School District. The taxes are collected by the State Department of Taxation in the same manner as the state income tax. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the School District recorded income tax revenue of \$2,661,787 in the entity-wide financials and a receivable as of June 30, 2009 of \$1,149,257.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

i ear Ended June 30, 2009				Variance
	Original	Final		With Final
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 8,900,107	8,465,791	8,465,791	_
Tuition and fees	445,755	565,535	565,535	_
Interest	137,185	153,442	153,442	-
Intergovernmental	6,054,197	6,864,573	6,864,573	_
Other local revenues	240,000	236,740	236,740	_
Total revenues	15,777,244	16,286,081	16,286,081	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,543,293	7,049,063	7,049,063	-
Special education	1,500,000	1,446,396	1,446,396	-
Other instruction	220,000	219,644	219,644	-
Support services:				
Pupil	750,000	760,526	760,526	-
Instructional staff	640,000	642,226	642,226	-
Board of Education	75,000	75,732	75,732	-
Administration	1,400,000	1,353,566	1,353,566	-
Fiscal	500,000	501,449	501,449	-
Business	50,000	54,205	54,205	-
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,800,000	1,756,889	1,756,889	-
Pupil transportation	1,545,000	1,547,428	1,547,428	-
Central	120,000	119,282	119,282	-
Non-instructional services:				
Extracurricular activities	8,000	7,946	7,946	
Total expenditures	15,151,293	15,534,352	15,534,352	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	625,951	751,729	751,729	-
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	25,000	25,000	-
Transfers out	(650,000)	(569,606)	(569,606)	
Total other financing sources (uses):	(650,000)	(544,606)	(544,606)	
Change in fund balance	(24,049)	207,123	207,123	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	592,365	592,365	592,365	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	66,797	66,797	66,797	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 635,113	866,285	866,285	

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Termination Benefits Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

Teal Effect Julie 30, 2009	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:				
Other local revenues	\$ 			
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	215,000	204,487	204,487	-
Special education	95,000	92,193	92,193	-
Support services:				
Pupil	65,000	65,110	65,110	-
Administration	20,000	20,333	20,333	
Total expenditures	395,000	382,123	382,123	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(395,000)	(382,123)	(382,123)	-
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	120,000	120,000	120,000	
Change in fund balance	(275,000)	(262,123)	(262,123)	-
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,463,271	1,463,271	1,463,271	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,188,271	1,201,148	1,201,148	

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2009

Note A **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP statements and the budgetary basis schedule:

		Termination
	General	Benefits
Net change in fund balance - GAAP Basis	\$ (130,166)	(47,115)
Increase / (decrease):		
Due to revenues	367,716	-
Due to expenditures	70,991	(215,008)
Due to other sources (uses)	(11,370)	-
Due to encumbrances	(90,048)	
Net change in fund balance - Budget Basis	\$ 207,123	(262,123)

Clermont Northeastern Local School District Clermont County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/	Pass Through	Federal		
Pass Through Grantor/	Entity	CFDA	ъ : .	D: 1
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculttre				
Passed through Ohio Department of Education				
Nutrition Cluster:				
Special Milk Program	N/A	10.556	\$ 645	\$ 645
National School Breakfast Program	05PU	10.553	64,609	64,609
School Lunch Program	LLP4	10.555	205,135	205,135
Total Nutrition Cluster		•	270,389	270,389
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			270,389	270,389
United States Department of Education				
Passed through Ohio Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1S1	84.010	231,680	236,214
Special Education Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	354,824	337,286
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	DRS1	84.186	5,682	5,442
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	3,084	3,084
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318	2,146	1,506
Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	TRS1	84.367	78,107	91,436
Passed through Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development				
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	N/A	84.048	4,576	4,558
Vocational Education - Dasic Grants to States	IVA	04.040	7,370	7,550
Total United States Department of Education			680,099	679,526
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 950,488	\$ 949,915

 $N/A = Pass\ through\ entity\ number\ could\ not\ be\ located.$ See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

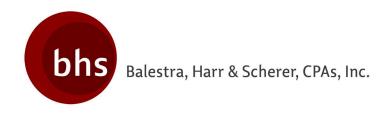
Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the School District contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The School District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Clermont Northeastern Local School District 2782 US Route 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clermont Northeastern Local School District (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the School District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: 2009-001.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the School District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Members of the Board Clermont Northeastern Local School District REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. We believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

We also noted certain internal control matter that we reported to the School District's management in a separate letter dated December 4, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported the School District's management in a separate report dated December 4, 2009.

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the School District's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

December 4, 2009

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Clermont Northeastern Local School District 2782 US Route 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Clermont Northeastern Local School District, Clermont County, Ohio (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Clermont Northeastern Local School District REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the entity's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the School District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management and federal awarding agencies. We intended it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

December 4, 2009

CLERMONT NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CLERMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant internal control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weakness reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant internal control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weakness reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Grants to States: CFDA# 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

CLERMONT NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CLERMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

(CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2009-001

Significant Deficiency

The School District policy over deposit of public funds states that the persons who receives monies at a cash collection point is responsible for its safekeeping until the money is deposited with the Treasurer. The School District had two deposits one for nearly \$900 and the other for \$1,800 that were not properly safeguarded and subsequently stolen.

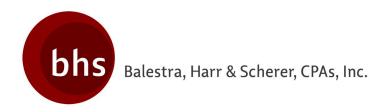
The School District should implement a control that requires all monies to be safeguarded in a lockbox or safe until the time it can be deposited with the Treasurer. The School District should inform all employees that collect cash the importance of making sure all funds are safeguarded and the proper procedures to follow when cash is in their positions.

Client Response:

Employees who collect cash will receive in-service training or policies and procedures. Further, a safe will be placed in each building office.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Members Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Clermont Northeastern Local School District Clermont County 2792 US Route 50 Batavia, OH 45103

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Clermont Northeastern Local School District (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on November 15, 2007
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from the Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B)
 - 1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - 2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.66;
 - 3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - 4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
 - 5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

Members of the Board Clermont Northeastern Local School District Independent Auditor's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Page 2

- 6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- 7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- 8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- 9) A disciplinary procedure for any student's guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- 10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct and examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

December 4, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CLERMONT NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CLERMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 4, 2010