Rush Township
Scioto County
Regular Audit
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008



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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Rush Township P.O. Box 252 McDermott, Ohio 45652

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Rush Township, Scioto County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc, for the audit period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditor's Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditor's Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Rush Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

December 7, 2010

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Rush Township P.O Box 252 McDermott, Ohio 45652

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rush Township, Scioto County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP requires presenting entity-wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e., major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

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Rush Township Scioto County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of Rush Township, Scioto County, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2010 on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide on opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA

President/Owner

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Natahi Willhuff Stang

September 30, 2010

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Governmental Fund Types		
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$47,833	\$238,867	\$286,700
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	17,815	7,790	25,605
Intergovernmental	46,417	182,769	229,186
Earnings on Investments	400	619	1,019
Miscellaneous	282	3,205	3,487
Total Cash Receipts	112,747	433,250	545,997
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
General Government	93,503	4,737	98,240
Public Safety	2,760	143,631	146,391
Public Works	0	186,724	186,724
Health	22,859	5,756	28,615
Debt Service:			
Redemption of Principal	0	47,889	47,889
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	0	8,966	8,966
Total Cash Disbursements	119,122	397,703	516,825
Total Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	(6,375)	35,547	29,172
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	20,748	316,020	336,768
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$14,373	\$351,567	\$365,940

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Governmental Fund Types		
		~	Totals
	General	Special Revenue	(Memorandum
Cash Receipts:	General	Revenue	Only)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$48,674	\$245,328	\$294,002
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	18,731	7,471	26,202
Intergovernmental	35,676	170,053	205,729
Earnings on Investments	1,794	4,334	6,128
Miscellaneous	363	5,416	5,779
Total Cash Receipts	105,238	432,602	537,840
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
General Government	90,409	2,189	92,598
Public Safety	4,525	153,669	158,194
Public Works	0	165,221	165,221
Health	25,262	9,317	34,579
Capital Outlay	0	71,252	71,252
Debt Service:			40.00
Redemption of Principal	0	49,925	49,925
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	0	13,917	13,917
Total Cash Disbursements	120,196	465,490	585,686
Total Cash Receipts Under Cash Disbursements	(14,958)	(32,888)	(47,846)
Other Financing Sources:			
Other Debt Proceeds	0	33,341	33,341
Total Other Financing Sources	0	33,341	33,341
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	(14,958)	453	(14,505)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 - As Restated	35,706	315,567	351,273
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$20,748	\$316,020	\$336,768

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Rush Township, Scioto County (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection. The Township contracts with the Scioto Ambulance District for ambulance services.

The Township participates in a jointly governed organization. Note 9 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity. This organization is the Scioto Ambulance District.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State of Ohio prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

Cash

The Township maintains its cash pool in an interest-bearing checking account with a local commercial bank.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than those from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

 $\underline{\textit{Gasoline Tax Fund}}$ – This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax monies and homestead and rollback monies for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Fire Levy Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax monies and homestead and rollback monies for the purchase of fire equipment and to provide fire protection to residents of the Township.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are cancelled and re-appropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of the 2009 and 2008 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Note 2 – Equity in Pooled Cash

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2009	2008
Demand Deposits	\$365,940	\$336,768

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 2 – Equity in Pooled Cash (Continued)

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2009 follows:

	Duagetea	rictual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$118,536	\$112,747	(\$5,789)
Special Revenue	426,442	433,250	6,808
Total	\$544,978	\$545,997	\$1,019
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$141,046	\$119,122	\$21,924
Special Revenue	703,251	397,703	305,548

\$844,297

Actual

\$516,825

\$327,472

Budgeted

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2008 follows:

Total

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$106,267	\$105,238	(\$1,029)
Special Revenue	429,563	465,943	\$36,380
Total	\$535,830	\$571,181	\$35,351
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$129,997	\$120,196	\$9,801
Special Revenue	694,109	465,490	228,619
Total	\$824,106	\$585,686	\$238,420

Note 4 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts.

Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 4 – Property Taxes (Continued)

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 5 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2009 was as follows:

		Interest
	Principal	Rate
General Obligation Note – Fire Station	\$87,729	4.54%
General Obligation Note – Fire Truck	63,011	4.77%
General Obligation Note – Dump Truck	26,871	4.00%
	\$177,611	

The Township issued a general obligation note on July 24, 2004 to finance the construction of a new fire station. The note is collateralized by the fire station.

The Township issued a general obligation note on August 16, 2007 to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The note is collateralized by the fire truck.

The Township issued a general obligation note in December 2008 to finance the purchase of a new dump truck. The note is collateralized by the dump truck.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General	General	General
	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation
Year Ending	Note – Fire	Note – Fire	Note – Dump
December 31:	Station	Truck	Truck
2010	\$27,342	\$22,772	\$7,378
2011	27,342	22,772	7,378
2012	27,342	22,706	7,379
2013	13,671	0	7,379
2014	0	0	559
Totals	\$95,697	\$68,250	\$30,073

Note 6 – Retirement System

The Township's employees and officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which includes postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2009 and 2008, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries, with the Township contributing an amount equal to 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2009.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc. (ARPCO), a division of York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York), functions as the administrator of OTARMA and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for OTARMA. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by ARPCO. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides OTARMA with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2009, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$150,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Assets	\$38,982,088	\$40,737,740
Liabilities	(12,880,766)	(12,981,818)
Net Assets	\$26,101,322	\$27,755,922

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$12.0 and \$12.1 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$11.5 and \$10.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2009, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$12,599.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions			
to OTARMA			
2007	\$12,953		
2008	14,040		
2009	11,775		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 7 – Risk Management (Continued)

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 8 – Continent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 9 – Jointly Governed Organization

The Township is a member of the Scioto Ambulance District (the District). The District is directed by an appointed five-member Board. The District provides ambulatory services to the areas of Brush Creek Township, Rush Township, Union Township, Morgan Township and the Village of Otway. A representative from each Township or Village is appointed to the Scioto Ambulance District Board. The District is supported by taxes that are collected by the Scioto County Auditor from the property owners in Rush Township. These taxes are paid to the District by the County. The Township does not assist in funding the District.

Note 10 - Compliance

The Township did not pass its appropriation measures on or about the first of the year, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38(A). The Township had appropriations in excess of estimated resources, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39. The Township had expenditures in excess of appropriations, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B). The Township did not properly encumber funds prior to commitment, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D). The Township did not maintain proper supporting documentation for allocations of Trustees' salaries, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24.

Note 11 - Restatement of Fund Cash Balances

In 2009, the Township voided old outstanding checks from its outstanding check list that were issued prior to 2008. These voided checks required adjustments that had the following effect on beginning fund cash balances:

	Special
	Revenue
	Funds
Fund Cash Balance, December 31, 2007	\$315,538
Restatement	29
Restated Fund Cash Balance, December 31, 2007	\$315,567



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Rush Township P.O Box 252 McDermott, Ohio 45652

We have audited the financial statements of Rush Township, Scioto County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2010, wherein we noted the Township followed the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2009-1 and 2009-2.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2009-3 through 2009-7.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Township in a separate letter dated September 30, 2010.

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, and others within the Township, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA

President/Owner

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Natalii Nillhuff Stang

September 30, 2010

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance With GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2009-1

Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

A monitoring system by the Township should be in place to prevent or detect misstatements for the accurate presentation of the Township's financial statements. During 2009 and 2008, the Township erroneously posted various receipts and disbursements to the incorrect accounts, and, in certain instances, funds. This required reclassifications and adjustments to properly present the activity of the Township for both years. The Township should implement additional monitoring procedures to ensure receipts and disbursements are properly recorded.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-2

Material Weakness - Budgetary Information within UAN

Accurate budgetary information within the Township's accounting system is pertinent to ensure that the Township has accurate and complete information for decision-making processes. Amendments to the budget should be properly documented in the minute record to provide assurance that changes to appropriations are authorized by the governing board. During 2009 and 2008, we identified that amendments to estimated resources as filed with the County Auditor were not recorded within the accounting system. Also, during 2008, we identified that an appropriation adjustment was entered into the accounting system without evidence that the amendment was approved by the Board. Failure to maintain accurate budgetary information within the accounting system subjects the Township to the risk that management is relying on misinformation for decision-making processes. We recommend that the Township implement the appropriate procedures to ensure that all authorized budgetary amendments are properly documented within the minutes record to ensure that budgetary information disclosed in the financial records are adequately supported.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-3

Noncompliance Citation - Annual Appropriation Measures

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38(A) requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the Township desires to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received based on the actual balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses of the Township until no later than the first day of April of the current year, and the appropriations made in the temporary measure shall be chargeable to the appropriations in the annual appropriation measure for the year when passed. The Board of Trustees did not approve appropriations for 2009 until February 10, 2009 and for 2008 until March 10, 2008. All disbursements up to the date of the appropriations measures were not properly appropriated and encumbered. This also resulted in expenditures in excess of appropriations during each year. The Board of Trustees should approve appropriations on or about the first day of each year. If the Township prefers to obtain its official certificate of estimated resources prior to adoption of its permanent appropriations, the Board of Trustees should formally approve temporary appropriations as outlined in the Ohio Revised Code.

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

FINDING NUMBER 2009-3 (Continued)

Noncompliance Citation - Annual Appropriation Measures (Continued)

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-4

Noncompliance Citation - Appropriations in Excess of Estimated Resources

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 provides, in part, that the total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated revenue available for expenditure therefrom as certified by the County Budget Commission, or in the case of appeal, by the Board of Tax Appeals. No appropriation measure is effective until the County Auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate. The Township had appropriations in excess of estimated resources in several funds in 2009 and 2008. Failure to properly monitor budgetary information subjects the Township to the risk of spending in excess of estimated resources. The Township should implement additional monitoring procedures to ensure the appropriations are within estimated resources.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-5

Noncompliance Citation - Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from expending money unless it is appropriated. The Township had expenditures in excess of appropriations in 2008. Failure to properly monitor budgetary information subjects the Township to the risk of spending in excess of authorized limits. The Township should implement additional monitoring procedures to ensure the expenditures are within authorized appropriations.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

FINDING NUMBER 2009-6

Noncompliance Citation - Prior Encumbrance of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making any contract or order for any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the Fiscal Officer is attached thereto. The Fiscal Officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Further, contracts and orders for expenditures lacking prior certification shall be null and void.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a Fiscal Officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

FINDING NUMBER 2009-6 (Continued)

Noncompliance Citation - Prior Encumbrance of Funds (Continued)

- 1. "Then and Now" Certificate If the Fiscal Officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the Fiscal Officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.
 - Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the Fiscal Officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.
- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal Officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the Fiscal Officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

There were several instances identified in 2009 and 2008, including the periods prior to adoption of appropriations measures, for which funds were not properly certified prior to commitment or expenditure of funds. Failure to certify the availability of funds properly can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the Township uses the exceptions noted above, prior certification is not only required by statute but is also a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Fiscal Officer should certify that funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

The Township officials and employees should obtain the Fiscal Officer's certification of the availability of funds prior to the commitment being incurred. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certificate language of Section 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs the commitments, and only when the requirements of Section 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase orders to the proper appropriation code to reduce the available appropriation.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

FINDING NUMBER 2009-7

Noncompliance Citation – Trustees' Salary Allocations

Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24(C) states:

Trustees receiving per diem compensation: The trustees must resolve a method by which each trustee shall periodically notify the township fiscal officer of the number of days spent on township services and the kinds of services rendered on those days. The per diem compensation shall be paid from the township general fund or from other township funds in proportion to the kinds of services rendered, as documented. (For example, the township could charge trustee time spent on road repairs to the road & bridge fund.) Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24 limits the number of days a trustee can be compensated to 200.

Trustees receiving compensation by annual salary: By resolution, Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24(C) permits trustees to receive annual salaries instead of per diem payments. When a trustee chooses to be paid using the salary method, no documentation process need be established as long as the salaried trustee is being paid solely from the general fund. Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24(C) does not prescribe a "documentation of time spent" requirement.

However, for salaries not paid from the general fund, 2004 OAG Opinion 2004-036 requires trustees to establish administrative procedures to document the proportionate amount chargeable to other township funds based on the kinds of services rendered. The "administrative procedures" can be timesheets or a similar method of record-keeping, as long as the trustees document all time spent on township business and the type of service performed, in a manner similar to trustees paid per diem compensation. If trustees do not document their time, then no part of salaries may be paid from these other funds.

Per the above, trustees must keep records of the time spent on various tasks and the fund to which the township will charge their costs. (The sole exception to this is for trustees charging all salaries to the General Fund, as described above.) There is no one method for documenting time and kinds of services rendered. A diary, timesheets or other methods will suffice if they include the information described above.

Prior to this OAG Opinion, regarding (2) above, the AOS accepted resolutions that specified percentages of salaries to allocate to various funds, as complying with Ohio Revised Code Section 505.24. This OAG Opinion alters that conclusion. Resolutions to pay trustees by salary should now specify that a township will allocate salaries based on documentation the trustees submit, not based on percentages a resolution specifies.

The Township paid the trustees' salaries from the funds other than General Fund without documentation of time spent for the purpose. The Township should pay Trustees' salaries solely from the General Fund or should maintain timesheets or other appropriate documentation for the time spent for the purpose of each fund other than General Fund.

Client Response:

The client chose not to respond.

Rush Township Scioto County Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Finding 2007-001	Noncompliance with ORC Section 5705.38(A) – Failure to Approve Appropriations Timely	No	Reissued as Finding 2009-3
Finding 2007-002	Noncompliance with ORC Section 5705.39 – Appropriations in Excess of Estimated Resources	No	Reissued as Finding 2009-4
Finding 2007-003	Noncompliance with ORC Section 5705.41(B) – Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations	No	Reissued as Finding 2009-5
Finding 2007-004	Noncompliance with ORC Section 5705.41(D) – Prior Certification of Funds	No	Reissued as Finding 2009-6



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

RUSH TOWNSHIP

SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 21, 2010