SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County 2303 State Route 602 North Robinson, Ohio 44856

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 4, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Colonel Crawford Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$352,034 which represents a 7.53% increase from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$8,310,646 in revenue or 78.90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,222,011 or 21.10% of total revenues of \$10,532,657.
- The District had \$10,180,623 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,222,011 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$8,310,646 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the debt service fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$8,493,604 in revenues and other financing sources and \$8,178,239 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2010, the general fund's fund balance increased \$315,365 from \$1,209,708 to \$1,525,073.
- The debt service fund had \$910,199 in revenues and \$902,112 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$8,087 from \$924,059 to \$932,146.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$222,277 in revenues and other financing sources and \$16,368 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the permanent improvement fund balance increased \$205,909 from \$436,486 to \$642,395.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, the debt service fund and the permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the debt service fund and the permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 22 and 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-54 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Net Assets					
	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009				
<u>Assets</u>						
Current and other assets	\$ 6,201,991	\$ 6,293,283				
Capital assets, net	16,181,946	16,621,544				
Total assets	22,383,937	22,914,827				
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	2,899,827	3,541,776				
Long-term liabilities	14,456,437	14,697,412				
Total liabilities	17,356,264	18,239,188				
Net Assets Invested in capital						
assets, net of related debt	3,040,135	3,057,648				
Restricted	1,537,997	1,277,604				
Unrestricted	449,541	340,387				
Total net assets	<u>\$ 5,027,673</u>	\$ 4,675,639				

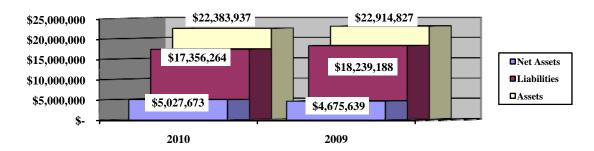
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,027,673. Of this total, \$1,537,997 is restricted in use.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

At year-end, capital assets represented 72.29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2010, were \$3,040,135. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,537,997, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$449,541 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009:



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

Change in Net Assets

<u>Revenues</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2010</u>		Go	overnmental Activities <u>2009</u>
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,381,409	\$	1,304,484
Operating grants and contributions		834,908		625,572
Capital grants and contributions		5,694		15,062
General revenues:				
Property taxes		2,881,204		3,064,551
Income taxes		1,278,237		1,331,020
Grants and entitlements		4,130,673		3,927,500
Investment earnings		14,644		45,267
Other		5,888		24,757
Total revenues		10,532,657		10,338,213

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2010			overnmental Activities 2009
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	4,008,542	\$	4,165,058
Special		1,196,356		1,133,220
Vocational		26,761		24,625
Other		-		5,115
Support services:				
Pupil		575,332		473,829
Instructional staff		250,744		289,070
Board of education		28,546		24,805
Administration		673,211		572,158
Fiscal		305,613		391,721
Business		8,347		52
Operations and maintenance		1,017,953		1,145,186
Pupil transportation		587,782		675,472
Central		56,640		61,581
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services		45,252		30,922
Food service operations		342,951		402,660
Extracurricular activities		401,154		391,842
Interest and fiscal charges		655,439		653,348
Total expenses		10,180,623		10,440,664
Change in net assets		352,034		(102,451)
Net assets at beginning of year		4,675,639		4,778,090
Net assets at end of year	\$	5,027,673	\$	4,675,639

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$352,034. Total governmental expenses of \$10,180,623 were offset by program revenues of \$2,222,011 and general revenues of \$8,310,646. Program revenues supported 21.83% of the total governmental expenses.

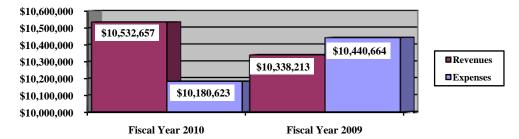
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 78.71% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,231,659 or 51.39% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2010.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



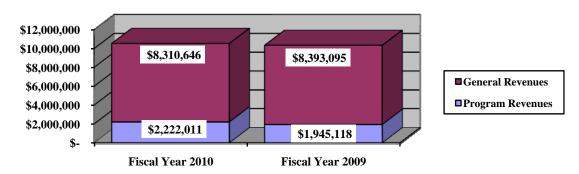
The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The total cost of services represents the total cost the District incurred to provide the service and the net cost of services represents the cost of the service after applying specific program revenues attributable to that service. The net cost of services is financed by general revenues of the District (i.e. tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements).

	Gove	ernmental Ac	tiviti	es					
	Т	otal Cost of	Ν	let Cost of	Т	otal Cost of	Ν	let Cost of	
		Services	Services			Services	Services		
		2010		2010	2009			2009	
Program expenses									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	4,008,542	\$	3,163,330	\$	4,165,058	\$	3,387,039	
Special		1,196,356		515,999		1,133,220		508,503	
Vocational		26,761		24,571		24,625		22,451	
Other		-		-		5,115		5,115	
Support services:									
Pupil		575,332		526,195		473,829		433,447	
Instructional staff		250,744		239,011		289,070		273,582	
Board of education		28,546		28,546		24,805		24,805	
Administration		673,211		632,133		572,158		564,462	
Fiscal		305,613		305,613		391,721		391,721	
Business		8,347		8,347		52		52	
Operations and maintenance		1,017,953		866,440		1,145,186		1,142,761	
Pupil transportation		587,782		568,971		675,472		631,055	
Central		56,640		50,495		61,581		56,581	
Operations of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services		45,252		45,252		30,922		30,922	
Food service operations		342,951		22,537		402,660		70,435	
Extracurricular activities		401,154		305,733		391,842		299,267	
Interest and fiscal charges		655,439		655,439		653,348		653,348	
Total expenses	\$	10,180,623	\$	7,958,612	\$	10,440,664	\$	8,495,546	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 70.80% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 78.17%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,214,334, which is greater than last year's total of \$2,662,547. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2010		Fund Balance June 30, 2009			ncrease	Percentage Change
General Debt Service Permanent Improvement Other Governmental	\$	1,525,073 932,146 642,395 114,720	\$	1,209,708 924,059 436,486 92,294	\$	315,365 8,087 205,909 22,426	26.07 % 0.88 % 47.17 % 24.30 %
Total	\$	3,214,334	\$	2,662,547	<u>\$</u>	551,787	20.72 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$315,365.

Revenues of the general fund decreased \$291,144 or 3.31%. The most significant decreases were in the areas of taxes, earnings on investments and intergovernmental revenues. Taxes decreased \$252,598 or 6.70%. This decrease is primarily due to the statewide phase out of tangible personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes decreased roughly \$340,000 from the prior year. Earnings on investments decreased \$29,660 or 66.95% due to decreased interest rates earned on investments. The \$104,452 decrease in intergovernmental revenue is due primarily to a decrease in state foundation revenues in the general fund. However, the District received State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF) as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) in the non-major governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Expenditures of the general fund decreased \$767,769 or 8.81%. The most significant decrease was in the area of support services. Support services decreased \$620,185 or 16.66% due to decreases in operations and maintenance and pupil transportation expenditures. Operations and maintenance expenditures decreased due to decreases in electric costs paid out of the general fund. During fiscal year 2010, a majority of the District's electric costs were paid out of the fiscal stabilization fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). Pupil transportation expenditures decreased due to four buses being purchased in fiscal year 2009 compared to zero in fiscal year 2010.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2010 Amount	2009 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,515,743	\$ 3,768,341	\$ (252,598)	(6.70) %
Earnings on investments	14,640	44,300	(29,660)	(66.95) %
Intergovernmental	3,863,114	3,967,566	(104,452)	(2.63) %
Other revenues	1,099,798	1,004,232	95,566	9.52 %
	• • • • • • • • • •	•	• /	
Total	<u>\$ 8,493,295</u>	<u>\$ 8,784,439</u>	<u>\$ (291,144)</u>	(3.31) %
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 4,470,361	\$ 4,629,200	\$ (158,839)	(3.43) %
Support services	3,102,771	3,722,956	(620,185)	(16.66) %
Non-instructional services	45,252	30,922	14,330	46.34 %
Extracurricular activities	293,246	277,743	15,503	5.58 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	20,770	39,348	(18,578)	(47.21) %
Debt service	16,769	16,769		- %
Total	<u>\$ 7,949,169</u>	<u>\$ 8,716,938</u>	<u>\$ (767,769</u>)	(8.81) %

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had \$910,199 in revenues and \$902,112 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$8,087 from \$924,059 to \$932,146.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$222,277 in revenues and other financing sources and \$16,368 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2010, the permanent improvement fund balance increased \$205,909 from \$436,486 to \$642,395.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,794,343 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,566,446. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2010 was \$8,566,417. This represents a \$29 decrease over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) totaled \$8,610,222, which were decreased to \$8,371,825 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$8,236,649, which was \$135,176 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the District had \$16,181,946 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2010 balances compared to June 30, 2009:

	Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)						
		Governmental Activities					
	-	2010 200					
Land	\$	204,654	\$	204,654			
Land improvements		163,816		178,012			
Building and improvements		14,875,746		15,208,694			
Furniture and equipment		431,208		449,537			
Vehicles		506,522		580,647			
Total	\$	16,181,946	\$	16,621,544			

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$439,598 is due to depreciation expense of \$500,126 exceeding capital outlay of \$60,528 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$13,564,346 in general obligation bonds and \$119,071 in water line project payable. Of this total, \$430,686 is due within one year and \$13,252,731 is due within greater than one year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The following table summarizes the bonds and water line project payable outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009		
General obligation bonds Water line project payable Lease purchase agreement	\$ 13,564,346 119,071 -	\$ 13,773,091 129,115 		
Total	<u>\$ 13,683,417</u>	<u>\$ 13,932,636</u>		

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is proud that it has been able to maintain the advantages which come from living in a positive and caring rural environment. Those advantages include strong educational programming, reasonable class sizes and well qualified teachers. Our programs have traditionally placed at or near the top of county rankings on the district report cards. Test scores continue to improve, and the District as a whole was recognized in 2007-2008 and 2008-2009 as 'an excellent district'. As a small district we are able to provide academic and extra curricular opportunities to our students on an individualized basis, and it is our absolute priority to see each child fulfill his or her potential.

The voters responded to the need for new facilities in fiscal year 2003, by approving the necessary millage to complete a new pre-kindergarten through eighth grade building to replace several school buildings that had been in use for more than eighty years. The new facility was completed entirely with local funds opened in September 2006. Notes and bonds for the new building were issued during fiscal year 2004 and refunded in fiscal year 2008, which account for most of the outstanding debt referred to in this report. The District participates in the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) program and looks forward to the day when State matching funds will be available to add new high school facilities to the pre-kindergarten through eighth grade building.

Like most other Ohio school districts, and as mentioned on page 9 of this discussion, the District has suffered as a result of reductions in State funding. In addition, the District is heavily dependent on business and inventory taxes, a revenue stream that will be phased out within the foreseeable future. More than ten teaching positions and three administrative positions were eliminated at the end of fiscal year 2003 and other expenses were reduced as far as possible to allow the District to operate 'in the black' for the fiscal years 2006 and 2007. In 2009, the State funding formula was modified to an Evidence-Base Model approach. Due to financial restraints, this model will not be fully funded. It will be phased-in over a period of time. School districts have been guaranteed 99% of 2009 receipts for the 2010 school year and 98% of 2009 receipts for 2011 school year. Included in those guaranteed amounts is about 6.5 percent in Federal Stimulus Funds. Those funds will terminate after fiscal year 2011. In years 2012, 2013, 2014 funding levels are left flat until more substantial data from the new PASS formula funding is implemented fully. A 10% decrease (\$229,000) has been conservatively projected for fiscal year 2012 for basic state aid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

These funds did not begin collections until 2008 leaving the District to operate "in the red" in fiscal year 2008. Full collections are being realized in 2009 and the District was able to once again operate "in the black" for fiscal years 2009 and 2010. The Board of Education and administration are committed to continue to do everything possible to provide quality education to the children of the District while working with the community and the legislature to seek a long- term solution to the need for operating funds.

The Board of Education chose to not place the \$410,000 Emergency Levy last billed in tax year 2006, collected in tax year 2007, back on the ballot.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Vickey Stump, Treasurer, Colonel Crawford Local School District, 2303 St. Rt. 602, P.O. Box 7, North Robinson, Ohio 44856-0007.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:	۴	0 507 054	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,587,651	
Receivables:		0.000.004	
Property taxes		2,886,201	
		496,298	
		10,752	
		689 55 380	
Intergovernmental		55,280	
Materials and supplies inventory Unamortized bond issuance costs		17,519	
		147,601	
Capital assets:			
Land		204,654	
Depreciable capital assets, net.		15,977,292	
		16,181,946	
Capital assets, net		,	
Total assets.		22 282 027	
		22,383,937	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.		24,316	
Accrued wages and benefits		821,255	
Compensated absences payable		8,050	
Pension obligation payable.		204,981	
Intergovernmental payable		44,789	
Unearned revenue		1,563,657	
Accrued interest payable		232,779	
Long-term liabilities:		232,119	
Due within one year.		456,434	
Due within more than one year		14,000,003	
Due within more than one year		14,000,003	
Total liabilities		17,356,264	
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net			
of related debt.		3,040,135	
Restricted for:		-,,	
Capital projects		644,454	
Debt service.		735,998	
Locally funded programs		3,419	
State funded programs.		2,318	
Federally funded programs		10,837	
Public school support		4,918	
Student activities		53,065	
Other purposes		82,988	
		449,541	
		,	
Total net assets	\$	5,027,673	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

					Progr	am Revenues			R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
		_		arges for	•	ating Grants		al Grants		overnmental
		Expenses	Servic	es and Sales	and C	Contributions	and Co	ntributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:	•		•		•		•	/	•	<i>/- /</i>
	\$	4,008,542	\$	825,032	\$	14,486	\$	5,694	\$	(3,163,330)
Special		1,196,356		256,009		424,348		-		(515,999)
Vocational		26,761		-		2,190		-		(24,571)
Support services:										
Pupil		575,332		-		49,137		-		(526,195)
Instructional staff		250,744		-		11,733		-		(239,011)
Board of education		28,546		-		-		-		(28,546)
Administration.		673,211		-		41,078		-		(632,133)
Fiscal		305,613		-		-		-		(305,613)
Business		8,347		-		-		-		(8,347)
Operations and maintenance		1,017,953		2,454		149,059		-		(866,440)
Pupil transportation.		587,782		14,192		4,619		-		(568,971)
Central		56,640		-		6,145		-		(50,495)
Operation of non-instructional										
services:										
Other non-instructional services.		45,252		-		-		-		(45,252)
Food service operations		342,951		198,123		122,291		-		(22,537)
Extracurricular activities.		401,154		85,599		9,822		-		(305,733)
Interest and fiscal charges		655,439		-		-		-		(655,439)
Total governmental activities	\$	10,180,623	\$	1,381,409	\$	834,908	\$	5,694		(7,958,612)

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	2,243,855
Debt service.	637,349
Income taxes levied for:	
General purposes	1,278,237
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	4,130,673
Investment earnings	14,644
Miscellaneous	 5,888
Total general revenues	 8,310,646
Change in net assets	352,034
Net assets at beginning of year	 4,675,639
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,027,673

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

Assets: Equity in pooled cash	\$			Service	Imp	provement		Funds		Funds
	¢									
and cash equivalents		1,075,549	\$	676,654	\$	642,395	\$	147,492	\$	2,542,090
Receivables:	Ψ	1,075,545	Ψ	070,004	Ψ	042,000	Ψ	147,452	Ψ	2,342,030
Property taxes.		2,228,585		657,616		_		_		2,886,201
		496,298				-		-		496,298
		10.752		_		_		_		10,752
Accrued interest		689		_		_				689
		348		_		_		54,932		55,280
Materials and supplies inventory.		15,910		_				1,609		17,519
Restricted assets:		15,910		-		-		1,009		17,519
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents		45,561		_		_		_		45,561
	-	,	-	-	•	-	-	-	_	,
Total assets	\$	3,873,692	\$	1,334,270	\$	642,395	\$	204,033	\$	6,054,390
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	24,249	\$	-	\$	-	\$	67	\$	24,316
Accrued wages and benefits		780,890		-		-		40,365		821,255
Compensated absences payable		-		-		-		8,050		8,050
Intergovernmental payable		42,497		-		-		2,292		44,789
Unearned revenue		1,198,164		365,493		-		-		1,563,657
Deferred revenue		125,000		36,631		-		11,377		173,008
Pension obligation payable		177,819		-		-		27,162		204,981
Total liabilities.		2,348,619	·	402,124		-		89,313		2,840,056
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for encumbrances		35,298		-		8,057		7,827		51,182
Reserved for supplies inventory		15,910		-		-		1,609		17,519
Reserved for tax revenue										
unavailable for appropriation		908,120		255,492		-		-		1,163,612
Reserved for debt service		-		676,654		-		-		676,654
Reserved for instructional materials		45,561		-		-		-		45,561
Unreserved:										
Designated for termination benefits		-		-		-		37,427		37,427
Undesignated, reported in:										
General fund.		520,184		-		-		-		520,184
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		67,798		67,798
Capital projects funds		-		-		634,338		59		634,397
Total fund balances		1,525,073		932,146		642,395		114,720		3,214,334
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,873,692	\$	1,334,270	\$	642,395	\$	204,033	\$	6,054,390

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	16,181,946
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	16,181,946
	16,181,946
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	16,181,946
Other long-term receivables are not available to pay for	
current period expenditures and	
therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Property taxes receivable \$ 158,932	
Accounts receivable 2,500	
Intergovernmental receivable11,576	
Total	173,008
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(232,779)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds	
governmental activities on the statement of net assets.	147,601
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance are not recognized	
in the funds.	(653,632)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized	
in the funds.	366,821
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
Compensated absences payable (486,209)	
Loans payable (119,071)	
General obligation bonds payable (13,564,346)	
Total	(14,169,626)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 5,027,673

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,237,506	\$ 636,030	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,873,536
Income taxes.	1,278,237	-	-	-	1,278,237
Tuition	1,005,160		-	-	1,005,160
Transportation fees.	14,192		_	-	14,192
Earnings on investments	14,640		_	124	14,764
Charges for services	14,040			198,123	198,123
	-		-	,	,
	-	-	-	85,599	85,599
Classroom materials and fees	56,097		1,277	-	57,374
Rental income	1,177		-	- 	1,177
Contributions and donations	4,428	-	-	11,361	15,789
Contract services.	7,856	i -	-	-	7,856
Other local revenues	10,888		-	5,403	16,291
Intergovernmental - intermediate	13,636	i -	-	· -	13,636
Intergovernmental - state	3,841,999		-	16,507	4,132,675
Intergovernmental - federal	7,479		_	804,127	811,606
	8,493,295		1,277	1,121,244	10,526,015
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,667,770) –	-	20,931	3,688,701
Special	783,957		-	393,254	1,177,211
Vocational	18,634		-	-	18,634
Support services:					
Pupil	515,857	, <u> </u>	280	53,851	569,988
Instructional staff	226,385			9,248	235,633
Board of education	28,118		_	0,210	28,118
	,		_	20 110	,
	630,445		-	38,119	668,564
	282,336	,	-	-	303,397
Business.	8,347		-		8,347
Operations and maintenance	850,220		-	149,059	999,279
Pupil transportation	510,568	-	-	17	510,585
Central	50,495		-	6,145	56,640
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services	45,252		-	-	45,252
Food service operations.	-, -		-	310,685	310,685
Extracurricular activities	293,246		_	92,884	386,130
	,		16.099	,	,
Facilities acquisition and construction.	20,770	-	16,088	2,760	39,618
Debt service:	10.011	005 000		00.400	105 171
Principal retirement.	10,044	,	-	30,430	405,474
Interest and fiscal charges	6,725			985	523,761
Total expenditures	7,949,169	902,112	16,368	1,108,368	9,976,017
Excess/deficiency of revenues					
over/under expenditures.	544,126	8,087	(15,091)	12,876	549,998
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of assets	309	-	-	1,480	1,789
Transfers in.	000		221,000	8,070	229,070
Transfers (out)	(229,070	-	221,000	0,070	(229,070)
				0.550	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(228,761		· · · · · ·	9,550	1,789
Net change in fund balances	315,365	8,087	205,909	22,426	551,787
Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year	1,209,708 \$1,525,073		<u>436,486</u> \$ 642,395	<u>92,294</u> \$ 114,720	2,662,547 \$3,214,334

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	55	51,787
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 60,528		
Current year depreciation	 (500,126)	(40	0.500
Total		(43	89,598)
Repayment of bond, loan and lease principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			
on the statement of net assets.		40)5,474
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due.			
In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the			
interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest			
reported in the statement of activities is due to the following:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	5,178		
Accreted interest on "capital appreciation bonds"	(156,255)		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(7,256)		
Amortization of bond premiums	44,088		
Amortization of deferred charges on refundings	(17,433)		
Total	<u> </u>	(13	81,678)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes	7,668		
Other local revenues	2,500		
Intergovernmental	 (9,220)		
Total			948
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as comparented			
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated			
absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and		10	4 000
therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(3	84,899)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	35	52,034

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	()	legative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:	\$	2 240 226	\$	0 400 500	\$	0 400 500	\$	
Property taxes	Ф	2,240,236 1,369,344	Ф	2,182,592 1,334,109	Φ	2,182,592 1,334,109	Ф	-
		1,036,091		1,009,431		1,009,431		-
Transportation fees.		14,567		14,192		14,192		-
Earnings on investments		15,093		14,192		16,003		1,298
Classroom materials and fees		60,585		57,419		56,092		(1,327)
Rental income		1,208		1,177		1,177		(1,327)
Contributions and donations		4,545		4,428		4,428		-
Contract services.				12,963		12,963		-
Other local revenues		13,305 11,113		12,903		12,903		-
Intergovernmental - intermediate		13,996		13,636		13,636		-
Intergovernmental - state		3,943,316		3,841,849		3,841,849		-
Intergovernmental - federal		7,677		7,479		7,479		_
		8,731,076		8,504,807		8,504,778		(29)
		0,731,070		0,304,007		0,304,770		(23)
Expenditures: Current:								
Current: Instruction:								
		2 810 008		3 706 085		3 680 720		25 356
Regular		3,810,908 843,643		3,706,085		3,680,729 805,028		25,356 15,410
Special		19,161		820,438 18,634		18,634		15,410
Support services:		19,101		10,034		10,034		-
Pupil		527,411		512,904		507,379		5,525
Instructional staff		263,579		256,329		243,136		13,193
Board of education		35,827		34,842		28,033		6,809
Administration.		646,308		628,530		619,590		8,940
Fiscal		318,249		309,495		302,040		7,455
Business		8,618		8,381		8,347		34
Operations and maintenance.		885,164		860,816		827,537		33,279
Pupil transportation		549,538		534,422		518,150		16,272
Central.		55,479		53,953		52,317		1,636
Operation of non-instructional services		47,494		43,311		43,311		-
Extracurricular activities		304,044		295,681		294,439		1,242
Facilities acquisition and construction		45,824		44,564		44,539		25
Total expenditures		8,361,247		8,128,385		7,993,209		135,176
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		369,829		376,422		511,569		135,147
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		32,125		31,298		31,298		-
Refund of prior year's receipts.		(311)		(302)		(302)		-
Transfers (out).		(234,198)		(229,070)		(229,070)		-
Advances in.		30,825		30,032		30,032		-
Other uses.		(14,466)		(14,068)		(14,068)		-
Sale of assets		317		` 309 [´]		` 309 [´]		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(185,708)		(181,801)		(181,801)		-
Net change in fund balance		184,121		194,621		329,768		135,147
Fund balance at beginning of year		698,592		698,592		698,592		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		40,150		40,150		40,150		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	922,863	\$	933,363	\$	1,068,510	\$	135,147

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

		e-Purpose rust		
	Scholarship			Agency
Assets: Current assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,063	\$	103,226
Total assets.		9,063	\$	103,226
Liabilities: Retainage payable		-	\$	72,144 31,082
Total liabilities		-	\$	103,226
Net assets: Held in trust for scholarships	\$	9,063 9,063		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions: Gifts and contributions	\$	11,740 11,740	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		5,000	
Change in net assets		6,740	
Net assets at beginning of year		2,323	
Net assets at end of year	\$	9,063	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Colonel Crawford Local School District (the "District") is located in Crawford County and encompasses all or parts of five towns and villages. The District serves an area of approximately 120 square miles.

The District was established in 1961 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts and is organized under Section 2 and 3, Articles VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District ranks as the 496th largest by enrollment among the 905 public and community school districts in the State, and the 4th largest in Crawford County. It currently operates 1 elementary school, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 48 non-certified and 73 certified employees to provide services to 994 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is District. financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District:

JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

<u>Heartland Council of Governments/North Central Ohio Computer Cooperative (the "COG")</u> The COG is a jointly governed organization among 16 school districts, 1 educational service center and a career center. The COG is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Ashland, Crawford, Huron, Marion, Morrow, Richland, Seneca, and Wyandot counties. The COG was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. Each member school district supports the COG based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The COG is governed by a Cooperative Assembly consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Cooperative Assembly. During fiscal year 2010, the District paid \$82,930 to the COG for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Pioneer Career and Technology Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 27 Ryan Road, Shelby, Ohio 44875-0309.

The District also participates in 2 insurance group purchasing pools, described in Note 11.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and notes payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - (Continued)

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for the replacement and updating of equipment and facilities essential for the instruction of students.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) food service operations; and (c) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, privatepurpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities and a retainage account.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2010 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds, except agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2010 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The District was granted a waiver by the County budget commission in 2002 which waived the requirement to public hearings. Instead, the District completes an alternative tax budget in August or September. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Crawford County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2010.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2010, however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio ("STAR Ohio") during fiscal year 2010. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$14,640, which includes \$9,010 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

All of the District's capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "loans to/from other funds". On the fund financial statements, short-term receivables and payables resulting from interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. There were no interfund balances at June 30, 2010.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated <u>Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2010, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, loans and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designation

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute. The designation for termination benefits represents monies tentatively set aside by the Board of Education for future payments of those benefits.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for textbook set-asides.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10.A.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook reserve. This reserve is required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 16.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets</u>", GASB Statement No. 53, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 58, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies</u>".

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at June 30, 2010 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Food service	\$ 35,150

This fund complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash deficit at year end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance in the food service fund resulted from accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$682,879. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2010, \$511,075 of the District's bank balance of \$773,871 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$262,796 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investment and maturity:

			Ir	nvestment
				Maturity
			6	months or
Investment type	F	air Value		less
STAR Ohio	\$	2,017,061	\$	2,017,061

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAA money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

Investment type	Fa	air Value	% of Total		
STAR Ohio	\$	2,017,061	100.00		

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 682,879
Investments	 2,017,061
Total	\$ 2,699,940
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,587,651
Private-purpose trust funds	9,063
Agency funds	 103,226
Total	\$ 2,699,940

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u> Permanent improvement fund	\$ 221,000
Nonmajor governmental funds Total	\$ <u>8,070</u> 229,070

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Crawford County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$908,120 in the general fund and \$255,492 in the debt service fund. These amounts are recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2009 was \$853,206 in the general fund and \$240,447 in the debt service fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end.

The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - TAXES - (Continued)

A. Property Taxes - (Continued)

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinguent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Sec Half Collec		2010 Fir Half Collect	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 108,286,070	90.48	\$ 110,589,230	96.33
Public utility personal	3,706,260	3.10	3,871,100	3.37
Tangible personal property	7,692,530	6.42	339,120	0.30
Total	<u>\$ 119,684,860</u>	100.00	<u>\$ 114,799,450</u>	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:				
General	\$46.00		\$46.00	
Debt service	6.50		6.50	

B. School District Income Taxes

In February 2007, the District passed a 1.25% continuing earned income only tax for general operations of the District. Employers and residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax collection began in January 2008. Income tax is credited to the general fund. During fiscal year 2010, the District received \$1.278.237 in income tax revenue.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

10.752

55,280

689

Governmental activities: Property taxes 2,886,201 \$ Income taxes 496,298 Accounts Intergovernmental Accrued interest Total \$ 3,449,220

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/09	Additions	Deductions	06/30/10
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	• • • • • • • • • •			•
Land	\$ 204,654	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 204,654
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	204,654			204,654
<i>Capital assets, being depreciated:</i> Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	689,898 17,809,946 691,781 1,126,690	- 19,000 41,528 -	- - - -	689,898 17,828,946 733,309 1,126,690
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,318,315	60,528		20,378,843
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(511,886)	(14,196)	-	(526,082)
Buildings and improvements	(2,601,252)	(351,948)	-	(2,953,200)
Furniture and equipment	(242,244)	(59,857)	-	(302,101)
Vehicles	(546,043)	(74,125)		(620,168)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,901,425)	(500,126)		(4,401,551)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,621,544	<u>\$ (439,598)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 16,181,946</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 302,471
Special	18,976
Vocational	8,127
Support services:	
Pupil	4,737
Instructional staff	13,045
Board of education	428
Administration	8,547
Fiscal	428
Operations and maintenance	16,440
Pupil transportation	77,748
Extracurricular activities	15,024
Food service operations	34,155
Total depreciation expense	\$500,126

NOTE 9 - LEASE PURCHASE AGREEMENT - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2006, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement for a new roof. This lease purchase agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of buildings and improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$131,140. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2010 totaled \$30,430 paid by a nonmajor capital projects fund. There are no future obligations on this lease.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2010, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	C	Balance Outstanding 06/30/09	A	Additions	R	Reductions	(Balance Dutstanding 06/30/10		Amounts Due in Dne Year
Governmental activities:											
General obligation bonds:											
Series 2004 Issue:											
Current interest bonds	2%-5%	\$	3,305,000	\$	-	\$	(355,000)	\$	2,950,000	\$	410,000
Capital appreciation bonds	12.18%		560,000		-		-		560,000		-
Accreted interest			527,473		132,761		-		660,234		-
Series 2007 Issue:											
School improvements bonds	4%-5%		9,145,000		-		(10,000)		9,135,000		10,000
Capital appreciation bonds	9.742%		210,000		-		-		210,000		-
Accreted interest			25,618		23,494		-		49,112		_
Total general obligation											
bonds payable		\$	13,773,091	\$	156,255	\$	(365,000)	\$	13,564,346	\$	420,000
bolids payable		Ψ	13,773,071	Ψ	150,255	Ψ	(303,000)	Ψ	13,304,340	Ψ	420,000
Other long-term obligations:											
Water line project payable		\$	129,115	\$	-	\$	(10,044)	\$	119,071	\$	10,686
Lease purchase agreement			30,430		-		(30,430)		-		-
Compensated absences			451,310		67,922		(33,023)		486,209		25,748
L L			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>, , , , ,</u>		· · ·		<u> </u>
Total other long-term obligations		\$	610,855	\$	67,922	\$	(73,497)	\$	605,280	\$	36,434
Total governmental activities			14,383,946	\$	224,177	\$	(438,497)		14,169,626	\$	456,434
Add: Unamortized premium on be	ond issue		697,720						653,632		
Less: Unamortized deferred charge			(384,254)						(366,821)		
	503		(304,234)						(300,021)		
on bond issue											
Total on statement of net assets		\$	14,697,412					\$	14,456,437		
1 stal of statement of net about		Ψ	1.,077,112					Ψ	1,100,107		

- B. <u>Compensated Absences</u> Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.
- C. <u>Waterline Project</u> The District entered into an agreement with the Crawford County Commissioners on November 19, 1996 regarding costs for a water system improvement project in Sewer District No. 2. Under this agreement, the District will pay \$159,584 over a period of fifteen years in return for exemption from tap-in charges. Interest on this obligation will be calculated at a rate indexed to the rate of interest paid by the Crawford County Commissioners on its debt arising from this project. During fiscal year 2009, the District agreed to pay an additional \$100,327 until fiscal year 2019. During fiscal year 2010, the District made \$10,041 in principal payments and \$6,725 in interest payments on this obligation. Principal and interest payments are reported in the District's general fund. The remaining principal obligation at June 30, 2010 reported on the statement of net assets is \$119,071. This amount is not included in the calculation for "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" because the capital assets associated with this project are not included in the District's capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. During fiscal year 2004, the District issued \$14,500,000 in general obligation bonds to provide funds for various District building projects. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

The original issue was comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$13,940,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$560,000. On November 1, 2007, the District refunded \$9,080,000 of the current interest bonds (See Note 10.E for detail). The interest rates on the remaining current interest bonds range from 2.00% to 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on January 15, 2012 (actual interest rate 12.80%), January 15, 2013 (actual interest rate 12.42%), January 15, 2014 (actual interest rate 12.40%) and January 15, 2015 (actual interest rate 12.36%), at redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,745,000. A total of \$660,234 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2010.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is July 15, 2020.

Fiscal Year Ending	Current Interest Bonds							Capital Appreciation Bond					
June 30,]	Principal		Interest		Total	F	<u>rincipal</u>		Interest		Total	
2011	\$	410,000	\$	120,996	\$	530,996	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2012		-		107,261		107,261		155,000		260,000		415,000	
2013		-		107,261		107,261		140,000		270,000		410,000	
2014		-		107,261		107,261		140,000		320,000		460,000	
2015		-		107,261		107,261		125,000		335,000		460,000	
2016 - 2020		2,540,000		335,811		2,875,811				-		-	
Total	\$	2,950,000	\$	885,851	\$	3,835,851	\$	560,000	\$	1,185,000	\$	1,745,000	

The following is a summary of the future debt requirements to maturity for the Series 2004 general obligation bonds:

E. On November 1, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2007 General Obligation School Improvement and Refunding Bonds) to advance refund \$9,080,000 of the Series 2004 current interest general obligation bonds (See Note 10.2.D. for detail) and to current refund \$480,000 bond anticipation notes that matured on January 15, 2008. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The bond issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$9,305,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$210,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.0% to 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on January 15, 2031 and January 15, 2032, (actual interest rate 9.742%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$2,000,000. Total accreted interest of \$49,112 has been included in the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Interest payments of the current interest bonds are due on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The final maturity date stated on the issue is December 1, 2032.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$413,309. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the future debt requirements to maturity for the Series 2007 general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Cu	ırren	t Interest Bor	nds			ds				
June 30,		Principal	Interest		rest Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2011	\$	10.000	\$	383,826	\$	393,826	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2012		20,000		383,427		403,427		-		-		-
2013		35,000		382,627		417,627		-		-		-
2014		35,000		381,227		416,227		-		-		-
2015		45,000		379,827		424,827		-		-		-
2016 - 2020		620,000		1,850,239		2,470,239		-		-		-
2021 - 2025		3,750,000		1,469,579		5,219,579		-		-		-
2026 - 2030		4,620,000		611,011		5,231,011		-		-		-
2031 - 2032		-		-		-		210,000		1,790,000		2,000,000
Total	\$	9,135,000	\$	5,841,763	\$	14,976,763	\$	210,000	\$	1,790,000	\$	2,000,000

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2010, are a voted debt margin of \$11,233,576 (including available funds of \$932,146) and an unvoted debt margin of \$114,460.

The District has been assigned as an "approved special needs school district" by the Ohio Superintendent of Public Instruction. As a result, the portion of the general obligation bonds issued in fiscal year 2004 in excess of the debt limitation is exempted from that limitation pursuant to Revised Code Section 133.06(D)(2).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District contracts with Trident Insurance Company for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$3,000,000 aggregate, along with a \$1,000,000 umbrella for uninsured underinsured motorists. The Board's legal liability holds a deductible of \$2,500. Buildings/content and boiler and machinery has a limit of \$27,945,000 with a deductible of \$1,000. Real property and contents are 90% coinsured.

The bus fleet and maintenance vehicles are also insured through Trident Insurance Company and hold a \$500 collision deductible and a \$250 comprehensive deductible and a \$3,000,000 limit on liability coverage and a \$1,000,000 limit on uninsured motorist coverage.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2009.

B. Employee Health Insurance

In January 1995, the District joined together with two other school districts in the state to form the Wyandot Crawford Health Benefit Plan (WCHBP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The WCHBP now includes seven school districts. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The risk of loss transfers entirely from the District to WCHBP. The Agreement for formation of the WCHBP provides that the WCHBP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$75,000 for each insured event.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits.

For fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$143,454, \$100,677 and \$88,845, respectively; 41.82 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio - (Continued)

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$479,480, \$471,978 and \$450,954, respectively; 83.30 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$33,447 made by the District and \$23,891 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2010, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$21,764, \$60,846 and \$54,581, respectively; 41.82 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$8,531, \$8,307 and \$6,401, respectively; 41.82 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$36,883, \$36,306 and \$34,869, respectively; 83.30 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis) rather than other financing sources and uses (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

_	<u>Gei</u>	<u>neral Fund</u>
Budget basis	\$	329,768
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(11,483)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(8,560)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(46,960)
Adjustment for encumbrances		52,600
GAAP basis	\$	315,365

Net Change in Fund Balance

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by Statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2009 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Qualifying disbursements	\$25,438 148,173 - (128,050)	\$ - 148,173 (586,000) (223,733)
Total	<u>\$ 45,561</u>	<u>\$ (661,560)</u>
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2011	<u>\$ 45,561</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2010 follows:

Amounts restricted for textbooks

\$ 45,561

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amount below zero, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the setaside requirements of future years. This negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 3,788	\$ 3,788
Cash Assistance:	10.555	φ 3,700	φ 3,700
National School Lunch Program	10.555	129,512	129,512
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		133,300	133,300
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		133,300	133,300
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	220,450	206,867
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	109,333	102,834
Total Special Education Cluster		329,783	309,701
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	121,545	117,491
ARRA - Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	21,193	20,753
Total Title I, Part A Cluster		142,738	138,244
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	32,481	32,825
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	2,485	2,485
Educational Technology State Grants	84.318	1,248	1,462
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	156,529	156,529
Total U.S. Department of Education		665,264	641,246
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES		\$ 798,564	\$ 774,546

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports Colonel Crawford Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County 2303 State Route 602 North Robinson, Ohio 44856

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated February 4, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the finance committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 4, 2011



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County 2303 State Route 602 North Robinson, Ohio 44856

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Colonel Crawford Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted matters involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated February 4, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 4, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.394 – ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) – Education State Grants, Recovery Act <u>Special Education Cluster</u> CFDA #84.027 – Special Education Grants to States CFDA #84.391 – ARRA – Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County 2303 State Route 602 North Robinson, Ohio 44856

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The Auditor of State shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Colonel Crawford Local School District, Crawford County, Ohio, (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on April 19, 2010.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;

Colonel Crawford Local School District Crawford County Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Page 2

- (5) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (6) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (7) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (8) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (9) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.
- (10) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than this specified party.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 4, 2011



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

COLONEL CRAWFORD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CRAWFORD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MARCH 8, 2011

> 88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us