

*HOCKING COUNTY, OHIO*

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SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

**J.L. UHRIG**  
AND ASSOCIATES INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS







# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of County Commissioners  
Hocking County  
One East Main Street  
Logan, Ohio 43138

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Hocking County prepared by J. L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Hocking County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost  
Auditor of State

September 29, 2011

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**For the Year Ended December 31, 2010**

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**Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of County Commissioners  
Hocking County, Ohio  
1 East Main Street  
Logan, Ohio 43138

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hocking County, Ohio, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Hocking Valley Community Hospital which is included as a discretely presented component unit in the County's basic financial statements. These financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Hocking Valley Community Hospital is based solely on the report of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund, Human Service Fund, Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund, and the Emergency Medical Services Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hocking County, Ohio  
Independent Auditor's Report

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 4, 2011, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures is required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

August 4, 2011

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
*Unaudited*

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The discussion and analysis of Hocking County's financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

*Overall:*

Total net assets increased \$3,812,612 primarily due to governmental activities changes.

Total revenue was \$29,113,925 in 2010.

Total program expenses were \$25,301,313 in 2010.

Long term debt and other obligations increased to \$2,242,519 in 2010 from \$2,117,344 in 2009. The increase was due primarily to new debt issuances partially offset by debt service principal payments.

*Governmental Activities:*

Liabilities increased \$247,543 from 2009, while total assets increased by \$4,093,389.

Total revenue was \$28,937,644 in 2010, while program expenses were \$25,091,798.

Program expenses were primarily composed of human services, health, public works, public safety, legislative and executive, and judicial where expenses were \$6,086,163, \$5,501,418, \$4,559,701, \$3,130,525, \$3,016,103, and \$2,234,280, respectively, in 2010.

*Business-Type Activities:*

Program revenues were \$176,281 for business-type activities, while corresponding expenses were \$209,515.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

These basic financial statements consist of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Hocking County as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

- The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Hocking County, the General Fund, the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund, the Human Services Fund, the Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund, and the Emergency Medical Services Fund are the major funds for the County.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
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***Reporting the County as a Whole***

***Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities***

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the County to provide programs and activities, the view of the County as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the County's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader, for the County as a whole, whether the *financial position* of the County has improved. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the County's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required or mandated programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the County is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities – Most of the County's programs and services are reported here including general government (legislative and executive and judicial), public safety, public works, health, human services, economic development and assistance, conservation and recreation, other and intergovernmental.
- Business-Type Activities – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The County's wastewater treatment operations are reported as business-type activities.

***Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds***

***Fund Financial Statements***

The analysis of the County's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. The County uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds. The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund, the Human Services Fund, the Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund, and the Emergency Medical Services Fund.

***Governmental Funds*** Most of the County's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance various County programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

***Proprietary Funds*** Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match the information provided in the statements for the County as a whole.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
*Unaudited*

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**The County as a Whole**

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net assets for 2010 compared to the prior year:

Table 1  
 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2010	2009 *	2010	2009	2010	2009
<i>Assets</i>						
Current & Other Assets	\$ 20,762,714	\$ 19,191,412	\$ 138,232	\$ 123,022	\$ 20,900,946	\$ 19,314,434
Capital Assets, Net	23,487,100	20,965,013	1,315,686	1,373,665	24,802,786	22,338,678
<i>Total Assets</i>	<b>44,249,814</b>	<b>40,156,425</b>	<b>1,453,918</b>	<b>1,496,687</b>	<b>45,703,732</b>	<b>41,653,112</b>
<i>Liabilities</i>						
Long-Term Liabilities	1,770,021	1,636,190	472,498	481,154	2,242,519	2,117,344
Current and Other Liabilities	6,263,013	6,149,301	3,821	4,700	6,266,834	6,154,001
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<b>8,033,034</b>	<b>7,785,491</b>	<b>476,319</b>	<b>485,854</b>	<b>8,509,353</b>	<b>8,271,345</b>
<i>Net Assets</i>						
Invested in Capital Assets						
Net of Debt	22,576,713	20,099,083	851,586	899,965	23,428,299	20,999,048
Restricted	10,399,791	9,690,368	-	-	10,399,791	9,690,368
Unrestricted	3,240,276	2,581,483	126,013	110,868	3,366,289	2,692,351
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<b>\$ 36,216,780</b>	<b>\$ 32,370,934</b>	<b>\$ 977,599</b>	<b>\$ 1,010,833</b>	<b>\$ 37,194,379</b>	<b>\$ 33,381,767</b>

\* - As restated – See Note 19.

Total assets increased by \$4,050,620. The primary reasons for the increase in total assets are increases in intergovernmental receivable, cash, and depreciable capital assets which were partially offset by decreases in taxes receivables and non-depreciable capital assets. Capital assets in the governmental activities increased \$2,522,087 from 2009 to 2010, due to additions which were partially offset by disposals and depreciation expense. Capital assets in the business-type activities decreased \$57,979 from 2009 to 2010, primarily due to depreciation expense.

Total liabilities increased \$238,008. This increase is due primarily to increases in payroll related liabilities, accounts payable, matured compensated absences payable, and intergovernmental payable and was partially offset by decreases in contracts payable, retainage payable, and unearned revenue.

Business-type revenues of \$176,281 were insufficient to cover expenses of \$209,515 resulting in a decrease in net assets of \$33,234 from 2009 to 2010.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
*Unaudited*

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Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2010 and 2009.

Table 2  
 Changes in Net Assets

	2010			2009		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>Revenues</b>						
<i>Program Revenues:</i>						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 3,157,616	\$ 160,828	\$ 3,318,444	\$ 2,646,293	\$ 172,373	\$ 2,818,666
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,326,324	-	12,326,324	12,936,157	-	12,936,157
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,554,334	15,453	2,569,787	114,626	-	114,626
Total Program Revenues	18,038,274	176,281	18,214,555	15,697,076	172,373	15,869,449
<i>General Revenues:</i>						
Property Taxes	4,700,715	-	4,700,715	5,356,104	-	5,356,104
Sales Taxes	2,971,236	-	2,971,236	2,731,980	-	2,731,980
Grants and Entitlements	1,164,104	-	1,164,104	886,099	-	886,099
Other Taxes	614,245	-	614,245	641,452	-	641,452
Interest Earnings	313,551	-	313,551	460,152	-	460,152
Miscellaneous	1,135,519	-	1,135,519	461,986	-	461,986
Total General Revenues	10,899,370	-	10,899,370	10,537,773	-	10,537,773
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>28,937,644</b>	<b>176,281</b>	<b>29,113,925</b>	<b>26,234,849</b>	<b>172,373</b>	<b>26,407,222</b>
<b>Program Expenses</b>						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	3,016,103	-	3,016,103	3,194,631	-	3,194,631
Judicial	2,234,280	-	2,234,280	1,761,989	-	1,761,989
Public Safety	3,130,525	-	3,130,525	3,577,151	-	3,577,151
Public Works	4,559,701	-	4,559,701	3,968,023	-	3,968,023
Health	5,501,418	-	5,501,418	4,326,379	-	4,326,379
Human Services	6,086,163	-	6,086,163	7,285,664	-	7,285,664
Economic Development and Assistance	290,522	-	290,522	696,100	-	696,100
Conservation and Recreation	212,680	-	212,680	253,453	-	253,453
Other	-	-	-	70,765	-	70,765
Intergovernmental	21,308	-	21,308	12,866	-	12,866
Interest and Fiscal Charges	39,098	-	39,098	45,691	-	45,691
Wastewater Treatment	-	209,515	209,515	-	203,132	203,132
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>25,091,798</b>	<b>209,515</b>	<b>25,301,313</b>	<b>25,192,712</b>	<b>203,132</b>	<b>25,395,844</b>
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	<b>3,845,846</b>	<b>(33,234)</b>	<b>3,812,612</b>	<b>1,042,137</b>	<b>(30,759)</b>	<b>1,011,378</b>
Net Assets - Beginning of Year *	32,370,934	1,010,833	33,381,767	31,328,797	1,057,164	32,385,961
Net Assets - End of Year	<b>\$ 36,216,780</b>	<b>\$ 977,599</b>	<b>\$ 37,194,379</b>	<b>\$ 32,370,934</b>	<b>\$ 1,026,405</b>	<b>\$ 33,397,339</b>

\* - As restated – See Note 19.

Governmental net assets increased \$3,845,846 from 2009 to 2010. Total governmental activities revenues increased \$2,702,795 due primarily to increases in charges for services of \$511,323, miscellaneous revenue of \$673,533, and capital grants of \$2,439,708. These increases were partially offset by decreases in property taxes of \$655,389 and operating grants and contributions of \$609,833, as well as other less significant changes.

Total governmental activities expenses decreased \$100,914 primarily due to decreases in expenses for public safety of \$446,626, human services of \$1,199,501, and economic development of \$405,578. These decreases were partially offset by increases in expenses for judicial of \$472,291, public works of \$ 591,678, and health of \$1,175,039.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
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*Unaudited*

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For business-type activities, charges for services and sales decreased \$11,545, capital grants and contributions increased \$15,453, and wastewater treatment expenses increased \$6,383, resulting in a decrease in net assets of \$33,234.

The County receives diverse types of revenues to provide for the vast number of programs provided by the County. Operating grants and contributions provide 42% of total revenues for governmental activities. Property taxes and sales taxes provide 16% and 10% of total revenues for governmental activities, respectively.

Human services expenses comprise 25% of total expenses for governmental activities. Health, public works, public safety, and general government legislative and executive comprise 22%, 18%, 12% and 12%, respectively, of total expenses for governmental activities.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and various unrestricted federal and state grants and entitlements.

Table 3  
 Total Cost of Program Services  
 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
General Government - Legislative and Executive	\$ 3,016,103	\$ 3,194,631	\$ 2,412,874	\$ 1,971,311
General Government - Judicial	2,234,280	1,761,989	1,090,477	615,961
Public Safety	3,130,525	3,577,151	1,754,164	2,010,981
Public Works	4,559,701	3,968,023	(1,973,892)	1,792,494
Health	5,501,418	4,326,379	2,928,169	893,835
Human Services	6,086,163	7,285,664	722,456	1,721,405
Economic Development and Assistance	290,522	696,100	(29,734)	173,520
Conservation and Recreation	212,680	253,453	162,545	214,018
Other	-	70,765	-	59,830
Intergovernmental	21,308	12,866	(52,633)	10,878
Interest and Fiscal Charges	39,098	45,691	39,098	31,403
 Total Expenses	 \$ 25,091,798	 \$ 25,192,712	 \$ 7,053,524	 \$ 9,495,636

72% of governmental activities are supported through program revenues.

#### ***Business-Type Activities***

Business-type activities include wastewater treatment.

Overall net assets decreased \$33,234 from 2009 to 2010. Charges for services and sales accounted for 91% of total revenues of \$176,281.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
*Unaudited*

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***The County's Funds***

Information about the County's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other sources of \$30,240,683 and expenditures and other uses of \$28,903,950. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund, which experienced an increase in fund balance of \$429,357 or 16.9% primarily due to increases in taxes revenue of \$171,678 and intergovernmental revenue of \$74,353, which are partially offset by decreases in interest revenue of \$165,435, general government legislative and executive expenditures of \$124,802, judicial expenditures of \$140,939, and conservation and recreation expenditures of \$45,206, as well as other less significant decreases.

The Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$184,680 or 12.6% primarily due to increases in intergovernmental revenue of \$2,049,775, expenditures of \$1,757,180, and proceeds of debt issues of \$127,000, which were partially offset by other less significant decreases.

The Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$182,351 or 16.2% due to increases to taxes revenue of \$415,651 and miscellaneous revenue of \$481,917, which were partially offset by increases in health expenditures of \$311,673, decreases in intergovernmental revenue of \$301,706, and transfers out of \$346,625.

The Human Services Fund experienced a decrease in fund balance of \$95,723, where the fund balance went from \$136,915 in 2009 to \$41,192 for 2010.

The Emergency Medical Services Fund experienced a decrease in fund balance of \$236,486 or 20% due to an increase to health expenditures of \$268,705, which was partially offset by other less significant increases in revenues.

***General Fund Budgeting Highlights***

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010 the County amended its General Fund budget numerous times, none significant.

For the General Fund, budget basis actual revenue and other financing sources were \$6,698,046, above final budget estimates of \$5,956,881. Of this \$741,165 difference, tax revenue was \$445,872 and charges for services revenue was \$137,226. All of these were above the final estimates and other various revenues make up the difference.

Budget basis actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$6,372,091, below final budget estimates of \$6,555,360. Of this \$183,269 difference, general government legislative and executive was \$36,232, judicial was \$42,073, public safety was \$29,612, and human services was \$27,545, which were all above the final estimates. Various expenditure and other financing uses categories made up the remaining difference. Total actual expenditures and other financing uses on the budget basis were \$325,955 below revenues and other financing sources.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*  
*Unaudited*

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***Capital Assets and Debt Administration***

**Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal 2010 the County had \$24,802,786 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, a wastewater treatment plant and collection system; \$23,487,100 in governmental activities. Additional information regarding capital assets is shown in Note 7 to the basic financial statements. Tables 4.1 and 4.2 show fiscal 2010 and 2009 balances by governmental activities and business-type activities:

Table 4.1  
 Capital Assets At December 31  
 (Net of Depreciation)  
 Governmental Activities

	2010	2009 *
Land	\$ 811,350	\$ 811,350
Construction in Progress	-	365,862
Land Improvements	56,311	49,298
Buildings	1,730,426	1,239,046
Machinery and Equipment	1,825,883	1,852,731
Vehicles	1,174,551	911,690
Infrastructure	17,888,579	15,735,036
Total	<u>\$ 23,487,100</u>	<u>\$ 20,965,013</u>

\* - As restated - See Note 19.

Table 4.2  
 Capital Assets At December 31  
 (Net of Depreciation)  
 Business-Type Activities

	2010	2009
Land	\$ 29,000	\$ 29,000
Wastewater Treatment Plant	128,477	140,430
Collection System	1,158,208	1,204,234
Total	<u>\$ 1,315,685</u>	<u>\$ 1,373,664</u>

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
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**Debt**

At December 31, 2010 the County had \$910,387 in governmental activities bonds and long-term notes, \$152,499 due within one year. At December 31, 2010, the County had \$464,100 in business-type activity bonds, \$10,300 due within one year.

Tables 5 and 6 summarize bonds and notes outstanding for the past two years:

Table 5  
Outstanding Debt At December 31  
Governmental Activities

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 180,000	\$ 240,000
Long Term Notes	701,987	590,630
Special Assessment Bonds	28,400	35,300
Total	<u>\$ 910,387</u>	<u>\$ 865,930</u>

Table 6  
Outstanding Debt At December 31  
Business-Type Activities

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Revenue Bonds	\$ 464,100	\$ 473,700

All general obligation bonds, long-term notes and special assessment bonds outstanding for governmental activities are general obligations of the County for which the full faith and credit of the County is pledged for repayment. For additional information regarding bonds and long-term notes payable please see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
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**Current Financial Related Activities**

Hocking County is strong financially at the present time. However, as the preceding information shows, the County heavily depends on its property taxpayers as well as intergovernmental monies. Since the property tax revenues do not grow at the same level as inflation and because state and federal mandates continue without providing the additional revenue resources needed to continue such programs, the County will be faced with significant challenges over the next several years to contain costs and ultimately consider the possibility of having to go back to the voters for an additional sales tax levy.

This scenario requires management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet taxpayer needs over the next several years.

In addition, the County's system of budgeting and internal controls has made significant improvements over the past several years. All of the County's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

**Contacting the County's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Kenneth R. Wilson, County Auditor at Hocking County, 1 East Main Street, Logan, Ohio 43138, phone at (740) 385-2127, or e-mail at [kwilson@co.hocking.oh.us](mailto:kwilson@co.hocking.oh.us).

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**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Net Assets*  
*As of December 31, 2010*

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total
				Hospital
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,285,073	\$ 111,184	\$ 11,396,257	\$ -
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	-	-	-	1,321,064
Receivables:				
Taxes	5,893,071	-	5,893,071	-
Accounts, Net	32,074	27,048	59,122	5,309,759
Interest	8,588	-	8,588	-
Special Assessments	38,583	-	38,583	-
Intergovernmental	3,246,508	-	3,246,508	-
Materials and Supplies Inventory	258,817	-	258,817	265,004
Prepaid Items	-	-	-	963,177
Asset whose use is limited:				
Under bond indenture agreement	-	-	-	330,000
Unamortized Financing Costs	-	-	-	36,682
Intangible Asset, Net	-	-	-	52,869
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	811,350	29,000	840,350	296,162
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	22,675,750	1,286,686	23,962,436	10,929,102
<i>Total Assets</i>	<i>44,249,814</i>	<i>1,453,918</i>	<i>45,703,732</i>	<i>19,503,819</i>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	550,879	1,335	552,214	1,423,818
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	370,562	1,300	371,862	2,237,688
Intergovernmental Payable	418,452	1,186	419,638	-
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	11,001	-	11,001	-
Unearned Revenue	4,912,119	-	4,912,119	-
Estimated Third-Party Payor Settlements	-	-	-	130,000
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	267,950	11,751	279,701	900,959
Due in More Than One Year	1,502,071	460,747	1,962,818	2,303,804
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<i>8,033,034</i>	<i>476,319</i>	<i>8,509,353</i>	<i>6,996,269</i>
<b>Net Assets</b>				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,576,713	851,586	23,428,299	8,057,183
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	102,722	-	102,722	330,000
Capital Projects	413,528	-	413,528	-
Motor Vehicle Gas Tax	2,668,553	-	2,668,553	-
Board of Developmental Disabilities	1,685,751	-	1,685,751	-
Emergency Medical Services	1,064,990	-	1,064,990	-
Real Estate Assessment	1,002,141	-	1,002,141	-
Other Purposes	3,462,106	-	3,462,106	-
Unrestricted	3,240,276	126,013	3,366,289	4,120,367
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<i>\$ 36,216,780</i>	<i>\$ 977,599</i>	<i>\$ 37,194,379</i>	<i>\$ 12,507,550</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Activities*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$ 3,016,103	\$ 548,162	\$ 55,067	\$ -
Judicial	2,234,280	1,042,672	101,131	-
Public Safety	3,130,525	525,588	850,773	-
Public Works	4,559,701	157,916	3,888,321	2,487,356
Health	5,501,418	535,851	2,037,398	-
Human Services	6,086,163	238,991	5,124,716	-
Economic Development and Assistance	290,522	58,448	261,808	-
Conservation and Recreation	212,680	43,892	6,243	-
Intergovernmental	21,308	6,096	867	66,978
Interest and Fiscal Charges	39,098	-	-	-
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>25,091,798</u>	<u>3,157,616</u>	<u>12,326,324</u>	<u>2,554,334</u>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Wastewater Treatment	209,515	160,828	-	15,453
<i>Total Business-Type Activities</i>	<u>209,515</u>	<u>160,828</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,453</u>
<i>Total Primary Government</i>	<u><u>\$ 25,301,313</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,318,444</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,326,324</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,569,787</u></u>
<b>Component Unit</b>				
Hospital	\$ 34,362,704	\$ 35,102,531	\$ 51,457	\$ 65,502
<i>Total Component Units</i>	<u><u>\$ 34,362,704</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 35,102,531</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 51,457</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 65,502</u></u>

**General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:

    General Purposes

    Other Purposes

Sales Taxes Levied for:

    General Purposes

    Other Purposes

Other Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Interest Earnings

Miscellaneous

*Total General Revenues*

Change in Net Assets

*Net Assets Beginning of Year - As Restated*

*Net Assets End of Year*

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

*continued*

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					Component Unit	
Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	Hospital	
\$ (2,412,874)	\$ -	\$ (2,412,874)	\$ -	\$ (2,412,874)	\$ -	\$ -
(1,090,477)	-	(1,090,477)	-	(1,090,477)	-	-
(1,754,164)	-	(1,754,164)	-	(1,754,164)	-	-
1,973,892	-	1,973,892	-	1,973,892	-	-
(2,928,169)	-	(2,928,169)	-	(2,928,169)	-	-
(722,456)	-	(722,456)	-	(722,456)	-	-
29,734	-	29,734	-	29,734	-	-
(162,545)	-	(162,545)	-	(162,545)	-	-
52,633	-	52,633	-	52,633	-	-
(39,098)	-	(39,098)	-	(39,098)	-	-
<u>(7,053,524)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,053,524)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,053,524)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(7,053,524)</u>	<u>(33,234)</u>	<u>(7,086,758)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,086,758)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
				856,786		
				<u>856,786</u>		
1,773,284	-	1,773,284	-			
2,927,431	-	2,927,431	-			
2,314,399	-	2,314,399	-			
656,837	-	656,837	-			
614,245	-	614,245	-			
1,164,104	-	1,164,104	-			
313,551	-	313,551	-			
1,135,519	-	1,135,519	-			
<u>10,899,370</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,899,370</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
3,845,846	(33,234)	3,812,612		856,786		
<u>32,370,934</u>	<u>1,010,833</u>	<u>33,381,767</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,650,764</u>		
<u>\$ 36,216,780</u>	<u>\$ 977,599</u>	<u>\$ 37,194,379</u>	<u>\$ 12,507,550</u>			

**Hocking County**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**Governmental Funds**  
*As of December 31, 2010*

	General	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax	Human Services	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Emergency Medical Services	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,669,272	\$ 1,087,805	\$ 92,478	\$ 1,314,363	\$ 1,017,351	\$ 5,103,804	\$ 11,285,073
Receivables:							
Taxes	2,496,339	-	-	1,878,633	1,119,964	398,135	5,893,071
Accounts, Net	-	-	-	-	32,074	-	32,074
Accrued Interest	8,588	-	-	-	-	-	8,588
Intergovernmental	453,945	1,672,575	59,971	469,344	77,109	513,564	3,246,508
Interfund	6,000	-	-	25,000	-	-	31,000
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	38,583	38,583
Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	254,996	-	-	-	3,821	258,817
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$ 5,634,144</u>	<u>\$ 3,015,376</u>	<u>\$ 152,449</u>	<u>\$ 3,687,340</u>	<u>\$ 2,246,498</u>	<u>\$ 6,057,907</u>	<u>\$ 20,793,714</u>
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>							
<b>Liabilities</b>							
Accounts Payable	\$ 34,289	\$ 153,703	\$ 14,717	\$ 44,558	\$ 17,162	\$ 286,450	\$ 550,879
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	107,986	39,581	49,303	49,489	42,134	82,069	370,562
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	9,488	-	-	-	-	1,513	11,001
Intergovernmental Payable	109,089	37,731	47,237	102,927	44,922	76,546	418,452
Interfund Payable	-	-	-	-	-	31,000	31,000
Deferred Revenue	2,402,808	1,128,356	-	2,182,765	1,197,073	304,966	7,215,968
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>2,663,660</u>	<u>1,359,371</u>	<u>111,257</u>	<u>2,379,739</u>	<u>1,301,291</u>	<u>782,544</u>	<u>8,597,862</u>
<b>Fund Balances</b>							
Reserved for Encumbrances	63,950	30,792	13,021	7,690	4,038	252,056	371,547
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:							
General Fund	2,906,534	-	-	-	-	-	2,906,534
Special Revenue Funds	-	1,625,213	28,171	1,299,911	941,169	4,545,594	8,440,058
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	-	-	101,785	101,785
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-	375,928	375,928
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>2,970,484</u>	<u>1,656,005</u>	<u>41,192</u>	<u>1,307,601</u>	<u>945,207</u>	<u>5,275,363</u>	<u>12,195,852</u>
<i>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$ 5,634,144</u>	<u>\$ 3,015,376</u>	<u>\$ 152,449</u>	<u>\$ 3,687,340</u>	<u>\$ 2,246,498</u>	<u>\$ 6,057,907</u>	<u>\$ 20,793,714</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to  
 Net Assets of Governmental Activities  
 As of December 31, 2010*

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<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>	\$ 12,195,852
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	23,487,100
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Taxes	1,818,899
Intergovernmental	<u>484,950</u>
Total	2,303,849

Long-term liabilities, including bonds, notes, and the long-term portion of compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Compensated Absences	(859,634)
Long Term Notes	(701,987)
General Obligation Bonds	(180,000)
Special Assessment Bonds	<u>(28,400)</u>
Total	<u>(1,770,021)</u>

<b>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</b>	<u>\$ 36,216,780</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

	General	Motor Vehicle Gas Tax	Human Services	Board of Developmental Disabilities	Emergency Medical Services	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>							
Taxes	\$ 4,267,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,608,371	\$ 1,037,574	\$ 1,969,386	\$ 8,882,855
Intergovernmental	926,194	6,127,702	2,211,177	965,178	134,231	4,955,363	15,319,845
Charges for Services	1,008,952	113,355	6,190	-	419,427	357,989	1,905,913
Fees, Licenses and Permits	1,875	-	-	-	-	89,180	91,055
Fines and Forfeitures	198,018	36,801	-	-	-	925,829	1,160,648
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	7,402	7,402
Interest	251,386	1,013	-	-	-	61,152	313,551
Miscellaneous	80,966	14,780	237,670	491,970	-	295,739	1,121,125
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<i>6,734,915</i>	<i>6,293,651</i>	<i>2,455,037</i>	<i>3,065,519</i>	<i>1,591,232</i>	<i>8,662,040</i>	<i>28,802,394</i>
<b>Expenditures</b>							
Current:							
General Government:							
Legislative and Executive	1,852,191	-	-	-	-	1,067,701	2,919,892
Judicial	1,309,738	-	-	-	-	893,815	2,203,553
Public Safety	1,947,866	-	-	-	-	1,453,582	3,401,448
Public Works	37,127	6,239,322	-	-	-	250,000	6,526,449
Health	41,534	-	-	2,698,168	1,827,718	864,361	5,431,781
Human Services	356,034	-	2,975,290	-	-	2,838,593	6,169,917
Conservation and Recreation	210,000	-	-	-	-	-	210,000
Economic Development and Assistance	29,168	-	-	-	-	261,354	290,522
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	296,150	296,150
Intergovernmental	21,308	-	-	-	-	-	21,308
Debt Service:							
Principal	-	65,336	-	-	-	122,110	187,446
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	6,313	-	-	-	32,785	39,098
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>5,804,966</i>	<i>6,310,971</i>	<i>2,975,290</i>	<i>2,698,168</i>	<i>1,827,718</i>	<i>8,080,451</i>	<i>27,697,564</i>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<i>929,949</i>	<i>(17,320)</i>	<i>(520,253)</i>	<i>367,351</i>	<i>(236,486)</i>	<i>581,589</i>	<i>1,104,830</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>							
Issuance of OPWC Loans	-	202,000	-	-	-	-	202,000
Issuance of OWDA Loans	-	-	-	-	-	29,903	29,903
Transfers In	-	-	499,816	-	-	706,570	1,206,386
Transfers Out	(500,592)	-	(75,286)	(185,000)	-	(445,508)	(1,206,386)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</i>	<i>(500,592)</i>	<i>202,000</i>	<i>424,530</i>	<i>(185,000)</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>290,965</i>	<i>231,903</i>
<i>Net Changes in Fund Balances</i>	<i>429,357</i>	<i>184,680</i>	<i>(95,723)</i>	<i>182,351</i>	<i>(236,486)</i>	<i>872,554</i>	<i>1,336,733</i>
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	<i>2,541,127</i>	<i>1,471,325</i>	<i>136,915</i>	<i>1,125,250</i>	<i>1,181,693</i>	<i>4,402,809</i>	<i>10,859,119</i>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<i>\$ 2,970,484</i>	<i>\$ 1,656,005</i>	<i>\$ 41,192</i>	<i>\$ 1,307,601</i>	<i>\$ 945,207</i>	<i>\$ 5,275,363</i>	<i>\$ 12,195,852</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
 in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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<b>Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds</b>	\$ 1,336,733
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**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:**

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital Asset Additions	4,255,306
Current Year Depreciation	<u>(1,690,088)</u>
Total	2,565,218

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets.

Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(43,131)
Total	(43,131)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Taxes	(596,659)
Intergovernmental	<u>717,516</u>
Total	120,857

Proceeds from the issuance of long-term notes and loans in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances that are reported as other financing sources are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.

(231,903)

Repayment of bond principal and long term notes principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

187,446

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Increase in Compensated Absences	(89,374)
Total	<u>(89,374)</u>

**Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities**

**\$ 3,845,846**

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual  
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)  
General Fund*  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

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	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Taxes	\$ 3,806,000	\$ 3,806,000	\$ 4,251,872	\$ 445,872
Charges for Services	895,183	895,183	1,032,409	137,226
Fees, Licenses and Permits	1,250	1,250	1,875	625
Fines and Forfeitures	150,120	150,120	175,976	25,856
Intergovernmental	822,558	822,558	900,867	78,309
Interest	220,000	220,000	247,011	27,011
Other	61,770	61,770	81,036	19,266
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<i>5,956,881</i>	<i>5,956,881</i>	<i>6,691,046</i>	<i>734,165</i>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	1,844,946	1,869,069	1,832,837	36,232
Judicial	1,378,890	1,400,463	1,358,390	42,073
Public Safety	2,044,214	1,988,980	1,959,368	29,612
Public Works	39,084	38,877	36,727	2,150
Health	71,860	74,260	55,884	18,376
Human Services	384,813	388,362	360,817	27,545
Conservation and Recreation	193,019	210,062	210,000	62
Community and Economic Development	52,078	34,761	29,168	5,593
Intergovernmental	14,101	21,433	21,308	125
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>6,023,005</i>	<i>6,026,267</i>	<i>5,864,499</i>	<i>161,768</i>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<i>(66,124)</i>	<i>(69,386)</i>	<i>826,547</i>	<i>895,933</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources and Uses</b>				
Advances In	-	-	7,000	7,000
Transfers Out	(461,030)	(529,093)	(500,592)	28,501
Advances Out	-	-	(7,000)	(7,000)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources and Uses</i>	<i>(461,030)</i>	<i>(529,093)</i>	<i>(500,592)</i>	<i>28,501</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<i>(527,154)</i>	<i>(598,479)</i>	<i>325,955</i>	<i>924,434</i>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<i>2,184,077</i>	<i>2,184,077</i>	<i>2,184,077</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<i>60,561</i>	<i>60,561</i>	<i>60,561</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<i>\$ 1,717,484</i>	<i>\$ 1,646,159</i>	<i>\$ 2,570,593</i>	<i>\$ 924,434</i>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual  
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)  
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Charges for Services	\$ 152,200	\$ 152,200	\$ 113,355	\$ (38,845)
Fines and Forfeitures	41,100	41,100	36,366	(4,734)
Intergovernmental	3,372,600	6,059,956	6,120,221	60,265
Interest	7,000	7,000	1,013	(5,987)
Other	23,000	23,000	14,780	(8,220)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<i>3,595,900</i>	<i>6,283,256</i>	<i>6,285,735</i>	<i>2,479</i>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Public Works	3,527,958	6,517,016	6,323,771	193,245
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirements	75,629	75,629	65,336	10,293
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,313	6,313	6,313	-
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>3,609,900</i>	<i>6,598,958</i>	<i>6,395,420</i>	<i>203,538</i>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(14,000)	(315,702)	(109,685)	206,017
<b>Other Financing Sources and Uses:</b>				
Transfers In	14,000	14,000	-	(14,000)
Proceeds of OPWC Loans	-	202,000	202,000	-
<i>Total Other Financing Sources and Uses</i>	<i>14,000</i>	<i>216,000</i>	<i>202,000</i>	<i>(14,000)</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>(99,702)</i>	<i>92,315</i>	<i>192,017</i>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<i>708,575</i>	<i>708,575</i>	<i>708,575</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<i>103,515</i>	<i>103,515</i>	<i>103,515</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<b><i>\$ 812,090</i></b>	<b><i>\$ 712,388</i></b>	<b><i>\$ 904,405</i></b>	<b><i>\$ 192,017</i></b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual  
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)*  
**Human Services Fund**  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 6,190	\$ 4,690
Intergovernmental	2,672,892	2,280,892	2,263,905	(16,987)
Other	250,000	250,420	237,670	(12,750)
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>2,924,392</u>	<u>2,532,812</u>	<u>2,507,765</u>	<u>(25,047)</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Human Services	3,370,344	3,138,506	3,133,958	4,548
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>3,370,344</u>	<u>3,138,506</u>	<u>3,133,958</u>	<u>4,548</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(445,952)</u>	<u>(605,694)</u>	<u>(626,193)</u>	<u>(20,499)</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources and Uses</b>				
Transfers In	536,000	536,000	499,816	(36,184)
Transfers Out	(75,286)	(75,286)	(75,286)	-
<i>Total Other Financing Sources and Uses</i>	<u>460,714</u>	<u>460,714</u>	<u>424,530</u>	<u>(36,184)</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	14,762	(144,980)	(201,663)	(56,683)
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	81,533	81,533	81,533	-
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	187,050	187,050	187,050	-
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 283,345</u>	<u>\$ 123,603</u>	<u>\$ 66,920</u>	<u>\$ (56,683)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual  
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)*  
**Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

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	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,513,000	\$ 1,513,000	\$ 1,608,371	\$ 95,371
Charges for Services	115,724	115,724	-	(115,724)
Intergovernmental	1,176,247	1,176,247	984,902	(191,345)
Other	-	-	492,518	492,518
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>2,804,971</u>	<u>2,804,971</u>	<u>3,085,791</u>	<u>280,820</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Health	2,651,688	2,803,211	2,665,780	137,431
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>2,651,688</u>	<u>2,803,211</u>	<u>2,665,780</u>	<u>137,431</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures</i>	<u>153,283</u>	<u>1,760</u>	<u>420,011</u>	<u>418,251</u>
<b>Other Financing Uses</b>				
Transfers Out	(235,000)	(185,000)	(185,000)	-
<i>Total Other Financing Uses</i>	<u>(235,000)</u>	<u>(185,000)</u>	<u>(185,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(81,717)</u>	<u>(183,240)</u>	<u>235,011</u>	<u>418,251</u>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	<u>982,164</u>	<u>982,164</u>	<u>982,164</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>35,665</u>	<u>35,665</u>	<u>35,665</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 936,112</u>	<u>\$ 834,589</u>	<u>\$ 1,252,840</u>	<u>\$ 418,251</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
 in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual  
 (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)  
 Emergency Medical Services Fund  
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$ 989,500	\$ 989,500	\$ 1,037,574	\$ 48,074
Charges for Services	370,000	370,000	422,802	52,802
Intergovernmental	<u>131,000</u>	<u>131,000</u>	<u>134,231</u>	<u>3,231</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>1,490,500</u>	<u>1,490,500</u>	<u>1,594,607</u>	<u>104,107</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Health	2,343,033	2,634,884	1,827,308	807,576
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>2,343,033</u>	<u>2,634,884</u>	<u>1,827,308</u>	<u>807,576</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(852,533)	(1,144,384)	(232,701)	911,683
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Year</i>	934,432	934,432	934,432	-
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<u>298,245</u>	<u>298,245</u>	<u>298,245</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance at End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 380,144</u>	<u>\$ 88,293</u>	<u>\$ 999,976</u>	<u>\$ 911,683</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Fund Net Assets*  
*Proprietary Fund*  
*As of December 31, 2010*

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<b>Assets</b>	<b>Sewer Fund</b>
<i>Current Assets</i>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 111,184
Accounts Receivable (net of allowance, where applicable)	<u>27,048</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>138,232</u>
<i>Noncurrent Assets</i>	
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	29,000
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>1,286,686</u>
<i>Total Noncurrent Assets</i>	<u>1,315,686</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>1,453,918</u>
 <b>Liabilities</b>	
<i>Current Liabilities</i>	
Accounts Payable	1,335
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,300
Intergovernmental Payable	1,186
Compensated Absences - Current	1,451
Revenue Bonds - Current	<u>10,300</u>
<i>Total Current Liabilities</i>	<u>15,572</u>
<i>Noncurrent Liabilities</i>	
Compensated Absences - Net of Current	6,947
Revenue Bonds - Net of Current	<u>453,800</u>
<i>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</i>	<u>460,747</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>476,319</u>
 <b>Net Assets</b>	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	851,586
Unrestricted	<u>126,013</u>
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$ 977,599</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenses and  
 Changes in Fund Net Assets  
 Proprietary Fund*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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	<u>Sewer Fund</u>
<b>Operating Revenues</b>	
Charges for Services	<u>\$ 160,828</u>
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	160,828
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
Salaries and Wages	34,969
Fringe Benefits	12,474
Contractual Services	63,466
Depreciation	57,979
Materials and Supplies	9,122
Other	<u>7,668</u>
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	185,678
<i>Operating Loss</i>	(24,850)
<b>Nonoperating Expenses</b>	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	<u>(23,837)</u>
<i>Total Nonoperating Expenses</i>	(23,837)
<i>Change in Net Assets Before      Capital Contributions</i>	(48,687)
Capital Contributions - Assessments	<u>15,453</u>
<i>Total Capital Contributions</i>	15,453
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>	(33,234)
<i>Net Assets      at Beginning of Year</i>	1,010,833
<i>Net Assets      at End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 977,599</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**Proprietary Fund**  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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	<b>Sewer Fund</b>
<b><i>Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents:</i></b>	
<b><i>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</i></b>	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 160,613
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(73,562)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(7,668)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	<u>(46,404)</u>
<i>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i>	<u>32,979</u>
<b><i>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:</i></b>	
Capital Contributions- Special Assessments	15,453
Principal Payments	(9,600)
Interest Payments	<u>(23,837)</u>
<i>Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities</i>	<u>(17,984)</u>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,995
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	<u>96,189</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$ 111,184</u>
<b><i>Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:</i></b>	
Operating Loss	\$ (24,850)
<b><i>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:</i></b>	
Depreciation	57,979
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(215)
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	535
Increase in Compensated Absences	(944)
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	(130)
Increase in Accounts Payable	<u>604</u>
Total Adjustments	<u>57,829</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 32,979</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities*  
*Agency Funds*  
*As of December 31, 2010*

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**Assets**

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,099,178
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	334,301
Taxes Receivable	19,988,622
Intergovernmental Receivable	<u>1,420,992</u>
 <i>Total Assets</i>	 <u>\$ 24,843,093</u>

**Liabilities**

Due to Other Governments	\$ 22,961,299
Undistributed Monies	1,870,099
Deposits Held and Due to Others	<u>11,695</u>
 <i>Total Liabilities</i>	 <u>\$ 24,843,093</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY**

Hocking County, Ohio (the County), was organized on March 1, 1818. The County is governed by a board of three Commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County that manage various segments of the County's operations are the County Auditor, County Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, Municipal Court Judge, a Probate/Juvenile Judge and a Common Pleas Court Judge. Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

**Reporting Entity:** The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Hocking County, this includes the Hocking County Board of Developmental Disabilities, Hocking County Children Services Board, Hocking County Child Support Enforcement Agency, and departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt or levying of taxes.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit:** The component unit column in the basic financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's component unit, Hocking Valley Community Hospital. This component unit is reported separately from the primary government to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. Note 21 provides significant disclosures related to this component unit.

**Hocking Valley Community Hospital** - Hocking Valley Community Hospital is organized as a county hospital under provisions of the general statutes of the State of Ohio. The Board of Trustees are appointed by the County Commissioners and the Probate and Common Pleas Court Judges. The Hospital began operations in 1966 and has a 61-bed acute care unit and a 30-bed skilled nursing unit. Hocking Valley Community Hospital operates on a fiscal year ending December 31. The County has issued debt on behalf of the Hospital using the County's general taxing authority and the Hospital pays the debt service on this debt. Because the Hospital is a county hospital as defined under the Ohio Revised Code and the County does use their taxing authority to issue debt on behalf of the Hospital, the Hospital is presented as a component unit of Hocking County. Separately issued audited financial statements can be obtained from Hocking Valley Community Hospital, 601 State Route 664 North, Logan, Ohio 43138.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY - Continued**

The County serves as a fiscal agent for the Hocking Valley Community Residential Center. Accordingly this organization is presented as an agency fund within the County's financial statements.

The County is associated with certain organizations, three of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and one joint venture. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

- Athens-Hocking-Vinton Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health District
- Athens/Hocking Joint Solid Waste Management District
- Buckeye Joint-County Self-Insurance Council
- Corrections Commission of Southeastern Ohio

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the districts listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but the districts are not fiscally dependent on the County. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and agencies are presented as agency funds within the County's basic financial statements.

- Hocking County Soil and Water Conservation District
- Hocking County General Health District

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of Hocking County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the County's accounting policies.

**Basis of Presentation:** The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting:** The County uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain County functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes herein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the County are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the County's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in enterprise funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the County except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund** – This fund accounts for state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees for maintenance and improvement of County roads.

**Human Services Fund** – This fund accounts for various federal and state grants, as well as transfers from the General Fund used to provide income maintenance and social service programs as well as other services to persons in need.

**Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund** – This fund accounts for the operation of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources are a county-wide property tax levy and state and federal grants.

**Emergency Medical Services Fund** – This fund accounts for monies received from a county-wide tax levy, grant monies and charges for services to operate the County's Emergency Medical Services.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows.

**Enterprise Funds** – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the County's major enterprise fund:

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued**

**Sewer Fund** – This fund accounts for the provision of wastewater treatment services to residential and commercial users within the County. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the County, these revenues are fees for wastewater treatment services provided. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the County's own programs. The County did not have any trust funds in 2010. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's agency funds account for assets held by the County for political subdivisions in which the County acts as fiscal agent and for taxes, state-levied shared revenues, fines and forfeitures collected and distributed to other political subdivisions, and for certain County department outside bank accounts.

#### **Measurement Focus:**

##### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

##### **Fund Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds. Like the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows reflects how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

**Basis of Accounting:** Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued**

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions**

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days after year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the year in which the sales are made. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at year end: sales taxes, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax), grants, and interest. The permissive sales taxes, various State of Ohio non-reimbursable grants, local government, local government revenue assistance, gasoline tax, motor vehicle license tax, and undivided library taxes are recognized as receivables in accordance with the fiscal year of the State of Ohio that ends June 30, 2011. Therefore six months of receivables have been recorded for these revenue types.

#### **Deferred Revenues/Unearned Revenues**

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there was an enforceable legal claim at December 31, 2010 but were levied to finance 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements were met have also been recorded as deferred revenue. In addition permissive sales taxes, various State of Ohio non-reimbursable grants, local government, local government revenue assistance, gasoline tax, motor vehicle license tax, and undivided library taxes received after the sixty-day availability period have been recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that were not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue. On the statement of net assets, the remaining portions of property taxes receivable which are not recognized as revenue are reported as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**Budgetary Process:** The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, legally are required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the County Commissioners.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued**

**Tax Budget**

A budget of estimated revenues and expenditures is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 15 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

**Estimated Resources**

The County Budget Commission reviews estimated revenues and determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes. The Commission certifies its actions to the County by September 1. As part of this certification, the County receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the estimated beginning of year fund balance and projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the County must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include actual unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be amended further during the year if the County Auditor determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported as the original and final budgets on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended official certificate of estimated resources at the time the original and final appropriations were passed.

**Appropriations**

A temporary appropriation resolution to control expenditures may be passed on or around January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year only by a resolution of the Commissioners. The County Commissioners legally enacted several supplemental appropriation resolutions during the year. The budget figures reported as the original and final budgets that appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the original and final appropriation amounts passed for the year.

**Budgeted Level of Expenditures**

Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of detailed line-item budgets. Appropriated funds may not be expended for purposes other than those designated in the appropriation resolution without authority from the Commissioners. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations at the level of appropriation. Commissioners' appropriations are made to fund, department and object level (i.e., General Fund - Commissioners - personal services, fringe benefits, supplies and materials, contractual services and other expenditures).

**Encumbrances**

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

**Lapsing of Appropriations**

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and is not reappropriated.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents:** Cash balances of the County's funds, except cash held by a trustee or fiscal agent and in segregated accounts, are pooled and invested in short-term investments in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet and statement of net assets. For reporting purposes, "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" is defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and investments held in the County treasury. For cash flow reporting purposes, the County's proprietary funds consider cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" is considered to be cash and equivalents since these assets are available on demand.

During fiscal year 2010, the County had no investments.

Interest is distributed to the General Fund, the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund, the WIA/JFS Non-major Special Revenue Fund, the Justice Assistance Grant and the Treasurer Pre-Pay Interest Non-major Special Revenue Fund. The interest earned during 2010 amounted to \$251,386, \$1,013, \$61,152, and \$120,945, respectively.

**Restricted Assets:** Assets are reported as restricted with limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation.

**Inventory of Supplies:** Inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when used.

**Interfund Assets and Liabilities:** Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received are classified as "Due from Other Funds" or "Due to Other Funds" on the balance sheet. Interfund assets and liabilities within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of net assets. On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables."

**Capital Assets:** General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the proprietary funds are reported in both the business-type activities column on the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds. In the case of land, buildings, and certain Enterprise Fund assets, the capital asset values initially were determined at December 31, 1995, assigning original acquisition costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original costs was not available, estimated historical costs were developed. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair value on the date donated. For all other assets, capital assets were recorded at original cost. The County has implemented a comprehensive inventory management system over the past several years to monitor and track capital assets and related depreciation. The County has established a capitalization policy of \$1,000 as the threshold for which capital assets are to be reported with the exception of infrastructure, for which the capitalization threshold is \$50,000. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements that extend the useful life or increase the capacity or operating efficiency of the asset are capitalized at cost.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

Public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of roads, bridges, and guardrails have been capitalized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Depreciation has been provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings	40-60
Land improvements	15-25
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5
Wastewater Treatment Plants	25
Collection System	40-50
Infrastructure	10-50

**Compensated Absences:** The County uses the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and by those employees for whom it is probable will become eligible to receive payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end.

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and departmental policy. All accumulated, unused vacation time is paid upon separation if the employee has at least one year of service. Accumulated, unused sick leave is paid up to a maximum of 240 hours depending on the length of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the County has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the County's union contracts. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For the proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

**Intergovernmental Revenues:** For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, shared revenues, and entitlements, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Grants, entitlements or shared revenues received for enterprise fund operating purposes are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

**Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations:** All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. General obligation bonds and special assessment bonds are recognized as liabilities on the fund financial statements when due.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

**Net Assets:** Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Other purposes restricted net assets include various grants and other resources restricted for various purposes. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Of the County's \$10,399,791 of restricted net assets, none are restricted by enabling legislation.

**Capital Contributions:** Capital contributions on the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, from grants, or from outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

**Reserves of Fund Balances:** The County records reservations for those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore are not available for expenditure. Undesignated fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

**Interfund Transactions:** Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of activities.

**Estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**NOTE 3 - CONVERSION OF OPERATIONS FROM BUDGET BASIS TO GAAP BASIS**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).
4. Certain other financing sources are recorded on a GAAP basis but are not recorded on a budget basis.
5. Advances-in and advances-out are recorded as other financing sources and uses on a budget basis as opposed to increases or decreases in interfund receivables or payables on a GAAP basis.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 3 - CONVERSION OF OPERATIONS FROM BUDGET BASIS TO GAAP BASIS - Continued**

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

<b>Net Changes in Fund Balances Major Governmental Funds</b>					
	<b>General</b>	<b>Motor Vehicle</b>	<b>Human Services</b>	<b>Board of Developmental Disabilities</b>	<b>Emergency Medical Services</b>
	<b>Gas Tax</b>				
GAAP Basis	\$ 429,357	\$ 184,680	\$ (95,723)	\$ 182,351	\$ (236,486)
<b>Increases (Decreases) Due To:</b>					
Revenue Accruals	(43,869)	(7,916)	52,728	20,272	3,375
Expenditure Accruals	25,949	98,951	(133,110)	93,911	17,785
Inception of Capital Lease	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-
Advances-In	7,000	-	-	-	-
Advances-Out	(7,000)	-	-	-	-
Encumbrances	<u>(85,482)</u>	<u>(183,400)</u>	<u>(25,558)</u>	<u>(61,523)</u>	<u>(17,375)</u>
Budget Basis	<u>\$ 325,955</u>	<u>\$ 92,315</u>	<u>\$ (201,663)</u>	<u>\$ 235,011</u>	<u>\$ (232,701)</u>

**NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Policies and Procedures:** State statute classifies monies held by the County into two categories. Active monies means an amount of public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Monies held by the County that are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, or the political subdivisions of Ohio, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the same county as the investing authority;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the County's total average portfolio;
10. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred and seventy days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
11. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in any of the three highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies;
12. Notes issued by corporations incorporated and operating within the United States, or by depository institutions doing business under any state or United States authority and operating within the United States. Such investments shall not exceed fifteen percent of the County's total average portfolio and meet other requirements; and
13. A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit authorized under division (G) of section 135.341 of the Revised Code provided that all of the conditions for entering into such a line of credit under that division are satisfied.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The County's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

*Deposits* At year-end, the County's bank balance of \$15,047,231 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institutions' public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the County. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years. The last reappraisal was completed in 2010. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. The first payment is due February 14, with the remainder payable by July 18.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently being phased out. The assessment percentage for businesses (except for public utilities) was reduced to zero for 2010. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due October 17. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by October 17.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at 88 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to itself its share of the taxes collected. The County records receipt of these taxes in various funds.

Accrued property taxes receivables represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real, tangible personal, and public utility taxes that were measurable and unpaid as of December 31, 2010. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31 and are not intended to finance 2010 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue. On the modified accrual basis, the entire receivable is deferred.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$11.20 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2010 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<b>Real Estate</b>		
Residential/Agricultural	\$	458,159,000
Commercial/Industrial		47,983,520
Public Utilities		94,450
Minerals		651,870
<b>Tangible Personal Property</b>		
General		239,980
Public Utility		<u>53,902,580</u>
<b>Total Property Taxes</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>561,031,400</u></b>

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*

*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 6 - PERMISSIVE SALES TAX**

In prior years, the County Commissioners, by resolution, imposed a one percent tax on certain retail sales, made in the County. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The State Auditor then has five days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County. Proceeds of the tax are credited entirely to the General Fund. Amounts that have been collected by the State and are to be received within the available period are accrued as revenue. Sales and use tax revenue for 2010 amounted to \$2,314,399.

In 1998, a 911 Sales Tax in the amount of one quarter of one percent on certain retail sales made in the County was imposed. The proceeds from this tax are credited to the Hocking County 911 Fund and are used for 911 purposes. Amounts that have been collected by the State and are to be received within the available period are accrued as revenue. The 911 sales and use tax revenue for 2010 amounted to \$656,837.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010 was as follows:

	Restated Balance at <u>January 1, 2010</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance at <u>December 31, 2010</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 811,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 811,350
Construction In Progress	365,862	-	(365,862)	-
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>1,177,212</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(365,862)</u>	<u>811,350</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	72,378	12,461	-	84,839
Buildings	2,139,392	559,267	-	2,698,659
Infrastructure	24,951,449	3,380,648	(184,544)	28,147,553
Vehicles	3,000,097	444,870	(284,812)	3,160,155
Machinery and Equipment	4,170,207	223,922	(97,395)	4,296,734
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>34,333,523</u>	<u>4,621,168</u>	<u>(566,751)</u>	<u>38,387,940</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Land Improvements	(23,080)	(5,448)	-	(28,528)
Buildings	(900,346)	(67,887)	-	(968,233)
Infrastructure	(9,216,413)	(1,197,669)	155,108	(10,258,974)
Vehicles	(2,088,407)	(169,342)	272,145	(1,985,604)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,317,476)	(249,742)	96,367	(2,470,851)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(14,545,722)</u>	<u>(1,690,088)</u>	<u>523,620</u>	<u>(15,712,190)</u>
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>19,787,801</u>	<u>2,931,080</u>	<u>(43,131)</u>	<u>22,675,750</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 20,965,013</u>	<u>\$ 2,931,080</u>	<u>\$ (408,993)</u>	<u>\$ 23,487,100</u>
	Balance at <u>January 1, 2010</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance at <u>December 31, 2010</u>
<b>Business Type Activities</b>				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 29,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,000
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>29,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>29,000</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Wastewater Treatment Plant	349,506	-	-	349,506
Vehicle	11,000	-	(11,000)	-
Collection System	1,812,885	-	-	1,812,885
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>2,173,391</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(11,000)</u>	<u>2,162,391</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Wastewater Treatment Plant	(209,076)	(11,953)	-	(221,029)
Vehicle	(11,000)	-	11,000	-
Collection System	(608,651)	(46,026)	-	(654,677)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(828,727)</u>	<u>(57,979)</u>	<u>11,000</u>	<u>(875,706)</u>
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>1,344,664</u>	<u>(57,979)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,286,685</u>
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,373,664</u>	<u>\$ (57,979)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,315,685</u>

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	
Legislative and Executive	\$ 78,088
Judicial	27,570
Public Safety	112,251
Public Works	1,367,452
Health	55,052
Human Services	46,995
Conservation and Recreation	2,680
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<hr/> \$ 1,690,088 <hr/>

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 8 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

	Fund/Type	Amount
<b>Major Funds</b>		
<i>General Fund</i>		
Local Government	\$ 223,279	
Homestead Rollback	156,782	
Other	73,884	
<i>Total General Fund</i>	<u>453,945</u>	
<i>Motor Vehicle Gas Tax</i>		
License, Gasoline & Permissive Taxes	1,669,981	
Other	2,594	
<i>Total Motor Vehicle Gas Tax</i>	<u>1,672,575</u>	
<i>Human Services</i>		
Grants and Entitlements	59,971	
<i>Total Human Services</i>	<u>59,971</u>	
<i>Board of Developmental Disabilities</i>		
Grants and Entitlements	339,844	
Homestead Rollback	129,500	
<i>Total Board of Developmental Disabilities</i>	<u>469,344</u>	
<i>Emergency Medical Services</i>		
Homestead Rollback	77,109	
<i>Total Emergency Medical Services</i>	<u>77,109</u>	
<b>Total Major Funds</b>		<b>2,732,944</b>
<i>Other Governmental Funds</i>		
Grants and Entitlements	460,743	
Homestead Rollback	16,493	
Other	36,328	
<i>Total Other Governmental Funds</i>	<u>513,564</u>	
<b>Total Intergovernmental Receivable - Governmental Funds</b>		<b><u>\$ 3,246,508</u></b>
<i>Agency Funds</i>		
License, Gasoline and Permissive Taxes	\$ 475,134	
Undivided Library Tax	385,041	
Local Government	441,920	
Other	118,897	
<i>Total Agency Funds</i>	<u>\$ 1,420,992</u>	

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and natural disasters. The Buckeye Joint-County Self-Insurance Council is a jointly governed organization that serves Hocking, Jackson, Lawrence, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, Noble, Pike, Vinton and Washington Counties, and was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of establishing an insurance purchasing pool to obtain general liability, law enforcement, professional and fleet insurance. Member counties provide operating resources to the corporation based on actuarially determined rates.

The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Governing Board is composed of at least one County Commissioner from each of the participating counties. The Governing Board annually elects officers that include a President, Vice President, Second Vice-President and two Governing Board members. The Governing Board must approve the expenditures and investments of funds by the officer unless the Governing Board has set specific limits.

In the event of losses, the member will pay the first \$250 to \$1,000 of any valid claim depending on the type of loss, except for Law Enforcement and Public Official Liability for which the deductible is \$5,000. The Council's liability insurance carrier will pay up to the policy limits, after the deductible. Any liability or judgment that exceeds the policy limits goes back to Hocking County.

The agreement between the County and the Council indicates that a voluntary withdrawal or termination by the County shall constitute a forfeiture of any pro-rata share of the Council reserve fund.

In the event of the termination of the Council, after sufficient time for payment of any potential claims and expense, any balance would be refunded to the members of the Council, pro-rated based upon their last year's contribution. During 2010, Hocking County paid \$151,694 to the Council for insurance coverage. This jointly governed organization is a cost-sharing pool.

The County pays the State Bureau of Worker's Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salary. This rate is calculated based upon accident history and administrative costs. The County pays all elected officials' bonds by statute.

The County has not incurred significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year by major category of risk. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN**

All Hocking County full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio.

#### *Ohio Public Employees Retirement System*

A. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- 1) The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2) The Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3) The Combined Plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued**

- B. OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.
- C. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.
- D. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.
- E. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2010, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan.

The 2010, 2009, and 2008 member contribution rates were 10.0%, 10.0%, and 10.0%, respectively, for members in state, and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed at a rate of 11.1%, 10.1%, and 10.1%, respectively.

The 2010, 2009 and 2008 employer contribution rate for state and local government employers was 14.0%, 14.0%, and 14.0%, respectively, of covered payroll. For both the law enforcement and public safety divisions, the employer contribution rates were 17.87%, 17.63%, and 17.4%, respectively.

The County's contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$1,437,885, \$1,439,900, and \$1,508,236, respectively. 92.3% has been contributed for 2010 and 100% for years 2009 and 2008. Of the 2010 amount, \$110,059 was unpaid at December 31, 2010 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the Public Employees Retirement System have an option to choose social security or the Public Employees Retirement System. As of December 31, 2010, none of the elected officials had elected social security.

**NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

**Public Employees Retirement System**

- A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS is considered to be an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued**

- B. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employer units to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2010, 2009, and 2008, local government employer units contributed at 14.0%, 14.0%, and 14.0%, respectively, of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employer units contributed at 17.87%, 17.63%, and 17.4%, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14% of covered payroll for state and local employer units, and 18.1% of covered payroll for law and public safety employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. For 2010, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 5.5% for January through March and 5.0% for April through December. For 2009, the percentage was 7.0% of covered payroll. For 2008, these percentages were 7.0% for January through June and 5.5% for July through December. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

- C. The employer contributions that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$605,616, \$592,852, and \$690,716, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for those years..
- D. The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2008. Member and employer contribution rates increased on January 1, of each year from 2006 to 2009. Rates for law and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

**NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

**Deferred Compensation Plans:** The County offers the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan and the County Commissioners Association of Ohio Deferred Compensation Plan to its employees and elected officials. The plans were established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457, as well as ORC Sections 145.73 and 145.74. Participation in either plan is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. These plans permit the deferral of compensation until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or for an unforeseeable emergency. Both plans have implemented GASB Statement No. 32 in prior years. In accordance with the pronouncement, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The County's long-term obligations at year-end consisted of the following:

Types/Issues	Outstanding 12/31/09	Increases	Decreases	Outstanding 12/31/10	Due In One Year
<b><u>General Long-Term Obligations</u></b>					
General Obligation Bonds:					
1998 - 3.8 - 5.35% (Original Issue \$750,000)					
Consolidated County Building Bonds	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 20,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	240,000	-	60,000	180,000	20,000
<b><u>Long-Term Notes</u></b>					
2003 - 4.15% (Original Issue \$277,692)					
Juvenile Detention Facility Notes	216,616	-	11,718	204,898	12,204
2004 - 5.5% (Original Issue \$175,000)					
Columbia Gas Building Note	147,179	-	6,533	140,646	6,898
2005 - 0.02% (Original Issue \$72,000)					
OPWC Note - Murray City Bridge Replacement	20,183	-	13,389	6,794	6,794
2007 - 0.00% (Original Issue \$34,734)					
OPWC Note - TR 317 Bridge Replacement	24,314	-	6,947	17,367	6,947
2010 - 0.00% (Original Issue \$202,000)					
OPWC Note - CR 33A Bridge Replacement	-	202,000	-	202,000	40,400
2008 - 3.9% (Original Issue \$100,000)					
Citizens Bank Note - Gradall Hydraulic Excavator	80,000	-	20,000	60,000	20,000
2008 - 4.5% (Original Issue \$20,000)					
Citizens Bank Note - Dog Warden Truck	15,000	-	5,000	10,000	5,000
2008 - 4.0% (Original Issue \$14,394)					
Citizens Bank Note - Copiers	12,338	-	2,056	10,282	2,056
2009 - 3.75% (Original Issue \$75,000)					
Citizens Bank Note - New Holland Front End Loader	75,000	-	25,000	50,000	25,000
2009 - 0.0% (Original Issue \$27,614)					
OWDA Note - Water Pollution Control	-	29,903	29,903	-	-
Total Long-Term Notes	590,630	231,903	120,546	701,987	125,299
<b><u>Special Assessment Bonds:</u></b>					
1996 - 5.5% (Original Issue \$53,500)					
Rockbridge Sewer Special Assessment Bonds	27,100	-	2,900	24,200	3,000
1991 - 5.875% (Original Issue \$51,834)					
Haydenville FmHA Special Assessment Bonds	8,200	-	4,000	4,200	4,200
Total Special Assessment Bonds	35,300	-	6,900	28,400	7,200
Compensated Absences	770,260	928,909	839,535	859,634	115,451
Total General Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 1,636,190</u>	<u>\$ 1,160,812</u>	<u>\$ 1,026,981</u>	<u>\$ 1,770,021</u>	<u>\$ 267,950</u>

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued**

<b>Types/Issues</b>	<b>Outstanding</b>			<b>Outstanding</b>		<b>Due In One Year</b>
	<b>12/31/09</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>12/31/10</b>		
<b><u>Enterprise Fund</u></b>						
1996 - 4.5% (Original Issue \$333,000)						
Rockbridge Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$ 290,400	\$ -	\$ 5,300	\$ 285,100	\$ 5,700	
1991 - 5.875% (Original Issue \$227,000)						
Haydenville Sewer FmHA Revenue Bonds	183,300	-	4,300	179,000	4,600	
Total Revenue Bonds	473,700	-	9,600	464,100	10,300	
Compensated Absences	7,454	9,075	8,131	8,398	1,451	
<b>Total Enterprise Fund</b>	<b>\$ 481,154</b>	<b>\$ 9,075</b>	<b>\$ 17,731</b>	<b>\$ 472,498</b>	<b>\$ 11,751</b>	

All of the General Obligation Bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Funds. The Land Mortgage Note will be paid from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund (a Special Revenue Fund).

The County has pledged future special assessment revenues to repay \$24,200 and \$4,200 (original issue amounts of \$53,500 and \$51,834) in special assessment bonds issued in 1996 and 1991, respectively. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of the Rockbridge and Haydenville sewer lines. The bonds are payable solely from special assessment revenues and are payable through 2017. However, the County would be required to pay any deficit on these bonds if future special assessment revenues were not sufficient to make the debt service payments. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require all of the special assessment revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$33,201. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total special assessment revenues were \$8,602 and \$7,402, respectively.

The County has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$285,100 and \$179,000 (original issue amounts of \$333,000 and \$227,000) in sewer revenue bonds issued in 1996 and 1991, respectively. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of the Rockbridge and Haydenville wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2037. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 65 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$814,214. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$33,437 and \$48,582, respectively.

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund, from which the employees are paid, with the most significant funds being the General Fund, Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund, Human Services Fund, Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund, Emergency Medical Services Fund, and Children's Services Fund.

The capital lease obligations will be repaid from the General Fund and the Special Projects Fund.

During 2005, the County issued three long term notes. Two of the notes were from the Ohio Public Works Commission in the amounts of \$72,000 for the purpose of replacing the Murray City Bridge. This note will be repaid from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund.

During 2007, the County issued a long term note from the Ohio Public Works Commission in the amount of \$34,734 at 0% interest for the purpose of replacing the Township Road 317 Bridge. The note will be repaid from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued**

During 2008, the County issued three long term notes from Citizens Bank. The first note was in the amount of \$100,000 at 3.9% interest for the purpose of purchasing a Gradall Hydraulic Excavator. The note will be repaid from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund. The second note was in the amount of \$20,000 at 4.5% interest for the purpose of purchasing a truck for the Dog Warden. The note will be repaid from the Dog and Kennel Fund. The third note was in the amount of \$14,394 at 4.0% interest for the purpose of purchasing copiers. The note will be repaid from the Human Services Building Bond Retirement Fund.

During 2009, the County issued a long term note from the Ohio Water Development Authority. The note was in the amount of \$27,614 at 0.0% interest for the purpose of a water pollution control project. This note was repaid during 2010 from the ARRA Household Sewage Treatment Fund with monies received from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2010. The County also issued a long term note from Citizens Bank in the amount of \$75,000 at 3.75% interest for the purpose of purchasing a New Holland Front End Loader. The note will be repaid from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax Fund.

The following is a summary of the County's future principal and interest requirements for long-term bonds:

	Consolidated Services Building Bonds		Special Assessment Bonds		Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds		Totals	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
	\$ 20,000	\$ 9,630	\$ 7,200	\$ 1,336	\$ 10,300	\$ 23,346	\$ 37,500	\$ 34,312
2011	20,000	8,560	3,100	954	10,600	22,819	33,700	32,333
2012	20,000	7,490	3,300	815	11,300	22,276	34,600	30,581
2013	20,000	6,420	3,500	666	11,800	21,697	35,300	28,783
2014	25,000	5,350	3,600	509	12,400	21,092	41,000	26,951
2015	75,000	8,025	7,700	521	72,300	95,220	155,000	103,766
2016-2020	-	-	-	-	92,900	74,569	92,900	74,569
2021-2025	-	-	-	-	119,600	47,891	119,600	47,891
2026-2030	-	-	-	-	88,400	18,915	88,400	18,915
2031-2035	-	-	-	-	34,500	2,349	34,500	2,349
2036-2037	-	-	-	-				
Totals	<b>\$ 180,000</b>	<b>\$ 45,475</b>	<b>\$ 28,400</b>	<b>\$ 4,801</b>	<b>\$ 464,100</b>	<b>\$ 350,174</b>	<b>\$ 672,500</b>	<b>\$ 400,450</b>

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued**

The long-term notes are payable as follows:

	Columbia Gas Building Notes		Juvenile Detention Facility Notes		Bridge Replacement OPWC Loans																																																	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest																																																
2011	\$ 6,898	\$ 7,843	\$ 12,204	\$ 8,503	\$ 6,794	\$ 68																																																
2012	7,262	7,479	12,689	8,018	-	-																																																
2013	7,687	7,053	13,238	7,470	-	-																																																
2014	8,116	6,624	13,787	6,921	-	-																																																
2015	8,569	6,172	14,359	6,349	-	-																																																
2016-2020	50,538	23,167	81,218	22,320	-	-																																																
2021-2024	51,576	7,387	57,403	4,834	-	-																																																
Totals	<b>\$ 140,646</b>	<b>\$ 65,725</b>	<b>\$ 204,898</b>	<b>\$ 64,415</b>	<b>\$ 6,794</b>	<b>\$ 68</b>																																																
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Principal	Interest																																																					
\$ 125,299	\$ 21,535																																																					
\$ 119,354	\$ 18,581																																																					
\$ 86,854	\$ 15,564																																																					
\$ 64,359	\$ 13,712																																																					
\$ 65,386	\$ 12,604																																																					
\$ 131,756	\$ 45,487																																																					
\$ 108,979	\$ 12,221																																																					
<b>\$ 701,987</b>	<b>\$ 139,704</b>																																																					

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued**

Hocking Valley Community Hospital is responsible for the debt service on the 1993 Hospital Refunding and Improvement Bonds and the 1997 County Hospital Improvement Bond Anticipation Note. The County is not reporting this debt as part of the County's Primary Government. The Hospital is responsible for paying off this debt; therefore, the debt is being reported within the Hocking Valley Community Hospital, a discretely presented component unit of the County. In the event that the Hospital would fail to pay the debt, the County would be responsible for making payment.

**NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

As of December 31, 2010, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows. The County's General Fund made advances to other funds in anticipation of intergovernmental grant revenue. The Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund made an advance to the Pathways Two Grant Fund during 2008. It will be repaid at the end of the grant period in fiscal year 2013.

	<u>Interfund Payables</u>	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>
<i>Major Funds:</i>		
General	\$ -	\$ 6,000
Board of Developmental Disabilities	- <hr/>	25,000 <hr/>
Total Major Funds	- <hr/>	31,000 <hr/>
<i>Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:</i>		
Pathways Two Grant Fund	25,000	-
Exercise Grant Fund (High Visibility Enforcement)	6,000	-
Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	31,000 <hr/>	- <hr/>
Total All Funds	<hr/> <u>\$ 31,000</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 31,000</u>

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - Continued**

Fund Type/Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
<b>Major Funds</b>		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 500,592
Human Services	499,816	75,286
Board of Developmental Disabilities	-	185,000
<i>Total Major Funds</i>	<i>499,816</i>	<i>760,878</i>
<b>Other Governmental Funds</b>		
<i>Non-Major Special Revenue Funds</i>		
Sick/Vacation Reserve Fund	20,000	60
Hocking County Department of Human Services/		
Children's Services Enforcement Agency	-	166,640
Senior Citizens	-	35,000
Childrens Services Fund	212,500	14,741
Cert of Title Administrative	-	1,800
Hocking County DJFS		
WIA/JFS	-	221,953
Indigent Guardianship	2,000	-
Special Projects	-	2,850
Probate Court Computer	-	2,000
VOCA Grant	10,494	-
Justice Assistance Grant	7,500	-
Homeland Security 5	-	464
Pathway Two Grant	50,000	-
Hocking County Emergency Management	23,341	-
<i>Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds</i>	<i>325,835</i>	<i>445,508</i>
<i>Non-Major Capital Projects Funds</i>		
County Permanent Improvement Fund	100,000	-
MR/DD Permanent Improvement Fund	135,000	-
Capital Projects-SHSC	35,000	-
<i>Total Non-Major Capital Projects Funds</i>	<i>270,000</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Non-Major Debt Service Funds</i>		
Childrens Services Building Bond Retirement Fund	14,741	-
General Obligation Debt Fund	20,708	-
Human Services Building Bond Retirement	75,286	-
<i>Total Non-Major Debt Service Funds</i>	<i>110,735</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Total Other Governmental Funds</i>	<i>706,570</i>	<i>445,508</i>
<i>Total All Funds</i>	<i>\$ 1,206,386</i>	<i>\$ 1,206,386</i>

During the year, the County provided transfers from the General Fund to the above funds to subsidize them in accordance with the funds' needs or to provide resources to make debt service payments. The transfer from the Hocking County JFS Fund to the Human Services Building Bond Retirement Fund is to provide monies for the debt service payments. The transfer from the Board of Developmental Disabilities Fund to the DD Permanent Improvement Fund is to provide for capital projects within the DD Permanent Improvement Fund. The transfer from the Children's Services Fund to the Children's Services Building Bond Retirement Fund is to provide monies for the debt service payments.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

#### **Athens-Hocking-Vinton Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health District**

The County is a member of the Athens-Hocking-Vinton Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health District, which is a jointly governed organization of these three counties. The purpose of the District is to provide alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services to residents of each of these three counties. Each participating county has agreed to levy a tax within their county to assist in the operation of the District, whose passage requires a majority in the total three county districts.

This entity is governed by an eighteen-member board that is responsible for its own financial matters and operates autonomously from Hocking County. The Athens County Auditor serves as fiscal agent for the activities of the Board. Nine of the board members are appointed by the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services, four members are appointed by the Ohio Department of Mental Health, and five members are appointed by the County Commissioners. The District derives its revenue from local property taxes, intergovernmental grants and reimbursements, and other miscellaneous revenue. Hocking County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in this District.

#### **Athens/Hocking Joint Solid Waste Management District**

The County is a member of the Athens/Hocking Joint Solid Waste Management District, which is a jointly governed organization of these two counties. The purpose of the District is to make disposal of waste in the two-county area more comprehensive in terms of recycling, incinerating, and land filling. The District's sole revenue source is derived from a waste disposal fee for in-district and out-of-district waste. Although the counties contributed amounts to the District at the time of its creation, all contributions have since been returned to the respective counties and no future contributions by the counties are anticipated. Continued existence of the District is not dependent on the County's continued participation, no equity interest exists, and no debt is outstanding.

#### **Buckeye Joint-County Self Insurance Council**

The Buckeye Joint-County Self Insurance Council is a jointly governed organization that serves Athens, Hocking, Jackson, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, Noble, Perry, Pike, Vinton, and Washington Counties and was formed as an insurance purchasing pool for the purpose of providing general liability, law enforcement, professional and fleet insurance. Member counties provide operating resources to the organization base on actuarially determined rates. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. Hocking County does not have any ongoing interest or responsibility in the organization.

#### ***Ohio Government Risk Management Plan***

The Buckeye Joint-County Self Insurance Council belongs to the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan; an unincorporated non-profit association with approximately 500 public entity members providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services. Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan is deemed a separate legal entity. The Plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages, modified for each member's needs. The Plan pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member's deductible.

The Plan uses conventional insurance coverages and reinsures these coverages. The Plan retains a small portion of the risk as identified in the Plan's financials presented on the website at [www.ohioplan.com](http://www.ohioplan.com). The individual members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 16 – JOINT VENTURE**

**Corrections Commission of Southeastern Ohio**

The County is a participant with Athens, Morgan and Perry Counties in the Corrections Commission of Southeastern Ohio (the Commission) which is a joint venture of the participating counties. The purpose of the Commission is to augment the county jail programs and facilities. The operation of the Commission allows for the humane and constitutional detention of persons who cannot be released to less restrictive alternatives. The participating Boards of County Commissioners established the Commission. The Commission is directed by the Sheriff of each participating county, the presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of each participating county, and the current president of each participating Board of County Commissioners. Each county is obligated to provide financial support to this entity through per diem charges and assessments that are based on the number of beds contractually assigned to each county in proportion to the total number of beds of all participating counties. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for this entity and, during 2010, contributed \$558,060 toward the operating and capital costs of this facility. However the County has no explicit equity interest in the Commission. Complete financial statements of the joint venture can be obtained from the Corrections Commission of Southeastern Ohio, 16678 Wolfe Bennett Road, Nelsonville, Ohio 45764.

**NOTE 17 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the County's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

**NOTE 18 – RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIP**

On May 8, 2008, the County guaranteed a loan for the Hocking County Agricultural Society restroom/shower facility construction project, using the fairgrounds as collateral. The original loan balance was \$140,000 with annual debt service principal requirements of \$9,333, plus interest, for a term of 15 years. This loan carries an interest rate of 6.25%. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding balance on this loan was \$71,451. This balance is not recognized as a liability in the County's basic financial statements because the Agricultural Society is primarily liable and has not yet been in default of the debt agreement.

**NOTE 19 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

Capital Assets for Governmental Activities has been restated as of December 31, 2009 due to several corrections found during 2010, which is related to prior years. This restatement had the following effect on the beginning net assets:

Net Assets, Governmental Activities, December 31, 2009	\$ 32,234,990
Restatement Amount	135,944
Net Assets, Governmental Activities, December 31, 2009, As Restated	<u>\$ 32,370,934</u>

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*

*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 20 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

For 2010, the County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets,” Statement No. 53, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments,” Statement No. 57, “OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans,” and Statement No. 58, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies.”

GASB Statement No. 51 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce inconsistencies thereby enhancing the comparability of accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The implementation of this statement did not result in any material change to the County’s basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. It requires governments to measure derivative instruments, with the exception of synthetic guaranteed investment contracts that are fully benefit-responsive, at fair value in their economic resources measurement focus financial statements. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the County’s basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans (that is, agent employers). The requirements in this Statement will allow more agent employers to use the alternative measurement method to produce actuarially based information for purposes of financial reporting and clarify that OPEB measures reported by agent multiple-employer OPEB plans and their participating employers should be determined at the same minimum frequency and as of a common date to improve the consistency of reporting with regard to funded status and funding progress information. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the County’s basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 58 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The requirements in this statement will provide more consistent recognition, measurement, display and disclosure guidance for governments that file for Chapter 9 bankruptcy. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the County’s basic financial statements.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 21 – COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES – HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL**

As indicated in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the following disclosures are made on behalf of Hocking Valley Community Hospital:

#### **1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Organization** - Hocking Valley Community Hospital (the Hospital), located in Hocking County, Logan, Ohio, is organized as a county hospital under provisions of the general statutes of the State of Ohio requiring no specific articles of incorporation. The organization is exempt from Federal income taxes. The Board of Trustees, appointed by the county commissioners and the probate and common pleas court judges, is charged with the management and operation of the Hospital, its finances and staff. The Hospital, which began operations in 1966, has a 61-bed acute care unit, a 30-bed skilled nursing unit and a 10 bed geriatric psychiatric unit. The Hospital is considered a component unit of Hocking County, Ohio and is included as a component unit in the basic financial statements of Hocking County.

**Basis of Presentation** - The financial statements have been presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as recommended in the Audit Guide (Health Care Organizations) published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The significant accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources. The Hospital also applies the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to the extent that they do not contradict or conflict with GASB pronouncements.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Proprietary Fund Accounting** - The Hospital utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis.

**Charity Care** - The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Attached to the grants are certain restrictions requiring the Hospital to provide an annual amount of uncompensated care to indigent patients. The Hospital maintains records to identify and monitor the level of charity care it provides. These records include the amount of charges foregone for services and supplies furnished under its charity care policy, the estimated cost of those services and supplies, and equivalent service statistics. The amount of charity care not recorded as revenue was approximately \$1,234,107 in 2010.

## Hocking County

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

#### **1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

***Net Patient Service Revenue and Patient Accounts Receivable*** - Normal billing rates for patient services less contractual adjustments are included in patient service revenue. Patient accounts receivable is adjusted for contractual allowances which are reported on the basis of preliminary estimates of the amounts to be received from third party payors. Final adjustments are recorded in the period such amounts are finally determined. In 2010, approximately 52% of the Hospital's total patient revenue was derived from Medicare payments while 8% was derived from Medicaid. The remaining revenue was derived primarily from commercial insurance payments and individual self-payments. The Hospital maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon the expected collectability of patient accounts receivable.

***Investments*** - The Hospital's policy is to invest available funds in obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit, mutual funds and money market funds. Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the balance sheet. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included in non-operating revenue when earned.

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities*, effective for years beginning after November 15, 2007. This financial accounting and reporting standard permits financial reporting entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective of this Standard is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reporting earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. The adoption of this standard will require the Hospital to report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected within the performance indicator on the statement of activities.

***Assets Whose Use is Limited*** - Assets whose use is limited consist of certificates of deposit restricted by the Trustee for maintenance of a minimum operating reserve in connection with the Hospital's Refunding and Improvement Bonds. The certificates are carried at fair value which approximates cost.

***Inventory*** - Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

***Capital Assets*** - Capital assets are reported at historical cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of their donation. All capital assets other than land are depreciated or amortized (in the case of capital leases) using the straight-line method of depreciation using these asset lives.

Buildings and related improvements	10 to 40 years
Fixed equipment	10 to 20 years
Moveable equipment	3 to 20 years
Land improvements	10 to 20 years

Amortization expense on capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

***Deferred Financing Costs*** - Deferred financing costs consist primarily of underwriter fees and other costs related to the issuance of the bonds and are being amortized over the life of the bonds based on the straight-line method. Accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2010 was \$77,830.

***Cash and Cash Equivalents*** - Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less.

***Compensated Absences*** - The Hospital's employees earn vacation time at varying rates depending on years of service. Employees may accumulate vacation time, up to a specified amount, to be carried over to the subsequent year. The estimated amount of vacation time payable for hours earned is reported as a current liability in 2010. The Hospital's employees also earn sick leave on an annual basis at a flat rate regardless of years of service. Accrued sick leave is paid out at termination at rates up to 12% of hours accrued at 50% of hourly rate, depending on years of service in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Accrued sick leave is paid out at 33%, with maximum payouts of 40 to 80 days depending on years of service, for retired employees with at least 10 years of service. The estimated amount of sick leave time payable for hours earned is reported as a current liability in 2010.

***Risk Management*** - The Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the three preceding years.

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

#### **1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

**Cost of Borrowings** – Except for capital assets acquired through gifts, contributions on capital grants, interest cost on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. None of the Hospital's interest cost was capitalized in 2010.

**Grants and Contributions** – From time to time, the Hospital receives grants and contributions from governmental organizations, private individuals and private organizations. Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as non-operating revenues. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Restricted Resources** – When the Hospital has both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance a particular program, it is the Hospital's policy to use restricted resources before unrestricted resources.

**Net Assets** - Net assets of the Hospital are classified in three components. Net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted net assets are assets that are set aside for bond repayment purposes, as specified by creditors of the Hospital as well as restricted contributions. Unrestricted net assets are remaining net assets that do not meet the definition of invested in capital assets net of related debt or restricted.

**Statement of Activities** – For purposes of display, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services, are reported as revenue and expenses. Peripheral or incidental transactions are reported as gains and losses. The peripheral activities include investment income and are reported as non-operating.

#### **2. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE**

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payment to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. The Hospital is designated as a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) under the Medicare and Medicaid programs. CAHs receive payments on a reasonable cost basis for inpatient and most outpatient services provided to eligible Medicare and Medicaid patients. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the Hospital's billings at established rates for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payers. A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major third-party payers follows:

**Medicare:** On October 4, 2006, the Hospital became a Critical Access Hospital. After October 4, 2006, inpatient services and most outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. Other outpatient services are based on fee schedules.

The Hospital is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. The Hospital's classification of patients under the Medicare program and the appropriateness of their admission are subject to an independent review by a peer review organization.

The Hospital's Medicare cost reports have been settled by the Medicare fiscal intermediary through 2006.

The Hospital's swing bed and Extended Care Facility are paid based on a prospective payment system (PPS). This system establishes Resource Utilization Groups (RUGs) based on the clinical and diagnostic information from the beneficiaries Minimum Data Set Version 2.0 (MDS). The MDS assessment is performed at prescribed intervals by a nurse and the RUG-III group is determined based on the clinical resources needed by the beneficiary. Each RUG category has a payment rate which is facility specific based on the location and wage index of the facility.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

**2. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE - Continued**

**Medicaid:** Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed based on prospectively determined rates per discharge. Medicaid outpatient services are reimbursed based upon the lesser of the Hospital's charge or predetermined fee schedule amounts. Capital related expenditures are subject to annual cost report settlement.

**Other payors:** The Hospital has entered into agreements with certain commercial carriers. Reimbursement for services under these agreements includes discounts from established charges and other payment methodologies.

Gross patient service revenue and the allowances to reconcile to net patient service revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	<u>2010</u>
Gross patient service revenues	\$76,687,172
Less third-party allowances	37,193,138
Less bad debts	<u>4,641,658</u>
Net patient service revenue	<u><u>\$34,852,376</u></u>

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Deposits** – State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance and other acceptable collateral in specific amounts. At December 31, 2010, the carrying amount of the Hospital's bank deposits for all funds is \$418,974 as compared to a bank balance of \$980,739. The difference in carrying amounts and bank balances are caused by outstanding checks and deposits-in-transit. Of the bank balances at December 31, 2010, \$332,127 is covered by Federal insurance programs and \$648,612 is collateralized with securities held by the financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the Hospital's name.

The Hospital's investments generally are reported at fair value, as discussed in Note 1 of this footnote. At December 31, 2010, the Hospital had the following investments and maturities, all of which were held in the Hospital's name by custodial banks that are agents of the Hospital:

	Carrying Amount	Maturities		
		Less than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	
Agency bonds	\$ 8,132	\$ -	\$ 8,132	
Certificate of deposit	546,975	526,975	20,000	
Money Market Funds	676,983	676,983	-	
	<u>\$ 1,232,090</u>	<u>\$ 1,203,958</u>	<u>\$ 28,132</u>	

Interest rate risk – While no formal investment policy has been established by the Hospital, the Hospital's investments are in accordance with and governed by the Ohio Revised Code, which requires low risk investments be maintained.

Credit risk – The Hospital may invest in United States obligations or any other obligation guaranteed by the United States; bonds, notes or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality; time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts, in eligible institutions; bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or the political subdivisions of the state provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the same county; and certain no load money market mutual funds; certain commercial paper; and certain repurchase agreements.

Concentration of credit risk – The Hospital places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The Hospital maintains its investments, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Hospital has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Hospital believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on investments. At December 31, 2010, the Hospital had 44% of its investments invested in certificates of deposit at local banks.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

**4. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets consist of the following:

	12/31/2009	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	12/31/2010
Land improvements	\$ 573,610	\$ 14,900	\$ -	\$ 588,510
Buildings and improvements	14,011,234	41,074	164,899	14,217,207
Equipment	15,564,154	735,246	(3,896,728)	12,402,672
Construction in process	307,081	250,218	(261,137)	296,162
Total capital assets	<u>30,456,079</u>	<u>1,041,438</u>	<u>(3,992,966)</u>	<u>27,504,551</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(275,792)	(11,106)	-	(286,898)
Buildings and improvements	(6,268,232)	(404,616)	-	(6,672,848)
Equipment	(12,065,797)	(1,246,710)	3,992,966	(9,319,541)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,609,821)</u>	<u>(1,662,432)</u>	<u>3,992,966</u>	<u>(16,279,287)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,846,258</u>	<u>\$ (620,994)</u>	<u>\$ (7,985,932)</u>	<u>\$ 11,225,264</u>
Cost of equipment under capital lease				\$ 3,834,309
Accumulated amortization				<u>(2,541,152)</u>
Net carrying amount				<u>\$ 1,293,157</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2010 totaled \$1,650,568.

**5. ESTIMATED THIRD-PARTY SETTLEMENTS**

Estimated third-party payer settlements consist of amounts due from (to) the Medicare program for the settlement of the cost reports. The balance as of December 31, 2010 consists of estimated amounts as follows:

	<u>2010</u>
2004	\$ -
2008	-
2009	(40,000)
2010	(90,000)
	<u>\$ (130,000)</u>

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

**6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Patient accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses reported as current liabilities at December 31, 2010 consisted of these amounts:

**Patient Accounts Receivable**

Receivable from patients and their insurance carriers	\$ 4,569,792
Receivable from Medicare	4,026,093
Receivable from Medicaid	<u>1,135,626</u>
Total patient accounts receivable	<u>9,731,511</u>
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	<u>4,421,752</u>
Patient accounts receivable, net	<u><u>\$ 5,309,759</u></u>

**Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses**

Payable to suppliers and vendors	\$ 1,223,341
Accrued workers compensation	194,436
Other	<u>6,041</u>
	<u><u>\$ 1,423,818</u></u>

**Accrued Salaries, Wages and Employee Benefits**

Accrued salaries	\$ 397,695
Sick pay	303,457
Vacation	905,374
Wthholdings and benefit accruals	<u>631,162</u>
	<u><u>\$ 2,237,688</u></u>

**7. LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASES**

The Hospital has the following debt outstanding at December 31, 2010:

- 1993 County Hospital Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Term Bonds, 5.45% due December 1, 2013, mandatory annual redemption beginning December 1, 2009, in installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$65,000 plus interest.
- 1999 County Hospital Improvement Bonds, Serial Bonds, rates ranging from 3.3% to 4.65%, principal due each December 1 through 2013, ranging from \$90,000 to \$145,000 with interest due each June 1 and December 1.
- 1999 County Hospital Improvement Bonds, Term Bonds, 4.75% due December 1, 2019, mandatory annual redemption beginning December 1, 2014, in installments ranging from \$150,000 to \$190,000 plus interest.

The 1993 and 1999 bonds are un-voted general obligations of the County. The basic security for the bonds is the County's ability to levy an ad valorem tax on all real and personal property in the County.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL - Continued**

**7. LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASES - Continued**

- Note payable, Hocking County Public Health Department, bi-annual payments of \$14,250 due and payable each June and December through 2012. Collateralized by building with a net book value of approximately \$178,000, interest per the agreement was 0% and management determined that imputed interest was immaterial.
- Note payable, bank, due March 2010, due in 60 monthly installments of \$4,582, interest at 5.25%, secured by land with a net book value of \$250,000.

	12/31/2009	Additions	Payments	12/31/2010	Amount due within 1 year
1993 bonds, issued July 1, 1993	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 55,000
1999 bonds, issued March 1, 1999	1,575,000	-	130,000	1,445,000	140,000
Bond discount	(33,268)	-	(4,769)	(28,499)	(4,769)
Note payable, December 2003	85,500	-	-	85,500	57,000
Note payable, March 2005	14,405	-	14,405	-	-
Capital lease obligations	<u>1,778,154</u>	<u>375,461</u>	<u>635,853</u>	<u>1,517,762</u>	<u>653,728</u>
	<u>\$ 3,659,791</u>	<u>\$ 375,461</u>	<u>\$ 830,489</u>	<u>\$ 3,204,763</u>	<u>\$ 900,959</u>

In 1993, the Hospital received \$3,300,000 in proceeds from the issuance of Hocking County Hospital Refunding and Improvement Bonds (Refunding and Improvement Bonds), which was used to repay \$2,040,000 Hocking County Hospital Refunding Bonds (Refunding Bonds) before their scheduled maturity, repay a capital lease and construct certain Hospital improvements. The Hospital has agreed with the Hocking County Commissioners, as Trustee for the Refunding and Improvement Bonds, to maintain a minimum operating reserve of \$330,000.

The Hospital leases equipment under capital lease agreements, which generally require the Hospital to pay insurance and maintenance costs. These capital leases are due in monthly installments including interest at rates ranging from approximately 2.9% to 10.4%. They expire at various dates through 2012 and are collateralized by the equipment leased.

Minimum payments on these obligations to maturity as of December 31, 2010 follow:

December 31,	Long-Term Debt		Capital Lease Obligations	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 247,231	\$ 78,028	\$ 653,728	\$ 65,548
2012	223,730	68,683	595,448	36,897
2013	205,231	58,973	166,865	20,359
2014	147,635	48,688	84,404	4,086
2015	157,635	41,563	17,317	210
Thereafter	<u>705,539</u>	<u>86,925</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 1,687,001</u>	<u>\$ 382,860</u>	<u>\$ 1,517,762</u>	<u>\$ 127,100</u>

## Hocking County

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL – Continued**

#### **8. LINE OF CREDIT**

As of December 31, 2010, the Hospital has a \$2,000,000 line of credit with a bank. The balance on the line of credit was \$0 as of December 31, 2010. Interest on the line of credit is at prime plus 0.25% which at December 31, 2010 was approximately 5%. The loan is secured by accounts receivable with a net book value of \$5,309,759. There was no activity on the line of credit during 2010.

#### **9. PENSION PLAN**

*Plan Description* - The Hospital contributed to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, healthcare benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Members of the MD plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. OPERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for OPERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-PERS (7377).

*Funding Policy* - The required, actuarially-determined contribution rates for the Hospital and for employees are 14.0% and 10.0%, respectively. The Hospital's contributions, representing 100% of employer contributions, for the last three years are as follows:

Year	Contribution
2010	\$ 1,947,687
2009	\$ 1,899,180
2008	\$ 1,857,743

OPERS also provides post-retirement healthcare coverage to age and service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Healthcare coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The healthcare coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB). A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-employment healthcare. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The portion of the 2010 employer contribution rates of 14.0% used to fund healthcare was 5.5% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and was 5.0% from March 1 through December 31, 2010. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement healthcare through their contributions to OPERS.

Hospital contributions made to fund post-employment benefits approximated \$950,000 for 2010.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004 was effective on January 1, 2007. OPERS took additional actions to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2007, 2008 and 2009, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL – Continued**

**10. PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE**

The Hospital has professional liability insurance with a commercial carrier. Coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the Hospital has umbrella coverage of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate. The policy also requires that certain members of the medical staff carry professional liability coverage of no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. The Hospital's coverage is on a claims made basis.

**11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

Employees of the Hospital may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program (Program), a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under the Program, employees may elect to defer a portion of their pay until a later date, usually after retirement. The deferred pay and any income earned thereon are not subject to federal and state income taxes until actually received by the employee.

**12. RELATED PARTIES**

The Hocking Valley Community Hospital Memorial Fund, Inc. (Foundation) was organized as a separate not-for-profit membership corporation. The purpose of the Foundation is to solicit gifts for the benefit of the Hospital. The Board of Directors of the Foundation is elected by the Foundation's members. The Foundation's funds, which represent the Foundation's unrestricted resources, are distributed to the Hospital in amounts and in periods determined by the Foundation's Board of Trustees, who may also restrict the use of such funds for Hospital property and equipment replacement, expansion or other specific purposes. Because management believes the resources of the Foundation are significant to the Hospital, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Hospital. The Hospital has not discretely presented the Foundation's financial statements as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following summarized condensed financial statements are for information purposes only.

The Foundation is the controlling member of the Hocking Valley Health Services (HVMG). The financial statements of the Foundation do not include the assets, obligations, revenues or expenses of HVMG.

**Hocking County**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL – Continued**

**12. RELATED PARTIES - Continued**

Hocking Valley Community Hospital Memorial Fund, Inc. (the Foundation)  
 Unaudited Condensed Balance Sheet  
 December 31, 2010

**ASSETS**

**Current assets**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 213,919
Investments	1,048,179
Property and equipment, net	<u>578,326</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 1,840,424</u></u>

**Current liabilities**

Total liabilities	\$ 600
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**Total net assets**

1,839,824

**Total liabilities and net assets** \$ 1,840,424

**Unaudited Condensed Statement of Activities**

December 31, 2010

Total support	\$ 305,695
Expenses	59,407
Donations and pledges to the Hospital	<u>20,000</u>
Increase in net assets	<u>226,288</u>

**Net assets, beginning of year** 1,613,536

**Net assets, end of year** \$ 1,839,824

The Hospital entered into a 10 year non-cancelable lease with the Foundation for the Medical Arts Building that expires in September 2018. The Hospital is responsible for utilities, taxes, maintenance and insurance in addition to the rental payments of \$6,256 per month. Future minimum rental payments for the year ending December 31, follows:

2011	\$ 75,072
2012	75,072
2013	75,072
2014	75,072
2015	75,072
Thereafter	206,448
Total future minimum lease payments	<u><u>\$ 581,808</u></u>

## **Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL – Continued**

#### **12. RELATED PARTIES - Continued**

Hocking Valley Health Services (HVHS) is a not-for-profit membership corporation located in Logan, Ohio. The purpose of HVHS is to provide healthcare and physician services and to own, lease, operate and/or provide healthcare facilities for the promotion of health in the area served by the Hospital. Additionally, HVHS is to conduct strategic healthcare planning and otherwise operate exclusively for the benefit and support of the Board of Governors of the Hospital. The Board of Trustees of HVHS are elected by HVHS's members of whom fifty percent of the voting rights are controlled by the Board of Governors of the Hospital.

Hocking Valley Medical Group, Inc. (HVMG) was organized as a separate not-for-profit stock professional corporation. The purpose of HVMG is to engage in the practice, and to render the professional services, of medicine and to further the charitable purposes of the Foundation and the Hospital. At December 31, 2007, the sole shareholder of HVMG has entered an agreement with the Foundation and HVMG that states the shares of HVMG will be voted as directed by the Foundation. The accompanying financial statements do not include the assets, obligations, revenues or expenses of HVMG.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Hospital disbursed funds totaling \$2,308,000, on behalf of HVMG to fund operating deficits. This amount was paid to the Foundation due to the nature of the control the Foundation has over HVMG. There were no amounts due to or from HVMG at December 31, 2010.

#### **13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, effective January 1, 2008, the Hospital adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (FAS 157). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FAS 157 has been applied prospectively as of the beginning of the year.

FAS 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability to (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FAS 157 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1:** Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2:** Significant other observable inputs other than Level I prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets and liabilities.
- Level 3:** Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of net assets, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Investment securities and assets limited as to use are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are reassured using independent pricing models or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows: adjusted for the security's credit rating. Level 1 securities include those traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets and money market funds.

**Hocking County**

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements – Continued  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**NOTE 21 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - HOCKING VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL – Continued**

**13. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - Continued**

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

	Total at December 31, 2010	Fair Value Measurements Using:		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalent investments and assets limited as to use	\$ 1,232,090	\$ 1,232,090	\$ -	\$ -

**HOCKING COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION**  
*Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Disbursements
<b>U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job &amp; Family Services</i>			
Food Stamp Cluster			
State Admin Matching Grants for Food Stamp Program	(1)	10.561	272,170
ARRA State Admin Matching Grants for Food Stamp Program	(1)	10.561	13,915
Total Food Stamp Cluster			<u>286,085</u>
Total US Department of Agriculture			286,085
<b>U.S. Department of Education</b>			
<i>Passed through the State Department of Education</i>			
ARRA Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	(1)	84.393	<u>27,199</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			27,199
<b>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job &amp; Family Services</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	(1)	93.667	353,443
<i>Passed through the State Department of MRDD</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	(1)	93.667	<u>15,010</u>
Total Social Service Block Grant			<u>368,453</u>
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job &amp; Family Services</i>			
Medical Assistance Program - Senior Center	(1)	93.778	231,175
Medical Assistance Program	(1)	93.778	11,614
<i>Passed through the State Department of MRDD</i>			
Medical Assistance Program	(1)	93.778	63,719
ARRA Medical Assistance Program	(1)	93.778	<u>69,452</u>
Total Medicare Cluster			<u>375,960</u>
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job &amp; Family Services</i>			
Targeted Case Management	(1)	93.044	43,005
CCDF Cluster:			
Child Care Development Block Grant	(1)	93.575	5,229
Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds	(1)	93.596	<u>71,452</u>
Total CCDF Cluster			<u>76,681</u>
CCDF Cluster:			
TANF	(1)	93.558	1,117,436
TANF - Summer Youth	(1)	93.714	<u>154,135</u>
Total CCDF Cluster			<u>1,271,571</u>
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	(1)	93.556	36,937
Child Support Enforcement	(1)	93.563	3,941
ARRA Child Support Enforcement	(1)	93.563	282,486
Child Welfare Services State Grant	(1)	93.645	27,104
Foster Care Title VI-E	(1)	93.658	79,439
Foster Care Title VI-E Administration and Training	(1)	93.658	49,510
Adoption Assistance Title VI-E	(1)	93.659	91,884
Adoption Assistance Title VI-E - Administration and Training	(1)	93.659	75,462
Child Abuse and Neglect	(1)	93.669	1,988
Federal Chaffee	(1)	93.674	9,559
SCHIP		93.767	5,215
<i>Passed through the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration</i>			
SPE Grant	(1)	93.243	<u>356,095</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,155,290
<i>Passed through the Ohio Secretary of State</i>			
U. S. Election Assistance Commission			
Voter Verification Machine	(1)	90.401	<u>520</u>
Total U. S. Election Assistance Commision			<u>520</u>

**HOCKING COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION**  
**Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2010**

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Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Disbursements
<b>U.S. Department of Homeland Security</b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Emergency Management Agency</i>			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	2009-EP-E9-003	97.042	25,692
Regional Grant	2009-SS-T9-0089	97.067	62,000
Homeland Security Grant Program	2008-GE-T8-0025	97.067	600
Homeland Security Grant Program	2007-GE-T7-0030	97.067	270
Homeland Security Grant Program	2009-SS-T9-0089	97.067	34,841
<i>Total Homeland Security Grants</i>			<u>35,711</u>
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			123,403
<b>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Development/State's Program</i>			
Community Development Block Grants:			
FY09 CDBG Formula	B-F-09-IBH-1	14.228	53,701
FY08 CDBG Formula	B-F-09-034-1	14.228	6,205
FY09 CHIP	B-C-09-IBH-1	14.228	102,562
FY09 CDBG Home	B-C-09-IBH-2	14.239	20,000
<i>Total Community Development Block Grants</i>			<u>182,468</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			182,468
<b>U.S. Department of Justice</b>			
<i>Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance	Vagene 220	16.582	32,136
Reclaiming Futures	DC-BX-0020	16.585	207,320
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	DC-BX-0020	16.585	<u>85,132</u>
<i>Total Reclaiming Futures Program</i>			<u>292,452</u>
Bullet Proof Vest	(1)	16.607	5,608
<i>Total Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grants</i>			<u>158,340</u>
Total U.S. Department of Justice			488,536
<b>U.S. Department of Labor</b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services</i>			
Workforce Initiative Allocation - Adult	(1)	17.258	111,986
Workforce Initiative Allocation - Administration Adult	(1)	17.258	30,000
Workforce Initiative Allocation - Youth Activities	(1)	17.259	133,240
Workforce Initiative Allocation - Dislocated Workers	(1)	17.260	247,216
ARRA Workforce Initiative Allocation - Dislocated Workers	(1)	17.260	101,760
<i>Total Workforce Initiative Allocation Cluster</i>			<u>624,202</u>
Total U.S. Department of Labor			624,202

***HOCKING COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION***  
***Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures***  
***For the Year Ended December 31, 2010***

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Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Disbursements
<b><u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u></b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation</i>			
State and Community Highway Safety	HVEO2010-37	20.600	17,662
<i>Passed through the Ohio Emergency Management Agency</i>			
Hazardous Materials Emergency	(1)	20.703	1,746
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			19,408
<b><u>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</u></b>			
<i>Passed through the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency</i>			
ARRA Capitalization Grant for Clean Water - State Revolving Funds	(1)	66.458	55,618
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			55,618
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$4,962,729</u>

(1) - Passthrough entity number not available  
 (2) - Direct from the federal government

See accompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures.

## **HOCKING COUNTY**

*Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures  
For the year ended December 31, 2010*

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### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the County's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

### **NOTE B - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require that the County contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included in the schedule.

### **NOTE C - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANT PROGRAM**

Hocking County administers a loan program with funds provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, through the Ohio Department of Development, under the Community Development Block CHIP Grant Program. The purpose of this program is to provide loans to low and moderate income families for building improvements. The loans are provided as declining mortgage loans with the intent that they do not have to repay the loans unless they leave the residence before ten years. As of December 31, 2010, the total amount of loans outstanding was \$662,421.72.

### **NOTE D - CHILD CARE SERVICES**

The Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS) sub-awarded to Hocking County, Federal funding from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Although these programs were administered at the County level, in July 2010 ODJFS adjusted some of the County's child care expenditures to align them with available funding sources. ODJFS' adjustments were retroactive to the beginning of the grant period (October 1, 2009). Therefore, these July 2010 adjustments affect 2009 calendar-year program expenditures previously reported as follows:

Child Care Cluster	CFDA #	Pass Through #	2009 Federal Expenditures Reported	July 2010 Adjustment	Adjusted 2009 Federal Expenditures Reported
Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds	93.596	(1)	\$197,120	(\$71,452)	\$125,668

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting  
and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By  
Government Auditing Standards**

Board of Commissioners  
Hocking County, Ohio  
1 East Main Street  
Logan, OH 43138

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hocking County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2011. We did not audit the financial statements of Hocking Valley Community Hospital which was audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Hocking Valley Community Hospital is solely based on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

**Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness, as defined above.

Board of Commissioners  
Hocking County, Ohio  
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting  
and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by  
Government Auditing Standards

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance and other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain additional matters that we have reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated August 4, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

August 4, 2011

**Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to  
Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in  
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133**

Board of Commissioners  
Hocking County, Ohio  
1 East Main Street  
Logan, OH 43138

**Compliance**

We have audited the compliance of Hocking County, Ohio (the County) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

**Internal Control over Compliance**

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Board of Commissioners  
Hocking County, Ohio  
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major  
Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with  
OMB Circular A -133

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

August 4, 2011

**HOCKING COUNTY, OHIO**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

<b>1. Type of Financial Statement Opinion</b>	Unqualified
<b>2. Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>3. Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>4. Was there any material noncompliance reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<b>5. Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<b>6. Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<b>7. Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion</b>	Unqualified
<b>8. Are there any reportable findings under § .510?</b>	No
<b>9. Major Programs (list):</b>	WIA Cluster #17.258/ 17.259/ 17.260; Social Services Block Grant #93.667; SPE Grant #93.243; Drug Court Discretionary Grant/ Reclaiming Futures #16.585
<b>10. Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</b>	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: All Other Programs
<b>11. Low Risk Auditee?</b>	Yes

**HOCKING COUNTY, OHIO**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*For the Year Ended December 31, 2010*

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**B. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

There were none.

**C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS**

There were none.



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

## HOCKING COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION

### HOCKING COUNTY

#### CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Susan Babbitt".

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED  
OCTOBER 11, 2011