Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Audited Financial Statements

December 31, 2009





Board of Directors Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District 1319 Third Street NW New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 7, 2011



MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Table of Contents

Page
ndependent Auditor's Report1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis3-7
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Proprietary Fund9-10
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements12-25
ndependent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Schedule of Findings & Responses





October 12, 2011

Board of Directors Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District P.O. Box 349 New Philadelphia, OH 44663

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the "Conservancy District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Conservancy District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Conservancy District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Conservancy District as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in net assets and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2011 on our consideration of the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

The discussion and analysis of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District's (the "Conservancy District") financial performance provides an overall review of the Conservancy District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Conservancy District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Conservancy District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- Current assets increased \$3,928,799. This increase is primarily due to an increase in pooled cash and cash equivalents due to collections on the maintenance assessment.
- Long-term liabilities decreased \$1,913,028 during 2009 due to principal payments made on debt.
- Net assets increased \$5,323,297 as a result of the increase in cash and the decrease in long-term liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the financial position of the Conservancy District. The statement of net assets represents the basic statement of position for the Conservancy District. The statement of activities and changes in net assets present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows reflects how the Conservancy District finances and meets its cash flow needs. Finally, the notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CONSERVANCY DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Conservancy District is not required to present government-wide financial statements as the Conservancy District is engaged in only business-type activities. Therefore, no condensed financial information derived from government-wide financial statements is included in the discussion and analysis.

The following tables represent the Conservancy District's condensed financial information for 2009 and 2008 derived from the statement of net assets and the statement of receipts, disbursements, and changes in net assets.

	2009	Restated 2008
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 15,890,854	\$ 11,962,055
Capital Assets, net	17,128,809	17,410,973
Total Assets	33,019,663	29,373,028
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	2,235,495	1,999,129
Long-Term Liabilities	9,490,290	11,403,318
Total Liabilities	11,725,785	13,402,447
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	12,543,979	12,476,372
Restricted	6,051,123	0
Unrestricted	2,698,776	3,494,209
Total Net Assets	\$ 21,293,878	\$ 15,970,581

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

Changes in Net Assets - The following shows the changes in net assets for 2009 and 2008.

		2009		2008
Operating Revenues	.			
Timber Sales	\$	322,592	\$	327,535
Pine-Pulpwood Sales		131,403		145,218
Land and Building Rentals		26,066		23,896
Mineral Rights and Royalties		239,296		452,715
Share Crop Lease		365,636		328,633
Atwood Lodge Receipts		3,441,611		3,948,509
Road Maintenance		67,649		0
Cottage Sites		1,886,398		1,866,844
Private Docks		433,506		432,165
Club Sites		65,250		61,129
Lake Patrol Operations		47,463		46,047
Marina Operations		494,888		546,004
Fishing Rights		62,647		62,647
Marina Camping		66,072		68,871
Sale of Assets		0		157,157
Water Resources/Flood Control		37,174		37,819
Rental Boats		16,055		17,185
Water and Sewer Systems		22,015		85,526
Refreshment Stand		75,490		33,856
Vacation Cabin		369,083		370,264
Park Camping 3,885,345			3,706,865	
Trailer Storage	• •			161,108
Admissions - Park Facilities		130,069		101,996
Miscellaneous Income		113,951		123,506
Total Operating Revenues	S	12,478,934	S	13,105,495

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

	2009	2008
Operating Expenses		
Improvements to district properties	\$ 41,187	\$ 21,112
Office remodeling and equipment	27,045	78,860
Dam Safety Upgrades	473,396	0
Share crop expenses	174,212	182,882
Atwood lodge expenses	4,575,696	4,597,034
Maintenance assessment	1,560,259	890,715
Auto and truck	232,271	199,213
Office building	135,190	87,191
Administrative and finance	1,233,941	1,152,134
Legal and Legislative	194,054	0
Engineering	553,969	292,227
GIS and Parcel Development	89,815	0
Forestry maintenance expenses	188,570	172,347
Park camping expense	1,962,867	1,971,028
Cottage site expense	521,498	430,821
General park facilities expense	1,616,812	1,283,824
Cost of Lake Dredging	0	701
Vacation cabin expense	135,111	123,569
Marina operation expenses	51,107	36,781
Water and sewer system expense	147,512	351,438
Lake patrol operation expenses	268,942	218,396
Public information expense	259,329	145,071
Safety expenses	112,523	91,660
Other recreation maintenance expense	1,349,234	462,360
Other expenses	33,585	42,324
Depreciation	865,640	852,076
•	•	
Total Operating Expenses	16,803,765	13,683,764
Operating Loss	(4,324,831)	(578,269)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Maintenance assessments	10,187,987	1,280,376
Interest on investments	42,097	119,970
Debt retirement - Interest	(581,956)	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	9,648,128	1,400,346
Net Income	\$ 5,323,297	\$ 822,077

Assessment revenue increased \$8,907,611 due to collections beginning on a new maintenance assessment in 2009. This assessment money was used for dam safety upgrades and maintenance expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2009 the Conservancy District had \$17,128,809 of capital assets net of accumulated. The following table shows 2009 balances compared with 2008:

	2009	Restated 2008
Land	\$ 2,171,279	\$ 2,171,279
Construction in Progress	207,655	0
Capitalized Development Costs and Land Purchases	6,159,931	6,028,228
Buildings and Building Improvements	7,019,006	7,517,082
Machinery and Equipment	786,875	980,422
Furniture and Fixtures	229,449	186,694
Vehicles	554,614	527,268
Totals	\$ 17,128,809	\$ 17,410,973

Additional information on the Conservancy District's capital assets can be found in Note 6.

Debt

The outstanding debt for the Conservancy District as of December 31, 2009 was \$10,979,593 with \$1,848,809 due within one year. The following table summarizes the Conservancy District's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	2009	Restated
1998 Revenue Bonds - 4.75%	\$ 365,608	\$ 466,718
1999 Revenue Bonds - 5.31%	564,346	657,180
2001 Revenue Bonds - Variable	690,052	708,096
2003 Revenue Bonds - Variable	2,560,000	2,680,000
OWDA #2162 - 5.56%	404,824	422,606
OWDA #4213 - 5.1%	6,394,104	7,801,290
OWDA #5413 - 0%	659	0
Totals	\$ 10,979,593	\$ 12,735,890

Additional information on the Conservancy District's long-term debt can be found in Note 12.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Conservancy District's finances and to show the Conservancy District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact James Cugliari of the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District.

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund December 31, 2009

Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,219,884
Accounts Receivable	759,437
Maintenance Assessments Receivable	670,497
Total Current Assets	9,649,818
Non-Current Assets:	
Deferred Charges - See note 2G	6,241,036
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	8,538,865
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	8,589,944
Total Non-Current Assets	23,369,845
Total Assets	33,019,663
* 1 * 10.0	
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	21.000
Accounts Payable	21,000
Performance Bond Payable	15,402 175
Escrow Land Rentals	
Accrued Retirement Insurance Accrued Life Insurance	38,609 14,873
******	14,673
Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Industrial Insurance	243.218
Accrued Disability Income	1,904
Claims Payable	42,125
Compensated Absences	9,280
Revenue Bonds Payable	350,151
OWDA Loans Payable	1,498,658
ON DA DOMES LEGICIO	1,770,000
Total Current Liabilities	2,235,495
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Deferred Revenue	17,598
Compensated Absences - net of current portion	341,908
Revenue Bonds Payable - net of current portion	3,829,855
OWDA Loans Payable - net of current portion	5,300,929
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,490,290
Total Liabilities	11,725,785
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	12,543,979
Restricted for Maintenance Assessment	6,051,123
Unrestricted	2,698,776
Total Net Assets	\$ 21,293,878

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Operating Revenues	
Timber sales	\$ 322,592
Pine/pulpwood sales	131,403
Land and building rentals	26,066
Mineral rights and royalties	239,296
Share crop lease	365,636
Atwood Lodge receipts	3,441,611
Road maintenance	67,649
Cottage sites	1,886,398
Private docks	433,506
Club sites	65,250
Lake patrol operations	47,463
Marina operations	494,888
Fishing rights	62,647
Marina camping	66,072
Water resources/flood control	37,174
Rental boats	16,055
Water and sewer systems	22,015
Refreshment stand	75,490
Vacation cabin	369,083
Park camping	3,885,345
Trailer storage	179,275
Admissions - park facilities	130,069
Miscellaneous income	 113,951
Total Operating Revenues	 12,478,934
	(Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Operating Expenses	
Improvements to district properties	\$ 41,187
Office remodeling and equipment	27,045
Dam Safety Upgrades	473,396
Share crop expenses	174,212
Atwood lodge expenses	4,575,696
Maintenance assessment expense	1,560,259
Auto and truck	232,271
Office building	135,190
Administrative and finance	1,233,941
Legal and Legislative	194,054
Engineering	553,969
GIS and Parcel Development	89,815
Forestry maintenance expenses	188,570
Park camping expense	1,962,867
Cottage site expense	521,498
General park facilities expense	1,616,812
Vacation cabin expense	135,111
Marina operation expenses	51,107
Water and sewer system expense	147,512
Lake patrol operation expenses	268,942
Public information expense	259,329
Safety expenses	112,523
Other recreation maintenance expense	1,349,234
Other expenses	33,585
Depreciation	865,640
Total Operating Expenses	16,803,765
Operating Loss	(4,324,831)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Maintenance assessments	10,187,987
Interest on investments	42,097
Debt retirement - Interest	(581,956)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	9,648,128
Net Income	5,323,297
Net Assets - Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)	15,970,581
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 21,293,878

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 12,647,641
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(8,437,084)
Cash Payments for Employees Services and Benefits	(6,028,953)
The state of the s	(0,000,700)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(1,818,396)
Cook Flows from Nonconted Financian Activities	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Proceeds from OWDA Loans	664
Principal Payments on OWDA Loans	664
Interest Paid on Debt	(1,407,191)
Special Assessments	(380,150)
Special Assessments	9,529,949
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	7,743,272
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(596,601)
Principal Payments on Revenue Bonds	(331,988)
Principal Payments on OWDA	(17,782)
Interest Paid on Debt	(201,140)
maros, i aid on poor	(201,140)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,147,511)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Receipts of Interest	42,097
	12,077
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,819,462
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	3,400,422
	3,100,122
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 8,219,884
Reconciliation of Operating Loss To Net	
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	\$ (4,324,831)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	(1,521,551)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	865,640
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	•
Deferred Charges	1,560,259
Accounts Receivable	(18,757)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	` , ,
Accounts Payable	5,206
Proformance Bonds Payable	6,927
Deferred Revenue	6,396
Claims Payable	(1,157)
Accrued Life Insurance	6,838
Accrued Disability Income	(96)
Compensated Absences	(26,548)
Accrued Retirement Insurance	23,589
Accrued Industrial Insurance	78,138
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (1,818,396)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BASIC OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY

The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District was created as a separate political subdivision by the Ohio Legislature in 1933. The Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the "Conservancy District") was created in accordance with Section 101 of the Ohio Revised Code which is concerned with the formation and governing of conservancy Districts. The Conservancy District operates under an elected conservancy court consisting of eighteen court of common pleas judges, with one judge serving on the court from each county. Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District had a five member board of directors in 2009 appointed by the court. All other officers and employees are hired in accordance with the provisions of Section 6101 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Conservancy District is a separate governmental entity within the eighteen county area served by the Conservancy District.

2009 Board of Directors:

•	Richard J. Pryce – President	Term Expires July 18, 2012
•	Harry C. Horstman – Vice President	Term Expires June 3,2010
•	David Parham – Member	Term Expires June 8, 2011
•	William P. Boyle, Jr Member	Term Expires July 18, 2014
•	Steve Kokovich – Member	Term Expires June 3, 2013

2009 Officers:

- John M. Hoopingarner Executive Director/Secretary
- Boris E. Slogar, P.E. Chief Engineer
- James B. Cugliari Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer
- Scott D. Barhnart Chief of Recreation/Chief Ranger
- Mark A. Jukich Chief of Conservation

Services provided by the Conservancy District are defined in detail in the Ohio Conservancy District Act and Section 6104.04 of the Ohio Revised Code and include among other duties the following:

- (A) Flood prevention.
- (B) Regulating stream channels by changing, widening, and deepening the same.
- (C) Providing a water supply for domestic, industrial, and public use.
- (D) Providing for the collection and disposal of sewage and other liquid waste.
- (E) Regulating the flow of streams and conserving the waters thereof.

The Conservancy District manages fourteen reservoirs and receives income from the following and other sources:

- (A) Park camping.
- (B) Rental of sites for cottages.
- (C) Sale of crops
- (D) Sale of timber and pulpwood
- (E) Atwood resort facilities
- (F) Boat marina rentals and docking
- (G) Assessment

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BASIC OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY (continued)

Sub-Districts:

Chippewa sub-district, Black Fork sub-district, Buffalo sub-district and Duck Creek sub-district are blended component units of Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District. Each sub-district was formed in accordance with Chapter 6101-71 of the Ohio Revised Code; organization of sub-districts. They were put into action as a result of petitions of the owners of real property subject to flooding within their areas. To date the only active sub-district is the Chippewa sub-district. Currently the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District is going through a readjustment of the assessment of Chippewa sub-district so that additional maintenance funds can be obtained to maintain the project. Black Fork sub-district, Buffalo Creed sub-district and Duck Creek sub-districts are inactive.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Conservancy District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Conservancy District applies generally accepted accounting principles that were issued prior to November 30, 1989 by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The entity has elected not to follow FASB guidelines for proprietary funds issued after November 30, 1989. The FASB has codified its standards and the standards issued prior to November 30, 1989 are included in the codification. The most significant of the Conservancy District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Conservancy District uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Conservancy District operates as a self-supporting governmental enterprise and uses accounting polices applicable to governmental enterprise funds.

B. Measurement Focus

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Conservancy District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Conservancy District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

C. Budgetary Process

Budget:

The Conservancy District's annual budget of revenues, expenses, and capital expenditures is prepared under the modified cash basis of accounting. The budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Directors. The Conservancy District utilizes such budget and related budgetary accounting to ensure that: (1) service objectives are attained, (2) expenditures are properly controlled; and (3) adequate resources will be available to finance current operations and meet capital outlay requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Because the Conservancy District's revenues and expenses may fluctuate, a flexible-rather than fixed-dollar budget is utilized to permit budgetary revision. Actual results of operations are compared to the final revised budget of the Conservancy District for the year.

Appropriations:

The annual appropriation measure is passed on the last meeting of the year in December, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented by the board. The total amount appropriated from any fund for any year shall not exceed the sum of the unencumbered balance in the fund at the beginning of the year and the amounts to be received during such year from bonds authorized, and taxes and special assessments imposed prior to their appropriation, together with all other moneys estimated to be received by the fund during the year. At the close of each calendar year, all unencumbered balance of appropriations shall revert to the funds from which they were made and shall be subject to re-appropriation.

Encumbrances:

The Conservancy District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio Law. Under this system purchase order, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. At the close of the calendar year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.

D. Property Assets/Depreciation

Capital Assets are defined by the Conservancy District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500.

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the Conservancy District are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including architectural and engineering fees where applicable.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Machinery, Equipment, Vehicles, Furniture & Fixtures	5-20 Years
Buildings and Building Improvements	39.5 Years

E. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The Conservancy District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the Conservancy District's past experience of making termination payments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Pensions

The provision for pension costs is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

G. Deferred Charges

Assessment study costs for the Conservancy District's maintenance assessment are being amortized using the straight-line method over five years. In 2005, the Conservancy District entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority to finance the assessment study. The Conservancy District began repaying the loan in 2009 when they began receiving assessment revenue.

H. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

I. Revenue & Expenses

Operating revenues consist primarily of fees for services, rents and charges for use of Conservancy District facilities, and other income. Operating expenses include the cost of providing these services, including administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets.

Non-operating revenues and expenses are all revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues include intergovernmental grants, interest from investments and the maintenance assessment. Non-operating expenses include interest expense on long-term debt.

J. Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Conservancy District has implemented GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments," GASB Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments," and GASB Statement No. 56, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards."

GASB Statement No. 52 establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities. It requires endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value. Governments also are required to report the changes in fair value as investment income and to disclose the methods and significant assumptions employed to determine fair value, and other information that they currently present for other investments reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) authoritative literature.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statements on Auditing Standards.

Implementation of these GASB Statements did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the Conservancy District.

NOTE 3: RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

In prior years the Conservancy District erroneously included internal receivables and payables in their year-end balances. Additionally, the Conservancy District did not accrue a liability for compensated absences in prior years. Claims payable liability was overstated and debt balances were understated in the prior year. It was also determined the component units should be presented as blended rather than discretely presented. The Conservancy District entered into a maintenance assessment study in 2005. The costs are recognized when repayment of the related debt is made. The amount originally included in capital assets has been restated to deferred charges.

	Proprietary Fund
Previously Reported Net Assets, 12/31/08	\$ 13,881,878
Restatement of Capital Assets	(7,801,295)
Restatement of Deferred Charges	7,801,295
Restatement of Receivables	(4,163,766)
Restatement of Payables	1,265,340
Restatement of Compensated Absences	(377,736)
Restatement of Claims Payable	176,838
Restatement of Debt	(71,686)
Blended Component Units	5,259,713
Restated Net Assets, 1/1/09	\$ 15,970,581

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

State statutes classify monies held by the Conservancy District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Conservancy District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Conservancy District has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS (continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Conservancy District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or
 of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 5. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Conservancy District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS (continued)

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all uninsured public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of uninsured public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the Conservancy District's name. During 2009, the Conservancy District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Conservancy District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as collateral against all of the uninsured public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Conservancy District.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the Conservancy District's deposits was \$8,217,484. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of December 31, 2009, \$7,250,820 of the Conservancy District's bank balance of \$8,311,778 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$1,060,958 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash on Hand

As of December 31, 2009, the Conservancy District had \$2,400 of cash on hand.

NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2009 consisted of accounts (billed user charged services) and delinquent maintenance assessments. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Proprietary capital assets – summary by category at December 31, 2009:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2008	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2009
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,171,279	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,171,279
Construction in Progress	0	207,655	0	207,655
Capitalized Development Costs and Land Purchases	6,028,228	131,703	0	6,159,931
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,199,507	339,358	0	8,538,865
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Building Improvements	20,342,355	0	0	20,342,355
Machinery and Equipment	4,823,471	56,189	0	4,879,660
Furniture and Fixtures	606,695	80,199	0	686,894
Vehicles	1,680,749	120,855	(230,771)	1,570,833
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	27,453,270	257,243	(230,771)	27,479,742
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(12,825,273)	(498,076)	0	(13,323,349)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,843,049)	(249,736)	0	(4,092,785)
Furniture and Fixtures	(420,001)	(37,444)	0	(457,445)
Vehicles	(1,153,481)	(80,384)	217,646	(1,016,219)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(18,241,804)	(865,640)	217,646	(18,889,798)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,211,466	(608,397)	(13,125)	8,589,944
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,410,973	\$ (269,039)	\$ (13,125)	\$ 17,128,809

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive Liability Insurance

The Conservancy District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for the following:

- A. All risks (Building and contents 80% coinsurance)
- B. Business auto
- C. Law enforcement
- D. Directors/Officers
- E. Boiler and machinery
- F. Umbrella liability
- G. Public employee disability
- H. Employee bonds

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage in the year 2009.

B. Self-insurance

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District has a self-funded health insurance plan administered by third party administrator Aultcare.

The monthly premium in 2009 for a single employee is \$525.26, \$824.61 for an employee plus 1, and for the family of an employee is \$1,246.37.

The overall stop loss for the plan is \$619,440 at December 31, 2009.

The limit per occurrence was \$45,000 in 2009 with no exceptions on individual employees for either year. When Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District pays claims or reimburses employees for medical bills in excess of the limits they are reimbursed by Excess Re-insurance Underwriters Agency, Inc.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Conservancy District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan. Members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2009, members in State and local classifications contributed 10 percent of covered payroll.

The Conservancy District's contribution rate for 2009 was 14.0 percent of covered payroll. For the period January 1 through March 31, a portion of the Conservancy District's contribution equal to 7.0 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the post-employment health care plan, and 5.5 percent from April 1, through December 31, 2009. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined. State statute sets a maximum contribution rate for the Conservancy District of 14 percent.

The Conservancy District's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$311,328, \$524,970 and \$502,528, respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan for qualifying members of both the traditional and combined pension plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care. The plan includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional and combined plans must have ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Funding Policy – The post-employment health care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund postemployment health care through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2009, local government employers contributed 14 percent of covered payroll. Each year, the OPERS retirement board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding post-employment health care benefits. The amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund post-employment health care was 7.00 percent of covered payroll for the period January 1 through March 31, and 5.5 percent from April 1, through December 31, 2009.

The retirement board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits by the retiree or the retiree's surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment health care plan.

The Conservancy District's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$261,293, \$524,970 and \$495,816, respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 10: CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2009, the Conservancy District had contractual commitments for the following projects:

	C	ontractual				Balance
	Commitment		E	xpended	12/31/2009	
Alive Festival Pavillion	\$	150,702	\$	78,343	\$	72,359
Sites Lake Wastewater Treatment Plant		458,458		129,312		329,146

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 11: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Conservancy District is involved in litigation in the normal course of business. Although the eventual outcome of these matters cannot be predicted, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate liability is not expected to have a material effect on the Conservancy District's financial position.

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the Conservancy District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2009 were as follows:

) Ot	Restated Principal utstanding 2/31/2008	Add	litions	R	eductions	O	Principal outstanding 12/31/2009	Amount Due in One Year
1998 Revenue Bonds - 4.75%	\$	466,718	\$	0	\$	(101,110)	\$	365,608	\$ 106,731
1999 Revenue Bonds - 5.31%		657,180		0		(92,834)		564,346	98,984
2001 Revenue Bonds - Variable		708,096		0		(18,044)		690,052	19,436
2003 Revenue Bonds - Variable		2,680,000		0		(120,000)		2,560,000	125,000
OWDA #2162 - 5.56%		422,606		0		(17,782)		404,824	18,785
OWDA #4213 - 5.1%		7,801,290		5		(1,407,191)		6,394,104	1,479,873
OWDA #5413 - 0%		0		659		0		659	0
Total		12,735,890		664		(1,756,961)		10,979,593	1,848,809
Compensated Absences		377,736		5,904		(32,452)		351,188	 9,280
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	13,113,626	\$	6,568	\$	(1,789,413)	\$	11,330,781	\$ 1,858,089

<u>Revenue Bonds</u>: On February 24, 1998 the Conservancy District issued \$1,300,000 in revenue bonds for the renovation, construction and improvement of the Conservancy District's administration building in New Philadelphia, Ohio. These fifteen year revenue bonds mature on February 24, 2013 and principal and interest payments are due on the 24th of each month.

Revenue Bonds totaling \$1,300,000 were issued December 17, 1999 with a maturity of December 13, 2014. These bonds were borrowed for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the costs of renovating, construction, acquiring and installing improvements to cabins and other facilities at Tappan and Atwood Parks. Principal and interest are due on the 13th of each month.

The Conservancy District issued revenue bonds with a variable interest rate in 2003 totaling \$3,095,000. This issuance was used to finance construction at Atwood Resort.

In 2001 the Conservancy District issued \$795,000 in revenue bonds through Aqua Ohio. The proceeds of this debt are for an improved and upgraded water system at Charles Mill Sites Lake cottages. The revenue bonds mature in twenty-five years and have monthly payments due on March of each year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Ohio Water Development Authority Loans: In 1999, the Conservancy District was awarded a loan from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) in the amount of \$550,692. The proceeds of this loan are for the construction of a 75,000 and 10,000 gallon water tank. Also, a 3,807 linear feet of 6" water line and 3,676 linear feet of 4" water line are being constructed with these proceeds. All construction is at Tappan Lake Park. This loan agreement has a term of twenty-five years and matures July 1, 2024. Principal and interest payments are due January 1 and July 1, annually.

The Conservancy District was awarded a \$7,741,217 loan from OWDA in 2004. This loan is being utilized to fund the implementation costs of the maintenance assessment.

In 2009 the Conservancy District was awarded a loan from OWDA in the amount of \$188,884. The proceeds of this loan are being used for painting of water towers. As of December 31, 2009, the Conservancy District had drawn down \$659. Since this loan is not fully disbursed, the amortization schedule is not available and therefore, not reflected in the table below.

The annual requirements to retire debt are as follows:

	Ohio	Water				
	Development A	Authority Loans	Revenue	e Bonds	То	tal
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	lnterest
2010	\$ 1,498,658	\$ 329,719	\$ 350,151	\$ 194,885	\$ 1,848,809	\$ 524,604
2011	1,576,153	252,255	372,219	177,830	1,948,372	430,085
2012	1,657,655	170,722	389,944	159,716	2,047,599	330,438
2013	1,743,373	85,004	319,944	142,526	2,063,317	227,530
2014	23,392	17,643	316,071	128,236	339,463	145,879
2015-2019	138,293	66,884	1,089,389	489,120	1,227,682	556,004
2020-2024	161,404	23,254	1,168,356	210,065	1,329,760	233,319
2025-2027	0	0	173,932	20,153	173,932	20,153
	\$ 6,798,928	\$ 945,481	\$4,180,006	\$1,522,531	\$10,978,934	\$2,468,012

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 10, 2010, the Conservancy District entered into a promissory note line of credit with Key Bank. The line of credit has a limit of \$1,000,000 and a variable interest rate. The Conservancy District had draws of \$828,273 during 2010. The line of credit was subsequently paid off in 2011.

On January 10, 2010, the Conservancy District was awarded a loan from the Ohio Water Development Authority in the amount of \$637,001 for improvements to the Sites Lake Cottage Area wastewater treatment plant. The loan has in interest rate of 3.25 percent and matures on July 1, 2030.

On January 14, 2010, the Conservancy District was awarded a loan from the Ohio Water Development Authority in the amount of \$31,029 for an abandoned water well capping project. The loan has an interest rate of 3.25 percent and matures on January 1, 2030.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

On May 3, 2010, the Conservancy District issued a mortgage note with Fifth Third Bank in the amount of \$2,560,000. The proceeds of this note were used to repay their existing revenue bond with Fifth Third Bank in the same amount. The mortgage note has an interest rate of 2.75 percent plus LIBO rate and matures on January 15, 2011. On January 15, 2011, the Conservancy District extended this mortgage note until July 13, 2011. The Conservancy District repaid \$1,560,000 of this mortgage note, and issued a term note with Fifth Third Bank for the remaining \$1,000,000 on July 13, 2011. The term note has a variable interest rate and matured on August 5, 2011. The Conservancy District has now repaid the entire term note.

On October 4, 2010, Conservancy District management decided to the close the Atwood Lodge Resort and Conference Center due to continued operating losses. The Conservancy District is actively attempting to sell the property.

On September 23, 2011, the Board approved the purchase of Piedmont Marina through bankruptcy mediation settlement for \$375,000.

The Conservancy District entered into a lease with Gulfport Energy for 6,485.79 acres at Clendening Lake in Harrison County. Gulfport's lease included \$2,400 per acre, paid up rental, for a 5 year lease and 16% royalty payment on future production revenues. The initial payment of \$2,334,885 due at the time of signing, July 1, 2011, represented 15% of the total \$15,565,896. The balance of \$13,231,012 was received on August 30, 2011.



Focused on Your Future.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 12, 2011

Board of Directors Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District P.O. Box 349 New Philadelphia, OH 44663

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District (the "Conservancy District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the Conservancy District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Conservancy District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Internal Control-Compliance Report Page 2

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as finding #2009-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Conservancy District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Conservancy District in a separate letter dated October 12, 2011.

The Conservancy District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Conservancy District's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors and other specified parties and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Schedule of Findings & Responses December 31, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS) which are not considered to be material?	No
Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Finding Number: #2009-001

Criteria: In 2009, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), the national professional organization for certified public accountants, issued its statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, which supersedes SAS no. 112. This standard became effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2009.

The AICPA establishes auditing standards generally accepted in the United States that certified public accountants and government auditors must follow in conducting audits of state and local governments. SAS No. 115 establishes standards, responsibilities and guidance for auditors during a financial statement engagement for identifying and evaluating a client's internal control over financial reporting. This new standard requires the audit to report in writing to management and the governing body any control deficiencies found during the audit that are considered significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses. To this end, SAS No. 115 lists specific control deficiencies that should be regarded as at least a significant deficiency and a strong indicator of a material weakness in internal control.

Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District Tuscarawas County, Ohio Schedule of Findings & Responses December 31, 2009 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Condition: There were material adjustments to the trial balance presented to us for audit, including restatement of opening balances made to the financial statements presented for audit. These adjustments included significant balances that were originally omitted from the report, including compensated absences, claims payable and delinquent special assessment receivable. In addition, there was a lack of necessary controls in place regarding the tracking of capital assets. It was also determined that the sub-districts had improperly been classified as discretely presented component units in the past.

Cause: The Conservancy District's general ledger is not properly set up to track all line items required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Standards. In addition, the Conservancy District does not have the controls in place or the required expertise on staff to produce the financial statements.

Effect: There was a restatement of beginning net assets resulting in an increase of \$2,088,703. In addition significant adjustments were made to the original trial balance presented to us for audit including the following: Accounts Receivable was adjusted by \$4,075,000 as a result of including inter-company receivables, directly related to the Atwood Lake Resort, which should have been eliminated. Maintenance Assessment receivable for the delinquents were not included on the original trial balance and resulted in adjustments of \$670,000 to record the receivable. Compensated Absences (sick and vacation leave) were not originally reported and resulted in an adjustment of \$350,000. Claims payable, related to the self-funding of health insurance, were not correctly calculated resulting in an adjustment of \$42,100. In addition, significant work was required in order to properly report the capital assets on the financial statements. Upon the initial discovery of these errors, the Conservancy District contracted with an independent accounting firm, specializing in governmental accounting, to complete the financial statements for 2009. The above mentioned contract included blending the financial information of the sub-districts, which were erroneously discretely presented prior to 2009.

Recommendation: We recommend the Conservancy District consider hiring someone with expertise in governmental accounting and financial reporting that would report to the Treasurer/CFO; or contract with an independent accounting firm to prepare the financial statements. In order to ease the burden of producing the financial statements in the required format, the Conservancy District should set up their general ledger to include all required asset and liability accounts required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Client Response: In an effort to improve this aspect of the general ledger financial reporting, the Conservancy District will be presenting to the Board of Directors soon the addition of an accounting staff member who has the knowledge and expertise in governmental accounting and financial reporting. This has been a need for a period of time, but has been unable to be filled because of budgetary constraints. With the addition of the maintenance assessment funds, this need becomes even greater.





MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 20, 2011