## Colerain Township, Ohio

Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2009 (with Independent Auditors' Report)





# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Colerain Township 4200 Springdale Road Colerain Township, Ohio 45251

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Colerain Township, Hamilton County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Colerain Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 6, 2011

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Trustees Colerain Township, Ohio:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colerain Township, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colerain Township, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Police District, Fire District and the Ambulance/EMS Funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2011, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 8 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Clark, Schafer, Harhett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio May 17, 2011

#### Colerain Township of Hamilton County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Colerain Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2009, within the limitations of the Township's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

#### <u>Highlights</u>

Key highlights for 2009 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,118,084 or 5%.

The Township's general receipts are primarily property taxes. These receipts represent 68 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year.

#### Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### **Report Components**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the Township-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

#### Colerain Township of Hamilton County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2009, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we define Governmental activities as the Township's basic services including police, fire, streets and parks. State and federal grants and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

#### Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose.

The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental

#### Colerain Township of Hamilton County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

funds are the General Fund, Police District Fund, Fire District Fund, Ambulance/EMS Fund, and TIF Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

#### The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2009 and 2008 on a modified cash basis.

Table 1	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2009
<b>Assets</b> Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent	22,457,539 603,392	21,414,037 528,810
Total Assets	\$23,060,931	\$21,942,847
Net Assets Restricted for: Debt Service	1,279	1,181
Police Fire Ambulance/EMS Other Purposes Unrestricted	1,051,511 8,751,366 801,094 1,934,570 10,521,111	1,478,223 8,327,684 749,884 1,967,940 9,417,935
Total Net Assets	\$23,060,931	\$21,942,847

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,118,084 or 5% percent during 2009.

### Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2009 compared to 2008.

#### (Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2009
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,090,232	\$1,349,561
Operating Grants and Contributions	896,157	987,637
Capital Grants and Contributions	262,791	265,365
Total Program Receipts	2,249,180	2,602,563
General Receipts:		
Property and Other Local Taxes Grants and Entitlements Not	15,914,992	16,936,695
Restricted to Specific Programs	3,162,655	2,777,258
Notes and Bonds Issued	4,895,000	10,185,000
Interest	874,286	316,845
Miscellaneous	2,252,509	2,322,490
Total General Receipts	27,099,442	32,538,288
Total Receipts	29,348,622	35,140,851
Disbursements:		
General Government	2,295,636	2,214,140
Public Safety	14,736,429	15,318,620
Public Works	2,864,319	2,853,489
Health	92,205	72,273
Conservation/Recreation	1,328,326	1,297,622
Human Services	-	4,519
Capital Outlay	1,860,267	3,233,093
Principal Retirement	4,865,270	10,467,710
Interest and Fiscal Charges	626,542	797,469
Total Disbursements	\$28,668,994	\$36,258,935
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	679,628	(1,118,084)
Net Assets, January 1,	22,381,303	23,060,931
Net Assets, December 31,	\$23,060,931	\$21,942,847

Program receipts represent only 7% of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money, and inspection fees.

General receipts represent 93% of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, 68 percent are local taxes. State and federal grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities.

Public Safety is the costs of police and fire protection; Conservation/Recreation are the costs of maintaining the parks and playing fields; Public Works is the cost of maintaining the Township's roads and Capital Outlay is the cost of performing township projects. Capital outlay increased \$1.4 million in 2009. This increase can be attributed to construction and purchasing equipment for the Clippard Park project. The Township spent \$1,600,828 for this project alone.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Table 3

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are Public Safety, Public Works and Capital Outlay, which account for 59% of all governmental disbursements. General government also represents a significant cost, about 6%. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

**Government Activities** Total Cost Net Cost Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services of Services of Services 2008 2008 2009 2009 \$ 2,295,636 \$ (2,295,636) **General Government** 2,214,140 (2,214,140)Public Safety 14,736,429 (13,805,804)15,318,620 (14,010,378)Public Works 2,864,319 (1.878,440)2,853,489 (1.857, 299)Health/Human Services/Other (76, 792)92,205 (92, 205)76,792 **Conservation-Recreation** 1,328,326 (995, 650)1,297,622 (999,491) Capital Outlay 1,860,267 (1,860,267)3,233,093 (3, 233, 093)Principal Retirement 4,865,270 (4,865,270)10,467,710 (10,467,710)Interest and Fiscal Charges 626,542 (626, 542)797,469 (797,469) Total Expenses \$28,668,994 \$ (26,419,814) \$36,258,935 \$ (33,656,372)

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as 47% of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

### The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$24,955,851 and disbursements of \$36,258,935. The Township also issued \$10,185,000 in bonds and notes.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2009, the Township estimated general fund receipts at \$3,526,342, but actual receipts were \$4,878,643. The low budget amount was due to receiving more property and other local taxes and miscellaneous income than expected.

Final general fund disbursements were budgeted at \$8,714,655 while actual disbursements were \$7,273,585. Actual disbursements were \$1.4 million lower than budgeted disbursements due to the Township performing more projects than anticipated.

#### Debt Administration

At December 31, 2009, the Township's outstanding debt included \$12,875,000 in general obligation bonds issued for construction buildings and structures. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

#### Current Issues

The challenge for all Governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes and have very little industry to support the tax base.

#### **Contacting the Township's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Heather E. Harlow, Fiscal Officer, Colerain Township, 4200 Springdale Road, Colerain Township, OH 45251; (513) 385-7500; hharlow@coleraintwp.org.

Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2009

	Governmental Activities		
Assets Cash and Investments	\$	21 414 027	
	Ф	21,414,037	
Cash with Fiscal Agent		528,810	
Total Assets		21,942,847	
Net Assets			
Restricted for:			
Debt Service		1,181	
Police		1,478,223	
Fire		8,327,684	
Ambulance/EMS		749,884	
Other Purposes		1,967,940	
Unrestricted		9,417,935	
Total Net Assets	\$	21,942,847	

**Colerain Township, Hamilton County** Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

								Disbursements Receipts and
								Changes in
			·		Program	n Cash Receipts		 Net Assets
		Cash ursements		Charges for Services and Sales	G	Operating rants and ntributions	ital Grants	 Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
General Government	\$ 2	2,214,140	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (2,214,140)
Public Safety	1:	5,318,620		1,139,632		168,610	-	(14,010,378)
Public Works		2,853,489		159,902		570,923	265,365	(1,857,299)
Health		72,273		-		-	-	(72,273)
Human Services		4,519		-		-	-	(4,519)
Conservation-Recreation		1,297,622		50,027		248,104	-	(999,491)
Capital Outlay	-	3,233,093		-		-	-	(3,233,093)
Debt Service:								
Principal	10	0,467,710		-		-	-	(10,467,710)
Interest		797,469		-		-	 -	 (797,469)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 30	6,258,935	\$	1,349,561	\$	987,637	\$ 265,365	\$ (33,656,372)

General Receipts	
Property and Other Local Taxes	16,936,695
Grants/Entitlements not Restricted to Programs	2,777,258
Notes and Bonds Issued	10,185,000
Interest	316,845
Miscellaneous	 2,322,490
Total General Receipts	 32,538,288
Change in Net Assets	(1,118,084)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 23,060,931
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 21,942,847

## **Colerain Township, Hamilton County** Statement of Modified-Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2009

	General	Police District Fund	Fire District Fund	Ambulance EMS Fund	TIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,417,935	\$ 1,478,223	\$ 8,327,684	\$ 749,884	\$ -	\$ 1,440,311	\$21,414,037
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-				528,810		528,810
Total Assets	9,417,935	1,478,223	8,327,684	749,884	528,810	1,440,311	21,942,847
Fund Balances Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated, Reported in:	1,307,917	162,741	647,827	29,745	-	779,210	2,927,440
General Fund	8,110,018	-	-	-	-	-	8,110,018
Special Revenue Funds	-	1,315,482	7,679,857	720,139	-	659,920	10,375,398
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	-	-	1,181	1,181
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-	528,810	-	528,810
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,417,935	\$ 1,478,223	\$ 8,327,684	\$ 749,884	\$ 528,810	\$ 1,440,311	\$21,942,847

Colerain Township, Hamilton County Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified-Cash Basis Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	General	Police District Fund	Fire District Fund	Ambulance EMS Fund	TIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 814,538	\$ 4,073,303	\$ 8,587,434	\$-	\$ 950,611	\$ 1,611,934	\$16,037,820
Charges for Services	\$ 614,556	\$ 4,075,505	\$ 0,507,454	1,071,440	\$ 950,011	\$ 1,011,934	1,071,440
Licenses, Permits and Fees	1,160,278	2,226	6,810	1,071,440	_	35,167	1,204,481
Fines and Forfeitures	1,100,270	53,193	-	-	_	6,486	59,679
Intergovernmental	2,019,527	569,849	1,208,830	_	_	1,130,929	4,929,135
Special Assessments	2,019,027		1,200,050	-	_	159,902	159,902
Earnings on Investments	315,601	_	-	-	_	1,244	316,845
Other	568,699	169,159	227,762	-	-	210,929	1,176,549
Total Receipts	4,878,643	4,867,730	10,030,836	1,071,440	950,611	3,156,591	24,955,851
Disbursements							
Current:	1 00 4 5 4 1					100 500	
General Government	1,804,541	-	-	-	-	409,599	2,214,140
Public Safety	-	4,271,374	9,891,216	1,122,650	-	33,380	15,318,620
Public Works	557,343	-	-	-	-	2,296,146	2,853,489
Health	72,273	-	-	-	-	-	72,273
Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	4,519	4,519
Conservation-Recreation	1,297,622	-	-	-	-	-	1,297,622
Capital Outlay	2,233,889	169,644	372,302	-	78,947	378,311	3,233,093
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	9,790,000	677,710	10,467,710
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-				346,246	451,223	797,469
Total Disbursements	5,965,668	4,441,018	10,263,518	1,122,650	10,215,193	4,250,888	36,258,935
Excess of Receipts Over (Under)							
Disbursements	(1,087,025)	426,712	(232,682)	(51,210)	(9,264,582)	(1,094,297)	(11,303,084)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Notes and Bonds Issued	995,000	-	-	-	9,190,000	-	10,185,000
Transfers In	-	-	60,000	-	-	1,202,151	1,262,151
Transfers Out	(1,011,151)	-	(251,000)	-	-	-	(1,262,151)
Advances In	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	100,000
Advances Out	(50,000)					(50,000)	(100,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,151)		(191,000)		9,190,000	1,202,151	10,185,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,103,176)	426,712	(423,682)	(51,210)	(74,582)	107,854	(1,118,084)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,521,111	1,051,511	8,751,366	801,094	603,392	1,332,457	23,060,931
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 9,417,935	\$ 1,478,223	\$ 8,327,684	\$ 749,884	\$ 528,810	\$ 1,440,311	\$21,942,847

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 608,587	\$ 495,116	\$ 814,538	\$ 319,422
Licenses, Permits and Fees	995,467	943,602	1,160,278	216,676
Intergovernmental	1,403,547	1,550,585	2,019,527	468,942
Interest	220,822	196,257	315,601	119,344
Other	315,334	340,782	568,699	227,917
Total receipts	3,543,757	3,526,342	4,878,643	1,352,301
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	3,102,406	2,645,796	2,111,333	534,463
Public Works	1,980,024	1,074,516	706,903	367,613
Health	128,143	105,906	72,273	33,633
Conservation-Recreation	1,998,868	1,585,065	1,389,846	195,219
Capital Outlay	1,434,610	3,303,372	2,993,230	310,142
1 2	, <u>, , , _</u>			
Total Disbursements	8,644,051	8,714,655	7,273,585	1,441,070
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(5,100,294)	(5,188,313)	(2,394,942)	2,793,371
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bonds Issued	-	-	995,000	995,000
Transfers Out	(1,230,000)	(1,436,000)	(1,011,151)	424,849
Advances In	30,000	30,000	50,000	20,000
Advances Out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
Other Financing Uses	(500,000)	(283,000)	-	283,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,750,000)	(1,739,000)	(16,151)	1,722,849
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,850,294)	(6,927,313)	(2,411,093)	4,516,220
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	10,006,695	10,006,695	10,006,695	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	514,416	514,416	514,416	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 3,670,817	\$ 3,593,798	\$ 8,110,018	\$ 4,516,220

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Fire District Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$8,784,185	\$8,386,129	\$ 8,587,434	\$201,305
Licenses, Permits and Fees	6,894	10,528	6,810	(3,718)
Intergovernmental	684,285	937,960	1,208,830	270,870
Other	253,439	241,294	227,762	(13,532)
Total receipts	9,728,803	9,575,911	10,030,836	454,925
Disbursements				
Current:	11 700 211	11 700 500	10 102 002	1.500 (1)
Public Safety	11,798,311	11,722,599	10,192,983	1,529,616
Capital Outlay	816,251	911,072	718,362	192,710
Total Disbursements	12,614,562	12,633,671	10,911,345	1,722,326
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(2,885,759)	(3,057,760)	(880,509)	2,177,251
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers In	80,000	260,000	60,000	(200,000)
Transfers Out	(252,000)	(252,000)	(251,000)	1,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(172,000)	8,000	(191,000)	(199,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,057,759)	(3,049,760)	(1,071,509)	1,978,251
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	8,286,804	8,286,804	8,286,804	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	464,562	464,562	464,562	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$5,693,607	\$5,701,606	\$7,679,857	\$1,978,251

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Ambulance/EMS Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Charges for Services	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$1,071,440	171,440
Total receipts	900,000	900,000	\$1,071,440	171,440
Disbursements				
Current:				
Public Safety	\$1,407,461	\$1,407,461	\$1,152,396	255,065
Total Disbursements	1,407,461	1,407,461	1,152,396	255,065
Net Change in Fund Balance	(507,461)	(507,461)	(80,956)	426,505
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	733,634	733,634	733,634	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	67,461	67,461	67,461	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$293,634	\$293,634	\$720,139	\$426,505

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis Police District Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$4,172,426	\$4,226,946	\$ 4,073,303	(\$153,643)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	3,519	3,753	2,226	(1,527)
Fines and Forfeitures	55,297	63,207	53,193	(10,014)
Intergovernmental	301,621	296,281	569,849	273,568
Other	158,854	117,063	169,159	52,096
Total receipts	4,691,717	4,707,250	4,867,730	160,480
Disbursements				
Current:				
Public Safety	4,701,187	4,768,589	4,412,691	355,898
Capital Outlay	256,896	191,490	191,068	422
	4 0 5 0 0 0 0	4.0.40.070	1 (02 7 7 0	256 220
Total Disbursements	4,958,083	4,960,079	4,603,759	356,320
Net Change in Fund Balance	(266,366)	(252,829)	263,971	(195,840)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	986,628	986,628	986,628	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	64,883	64,883	64,883	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$785,145	\$798,682	\$1,315,482	(\$195,840)

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Colerain Township, Hamilton County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established in 1794 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

#### A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, fire and emergency medical services, zoning, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, a Senior and Community Center, and historical cemetery maintenance. Police protection is provided by the Township as well as a contract with the Hamilton County Sheriff's Office.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township has no component units.

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity. This organization is the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority.

The financial statements exclude the following entities which perform activities within the Township's boundaries for the benefit of its residents because the Township is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the Township:

- Colerain Township Citizen Police Academy Alumni Association
- Colerain Township Citizen Fire Academy Alumni Association
- Colerain Community Association
- Colerain Township Business Association
- Coleraine Historical Society
- Colerain Summer Events Committee, Inc.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### **B. Fund Accounting**

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's only major governmental funds include the General Fund, the Police District Fund, the Fire District Fund, Ambulance EMS Fund, and the TIF Fund.

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Fire District and Police District funds are both funded by separate levies. The Ambulance EMS Fund also provides for public safety. The TIF Fund is used to account for improvements and financing associated with the Township's TIF Districts.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### D. Budgetary Process

All funds legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations resolution is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Cash and Investments."

Investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash and investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2009, the Township invested in U.S. Agency Securities, Certificates of Deposit and STAR Ohio. The U.S. Agency Securities are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2009.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2009 was \$315,601.

#### F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

#### I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception.

#### K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for fire/ambulance services, road repairs, recycling, and drug enforcement and education. All levied funds are restricted in their expenditures, in that they can only be used for the operations of the department in which they were voted.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved and undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

#### Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund, Police District Fund, Fire District Fund and the Ambulance/EMS Fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$1,307,917 for the General Fund, \$162,741 for the Police District Fund, \$647,827 for the Fire District Fund, and \$29,745 for the Ambulance/EMS fund.

#### Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts. Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances with appropriate limitations since ORC training requirements have been met.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by collateral pledged to the Township by the financial institution, or by a collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Township or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

#### Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$7,788,165 (including cash with fiscal agents) and the bank balance was \$8,526,071. Of the bank balance \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,276,071 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### Investments

As of December 31, 2009, the Township had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities						
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than		
		less	months	months	months	24 months		
Investment Type	Fair Value							
FHLBC Notes	\$ 2,985,320					2,985,320		
FHLMC Notes	3,026,470		1,008,910			2,017,560		
FNMA Notes	5,038,130	1,006,250				4,031,880		
Certificates of Deposit	500,000	-	500,000					
Govt. Money Market	204,762	204,762						
StarOhio	 2,400,000	2,400,000						
	\$ 14,154,682	<u>\$ 3,611,012</u>	<u>\$ 1,508,910</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	\$ 9,034,760		

Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Township's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

The Township's investments in the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation securities are rated Aaa by Moody's and AAA by Standard and Poor's. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The U.S. Agency Securities are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

#### Note 5 – Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2009 represent the collection of 2008 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due

December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2009 represent the collection of 2008 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2009 became a lien on December 31, 2006, were levied after October 1, 2008, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the true value as of December 31, 2008. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$17.33 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2009 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential/ Agriculture	\$1,017,620,830
Commercial Industrial/Other Public Utility Property	229,484,930 26,293,090
Tangible Personal Property	1,997,010
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$1,275,395,860</u>

#### Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2009, the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP.) Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Colerain Township Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Coverage provided by OTARMA is as follows:

Legal Liability	\$10,000,000 Per Occurrence
Automobile Liability	\$10,000,000 Per Occurrence
Law Enforcement Operations Coverage	\$10,000,000 Per Occurrence
Wrongful Acts Coverage	\$10,000,000 Per Occurrence
Property Coverage	\$29,445,200 Real Property
	\$1,915,400 Personal Property
Boiler and Machinery Coverage	\$31,360,000 Limit

#### **Casualty Coverage**

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$13,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to the annual aggregate limit of \$10,000,000.

#### Property Coverage

The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding \$500,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$150,000 up to \$500,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides property aggregate stop loss coverage to APEEP based upon the combined Members' Total Insurable Value (TIV). If the stop loss is reached by payment of the Pools retained losses, Travelers will then reinsure property specific losses in excess of the retention up to their \$600,000,000 per occurrence limit. Additionally, effective January 1, 2009, APEEP provides an additional aggregate for the \$50,000 excess \$100,000 layer, with the aggregate limit tied to TIV, for the insurance coverages to the Pools.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net assets at December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	 2009	2008
Assets	\$ 38,982,088	\$ 40,737,740
Liabilites	(12,880,766)	(12,981,818)
Net Assets	\$ 26,101,322	\$ 27,755,922

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, liabilities noted above include approximately \$12.0 million and \$12.1 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.5 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$9,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA the expected rates charged by OTARMA to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership. The Township's contributions to OTARMA for the years ending December 31, 2009 and 2008 were \$223,459 and \$202,408, respectively.

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All Township full-time employees, other than Firemen, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employers contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year.) Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. The combined plan is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor, and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the memberdirected plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS. 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6701 or (800)-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2009, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan.

The 2009 member contribution rates were 10% for members in state and local classifications. Public safety members contributed 10.1%. Members in the law enforcement classification, which consist generally of sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police contributed at a rate of 10.1%.

The 2009 employer contribution rate for state employers was 14% of covered payroll. For local government employer units, the rate was 14% of covered payroll. For both the law enforcement and public safety divisions, the employer contribution rate for 2009 was 17.63%. The portion of employer contributions, for all employers, allocated to health care was 7% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.50% from April 1 through December 31, 2009.

The Township's required contributions to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$905,817, \$860,236 and \$704,438, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three years.

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension benefits while the Township is required to contribute 24 percent for firefighters. The Township's contributions to OP&F for firefighters for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$1,026,7567, \$1,005,798, and \$953,541, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three years.

#### Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

#### A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

#### Plan Description

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2009, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 17.63%. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0% of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.1% of covered payroll for law and public safety employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan was 7% from January 1 through March 31, 2009 and 5.50% from April 1 through December 31, 2009. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. For the year ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the Township contributed approximately \$295,000, \$292,000 and \$280,000 for post-employment benefits.

#### OPERS Retirement Board Implements its Health Care Preservation Plan

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates for state and local employers increased on January 1 of each year from 2006 to 2009. Rates for law and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

#### Plan Description

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employers.

The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan. OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Township's contributions to OP&F for firefighters allocated to health care for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$1,026,756, \$1,005,798, and \$953,541, respectively, of which \$341,643, \$315,635 and \$267,945, respectively.

#### Note 9 - Notes Payable

A summary of the note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2009, follows:

		Balance at 12/31/08	Issued	Debt Retirement	Balance at 12/31/09
Revenue Anticipation No	otes				
Best Buy TIF R	AN \$	500,000	500,000	(1,000,000)	-
Stonecreek TIF	RAN	4,395,000	-	(4,395,000)	-
Target TIF Bon	d RAN	541,800	-	(172,710)	369,090
Series 2009B		-	4,395,000	(4,395,000)	-
Total	\$	5,436,800	4,895,000	(9,962,710)	369,090

Colerain & Haverkos LLC Best Buy Notes, also known as Trinity Site B, were valued at \$500,000 in May 2009 and sold at a rate of 4.75%. The Stonecreek Notes were valued at roughly \$4,395,000 and sold for 8 months at roughly 4%. Fifth Third Securities was able to market the \$500,000 Best Buy Notes and \$2,695,000 of the \$4,395,000 Stonecreek Notes that matured in 2009, but had to rely on a Fifth Third Bank Public Funds loan for the remaining \$1,700,000. In November 2009, Colerain Township paid off the Trinity Site B note and refinanced the Stonecreek and Fifth Third Bank Public Funds loan with Series 2009B TIF Revenue Bonds.

#### Colerain Township Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

The Target Ohio Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Revenue Notes were issued on October 15, 2002 with a total face value of \$1,300,000 and an interest rate of 4.5%. These Notes were issued as provided for by Ohio Revised Code Sections 5709.73 through 5609.75, and pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Trustees on September 10, 2002. The Notes were issued to provide funds to pay the cost of constructing road, lighting, landscaping, water, sewer, storm sewer and related improvements to Poole Road. These Notes are negotiable instruments but do not constitute a general obligation or debt of the Township, the State of Ohio or any political subdivision thereof, and neither the general credit nor taxing power of the Township, the State of Ohio, or any political subdivision therefore are pledged for the payment of the principal of, or interest and any premium on, these Notes. Such principal, interest and premium are payable solely from moneys pledged to the Trust Agreement, and the Holder hereof does not and shall not have any right to have excises or taxes levied by the Township, the General Assembly of Ohio, or the taxing authority of any political subdivision thereof, for the payment of such principal, interest and premium.

The Township's resolution dated September 10, 2002 states that nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the Township from lawfully using, of its own volition, any of its general resources for the fulfillment of any of the terms and conditions of the Authorizing Legislation or the Notes. These Notes are not secured by the full faith and credit of the Township. Target Corporation, a Minnesota corporation (the "Developer") will cause to be issued and delivered to the Trustee (Fifth Third Bank of Cincinnati) by a bank acceptable to the original purchaser an irrevocable standby letter of credit pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled to draw up to (a) the principal amount of the Notes outstanding to enable the Trustee to pay the principal amount of the Notes when due at maturity or upon redemption or acceleration in the occurrence of an event of default, plus (b) the amount of interest due on the Notes computed at the of interest on the Notes for a period of 195 days to enable the Trustee to pay interest due on the Notes.

#### Note 10 - Debt

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2008</u>	Additions	Payments	Balance December 31, <u>2009</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Government Complex	2.75%- 4.75%	\$730,000	-	80,000	650,000	80,000
2001 Fire Bonds	3%-5%	2,335,000	-	135,000	2,200,000	140,000
2001 Building Bonds	3%-5%	2,065,000	-	120,000	1,945,000	125,000
2001 Park Bonds	3%-5%	2,960,000	-	170,000	2,790,000	175,000
2009 Park Bonds	2%-4%	-	995,000	-	995,000	185,000
2009B TIF Revenue Bonds	4.50%	-	4,295,000	-	4,295,000	535,000
Total:		\$8,090,000	5,290,000	505,000	12,875,000	1,240,000

The 2001 Building Improvement Bonds were issued December 15, 2001 for the purpose of relocating the Township's Public Works Department. The bonds are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

The 2001 Fire Department Bonds were issued December 15, 2001 for the purpose of building and rehabbing Township fire stations. The bonds are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

The 2001 Park Bonds were issued December 1, 2001 for the purpose of improving the East Miami River Road Park. The bonds are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

The 2001 Government Complex Building Improvement Refunding Bonds were issued September 1, 2001 for the purpose of refinancing notes originally issued in 1997 to finance construction of a governmental complex building. The bonds are collateralized solely by the Township's taxing authority.

The 2009 Park Construction Bonds were issued September 23, 2009 for the purpose of improving Clippard Park, with interest rates between 2.00% - 4.00% and maturing on December 1, 2014.

The 2009B TIF Revenue Bonds were issued November 25, 2009 for the purpose of refinancing various TIF notes, with an interest rate of 4.50% and maturing on December 1, 2012.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending 12/31	Gov	't Complex Bonds	2001 Building Bonds		2001 Fire Bonds		2001 Park Bonds		2009 Park Bonds		2009B TIF Bonds	
2010	\$	108,908	\$	222,450	\$	250,268	\$	314,560	\$	204,900	\$	535,000
2011		110,628		222,138		249,318		317,122		219,900		560,000
2012		112,057		221,482		248,010		319,075		222,388		3,200,000
2013		113,188		220,542		251,410		315,496		213,400		-
2014		108,960		219,242		249,210		316,494		218,400		-
2015-2019		219,626		1,101,222		1,248,714		1,581,298		-		-
2020-2021		-		441,000		500,250		634,500		-		-
	\$	773,367	\$	2,648,076	\$	2,997,180	\$	3,798,545	\$	1,078,988	\$	4,295,000

#### Note 11 – Interfund Transfers

During 2009 the following transfers were made:

Transfers from the General Fund To:	
Bond/Note Retirement	\$651,151
Fire District	\$60,000
Zoning	<u>\$300,000</u>
Total:	\$1,011,151
Transfer from the Fire District Fund To:	
Fire Debt Service	251,000
Total Transfers	<u>\$1,262,151</u>

Transfers represent the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers to the Fire District are monies received as rent of the Colerain Township Training Center, which they maintain.

#### Note 12 – Construction and Contractual Commitments

We hold a contract with the Hamilton County Sheriff's Office to assist with providing police protection and traffic safety in the Township. The Township is under contract for road resurfacing and rehabilitation. We also hold numerous contracts for maintenance and other services.

#### Note 13 – Contingent Liabilities

The Township is defendant in several lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, they believe the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### NOTE 14 – Subsequent Events

In January 2011, the Township issued \$20,000,000 in general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued to fund various township projects as well as to refund current debt.



#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Colerain Township, Ohio:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colerain Township, Hamilton County, Ohio (Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2011 wherein we noted the Township uses the modified cash basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the schedule of findings and responses, we identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described and labeled as items 2009/2008-1, 2009/2008-2 and 2009/2008-3 in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses.

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#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Township's responses to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Township's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Township in a separate letter dated May 17, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, and the Board of Trustees and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clark, Schafer, Hachett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio May 17, 2011

#### COLERAIN TOWNSHIP, HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### **Financial Statement Findings**

#### Finding 2009/2008-1 – Financial Statements

Monitoring controls are procedures and supervisory activities performed by management to help ensure that management's objectives are being achieved, including the objective of assuring accurate and reliable financial statements for external reporting purposes. Effective monitoring controls should enable management to identify miscalculations, errors and omissions in financial statements.

During the course of our audit, we identified material misclassifications and misstatements in the financial statements that were not initially identified by the Township's internal control over financial reporting. These errors occurred as part of the Township's preparation of its financial statements in a GASB 34 look-a-like format.

We recommend the Township implement procedures to ensure that its financial statements are presented in an accurate and reliable manner. Such procedures should include a more robust review of the financial statements.

**Management response:** We would like to reiterate that these errors occurred as part of the preparation of the financial statements in the GASB 34 look-a-like format, not part of the daily operations and reporting. The preparation of the statements will be reviewed.

#### Finding 2009/2008-2 – Restatement of Financial Statements

All financial activity of the Township should be recorded in the Township's books and records. However, in prior years the Township issued Tax Increment Revenue Notes that were not recorded on the books or financial statements of the Township. The debt proceeds were deposited in trustee accounts and the trustee made disbursements for the related capital projects and held unspent cash balances. These transactions and balances should have been reflected in the Township's financial statements. A prior period adjustment was necessary to record the cash held by the trustee as of December 31, 2007. Furthermore, the transactions related to refinancing of the notes in 2009 and as well as additional capital disbursements also needed to be recorded in the 2009 and 2008 financial statements.

We recommend the Township implement procedures to insure that all Township financial activity is accurately reported on the books and records and in the Township's financial statements.

**Management response:** In 2006, the Township issued \$4,040,000 in Bond Anticipation Notes on behalf of the Stone Creek Development. These Notes were 100% secured by a Letter of Credit that would fully repay the Notes should the revenues from the development not be sufficient. The Township had no legal liability associated with this transaction due to the Letter of Credit that was posted. As a condition by the Letter of Credit Bank, the proceeds from the Note was held by a trustee bank and the proceeds were dispersed directly from the trustee bank to pay the eligible construction expenses. Bond counsel is retained to over-see the expenditures of all project funds and interest.

#### Finding 2009/2008-3 – Unrecorded Receipts and Cash

As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Township had an investment account with a local financial institution that included investments in various United States federal agency securities as well as a government money market fund with a balance of approximately \$204,000. This money market account has not been recorded on the Township's books. The balance is a result of interest receipts on securities received during the period from February 2008 to August 2008. In all other months of 2008 and during 2009, these interest receipts were automatically swept from the investment account to the Township's bank account and were recorded at that time. However, these receipts approximating \$204,000 were not swept to the checking account and the Township did not record the receipts. Therefore adjustments were needed to reflect the additional cash balance at both December 31, 2009 and 2008 as well as the additional revenue in 2008.

We recommend the Township implement procedures to insure that all Township financial activity is accurately reported on the books and records and in the Township's financial statements.

**Management response:** This money market fund was meant to hold funds before being re-invested in a long-term security, as it produced a higher interest rate than our regular checking account. Because of this, it had a variable balance. Monthly, we reviewed the balance on the statements. This account was closed in 2010. If, in the future, accounts such as this are opened, we will ensure they are recorded on the books. Further, we will update our investment policy to require this.

#### COLERAIN TOWNSHIP, HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### Finding 2007-1 – Financial Statements

Monitoring controls are procedures and supervisory activities performed by management to help ensure that management's objectives are being achieved, including the objective of assuring accurate and reliable financial statements for external reporting purposes. Effective monitoring controls should enable management to identify miscalculations, errors and omissions in financial reports.

During the course of our audit, we identified material misclassifications and misstatements in the financial statements for the year under audit that were not initially identified by the Township's internal control. These errors occurred as part of the Township's preparation of its financial statements in a GASB 34 look-a-like format.

#### Current Status: Finding repeated in current year.

#### Finding 2007-2 – Encumbering

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D)(1) states that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances, with certain exceptions.

Twenty (20%) percent of the transactions tested were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances. Unless the exceptions noted above are used properly, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Clerk certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

Current Status: Corrected in current year.

#### Finding 2007-3 – Conflict of Interest

Ohio Revised Code § 2921.42(A)(1) states, in part, that no public official shall knowingly authorize or employ the authority or influence of his office to secure authorization of any public contract in which he, or a member of his family has an interest.

Ohio Revised Code § 102.03(D) states, that no public official or employee shall use or authorize the use of the authority or influence of office or employment to secure anything of value or the promise or offer of anything of value that is of such a character as to manifest a substantial and improper influence upon the official or employee with respect to the person's duties.

During the course of our audit, it was noted that Trustee Bernard Fiedelday voted to hire his grandchildren as part-time seasonal employees of the Township's Parks department in 2006, 2007 and 2008.

We recommend the Township, with the assistance of its legal counsel, develop a conflict of interest policy, and require its employees and elected officials to sign an annual statement stating he/she has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy, has read and understands the policy, has agreed to comply with the policy, and disclose affiliations which may represent a potential conflict of interest. Designated township management should review these statements to help reduce the likelihood of conflicts of interest or undisclosed related party transactions

This matter was referred to the Ohio Ethics Commission by the Auditor of State's Office.

Current Status: No instances noted in the current year beyond what was previously reported.



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**COLERAIN TOWNSHIP** 

#### HAMILTON COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 20, 2011

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