CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
Regular Audit
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Perry & Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C



Board of Park Commissioners Clermont County Park District 2228 Hwy 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Clermont County Park District, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Clermont County Park District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 12, 2011



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Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

www.perrycpas.com

MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056 (740) 373-2402 Fax PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 (304) 428-5587 Fax ST. CLAIRSVILLE 121 E Main Street St. Clairsville, OH 43950 (740) 695-1569 (740) 695-5775 Fax

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

June 28, 2011

Clermont County Park District Clermont County 2228 Highway 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Clermont County Park District**, Clermont County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clermont County Park District, Clermont County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Clermont County Park District Clermont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Marocutes CANS A. C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Clermont County Park District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year 2009 are as follows:

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended December 31, 2009, by \$7,052,212 (net assets). Of this amount, \$241,101 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the District's ongoing park programs.
- The District's total net assets increased by \$1,180,405, which represents a 20.1% increase from 2008.
- At the end of the current year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$344,322.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$177,709 or 30.3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the District to provide services to our citizens, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the District, nonfinancial information such as the condition of the District's capital assets, the reliance on non-local financial resources for the operations and the need for continued growth will also need to be evaluated.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds.

Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the District has established separate funds which account for the capital projects the District is improving. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. In the case of the District, our major funds are the General, the Williamsburg/Batavia Trail Capital, the Tealtown Park Joint Development Capital the Lower East Fork Riparian Capital, and the Sycamore Park Expansion Capital. The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 6.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

The District maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 17 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,052,212 as of December 31, 2009.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008.

Table 1
Net Assets
(In Thousands)

Governmental Activities

2009	2008		
\$922.5	\$1,507.1		
7,090.7	5,764.9		
8,013.2	7,272.0		
524.7	948.5		
33.1	30.3		
403.2	421.4		
961.0	1,400.2		
6,681.6	5,336.2		
129.5	341.6		
241.1	194.0		
\$7,052.2	\$5,871.8		
	\$922.5 7,090.7 8,013.2 524.7 33.1 403.2 961.0 6,681.6 129.5 241.1		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net assets for 2009 compared to 2008.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>			
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$88.4	\$78.4			
Operating Grants and Contributions	4.5	52.2			
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,212.0	1,726.2			
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes	409.3	383.3			
Unrestricted Grants	96.6	91.6			
Investment Earnings	4.2	7.3			
Other	40.7	17.0			
Total Revenues	1,855.7	2,356.0			
Program Expenses					
Conservation and Recreation	658.2	664.5			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	17.1	17.8			
Total Expenses	675.3	682.3			
Increase in Net Assets	\$1,180.4	\$1,673.7			

Governmental Activities

The District's governmental activities are related to conservation and recreation for its seven parks. This includes the maintenance and upkeep of the parks, offering many nature programs throughout the year to families, offering a variety of facilities to be reserved for picnics, weddings, meetings, reunions, holiday gatherings and other group functions, and improving its parks to meet the needs of the residents of Clermont County.

The District's current assets decreased by 38.7% due to \$414,000 in advances paid back to the County in 2009. Capital Assets increased by 23.0% due to land purchased in 2009 for Sycamore Park and the continuation of construction projects. The District's current liabilities decreased by 44.7% due to the \$414,000 advances paid back to the County in 2009.

The District's capital grants and contributions decreased by \$514.200 due to grants received in 2008 from the State for the Chilo Boating Access project.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

combined ending fund balances of \$344,322. Of this amount, \$317,718 constitutes unreserved fund balance. \$26,604 of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders at year end.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$177,709, while the total fund balance was \$194,567. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 30.3% of the total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$84,544. Property taxes account for 64.3% of revenues in the General Fund.

The Williamsburg/Batavia Trail Capital Project fund decreased by \$221,004 due to expenditures related to the bike trail project between the Village of Williamsburg and the Village of Batavia.

The Sycamore Park Expansion Project Fund received a \$934,896 grant for the purchase of land to expand the park.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2009, the District amended its general fund budget, the most significant noted below. All recommendations for the budget were reviewed by the Clermont County Park Board for adoption of a resolution on the change. With the General Fund supporting many of our major activities, the General Fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending. A summary of noted differences and explanations:

- The personal services budget increased by \$12,000 due to an extra payroll in 2009.
- The purchased services budget increased by \$9,685 due to auditing services in 2009.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2009, amounts to \$7,090,707 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, vehicles, furniture, and equipment.

Note 6 (Capital Assets) provides capital asset activity during 2009.

Capital assets increased during 2009 because of land purchased for the Sycamore Park Expansion and for construction in progress on the Tealtown Road Park Project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

Long-term Debt: At the end of 2009, the District had a special obligation bond outstanding in the amount of \$409,100 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. The debt was issued in 2004 for the Chilo Lock and Dam Project. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Clermont County has experienced residential growth and an increase in property valuation over the past decade, and as a result property tax collections are 64.3% of the District's operating budget. Although the District has experienced growth, the District maintains a conservative approach to spending while maximizing its revenues. The current economy has seen a downturn; however, the District's revenues should remain constant. The District will have to review alternative methods of intergovernmental funding, since the State of Ohio's fiscal condition continues to remain uncertain and the District's portion of state-based program revenue will be affected by the fiscal year 2011-2012 State budget bill.

All of these factors were considered in the preparation of the District's 2009 budget. In conjunction with current economic factors, the District has remained its 2010 budget at the same levels as its 2009 and still provide quality service for its seven parks.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Chris Clingman, Clermont County Park District, 2228 Hwy. 50, Batavia, Ohio 45103, (513)732-2977, (email at parkdistrict@co.clermont.oh.us).

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Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2009

ACCETO.	Governmental Activities
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 460,241
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,348
Intergovernmental Receivable	28,413
Prepaid Items	10,327
Taxes Receivable	422,131
Capital Assets:	,
Land	3,199,362
Building and Building Improvements	2,527,072
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	213,333
Construction in Progress	1,587,267
Accumulated Depreciation:	
Buildings & Building Improvements	(334,540)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(101,787)
Total Assets	8,013,167
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	13,160
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,877
Contracts Payable	27,028
Intergovernmental Payable	599
Accrued Interest Payable	1,705
Due to County	96,500
Deferred Revenue	381,777
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	33,078
Due in More Than One Year	403,231
Total Liabilities	960,955
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	6,681,607
Restricted for Capital Outlay	129,504
Unrestricted	241,101
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,052,212

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

			Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities: Conservation and Recreation Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 658,200 17,067	\$ 88,354 0	\$ 4,503 0	\$ 1,211,983 0	\$ 646,640 (17,067)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 675,267	\$ 88,354	\$ 4,503	\$ 1,211,983	629,573	
	General Revenues Property Taxes Grants and Ent Investment Ear Miscellaneous	409,250 96,607 4,287 40,688				
	Total General Reve	enues			550,832	
	Change in Net Ass	ets			1,180,405	
	Net Assets Beginni	ing of Year			5,871,807	
	Net Assets End of	Year			\$ 7,052,212	

CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT CLERMONT COUNTY Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2009

	General Fund		Williamsburg/		Pa	Tealtown Park Joint Development		Lower East Fork Riparian		more ark nsion
ASSETS:										
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	186,958	\$	137,538	\$	31,844	\$	92,450	\$	0
Accrued Interest Receivable		1,348		0		0		0		0
Intergovernmental Receivable		24,363		0		0		4,050		0
Prepaid Items		10,327		0		0		0		0
Taxes Receivable	_	422,131		0_		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	645,127	\$	137,538		31,844	\$	96,500	\$	0
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts Payable	\$	13,160	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits		3,877		0		0		0		0
Contracts Payable		0		0		27.028		0		0
Intergovernmental Payable		599		0		0		0		0
Due to County		0		0		0		96,500		0
Deferred Revenue		432,924		0		0		4,050		0
Total Liabilities		450,560		0		27,028		100,550		0
FUND BALANCES: Reserved:										
Reserved for Encumbrances		6.531		0		9.746		0		0
Reserved for Prepaid Items		10,327		0		0		0		0
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:										
General Fund		177,709		0		0		0		0
Capital Projects Funds		0		137,538		(4,930)		(4,050)		0
Total Fund Balances		194,567		137,538		4,816	-	(4,050)		0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	645,127	\$	137,538	\$	31,844	\$	96,500	\$	0

CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT CLERMONT COUNTY Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2009

Gov	Il Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	344,322
				Total Governmental Fund Datances	Ψ	344,322
\$	11,451	\$	460,241	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
	0		1,348	statement of net assets are different because		
	0		28,413			
	0		10,327	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
	0		422,131	resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		7,090,707
\$	11,451	\$	922,460	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
<u> </u>		_		period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
\$	0	\$	13,160	Taxes 26,051		
•	0	•	3,877	Intergovernmental Revenues 28,413		
	0		27,028	Interest 733	_	
	0		599	Total		55,197
	0		96,500			
	0		436,974			
_	0		578,138	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
				Accrued Interest (1,705)	
	0		16,277	Special Obligation Bond (409,100)	
	0		10,327	Compensated Absences (27,209)	
				Total		(438,014)
	0		177,709			
	11,451		140,009	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	7,052,212
	11,451		344,322			
\$	11,451	\$	922,460			

CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	General Fund	Williamsmsburg/ Batavia Trail	Tealtown Park Joint Development	Lower East Fork Riparian	Sycamore Park Expansion
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$ 407,342	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Charges for Services	88,354	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	99,704	0	0	0 0	934,896 0
Interest	4,130	0	263,838	0	0
Other	34,138		203,636		
Total Revenues	633,668	0	263,838	0	934,896
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:	540.404	^	0	0	0
Conservation and Recreation	549,124 0	0 221.004	255,860	4.050	931,707
Capital Outlay	U	221,004	200,000	4,030	931,707
Debt Service: Principal Retirements	0	0	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	ŏ	Ŏ	ő	Õ	Ö
meresi and Fiscal Charges	<u>~</u>		<u>`</u>	<u>`</u>	<u>_</u>
Total Expenditures	549,124	221,004	255,860	4,050	931,707
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	84,544	(221,004)	7,978	(4,050)	3,189
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES:					
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(36,748)	0	0	0	Ö
Hansiers Out	(50,140)				
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(36,748)	0	0_	0	0_
Net Change in Fund Balance	47,796	(221,004)	7,978	(4,050)	3,189
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	146,771	358,542	(3,162)	0	(3,189)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 194,567	\$ 137,538	\$ 4,816	\$ (4,050)	\$ 0

CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT
CLERMONT COUNTY
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

All Other Total Governmental Governments Funds Funds		Governmenta	nl Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (135,814)
			Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
\$	0	\$ 407,342			
	0	88,354			
	41,777	1,076,377	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	0	4,130			
	6,550	304,526			
			the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		
	48,327	1,880,729		4 440 007	
			Capital asset additions	1,418,337	
			Depreciation expense	(92,481)	4 005 050
		540.40	Excess of capital outlay over depreciations		1,325,856
	0 18.050	549,124 1,430,671			
	18,050	1,430,67	after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as		
	19,600	19.600			
		17,148	<u> </u>		
	17,148	17,140	resources are not reported as revenues in the fund.		
	54,798	2,016,543		1,908	
	54,790	2,010,040	Intergovernmental revenue	(27,122)	
	(6,471)	(135,814	5	157	
	(0,471)	(100,011	Total revenue		(25,057)
			i otali levellue		(20,007)
	36,748	36,748	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources		
	00,11	(36,748	·	1	
			debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds		
	36,748	C	Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.		
			Repayment of Bond Principal		19,600
	30,277	(135,814			
		•	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,		
	(18,826)	480,136	whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.		81
\$	11,451	\$ 344,322	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require		
			the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported		
			as expenditures in governmental funds.		
			Compensated Absences Payable	-	 (4,261)
			Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	_	\$ 1,180,405

Statement of Revenues
Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

General Fund

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	405,998	\$	405,998	\$	394,195	\$	(11,803)
Charges for services		70,000		70,000		88,354		18,354
Intergovernmental		89,444		89,444		99,703		10,259
Interest		8,230		8,230		4,470		(3,760)
Other revenues		31,500		31,500	_	34,137		2,637
Total revenues		605,172	_	605,172		620,859	_	15,687
Expenditures:								
Current: Conservation and Recreation		564,654		592,921		573,207		19,714
Total expenditures		564,654		592,921		573,207		19,714
Total orportation		· ·						
Excess of revenues over expenditures		40,518	_	12,251		47,652	_	35,401
Other financing (uses):								
Operating transfers (out)		(36,748)		(36,748)		(36,748)		0
Advances in		0		0	_	4,923		4,923
Total other financing (uses)	_	(36,748)	_	(36,748)		(31,825)	_	4,923
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,770		(24,497)		15,827		40,324
Fund balance at beginning of year		143,078		143.078		143,078		0
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		11,796		11,796		11,796		0
Fund balance at end of year	\$	158,644	\$	130,377	\$	170,701	\$	40,324

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

Clermont County Park District, Clermont County, Ohio (the District), is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is directed by a three-member Board of Commissioners appointed by the probate judge of Clermont County. The District acquires lands for conversion into forest reserves and for the conservation of the natural resources, including streams, lakes, submerged lands and swamp lands. The Board may also create parks, parkways, and other reservations and may afforest, develop, improve and protect and promote the use of same as the Board deems conducive to the general welfare.

The District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the District (the primary government). The primary government includes all funds, departments, and boards for which the District is financially accountable. The District does not have any component units.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the Council accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities for the District at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular program.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are presented in one category; governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses of the sources, use and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Williamsburg/Batavia Trail Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to the capital improvements to the Williamsburg/Batavia Bike Trail.

Tealtown Park Joint Development Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to the park development on Tealtown Road.

Lower East Fork Riparian Capital Project Fund - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to Lower East Fork Riparian project.

Sycamore Park Expansion Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to the capital improvements of Sycamore Park.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose and for resources received for debt payments.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activity presents increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenue and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: delinquent taxes, grants, interest, and charges for services.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2008 but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the District may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the District's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the District. The legal level of control has been established by the District at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the District. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the County Park Board.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Park Board during the year including all supplemental appropriations.

Cash and Investments

The County Treasurer is the custodian for the District's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the District's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the District as a whole may be obtained from the Clermont County Auditor, Linda L. Fraley, 101 E Main St. 2nd Floor, Batavia, Ohio 45103, www.clermontauditor.org, (513) 732-7150.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture & Equipment	5-10

Compensated Absences

Vacation, personal and compensatory benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' right to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate employees for the benefits through time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued using the vesting method. The liability is based on sick leave accumulated at December 31 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future.

Ohio law requires that vacation time not be accumulated for more than three years plus current year accrual. Employees with a minimum of one year of service become vested in accumulated unpaid vacation time. Unused vacation is payable upon termination of employment. Unused sick time may be accumulated until retirement. Employees eligible to retire under a District recognized retirement plan, with a minimum of ten years of service, are paid one-fourth of accumulated sick time upon retirement. Such payment may not exceed the value of thirty days of accrued but unused sick leave. All sick, vacation, personal and compensation payments are made at employees' current wage rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligation of the funds. However, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally due for payment during the current year.

Net Assets

Net Assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Park Board or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented in the Basic Financial Statements to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance General Fund

	General	
	_	
GAAP Basis	\$	47,796
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals		(7,886)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals		(7,825)
Encumbrances		(16,258)
Budget Basis	\$	15,827

Note 4 - Fund Deficits

The Lower East Fork Riparian Capital Project Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$4,050 due to revenue deferred because it is not available at year end.

Note 5 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2009, consisted of taxes, accrued interest, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against real, public utility and tangible personal (business) property. The assessed value, by property classification, upon which taxes collected in 2009 were based, are as follows:

Real Property	\$4,143,136,330
Public Utility and Tangible Personal Property	287,052,739
Total Assessed Property Value	\$4,430,189,069

Real property taxes collected in 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008 on the assessed values of the preceding January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of real property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update every third year. The most recent revaluation was completed in tax year 2008. Tangible personal property tax is no longer assessed on equipment and inventory held by businesses. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. In 2009, if paid annually, payment was due by February 13, 2009. If paid semi-annually, the first payment (at least ½ of amount billed) was due February 13, 2009 with the remainder due July 8, 2009.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 5 - Receivables (Continued)

The County Auditor distributes portions of the taxes collected to all taxing districts with periodic settlements of Real and Public Utility property taxes in February and August and Tangible Personal Property taxes in June and October for the first and second halves of the year, respectively. The County accrues billed but uncollected property taxes as receivables at their estimated net realizable value. On the modified accrual basis the delinquent taxes outstanding and available to the District within the first 30 days of 2009 were recorded as 2009 revenue, the remaining taxes receivable are offset by a credit to deferred revenue. Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 10 mills without a vote of the people. For 2009 collections, the County levied .10 mills for the District.

Intergovernmental

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	<u>Amount</u>
Homestead and Rollback	24,363
Water Resource Restoration	4,050
Total Governmental Activities	\$28,413

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2009
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,269,389	\$ 929,973	\$ 0	\$ 3,199,362
Construction in Progress	1,098,903	488,364	0	1,587,267
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost not being				
depreciated	3,368,292	1,418,337	0_	4,786,629
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	2,527,072	0	0	2,527,072
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	213,333	0_	0	213,333
Total Capital Assets at Historical cost being depreciated	2,740,405	0	0	2,740,405
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(262,086)	(72,454)	0	(334,540)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(81,760)	(20,027)	0	(101,787)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(343,846)	(92,481)	0	(436,327)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	2,396,559	(92,481)	0	2,304,078
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,764,851	\$ 1,325,856	\$ 0	\$ 7,090,707

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Conservation and Reservation

\$92,481

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt and Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations of the District at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Special Obligation Bonds	Interest Rate %	Maturity	Balance 12/31/2008	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 12/31/2009	Amounts Due in One Year
2004 Special Obligation Improvement Bond	4.00%	2024	\$ 428,700	\$ 0	\$ 19,600	\$ 409,100	\$ 20,500
Compensated Absences			22,948	14,937	10,676	27,209	12,578
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities		\$ 451,648	\$ 14,937	\$ 30,276	\$ 436,309	\$ 33,078	

Annual debt service requirements for the District's long-term debt are as follows:

Special Obligation Bond

Year	Principal		Interest
2010	\$ 20,500		\$ 16,364
2011	21,200		15,544
2012	22,100		14,696
2013	23,000		13,812
2014	23,900		12,892
2015-2019	134,600		49,336
2020-2024	163,800		20,168
TOTAL	\$ 409,100	_	\$ 142,812

Special Obligation Bond

In 2004, the District issued a special obligation bond in the amount of \$500,000 for the renovating, equipping and furnishing the Chilo Lock and Dam No. 34 Operation Building and adjacent Lockmaster House. The debt requires semi-annual interest payments and annual principal payments beginning June 1, 2004 through December 1, 2024.

Note 8 - Amendments to Original Appropriations Budget

Amendments beyond the object level must be approved by the Park Board. In 2009, the original appropriation measure was increased by the Board with the net effect as follows: General Fund \$28,267 and Capital Project Funds \$37,621.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District belongs to the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the Plan), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. The Pool provides property and casualty coverage for its members. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund the Plan. The Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 9 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Plan retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$4,000,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge the Plan's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective local government. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past five years.

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Public Employees Retirement System:

All full-time employees, other than teachers, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) which is a public employee retirement system created by the State of Ohio. OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan;
- The Member-Directed Plan a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- The Combined Plan a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS, provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS, issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. For 2009, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. The employee contribution rate for 2009 was 10.0% for employees. The 2009 employer contribution rate was 14.0% of covered payroll. The District's contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$37,649; \$35,479; and \$33,065, respectively, 100% has been contributed for the years 2009, 2008, and 2007.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Tradition Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age and service retirees under the Tradition Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system meets the definition of an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care based on authority granted by state statute. The 2009 employer contribution rate was 14.0% of covered payroll for employees. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0% of covered payroll for employees. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 7.0% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.5% from April 1 through December 31, 2009. The District's actual contributions for 2009 which was used to fund OPEB were \$15,812 for employees. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008. Member and employer contribution rates for law enforcement and public safety increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006 with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

District employees have the option of participating in four state-wide deferred compensation plans created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this program, employees elect to have a portion of their pay deferred until a future time. According to this plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred pay and any income earned thereon is not subject to income tax until actually received by the employee. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) must be held in a trust, custodial account, or annuity contract for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Deferred amounts from the plan are not considered "made available" just because a trust, custodial account or annuity contract holds these amounts. The Plan Agreement states that the District and the plan administrators have no liability for losses under the plan with the exception of fraud or wrongful taking.

Note 13 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the District are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

www.perrycpas.com

MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056 (740) 373-2402 Fax PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 (304) 428-5587 Fax ST. CLAIRSVILLE 121 E Main Street St. Clairsville, OH 43950 (740) 695-1569 (740) 695-5775 Fax

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 28, 2011

Clermont County Park District Clermont County 2228 Highway 50 Batavia, Ohio 45103

To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Clermont County Park District**, Clermont County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a more than reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Clermont County Park District Clermont County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted,

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Yerry Mancules CAS A. C.



CLERMONT COUNTY PARK DISTRICT

CLERMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 27, 2011