CHIPPEWA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO Single Audit For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Perry & AssociatesCertified Public Accountants, A.C.



Board of Education Chippewa Local School District 56 North Portage Doylestown, Ohio 44230

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Chippewa Local School District, Wayne County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A. C., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Chippewa Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 31, 2011



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Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

March 30, 2011

Chippewa Local School District Wayne County 56 North Portage St Doylestown, Ohio 44230

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Chippewa Local School District**, **Wayne County**, **Ohio** (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa Local School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and IDEA VI-B Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Chippewa Local School District Wayne County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The financial statements by program and the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule are management's responsibility, and were derived from and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. These statements and schedule were subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry & associates CABS A. C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Chippewa Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,016,443, which represents a 12.17% increase from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,825,265 in revenue, or 83.46% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,144,690, or 16.54% of total revenues of \$12,969,955.
- The District had \$11,953,512 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,144,690 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,825,265 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the IDEA VI-B fund. The general fund had \$10,575,181 in revenues and \$10,013,623 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2010, the general fund's fund balance increased \$561,558 from a balance of \$3,734,622 to \$4,296,180.
- The IDEA VI-B fund had \$454,432 in revenues and \$424,962 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the IDEA VI-B fund's fund deficit decreased \$29,470 from a deficit balance of \$161,166 to a deficit balance of \$131.696.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the IDEA VI-B fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental funds are the general fund and the IDEA VI-B fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds and functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for insurance benefits. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its programs which are private in purpose. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for other governments and individuals. These activities are reported in the agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 24-25. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 26-51 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Total net assets

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis has been provided.

Net Assets

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 11,788,409	\$ 11,115,978
Capital assets, net	2,979,005	3,023,978
Total assets	14,767,414	14,139,956
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	4,799,423	5,238,750
Long-term liabilities	599,003	548,661
Total liabilities	5,398,426	5,787,411
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	2,979,005	3,023,978
Restricted	920,160	830,766
Unrestricted	5,469,823	4,497,801

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,368,988. At year-end, unrestricted net assets were \$5,469,823.

\$ 8,352,545

\$ 9,368,988

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 20.17% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, vehicles, and library books. At June 30, 2010, the amount invested in capital assets, was \$2,979,005. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$920,160, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is \$5,469,823.

Governmental Activities

The graph below illustrates the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

\$14,767,414 \$9,368,988 \$9,368,988

\$5,787,411

2009

■ Liabilities
■ Net Assets
■ Assets

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

\$5,398,426

2010

\$15,000,000 \$12,500,000

\$10,000,000

\$7,500,000

\$5,000,000

\$2,500,000

\$-

Change in Net Assets

	b						
		overnmental		Governmental Activities			
	4	Activities	F				
		2010		2009			
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services and sales	\$	686,062	\$	649,490			
Operating grants and contributions		1,458,628		874,576			
Capital grants and contributions		-		39,177			
General revenues:							
Property taxes		3,965,043		4,588,312			
School district income taxes		1,421,594		1,395,670			
Grants and entitlements		5,357,504		5,536,216			
Investment earnings		48,863		90,517			
Other		32,261		135,165			
Total revenues		12,969,955		13,309,123			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,343,579	\$ 5,221,426
Special	964,799	835,230
Vocational	26,344	30,100
Other	339,229	279,698
Support services:		
Pupil	169,612	201,411
Instructional staff	528,109	458,860
Board of education	52,726	26,075
Administration	1,039,523	1,084,670
Fiscal	365,136	365,607
Operations and maintenance	1,296,231	1,217,297
Pupil transportation	584,428	603,396
Central	169,120	153,691
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	478,285	457,596
Other non-instructional services	96,543	113,512
Extracurricular activities	499,848	480,591
Total expenses	11,953,512	11,529,160
Change in net assets	1,016,443	1,779,963
Net assets at beginning of year	8,352,545	6,572,582
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,368,988	\$ 8,352,545

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,016,443. Total governmental expenses of \$11,953,512 were offset by program revenues of \$2,144,690 and general revenues of \$10,825,265. Program revenues supported 17.94% of the total governmental expenses.

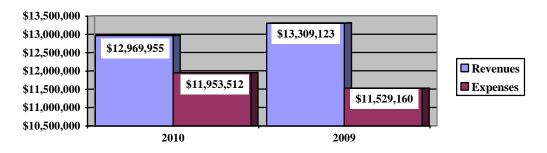
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 82.84% of total governmental revenue. The increase in operating grants and contributions is attributable to monies received during fiscal year 2010 related to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), as well as foundation revenue received in the education stabilization fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The decrease in property taxes is due to the phase out of tangible personal property tax during fiscal year 2010.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,673,951 or 55.83% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2010.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

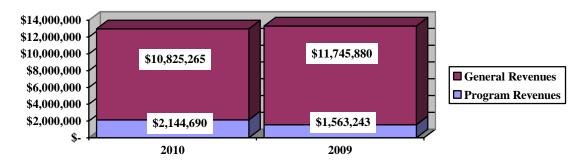
	Т	otal Cost of Services 2010	1	Net Cost of Services 2010	T	otal Cost of Services 2009	N	Net Cost of Services 2009
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,343,579	\$	5,019,907	\$	5,221,426	\$	4,925,668
Special		964,799		(3,122)		835,230		404,074
Vocational		26,344		21,436		30,100		30,100
Other		339,229		339,229		279,698		279,698
Support services:								
Pupil		169,612		160,610		201,411		189,109
Instructional staff		528,109		490,481		458,860		437,306
Board of education		52,726		52,726		26,075		26,075
Administration		1,039,523		1,039,523		1,084,670		1,083,713
Fiscal		365,136		365,136		365,607		364,722
Operations and maintenance		1,296,231		1,285,509		1,217,297		1,184,508
Pupil transportation		584,428		574,406		603,396		603,396
Central		169,120		169,120		153,691		153,691
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		478,285		368		457,596		15,590
Other non-instructional services		96,543		26,733		113,512		6,452
Extracurricular activities	_	499,848	_	266,760		480,591		261,815
Total expenses	\$	11,953,512	\$	9,808,822	\$	11,529,160	\$	9,965,917

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 80.57% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 82.06%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements received from the State of Ohio that are not restricted in use are by far the primary support for the District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$4,880,749, which is more than last year's total of \$4,137,249. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Fund Balance (Deficit)	Fund Balance (Deficit)			
	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009	<u>Increase</u>		
General	\$ 4,296,180	\$ 3,734,622	\$ 561,558		
IDEA VI-B	(131,696)	(161,166)	29,470		
Other Governmental	716,265	563,793	152,472		
Total	\$ 4,880,749	\$ 4,137,249	\$ 743,500		

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance increased by \$561,558. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2009	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 3,732,551	\$ 4,316,694	(13.53) %
Income taxes	1,421,594	1,395,670	1.86 %
Earnings on investments	5,815	53,056	(89.04) %
Intergovernmental	5,336,070	5,536,216	(3.62) %
Other revenues	79,151	135,165	(41.44) %
Total	\$ 10,575,181	\$ 11,436,801	(7.53) %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 5,747,533	\$ 5,344,937	7.53 %
Support services	3,938,993	3,834,790	2.72 %
Extracurricular activities	280,066	262,696	6.61 %
Total	\$ 9,966,592	\$ 9,442,423	5.55 %

Overall revenues of the general fund decreased \$861,620 or 7.53% during fiscal year 2010. Tax revenue decreased \$584,143 or 13.53% mainly due to the phase out of tangible personal property tax and decreased real estate tax receipts during fiscal year 2010. Earnings on investments decreased \$47,241 or 89.04% due to declining interest rates during fiscal year 2010. Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$200,146 or 3.62% primarily due to a decrease in foundation revenue, which is now attributable to the education stabilization fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Overall expenditures of the general fund increased \$524,169 or 5.55% during fiscal year 2010. Instruction and support services expenditures increased mainly due to wage increases for District employees and an increase in the cost of purchased services during the fiscal year.

IDEA VI-B Fund

The IDEA VI-B fund had \$454,432 in revenues and \$424,962 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the IDEA VI-B fund's fund deficit decreased \$29,470 from a deficit balance of \$161,166 to a deficit balance of \$131,696.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,182,556, which was the same as the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2010 were \$10,673,446. This represents a \$509,110 decrease from final budgeted amounts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$10,461,804 were decreased to \$10,406,590 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$10,123,668, which was \$282,922 less than the final budgeted amounts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the District had \$2,979,005 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, vehicles, and library books. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2010 balances compared to June 30, 2009 balances.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2010	2009
Land	\$ 1,098,217	\$ 1,098,217
Land improvements	59,540	92,662
Building and improvements	1,105,768	1,164,669
Equipment and furniture	220,282	169,859
Vehicles	488,628	473,389
Library books	6,570	25,182
Total	\$ 2,979,005	\$ 3,023,978

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$44,973 is due to capital asset additions of \$219,455 being less than the \$264,428 in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2010.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had no long-term debt outstanding.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

The District continues to provide an excellent program to students, parents, and community members while spending less than the average Ohio school district. The District spends 22.70% less than the State average for instructional and support services. The Board of Education and management team have carefully managed general fund budgets in order to minimize the need for additional local support. The District had requested an income tax of one percent of earned income in fiscal year 2008 for a five year term. While the collection of income tax has been slow and below the District's estimate by 14.50%, it is hoped that the new tax instrument will provide both stability and a chance for economic growth. The District received 51.40% of its operating revenue from the State and does rely on the sharing of revenue from both the local taxpayer and the school funding formula. The State share of funding increased slightly from the prior year by 0.20%.

The District experienced continued improvement in student achievement in fiscal year 2010. This improvement was demonstrated by the "excellent" designation of the District on the Ohio Department of Education district report card due to the achievement of 29 out of 30 indicators. The District was able to provide the services necessary to obtain the student achievement while spending \$2,138 less than the average Ohio school district and \$1,529 less than the average for schools within Wayne County.

The District has a low commercial and industrial tax base and relies heavily on residential support for local funding. The District valuation includes residential and agricultural values that equal 88.60% of the total. Those values experienced a 0.27% increase for fiscal year 2010 with total values increasing 0.34% from the prior year. Valuation per pupil remains below the County and State averages by 10.10% and 26.20%, respectively. The effective amount of mills levied against residential and agricultural properties is at the State minimum of 20 mills.

The District has also experienced a decrease in State funding through the State foundation program. The decrease for fiscal year 2010 was 2.06%.

The Board of Education has attempted to maintain the levels of student achievement obtained in recent years with less than State average spending, and hopes that with minimal requests for additional local contribution, the District will continue to receive the resources necessary for the educational excellence of all those students being served.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Steven Workman, Treasurer, Chippewa Local School District, 56 North Portage Street, Doylestown, Ohio, 44230-1398.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,261,413		
Cash with fiscal agent		1,825,154		
Receivables:				
Property taxes		3,632,612		
Income taxes		574,035		
Accounts		1,419		
Intergovernmental		458,220		
Accrued interest		730		
Prepayments		25,031		
Materials and supplies inventory		9,795		
Capital assets:				
Land		1,098,217		
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,880,788		
Capital assets, net		2,979,005		
Cupital assets, net		2,777,003		
Total assets		14,767,414		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		63,189		
Accrued wages and benefits		1,023,945		
Pension obligation payable		288,109		
Intergovernmental payable		37,636		
Claims payable		149,217		
Unearned revenue		3,237,327		
Long-term liabilities:		3,237,327		
Due within one year		109,894		
•		,		
Due in more than one year		489,109		
Total liabilities		5,398,426		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets		2,979,005		
Restricted for:		, ,		
Capital projects		146,055		
Student activities		39,184		
State funded programs		114,150		
Federally funded programs		508,790		
Public school support		29,014		
**		82,967		
Other purposes		,		
Unrestricted		5,469,823		
Total net assets	\$	9,368,988		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			Program	Reven	nues	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	 Expenses	1	harges for Services and Sales	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 5,343,579 964,799 26,344 339,229	\$	142,477 - - -	\$	181,195 967,921 4,908	\$	(5,019,907) 3,122 (21,436) (339,229)
Support services: Pupil	169,612 528,109 52,726 1,039,523		3,524		9,002 34,104		(160,610) (490,481) (52,726) (1,039,523)
Fiscal	365,136 1,296,231 584,428 169,120		10,569		153 10,022		(365,136) (1,285,509) (574,406) (169,120)
Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations Other non-instructional services Extracurricular activities	 478,285 96,543 499,848		295,906 498 233,088		182,011 69,312		(368) (26,733) (266,760)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,953,512	\$	686,062	\$	1,458,628		(9,808,822)
			eral revenues: perty taxes levi	ied for:			
		Ca Sch	apital projects.	ome ta	Kes		3,719,731 245,312 1,421,594
		to Inv	specific progra estment earning	nms gs			5,357,504 48,863 32,261
							10,825,265
		Chan	ge in net assets				1,016,443
		Net a	ssets at begini	ning of	year		8,352,545
		Net a	ssets at end of	year .		\$	9,368,988

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		General		IDEA VI-B		Other evernmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	4,376,142	\$	57,236	\$	784,830	\$	5,218,208
Receivables:								
Property taxes		3,400,007		-		232,605		3,632,612
Income taxes		574,035		-		-		574,035
Accounts		39		-		1,380		1,419
Intergovernmental		-		391,919		66,301		458,220
Accrued interest		730		_		_		730
Interfund loans receivable		117,000		_		-		117,000
Loans receivable		125,150		_		_		125,150
Due from other funds		64		_		_		64
Prepayments		25,031		_		_		25,031
Materials and supplies inventory				_		9,795		9,795
Restricted assets:						.,		-,
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		43,205		_		_		43,205
Total assets	\$	8,661,403	\$	449,155	\$	1,094,911	\$	10,205,469
Total assets	ф	8,001,403	D	449,133	Φ	1,094,911	Þ	10,203,409
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	27,162	\$	_	\$	36.027	\$	63,189
Accrued wages and benefits	_	892,327	-	47,341	-	84,277	-	1,023,945
Pension obligation payable		248,974		4,560		34,575		288,109
Compensated absences payable		71,722		-,,,,,,,		-		71,722
Intergovernmental payable		33,911		1,657		2,068		37,636
Interfund loans payable		-		117,000		2,000		117,000
Loans payable		_		115,000		10,150		125,150
Due to other funds		_		-		64		64
Deferred revenue		61,107		295,293		4,178		360,578
Unearned revenue		3,030,020		2,3,2,3		207,307		3,237,327
Total liabilities				500.051				
Total habilities		4,365,223		580,851		378,646		5,324,720
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		155,982		-		113,047		269,029
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		-		-		9,795		9,795
Reserved for prepayments		25,031		-		-		25,031
Reserved for loans		125,150		-		-		125,150
Reserved for tax revenue								
unavailable for appropriation		308,880		-		21,120		330,000
Reserved for BWC refunds		43,205		-		-		43,205
Unreserved:								
Designation for budget stabilization		150,386				_		150,386
Undesignated (deficit), reported in:		,						,
General fund		3,487,546		_		_		3,487,546
Special revenue funds		-		(131,696)		488,757		357,061
Capital projects funds		_		-		83,546		83,546
Total fund balances (deficit)		4,296,180		(131,696)		716,265		4,880,749
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,661,403	\$	449,155	\$	1,094,911	\$	10,205,469

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 4,880,749
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,979,005
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 65,285 295,293	
Total		360,578
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of medical insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net assets.		1,675,937
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		 (527,281)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 9,368,988

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Revenues: Promitical sources: Property taxes. \$ 3,732,551 \$ \$ 245,495 \$ 3,978,046 Income taxes. 1,421,594 1,221,594 Tuttion. 36,338 295,906 295,906 Earnings on investments. 5,815 233,088 233,088 Class room materials and fees 110,178 110,178 Rental income. 10,552 23,261 Intergovernmental - intermediate 23,264 23,261 32,261 Intergovernmental - intermediate 23,684 237,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental - intermediate 5,312,386 287,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental - intermediate 3,083,023 1,936,123 1,218,217 Total revenues 10,575,181 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues 10,575,181 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues 10,575,181 454,432		General	IDEA VI-B	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Property taxes	Revenues:					
Tuition						
Tuition 36,338 - 36,338 Charges for services - 295,906 295,906 Earnings on investments 5,815 - - 5,815 Extracurricular - - 233,088 233,088 Classroom materials and fees - - 10,552 - - 10,552 Other local revenues 32,261 - - 23,684 Intergovernmental - state 5,312,386 - 287,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental - federal - 454,432 763,785 1218,217 Total revenues - 454,432 763,785 1218,217 Total revenues - 454,432 1936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures <td colspan<="" td=""><td>Property taxes</td><td>\$ 3,732,551</td><td>\$ -</td><td>\$ 245,495</td><td>\$ 3,978,046</td></td>	<td>Property taxes</td> <td>\$ 3,732,551</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 245,495</td> <td>\$ 3,978,046</td>	Property taxes	\$ 3,732,551	\$ -	\$ 245,495	\$ 3,978,046
Charges for services - 295,906 295,906 Earnings on investments 5.815 - 233,088 233,088 Class com materials and fees - 110,178 110,175 10,175 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,175 10,178 12,261 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 110,178 12,261 110,178 12,261 110,178 12,261 110,178 12,261 110,178 12,261 110,261 110,261 110,261 110,261 110,261 110,261 110,261 110,271 12,261 12,265,737 12,241 12,265,737 12,242 12,242 13,274 12,222	Income taxes	1,421,594	-	<u>-</u>	1,421,594	
Earmings on investments 5,815 - 233,088 233,088 Classroom materials and fees - - 110,178 110,178 Rental income 10,552 - 110,178 110,178 Rental income 32,261 - - 32,261 Intergovernmental-intermediate 23,684 - - 23,684 Intergovernmental state 5,312,386 - 287,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental federal - 454,432 1,736,785 12,182,17 Total revenues - 454,432 1,736,785 12,182,17 Total revenues - 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures Current Instruction Regular. 5,069,800 - 353,947 5,423,747 Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - 13,376 178,280 Instructional starificant 510,769 <td>Tuition</td> <td>36,338</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>36,338</td>	Tuition	36,338	-	-	36,338	
Estmings on investments 5,815 - 233,088 233,088 Classroom materials and fees - 110,178 110,178 Rental income 10,552 - 10,552 Other local revenues 32,261 - 23,684 Intergovernmental intermediate 23,684 - 287,672 5,600,058 Intergovernmental - federal - 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues - 454,432 1936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 424,962	Charges for services	-	-	295,906	295,906	
Classroom materials and fees - 110,178 110,178 Rental income 10,552 - - 10,552 Other local revenues 32,261 - - 32,261 Intergovernmental - intermediate 23,684 - 287,672 5,600,058 Intergovernmental - federal - 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues 10,575,181 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: - 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737 Regular 5,069,800 - 353,947 5,423,747 Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - - 339,229 Support services: - - 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 32,234 543,003 Board of education 5,674 64,904 13,376 178,280 Instructional staf		5,815	-	-	5,815	
Rental income 10,552 10,552 Other local revenues 32,261 32,261 Intergovernmental - state 23,684 287,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental - federal 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues 10,575,181 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,069,800 533,947 5,423,747 Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 31,927 Other 339,229 339,229 Support services: Pupil 164,904 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 1,076,743<	Extracurricular	-	-	233,088	233,088	
Other local revenues 32,261 1 23,684 1 23,684 Intergovernmental - intermediate 5,31,2386 287,672 5,600,088 Intergovernmental - federal - 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 Total revenues - 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737 Expenditures Current Current Instructions Regular 5,069,800 353,947 5,423,747 Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 424,962 248,294 979,833 Support services 80 116,4004 13,376 178,280	Classroom materials and fees	-	-	110,178	110,178	
Intergovernmental - intermediate	Rental income	10,552	-	-	10,552	
Intergovernmental - state 5,312,386 - 287,672 5,600,058 Intergovernmental - federal - 454,432 763,785 1,218,217 7018	Other local revenues	32,261	-	-	32,261	
Total revenues. 1,0575,181 454,432 1,936,124 1,2965,737 Total revenues. 1,0575,181 454,432 1,936,124 1,2965,737 Expenditures:	Intergovernmental - intermediate	23,684	-	-	23,684	
Total revenues. 1,0575,181 454,432 1,936,124 1,2965,737 Total revenues. 1,0575,181 454,432 1,936,124 1,2965,737 Expenditures:	Intergovernmental - state	5,312,386	-	287,672	5,600,058	
Total revenues. 10,575,181 454,432 1,936,124 12,965,737		-	454,432	763,785	1,218,217	
Current: Instruction: Regular. 5,069,800 - 353,947 5,423,747 5,962il. 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - 31,927 0,0 - 339,229 - 339,229 339,229 5 339,229 5 339,229 5 339,229 5 339,229 5 339,229 5 5,347 368,682 5,276 - 52,726		10,575,181	454,432	1,936,124	12,965,737	
Regular. 5,069,800 - 353,947 5,423,747 Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - - 319,229 Other 339,229 - - 339,229 Support services: - - 13,376 178,280 Pupil 164,904 - 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 - 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operations of non-instructional services - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional ser						
Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - - 31,927 Other 339,229 - - - 339,229 Support services: **** **** **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** **** 339,229 **** *						
Special 306,577 424,962 248,294 979,833 Vocational 31,927 - - 31,927 Other 339,229 - - - 339,229 Support services: **** **** **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** **** 339,229 **** **** 339,229 **** **** **** 339,229 **** *	Regular	5.069.800	_	353,947	5,423,747	
Vocational 31,927 - - 31,927 Other 339,229 - - 339,229 Support services: - - 339,229 Support services: - - 339,229 Pupil 164,904 - 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 - 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - 493,794 498,794 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>424.962</td> <td></td> <td></td>			424.962			
Other 339,229 - - 339,229 Support services: Pupil 164,904 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 8,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031)	•	· ·	-	-	,	
Support services: Pupil 164,904 - 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 - 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 2,2726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (u		,	_	_	,	
Pupil 164,904 - 13,376 178,280 Instructional staff 510,769 - 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>		,			,	
Instructional staff 510,769 32,234 543,003 Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 98,794 98,794 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031) - - 47,031 Total oth		164.904	_	13.376	178.280	
Board of education 52,726 - - 52,726 Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 - - (47,031) - - (47,031) - - (47,031)	-	· ·	_		,	
Administration 1,076,743 - - 1,076,743 Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 609,482 Central on-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031) - - 47,031 Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470			_	-		
Fiscal 363,335 - 5,347 368,682 Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 - Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (16		· ·	_	_	,	
Operations and maintenance 991,914 - 367,627 1,359,541 Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622			_	5,347		
Pupil transportation 609,482 - - 609,482 Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031) - 47,031 - Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249		· ·	_	367,627	,	
Central 169,120 - - 169,120 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031) - 47,031 - Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	-		_	, -		
Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249		· ·	_	_	,	
Food service operations - - 492,628 492,628 Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249		,			,	
Other non-instructional services - - 98,794 98,794 Extracurricular activities 280,066 - 218,436 498,502 Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (47,031) - 47,031 47,031 Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	-	-	-	492,628	492,628	
Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	-	-	-	98,794	98,794	
Total expenditures 9,966,592 424,962 1,830,683 12,222,237 Excess of revenues over expenditures 608,589 29,470 105,441 743,500 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249		280,066	_	218,436	498,502	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in. - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	Total expenditures		424,962			
Transfers in. - - 47,031 47,031 Transfers (out) (47,031) - - (47,031) Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	Excess of revenues over expenditures	608,589	29,470	105,441	743,500	
Transfers (out)	Other financing sources (uses):					
Total other financing sources (uses) (47,031) - 47,031 - Net change in fund balances 561,558 29,470 152,472 743,500 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	Transfers in	-	-	47,031	47,031	
Net change in fund balances	Transfers (out)	(47,031)			(47,031)	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year . 3,734,622 (161,166) 563,793 4,137,249	Total other financing sources (uses)	(47,031)		47,031		
	Net change in fund balances	561,558	29,470	152,472	743,500	
	Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year.	3,734,622	(161,166)	563,793	4,137,249	
		\$ 4,296,180	\$ (131,696)	\$ 716,265	\$ 4,880,749	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	743,500
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 219,455 (264,428)	_	
Total			(44,973)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Intergovernmental revenue	 (13,003) (25,827)		
Total		_	(38,830)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			21,380
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			335,366
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	1,016,443

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive Jegative)
Revenues:				·	-	·		
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	4,320,790	\$	4,320,790	\$	3,769,933	\$	(550,857)
Income taxes		991,371		991,371		1,483,246		491,875
Tuition		-		-		36,338		36,338
Earnings on investments		54,383		54,383		5,085		(49,298)
Rental income		8,584		8,584		10,552		1,968
Other local revenues		123,941		123,941		32,022		(91,919)
Intergovernmental - intermediate		7,688		7,688		23,684		15,996
Intergovernmental - state		5,669,751		5,669,751		5,312,386		(357,365)
Total revenues	-	11,176,508		11,176,508		10,673,246		(503,262)
T 14				_		_		
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,986,751		5,101,746		5,001,991		99,755
Special		742,635		370.196		368,733		1,463
Vocational		78,060		34,958		33,724		1,234
		253,556		361,075		359,768		1,307
Other		233,330		301,073		339,708		1,507
Pupil		300,523		231,322		183,910		47,412
Instructional staff		431,172		505,346		492,848		12,498
Board of education		61,333		46,410		41,676		4,734
Administration		1,065,769		1,114,999		1,085,842		29,157
Fiscal		343,740		372,900		357,351		15,549
Operations and maintenance		1,109,404		1,064,143		1,031,105		33,038
Pupil transportation		556,055		624,624		611,582		13,042
Central		150,538		169,676		169,422		254
Extracurricular activities		262,268		285,028		268,716		16,312
Total expenditures		10,341,804		10,282,423		10,006,668		275,755
Total experientures	-	10,341,604		10,282,423		10,000,008		213,133
Excess of revenues over expenditures		834,704		894,085		666,578		(227,507)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances (out)		(120,000)		(124,167)		(117,000)		7,167
Sale of capital assets		6,048		6,048		200		(5,848)
Total other financing sources (uses)					-			1,319
Total other financing sources (uses)		(113,952)		(118,119)		(116,800)		1,319
Net change in fund balance		720,752		775,966		549,778		(226,188)
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,523,691		3,523,691		3,523,691		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		162,704		162,704		162,704		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,407,147	\$	4,462,361	\$	4,236,173	\$	(226,188)
•								

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) IDEA VI-B FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	177,830	\$	177,830	\$	357,806	\$	179,976
Total revenues		177,830		177,830	-	357,806		179,976
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Special		386,575		462,051		420,362		41,689
Total expenditures		386,575		462,051	-	420,362		41,689
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(208,745)		(284,221)		(62,556)		221,665
Other financing sources:								
Advances in		117,875		117,875		117,000		(875)
Total other financing sources		117,875		117,875		117,000		(875)
Net change in fund balance		(90,870)		(166,346)		54,444		220,790
Fund balance at beginning of year		717		717		717		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,075		2,075		2,075		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(88,078)	\$	(163,554)	\$	57,236	\$	220,790

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash with fiscal agent	\$	1,825,154	
Total assets		1,825,154	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Claims payable		149,217	
Total liabilities		149,217	
Net assets: Unrestricted		1,675,937	
Total net assets	\$	1,675,937	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	1,957,063	
Total operating revenues	-	1,957,063	
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		8,500	
Purchased services		425,323	
Claims		1,230,922	
Total operating expenses		1,664,745	
Operating income		292,318	
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue		43,048	
Total nonoperating revenues		43,048	
Change in net assets		335,366	
Net assets at beginning of year		1,340,571	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,675,937	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 1,957,063			
Cash payments for personal services	(8,500)			
Cash payments for purchased services	(425,323)			
Cash payments for claims	(1,213,611)			
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	309,629			
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received	43,048			
Net cash provided by investing activities	43,048			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	352,677			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,472,477			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,825,154			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 292,318			
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in claims payable	17,311			
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	\$ 309,629			

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private-Purpose Trust				
	Scholar	ship	Agency		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	4,151	\$	19,918	
Total assets		4,151	\$	19,918	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-	\$	1,011	
Due to students		<u>-</u>		18,907	
Total liabilities		-	\$	19,918	
	_				
Net assets:					
Held in trust for scholarships		4,151			
Total net assets	\$	4,151			
					

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Private-Purpose Trust			
	Scho	larship			
Additions:					
Gifts and contributions	\$	253			
Total additions		253			
Reductions:					
Scholarships awarded		518			
Change in net assets		(265)			
Net assets at beginning of year		4,416			
Net assets at end of year	\$	4,151			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Chippewa Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District currently ranks as the 369th largest in terms of total enrollment among the 905 public school districts and community schools in the State. The District is staffed by 95 certified full-time teaching personnel and 58 classified employees who provide services to 1,463 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental activities and proprietary fund provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Midland Council of Governments

The District is a member of the Midland Council of Governments (the "COG"), which was organized as a council of governments entity in accordance with Ohio statute. While the District and the other 21 members are assessed annual user fees for data services, none of the members retain an ongoing financial interest in the COG.

Wayne County Career Center

The Wayne County Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school. However, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the "GRP"), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to cover the costs of administering the GRP.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>IDEA VI-B</u> - This fund is used to account for federal grant activity intended to assist states in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; (b) food service operations and uniform school supplies operations; and (c) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - An internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one fund or department to other funds or departments of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides health/medical benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for District agency activities and student-managed activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the governmental funds balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2010 are recorded as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2010 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Wayne County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or before June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended official certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2010.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the object level within each function for the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other funds, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the object level within each function for the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other funds, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any object within each function for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2010; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level within each function for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by District funds during the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to a commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 14 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting for the general fund and the IDEA VI-B fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund, the internal service fund, and the private-purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$5,815, which includes \$936 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment accounts at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to activities reported in the governmental funds, and generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for acquisitions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. For fiscal year 2010, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Equipment and furniture	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Library books	5 - 20 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". Receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "loans receivable/payable." Receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans from the general fund to cover negative cash balances in other governmental funds are classified as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2010, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, loans, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute. A portion of fund equity has also been designated for budget stabilization.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted by State statute for BWC refunds as well as amounts restricted for uniform school supplies.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Parochial School

Within the District boundaries, St. Peter & Paul Catholic School is operated through the Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to the parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside for BWC refunds. This reserve is required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 16.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basis financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets</u>", GASB Statement No. 53, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 58, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies</u>".

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2010 included the following individual fund deficits:

	 Deficit
IDEA VI-B	\$ 131,696
Nonmajor governmental funds	
Food service	37,286
Auxiliary services	8,137
Miscellaneous federal grants	64

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances in the food service, auxiliary services and miscellaneous federal grants funds (all nonmajor governmental funds) resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

The deficit fund balance in the IDEA VI-B fund resulted from both the reporting of short-term interfund loans as a fund liability rather than as an other financing source and adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$489,237. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2010, \$435,883 of the District's bank balance of \$685,883 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year end, the District had a cash balance with the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency Self-Funded Insurance Program (the "Program") of \$1,825,154. The balance is covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by a qualified third-party trustee in the name of the Program's fiscal agent. This amount is not part of the internal cash pool and is reported on the financial statements as "cash with fiscal agent".

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment Maturities 6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 4,796,245	\$ 4,796,245

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>_F</u>	air Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	4,796,245	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010:

Cash and investments per note disclosure	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 489,237
Cash with fiscal agent	1,825,154
Investments	 4,796,245
Total	\$ 7,110,636
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,086,567
Private purpose trust fund	4,151
Agency funds	 19,918
Total	\$ 7,110,636

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2010 consisted of the following interfund loan receivable and payable, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Interfund loan receivable in the general fund from:</u>	 Amount
IDEA VI-B	\$ 117,000

The primary purpose of this interfund balance is to cover costs in a specific fund where revenues were not received by June 30. This interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2010 consisted of the following loans receivable and payable, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Loans receivable in the general fund from:	_Amount_
IDEA VI-B	\$ 115,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	10,150
Total	125,150

Loans receivable and payable are long-term interfund loans. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

C. Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following amount due to/from other funds, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amo	ount
General	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	64

The primary purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover a negative cash balance in a specific fund at June 30, 2010. The negative cash balance will be eliminated once the anticipated revenues are received. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

D. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfer from general fund to:</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 47,031

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Wayne County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$308,880 in the general fund and \$21,120 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2009 was \$346,262 in the general fund and \$20,424 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second				2010 First			
		Half Collect	ions		Half Collecti	ctions		
		Amount	<u>Percent</u>	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and public utility/minerals real estate	\$	166,248,440	87.75	\$	166,691,580	88.56		
Commercial/industrial real estate		11,517,550	6.08		11,438,540	6.08		
Public utility personal property		8,934,510	4.72		9,504,220	5.05		
General tangible personal property		2,742,110	1.45		576,483	0.31		
Total	\$	189,442,610	100.00	\$	188,210,823	100.00		
Tax rates per \$1,000 of assessed value:								
General operations	\$	41.10		\$	37.50			
Permanent improvement		1.90			1.90			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), grants and entitlements (reported as "intergovernmental") and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 3,632,612
Income taxes	574,035
Accounts	1,419
Intergovernmental	458,220
Accrued interest	730
Total	\$ 4,667,016

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/09	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/10
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,098,217	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,098,217
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,098,217			1,098,217
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	639,340	-	-	639,340
Buildings and improvements	4,920,989	17,050	-	4,938,039
Equipment and furniture	1,346,940	100,950	-	1,447,890
Vehicles	1,441,351	101,455	-	1,542,806
Library books	616,859			616,859
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,965,479	219,455		9,184,934
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(546,678)	(33,122)	-	(579,800)
Buildings and improvements	(3,756,320)	(75,951)	-	(3,832,271)
Equipment and furniture	(1,177,081)	(50,527)	-	(1,227,608)
Vehicles	(967,962)	(86,216)	-	(1,054,178)
Library books	(591,677)	(18,612)		(610,289)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,039,718)	(264,428)		(7,304,146)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,023,978	\$ (44,973)	\$ -	\$ 2,979,005

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 117,501
Special	955
Support services:	
Instructional staff	20,062
Administration	1,920
Operations and maintenance	38,019
Pupil transportation	81,141
Extracurricular activities	1,346
Food service operations	 3,484
Total depreciation expense	\$ 264,428

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2010, the following changes occurred to the long-term obligations of governmental activities:

]	Balance						Balance	An	nount Due
Governmental activities:	(06/30/09	<u>I</u>	ncreases	<u>I</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	_	06/30/10	In	One Year
Compensated absences	\$	548,661	\$	151,954	\$	(101,612)	\$	599,003	\$	109,894

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

B. Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2010, are a voted debt margin of \$16,869,860 and an unvoted debt margin of \$187,443.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The superintendent and treasurer earn 15 days of vacation per year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers, elementary, middle and high school principals do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of fifteen days per year for all personnel. The total lifetime maximum sick leave accumulation is 268 days for certified personnel and 244 days for classified personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the accrued, but unused, sick leave balance to a maximum of 67 days for certified employees and 61 days for classified employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for general liability insurance, property insurance, and boiler coverage. Liability coverage is limited to \$5,000,000 per claim and the boiler and property insurance carries a limitation of \$38,742,620 in the aggregate with a \$5,000 deductible.

Vehicles are covered by Booker/Indiana Insurance Company and hold a \$100 deductible for collision. Automobile liability coverage has a \$1,000,000 limit for collision, a \$1,000,000 limit per accident for bodily injury and a \$5,000 limit for medical payments.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Employee Health Insurance

Major medical, hospitalization, dental, life, and/or disability coverage is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of several school districts within the County, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The plan is administered through OME-RESA and provides stop loss protection of \$30,000 per individual per year. The claims liability of \$149,217 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2010 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the current and prior fiscal year are as follows:

	В	eginning		Claims		Claims		Ending
Fiscal Year	<u></u> I	Balance	_	Incurred	_	Payments]	Balance
2010	\$	131,906	\$	1,230,922	\$	(1,213,611)	\$	149,217
2009		197,734		1,000,697		(1,066,525)		131,906

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the "GRP"), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Employees/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$176,160, \$117,684 and \$110,841, respectively; 34.86 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$677,955, \$658,721 and \$616,980, respectively; 82.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$29,564 made by the District and \$21,117 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2010, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$33,425, \$72,765 and \$76,631, respectively; 34.86 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$10,476, \$9,710 and \$7,986, respectively; 34.86 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$52,150, \$50,671 and \$47,460, respectively; 82.55 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and the IDEA VI-B fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund		II	DEA VI-B
Budget basis	\$	549,778	\$	54,444
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(98,065)		96,626
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(143,162)		(4,600)
Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses		69,769		(117,000)
Adjustment for encumbrances		183,238		
GAAP basis	\$	561,558	\$	29,470

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional supplies and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the reserve activity was as follows:

	In	extbooks/ structional <u>Materials</u>	<u>M</u>	Capital aintenance	BWC Refunds	Budget bilization
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2009	\$	149,015	\$	(196,488)	\$ 43,205	\$ 150,386
Current year set-aside requirement		231,931		231,931	-	-
Current year offsets		-		(244,799)	-	-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(423,444)		(58,529)	 	
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2010	\$	(42,498)	\$	(267,885)	\$ 43,205	\$ 150,386
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2011	\$	(42,498)	\$		\$ 43,205	\$ 150,386

Effective April 10, 2001, Am. Sub. Senate Bill 345 amended ORC Section 5705.29, effectively eliminating the requirement for the District to establish and maintain a budget stabilization reserve. Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001 have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund, since allowable expenditures are restricted by State statute. Further, via Board Resolution, the District has elected to maintain its budget stabilization amount at June 30, 2010.

The District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the year that reduced the capital maintenance set-aside amounts below zero. These extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2010 follows:	
Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 43,205
Total restricted assets	\$ 43,205

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance	LLP4-2009 LLP4-2010	10.555 10.555	70,919 97,177	70,919 97,177
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) National School Lunch Program Subtotal	N/A	10.555	32,320 200,416	32,320 200,416
Total - Child Nutrition Cluster			200,416	200,416
Total Department of Agriculture			200,416	200,416
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2009	84.010	43,533	43,609
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2010		133,729 177,262	133,729 177,338
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - ARRA	2010	84.389	44,969	44,969
Total Title I Cluster			222,231	222,307
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, PartB)	6B-6BSF 2009 6B-6BSF 2010	84.027	- 361,797	2,793 361,147
Total Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	0B-0B51 2010	•	361,797	363,940
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, PartB) - ARRA	2010	84.391	56,423	56,423
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			418,220	420,363
Drug Free School Grant	DR-S1 2009 DR-S1 2010	84.186	3,741	2,210 3,741
Total Drug Free School Grant			3,741	5,951
Title II-D Grant Total Title II-D Grant	TJ-S1 2009 TJ-S1 2010	84.318	1,198 1,198	5,774 1,198 6,972
	TTD 01 0010	04.057		,
Title II-A Grant	TR-S1-2010	84.367	47,627	37,603
State Fiscal Stablization Fund - Education State Grants - ARRA	2010	84.394	322,360	45,296
Total Department of Education			1,015,377 #	738,492
Total Federal Receipts and Expenditures			1,215,793	938,908

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2010

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

Note B - Food Donation

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the United States Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Note C - National School Lunch Program

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants and local receipts. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 30, 2011

Chippewa Local School District Wayne County 56 North Portage St Doylestown, Ohio 44230

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Chippewa Local School District**, **Wayne County**, **Ohio** (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Chippewa Local School District
Wayne County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 30, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, members of the Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry & associates CAPS A. C.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

March 30, 2011

Chippewa Local School District Wayne County 56 North Portage Street Doylestown, Ohio 44230

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of **Chippewa Local School District**, **Wayne County**, **Ohio** (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133*, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Chippewa Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that, while not affecting our opinion on compliance, OMB Circular A-133 requires us to report. The accompanying schedule of findings lists this instance as finding 2010-001.

Chippewa Local School District
Wayne County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to
Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance
with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, we cannot assure we have identified all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The District's response to the finding we identified is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title 1 Cluster: Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies – CFDA #84.010 and ARRA – Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies – CFDA 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special
		Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) – CFDA #84.027 and ARRA – Special Education – Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) – CFDA #84.391
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-001

Noncompliance Citation

31 U.S.C **7502(a)(1)(A)** requires non-federal entities that expend \$500,000 or more in a year in Federal Awards shall have an annual Single or Program-Specific audit conducted for that year and filed with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within nine months after year end.

The District did not file their annual audit with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within the nine month period after year end for fiscal year 2009 and 2008.

We recommend that the district file their annual audit with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within nine months after fiscal year end.

Management's Response – See corrective action plan.

Corrective Action Plan JUNE 30, 2010

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2010-001	The District plans on filing their annual audit with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within the nine month period after fiscal year end	6/30/11	Steve Workman, Treasurer





CHIPPEWA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WAYNE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 12, 2011