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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County P.O. Box 356 Hopedale, Ohio 43976

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrison Hills City School District, Harrison County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrison Hills City School District, Harrison County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying federal awards expenditure schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

July 6, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Harrison Hills City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2009 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$402,303 which represents a 4.01% decrease from 2008.
- General revenues accounted for \$15,496,130 in revenue or 78.70% of all revenues. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,194,624 or 21.30% of total revenues of \$19,690,754.
- The District had \$20,093,057 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,194,624 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$15,496,130 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$15,844,613 in revenues and \$17,042,952 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2009, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$1,190,321 from \$3,386,047 to \$2,195,726.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$450,769 in revenues and \$633,756 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2009, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$182,987 from \$1,111,870 to \$928,883.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?"

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets*, *liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for medical/surgical and dental benefits self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 24. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

	1101 1155015				
	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 12,217,925	\$ 14,347,643			
Capital assets, net	4,194,767	3,462,793			
Total assets	16,412,692	17,810,436			
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities	5,797,095	6,709,476			
Long-term liabilities	987,861	1,070,921			
Total liabilities	6,784,956	7,780,397			
	······································				
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in capital					
assets, net of related debt	4,180,691	3,407,633			
Restricted	2,367,084	3,600,869			
Unrestricted	3,079,961	3,021,537			
Total net assets	<u>\$ 9,627,736</u>	\$ 10,030,039			

Net Assets

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2009, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,627,736. Of this total, \$3,079,961 is unrestricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 25.56% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2009, were \$4,180,691. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$2,367,084, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,079,961may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The graph below presents the District's assets, liabilities, and net assets at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

	Change in Net Assets					
	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008				
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 643,119	\$ 606,708				
Operating grants and contributions	3,507,221	3,418,612				
Capital grants and contributions	44,284	22,070				
General revenues:						
Property taxes	4,573,337	4,516,468				
Grants and entitlements	10,739,356	10,498,622				
Investment earnings	165,594	356,338				
Other	17,843	33,679				
Total revenues	19,690,754	19,452,497				

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

	Change in	e in Net Assets			
	Governmental	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities			
	2009	2008			
Expenses					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 9,116,765	\$ 8,936,158			
Special	2,368,023	2,096,237			
Vocational	383,441	334,061			
Other	79,513	109,107			
Support services:					
Pupil	984,349	923,954			
Instructional staff	521,111	494,043			
Board of education	210,508	737,530			
Administration	1,427,723	1,434,343			
Fiscal	530,038	502,426			
Operations and maintenance	1,311,083	1,341,802			
Pupil transportation	1,515,775	1,504,301			
Central	328,929	335,587			
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	918,629	917,762			
Other non-instructional services	45,465	25,635			
Extracurricular activities	350,195	341,046			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,510	3,490			
Total expenses	20,093,057	20,037,482			
Change in net assets	(402,303)	(584,985)			
Net assets at beginning of year	10,030,039	10,615,024			
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,627,736	\$ 10,030,039			

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$402,303. Total governmental expenses of \$20,093,057 were offset by program revenues of \$4,194,624 and general revenues of \$15,496,130. Program revenues supported 20.88% of the total governmental expenses.

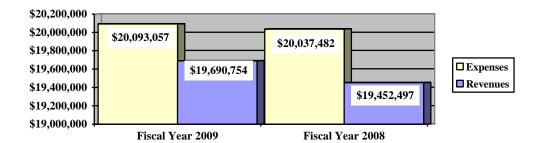
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 77.77 % of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$11,947,742 or 59.46% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2009.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

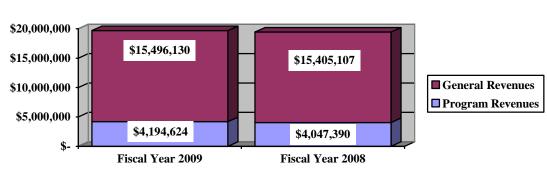
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2009	Net Cost of Services 2009	Total Cost of Services 2008	Net Cost of Services 2008		
Program expenses						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 9,116,765	\$ 8,199,704	\$ 8,936,158	\$ 8,072,561		
Special	2,368,023	930,319	2,096,237	622,791		
Vocational	383,441	245,852	334,061	177,592		
Other	79,513	45,026	109,107	55,767		
Support services:						
Pupil	984,349	711,305	923,954	666,307		
Instructional staff	521,111	383,698	494,043	376,168		
Board of education	210,508	210,508	737,530	737,530		
Administration	1,427,723	1,336,845	1,434,343	1,350,704		
Fiscal	530,038	530,038	502,426	502,426		
Operations and maintenance	1,311,083	1,311,083	1,341,802	1,341,802		
Pupil transportation	1,515,775	1,399,938	1,504,301	1,430,322		
Central	328,929	324,125	335,587	335,125		
Operations of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	918,629	120,216	917,762	127,723		
Other non-instructional services	45,465	8,164	25,635	25,635		
Extracurricular activities	350,195	140,102	341,046	164,149		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,510	1,510	3,490	3,490		
Total expenses	\$ 20,093,057	\$ 15,898,433	\$ 20,037,482	\$ 15,990,092		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 78.85 % of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 79.52%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,340,557, which is lower than last year's total of \$4,821,960. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2009	Fund Balance June 30, 2008	(Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Permanent Improvement Other Governmental	\$ 2,195,726 928,883 215,948	\$ 3,386,047 1,111,870 324,043	\$ (1,190,321) (182,987) (108,095)	(35.15) % (16.46) % (33.36) %
Total	\$ 3,340,557	\$ 4,821,960	<u>\$ (1,481,403)</u>	(30.72) %

An analysis of the general fund revenues and expenditures is provided in the section below. The decrease in the fund balances of the other governmental funds is primarily due to fund balance decreases of \$101,757 in the food service fund and \$40,600 in the poverty aid fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$1,190,321. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2009 Amount			Percentage Change
Revenues	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>(Beereuse)</u>	
Taxes	\$ 4,084,056	\$ 4,131,591	\$ (47,535)	(1.15) %
Earnings on investments	121,191	262,645	(141,454)	(53.86) %
Extracurricular	9,774	11,664	(1,890)	(16.20) %
Intergovernmental	11,474,084	11,346,554	127,530	1.12 %
Other revenues	155,508	185,204	(29,696)	(16.03) %
Total	\$ 15,844,613	\$ 15,937,658	<u>\$ (93,045)</u>	(0.58) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 10,230,307	\$ 9,973,442	\$ 256,865	2.58 %
Support services	6,067,615	6,676,114	(608,499)	(9.11) %
Non-instructional services	44,885	46,870	(1,985)	18.17 %
Extracurricular activities	145,424	182,226	(36,802)	(20.20) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	512,127	169,987	342,140	201.27 %
Debt service	42,594	50,994	(8,400)	(16.47) %
Total	\$ 17,042,952	\$ 17,099,633	\$ (56,681)	(0.33) %

Overall revenues in the general fund decreased \$93,045 or 0.58%. The decrease in investments is due in part to the declining interest rate and funds that were available to invest. Tax revenues decreased 1.15%. Taxes decreased mainly due to the phase out of tangible personal property taxes though 2010. Extracurricular and other revenues will vary from year to year, largely in part due to fees and bill backs for services. Fiscal year 2009 saw a reduced amount in both areas.

Expenditures of the general fund decreased in all areas except facilities acquisition and construction and instruction. Facilities acquisition and construction will vary from year due to monies that are available for repairs and upgrades of the buildings.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2009, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$16,423,124 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$15,908,820. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2009 were \$16,017,823. This represents a \$109,003 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) totaled \$18,460,336, which were increased to \$19,547,348 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$17,923,799, which were \$1,623,549 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the District had \$4,194.767 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2009 balances compared to June 30, 2008:

		-		at June 30 reciation)	
		Governmen	tal Activi	ties	
		2009	2008		
Land	\$	15,067	\$	15,067	
Construction in progress		-		108,842	
Land improvement		97,066		75,886	
Building and improvements	2	2,941,936	-	2,212,569	
Furniture and equipment		434,916		466,068	
Vehicles		705,782		584,361	
	\$ 4	4,194,767	\$ 3	3,462,793	

Canital Assets at June 30

The overall increase in capital assets of \$731,974 is due to capital outlays of \$1,082,586 exceeding depreciation expense of \$341,222 and the disposal of \$93,894 in capital assets exceeding their associated accumulated depreciation of \$84,504 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

The District had \$14,076 in a capital lease liability at June 30, 2009, all of which is due within one year. The District had no other debt outstanding at June 30, 2009. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital leases.

At June 30, 2009, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$20,703,584 with an unvoted debt margin of \$230,040.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

As the Board of Education continues to accomplish and set new goals, as stated in the District's Continuous Improvement Plan (CIP), meeting the needs of the students continues to be their priority. The CIP has been instrumental in helping the District to plan financially in order to improve academics, maintain buildings and grounds, and other areas related to the District's operations. In order to achieve these goals, it has been important that a high standard of accountability be continued and prudent fiscal management maintained.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

The District was successful in ending the 2009 fiscal year in the black; however, due to expenditures continuing to exceed revenue, a reduction is staff was once again implemented for the 2010 fiscal year. It is anticipated that the district will be able to end the fiscal year 2010 in the black. This is all based on historical and current trend; however, beyond that it is questionable. The Board of Education and Administration will continue to closely monitor its revenues and expenditures and additional cuts are a possibility if the revenue for the district does not improve. The cuts will be necessary in order to help bring expenditures more in line with revenues. Even though the District is in the first year of the biennial budget, it is still undetermined, as of October 2009, what its exact funding will be for fiscal year 2010. Even though the governor does not want to affect the foundation program, he may have no choice. Also, if additional unfunded state mandates are required, there would be a negative impact on the District.

School funding is still a major concern for all school districts. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system. They deemed this system to be neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Even though a new model of funding has been presented, the school district has not seen this model implemented as of October 2009. Therefore, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, that the new funding model will have on the District.

The Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) sent a team into the District to evaluate the District's school buildings in 2002. It was determined that all the buildings needed replaced. The District began working with the OSFC and was approved, as an exceptional needs District. The District would have been required to provide approximately 35% while the State would provide approximately 65% of the funds needed to replace the District's buildings. However, the District was not successful on its attempt on the ballot, November 2003, to get a bond levy passed for the District's share. We once again began working with the OSFC and developed a plan that combined three programs for funding. This time an income tax was placed on the ballot in March of 2004 to fund the District's portion of the project. However, it was not successful. The focus of the Board of Education had to switch to getting the permanent improvement levy renewed. Since we were successful in renewing the permanent improvement levy and Administration once again began working with the OSFC. The District was approved in fiscal year 2005 to enter into the building project under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP). This time the State will fund 75% while the District will need to pass a bond issue to fund 25% of the project. However, after three attempts, the District was unsuccessful. Therefore, the focus will be to make necessary improvements to enhance the safety and learning environment of its students and staff. Funds will be utilized from the District's permanent improvement fund and the general capital improvement set-aside fund.

Overall, revenues did show an increase of 2% from fiscal year 2008 to fiscal year 2009. However, this was due largely in part to the increased revenue in the district self insurance fund. On a cash basis, the general fund did decrease by over \$478,000 for fiscal year 2009. The cash basis decrease in investments was over \$200,000 during fiscal year 2009. Taxes increased slightly. The foundation program only had increased revenue of just over ¼ of 1%. Extracurricular and other revenues will vary from year to year, largely in part due to fees and bill backs for services. There was also a decrease in State and Federal Grants.

Expenditures, on a cash basis, did decrease by 1.83% in the area of salaries and fringes. This was due to the elimination of positions. All other areas did see an increase. These areas would include supplies, purchase services and miscellaneous. The cost of supplies continues to increase due to the economy. Utilities would be an example of a purchase service. This expense continues to increase with each year. The area that had the largest increase was in capital improvements. Many projects were done through the use of permanent improvement and set aside monies. Debt service pertains to the advances out. This will also vary from year to year and is based on need.

The Board of Education and Administration will continue to carefully and prudently manage the District's resources in order to continue to meet the growing needs of its students. At the same time, the financial condition of the District will be monitored closely.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Unaudited

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Roxane Harding, Treasurer, Harrison Hills City School District, P.O. Box 356 - Normal Street, Hopedale, Ohio 43976-0356.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	¢ 2.460.044
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,460,944
Cash with fiscal agent	2,172,741
Investments	801,423
Receivables:	
Taxes	4,994,410
Accounts	4,921
Intergovernmental	580,480
Accrued interest	1,981
Loans receivable	1,722
Prepayments	53,776
Materials and supplies inventory	145,527
Capital assets:	
Land	15,067
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,179,700
Capital assets, net	4,194,767
Total assets.	16,412,692
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	167,825
Accrued wages and benefits	1,436,967
Pension obligation payable.	350,984
Intergovernmental payable	78,865
Unearned revenue	3,447,941
Claims payable	314,513
Long-term liabilities:	51,515
Due within one year.	202,556
Due within more than one year	785,305
Total liabilities	6,784,956
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	4,180,691
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	1,011,192
Endowment:	
Expendable	64,532
Nonexpendable	289,934
Federally funded programs	2,520
State funded programs	153,882
Other purposes	845,024
Unrestricted.	3,079,961
Total net assets	\$ 9,627,736

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				Prog	ram Revenues			R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 9,116,765	\$	151,607	\$	765,454	\$	-	\$	(8,199,704)
Special	2,368,023		-		1,437,704		-		(930,319)
Vocational	383,441		-		137,589		-		(245,852)
Other	79,513		-		34,487		-		(45,026)
Support services:									
Pupil	984,349		-		273,044		-		(711,305)
Instructional staff	521,111		-		137,413		-		(383,698)
Board of education	210,508		-		-		-		(210,508)
Administration	1,427,723		-		90,878		-		(1,336,845)
Fiscal	530,038		-		-		-		(530,038)
Operations and maintenance	1,311,083		-		-		-		(1,311,083)
Pupil transportation	1,515,775		-		71,553		44,284		(1,399,938)
Central	328,929		-		4,804		-		(324,125)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations	918,629		307,695		490,718		-		(120,216)
Other non-instructional services	45,465		-		37,301		-		(8,164)
Extracurricular activities	350,195		183,817		26,276		-		(140, 102)
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,510		-						(1,510)
Total governmental activities	\$ 20,093,057	\$	643,119	\$	3,507,221	\$	44,284		(15,898,433)

General Revenues:	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	4,228,148
Capital projects	345,189
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	10,739,356
Investment earnings	165,594
Miscellaneous	17,843
Total general revenues	15,496,130
Change in net assets	(402,303)
Net assets at beginning of year	10,030,039
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,627,736

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

Assets: -<		General		Permanent Improvement			Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
	Assets:				·					
Investments 801,423 . . 801,423 Receivables: 4.635,712 358,698 . 4.994,410 Taxes. 4.635,712 358,698 . 4.494 Accounts Accounts Accounts Lonas receivable .	Equity in pooled cash									
Receivables: 4,635,712 358,698 - 4,994,410 Accounts 3,373 - 286,938 \$50,440 Intergovernmental 293,542 - 286,938 \$50,440 Loss receivable: 1,981 - 468,998 - 468,998 Loss receivable: 1,722 - 1,206 53,776 1,212 Prepayments . 22,370 - 1,206 53,776 Restricted assets: S 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilitis: Accounts payable \$ 1,3735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable \$ 1,3735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable \$ 1,3735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable \$ 1,371,41 276,500 - 64,761 - 61,761 Deterned revenue 3,171,414 276,500 - <td< td=""><td>and cash equivalents</td><td>\$</td><td>1,017,483</td><td>\$</td><td>947,929</td><td>\$</td><td>752,956</td><td>\$</td><td>2,718,368</td></td<>	and cash equivalents	\$	1,017,483	\$	947,929	\$	752,956	\$	2,718,368	
	Investments		801,423		-		-		801,423	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										
			, ,		358,698		-			
Accruced interest. 1,981 - 1,981 Interfund loans 468,998 - 468,998 Loans receivable 1,722 - 1,722 Prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Materials and supplies invetory 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Restricted assets: 5 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accrued wages and benefits 1,199,201 - 2,37,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - 61,761 - 61,761 - 61,761 - 64,8998 468,998 468,998 2,92,385 58,599 350,984 10,02,2440 82,198 55,646 1,160,284 1,02,2440 82,198 55,646 1,160,284 1,02,440 82,198 5,646 1,160,284 1,44,999 7,173,625 Fund Balances: - 3,447,941 276,500 - 3,447,941 276					-		,			
	•				-		286,938		,	
Lons receivable. 1,722 - - 1,722 Prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Materials and supplies inventory 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash - - 742,576 - - 742,576 Total assets S 8,143,818 S 1,306,627 S 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: - - - 742,576 - - 742,576 Accounts payable \$ 1,79,001 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - - 64,85,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 468,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 1,668,998 1,662,998 1,662,998 1,612,2440 82,198 55,646 1,160,234 1,612,2440 82,198 55,646 1,160,234 1,612,2440 82,198 55,646 1,160,234 1,612,2576 - 6,363,776 867,769 7,173,625 Fund Babances: 5,240,97 332,116			· ·		-		-		· · · ·	
Prepayments 52,570 - 1.206 53,776 Materials and supplies inventory 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Restricted assets Equity in pooled cash - 742,576 - 742,576 Total assets \$ 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: - - - 237,766 1,436,967 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable 61,761 - - - 61,761 - - 61,761 Compensated absences payable 61,729 - 11,736 78,865 11,60,284 Intergovernmental payable - - - 468,998 466,998 Deferred revenue 3,171,441 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities - - - 61,525 Fund Balances: 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for encumbrances - - - 602,515 - - 602,515 Seerved for encumbrances					-		-			
Materials and supplies inventory 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash 742,576 - - 742,576 Toral assets \$ 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 10,63,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: \$ \$ 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accrued wags and benefits 1,199,201 - 237,766 - - 61,761 Pension obligation payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund loan payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund loan payable - 468,998 468,998 Deferred revenue 3,171,441 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities 5,948,092 377,744 847,789 7,173,625 Find Balances: 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for neumbrances 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>					-		-		,	
Restricted asset: Tube Tube <thtube< th=""> Tube Tu</thtube<>	1 2				-					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 742,576 . 742,576 Total assets \$ 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: .			124,333		-		21,194		145,527	
and cash equivalents 742,576 - 742,576 Total assets \$ 8,143,818 \$ 1,306,627 \$ 1,063,737 \$ 10,514,182 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accrued wages and benefits 1,199,201 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - - 61,761 Terred wages and benefits 292,385 - 58,899 350,984 Intergovernmental payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Intergovernmental payable - - 468,998 468,998 Unearned revenue 3,171,441 276,500 - 3,471,941 Total liabilities 5,948,092 377,744 847,789 7,173,625 Fund Balances: Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - 602,515 - 612,902 for appropriation 602,515 - - 63,633 - 63,633 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Total assets § 8,143,818 § 1,306,627 § 1,063,737 § 10,514,182 Liabilities: s 133,735 § 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable 6 1,199,201 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - 237,766 1,436,967 Interfund long payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund long payable - 468,998 468,998 2468,934 21,194 21,204			712 576						712 576	
Liabilities: S 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable . <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>742,370</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>742,370</th></t<>			742,370						742,370	
Accounts payable \$ 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable 1,199,201 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - - 61,761 Pension obligation payable 292,385 - 58,599 350,984 Intergrovernmental payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund loan payable - 468,998 468,998 468,998 Deferred revenue . . 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities 3,447,941 Total liabilities .	Total assets	\$	8,143,818	\$	1,306,627	\$	1,063,737	\$	10,514,182	
Accounts payable \$ 133,735 \$ 19,046 \$ 15,044 \$ 167,825 Accounts payable 1,199,201 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - - 61,761 Pension obligation payable 292,385 - 58,599 350,984 Intergrovernmental payable 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund loan payable - 468,998 468,998 468,998 Deferred revenue . . 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities 3,447,941 Total liabilities .	Liabilities:									
Accrued wages and benefits. 1,199,201 - 237,766 1,436,967 Compensated absences payable 61,761 - - 61,761 Pension obligation payable. 292,385 - 58,599 350,984 Intergrovernmental payable. 67,129 - 11,736 78,865 Interfund loan payable. 1,022,440 82,198 55,646 1,160,284 Unearned revenue 3,171,441 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities 5,948,092 377,744 847,789 7,173,625 Fund Balances: 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for materials and 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - 602,515 - 602,515 for appropriation . 612,902 - - 51,898 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 289,934 289,934 289,934 Unreserved for incolowment - -	Accounts payable	\$	133,735	\$	19,046	\$	15,044	\$	167,825	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1,199,201		-		237,766		1,436,967	
			61,761		-		-		61,761	
Interfund loan payable - - - 468,998 468,998 Deferred revenue 1,022,440 82,198 55,646 1,160,284 Unearned revenue 3,171,441 276,500 - 3,447,941 Total liabilities 5,948,092 377,744 847,789 7,173,625 Fund Balances: - 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for encumbrances 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for metarials and - 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Reserved for BWC refunds - 73,694 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds - - 55,980 - - 55,980 - - 55,980 - - 5,939,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 215,458 (215,458) (215,458) (215,458) (215,458) (215,458)	Pension obligation payable.		292,385		-		58,599		350,984	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Intergovernmental payable		67,129		-		11,736		78,865	
Unearned revenue $3,171,441$ $276,500$ $ 3,447,941$ Total liabilities $5,948,092$ $377,744$ $847,789$ $7,173,625$ Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances $224,997$ $332,116$ $54,429$ $611,542$ Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. $124,333$ $ 21,194$ $145,527$ Reserved for property tax unavailable $52,570$ $ 1,206$ $53,776$ Reserved for groperty tax unavailable $602,515$ $ 602,515$ Reserved for school bus purchases $55,980$ $ 55,980$ Reserved for school bus purchases $55,980$ $ 55,980$ Reserved for endowment $ 289,934$ $289,934$ Unreserved: $ 289,934$ $289,934$ Undesignated (deficit), reported in: $ -$ General fund $ -$ Designation for budget stabilization $ -$ General fund	Interfund loan payable		-		-		468,998		468,998	
Total liabilities 5,948,092 377,744 847,789 7,173,625 Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for meatrials and supplies inventory. 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for propayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Reserved for propayments 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for textbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for textbooks 63,633 - - 63,633 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Designation for budget stabilization 78,109 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Capital projects funds - - 289,934 289,934 289,934 289,934 Designation for budget stabilization 78,109 - - 78,	Deferred revenue		1,022,440				55,646			
Fund Balances: 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 124,333 21,194 145,527 Reserved for prepayments 52,570 1,206 53,776 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - 602,515 for appropriation 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 612,902 Reserved for endowment - - 6363 - - 6,363 Reserved for budget stabilization 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Unreserved: - - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 <td>Unearned revenue</td> <td></td> <td>3,171,441</td> <td></td> <td>276,500</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3,447,941</td>	Unearned revenue		3,171,441		276,500		-		3,447,941	
Reserved for encumbrances 224,997 332,116 54,429 611,542 Reserved for materials and 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for txtbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for unclaimed monies 55,980 - - 6363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - 78,109 - - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - - - - <	Total liabilities		5,948,092		377,744		847,789		7,173,625	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 124,333 - 21,194 145,527 Reserved for prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for textbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 55,980 Reserved for unclaimed monies. 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for budget stabilization 78,109 - - 78,109 Unreserved: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 General fund 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263	Fund Balances:									
supplies inventory.124,333-21,194145,527Reserved for prepayments52,570-1,20653,776Reserved for property tax unavailable602,515602,515for appropriation $602,515$ 602,515Reserved for BWC refunds73,69473,694Reserved for textbooks $612,902$ 612,902Reserved for school bus purchases55,9806,363Reserved for unclaimed monies $6,363$ 6,363Reserved for endowment289,934289,934Unreserved:78,109Designation for budget stabilization78,109364,263Special revenue funds596,767111Special projects funds596,767111Permanent fund64,53264,532Total fund balances2,195,726928,883215,9483,340,557	Reserved for encumbrances		224,997		332,116		54,429		611,542	
Reserved for prepayments 52,570 - 1,206 53,776 Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for textbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 56,363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 264,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - 364,263 - - - 364,263 - - - 364,263 - - - 364,263 - - - <t< td=""><td>Reserved for materials and</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Reserved for materials and									
Reserved for property tax unavailable 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for textbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 6,363 Reserved for unclaimed monies 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for unclaimed monies 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for budget stabilization 78,109 - 78,109 Unreserved: - - 364,263 - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Capital projects funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557	supplies inventory.		124,333		-		21,194		145,527	
for appropriation 602,515 - - 602,515 Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for textbooks 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 63,63 Reserved for unclaimed monies 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557	Reserved for prepayments		52,570		-		1,206		53,776	
Reserved for BWC refunds 73,694 - - 73,694 Reserved for BWC refunds 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 55,980 Reserved for unclaimed monies 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557	Reserved for property tax unavailable									
Reserved for textbooks. 612,902 - - 612,902 Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 55,980 Reserved for unclaimed monies. 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment - 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Capital projects funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - 64,532 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557	for appropriation		602,515		-		-		602,515	
Reserved for school bus purchases 55,980 - - 55,980 Reserved for unclaimed monies. 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - - (215,458) (215,458) Capital projects funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557			73,694		-		-			
Reserved for unclaimed monies. 6,363 - - 6,363 Reserved for endowment. - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 289,934 289,934 Unreserved: - - 78,109 - - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: - - 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - - (215,458) (215,458) Capital projects funds - - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund. - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557					-		-		,	
Reserved for endowment					-		-			
Unreserved: 78,109 - 78,109 Designation for budget stabilization			6,363		-		-			
Designation for budget stabilization 78,109 - 78,109 Undesignated (deficit), reported in: 364,263 - 364,263 General fund 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - (215,458) (215,458) Capital projects funds - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557			-		-		289,934		289,934	
Undesignated (deficit), reported in: 364,263 - - 364,263 General fund 364,263 . . 364,263 Special revenue funds 364,263 . . . 364,263 . . . 364,263 . . . 364,263 .			79,100						79 100	
General fund 364,263 - - 364,263 Special revenue funds - - (215,458) (215,458) Capital projects funds - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557			78,109		-		-		78,109	
Special revenue funds - - (215,458) (215,458) Capital projects funds - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund. - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557			364 263		_		_		364 263	
Capital projects funds - 596,767 111 596,878 Permanent fund. - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557					-		(215,458)			
Permanent fund. - - 64,532 64,532 Total fund balances 2,195,726 928,883 215,948 3,340,557			-		596.767		,			
			-		-					
Total liabilities and fund balances	Total fund balances		2,195,726		928,883		215,948		3,340,557	
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,143,818	\$	1,306,627	\$	1,063,737	\$	10,514,182	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2009

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 3,340,557
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,194,767
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 943,954 216,330	
Total		1,160,284
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		1,858,228
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Capital lease obligation	 (912,024) (14,076)	· · ·
Total		 (926,100)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 9,627,736

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES OF FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

-	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:	¢ 1001054	¢ 224.011	ф.	¢ 4.410.047
Taxes	\$ 4,084,056	\$ 334,811	\$ -	\$ 4,418,867
Tuition	124,009	-	-	124,009
Charges for services	-	-	307,695	307,695
Earnings on investments	121,191	2,691	330	124,212
Extracurricular	9,774	-	174,043	183,817
Classroom materials and fees	13,656	-	13,942	27,598
Other local revenues	17,843	-	33,366	51,209
Intergovernmental - state	11,474,084	113,267	809,424	12,396,775
Intergovernmental - federal		-	1,844,318	1,844,318
Total revenues.	15,844,613	450,769	3,183,118	19,478,500
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,190,369	32,356	834,990	9,057,715
Special.	1,608,650	1,650	694,461	2,304,761
Vocational.	380,557	1,000	074,401	380,557
Other	50,731		28,782	79,513
Support services:	50,751	-	20,702	79,515
Pupil	726,740	_	274,734	1,001,474
Instructional staff	376,707	-	153,086	529,793
Board of education	210,508		155,000	210,508
Administration.	1,302,306	9,231	83,339	1,394,876
Fiscal	516,838	16,117	05,559	532,955
	1,303,057	28,691	-	1,331,748
Operations and maintenance			55 622	
Pupil transportation	1,351,900	195,262	55,632	1,602,794
Central.	279,559	32,766	1,855	314,180
Operation of non-instructional services:		5 001	000 170	007 001
Food service operations	-	5,921	900,170	906,091
Other non-instructional services	44,885	-	-	44,885
Extracurricular activities.	145,424	-	204,771	350,195
Facilities acquisition and construction	512,127	311,762	44,604	868,493
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	41,084	-	-	41,084
Interest and fiscal charges	1,510	-	-	1,510
Total expenditures	17,042,952	633,756	3,276,424	20,953,132
Net change in fund balances	(1,198,339)	(182,987)	(93,306)	(1,474,632)
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,386,047	1,111,870	324,043	4,821,960
Increase (decrease) in reserve for			, -	
inventory	8,018	-	(14,789)	(6,771)
Fund balances at end of year.	\$ 2,195,726	\$ 928,883	\$ 215,948	\$ 3,340,557

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,474,632)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 1,082,586 (341,222)	-	
Total			741,364
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(9,390)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			(6,771)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental	 154,470 (525) 16,072	-	
Total			170,017
Repayments of capital leases are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.			41,084
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(16,817)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal			152.942
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			152,842
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(402,303)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES OF FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$ 4,060,932	\$	3,931,146	\$ 3,963,699	\$	32,553
Tuition	125,691		121,674	124,009		2,335
Earnings on investments	72,862		70,533	103,407		32,874
Extracurricular	8,608		8,333	11,016		2,683
Classroom materials and fees	10,330		10,000	13,678		3,678
Other local revenues	12,809		12,400	15,766		3,366
Intergovernmental - State	11,801,136		11,423,978	11,453,430		29,452
Total revenues	 16,092,368		15,578,064	15,685,005		106,941
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	8,241,153		8,740,847	8,295,619		445,228
Special	1,586,151		1,682,326	1,609,316		73,010
Vocational	381,368		404,492	397,886		6,606
Other	88,378		93,737	51,068		42,669
Support services:	-					
Pupil	756,453		802,320	725,199		77,121
Instructional staff	390,594		414,277	381,006		33,271
Board of education	190,950		202,528	167,525		35,003
Administration	1,312,939		1,392,548	1,302,088		90,460
Fiscal	510,065		540,992	520,998		19,994
Operations and maintenance	1,784,412		1,892,608	1,384,276		508,332
Pupil transportation	1,560,874		1,655,516	1,435,896		219,620
Central	288,129		305,599	285,398		20,201
Operation of non-instructional services	45,801		48,578	43,324		5,254
Extracurricular activities.	162,639		172,500	163,751		8,749
Facilities acquisition and construction	627,538		665,588	627,557		38,031
Total expenditures	17,927,444		19,014,456	 17,390,907		1,623,549
Excess of expenditures over	(1.005.05.0					
revenues	 (1,835,076)		(3,436,392)	 (1,705,902)		1,730,490
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year expenditure				812		812
Advances in	- 329,931		329,931	329,931		012
	,		,			-
Advances (out).	(532,892)		(532,892)	(532,892)		1 250
Sale of assets.	 825 (202,136)		825 (202,136)	 2,075 (200,074)		1,250
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (202,150)		(202,130)	 (200,074)		2,062
Net change in fund balance	(2,037,212)		(3,638,528)	(1,905,976)		1,732,552
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,463,794		3,463,794	3,463,794		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	655,850		655,850	655,850		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,082,432	\$	481,116	\$ 2,213,668	\$	1,732,552
.	 , , - :	<u> </u>	7 -	 , -,		, ,

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash with fiscal agent	\$	2,172,741
Total assets		2,172,741
Liabilities:		
Claims payable		314,513
Total liabilities		314,513
Net assets:		
Unrestricted.		1,858,228
		1,030,220
Total net assets	\$	1,858,228
	ψ	1,050,220

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Ac Inter	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services.	\$	3,579,519		
Other		58		
Total operating revenues		3,579,577		
Operating expenses:				
Fringe benefits		51,751		
Claims		3,417,221		
Total operating expenses		3,468,972		
Operating income		110,605		
Nonoperating revenues:				
Interest revenue		42,237		
Total nonoperating revenues		42,237		
Change in net assets		152,842		
Net assets at beginning of year		1,705,386		
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,858,228		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 3,579,519	
Cash received from other operating revenue	58	
Cash payments for fringe benefits.	(51,751)	
Cash payments for claims.	(3,613,271)	
Net cash used in		
operating activities	(85,445)	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	42,237	
Net cash provided by investing activities	42,237	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(43,208)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,215,949	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,172,741	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 110,605	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in claims payable	(196,050)	
Net cash used in		
operating activities	\$ (85,445)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2009

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash	¢	55 171
and cash equivalents	\$	55,171
Receivables:		10
Accounts		46
Total assets	\$	55,217
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable.	\$	8,271
Loans payable		1,722
Due to students		45,224
Total liabilities	\$	55,217

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Harrison Hills City School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1971 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area approximately 386 square miles. It is located primarily in Harrison County, however small portions of the District are located in Carroll County, Tuscarawas County, Belmont County and Jefferson County. The District is the 309th largest in the State of Ohio (among 922 public and community school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 111 non-certified employees, 146 certified employees and 11 administrators who provide services to 1,756 students and other community members. The District currently operates 8 instructional buildings and 1 administrative building.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records and test scoring.

OME-RESA is one of 23 regional service organizations serving over 600 public districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code and their member districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE.

OME-RESA is owned and operated by 49 member districts in 10 different Ohio counties. The member districts are comprised of public districts and educational service centers. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by OME-RESA. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors, which is selected by the member districts. Each member district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of OME-RESA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors.

OME-RESA is located at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School

The Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the nine participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont Harrison Joint Vocational School, Treasurer's Office, at 110 Fox/Shannon Place, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrolment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement capital projects fund is used to account for all transactions related to acquiring, constructing, or improving capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (b) for food services operations.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical and dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUND

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2009 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Harrison County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2009.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2009; however, none of these amendments were significant.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2009, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2009. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$121,191, which includes \$56,039 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when received. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 75 years
Infrastructure	75 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2009, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, any employee with a continuing contract is considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2009 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and claims and judgments that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves / Designations

The District records reserves for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which management has an intended use of the resources. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, inventories of materials and supplies, prepayments, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds, textbooks, school bus purchases, unclaimed monies and endowment. The reserve for property tax advance unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriations under State statute. The amount set-aside by the Board of Education for budget stabilization is reported as a designation of fund balance in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes consist of monies restricted by State statute for budget stabilization, BWC refunds, textbooks, school bus purchases, capital acquisition and unclaimed monies.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a reserve for BWC refunds, textbook reserve and school bus purchases. These reserves are required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2009, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 49, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 52, "<u>Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments</u>", GASB Statement No. 55, "<u>The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 56 "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards</u>".

GASB Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 52 improves the quality of financial reporting by requiring endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value, creating consistency in reporting among similar entities that exist to invest resources for the purpose of generating income. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 52 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the GASB's authoritative literature. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 55 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Statements on Auditing Standards. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 56 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2009 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Food service	\$ 303,404
District managed activities	54,931
EMIS	14
Public preschool	1,488
Title VI-B	16,633
Title I	20,848
IDEA preschool	1,365
Improving teacher quality	5,391

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities and the reporting of short-term interfund loans as a fund liability rather than as an other financing source.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2009 was \$2,172,741.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$318,881. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2009, \$345,492 of the District's bank balance of \$679,973 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$334,481 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2009, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18		
Investment type	Fair Value	less	months	months		
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,197,234	\$ 3,197,234	\$-	\$-		
Negotiable cd's	801,423	299,312	400,298	101,813		
Total	\$ 3,998,657	\$ 3,496,546	\$ 400,298	\$ 101,813		

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.12 years.

Interest Rate Risk: To the extent possible, the District will attempt to match its investment with anticipated cash flow requirements. No investment shall be made unless the Treasurer, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects it can be held to maturity. Unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, the District will not invest directly in securities maturing more than two years from the date of settlement.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for STAR Ohio, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2009:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio Negotiable cd's	\$ 3,197,234 801,423	79.96 20.04
Total	\$ 3,998,657	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2009

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	318,881
Investments		3,998,657
Cash with fiscal agent		2,172,741
Total	\$	6,490,279
<u>Cash and investments per statement of net assets</u> Governmental activities Agency fund Total	\$ \$	6,435,108 55,171 6,490,279

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2009 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 468,998
General	Agency fund	1,722
Total		\$ 470,720

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2009 are reported on the statement of net assets. Interfund balances between governmental funds and agency funds appear as "loans receivable/payable" on the statement of net assets, the balance sheet and the statement of fiduciary net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property taxes received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2009 represent the collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2008. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Harrison, Carroll, Tuscarawas, Belmont and Jefferson Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the Districts its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2009, are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009 was \$602,515 in the general fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2008 was \$458,158 in the general fund and \$3 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2009 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Second Half Collections		2009 Fin Half Collec			
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	171,506,660	86.64	\$	196,367,350	88.13
Public utility personal		17,074,970	8.63		17,074,970	7.66
Tangible personal property		9,379,470	4.73		9,379,470	4.21
Total	\$	197,961,100	100.00	\$	222,821,790	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$37.75			\$37.75	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
Taxes	\$ 4,994,410
Accounts	4,921
Intergovernmental	580,480
Accrued interest	1,981
Total	\$ 5,581,792

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The July 1, 2008 balance of land has been restated to remove \$108,842 that is categorized as constructionin-progress. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2008	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2009
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,067	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,067
Construction in progress	108,842	697,117	(805,959)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	123,909	697,117	(805,959)	15,067
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	386,163	31,513	-	417,676
Buildings and improvements	7,322,499	845,019	-	8,167,518
Infrastructure	27,874	-	-	27,874
Furniture and equipment	1,754,257	54,981	-	1,809,238
Vehicles	1,686,458	259,915	(93,894)	1,852,479
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,177,251	1,191,428	(93,894)	12,274,785
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(310,277)	(10,333)	-	(320,610)
Buildings and improvements	(5,109,930)	(115,652)	-	(5,225,582)
Infrastructure	(27,874)	-	-	(27,874)
Furniture and equipment	(1,288,189)	(86,133)	-	(1,374,322)
Vehicles	(1,102,097)	(129,104)	84,504	(1,146,697)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,838,367)	(341,222)	84,504	(8,095,085)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,462,793	\$ 1,547,323	<u>\$ (815,349)</u>	\$ 4,194,767

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 124,911
Special	21,014
Vocational	3,892
Support services:	
Pupil	1,617
Instructional staff	2,584
Administration	5,798
Fiscal	731
Operations and maintenance	10,984
Pupil transportation	130,871
Central	25,661
Food service operations	13,159
Total depreciation expense	\$ 341,222

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District entered into a capitalized lease for phone equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of furniture and equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$258,458. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2009 was \$167,998, leaving a current book value of \$90,460. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in the 2009 fiscal year totaled \$41,084 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2010	\$	14,198
Total minimum lease payments Less: Amount representing interest		14,198 (122)
Total	\$	14,076

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2009, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding 06/30/08	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 06/30/09	Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
Capital lease obligation	\$ 55,160	\$ -	\$ (41,084)	\$ 14,076	\$ 14,076
Compensated absences	1,015,761	248,933	(290,909)	973,785	188,480
Total long-term obligations,					
governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,070,921</u>	\$ 248,933	<u>\$ (331,993)</u>	<u>\$ 987,861</u>	\$ 202,556

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which are primarily the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and Title I fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2009, are a voted debt margin of \$20,703,584 and an unvoted debt margin of \$230,040.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees, office staff, administrative staff, and certified employees have the following sick leave and severance policies:

Employee Status	Maximum Allowable Sick Leave Balance (Days)	Paid at 1/4 of Unused Sick Leave Balance	Paid at 1/8 of Unused Sick Leave Balance	Total Allowable Maximum Severance (Days)
Classified	279	First 133 Days	Any Balance Over 133 Days	52
Office Staff	335	First 142 Days	Any Balance Over 142 Days	60
Administrative	335	First 160 Days	Any Balance Over 160 Days	62
Certified	335	First 144 Days	Any Balance Over 144 Days	60

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Medical Life Insurance Company.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has contracted with Ohio School Plan via Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency for property and inland marine coverage; fleet insurance; and professional liability coverage. Coverage is provided as follows:

Description	Amount
Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$50,742,541
Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible)	50,742,541
Crime Insurance	50,000
Coverage provided by Indiana Insurance is as follows:	
General Liability	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$0 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$0 deductible)	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. Participants in the GRP are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for its GRP tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Group Medical, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance

Medical/surgical, dental, vision and life insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of 49 school districts within the OME-RESA consortium, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims in the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$314,513 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2009, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning	Claims	Claims	Ending
	Balance	Incurred	Payments	Balance
2009	\$ 510,563	\$ 3,417,221	\$ (3,613,271)	\$ 314,513
2008	334,262	3,178,635	(3,002,334)	510,563

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under *Forms and Publications*.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$196,745, \$192,354 and \$201,394, respectively; 50.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$942,063, \$954,483 and \$953,396, respectively; 84.40 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$10,042 made by the District and \$12,440 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2009, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$132,843, \$127,480 and \$104,696, respectively; 50.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$16,233, \$13,860 and \$13,695, respectively; 50.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$72,466, \$73,422 and \$73,338, respectively; 84.40 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Investments are reported as fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>c</u>	General fund
Budget basis	\$	(1,905,976)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		159,608
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		14,185
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		200,074
Adjustment for encumbrances		333,770
GAAP basis	\$	(1,198,339)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital <u>Maintenance</u>	BWC Refunds	
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2008	\$ 629,732	\$ 563,632	\$ 73,694	
Current year set-aside requirement	295,652	295,652	-	
Current year offsets	-	(334,814)	-	
Qualifying disbursements	(312,482)	(624,047)		
Total	\$ 612,902	\$ (99,577)	\$ 73,694	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2010	\$ 612,902	<u>\$</u>	\$ 73,694	

The District also had \$55,980 restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2009 follows:

Amount restricted for textbooks Amount restricted for BWC refunds Amount restricted for school bus purchases	\$ 612,902 73,694 55,980
Total restricted assets	\$ 742,576
Amount designated for budget stabilization	\$ 78,109

Although the District had offsets and qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the setaside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster Non Cash Assitance National School Lunch Program		10.550	\$24,427	\$24,427
Cash Assistance National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program		10,555 10.553	332,800 142,628	332,800 142,628
Cash Assistance Total			475,428	475,428
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture (Cash and Non-Cash)			499,855	499,855
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Ohio Department of Education:				
Grants to Local Education Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-2008 C1-S1-2009	84.010	72,180 502,057	79,132 492,768
Total ESEA Title I	01-31-2009		574,237	571,900
Special Education Cluster Special Education Part B - IDEA	6BSF-2008	84.027	77,335	87,008
	6BSF-2009	04.027	470,898	470,426
Total Special Education Part B - IDEA			548,233	557,434
Preschool Special Education	PS-2008 PS-2009	84.173	16,381	1,590 16,381
Total Preschool Special Education			16,381	17,971
Total Special Education Cluster			564,614	575,405
Safe & Drug Free School Grant Title IV-A	DR-S1-2008	84.186	0	275
Total Safe & Drug Free School Grant Title IV-A	DR-S1-2009		<u> </u>	6,661 6,936
Innovative Educational Program Strategies Title V	C2-S1-2009	84.298	3,313	3,313
Education Technology Grant Title II-D	TJ-S1-2008	84.318		1,293
Total Education Technology Grant Title II-D	TJ-S1-2009		8,199 8,199	8,199 9,492
	TD 04 0000	04.007		
Improving Teacher Quality Program Title II	TR-S1-2008 TR-S1-2009	84.367	20,172 121,446	20,324 121,446
Total Improving Teacher Quality Program Title II			141,618	141,770
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,298,642	1,308,816
U.S Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Ohio Department of Education				
Medical Assistance Program Title XIX		93.778	39,165	12,883
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$1,837,662	\$1,821,554

The notes to the federal awards expenditures schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Harrison Hills City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County P.O. Box 356 Hopedale, Ohio 43976

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrison Hills City School District, Harrison County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

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We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated July 6, 2010.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated July 6, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

July 6, 2010



<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County P.O. Box 356 Hopedale, Ohio 43976

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Harrison Hills City School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

As described in finding 2009-001 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with requirements regarding allowable costs applying to its Title I program and to its Special Education Cluster. Compliance with this requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with requirements applicable to this program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, the Harrison Hills City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above applying to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

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Internal Control Over Compliance

The Government's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Government's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the District's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *control deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding number 2009-001 to be a significant deficiency.

A material weakness is significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements. We consider the significant deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, finding 2009-001, to be a material weakness.

We also noted a matter involving the internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated July 6, 2010.

The District's response to the finding we identified is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

nary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

July 6, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i) Type of Financial Statement Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses No reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any other significant deficiencies No (d)(1)(ii) in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material No (d)(1)(iii) noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control Yes weaknesses reported for major federal programs? Were there any other significant deficiencies (d)(1)(iv) No in internal control reported for major federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Qualified (d)(1)(v)(d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under Yes §.510? Major Programs (list): Title I CFDA # 84.010 (d)(1)(vii) **Special Education Cluster** CFDA #'s 84.027 and 84.173 (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others Yes (d)(1)(ix)Low Risk Auditee?

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Nonncompliance Finding/Material Weakness/Questioned Cost

Finding Number	2009-001
CFDA Title and Number	CFDA# 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA #'s 84.027 and 84.173 Special Education Cluster
Federal Award Number / Year	2009
Federal Agency	U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Agency	Ohio Department of Education

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County Schedule of Findings Page 2

Nonncompliance Finding/Material Weakness/Questioned Cost - (Continued)

2 CFR Part 225 Appendix B Section 8h(3) states that an employee who works solely on a single federal award or cost objective, must furnish a semi-annual certification that he/she has engaged solely in activities of that single federal award of cost objective. The certifications must be signed by the employee or a supervisory official having first-hand knowledge of the work performed by the employee.

Eleven employees, who worked solely on the Title I federal program, and six employees, who worked solely on the Special Education Cluster programs, did not sign semi-annual certifications. The coordinator of the federal programs should establish specific procedures by which each employee working solely on a single federal award program will sign the semi-annual certifications on a timely basis.

In addition, **2 CFR Part 225 Appendix B Section 8h(4)** states that an employee who works on multiple activities or cost objectives (i.e., in part on a Federal program whose funds have not been consolidated in a consolidated school-wide pool and in part on Federal programs supported with funds consolidated in a school-wide pool or on activities funded from other revenue sources) must maintain time and effort distribution records.

Two employees, who worked on multiple federal programs, were partially paid with Title I monies and four employees, who worked on multiple federal programs, were partially paid with Special Education Cluster monies. None of these employees completed time and effort reports. Failure to maintain the time and effort logs, as required, has resulted in questioned costs in the amounts of \$42,701 and \$139,872 for those portions of the salaries paid with Title I monies and Special Education Cluster monies, respectively. The coordinator of the federal programs should establish specific procedures by which each employee working on multiple activities or multiple federal programs will complete time and effort logs on a timely basis.

The semi annual certifications and time and effort logs should be an "after the fact" representation of the hours worked. Therefore, these should be completed in a reasonably short time after the end of the period the log or certification is meant to cover. All certifications and time and effort logs should be full disclosure of the facts and should include credible signatures.

This questioned cost will be referred to the Ohio Department of Education.

Officials' Response:

Time & Effort Log:

This log is required for federal programs when staff is being paid from more than one federal grant. Beginning in fiscal year 2010, this procedure was eliminated and will not be utilized in the future. If there are not enough funds available to provide for the full FTE, staff will only be paid from General Fund.

Semiannual Certification:

Semiannual certification is a procedure that the district has done in the past. However, for fiscal year 2009, none was on file. We will be sure that these records are maintained properly and are completed and on file as required. The steps and procedures have been reviewed by the Administrative Assistant, who is in charge of special programs. The administrative assistant has addressed this matter with building administrators, teachers and the secretary of special programs. These forms will be available for future audits.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2008-001	Management's controls were not working effectively to track and report capital assets.	No	Partially corrected; reported in the current management letter.

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<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Harrison Hills City School District Harrison County P.O. Box 356 Hopedale, Ohio 43976

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Harrison Hills City School District, (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on March 29, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
 - (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

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- (6) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (7) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (8) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (9) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

July 6, 2009





HARRISON HILLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HARRISON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 5, 2010

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