New Boston Local School District Scioto County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2009, through June 31, 2010 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2010





Board of Education New Boston Local School District P.O. Box 3711 New Boston, Ohio 45662

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the New Boston Local School District, Scioto County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The New Boston Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

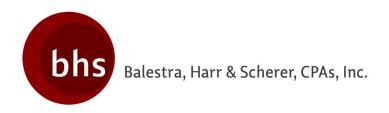
Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 9, 2011



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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board New Boston Local School District P.O. Box 3711 New Boston, Ohio 45662

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Boston Local School District, Scioto County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2010 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Members of the Board New Boston Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

December 17, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

As management of the New Boston Local School District, we offer the readers of the School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have provided in the basic financial statements and in the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,009,656 from the prior fiscal year. The biggest difference reflected is related to an increase in a lease receivable due to the School District leasing their Educational Broadband Service channels (EBS) to Nextel Spectrum Acquisition Corporation (Nextel), and construction in progress.

General revenues accounted for \$3,405,140 of total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$3,213,952 of total revenues of \$6,619,092.

The School District had \$5,609,436 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,213,952 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, operating grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues (primarily grants, entitlements and property taxes) of \$3,405,140 were more than adequate to provide for these programs.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand New Boston Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2010?"

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These government-wide financial statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. The change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, required educational programs and other factors.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page seven. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's major funds, which are the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the Building and Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Funds.

Governmental Funds – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds – The School District has two fiduciary funds, which are agency funds. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for its intended purpose. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal years 2010 and 2009:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Government		
		Restated	Increase/
	2010	2009	(Decrease)
Assets			
Current Assets	\$25,415,920	\$23,927,765	\$1,488,155
Capital Assets, Net	2,804,974	2,107,784	697,190
Total Assets	28,220,894	26,035,549	2,185,345
Liabilities			
Other Liabilities	3,300,468	2,158,356	1,142,112
Long-Term Liabilities	3,675,932	3,642,355	33,577
Total Liabilities	6,976,400	5,800,711	1,175,689
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	2,745,401	2,074,963	670,438
Restricted	16,662,650	16,980,306	(317,656)
Unrestricted	1,836,443	1,179,569	656,874
Total Net Assets	\$21,244,494	\$20,234,838	\$1,009,656

Total assets of governmental activities increased \$2,185,345. This increase is reflected primarily in the lease receivable relating to the School District leasing their EBS to Nextel.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Total liabilities also had an increase of \$1,175,689 for fiscal year 2010 when compared to the prior fiscal year. The other liabilities increased \$1,142,112, due to the deferred revenue portion of the lease receivable with Nextel.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt for governmental activities increased \$670,438. The increase is due to construction in progress relating to the classroom facilities project. Restricted net assets decreased \$317,656 primarily due to the School District spending a portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant. Unrestricted net assets for governmental activities increased \$656,874 which resulted primarily from an increase in revenue from the one time lump sum payment of \$500,000 from Nextel for the lease of the School District's EBS.

Table 2 shows the highlights of the School District's revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets. This table uses the full accrual method of accounting.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: Program Revenues and General Revenues. Program Revenues are defined as charges for services and sales, operating grants, capital grants, contributions, and restricted interest. General Revenues include property taxes, unrestricted grants, such as State foundation support, unrestricted contributions, unrestricted investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues.

Expenses are shown in programs that are easily identifiable utilizing the current Uniform School Accounting System (USAS) coding structure.

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		
	2010	2009	Increase/ (Decrease)	
Revenues			<u> </u>	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,558,506	\$985,297	\$573,209	
Operating Grants, Contributions,				
and Interest	1,655,446	1,351,867	303,579	
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	2,808	(2,808)	
Total Program Revenues	\$3,213,952	\$2,339,972	\$873,980	
			(continued)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets (continued)

(6	Caramana anti		
-	Governmenta	al Activities	T., /
	2010	2000	Increase/
Davanuas	2010	2009	(Decrease)
Revenues General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	¢1 226 002	¢1 270 095	(\$52.092)
Grants and Entitlements not	\$1,226,002	\$1,279,985	(\$53,983)
	1 770 656	10 640 117	(16.967.461)
Restricted to Specific Programs Contributions not Restricted to	1,772,656	18,640,117	(16,867,461)
	2 492	0.074	(6.401)
Specific Programs	3,483	9,974	(6,491)
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	214,512	77,854	136,658
-	188,487	211,047	(16, 812, 827)
Total Revenues	3,405,140	20,218,977	(15,030,857)
Total Revenues	6,619,092	22,558,949	(15,939,857)
Program Expenses			
Instruction:	2 475 004	2 270 007	107.077
Regular	2,475,884	2,278,807	197,077
Special	695,206	582,140	113,066
Vocational	1,649	7,460	(5,811)
Student Intervention Services	86,495	75,126	11,369
Support Services:	4-400-	4	
Pupils	176,897	175,373	1,524
Instructional Staff	283,549	418,336	(134,787)
Board of Education	12,751	16,763	(4,012)
Administration	543,532	485,848	57,684
Fiscal	188,419	213,733	(25,314)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	470,195	411,085	59,110
Pupil Transportation	95,523	163,402	(67,879)
Central	57,662	51,091	6,571
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	231,598	224,633	6,965
Extracurricular Activities	106,679	106,088	591
Interest and Fiscal Charges	183,397	67,617	115,780
Total Expenses	5,609,436	5,277,502	331,934
Change in Net Assets	1,009,656	17,281,447	(16,271,791)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year -			
Restated	20,234,838	2,953,391	17,281,447
Net Assets at End of Year	\$21,244,494	\$20,234,838	\$1,009,656

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Program revenues, which are primarily represented by charges for tuition, fees, sales, and extracurricular activities, as well as restricted intergovernmental revenues were \$3,213,952 of total revenues for fiscal year 2010. \$533,000 of the total increase, of \$873,980, is related to the rent revenue related to the one time lump sum payment and the monthly lease receipts from Nextel.

As previously mentioned, general revenues were \$3,405,140 of total revenues for fiscal year 2010 and were significantly less than the prior fiscal year. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs decreased \$16,867,461 from the prior fiscal year. This decrease resulted from the School District receiving its Ohio School Facilities grant award during fiscal year 2009.

As should be expected, instruction costs represent the largest of the School District's expenses, \$3,259,234 for fiscal year 2010. The instruction category, however, does not include all activities associated with educating students. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for \$555,969 of governmental expenses. Maintenance of the School District's facilities also represents a significant expense of \$470,195. Regular instruction increased \$197,077 due primarily to the School District hiring a new full-time teacher and moving a part-time teacher to full-time. Special instruction increased \$113,066 due primarily to increasing costs associated with the handicapped cooperative program.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 12. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$7,740,760 and expenditures of \$9,924,719. The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year was most significant in the Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund with an increase of \$680,336, which was the result of the School District receiving more Ohio School Facilities Commission monies than the amount expended for the fiscal year.

The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year in the General Fund was an increase of \$585,386. This increase was primarily the result of the Nextel lease which resulted in the School District receiving a \$500,000 one-time lump sum payment and monthly lease receipts of \$33,000 for fiscal year 2010.

The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund had a fund balance of \$153,244. This includes an immaterial increase of \$21,417 from the prior fiscal year.

The Building Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$1,145,698. This includes an immaterial decrease of \$3,079 from the prior fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

General Fund - Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. A summary of the General Fund's original and final budgeted amounts is listed on page 16, as well as the actual amounts. A variance comparison is presented between the final budgeted amount and the actual amounts.

A review of the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund reflects an increase of \$778,277 between the original budget and final budget revenues. The primary reason for the increase is related to the School District completing the lease agreement with Nextel which resulted in the School District receiving a one-time lump sum payment and monthly lease receipts. Intergovernmental revenue also increased due to higher State foundation payments.

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District amended its General Fund budget (and all other funds' budgets) so that the final appropriations equaled actual expenditures for the fiscal year. The increase in expenditures from the original to the final budget was \$315,097. The \$117,820 increase in the regular instruction line is due to the costs associated with the hiring of one full-time and one-part time employee. The \$85,907 increase in the student intervention services and the \$89,042 increase in support services pupils is due to the movement of employees' salaries and related benefits from the Poverty Based Assistant Fund to the General Fund.

Actual General Fund revenues and other financing sources were greater than expenditures and other financing uses by \$554,803. This increase was primarily due to the rent revenue from the Nextel lease and the School District continuing to monitor expenditures throughout the fiscal year. For fiscal year 2010, the School District filed an amended certificate of estimated resources which had estimated revenues equaling actual revenues.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District had \$2,804,974 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, textbooks, and vehicles which represented an increase of \$697,190. The increase was mainly due to construction in progress relating to the School District starting construction on its new facility.

For more information on capital assets, refer to Note 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the School District had \$3,397,336 in total outstanding debt consisting of School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds. At June 30, 2010, the School District's overall legal debt margin was (\$504,779) and the unvoted debt margin was \$30,437. For more information on School District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 13 of the notes to the basic financial statements

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

A bond issue was passed in November 2008, to construct a new PK-12 school building. The Ohio School Facilities Commission is funding 83 percent of the total project cost. Legat and Kingscott are the architects for the project. Due to delays, the project was still in the initial planning stages at June 30, 2010.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Donna Grimm, Treasurer at New Boston Local School District, 522 Glenwood Avenue, New Boston, Ohio 45662, or email dgrimm@newboston.k12.oh.us.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,579,746
Materials and Supplies Inventory	23,414
Intergovernmental Receivable	14,134,114
Prepaid Items	3,606
Property Taxes Receivable	2,106,031
Lease Receivable	1,497,000
Deferred Charges	72,009
Capital Assets:	,
Land and Construction in Progress	1,032,090
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,772,884
Total Assets	28,220,894
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	26,045
Contracts Payable	58,614
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	418,979
Intergovernmental Payable	140,850
Accrued Interest Payable	25,058
Deferred Revenue	2,630,922
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	75,956
Due in More Than One Year	3,599,976
Total Liabilities	6,976,400
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,745,401
Restricted for Debt Service	180,457
Restricted for Capital Outlay	16,162,729
Restricted for Other Purposes	319,464
Unrestricted	1,836,443
Total Net Assets	\$21,244,494
	+ ,,

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Program	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$2,475,884	\$1,512,612	\$496,193	(\$467,079)
Special	695,206	0	700,532	5,326
Vocational	1,649	0	3,244	1,595
Student Intervention Services	86,495	0	0	(86,495)
Support Services:	,			
Pupils	176,897	0	0	(176,897)
Instructional Staff	283,549	0	201,633	(81,916)
Board of Education	12,751	0	0	(12,751)
Administration	543,532	0	0	(543,532)
Fiscal	188,419	0	0	(188,419)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	470,195	0	0	(470,195)
Pupil Transportation	95,523	0	6,150	(89,373)
Central	57,662	0	5,000	(52,662)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		v	2,000	(02,002)
Food Service Operations	231,598	12,820	235,618	16,840
Extracurricular Activities	106,679	33,074	7,076	(66,529)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	183,397	0	0	(183,397)
_				
Total Governmental Activities	\$5,609,436	\$1,558,506	\$1,655,446	(2,395,484)
		General Revenues: Property Taxes Levie	ed for:	
		General Purposes		1,010,971
		Debt Service		200,902
		Capital Outlay		14,129
		Grants and Entitleme		
		to Specific Program		1,772,656
		Contributions not Re		
		to Specific Program	1S	3,483
		Investment Earnings		214,512
		Miscellaneous		188,487
		Total General Revenu	es	3,405,140
		Change in Net Assets		1,009,656
		Net Assets at Beginnir Restated (See Not		20,234,838
		Net Assets at End of Y	Tear	\$21,244,494

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement	Building Fund	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
-	General	Retirement	Tund	raciities	Tunus	Tunus
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Cash Equivalents	\$1,597,500	\$132,733	\$1,148,399	\$4,418,109	\$283,005	\$7,579,746
Receivables:						
Property Taxes	1,772,655	311,470	0	0	21,906	2,106,031
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	13,920,589	213,525	14,134,114
Lease Receivable	1,497,000	0	0	0	0	1,497,000
Interfund	151	0	0	0	0	151
Prepaid Items	3,606	0	0	0	0	3,606
Materials and Supplies Inventory	17,472	0	0	0	5,942	23,414
Total Assets	\$4,888,384	\$444,203	\$1,148,399	\$18,338,698	\$524,378	\$25,344,062
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$4,727	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,318	\$26,045
Contracts Payable	0	0	2,701	55,913	0	58,614
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	299,609	0	0	0	119,370	418,979
Intergovernmental Payable	105,876	0	0	0	34,974	140,850
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0	151	151
Deferred Revenue	3,167,216	290,959	0	13,912,459	136,171	17,506,805
Total Liabilities	3,577,428	290,959	2,701	13,968,372	311,984	18,151,444
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	17,725	0	25,371	448,449	39,290	530,835
Reserved for Property Taxes	102,439	20,511	0	0	1,442	124,392
Unreserved, Undesignated,	102, .55	20,011	· ·	v	-,·. <u>-</u>	12.,552
Reported in:						
General Fund	1,190,792	0	0	0	0	1,190,792
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	0	0	171,662	171,662
Debt Service Fund	0	132,733	0	0	0	132,733
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	1,120,327	3,921,877	0	5,042,204
Total Fund Balances	1,310,956	153,244	1,145,698	4,370,326	212,394	7,192,618
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$4,888,384	\$444,203	\$1,148,399	\$18,338,698	\$524,378	\$25,344,062

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	50,380
Construction in progress	981,710
Other capital assets	4,427,248
Accumulated depreciation	(2,654,364)

Total capital assets 2,804,974

Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Delinquent property taxes	847,717
Intergovernmental	14,028,166

14,875,883

\$7,192,618

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bond Issuance Costs	72,009
Bond Premium	(77,112)
Bonds Payable	(3,402,388)
Accrued interest on notes	(25,058)
Compensated absences	(180,067)
Special termination benefits	(16,365)

Total liabilities (3,628,981)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$21,244,494

NEW BOSTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement	Building Fund	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$959,577	\$191,913	\$0	\$0	\$13,496	\$1,164,986
Intergovernmental	1,811,759	17,757	0	1,298,391	1,473,144	4,601,051
Investment Earnings	41,055	28,628	31,408	112,674	2,432	216,197
Tuition and Fees	979,612	0	0	0	0	979,612
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	33,074	33,074
Rent	533,000	0	0	0	0	533,000
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	12,820	12,820
Contributions and Donations	4,257	0	0	0	7,276	11,533
Miscellaneous	188,487	0	0	0	0	188,487
Total Revenues	4,517,747	238,298	31,408	1,411,065	1,542,242	7,740,760
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	1,833,298	0	0	0	595,878	2,429,176
Special	271,525	0	0	0	451,964	723,489
Vocational	1,649	0	0	0	0	1,649
Student Intervention Services	86,495	0	0	0	0	86,495
Support Services:						
Pupils	172,365	0	0	0	0	172,365
Instructional Staff	129,680	0	0	0	143,743	273,423
Board of Education	12,751	0	0	0	0	12,751
Administration	545,076	0	0	0	0	545,076
Fiscal	177,094	4,509	0	0	606	182,209
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	417,080	0	0	0	5,549	422,629
Pupil Transportation	106,173	0	0	0	0	106,173
Central	50,424	0	0	0	5,000	55,424
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations	1,378	0	0	0	222,511	223,889
Extracurricular Activities	63,540	0	0	0	42,648	106,188
Capital Outlay	0	0	34,487	730,729	0	765,216
Debt Service:			,	,		,
Principal Retirement	0	65,000	1,158,971	2,304,029	0	3,528,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	186,874	9,710	19,302	0	215,886
Issuance Costs	0	74,681	0	0	0	74,681
Total Expenditures	3,868,528	331,064	1,203,168	3,054,060	1,467,899	9,924,719
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	649,219	(92,766)	(1,171,760)	(1,642,995)	74,343	(2,183,959)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	0	0	1,158,844	2,303,492	0	3,462,336
Premium on Debt Issuance	0	79,297	1,136,644	537	0	79,961
Transfers In	65	63,898	9,710	19,302	0	92,975
Transfers Out	(63,898)	(29,012)	0	0	(65)	(92,975)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(63,833)	114,183	1,168,681	2,323,331	(65)	3,542,297
Net Change in Fund Balances	585,386	21,417	(3,079)	680,336	74,278	1,358,338
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	725,570	131,827	1,148,777	3,689,990	138,116	5,834,280
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,310,956	\$153,244	\$1,145,698	\$4,370,326	\$212,394	\$7,192,618

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$1,358,338

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital assets additions95,221Construction in progress additions728,530Depreciation expense(126,561)

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense 697,190

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.

Delinquent property taxes 61,016
Intergovernmental (1,182,684)
(1,121,668)

Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

Proceeds of bonds (3,462,336)

Governmental funds report premiums and bond issuance costs as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Issuance costs 74,681

Premium on bonds (79,961)

(5,280)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The difference in the amount of interest on the Statement of Activities is the result of the following:

Amortization of bond issuance costs(2,672)Amortization of bond premium2,849Accretion on Bonds(5,052)Decrease in Accrued Interest37,364

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

Notes principal retirement 3,463,000
Bond payments 65,000
Total long-term debt repayment

Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

Increase in compensated absences payable (15,019)
Increase in special termination benefits payable (2,058)
Total increase (17,077)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$1,009,656

32,489

3,528,000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget Amounts			Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$1,075,000	\$905,712	\$905,712	\$0
Intergovernmental	1,513,600	1,811,759	1,811,759	0
Investment Earnings	25,000	41,055	41,055	0
Tuition and Fees	927,705	979,612	979,612	0
Rent	0	533,000	533,000	0
Contributions and Donations	3,300	4,257	4,257	0
Miscellaneous	141,000	188,487	188,487	0
Total Revenues	3,685,605	4,463,882	4,463,882	0
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,709,266	1,827,086	1,827,086	0
Special	353,094	268,473	268,473	0
Vocational	7,684	1,649	1,649	0
Student Intervention Services	640	86,547	86,547	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	81,467	170,509	170,509	0
Instructional Staff	111,909	125,045	125,045	0
Board of Education	13,000	12,309	12,309	0
Administration	469,159	540,531	540,531	0
Fiscal	171,431	183,620	183,620	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	460,802	418,866	418,866	0
Pupil Transportation	69,206	111,206	111,206	0
Central	41,269	49,823	49,823	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,546	1,380	1,380	0
Extracurricular Activities	55,046	63,572	63,572	0
Total Expenditures	3,545,519	3,860,616	3,860,616	0
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	140,086	603,266	603,266	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	900	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(849)	0	0	0
Advances In	15,550	15,521	15,521	0
Advances Out	(15,986)	(151)	(151)	0
Transfers In	0	65	65	0
Transfers Out	0	(63,898)	(63,898)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(385)	(48,463)	(48,463)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	139,701	554,803	554,803	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,003,617	1,003,617	1,003,617	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	15,268	15,268	15,268	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$1,158,586	\$1,573,688	\$1,573,688	\$0

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2010

Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$61,606
Liabilities:	
Undistributed Monies	\$18,396
Deposits Held and Due to Others	43,210
Total Liabilities	\$61,606

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The New Boston Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1906 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately six square miles. It is located in Scioto County, and includes all of the Village of New Boston. It is staffed by 21 non-certificated employees, 40 certificated teaching personnel and five administrative employees who provide services to 466 students and other community members. The School District currently operates three instructional buildings, one stadium, and one garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For New Boston Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in five organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, two as public entity shared risk pools, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organizations:
South Central Ohio Computer Association
Metropolitan Educational Council

Public Entity Shared Risk Pools:
Scioto County Schools Council
Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

Insurance Purchasing Pool:
Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating
Plan

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the New Boston Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide statements normally distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities; however, the School District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the School District fall within two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The Building Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all local resources in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the school facilities project.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the State resources in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the school facilities project.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two fiduciary funds that are agency funds. The agency funds are used to account for student managed activity programs and deductions, which are held as Christmas Club savings, from payroll for the School District's employees.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statement of the fiduciary fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance and grants.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate requested at fiscal year-end. Before fiscal year-end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year-end in all funds.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed a supplemental appropriation that reflected actual expenditures plus encumbrances for the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$41,055, which includes \$23,873 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and purchased food held for resale

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	10 - 20 years
Textbooks	5 - 8 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current fiscal year. Long-term notes that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as liabilities on fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations and music and athletic programs, and federal and State grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocation of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Bond Premiums/Issuance Costs/Compounded Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds

For governmental activities, bond premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Capital appreciation bonds are accreted each fiscal year for the compounded interest accrued during the fiscal year. Bond premiums and the compounded interest on the capital appreciation bonds are presented as an addition to the face amounts of the bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2010, the Early Childhood Education and Title VI - R Special Revenue Funds had deficit fund balances of \$512 and \$80, respectively. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 4. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance				
GAAP Basis	\$585,386			
Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals	(38,344)			
Expenditure Accruals	31,724			
Advances	(151)			
Encumbrances	(23,812)			
Budget Basis	\$554,803			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, \$7,710,879 was either covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described below.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility real property located in the School District. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing and equipment, furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009 and are collected in calendar year 2010 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Scioto County. The Scioto County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$102,439 in the General Fund, \$20,511 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$1,442 in Other Governmental Funds. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009 was \$48,574 in the General Fund, \$10,715 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$753 in Other Governmental Funds.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 First-		2010 First-	
	Half Collections		Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$27,699,240	88.76%	\$27,070,920	88.75%
Public Utility Personal	3,508,360	11.24%	3,433,020	11.25%
Total Assessed Value	\$31,207,600	100.00%	\$30,503,940	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$49.65		\$49.65	
assessed valuation	\$49.03		\$49.03	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of property taxes, intergovernmental grants, a lease and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one fiscal year with the exception of the property taxes and the Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year. Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant monies will be collected over the life of the construction of the new facility.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Governmental Activities:	
Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant	\$13,920,589
Title I	56,223
Title I ARRA	95,343
Reading First	47,036
Title IDEA-B, Rural and Low Income	2,766
Title II-A	4,155
Early Childhood Education	8,002
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$14,134,114

The School District was awarded a grant in the amount of \$16,896,209 on August 4, 2008, from the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the construction of a new Pre-K-12 facility, as well as to demolish the existing instructional buildings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/09	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/10
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$50,380	\$0	\$0	\$50,380
Construction in Progress	253,180	728,530	0	981,710
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	303,560	728,530	0	1,032,090
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	2,316,657	0	0	2,316,657
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,263,203	74,437	0	1,337,640
Textbooks	486,779	0	0	486,779
Vehicles	265,388	20,784	0	286,172
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4,332,027	95,221	0	4,427,248
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(735,679)	(75,935)	0	(811,614)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(1,124,978)	(35,474)	0	(1,160,452)
Textbooks	(480,409)	(4,248)	0	(484,657)
Vehicles	(186,737)	(10,904)	0	(197,641)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,527,803)	(126,561) *	0	(2,654,364)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	1,804,224	(31,340)	0	1,772,884
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$2,107,784	\$697,190	\$0	\$2,804,974

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$56,113
Special	13,483
Support Services:	
Pupils	4,187
Instructional Staff	9,577
Administration	9,911
Fiscal	3,243
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	10,067
Pupil Transportation	10,904
Central	1,133
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	7,452
Extracurricular Activities	491
Total Depreciation Expense	\$126,561

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (SORSA) (Note 15) for property and fleet insurance. The types and amounts of coverage follow:

\$22,096,818
2,000,000
2,000,000
3,000,000
1,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Educational General Liability Coverage Form:	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage Limit - Each Occurrence	\$3,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit - Each Offense	3,000,000
Electronic Data Processing Equipment Limit - Each Incident	1,250,000
Fire Damage Limit	500,000
Medical Expense - Any One Person Limit	5,000
Medical Expense - Aggregate	25,000
General Aggregate Limit	5,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability	3,000,000
Products - Completed Operations	3,000,000
Employer's Liability - Stop Gap Coverage Endorsement:	
Bodily Injury by Accident - Each Accident	2,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease	2,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease - Each Employee	2,000,000
General Annual Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Educational Legal Liability Coverage - Claims Made (\$4,000 deductible):	
Errors and Omissions Injury Limit	1,000,000
Employment Practices - Each Wrongful Act Limit	3,000,000
Employment Practices Injury Aggregate Limit	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant change in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Schools Council, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 15), offering medical and dental insurance to the employees of participating school districts. Monthly premiums are paid to the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The Council is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Council, for any reason, the School District shall have no obligation under the plan beyond paying the difference between the claims incurred (even though later filed) and expenses of the plan due up to the date of termination plus extended benefits, if any, provided under the plan. All claims and expenses shall be paid from the funds of the Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

For fiscal year 2010, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$92,265, \$62,582, and \$52,830, respectively; 55.29 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2009, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$270,227, \$256,230, and \$264,572, respectively; 84.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$21 made by the School District and \$15 made by the plan members.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2010, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$13,162, \$41,685, and \$36,267, respectively; 55.29 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare Part B Fund. For 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$5,487, \$5,163, and \$3,807, respectively; 55.29 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$20,787, \$19,710, and \$20,352, respectively; 84.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from Board approved employment contracts and State laws. Eligible classified employees and administrators earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Unlimited sick leave may be accumulated for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 53 days for all employees.

Special Termination Benefits

Any employee who retires may be given an additional severance payment. Employees who have accumulated more than 212 sick leave days receive an additional amount at the rate of .08 percent of their current annual salary for each day accumulated in excess of 212 days. Benefits will be paid upon retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance to its employees through the Metropolitan Educational Council (Note 15). The School District also provides health care and dental coverage for its employees with Medical Mutual of Ohio through the Scioto County Schools Council, and vision benefits through Vision Service Plan.

Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2010 were as follows:

	Amount			Amount	Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	6/30/09	Additions	Deductions	6/30/10	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
2008 School Facilities Construction					
and Improvement Notes	\$3,463,000	\$0	\$3,463,000	\$0	\$0
2009 School Facilities Construction					
and Improvement General					
Obligation Bonds - 3.0% to 5.0%					
Serial Bonds	0	420,000	65,000	355,000	40,000
Term Bonds	0	2,935,000	0	2,935,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	0	107,336	0	107,336	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation					
Bonds	0	5,052	0	5,052	0
Unamortized Premium	0	79,961	2,849	77,112	0
Compensated Absences	165,048	43,353	28,334	180,067	35,956
Special Termination Benefits	14,307	2,058	0	16,365	0
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$3,642,355	\$3,592,760	\$3,559,183	\$3,675,932	\$75,956

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

On December 30, 2008, the School District issued \$3,463,000 in school facilities construction and improvement notes. The notes matured on September 30, 2009. The notes were issued to pay the local share of the school construction under the Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The notes were retired from the proceeds received from the 2009 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds that were issued on July 8, 2009.

On July 8, 2009, the School District issued \$3,462,336 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of paying off the December 2008 bond anticipation notes. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amounts of \$420,000, \$2,935,000, and \$107,336, respectively. The bonds were issued for a 28 year period with first maturity at November 1, 2009, and final maturity at November 1, 2036.

The serial bonds issued at \$420,000 and with final maturity dates after November 1, 2018, are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date in any order of maturity as determined by the School District and by lot within a maturity, at the option of the Board of Education on or after November 1, 2018, at the redemption price of 100 percent.

The term bonds were issued at \$2,935,000. The term bonds that mature on November 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on November 1, 2020, November 1, 2022, November 1, 2024, November 1, 2026, November 1, 2029, November 1, 2034, and November 1, 2036, at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemptions according to the following schedule:

Fiscal	Principal Amount
Year	to be Redeemed
2021	\$225,000
2023	240,000
2025	265,000
2027	285,000
2030	485,000
2035	975,000
2037	460,000
Total	\$2,935,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The capital appreciation bonds, issued at \$107,336, are not subject to prior redemption. The fiscal year 2010 accretion amount was \$5,052. The remaining capital appreciation bonds will mature November 1, 2016 through 2018 as follows:

Fiscal	Maturity
Year	Amount
2017	\$100,000
2018	110,000
2019	110,000
Total	\$320,000

Principal and interest requirements to retire the School District's outstanding debt at June 30, 2010, are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

Fiscal Year Serial Bonds Term Bonds Capital Appreciation Bonds Ending June 30, Principal Principal Principal Interest Interest Interest 2011 \$40,000 \$149,745 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 2012 45,000 148,470 0 0 0 2013 50,000 147,045 0 0 0 0 0 0 2014 65,000 145,320 0 0 2015 75,000 143,220 0 0 0 0 110,000 80,000 140.795 107,336 2016-2020 555,712 212,664 2021-2025 620,000 0 0 610,669 0 0 0 0 770,000 453,390 0 0 2026-2030 0 2031-2035 0 975,000 241,875 0 0

460,000

\$2,935,000

23,250

\$1,884,896

0

\$107,336

0

\$212,664

As of June 30, 2010, \$60,863 of the debt proceeds had been spent toward the project.

\$874,595

2036-2037

Totals

\$355,000

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, and the Food Service, Early Childhood Education, Title VI-B, Title I, Title IIA, and Miscellaneous Federal Grants Special Revenue Funds. Special termination benefits will be paid from the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The School District's overall legal debt margin was (\$504,779) with an unvoted debt margin of \$30,437 at June 30, 2010. Ohio Revised Code section 133.06(I) allows a school district to incur net indebtedness in excess of the legal debt limitation when necessary to raise the school district's portion of Ohio School Facilities construction project costs. The School District submitted the issuance of the School Construction Bonds to the electors prior to the adoption of H.B. 530. In addition, H.B. 530 now excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone, or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, or personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations from the definition of tax valuation for the purpose of calculating the legal debt margin for school districts.

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

	-		Transfe	rs From	
			Bond	Other	
			Retirement	Governmental	
To		General Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
sfe	General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$65	\$65
Transfers	Bond Retirement Fund	63,898	0	0	63,898
Ξ	Building Fund	0	9,710	0	9,710
	Classroom Facilities Fund	0	19,302	0	19,302
	Total	\$63,898	\$29,012	\$65	\$92,975

The transfer from the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund was to repay the General Fund for expenditures made on behalf of a grant. The transfer from the General Fund to the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund was for the purpose of making debt payments. Transfers were also made from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund to the Building and Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Funds to pay obligations related to the 2008 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY (continued)

Advances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consist of the following individual interfund receivable and payable:

		Receivable
		General Fund
able		
Pay	Other Governmental Funds	\$151

General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the General Fund for the initial advance.

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS, PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOLS, AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Jointly Governed Organizations

South Central Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Pickaway, Gallia, Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers, plus a representative of the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$7,296 for membership fees during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS, PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOLS, AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL (continued)

Metropolitan Educational Council

The School District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), a jointly governed organization. The organization is composed of over 100 members, which includes school districts, joint vocational schools, educational service centers, and libraries covering 24 counties in Central Ohio. MEC helps its members purchase services, insurances, supplies, and other items at a discounted rate. The governing board of MEC is composed of either the superintendent, a designated representative or a member of the board of education for each participating school district in Franklin County (18 school districts) and one representative from each county outside Franklin County. In particular, the School District participates in an insurance purchasing pool, which is managed by MEC, to obtain lower costs for life insurance coverage for their employees. The School District pays premiums to MEC based on the number of employees who participate, the amount of coverage provided, and what MEC estimates will cover the costs to provide that coverage. Financial information may be obtained from the Metropolitan Educational Council, Sue Ward, who serves as fiscal officer, at 2100 Citygate Drive, Columbus, OH 43219.

Public Entity Shared Risk Pool

Scioto County Schools Council

The School District is a member of the Scioto County Schools Council (the "Council"), a public entity shared risk pool. Several Scioto County school districts have entered into an agreement with the South Central Ohio Educational Service Center to form the Scioto County Schools Council. The overall objectives of the Council are to formulate and administer programs of health and dental insurance for the benefit of the Council members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for health and dental coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Council's business and affairs are managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts.

The School District pays premiums based on what the Council estimates will cover the costs of all claims for which the Council is obligated. If the School District's claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. The Council views its activities in the aggregate, rather than on an individual entity basis. To obtain financial information, write to the fiscal agent, South Central Ohio Educational Service Center, 411 Court Street, Portsmouth, Ohio 45662.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION, PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOLS, AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL (continued)

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc.

The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (SORSA), a risk sharing insurance pool. The pool consists of 62 school districts, joint vocational schools, and educational service centers throughout Ohio who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability coverage. SORSA is governed by a board of trustees elected by members. The School District pays an annual premium to SORSA for this coverage. The self-insured retention by SORSA is \$15,226 for property and automobile physical damage. Reinsurance is purchased to cover claims exceeding this amount and for all claims related to equipment breakdown coverage.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials and capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (continued)

	Textbooks and	
	Instructional	Capital
	Materials	Acquisitions
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2009	\$15,790	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	63,613	63,613
Current Fiscal Year Offsets	0	(352,632)
Qualifying Disbursements	(104,367)	(9,563)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	(\$24,964)	(\$298,582)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$0	\$0

Although the School District had offsets and qualifying expenditures during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for textbooks and instructional materials and capital acquisitions, only the amount for the textbooks and instructional materials set-aside may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future fiscal years.

NOTE 17 - LEASE RECEIVABLE

During fiscal year 2010, the School District entered into a 30 year lease with Nextel Spectrum Acquisition Corporation (Nextel) for the right to use the School District's four Educational Broadband Service channels. The lease automatically renews in five year increments, which includes an increase in the monthly lease payments for each five year renewal. The monthly lease payment and one-time lump sum payment is refundable to Nextel on a pro rata basis if the contract is terminated, or the bandwidth, megahertz, Geographical Service Area (GSA) and population decreases during the life of the lease. The lease payments to the School District are receipted into the General Fund.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2011	\$36,000
2012	36,000
2013	36,000
2014	36,000
2015	41,500
2016-2020	215,500
2021-2025	245,500
2026-2030	275,500
2031-2035	305,500
2036-2040	269,500
Total Lease Receivable	\$1,497,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 18 – RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET ASSETS

During fiscal year 2010, the School District changed its capital assets capitalization threshold from \$500 to \$1,000. This change in accounting estimate resulted in the following change to beginning net assets:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net Assets, June 30, 2009	\$20,303,499
Restatement of Capital Assets, net	(68,661)
Net Assets, June 30, 2009, as Restated	\$20,234,838

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2010.

Litigation

The School District is not party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The School District entered into a contract with Moore Demolition for \$196,660 for demolition and site work relating to the Ohio School Facilities Commission construction project.

New Boston Local School District Scioto County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
United States Department of Agriculture						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Nutrition Cluster:	0.501.1	10.552	ф (0.0 22	rh.	ф (0.0 22	r.
National School Breakfast Program	05PU	10.553	\$ 68,822	•	\$ 68,822	
National School Lunch Program	LLP4	10.555	143,159	16,076	143,159	16,076
Total Nutrition Cluster			211,981	16,076	211,981	16,076
Total United States Department of Agriculture			211,981	16,076	211,981	16,076
United States Department of Education						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:	_					
Title I Cluster						
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1S1	84.010	340,694	-	308,084	-
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies ARRA		84.389	21,970	-	21,970	
Total Title I Cluster			362,664	-	330,054	-
Consider the Character						
Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	89,366		89,366	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States ARRA	OBSF	84.391	67,474	-	63,696	-
Total Special Education Cluster		04.371	156,840		153,062	
Total Special Education Classes			120,010		100,002	
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - ARRA		84.394	107,681		106,546	
Safe & Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	DRS1	84.186	3,989	-	4,331	-
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	-	-	-	-
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318	2,926	-	2,926	-
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	TRS1	84.367	52,722	-	53,569	-
Reading First State Grants	RSS1	84.357	359,012		369,201	
Rural Education	RUS1	84.358	9,515	-	9,375	
Total Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			1,055,349	-	1,029,064	<u> </u>
Total United States Department of Education			1,055,349	16,076	1,029,064	16,076
United States Department of Health and Human Services						
PassedThrough Job and Family Services:	_					
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	NA	93.558	9,671	-	18,748	
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			9,671	-	18,748	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,277,001	\$ 16,076	\$ 1,259,793	\$ 16,076

NA - Pass through entity number not available See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures.

NEW BOSTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCIOTO COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board New Boston Local School District P.O. Box 3711 New Boston, Ohio 45662

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Boston Local School District, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards.

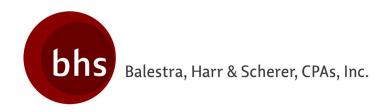
Members of the Board
New Boston Local School District
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by
Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scheru

December 17, 2010



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Members Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board New Boston Local School District P.O. Box 3371 New Boston, Ohio 45662

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the New Boston Local School District, , (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

New Boston Local School District

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

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Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

December 17, 2010

New Boston Local School District
Schedule of Findings
OMB Circular A-133 Section .505
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Cluster: Title I, CFDA #84.010 Title I ARRA CFDA #84.389 State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – ARRA CFDA #84.394		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes		

New Boston Local School District

Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



SCIOTO COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 22, 2011