VILLAGE OF MACKSBURG

AUDIT REPORT

JANUARY 1, 2009 - DECEMBER 31, 2010



Village Council Village of Macksburg P. O. Box 166 Macksburg, Ohio 45746

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Village of Macksburg, Washington County, prepared by Wolfe, Wilson & Phillips, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditors' Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditors' Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Macksburg is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

October 27, 2011



VILLAGE OF MACKSBURG WASHINGTON COUNTY JANUARY 1, 2009 - DECEMBER 31, 2010

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WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Macksburg Washington County P.O. Box 166 Macksburg, Ohio 45746

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Macksburg, Washington County, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Macksburg's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the Unites States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village of Macksburg has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present for 2010 and 2009, the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately for 2010 and 2009. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to reformat its statements. Since this Village does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village of Macksburg's combined funds as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended..

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Village of Macksburg, Washington County, as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements and reserve for encumbrances for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also require the Village to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. The Village has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 26, 2011, on our consideration of the Village of Macksburg's internal control structure over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio August 26, 2011

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Fund Types				_	
	General		Special Revenue		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:						
Property Taxes	\$	2,334	\$		\$	2,334
Intergovernmental		31,660		8,415		40,075
Special Assessments		-		465		465
Earnings on Investments		5		-		5
Miscellaneous		1,472				1,472
Total Cash Receipts		35,471		8,880		44,351
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		2,761		-		2,761
Public Health		394		-		394
Leisure Time Activities		350		-		350
Basic Utility Service		8,116		-		8,116
Transportation		396		14,396		14,792
General Government		18,876		_		18,876
Total Cash Disbursements		30,893		14,396		45,289
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		4,578		(5,516)		(938)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		4,242		(821)		3,421
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	8,820	\$	(6,337)	\$	2,483

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Governmental Fund Types			_		
	(General		Special Revenue	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property Taxes	\$	3,152	\$	-	\$	3,152
Intergovernmental		31,221		9,286		40,507
Special Assessments		-		72		72
Earnings on Investments		34		-		34
Miscellaneous		877		_		877
Total Cash Receipts		35,284		9,358		44,642
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		5,054		-		5,054
Public Health		369		_		369
Leisure Time Activities		350		-		350
Basic Utility Service		7,144		_		7,144
Transportation		1,611		26,362		27,973
General Government		25,894		_		25,894
Capital Outlay		-		10,328		10,328
Total Cash Disbursements		40,422		36,690		77,112
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		(5,138)		(27,332)		(32,470)
Other Financing Receipts(Disbursements)						
Transfers-In		-		20,000		20,000
Transfers-Out		(20,000)				(20,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts(Disbursements)		(20,000)		20,000		-
Excess of Cash Receipts and Other Financing Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements						
and Other Financing Disbursements		(25,138)		(7,332)		(32,470)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		29,380		6,511		35,891
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	4,242	\$	(821)	\$	3,421

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Macksburg, Washington County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides maintenance of the Village's streets and also provides street lighting services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Cash and Investments

The Village invests all available funds of the Village in an interest-bearing checking account.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund – This fund is used to account for gasoline tax monies and motor vehicle tax monies for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. The village did not use the encumbrance method of accounting.

A summary of 2010 and 2009 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as capital outlay disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Village's basis of accounting.

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Village maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2010		2009
Demand deposits	\$	2,483	\$ 3,421
Total Deposits	\$	2,483	\$ 3,421

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 follows:

2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	В	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	R	Receipts		Receipts		Variance
General	\$	500	\$	35,471	\$	34,971
Special Revenue		-		8,880		8,880
Total	\$	500	\$	44,351	\$	43,851

2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
	Ap	Appropriation Budgetary		Budgetary			
Fund Type	1	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	48,350	\$	30,893	\$	17,457	
Special Revenue		12,200		14,396		(2,195)	
Total	\$	60,550	\$	45,289	\$	15,261	

2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted			Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	38,300	\$	35,284	\$	(3,016)
Special Revenue		9,360		29,358		19,998
Total	\$	47,660	\$	64,642	\$	16,982

2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
Ap	Appropriation Budgetary						
Ā	Authority	Ex	penditures	•	Variance		
\$	52,100	\$	60,422	\$	(8,322)		
	12,000		36,690		(24,690)		
\$	64,100	\$	97,112	\$	(33,012)		
	Ap	Appropriation Authority \$ 52,100 12,000	Appropriation B Authority Ex \$ 52,100 \$ 12,000	Appropriation Authority Budgetary Expenditures \$ 52,100 \$ 60,422 12,000 36,690	Appropriation Budgetary Authority Expenditures \$ 52,100 \$ 60,422 \$ 12,000 36,690		

Contrary to 5705.36, the Village had instances where a reduced certificate of estimated resources should have been obtained.

Contrary to 5705.39, the Village's General Fund and Street Fund had appropriations exceeding estimated revenue in 2010. The Village's Street Fund had appropriations exceeding estimated revenue in 2009.

Contrary to 5705.41(D), the Village had instances where invoices were dated prior to certification.

Contrary to 5705.41(B), the Village's had expenditures that exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control for 2010 and 2009 in the General Fund, Street Fund, State Highway Fund and Cemetery Bequest Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS

The elected officials and employees contribute to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants. For 2010 and 2009, these elected officials and employees contributed 4.2% and 6.2% of their gross salaries, respectively. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2% of participant's gross salaries through December 31, 2010.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- · Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions

WOLFE, WILSON, & PHILLIPS, INC. 37 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Village of Macksburg Washington County P.O. Box 166 Macksburg, Ohio 45746

We have audited the financial statements of Village of Macksburg as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2011, wherein we noted the Village followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Village of Macksburg's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider Findings 2010-06 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider Finding 2010-07 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency

We noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to management of the Village of Macksburg in a separate letter dated August 26, 2011.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Macksburg's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2010-01 through Finding 2010-05 and Finding 2010-08.

We noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of Village of Macksburg in a separate letter dated August 26, 2011.

Village of Macksburg's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Village of Macksburg's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for the information of the Village's management, Clerk, and Auditor of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolfe, Wilson, & Phillips, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio August 26, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-01

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 9.38 provides public money must be deposited by a public office other than a state officer, employee, or agent, with the treasurer of the public office or to a designated depository on the business day following the day of receipt if the total amount received exceeds one thousand dollars. Public money collected for other public offices must be deposited by the first business day following the date of receipt. If the amount of daily receipts does not exceed \$1,000 and the receipts can be safeguarded, public offices may adopt a policy permitting their officials who receive this money to hold it past the next business day but the deposit must be made no later than 3 business days after receiving it. If the public office is governed by a legislative authority (i.e., counties, municipalities, townships, and school districts) only the legislative authority may adopt the policy. The policy must include provisions and procedures to safeguard the money during the intervening period.

Most receipts tested from throughout the audit period were not deposited timely (three to six days after receipt), in varying amounts, nor were the receipts safeguarded adequately. Failure to timely deposit receipts could lead to or otherwise indicate that errors, irregularities, misappropriation of assets, or fraud are occurring and going undetected for an extended period of time.

We recommend the Village develop and implement policies that would provide for the deposit of monies received in a timely manner. Further, the Village should take steps to develop safeguards over these receipts prior to deposit, including, but not limited to, placement in a safe, vault, locked cabinet, or other secure and restricted area.

Client Response: This is due to when we receive in mail and how often the Clerk goes to the post office. Monies are kept in safe until deposited.

FINDING NUMBER 2010-02

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38 states on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the taxing authority wants to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the County Budget Commission based upon the actual year end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until April 1.

Also, Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) states no subdivision is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

The Village Council did not adopt appropriations for 2010 until April 13, 2010 and for 2009 until March 2, 2009. This resulted in expenditures exceeding appropriations in every fund for the period January 1 through April 13 for 2010 and January 1 through March 2 of 2009...

We recommend on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the Village Council pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until the permanent measure is adopted.

Client Response: We pass after we receive papers from county auditor and pass at the next meeting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-03

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) states in part that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of fiscal officer of the subdivision. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

Prior certification was not obtained for 100% of the expenditures tested for 2010 and 100% for 2009.

The Clerk should certify funds before each payment is made through the issuance of a regular, blanket, or super blanket purchase order. Blanket certificates should be issued for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of council against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. A super blanket purchase order can be completed for any amount for expenditures and contracts from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund for most recurring or reasonable predictable operating expenditures. This is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket may be outstanding at one particular time for a particular line item appropriation account.

Also, as an alternative, the Village can issue then and now certificates for expenses up to \$3,000. Then and now certificates allow the Clerk to certify that both at the time the expenditure was made and at the time that the certification is completed, sufficient funds are available. These certificates can be certified by the Clerk without subsequent authorization from Council. However, then and now certificates issued by the Clerk over \$3,000 must be authorized by Council within thirty days after payment.

Client Response: We have never used. Our Village is too small.

FINDING 2010-04

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 states that appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated resources. In 2010 the General Fund had appropriations exceed estimated resources by \$43,608. In 2010 and 2009 the Street Fund had appropriations exceed estimated resources by \$16,600 and 1,510, respectively.

We recommend that the Village monitor budgetary compliance and to make necessary adjustments to be in compliance.

Client Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-05

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

The following funds had expenditures which exceeded appropriations:

Fund	Appropriation	Expenditures	Variance
December 31, 2010			
Street Fund	\$12,200	\$14,396	\$(2,196)
December 31, 2009			
General Fund	52,100	60,422	(8,322)
Street Fund	12,000	34,787	(22,787)
Permissive Tax Fund	-	300	(300)
Special Assessment Fund	-	77	(77)
FEMA	-	1,526	(1,526)

Client Response: It has always been done that way. We are a small Village.

FINDING NUMBER 2010-06

Material Weakness

All local public offices should integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted balances of appropriations.

During 2010 and 2009, estimated revenue per the amended certificates was not posted to the Village's receipts journal and the estimated revenue per the amended certificate were not input into the annual financial report correctly.

During 2010 and 2009, the appropriations per the annual appropriation ordinance were not posted to the Village's appropriation journal. Also, the line items listed in the appropriation journals were not consistent with the line items in the annual appropriations ordinances. Plus, the appropriations as approved by the Village Council did not agree to the appropriations posted into the annual financial report.

Client Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2010-07

Significant Deficiency

When designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should plan for adequate segregation of duties or compensating controls.

The small size of the Village's staff did not allow for an adequate segregation of duties; the Village Clerk-Treasurer performed all accounting functions. It is therefore important that the Village Council function as a finance committee to monitor financial activity closely. There was no documentation of the extent to which the Village Council reviewed bank reconciliations, financial reports and records to monitor financial activity of the Village.

This could result in the ledgers of the Village not being posted up-to-date, errors in the reconciliation, and errors and omissions occurring in the Village's annual report without the timely knowledge of the Village Council.

We recommend financial information be presented to the Village Council on a regular basis. This information should include reconciliations, as well as revenue and expenditure activity and budget versus actual reports. A periodic review should also be performed on the Village's cash book to gain assurances that the records are posted up to date, in agreement with the presented reports and reflect authorized transactions. These reviews should be documented in the minutes of the Village Council meetings.

Client Response: Our Village is very small and only a few individuals take an interest.

FINDING NUMBER 2010-08

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10(H) states that money paid into a fund must be used only for the purpose for which such fund has been established. As a result, a negative fund balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Street Fund had a negative balance of \$10,829 and \$4,400, respectively.

This is a result of overspending by the Village and was due to a lack of budgetary oversight by management.

We recommend the Village take the necessary steps to eliminate negative fund balances and establish a plan to curtail unnecessary spending in order to eliminate negative fund balances.

Client Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS December 31, 2010

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2008-001	ORC 9.38 receipts not deposited timely	No	In current audit as Finding 2010-01
2008-002	ORC 5705.38(A) Appropriations not approved timely	No	In current audit as Finding 2010-02
2008-003	ORC 5705.41(B) expenditures exceeding appropriations	No	In current audit as Finding 2010-05
2008-004	ORC 5705.41(D) expenditures not properly certified	No	In current audit as Finding 2010-03
2008-005	Budgetary items not posted to ledgers and annual report	No	In current audit as Finding 2010-06
2008-006	Accounting records sufficeient for reporting transactions and financial reports	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid





VILLAGE OF MACKSBURG

WASHINGTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 10, 2011