Single Audit

July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2010





Board of Education Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Eastern Local School District, Brown County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them. In conjunction with the work performed by the Independent Public Accountant, the Auditor of State is issuing the following:

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

During the period of August 24, 2010 through December 2, 2010 Doris Woollard worked during the lunch period as a cashier in the High School cafeteria. Her duties as cashier were to record lunchroom purchases and collect and record cash payments on the District's lunchroom computerized cash collection system. She was responsible for recording this information as students and teachers went through one of the lunch lines.

The District noticed on November 20, 2010 that there were two voided transactions on Ms. Woollard's daily sales journal which did not seem valid. The District went back and looked at other daily sales journals of Ms. Woollard's lunch line and noted there were other voided transactions that would be made to students accounts not at the initial time of the transaction but voided several minutes after the transaction. A review of the other cashier's daily sales journals did not show the number of voids that occurred on Ms. Woollard's journals. The District spoke with Ms. Woollard about these transactions and she could not explain the reason for some of the voids and after further questioning did admit that she had voided transaction and taken corresponding cash from her cash drawer for personal use.

After reviewing Ms. Woollard's daily sales journal transactions beginning in August 24, 2010 through the time she was no longer employed by the District and from interviewing her to review those voided transactions, we identified 241 voided transactions that were not valid. These voided transactions resulted in \$506.85 in cash receipts that Ms. Woollard admitted to taking for personal use.

Board of Education Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171 Page -2-

On September 7, 2011, Ms. Woollard pled guilty in Brown County Municipal Court to Ohio Revised Code Section 2913.04, the unauthorized use of property and was ordered to repay Eastern Local School District \$506.85.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies collected but not accounted is hereby issued against Doris Woollard in the amount of \$506, and in favor of Eastern Local School District – Food Service Fund.

On September 14, 2011 Ms. Woollard repaid \$506 to the District via a money order which was deposited in the District's bank account.

Official response:

The District concurs with the description of the events in the Finding for Recovery concerning Mrs. Woollard. I would like to restate that the District discovered and reported the "unauthorized use of property".

The dollar amount was not sufficient enough to be noticed when comparing month to month or same month year to year receipts; however, it was noticed that there were an unusual amount of voided transactions recorded on the cash register operated by Mrs. Woollard. As stated in the finding for recovery, after investigation, Mrs. Woollard admitted to taking cash in the amount of \$506.85 from said cash register. The District was reimbursed this amount from Mrs. Woollard paid through the Brown County Municipal Court on September 14, 2011. The funds were deposited to the District bank account to the credit of the Food Service Fund.

The District recognizes that tips are the number one source of information leading to convictions of fraud and thus have posted a notice in each building and on it's website a link to the State Auditor Fraud Center where individuals may report suspected theft or fraud.

Board of Education Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171 Page -3-

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Eastern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

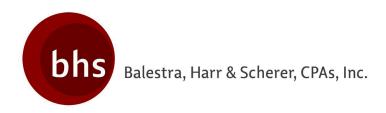
October 19, 2011



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Members Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eastern Local School District (the School District), Brown County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States, *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eastern Local School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2011, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Members of the Board Eastern Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, and GASB Statement No. 58, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

March 25, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Eastern Local School District's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$6,449,466.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,380,413 in revenue or 85% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$3,342,216, or 15% of total revenues of \$22,722,629.
- The School District had \$15,442,338 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,342,216 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions.
- The School District has two major funds: the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$19,171,093 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$18,644,048. The most significant change in fund balance was in the Classroom Facilities Fund.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Eastern Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2010 compared to 2009.

Table 1 Net Assets

Governmen	ntal Activities
2010	2009*
\$ 19,341,657	\$ 15,508,769
39,010,227	37,803,826
58,351,884	53,312,595
9,596,711	9,895,816
4,830,784	5,941,856
14,427,495	15,837,672
30,365,227	28,646,806
14,093,116	9,691,887
(533,954)	(863,770)
\$ 43,924,389	\$ 37,474,923
	2010 \$ 19,341,657 39,010,227 58,351,884 9,596,711 4,830,784 14,427,495 30,365,227 14,093,116 (533,954)

^{*} Amount restated, see Note 21 for additional information.

Current and other assets increased \$3,832,888. This increase is primarily due to an increase to intergovernmental receivable as a result of a new Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) project. This increase was partially offset due to a decrease in pooled cash and investments. Pooled cash and investments decreased due to the payment and completion of the School District's current OSFC project. Capital assets increased as a result of current year additions as a result of the completion of the original OSFC project and the construction in progress from the new OSFC project, which were partially offset by deletions including the sale of an old school building. Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to principal payments on outstanding debt. Current and other liabilities decreased due to decreases in contracts payable and retainage payable. Contracts payable and retainage payable decreased due to the remaining portion of the School District's original OSFC project having been completed during the fiscal year.

Eastern Local School District, Brown County *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2010	2009*
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 1,161,161	\$ 1,012,124
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,181,055	1,532,297
Total Program Revenues	3,342,216	2,544,421
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	3,721,696	3,628,637
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	55,617	54,118
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted to Specific Programs	7,669,419	7,600,266
Grants and Entitlements, Restricted for Classroom Facilities	7,743,402	-
Investment Earnings	31,412	361,791
Gifts and Donations, Not Restricted to Specific Programs	24,907	16,816
Miscellaneous	133,960	91,999
Total General Revenues	19,380,413	11,753,627
Total Revenues	22,722,629	14,298,048
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	6,180,846	6,495,027
Special	1,597,908	1,367,623
Vocational	180,170	161,243
Other	1,016,105	876,516
Support Services:		
Pupils	414,736	421,661
Instructional Staff	1,106,431	1,117,964
Board of Education	23,382	19,321
Administration	1,005,931	1,028,145
Fiscal	425,131	422,146
Business	1,315	5,762
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,218,285	971,000
Pupil Transportation	984,180	940,984
Central	32,375	33,260
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	626,065	561,555
Extracurricular Activities	210,099	216,576
Interest and Fiscal Charges	419,379	436,352
Total Expenses	15,442,338	15,075,135
Special Item - Loss on Sale of School Building	(830,825)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	6,449,466	(777,087)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	37,474,923	38,252,010
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 43,924,389	\$ 37,474,923
•		

^{*}Amount restated, see Note 21 for additional information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Operating Grants and Contributions increased due to the receipt of stimulus monies. Grants and entitlements restricted for classroom facilities projects increased as a result of a new OSFC project. Investment earnings decreased, which resulted from lower cash in banks, due primarily to the payment of the significant portion of OSFC funding, and lower interest rates. Regular instruction decreased, which resulted from the recognition significant repair expenses to previously completed buildings in the prior year as compared to the current year. Special and Other Instruction increased primarily due to the stimulus monies received. Operation and maintenance of plant increased due to an increase in costs to maintain current buildings.

Governmental Activities

General revenues of \$19,380,413 provide 85% of total revenues. Of this total, property taxes make up 19% and grants and entitlements make up 80% of total general revenues.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, instruction is emphasized. Regular instruction comprised 40% of governmental program expenses with special instruction comprising 10% of governmental expenses.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State entitlements, property taxes, and other general revenues.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2010	2010	2009	2009
Instruction Support Services Operation of Non-Instructional Services	\$ 8,975,029 5,211,766 626,065	\$ 7,201,010 4,621,581 (174,812)	\$ 8,900,409 4,960,243 561,555	\$ 7,617,819 4,520,819 (103,693)
Extracurricular Activities	210,099	32,964	216,576	59,417
Interest and Fiscal Charges	419,379	419,379	436,352	436,352
Total	\$15,442,338	\$ 12,100,122	\$ 15,075,135	\$ 12,530,714

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund had \$11,278,582 in revenues and \$10,917,291 in expenditures resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$361,291. The Classroom Facilities Fund had \$4,161,607 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,742,671 in expenditures resulting in a fund balance increase of \$1,418,936. This increase is due primarily to local match monies being transferred into the Classroom Facilities Fund for the OSFC construction projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the School District amended its General Fund budget. These amendments increased estimated total revenues and other financing sources by \$386,650 and increased estimated total expenditures and other financing uses by \$556,650. Actual total revenues and other financing sources were \$323,740 below the final budget of \$11,558,808. The variance is primarily due to less than anticipated intergovernmental revenue and interest received. Actual total expenditures and other financing uses were \$718,464 below the final budget of \$11,958,808. The variance is due primarily to a decrease in budgeted expenditures for regular instruction as a result of conservative budgeting by the School District. Final budgeted appropriations increase from original amounts due primarily to an increase in regular instruction. The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$560,253; \$394,724 above the final budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District had \$39,010,227 invested in its capital assets. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2010 balances compared to 2009.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities				
		2010 2009		2009*		
Land	\$	271,526	\$	271,526		
Construction in Progress		1,402,985		27,681,908		
Land Improvements		17,838		-		
Buildings and Improvements	3	34,753,325		8,983,976		
Furniture and Equipment		2,340,772		578,945		
Vehicles		223,781		287,471		
Totals	\$ 3	39,010,227	\$	37,803,826		

^{*} Amount restated, see Note 21 for additional information.

Changes in capital assets from the prior year primarily resulted from current year additions which were partially offset by depreciation and deletions.

Debt

At June 30, 2010, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$8,804,535. The bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing, remodeling, reconstructing and adding to school buildings. For additional information on debt, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kevin Kendall, Treasurer at Eastern Local School District, P.O. Box 500, Sardinia, Ohio 45171.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 8,868,697
Accounts Receivable	19,460
Intergovernmental Receivable	6,115,635
Taxes Receivable	4,054,574
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	189,470
Unamortized Financing Costs	93,821
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,674,511
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	37,335,716
Total Assets	58,351,884
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	29,415
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,245,942
Retainage Payable	76,132
Intergovernmental Payable	344,894
Accrued Interest Payable	34,160
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	13,398
Unearned Revenue	3,086,843
Non-Current Liabilities:	, ,
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	467,126
Due in More Than One Year	9,129,585
Total Liabilities	14,427,495
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	30,365,227
Restricted for Debt Service	1,046,000
Restricted for Capital Outlay	12,596,785
Restricted for Other Purposes	450,331
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(533,954)
Total Net Assets	\$ 43,924,389

Eastern Local School District, Brown County Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Service	Charges for Services and Sales Operating Gra and Contribution		~	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 6,180,846	\$ 30	08,911	\$	508,902	\$	(5,363,033)
Special	1,597,908	5	56,553		695,336		(846,019)
Vocational	180,170	1	12,581		-		(167,589)
Other	1,016,105	ϵ	62,686		129,050		(824,369)
Support Services:							
Pupils	414,736	2	29,628		-		(385,108)
Instructional Staff	1,106,431	ϵ	59,728		115,612		(921,091)
Board of Education	23,382		1,694		-		(21,688)
Administration	1,005,931		72,377		4,609		(928,945)
Fiscal	425,131	2	28,588		1,432		(395,111)
Business	1,315		95		-		(1,220)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,218,285		75,820		82,918		(1,059,547)
Pupil Transportation	984,180	6	54,937		40,401		(878,842)
Central	32,375		2,346				(30,029)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	626,065		35,722		515,155		174,812
Extracurricular Activities	210,099	8	39,495		87,640		(32,964)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	419,379						(419,379)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 15,442,338	\$ 1,16	51,161	\$	2,181,055		(12,100,122)
	General Revenues:						
	Property Taxes Le	evied for:					
	General Purpos	es					2,887,003
	Building Maint	enance					52,417
	Debt Service						672,042
	Permanent Imp						110,234
	Grants and Entitle				_		7,669,419
	Gifts and Donation				_		24,907
	Grants and Entitle		ricted for	Classro	om Facilities		7,743,402
	Investment Earnin						31,412
	Payments in Lieu	of Taxes					55,617
	Miscellaneous						133,960
	Total General Rever	nues					19,380,413
	Special Item:						
	Loss on Sale of Scho	ool Building	g				(830,825)
	Change in Net Asset	ts					6,449,466
	Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year, A	1s Restate	ed - See	Note 21	-	37,474,923
	Net Assets End of Ye	ear				\$	43,924,389

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

		General		Classroom Facilities	All Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS:	Ф	520.540	Φ.	6.500.005	1.520.160	Φ.	0.060.60
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	538,540	\$	6,599,997	\$ 1,730,160	\$	8,868,697
Interfund Receivable		19,460 143,019		-	-		19,460 143,019
Intergovernmental Receivable		74,734		5,779,511	261,390		6,115,635
Taxes Receivable		3,115,702		5,777,511	938,872		4,054,574
Restricted Assets:		5,115,702			350,072		.,00 .,07 .
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments		113,338		76,132	 		189,470
Total Assets	\$	4,004,793	\$	12,455,640	\$ 2,930,422	\$	19,390,855
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	\$	19,514	\$	2,410	\$ 7,491	\$	29,415
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		1,032,993		-	212,949		1,245,942
Interfund Payable		-		-	143,019		143,019
Retainage Payable		-		76,132	-		76,132
Intergovernmental Payable		286,445		-	58,449		344,894
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		13,398		-	-		13,398
Deferred Revenue		2,588,045		5,744,306	 791,679		9,124,030
Total Liabilities		3,940,395		5,822,848	 1,213,587		10,976,830
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances		72,782		337,352	39,480		449,614
Reserved for Property Taxes		527,657		337,332	147,193		674,850
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Materials		113,338		_	147,175		113,338
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:		115,550					115,550
General Fund		(649,379)		-	-		(649,379)
Special Revenue Funds		-		-	488,865		488,865
Debt Service Funds		-		-	866,802		866,802
Capital Projects Funds		<u>-</u>		6,295,440	 174,495		6,469,935
Total Fund Balances		64,398		6,632,792	 1,716,835		8,414,025
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,004,793	\$	12,455,640	\$ 2,930,422	\$	19,390,855

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 8,414,025
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		39,010,227
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Unamortized Financing Costs Taxes Intergovernmental Total	93,821 292,881 5,744,306	6,131,008
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, unamortized bond premium, accrued interest, and the long-term portion of compensated absences and early retirement incentive, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Incentive General Obligation Bonds Accrued Interest Payable Unamortized Bond Premium Total	(792,176) (8,645,000) (34,160) (159,535)	(9,630,871)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 43,924,389

Eastern Local School District, Brown County
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Classroom Facilities	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,840,150	\$ -	\$ 828,360	\$ 3,668,510	
Intergovernmental	7,528,485	3,378,936	2,310,408	\$ 3,668,510 13,217,829	
Interest	10,888	19,646	2,310,408		
Tuition and Fees	781,383	19,040	0/0	31,412 781,383	
Rent	12,584	-	-	12,584	
Extracurricular Activities	12,364	-	81,699		
Gifts and Donations	24.007	-	340	81,699	
Customer Sales and Services	24,907	-		25,247	
	44.252	-	285,495	285,495	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	44,353	-	11,264	55,617	
Miscellaneous	35,832		107,180	143,012	
Total Revenues	11,278,582	3,398,582	3,625,624	18,302,788	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,281,010	355,829	629,779	5,266,618	
Special	762,238	-	808,104	1,570,342	
Vocational	173,640	-	-	173,640	
Other	865,178	-	150,927	1,016,105	
Support Services:					
Pupils	408,920	-	4,286	413,206	
Instructional Staff	961,854	331	134,960	1,097,145	
Board of Education	23,382	-	-	23,382	
Administration	986,066	-	5,000	991,066	
Fiscal	379,930	-	28,952	408,882	
Business	1,315	-	-	1,315	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,038,767	-	218,127	1,256,894	
Pupil Transportation	886,793	-	24,907	911,700	
Central	32,375	-	-	32,375	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,133	-	603,465	606,598	
Extracurricular Activities	107,602	-	102,497	210,099	
Capital Outlay	5,088	2,386,511	741,119	3,132,718	
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	345,000	345,000	
Interest			423,938	423,938	
Total Expenditures	10,917,291	2,742,671	4,221,061	17,881,023	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	361,291	655,911	(595,437)	421,765	
Other Financing Sources and Uses:					
Transfers In	-	763,025	-	763,025	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	_	· -	105,280	105,280	
Transfers Out			(763,025)	(763,025)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		763,025	(657,745)	105,280	
Net Change in Fund Balances	361,291	1,418,936	(1,253,182)	527,045	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(296,893)	5,213,856	2,970,017	7,886,980	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 64,398	\$ 6,632,792	\$ 1,716,835	\$ 8,414,025	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 527,045
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	3,185,394 (1,042,888)	2,142,506
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets and the proceeds from the sale of capital assets. Special Item - Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Total	(830,825) (105,280)	(936,105)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Other Intergovernmental Total	53,186 (9,052) 4,375,707	4,419,841
The amortization of premium from the sale of bonds is recorded as a reduction of liability in the statement of net assets, but does not result in an expenditure in the governmental funds.		7,485
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		345,000
The amortization of debt issuance costs are reported in the statement of activities, but are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(4,402)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Incentive Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable Total	(53,380) 1,476	(51,904)
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 6,449,466

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Or	riginal Budget	F	inal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	11,172,158 11,402,158	\$	11,558,808 11,958,808	\$ 11,235,068 11,240,344	\$	(323,740) 718,464
Net Change in Fund Balance		(230,000)		(400,000)	(5,276)		394,724
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		506,721		506,721	506,721		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		58,808		58,808	58,808		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	335,529	\$	165,529	\$ 560,253	\$	394,724

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2010

	Agency Fund
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 23,097
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies	\$ 23,097

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Eastern Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1957 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 75 square miles. It is located in Brown County and includes the Villages of Macon and Russellville and various townships within the County. It is staffed by 71 non-certified and 85 certified employees providing education to 1,440 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Eastern Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

Entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District. These entities include the Boosters Club, Parent Teacher Organizations, and Alumni Associations.

The School District is associated with three organizations, one of which is defined as a jointly governed organization and two as insurance purchasing pools of which one is also a public entity shared risk pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), and the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. The Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium is made up of a public entity shared risk pool and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 12, 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Eastern Local School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The funds of the School District fall within two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The Classroom Facilities Fund is a fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 5) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred/Unearned Revenue

Deferred/unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred/unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due, (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2010.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2010, the School District's investments were limited to funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, and money market funds. Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds are reported at market value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund, Classroom Facilities Fund, and all other governmental funds during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$10,888, \$19,646, and \$878, respectively.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be pooled cash and investments and are reported as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. The School District does not capitalize interest for capital asset purchases. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives			
Land Improvements	5-20 years			
Building and Improvements	30-40 years			
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years			
Vehicles	5 years			

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes represent balances in special revenue funds for grants whose use is restricted by grant agreements.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$14,093,116 in restricted net assets, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, and textbooks and instructional materials.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent pooled cash and investments whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the School District for textbooks and instructional materials and capital improvements. See Note 15 for additional information regarding set-asides.

Restricted assets in the Classroom Facilities Fund represent cash and cash equivalents held for contractor retainage.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The School District had no extraordinary items. The School District reported one special item for the loss on the disposal of capital assets as a result of the sale of a building.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget (budgetary basis) and actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$361,291
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	(43,514)
Expenditure Accruals	(231,428)
Encumbrances	(91,625)
Budget Basis	(\$5,276)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- Linked deposits as authorized by ordinance adopted pursuant to section 135.80 of the Revised Code;
- 10. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
- 11. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which obligations both the following apply: obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of the purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

<u>Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual amounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateralization of public funds.

As of June 30, 2010, the School District's bank balance of \$7,249,523 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institutions public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

<u>Investments</u>: As of June 30, 2010, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment		
	Fair	Maturites (in years)		
Description:	Value Less than 1			
STAR Ohio	\$ 655,421	\$	655,421	
Fifth Third Institutional Government				
Money Market	 1,583,533		1,583,533	
Total Investments	\$ 2,238,954	\$	2,238,954	

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At year end, the School District's investments were limited to STAR Ohio and money market funds. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The School District's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond allowing investments as authorized in the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy allows investments as authorized in the Ohio Revised Code. The School District has invested 70.7% in Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market, and 29.3% in STAR Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District. Of the School District's investment in money market funds, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the School District. The School District's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected in 2010 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second-			2010 First-				
		Half Collections			Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent	P	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential		_			_			
and Other Real Estate	\$	142,089,290	94.54%	\$ 13	37,925,270	94.49%		
Public Utility		7,474,820	4.97%		7,131,680	4.89%		
Tangible Personal Property		730,180	0.49%		915,940	0.63%		
Total Assessed Value	\$	150,294,290	100.00%	\$ 14	15,972,890	100.00%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of	¢	40.20		¢	40.20			
assessed valuation	\$	40.20		\$	40.20			

The School District receives property taxes from Adams, Brown and Highland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010 are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding, the late settlement of personal property taxes and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed settlement of personal property tax and the amounts available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010, was \$527,657 in the General Fund and \$147,193 in all other governmental funds.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of property taxes, interfund, accounts, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable conditions of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the intergovernmental receivables follows at June 30, 2010:

	 Amounts
Major Funds:	_
General	\$ 74,734
Classroom Facilities	5,779,511
Total Major Funds	 5,854,245
Non-Major Funds:	
Special Education, IDEA Part B	51,411
Title I	106,329
Alternative Education Challenge	15,395
Improving Teacher Quality, Title II-A	13,596
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	74,077
Title II-D	582
Total Non-Major Funds	261,390
Total Intergovernmental Receviables	\$ 6,115,635

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance with a \$3,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Property is protected by the Ohio School Plan in the amount of \$28,522,879. The School District's vehicles are covered by the Ohio School Plan and hold a \$1,000 deductible for buses and \$250 for all other autos for comprehensive and a \$1,000 deductible for buses and \$500 for all other autos for collision with a \$3,000,000 limit on any accident. Violence coverage is provided by the Ohio School Plan with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence and aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction of coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2010, the School District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 13). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District participates in the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium (the Consortium), a public entity shared risk pool (Note 14) consisting of nine districts. The School District is responsible for providing a current listing of enrolled employees and for providing timely pro-rata payments of premiums to the Consortium for employee health coverage and benefits. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Consortium, for any reason, the terminated member assumes and is responsible for the payment of any delinquent contributions.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2010, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.78 percent. The remaining 1.22 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The School District's contributions to SERS which were allocated for pension and death benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$307,818, \$169,279, and \$180,341, respectively; 54 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. \$139,393 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2010 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options - New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$671,012, \$676,360, and \$692,922, respectively; 83 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. \$116,506 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2010 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771 or by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

B. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2010, no members of the Board of Education had elected Social Security.

C. Postemployment Benefits

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan; and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the School District, these amounts equaled \$51,719, \$52,028, and \$52,758, and for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

In addition to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) administers two post employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2010 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$353.60 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

C. Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, the actuarially required allocations were 0.76, 0.75 percent, and 0.66 percent. For the School District, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$15,201, \$14,545, and \$12,510, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, the health care allocations were 0.46 percent, 4.16 percent, and 4.18 percent, respectively. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2010, 2009, and 2008 fiscal years equaled \$37,570, \$107,637, and \$93,684, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month for a total of 15 days of sick leave for each year under contract. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 220 days for teachers and classified personnel. Administrators with a 242 day contract may accumulate up to a maximum of 286 days, with a 222 day contract may accumulate up to a maximum of 264 days, and with a 202 day contract may accumulate up to 242 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the maximum allowable accumulation for teachers, administrators, and classified personnel.

B. Other Employee Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Lincoln National Life. Dental insurance is provided by the School District to all employees through Dental Care Plus. Vision insurance is provided by the School District to all employees through Vision Service Plan.

C. Early Retirement Incentive

The School District offers an Early Retirement Incentive (Super-Severance) program to all certified employees. The employee must retire in the first year they become eligible. For these employees, they must give written notice to the Superintendent by April 1st of the year he/she becomes eligible for "full retirement". For fiscal year 2010, no employees took advantage of this incentive to receive the \$10,000 bonus.

During fiscal year 2006, the Board approved an incentive which states that if the employee retires, the Board will give them a five year contract and continue to pay all of their benefits. The employee will be placed on step three of their salary schedule. They will be frozen at step three. The employee is eligible for base increases, but they are not eligible for step increases or bonuses such as the personal day or attendance bonus.

D. Severance Payout Obligation

There were several employees who took advantage of the incentive noted in the second paragraph of C. above. The School district is making their severance payouts over a five year period accordingly. This is reported as a long term obligation in Note 11.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	*Restated Balance 6/30/2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2010
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 271,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 271,526
Construction in Progress	27,681,908	1,220,870	(27,499,793)	1,402,985
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	27,953,434	1,220,870	(27,499,793)	1,674,511
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	320,984	19,308	(31,337)	308,955
Buildings and Improvements	12,883,861	27,447,918	(1,591,078)	38,740,701
Furniture and Equipment	2,407,691	1,997,091	(325,419)	4,079,363
Vehicles	1,450,808	-	-	1,450,808
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	17,063,344	29,464,317	(1,947,834)	44,579,827
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(320,984)	(1,470)	31,337	(291,117)
Buildings and Improvements	(3,899,885)	(763,242)	675,751	(3,987,376)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,828,746)	(214,486)	304,641	(1,738,591)
Vehicles	(1,163,337)	(63,690)	-	(1,227,027)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,212,952)	(1,042,888)	1,011,729	(7,244,111)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,850,392	28,421,429	(936,105)	37,335,716
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 37,803,826	\$ 29,642,299	\$ (28,435,898)	\$ 39,010,227

^{*} Amount restated, see Note 21 for additional information.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$930,487
Special	4,154
Vocational	6,530
Support Services:	
Pupils	1,530
Instructional Staff	8,516
Administration	1,599
Fiscal	1,606
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,374
Pupil Transportation	63,020
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	19,072
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,042,888

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2010 were as follows:

	C	Principal Outstanding 06/30/09	Additions Deduc		Deductions		Prin Outst Deductions 06/3		Due Within One Year
School Construction/Remodeling Bonds 1995 6.25%	\$	2,170,000	\$	-	\$	160,000	\$	2,010,000	\$ 170,000
Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds 2006 4% - 4.75% Premium		6,820,000 167,020		- -		185,000 7,485		6,635,000 159,535	190,000 7,485
Compensated Absences Severance Payout Obligation		681,869 56,927		870,479 73,569		833,741 56,927		718,607 73,569	 84,927 14,714
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,895,816	\$	944,048	\$	1,243,153	\$	9,596,711	\$ 467,126

On March 1, 1995, the School District issued \$3,340,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing, remodeling, reconstructing and adding to school buildings. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity in 2018. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

On October 23, 2006, the School District issued \$7,165,000 in general obligation classroom facilities bonds for the purpose of retiring the \$7,165,000 bond anticipation notes which were used for the purpose of school improvement. The bonds consisted of \$3,100,000 in serial bonds and \$4,065,000 in term bonds. The serial bonds were issued for a fourteen year period with final maturity in 2021. The term bonds were issued with maturities beginning in 2020 and a final maturity in 2031. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

All general obligation debt is supported by the full faith and credit of the School District. Compensated absences and the Severance Payout Obligation will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid with the General Fund being the most significant fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$4,333,025 with an unvoted debt margin of \$145,973 at June 30, 2010. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
2011	\$ 360,000	\$ 406,126	\$	766,126	
2012	410,000	386,449		796,449	
2013	425,000	364,857		789,857	
2014	460,000	314,868		774,868	
2015	485,000	317,287		802,287	
2016-2020	2,155,000	1,206,410		3,361,410	
2021-2025	1,540,000	835,963		2,375,963	
2026-2030	1,910,000	476,347		2,386,347	
2031-2032	 900,000	43,225		943,225	
Totals	\$ 8,645,000	\$ 4,351,532	\$ 1	12,996,532	

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

South Central Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Pickaway, Gallia, Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers plus the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$96,386 for all services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Vern Riffe Career and Technology Center, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

NOTE 13 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by the chamber of commerce. Sheakley UniService, the third party administrator, determines eligibility for the program using company claims and risk records provided by the State. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to Sheakley to cover the costs of administering the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 14 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium

The Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium, a public entity shared risk and insurance purchasing pool, currently operates to provide health insurance (insurance purchasing pool) and dental coverage (public entity shared risk pool) to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees. Six Brown County school districts (Eastern, Fayetteville-Perry, Georgetown, Ripley-Union-Lewis-Huntington, Southern Hills Joint Vocational and Western Brown Schools) and two Highland County school districts (Lynchburg-Clay and Bright Schools) have entered into an agreement with the Brown County Educational Service Center to form the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. The overall objectives of the consortium are to formulate and administer a program of health and dental insurance for the benefit of the consortium members' employees and their dependents. The consortium contracts with Humana to provide medical insurance directly to consortium member employees. The School District pays premiums to the consortium based on employee membership. For dental coverage the consortium acts as a public entity shared risk pool. Each member district pays dental premiums based on the consortium estimates of future claims. If the member district's dental claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. Dental coverage is administered through a third party administrator, Dental Care Plus. Participating member districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs associated with the administering of the Consortium. To obtain financial information write to Brown County Educational Service Center at 325 West State St., Georgetown, Ohio 45121.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the School District was not required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be retained for budget stabilization or spent for specified purposes. During fiscal year 2010, the School District Board released the balance held for budget stabilization to the General Fund.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks		A	Capital cquisition	Budget Stabilization	
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of						
June 30, 2009	\$	51,911	\$	-	\$	36,759
Current Year Set-aside Requirement		232,034		232,034		-
Current Year Offsets		-		(232,034)		-
Qualifying Disbursements		(170,607)		<u> </u>		(36,759)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward						
to Future Years	\$	113,338	\$		\$	
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of						
June 30, 2010	\$	113,338	\$		\$	-

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero in the Capital Acquisition Reserve. The carryover amount in the Capital Acquisition Reserve is limited to the balance of the offsets attributed to bond or tax levy proceeds. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$7,089,465 at June 30, 2010.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2010.

Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 17 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2010, the Lunchroom, Special Education – IDEA Part B, Title I, and Title II-A Special Revenue Funds had fund balance deficits of \$25,961, \$8,922, \$8,092, and \$10,056 respectively which were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 18 – CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2010, the School District had significant contractual purchase commitments approved during the June 2010 Board meeting for the construction and renovation of school facilities as follows:

	Contract	Amount	Balance at
Contractor	Amount	Expended	6/30/10
Endeavor Construction	\$ 6,126,000	\$ -	\$ 6,126,000
Feldkamp Enterprises, Inc.	543,000	=	543,000
Dalmation Fire, Inc.	106,400	-	106,400
Weller's Plumbing and Heating	2,008,000	-	2,008,000
Sidewinder Electric	1,836,672		1,836,672
Total	\$ 10,620,072	\$ -	\$ 10,620,072

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 19 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Loans

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are expected to be repaid during the 2011 fiscal year:

	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$143,019	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Alternative Education	0	13,477
Title VI-B	0	14,738
Title II-D	0	582
Title I	0	33,238
Teacher Quality Improvement	0	6,907
Misc Federal Grant		74,077
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	0	143,019
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	\$143,019	\$143,019

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

	TransfersIn	Transfers Out
Classroom Facilities	\$763,025	\$ -
Non-Major Fund:		
Captial Projects - LFI		763,025
Total	\$763,025	\$763,025

The Capital Projects – LFI Fund transferred monies to the classroom facilities fund for construction costs for the School District's local match.

NOTE 20 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2010, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets," Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments," Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans," and Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies."

GASB Statement No. 51 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce inconsistencies thereby enhancing the comparability of accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The implementation of this statement did not result in any material change to the School District's basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 20 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. It requires governments to measure derivative instruments, with the exception of synthetic guaranteed investment contracts that are fully benefit-responsive, at fair value in their economic resources measurement focus financial statements. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans (that is, agent employers). The requirements in this Statement will allow more agent employers to use the alternative measurement method to produce actuarially based information for purposes of financial reporting and clarify that OPEB measures reported by agent multiple-employer OPEB plans and their participating employers should be determined at the same minimum frequency and as of a common date to improve the consistency of reporting with regard to funded status and funding progress information. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 58 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The requirements in this statement will provide more consistent recognition, measurement, display and disclosure guidance for governments that file for Chapter 9 bankruptcy. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's basic financial statements.

NOTE 21 – RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The School District's capital assets as of June 30, 2009 were overstated. The restatement had the following effect on net assets:

Governmental
Activities
\$41,295,530
(3,820,607)
\$37,474,923

Eastern Local School District, Brown County
Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	3L70	10.553	\$ 69,487	\$ -	\$ 69,487	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	268,782	51,116	268,782	51,116
Total United States Department of Agriculture			338,269	51,116	338,269	51,116
United States Department of Education						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States	3M20	84.027	247,028	-	274,060	-
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	3DJ0	84.391	145,900	-	126,569	-
Total Special Education Cluster			392,928	-	400,629	-
Title I, Part A Cluster:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	367,852	-	396,028	-
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3DK0	84.389	114,835	-	122,143	
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			482,687	-	518,171	-
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	3D10	84.186	7,712	_	8,212	-
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	3Y20	84.287	128,023	-	165,747	-
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	-		3	
Education Technology State Grants	3S20	84.318	2,990		2,949	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants	GRF	84.394	458,617	-	390,618	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	84.367	95,395	-	103,062	
Total United States Department of Education			1,568,352		1,589,391	<u> </u>
Corporation for National and Community Service						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education						
Learn and Serve America - School and Community Based Programs	3780	94.004	12,900	-	16,041	
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			12,900	-	16,041	<u>-</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,919,521	\$ 51,116	\$ 1,943,701	\$ 51,116

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards

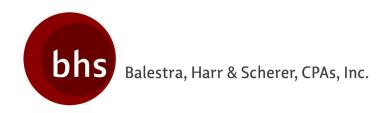
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B-FOOD DONATION

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the entitlement value of the commodities received.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Board Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eastern Local School District, Brown County (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2011, wherein we noted that the School District implemented GASB Statements No. 51, No. 53, No. 57, and No. 58. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Therefore, we cannot assure that we have identified all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected. We consider findings 2010-001 and 2010-002 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

The School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Members of the Board
Eastern Local School District
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by
Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and others within the School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

March 25, 2011

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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board Eastern Local School District P.O. Box 500 Sardinia, Ohio 45171

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Eastern Local School District, Brown County (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal programs. The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

Members of the Board
Eastern Local School District
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A - 133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to timely detect and correct noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, members of the Board, others within the School District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Ralistra, Harr & Scherur

March 25, 2011

Eastern Local School District Brown County June 30, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program(s) (list):	Special Education Cluster CFDA# 84.027 and 84.391
		Title I Cluster CFDA# 84.010 and 84.389
		Education Technology State Grants Cluter CFDA# 84.318 and 84.386
		State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – Education State Grant CFDA# 84.394
		Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers CFDA# 84.287
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

Eastern Local School District Brown County June 30, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding 2010-001

Material Weakness - Segregation of Duties/Reconciliation of Reports

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the reconciliation of the point of sale system reports to then daily deposit slip was not performed by an individual independent of the preparer. Instances of fraud could go undetected for unreasonable period of time.

The School District management should require separate parties to do the final cash count, deposit of funds, and reconciliation of point of sale system reports to the daily deposit slip.

District's Response:

We are currently evaluating how to use available personnel to improve the controls with the intent to implement the recommendation to utilize two individuals to count the cash and reconcile with the cash journals generated by the point of sale computer system. We also plan to consider a new point of sale software system that would provide additional controls.

Finding 2010-002

Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the School District's Treasurer and Board of Education and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate.

The School District utilizes the Uniform School Accounting System and currently has monitoring controls over daily cash-basis transactions entered into the system. At year-end, the cash basis information from the accounting system is converted into the financial statements reported under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accrual information is prepared by the School District and is submitted to Local Government Services to prepare the financial statements.

The School District had a valuation of fixed assets done during the year, and in doing so, noted that the capital assets balance on the financial statements for the prior year was overstated by \$3,820,607. Therefore, an adjustment to the prior period balance was required.

Lack or failure of controls over the posting of financial transactions and financial reporting can result in errors and irregularities that may go undetected and decreases the reliability of financial data throughout the year.

Eastern Local School District Brown County June 30, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Finding 2010-002 (Continued)

The School District should develop policies and procedures to enhance its controls over capital asset management and valuation to help ensure the information is accurately reflected on the financial statements.

District's Response:

The amount in question was not posted to the district fixed asset system; but was carried on the financial statements as Construction in Progress. The CIP was calculated based on what had been paid/obligated to contractors. At the time the construction was complete and the values were to be added to the fixed asset system, it was determined that a substantial amount of the cost of renovation at the Russellville Elementary building should be expensed instead of capitalized. This reclassification of this portion of the CIP to an expense in a subsequent year resulted in the overstatement of the fixed assets.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted.





EASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BROWN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 10, 2011