Green Local School District Wayne County, Ohio Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Green Local School District 484 East Main Street P.O. Box 438 Smithville, Ohio 44677

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Green Local School District, Wayne County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Green Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 1, 2010

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GREEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

JUNE 30, 2009

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To the Board of Education Green Local School District Smithville, OH 44677 December 14, 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Green Local School District (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2009 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Green Local School District Independent Auditor's Report December 14, 2009 Page 2

Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

Green Local School District (Wayne County, Ohio) Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Green Local School District's (the School District's) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- □ General Revenues accounted for \$10.0 million in revenue or 85% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and operating grants and contributions accounted for approximately \$1.8 million or 15% of total revenues of \$11.8 million.
- **D** Total program expenses were \$11.6 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ In total, net assets of Governmental Activities increased \$200,908, which represents a 9.0% increase from 2008.
- □ Outstanding notes payable decreased from \$167,328 to \$143,856 through the payment of note principal.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2009?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities*, excluding fiduciary funds, using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District activities are listed as Governmental:

□ Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, food service operation, uniform supplies, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008.

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Governmental Activities					
		2009		2008		
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,414,355	\$	4,986,559		
Capital Assets		2,785,093		2,787,961		
Total Assets		8,199,448		7,774,520		
Liabilities						
Long-Term Liabilities		1,059,799		1,008,764		
Other Liabilities		4,715,996		4,543,011		
Total Liabilities		5,775,795		5,551,775		
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital						
Assets, Net of Debt		2,582,578		2,497,650		
Restricted		257,719		313,773		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(416,644)		(588,678)		
Total Net Assets	\$	2,423,653	\$	2,222,745		

Total assets increased by \$424,928, primarily due to an increase in cash due to cutbacks.

Total liabilities increased by \$224,020, this increase was caused primarily by an increase in accrued wages and compensated absences.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009 and 2008. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the School District's financial status and possible future outcomes.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	 Governmental Activities						
	 2009		2008				
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,129,884	\$	862,185				
Operating Grants	647,227		570,011				
General Revenue:							
Property Taxes	3,746,754		4,095,193				
Grants and Entitlements, not restricted	6,153,747		6,055,192				
Other	 99,206		377,083				
Total Revenues	11,776,818		11,959,664				
Program Expenses							
Instruction	6,737,021		6,550,598				
Support Services	3,933,629		3,492,761				
Extracurricular Activities	508,036		434,254				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	28,976		21,204				
Food Services	321,270		352,130				
Uniform School Supplies	 46,978		52,636				
Total Expenses	 11,575,910		10,903,583				
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 200,908	\$	1,056,081				

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenue and expenditures over the next five years. In November of 2005, the School District successfully passed an additional five year \$500,000 emergency levy. The School District has 37.65 mills in continuing operating levies reduced to 16.21 effective mills for Class I residential/agricultural real estate property.

Although the School District relies heavily upon state foundation revenue and local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. All governmental activity had total revenues of \$11.8 million and expenses of \$11.3 million.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities							
2009 2008							
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost			
	of Service	of Service	of Service	of Service			
Instruction	\$ 6,737,021	\$ (5,701,138)	\$ 6,550,598	\$ (5,862,599)			
Support Services:							
Pupil and Instructional Staff	651,199	(569,734)	544,109	(389,465)			
Board of Education, Administration,							
and Fiscal	1,460,772	(1,432,578)	1,299,129	(1,033,162)			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,062,939	(1,062,939)	996,012	(996,012)			
Pupil Transportation and Central	758,719	(737,840)	653,511	(867,948)			
Extracurricular Activities	508,036	(301,839)	434,254	(324,296)			
Interest Charges	28,976	(28,976)	21,204	(21,204)			
Food Service Operations	321,270	24,367	352,130	15,177			
Uniform Supplies	46,978	11,878	52,636	8,122			
Total	\$ 11,575,910	\$ (9,798,799)	\$ 10,903,583	\$ (9,471,387)			

Property taxes made up 31.8% of total revenues for governmental activities for Green Local School District in fiscal year 2009. Program revenues for governmental activities provided 15% of governmental revenues with over 85% of all governmental activities supported through property taxes, grants and entitlements, and other general revenues. The 52.3% provided by the grants and entitlements portion of general revenues includes monies received from the Ohio Department of Education State Foundation Program, and property tax relief such as the homestead exemptions and rollbacks provided by HB920. The community, through its willingness to provide property tax revenues and educational support for students, is a strong supporter for Green Local School District students, but this low wealth district depends heavily on financial support from the State of Ohio through its basic per pupil and Parity Aide funding.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2009, there were minor amendments to the School District's total general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting system which are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10.6 million, above original budget estimates of \$10.4 million. The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$10.6 million, which was in line with the final budget.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses of \$10.3 million were not significantly changed during the year. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$10.0 million. The actual expenditures were comparable to final budget expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the School District had approximately \$2.8 million invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2009 and 2008 balances net of depreciation.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities					
		2009	2008				
	•		<u>,</u>				
Land	\$	66,992	\$	66,992			
Construction in Progress		42,670		0			
Land Improvements		98,583		39,618			
Buildings and Improvements		1,818,777		1,887,643			
Furniture and Equipment		346,930		376,653			
Vehicles		411,141		417,055			
Totals	\$	2,785,093	\$	2,787,961			

The \$2,868 decrease in capital assets was attributable to depreciation expense exceeding additional purchases during the fiscal year. See Note 8 for additional information regarding capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2009, the School District had \$143,856 in notes outstanding with \$24,851 due within one year. During fiscal year 2009, \$23,472 of notes were retired. Table 5 summarizes notes outstanding.

(Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	 2009	2008			
General Obligation Notes: Energy Conservation	\$ 143,856	\$	167,328		

The proceeds of the 1999 issuance of notes were utilized for HB 264 Energy Conservation projects including the replacement of high school boilers and lighting. See Note 13 for additional information regarding debt.

Current Issues

Through the implementation of a strategic planning initiative, Green Local Schools' administration, teaching and non-teaching staff, parents, students and community partners have embraced the vision to become the "school system of choice" for all students. The district's mission reflects the partnership with families and community to prepare students for lifelong personal development.

The following goals will drive the decision making process in the district:

- Green Local Schools will annually examine current educational programming utilizing data analysis, review best practices and implement appropriate changes;
- Green Local Schools will hire, maintain and retain high quality employees;
- The school district will establish communication among all stakeholders to achieve at least a 75% (revised annually) satisfaction rating;
- Green Local will achieve financial stability through the appropriate use of human and other resources while remaining educationally sound;
- The district will develop a facilities plan by June 2009.

The district is utilizing the above goals and related action plan steps to continue the process of being at the forefront of education in Wayne County. Through grant dollars, community donations and general fund dollars, the district has purchased 40 Smartboards to be used by teachers and students in classrooms. The district initiated a "content management" website which allows for better continuity of each building's presence on the web, posting of information for the community and gaining stakeholder feedback. The district is at the forefront of using "Smoodle", a web link for teachers to post files, messages, homework assignments, blogs, quizzes, and more, for student access on the web. Parents are encouraged to view their students' progress and grades through online access of ProgressBook. Workbook fees can now be paid by parents over the Internet using EZpay. Central office records are being stored electronically through the use of scanners and records imaging software.

The 2008-2009 report card, as reported by the Ohio Department of Education, shows Green Local Schools as "Effective" having achieved 28 out of 30 indicators with a Performance Index of 99.2%. While the district's overall rating did not change from 2007-08 school year, there were several areas of significant gains that are directly related to students, parents, teachers and administrators that place a high value on educational standards.

The 2009 school year ended with the district achieving a financial indicator of slightly more than thirty days of cash on hand in the general fund. This is a significant milestone the district and would not have been achieved without cost containment measures made by the administration and the additional revenues from a renewed emergency levy passed in 2007. Other efforts to reduce costs in the past year include joining several school district consortiums to take advantage of group rates for the purchase of natural gas, liability, fleet & property insurance, school buses and life insurance. Green Local Schools is a member of the Portage Area Schools Consortium for group health related benefits. The consortium reduced rates in 2008-09 by 25%. This savings was passed on to member districts in the form of reduced monthly premiums. Overall, average daily expenditures in 2009 were lower than the previous two years.

State funding of public education continues to be problematic. The district faces declining enrollment of resident students while incoming open enrollment of students has increased slightly.

This has caused the district to become reliant on the state's "transitional aid" guarantee, which maintains the state's funding at 2008 levels. The district will need to find alternative revenue sources and continue to reduce expenditures in order to maintain the current levels of educational programming.

The Green Local Board of Education, with the support of the strategic plan management team, has decided to go forth with the Ohio Schools Facilities Project which would provide new school buildings for all grade levels in the district. The state's share, 65%, represents \$22,956,884 while the district's share will be \$12,361,399 excluding local initiatives. The district's plan will be to place a bond issue on the ballot to the district's voters once the district has confirmed passage of the emergency levy on the November 2009 ballot.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Judy Robinson, Treasurer of Green Local School District, Post Office Box 438, Smithville, OH 44677.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,549,109
Receivables:	
Taxes	3,786,738
Accounts	529
Intergovernmental	77,979
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	109,662
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	 2,675,431
Total Assets	 8,199,448
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	18,830
Accrued Wages and Benefits	887,407
Vacation Benefits Payable	38,887
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	86,298
Intergovernmental Payable	304,443
Deferred Revenue	3,380,131
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	116,748
Due In More Than One Year	 943,051
Total Liabilities	 5,775,795
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,582,578
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	152,328
Other Purposes	105,391
Unrestricted	(416,644)
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,423,653

Green Local School District (Wayne County, Ohio) Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Program Revenues						Rever	et (Expense) nue and Changes n Net Assets					
	Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		(Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities													
Instruction:													
Regular	\$	4,968,532	\$	640,201	\$	53,558	\$	(4,274,773)					
Special		901,206		0		303,654		(597,552)					
Vocational		218,691		0		38,470		(180,221)					
Other		648,592		0		0		(648,592)					
Support Services:													
Pupils		326,790		0		71,142		(255,648)					
Instructional Staff		324,409		0		10,323		(314,086)					
Board of Education		53,218		0		0		(53,218)					
Administration		1,088,632		0		28,194		(1,060,438)					
Fiscal		318,458		0		0		(318,458)					
Business		464		0		0		(464)					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,062,939		0		0		(1,062,939)					
Pupil Transportation		657,349		0		8,879		(648,470)					
Central		101,370		0		12,000		(89,370)					
Food Service Operations		321,270		238,630		107,007		24,367					
Uniform Supplies		46,978		58,856		0		11,878					
Extracurricular Activities		508,036		192,197		14,000		(301,839)					
Debt Service:													
Interest and Fiscal Charges		28,976		0		0		(28,976)					
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,575,910	\$	1,129,884	\$	647,227		(9,798,799)					
	Proper	ral Revenues rty Taxes Levied f	or:										
		ral Purposes						3,568,437					
		tal Outlay						178,317					
			not Res	tricted to Specific	Program	IS		6,153,747					
		ment Earnings llaneous						27,918					
		General Revenues						71,288 9,999,707					
	Total	Scheral Revenues						9,999,101					
	Chang	e in Net Assets						200,908					
	Net As	ssets Beginning of	Year					2,222,745					
	Net As	ssets End of Year					\$	2,423,653					

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

		General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,190,056	\$	359,053	\$	1,549,109	
Receivables:							
Taxes		3,601,922		184,816		3,786,738	
Accounts		10		519		529	
Interfund		24,738		0		24,738	
Intergovernmental		0		77,979		77,979	
Total Assets	\$	4,816,726	\$	622,367	\$	5,439,093	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	14,700	\$	4,130	\$	18,830	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	·	850,677	·	36,730		887,407	
Vacation Benefits Payable		38,887		0		38,887	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		86,298		0		86,298	
Interfund Payable		0		24,738		24,738	
Intergovernmental Payable		292,464		11,979		304,443	
Deferred Revenue		3,305,413		245,926		3,551,339	
Total Liabilities		4,588,439		323,503		4,911,942	
Fund Balances							
Reserved for Encumbrances		49,040		70,404		119,444	
Reserved for Tax Revenue Unavailable for Appropriation		296,509		11,491		308,000	
Unreserved:							
Undesignated, Reported in:							
General Fund		(117,262)		0		(117,262)	
Special Revenue Funds		0		129,031		129,031	
Capital Projects Funds		0		87,938		87,938	
Total Fund Balances		228,287		298,864		527,151	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,816,726	\$	622,367	\$	5,439,093	

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	527,151
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			2,785,093
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds. Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ 72,601 98,607	-	171,208
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Notes Payable Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences	 (143,856) (58,659) (857,284)		(1,059,799)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	2,423,653

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 General	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 3,532,982	\$	177,692	\$	3,710,674
Intergovernmental	6,188,860		524,857		6,713,717
Investment Income	25,711		2,207		27,918
Tuition and Fees	578,137		59,738		637,875
Extracurricular Activities	0		251,800		251,800
Rentals	1,530		0		1,530
Charges for Services	10		238,669		238,679
Gifts and Donations	6,993		28,154		35,147
Miscellaneous	 45,094		13,201		58,295
Total Revenues	10,379,317		1,296,318		11,675,635
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,669,529		151,791		4,821,320
Special	657,056		234,818		891,874
Vocational	204,576		4,419		208,995
Other	648,281		0		648,281
Support Services:					
Pupils	243,187		71,717		314,904
Instructional Staff	305,362		13,382		318,744
Board of Education	45,618		7,600		53,218
Administration	1,031,656		26,240		1,057,896
Fiscal	313,167		3,424		316,591
Business	464		0		464
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	854,531		5,029		859,560
Pupil Transportation	638,424		6,559		644,983
Central	89,224		12,000		101,224
Food Service Operations	0		321,468		321,468
Uniform Supplies	0		46,978		46,978
Extracurricular Activities	295,426		212,502		507,928
Capital Outlay	45,494		245,313		290,807
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	47,928		39,868		87,796
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 18,948		10,028		28,976
Total Expenditures	 10,108,871		1,413,136		11,522,007
Net Change in Fund Balance	270,446		(116,818)		153,628
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 (42,159)		415,682		373,523
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 228,287	\$	298,864	\$	527,151

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	153,628
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different be	cause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital assets additions in the current period. Capital Asset Additions \$ 188,6	13	
Current Year Depreciation (191,4		(2,868)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 65,1 Grants 65,1 Delinquent Property Taxes 36,0		101,183
Repayment of debt principal and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Note Principal 23,4		
Capital Leases 64,3 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not use the current financial	24	87,796
resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase)/Decrease in Compensated Absences		(138,831)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	200,908

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final			Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	3,618,053	\$	3,618,053	\$	3,702,540	\$	84,487
Intergovernmental		6,088,767		6,310,889		6,188,860		(122,029)
Investment Income		25,295		26,218		25,711		(507)
Tuition and Fees		568,787		589,536		578,137		(11,399)
Rentals		1,505		1,560		1,530		(30)
Miscellaneous		51,245		53,114		52,087		(1,027)
Total Revenues		10,353,652		10,599,370		10,548,865		(50,505)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		6,253,672		6,253,878		6,109,242		144,636
Support Services:								
Pupils		242,406		242,414		237,482		4,932
Instructional Staff		289,133		289,143		283,235		5,908
Board of Education		51,681		51,682		50,631		1,051
Administration		1,038,773		1,038,808		1,015,999		22,809
Fiscal		311,821		311,832		305,284		6,548
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		904,755		904,784		861,829		42,955
Pupil Transportation		713,320		713,343		690,899		22,444
Central		91,081		91,084		89,231		1,853
Extracurricular Activities		298,147		298,157		292,091		6,066
Capital Outlay		66,852		66,854		65,494		1,360
Total Expenditures		10,261,641		10,261,979		10,001,417		260,562
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		92,011		337,391		547,448		210,057
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		246		255		250		(5)
Advances In		14,312		14,834		14,547		(287)
Advances Out		(25,251)		(25,252)		(24,738)		514
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,693)		(10,163)		(9,941)		222
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		81,318		327,228		537,507		210,279
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		542,171		542,171		542,171		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		52,870		52,870		52,870		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	676,359	\$	922,269	\$	1,132,548	\$	210,279

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

	 Agency
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 60,565
Accounts Receivable	160
Total Assets	\$ 60,725
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,320
Undistributed Monies	59,405
Total Liabilities	\$ 60,725

Note 1 – Description of the School District

The Green Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District operates under a locally-elected five member board form of government and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by state and federal agencies. Average daily membership on, or as of, October 1, 2008, was 1,243. The School District employs 93 certificated and 54 non-certificated employees.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes for the organization. The School District has no component units.

Management believes the financial statements included in the report represent all of the funds of the School District over which the School District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental type activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments", GASB Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", and GASB Statement No. 56, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards".

GASB Statement No. 52 establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities. It requires endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value. Governments also are required to report the changes in fair value as investment income and to disclose the methods and significant assumptions employed to determine fair value, and other information that they currently present for other investments reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) authoritative literature.

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statements on Auditing Standards.

Implementation of these GASB Statements did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the School District.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The effect of interfund activity within governmental type activities columns has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund which accounts for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non fiduciary assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest" program revenue account.

Under the modified accrual basis, the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2009, investments were limited to State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio).

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$25,711, which includes \$7,783 assigned from other School District funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set aside for the purchase of textbooks and capital improvements. See Note 18 for additional information regarding set-asides.

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	10 -15 Years

H. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. These amounts are recorded as "Vacation Benefits Payable" in the basic financial statements.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences, that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

J. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily include instruction of students and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances and property taxes. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

L. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are eliminated. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans and interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

M. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2009.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2009.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Note 3 – Accountability and Compliance

A. Accountability

Fund balances/net assets at June 30, 2009, included the following individual fund deficits:

	Fund	Balance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Other Grants	\$	221
Management Information System		34
Vocational Education Enhancement		3,626
IDEA		14,890
Title I		5,511
Improving Teacher Quality		1,055

The deficits in these governmental funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in the nonmajor governmental funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 4 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund and emergency levy.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	(General			
GAAP Basis	\$	270,446			
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals		184,345			
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals		140,223			
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(57,507)			
Budget Basis	\$	537,507			

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed 25 % of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the School District's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, and per School District policy, financial institutions must collateralize all uninsured public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105% public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

Deposits - At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$444,313 and the bank balance was \$607,795. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance.
- 2. \$357,795 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name, and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments – Investments are reported at fair value. STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. As of June 30, 2009, the School District had the following investments and maturity:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Rating by Standard and Poor	Entity	 Fair Value		Investment Maturities months (0-6)	Percentage of Total Investment	_
AAAm	STAROhio	\$ 1,165,361	\$	1,165,361	100.00%	,)

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's policy indicates that the investments must mature within five years, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial risk is that risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will no longer be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Credit Risk – The School District's investment credit ratings are summarized above.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. During the year, the School District's only investment was in STAROhio.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located within the School District. Real Property tax revenue received in calendar 2009 represents collections of calendar year 2008 taxes. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2009 represents collections of calendar year 2008 taxes. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed at 35% of true value and public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2009 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2010 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2009 were levied after April 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. For 2009, tangible personal property is assessed at 0.000 % of true value for property including inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

Green Local School District (Wayne County, Ohio) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunication companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the School District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the School District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The School District receives property taxes from Wayne County. The fiscal officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by year-end are available to finance the current fiscal year operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of year-end. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at year-end is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$296,509 in the general fund and \$11,491 in the capital project funds and is recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue on the statement of activities.

The assessed values upon which the current fiscal year taxes were collected are:

	2008 First Half Collections		2009 Firs Half Collecti		
	 Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential					
and Other Real Estate	\$ 118,200,460	93.78%	\$	129,358,999	97.27%
Public Utility	70,870	0.06%		79,560	0.06%
Tangible Personal Property	7,761,630	6.16%		3,548,840	2.67%
	\$ 126,032,960	100.00%	\$	132,987,399	100.00%

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2009, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Intergovernmental receivables as of June 30, 24		
Other Grants	\$	5,378
IDEA		13,963
Title I		57,705
Title V		362
Drug Free Schools		571
	\$	77,979

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Note 8 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/08	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/09	
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 66,992	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 66,992	
Construction in Progress	0	42,670	0	42,670	
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	66,992	42,670	0	109,662	
Capital Assets, being depreciated:					
Land Improvements	378,022	62,775	0	440,797	
Buildings and Improvements	3,760,353	0	0	3,760,353	
Furniture and Equipment	1,444,262	11,333	0	1,455,595	
Vehicles	943,803	71,835	0	1,015,638	
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	6,526,440	145,943	0	6,672,383	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Land Improvements	(338,404)	(3,810)	0	(342,214)	
Buildings and Improvements	(1,872,710)	(68,866)	0	(1,941,576)	
Furniture and Equipment	(1,067,609)	(41,056)	0	(1,108,665)	
Vehicles	(526,748)	(77,749)	0	(604,497)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,805,471)	(191,481)	0	(3,996,952)	
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	2,720,969	(45,538)	0	2,675,431	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,787,961	\$ (2,868)	\$ 0	\$ 2,785,093	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 69,905
Special	544
Vocational	3,574
Support Services:	
Pupils	1,462
Instructional Staff	580
Administration	16,181
Fiscal	506
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	17,350
Pupil Transportation	77,749
Central	146
Extracurricular Activities	2,301
Food Service Operations	 1,183
	\$ 191,481

Note 9 Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with Ohio School Plans. The deductible is \$1,000 per incident on property and equipment. All vehicles are also insured with the Ohio School Plans and have a \$1,000 deductible. All board members, administrators, and employees are covered under a school district liability policy with the Ohio School Plans. The limits of this coverage are \$3,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 per aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. All the board members and the superintendent have a \$20,000 position bond with the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America. There has been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000. This bond is provided by the Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America.

B. Workers' Compensation

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The School District is a member of the Sheakley Group Rating System. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The group presently consists of over 400 school districts.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

During the year, the School District joined the Portage Area School Consortium (the Consortium) for health insurance for the School District's employees. The Consortium was established in 1981 so that member educational-service providers in Portage County and others outside the county could manage risk exposures and purchase necessary insurance coverages as a group. The Consortium is organized into two distinct entities to facilitate its risk management operations. The Property and Casualty Insurance Pool functions to manage the member districts' physical property and liability risks. The Health and Welfare Trust is to facilitate the management of risks associated with providing employee benefits, coverages such as health and accident insurance, disability insurance and life insurance. The School District participates in the Health and Welfare Trust. The Consortium retains a third-party administrator to facilitate the operation of the Health and Welfare Trust.

The School District pays all insurance premiums directly to the Consortium. Although the School District recognizes that it retains a contingent liability to provide insurance coverages should the assets of the Consortium become depleted, it is the opinion of management that the assets of the Consortium are sufficient to meet its claims.

Note 10 - Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("SERS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employees/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2009, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$119,802, \$119,250 and \$148,729, respectively; 36% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for the fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio"), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2008, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13%. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$617,208 \$621,239 and \$647,258, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$629 made by the School District and \$22,172 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2009, all members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2009, 4.16% of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Green Local School District (Wayne County, Ohio) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$54,827, \$54,418 and \$47,627, respectively; 36% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75% of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$9,885, \$8,592 and \$9,191 respectively; 36% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 % of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$47,478, \$47,788 and \$49,789, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100% for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Note 12 – Other Employee Benefits

A. Life Insurance

The School District provides term life insurance to employees through Fort Dearborn Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$35,000 for all eligible employees, the treasurer has \$50,000 in coverage, and the superintendent has \$200,000 in coverage. Employees with less than an average 25-hour work week are eligible for \$17,500 term life insurance. Term life insurance is provided at a rate of \$.09/\$1,000/month.

B. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators, who are contracted to work no less than 12 months, earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year depending upon length of service. Teachers and Administrators who work less than 12 months do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-quarter days per month cumulated to a limit of 250 days. Upon retirement, certified and classified employees with 10 years or more of service to the School District may receive severance for 25% of accrued and unused sick leave.

Note 13 - Long - Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:	utstanding 5/30/2008	A	Additions	Re	eductions	outstanding 5/30/2009	Due in ne Year
Notes Payable: HB264 Energy Conservation-5.75% Total Notes Payable	\$ 167,328 167,328	\$	0	\$	23,472 23,472	\$ 143,856 143,856	\$ 24,851 24,851
Compensated Absences Capital Leases Total Governmental Activities	 718,453 122,983		277,933 0		139,102 64,324	 857,284 58,659	 70,246 21,651
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1,008,764	\$	277,933	\$	226,898	\$ 1,059,799	\$ 116,748

Notes payable will be paid from tax revenues in the permanent improvement fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and respective funds. Capital leases will be paid from the general fund and the capital improvement funds.

In 1999, the School District issued an Energy Conservation Note in the amount of \$324,301 at an interest rate of 5.75%. The note was used to pay the costs of installations, modifications and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation notes outstanding at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Notes Payable				
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$	24,851	\$	7,744	\$	32,595
2011		26,310		6,284		32,594
2012		27,845		4,750		32,595
2013		29,493		3,102		32,595
2014		31,225		1,370		32,595
2015		4,132		59		4,191
Total	\$	143,856	\$	23,309	\$	167,165

Note 14 – Capitalized Leases

Capital lease obligations relate to copier equipment, roof repairs, and vehicles which are leased under longterm agreements. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 13 "Accounting for Leases". Capital lease payments in the governmental funds have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the basic financial statements for the general fund and capital improvement fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. The capitalized cost of the capital lease assets are \$69,196 for copiers, \$77,000 for roof repairs, and \$223,248 for buses.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009.

Green Local School District (Wayne County, Ohio)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Year	Amount			
2010	\$	26,703		
2011		18,052		
2012		18,052		
2013		6,024		
		68,831		
Less amount representing interest		10,172		
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	58,659		

Note 15 - Interfund Transactions

The account balances by fund of "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable" as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Fund	Interfu	nd Receivable	Interfund Payable			
General Fund	\$	24,738	\$	0		
Other Governmental Funds		0		24,738		
	\$	24,738	\$	24,738		

Interfund receivables and payables may result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. The general fund advanced \$3,600 to the Vocational Agriculture Education fund, \$15,538 to Title I fund, and \$5,600 to the Local grant fund to cover operating expenses. As of June 30, 2009, all interfund payables outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2010.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due. There were no transfers in the fiscal year.

Note 16 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Tri-County Computer Services Association (TCCSA)

The Tri-County Computer Services Association (TCCSA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 22 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports TCCSA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The TCCSA council of governments consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. TCCSA is governed by an executive committee chosen from the general membership of the TCCSA council of governments. The executive committee consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least an assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Ashland - Wayne County Education Services Center, which serves as fiscal agent, located at 2534 Burbank Road, Wooster, Ohio 44691. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the School District paid approximately \$67,117 to TCCSA for basic service charges.

Portage County School Consortium (the Consortium)

The School District is a member of the Portage County School Consortium, an insurance group-purchasing consortium made up of member districts inside and outside of Portage County. All member districts pay an insurance premium directly to the Consortium. Although the School District does not participate in the day-to-day management of the Consortium, one of its administrators serves as a trustee of the Consortium's governing board as provided in the consortium's enabling authority.

Note 17 - Contingencies

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and a condition specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at year end.

Note 18 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Im	Capital provement Reserve	Textbook Instructional Materials Reserve		
Set-Aside Carryover Balance as of June 30, 2008 Current Year Set-Aside Requirement Qualifying Disbursements Totals	\$	0 192,243 (367,768) (175,525)	\$	$(171,134) \\ 192,243 \\ (206,225) \\ (185,116) \\ (185,116)$	
Cash Balance Carried Forward FY 2010 Amount to be Restricted for Set-Asides	\$	0	\$ \$	(185,116)	
Amount to Set-Aside			\$	0	

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbook reserve setasides below zero. These extra amounts may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years. Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the setaside amount below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the setaside requirement for future years.



122 4th St. NW | PO Box 1020 New Philadelphia, OH 44663-5120

December 14, 2009

To the Board of Education Green Local School District Smithville, OH 44677

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Green Local School District (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted certain control deficiencies that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated December 14, 2009.

Green Local School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Based pm an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*. However, we noted an immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the School District in a separate letter dated December 14, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Education, federal award agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.



122 4th St. NW | PO Box 1020 New Philadelphia, OH 44663-5120

December 14, 2009

To the Board of Education Green Local School District Smithville, OH 44677

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Green Local School District (the "School District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. However, we noted an immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated December 14, 2009.

Green Local School District Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by any entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted an instance of a control deficiency that we have reported to management in a separate letter dated December 14, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

GREEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Federal Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE <i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education:</i> Nutrition Cluster:						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2009	\$ 103,120	\$ 23,326	\$ 103,120	\$ 23,326
Special Milk Program for Children Total - Nutrition Cluster	10.556	2009	1,442 104,562	23,326	<u>1,442</u> 104,562	23,326
Total US Department of Agriculture			104,562	23,326	104,562	23,326
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through Ohio Department of Education: Title 1, Part A	84.010	2008	33,333		23,487	
Total Title I		2009	<u> </u>		70,691 94,178	
Title VI-B Total TitleVI-B	84.027	2008 2009	9,328 211,467 220,795		15,089 208,293 223,382	
Title V Total Title V	84.298	2008 2009	0 551 551		120 460 580	
Safe, Drug-Free Schools & Communities Act Grant	84.186	2008 2009	0 2,275		211 1,423	
Total Safe, Drug-Free Schools			2,275		1,634	
Title II-D Technology	84.318	2009	1,111		1,111	
Title II-A Total Title II-A	84.367	2008 2009	727 46,531 47,258		11,231 41,945 53,176	
			т <i>1,23</i> 0		55,170	
Total U. S. Department of Education Passed through Ohio Department of Education			393,073		374,061	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 497,635	\$ 23,326	\$ 478,623	\$ 23,326

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

GREEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE A: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B: NUTRITION CLUSTER

Reimbursement monies are commingled with local receipts and state grants. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

Food Distribution Program nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards at the entitlement value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2009, the School District had no significant food commodities inventory.

NOTE C: The School District generally must spend federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with the Ohio Department of Education's (ODE) approval, a School District can transfer unspent federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the School District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. During fiscal year 2009, ODE authorized the following transfers:

		Pass-Through				
CFDA		Entity Number	T	ransfers	Transfers	5
Number	ProgramTitle	(or Grant Year)		Out	In	
84.010	Title I	2008	\$	11,285		
84.010	Title I	2009			\$ 11,28	35

GREEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

A-133 Ref.		
.505(d)		
(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
	Opinion	
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness	No
	conditions reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control	No
	reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non-	No
	compliance at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control	No
	weakness conditions reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control	No
	reported for major federal programs?	
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under	No
	Section .510(a) of Circular A-133?	
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #
	Nutrition Cluster	10.555
		10.556
	Title VI-B	84.027
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B	Type A: >\$300,000
	Programs	Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

NONE

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

NONE



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

December 14, 2009

Green Local School District Smithville, OH 44677

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Green Local School District (the School District District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on March 18, 2008.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):

(1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;

(2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that shall include the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;

(3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;

Green Local School District Wayne County Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures December 14, 2009 Page 2

(4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;

(5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

(6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;

(7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;

(8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;

(9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;

(10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kea & Associates, Inc.





GREEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WAYNE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 11, 2010

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us